MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1896. TWO CENTS.

GREAT THANKSGIVING FEAST and TURKEY DISTRIBUTION.

FREE

One Thousand Thanksgiving Turkeys

Given away free of cost with any purchase of $5.00 or over.

On Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday Forenoon, Nov. 23, 24, 25 and 26, we will give away with any purchase of $5.00 or over a fine, fat, juicy Thanksgiving Turkey. Be more than thankful. Be twice thankful. Be thankful that you have such continuing bargains as here for Thanksgiving Week. Be thankful that a big, fat, proud bird goes with each $5 purchase. Do your trading at the Big Duluth and get your Turkey for Thanksgiving dinner free of cost.

All this week we shall continue our great season startling Suit and Overcoat sale at Reduced Prices. Your choice any suit in the house for......... **$14.98**

Our finest and best $20, $22, $25, $28 and $30 Suits for Fourteen Ninety-eight.

Overcoats and Ulsters

Sweep in line with a Great Reduction in Prices. We've gone through our enormous stock of Men's Fine Overcoats and Ulsters and reduced the

$10 00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS TO	$ 7.85
$12 00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS TO	$ 9.85
$15 00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS TO	$11.85
$18 00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS TO	$14.85
$22 00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS TO	$17.85
$25 00 OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS TO	$18.85

No Need to Wait

Till Winter is over before buying your Overcoat. You'll buy it now while you need it cheaper than you will next spring. This is the time to buy.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street. - - - Duluth. Minn.

CONGRESS

Maj. McKinley Will Call an Extra Session Soon After Inauguration.

Does Not Look For Any Revenue Legislation at Coming Session.

Averse to Raising Any Vain Expectations of Dingley Bill's Passage.

New York, Nov. 23.—The Mail and Express today says: There is going to be an extra session of congress called within twenty days after the inauguration of President-elect McKinley. This information comes from Canton today in a most positive and direct way, and its reliability cannot be questioned.

It is the opinion of the president-elect that no revenue legislation can be accomplished this winter, and though newspaper dispatches disagree regarding his attitude toward the present agitation for the Dingley bill, there is substantial authority for the statement that Maj. McKinley is averse to raising expectations as to its enactment, which, in his judgment, cannot be realized.

He fears that the business community would become demoralized should the bill be passed in the house again, only to be laid aside by the senate, and he does not share Senator Sherman's opinion that the measure can pass the senate before the reorganization of that body on March 4.

A SILVER CONFERENCE.

Will Be Held at Washington Very Soon.

Washington, Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, is expected in Washington within a few days. His early arrival is due to the fact that the silver men desire to hold a conference in advance of the assembling of congress, in order to map out a plan of campaign for 1897. The silver leaders confidently expect that both in 1898 and 1900 the leading issue will be that of the white metal, and they intend to preserve their organization for the contest to come.

Their desire at the present time, it is said, is to endeavor to educate the business men of the East on the silver question, believing that if a proper campaign is conducted between this time and 1898 and 1900, the silver question with Bryan the leading advocate will be far better understood in future campaigns, than in the one just ended, and the outcome, if proper effort is made, far more favorable to free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, than in the contest which ended Nov. 3 last.

Among the men who will take a leading part in endeavoring to bring about this result will be W. J. Bryan, C. A. Towne, Senators Teller, Dubois and others of less prominence interested in the free silver movement.

McKINLEY CALLERS.

Unique Present Received From Missouri Friends.

Canton, Ohio, Nov. 23.—Maj. and Mrs. McKinley had a pleasant morning drive. When they returned they found a number of visitors, among whom was Abner McKinley, who arrived from the East on a morning train. Among those who called today were: Col. Carlton, of Frankfort, Ky.; ex-Governor Lucius Hubbard, of Minnesota; ex-Congressman and Mrs. Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati; David Armstrong, of Cleveland. An express wagon unloaded a large crate at the McKinley gate this morning, which was found to contain a splendid spring lamb, sent by an admirer in Hampton, Mo. A placard on the crate reads: "This lamb's dam is in Missouri, and Dockery and the dogs are after her. She is bleating for protection."

INAUGURATION CEREMONIES.

Washington, Nov. 23.—L. W. Woodword, of this city, has not yet been officially notified of his selection as chairman of the inauguration committee to arrange the ceremonies incident to McKinley's installation into the presidency. It is known, however, that National Committeeman Parker's recommendation was approved at a meeting of the national committee in New York last Friday.

MAY NOT INCREASE WAGES.

Pittsburg, Nov. 23.—A joint committee of coal operators and miners are in session this afternoon considering the recent demands for an advance. It is thought the advance will be refused, as the operators have said the conditions of the market will not warrant any increase.

A DIAMOND ROBBERY.

Cincinnati, Nov. 23.—A stranger today stole a tray of diamonds from Clemens' store on Vine street. He was closely pursued and dodged into an adjoining building, where the thief left his overcoat and diamonds in a wash room and escaped. The diamonds were worth $6000.

THIRTY-FIVE WERE SAVED.

Point Arena, Cal., Nov. 23.—The remainder of the crew of the wrecked steamer San Benito were rescued this morning by a boat and transferred to the steamer Excelsior. The survivors, numbering twenty-three, were taken to Mendocino. The wreck is in the same condition as last night. The steamer San Benito will be a total loss. Thirty-five men were saved and eight lost.

A LONDON FAILURE.

London, Nov. 24.—The failure is announced of Webster & Benney, warehousemen, with liabilities estimated at £90,000 and assets estimated at £20,000.

INTERVENTION IN CUBA.

Consul General Lee Said to Have So Urged.

Washington, Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is said today that Consul General Lee's report to President Cleveland of the situation in Cuba favors intervention. The report says there is no hope that Spain can put down the revolution, no matter how many men she sends, or that the insurgents can win any great decisive battle, capture and hold any important seaport, with their present facilities. The future promises nothing but interminable warfare, and the commercial interests of the United States as a whole and the private interests of American citizens in Cuba are suffering incalculable injury.

Consul General Lee's report argues that it is the duty of the United States to interfere both from humane motives and as an interested party.

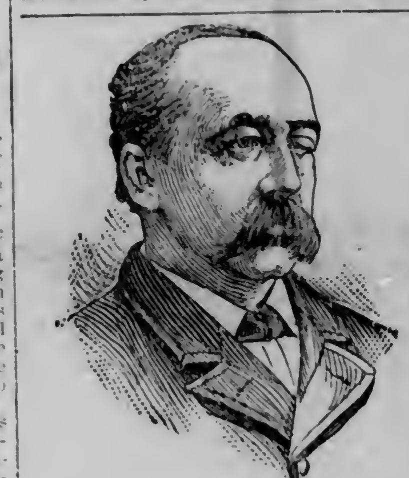
LEE IS CLOSE-MOUTHED.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Consul General Lee, accompanied by Mrs. Lee and his daughter, called at the state department. Gen. Lee, when asked concerning the report that he had recommended intervention by the United States in Cuba, replied his report had been presented personally to Secretary Olney, and that unless information had been given out by Mr. Olney concerning it, the reports as to its contents were mere conjecture, for, as far as he was concerned, he had not spoken to anyone regarding it. When questioned directly as to the recommendations in his report, Gen. Lee positively declined to discuss the matter in any shape or form, as his report was in the hands of Mr. Olney, who must make it public if it were to become public. Mr. Lee said he had not made up his mind yet as to when he would return to Cuba.

DAVIS FOR THE CABINET.

The Senator Likely to Be Secretary of State.

Washington, Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Keifer, of Minnesota, has returned to Washington to remain until the end of the Fifty-fourth session of congress. In an interview today he had little of importance to give to the public, except to state that President-Elect McKinley would honor Minnesota by tendering a cabinet posi-



CUSHMAN K. DAVIS.

tion to some representative of the North Star state.

It is Representative Keifer's opinion, however, that Mr. McKinley is considering but one man for cabinet honors from Minnesota, and that this man is Senator Davis. Col. Keifer is of the opinion that Senator Davis is on Maj. McKinley's list and will be offered the state department portfolio or asked to become head of the department of justice.

CHICAGO LAKE FRONT.

The Celebrated Case is Given Another Hearing.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The Chicago lake front case came up for a hearing before Commissioner Lamoreux today. It involves 160 acres of land, whose value is estimated by some as high as $20,000,000. Although there are only two sides to the controversy, there are half a dozen interests involved on one side whose contention is for public domain.

The other claimants, whose contentions are based on a patent issued in 1873, are N. K. Fairbanks, the Ogden-Sheldon estate, and the Newberry library, and others now in possession of parts of the land. The city of Chicago also has a claim through its park committee.

The hearings begins today, and is likely to last three days. Today was devoted to the arguments for the Fairbanks, Ogden-Sheldon and Newberry library, and the arguments were made by Attorneys Needham and Colton. They submitted that none of the lands in controversy can be surveyed as public lands; the survey made under the order of Sept. 24, the survey office of 1896, should not be approved and the application of Benner and La Follette should not be allowed in any particular, they claimed that the patent of Kinzie was for lands to the lake front and the accretions natural and artificial belonged to the property.

SOLDIERS' HOME INVESTIGATION.

Leavenworth, Kas., Nov. 23.—The congressional investigation of the Soldiers' home at Fort Leavenworth developed nothing of importance today, the testimony of the witness examined being trivial. The investigation will probably end tomorrow with the hearing of a few witnesses for the defense. The deductions of the committee wil subsequently be printed and presented to congress early in September.

X-RAYS ARE DANGEROUS.

Hiawatha, Kas., Nov. 23.—Miss Carrie Libengood, who submitted to an X-ray test of her foot, has had to have that member amputated at the ankle as a result of the experiment. Within a few days after the test, which was conducted by Professor Blake, of the state university, at Lawrence, abscess after abscess formed, the pains finally becoming unbearable.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Statement of the condition of the treasury: Available cash balance, $288,764,360; gold reserve, $127,809,153.

GRANT IS WILLING.

He Would Like to Be Secretary of War.

Cleveland, Nov. 23.—Early next week National Chairman Hanna will go to Washington to make arrangements for the ceremonies in connection with the inauguration of President McKinley. It is the intention to make the occasion, so far as numbers are concerned, at least, one of the grandest events of the kind that has ever taken place. It is already known that the attendance from Ohio alone will be nearly double that at any previous inauguration.

Col. Fred Grant, who was in the city over Sunday, as the guest of S. T. Everett, went to Canton today for the purpose, as he stated, of paying his respects to the president-elect. In an interview, Col. Grant said that he was aware that his name had been mentioned in the newspapers as a possibility for secretary of war in the McKinley cabinet. "But," said he, "I am not like most of the candidates. I do not deny that I would like to be tendered the place."

GLASS WORKERS' WAGES.

Pittsburg, Nov. 23.—Another conference of window glass workers and manufacturers to arrange this year's scale of wages has been called for tomorrow and a majority of the workers' committee say they will settle the question if the manufacturers' proposition made at the last conference still holds good. Appeals have been received by the workers' committee from all parts of the country asking for a settlement on the basis of last year's scale, in preference to a shut down or strike.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Greensburg, Pa., Nov. 23.—At Delmont, Pa., near here, last evening, G. John Tarr, aged 25 years, shot and killed his wife, and then committed suicide. A year ago Tarr eloped with the daughter of a well-known farmer, named Long. They went to Cumberland, where they were married, but the girl's father refused to allow his daughter to live with her husband. During the absence of the rest of the family, Tarr visited the house of his father-in-law last evening and committed the deed.

SENATORS GATHERING.

Routine Work Will Occupy the Short Session.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Members of the senate are coming to Washington each day, and from interviews with each of the arrivals it is apparent that senators expect little save routine legislation, including the passage of the annual appropriation bills at the short session of congress. Senators Cockrell, of Missouri, and Hawley, of Connecticut, both gave expression to the opinion today, and both likewise agreed in the opinion that nothing can be expected at the coming session in the way of helping along an international bimetallic conference.

Senator Hawley did not believe the Dingley bill would be enacted into law, adding: "The Dingley bill is confessedly a mere make-shift, with all the defects incident to horizontal increase or decrease of duties. If it should be passed as it is, it seems to me it would be the duty of the president to assemble congress as soon as possible after March 4 for a diligent consideration and a revision of the whole tariff in a considerate and conservative spirit, to the end that a bill might be passed that would stand the test of years, subject, of course, to an occasional correction, where new inventions and changes in trade may demand it. It is to be remembered, also, that the Dingley bill expires by its own limitation in August, 1898, and it is impossible to evade the question, therefore, the more speedily action is taken the better."

THANKSGIVING SALE.

Panton & White's

Annual Festival of Thanksgiving Prices

A great feast of bountiful bargains, a rich repast of up-to-date merchandise spread for the financial nourishment of our uncounted patrons. Be thankful this week that you have such a trading center, such a shopping attraction as **The Big Store**. The mammoth turkey of our special Thanksgiving Cloak and Dress Goods sale will be carved in tempting portions and the prices sliced to please; the rich dressing of our special Thanksgiving sale in

Linens and Underwear

Will be extremely appetizing; the sauces and the plum puddings in our Thanksgiving sale of Boots and Shoes, small wares, crockery and hardware will give zest to the feast.

Customers, Take Notice.

On Thanksgiving Day the Big Glass Block Store will be closed all day and will remain open until 10 p. m. Wednesday night, Nov. 25. We set the pace. Let's all close Thanksgiving.

Dress Goods Sacrificed.

This sale of Dress Goods means a loss of hundreds of dollars to us. Every line and odd piece comes under this Sacrifice Sale.

In Novelties.

This grand aggregation embodies the rarest in exclusive Dress Patterns and among them the latest in Astrakhan Fancies, Silk and Wool—Mohairs, Friezes, Boucles, Crepons, Rough Scotch Fancies, etc. Former prices $18.00, $22.50, $25.00 and $30.00; in four grand lots at, a pattern, $19.50, $15.50, $10.50 and... **$7.75**

In Novelties.

This grand aggregation includes 150 separate Dress Patterns all this season's goods—in every conceivable weave and color combination—sold formerly at $4, $5 and $6. Reduced to, a pattern... **$3.39 and $2.98.**

New Plaids.

Included in this sale all the new Color Combinations at 85c, 69c and... **50c**

Black Goods.

The two things that will create the biggest sensation in this department tomorrow:

FIRST—50-inch French Serges, 46-inch Henrietta, Mohair Novelties, Mattern weaves, Storm Serges, fancy weaves of all kinds, worth up to 90c; sale price, a yard... **39c**

SECOND—This lot includes all the new weaves of the season in rough and smooth effects, serges, Henriettas, Repps, Cords, etc., worth $1, $1.25 and $1.50; sale price... **59c**

Remnants.

Dress Goods Remnants by the hundreds, partly from the sensational sale Friday and new ones made for this sale; values up to 75c; per yard, 25c and... **12½c**

Linings.

There is not a Lining Department in this section better equipped with everything that goes into the makeup of a dress or garment of any kind. Don't buy trashy linings it's the poorest kind of economy.

65c English Hair Cloth,	45c
75c French Hair Cloth,	45c
New Ribbon Lining, (ask to see it)	30c
New Fn ah Silcot Lining, 35c, 30c and	25c
36 inch Black Rustle Taffeta, 30c, 28c, 15c and	12½c
Rustle Taffeta in black, brown, slate; special	10c
Extra wide Moreen Skirting,	19c
20c Black Percaline,	8c
36-inch Rustle Taffeta, light colors	5c

Wash Goods.

Fleeced Gros Grain for House Wrappers and Children's Winter Dresses; 50 styles to choose from at... **12½c**

Print Remnants.

7c goods, sale price, a yard... **3c**

New Percales.

1897 advance styles on Black and Navy grounds, and about 50 others in New Fall Colors, including blues, reds, browns, blacks, etc., 36 inches wide, at a yard... **12½c**

10c Cotton Batts... **6c**

Mill Remnants.

Of 36-inch Dark Percales, Tailor-made Suitings, German Blue Calico in 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10-yard lengths; regular price 15c, 12½c and 10c, sale price, a yard... **10c and 8c**

New Cretonnes. At 12c, 8½c and... **7c**

JACKETS.

23 of those fine sample Jackets left, very stylish, nobby garments, worth up to $12.50; these are all special values and will be sold during our Thanksgiving sale at... **$7.48**

19 beautiful sample Jackets, lined throughout with fancy linings, among these you will find some new effects that have not been shown—styles you will appreciate—manufacturer's price $16.50, these Jackets will be sold during our Thanksgiving sale at... **$12.48**

Ladies, do you want a fine Jacket? We have just 25 of those elegant novelties which we wish you to inspect, all samples—only one of each style—worth up to $30.00; come and see them during our Thanksgiving sale at... **$15.00**

CLOTH CAPES.

14 fine Persian Capes, lined through with silk, edged with Thibet Fur around collar and down front, capes that are worth $10, will be sold during our Thanksgiving sale at... **$6.29**

14 Velour Plush Capes, 30 inches long, edged with thibet fur, lined with heavy silk lining, capes worth $15, and made of Salts' celebrated seal plush, sold during our Thanksgiving sale at... **$9.98**

FUR CAPES.

25 Electric Seal Capes with full Marten collar, 30 inches long, lined with heavy satin lining, capes worth $20, those in need of fur capes can get them in all sizes during our Thanksgiving sale at... **$12.48**

Fine Astrakhan Capes, worth $35, go in our Thanksgiving sale at... **$22.50**

Separate Skirts

All our fine Figured Brilliantine Dress Skirts, made by experienced dressmakers, rustle taffeta lined, 5 yards wide; skirts worth $5 go during our Thanksgiving sale at... **$2.98**

Take your choice of any silk waist on our racks, not one worth less than $9.50; Thanksgiving sale price	$5.98
Fine Corduroy Waists, worth $6; go at	$3.25
Fine Black Flannel Waists, worth $3.50; go at	$1.98
Fine Persian Velour Waists, worth $5; go at	$3.48
All our ladies' Calico Wrappers, worth $1.50; go at	98c
All our ladies' Flannelette Wrappers, worth $2; go at	$1.49
All our ladies' Flannel Night Gowns worth $1.75; go at	98c

Bargain Counter No. 2.

100 fine French Coney Fur Neck Scarfs, worth 85c; for	49c
100 fine Electric Seal Neck Scarfs, worth $2; for	98c
100 fine Electric Seal Muffs, worth $4; for	$1.98
Beautiful Cluster Scarfs, worth $5; for	$3.48

Flannels—Flannels.

Prepare Yourselves—Winter is Here

30 pieces extra heavy Shirting and Skirting Flannels, just the thing for comfort; worth 50c; special—yard	38c
10 pieces extra heavy double-fleeced Eiderdown Flannels, in brown, gray and red; worth 18c; special yard	12½c
10 pieces 80-inch extra heavy 20-ounce Mackinaw, in blue, gray or white, warranted all-wool, worth $1.20; special—yard	98c
10 pieces Twilled Wool Shirting Flannels, in blue, red or gray; worth 50c always; special—yard	25c

Linen Dept.

Extra Specials for Thanksgiving

20 pieces 66-in Bleached Satin Damask, soft finish such as you pay 75c for at the little stores; special per yard	60c
10 pieces Genuine German Damask satin finish, silver bleach, worth 88c; special per yard	69c
5 pieces Satin Damask, full bleached, extra fine and soft, new designs, worth 98c everywhere; special per yard	82½c
Napkins to match, ⅝ size, worth $2.25	$1.75
Napkins to match, ¾ size, worth $3.50	$2.75
25 doz full ⅝ size Satin Damask Napkins, full bleached, soft finish, new designs, such as others ask $2.25 a dozen for, see them; our price per doz	$1.75
25 dozen ¾ size Heavy Satin Damask Napkins, pure bleach, worth $2.75; special per dozen	$2.00
30 pieces all Linen Toweling, full bleached and checked glass Toweling, all worth 8c everywhere special a yd.	6½c
50 doz all Linen Huck Towels, size 22 by 44 inches, plain white and colored border, sold by others at 25c; our price each	15c

Shoe Department.

German Sox—We have them, you want a pair, make your boy happy for Thanksgiving. All wool, the best grade boys' German Sox	75c
Misses' Kangaroo Calf, opera and square toe button shoes, always sold at $1.75, our price for today, Tuesday and Wednesday	$1.25
Misses' Kid Button, opera and square toe, we make the price for Thanksgiving	$1.25
We sell a first-class Felt Shoe, leather sole, for ladies, at	75c
We can supply you with anything you may want in warm lined Overshoes. Beginning today we will sell a ladies' black, wool lined Alaska, sizes 2½ to 5½, these goods always sell at 75c, our price while they last	50c

In order to close out our stock of Rubber Boots we will sell them at less than manufacturers' prices.

Men's Rubber Boots, worth $4.00, for	$2.00
Boys' Rubber Boots, worth $2.50, for	$1.50
Youths' Rubber Boots, worth $1.75, for	$1.00

Thanksgiving Bargains.

HOUSEFURNISHINGS.

Covered Roast Pans,	25c
2-piece Carving Sets,	29c
Bird Carvers, 3 pieces, genuine Stag Handles	$3.09
Heavy tin Bread Raisers,	50c
Tin Folding Lunch Boxes,	14c
Foot Baths,	28c
Chair Seats, all sizes, each	5c
Full Club Skates,	25c
Tea Bells,	5c
Bread Knives, wood handles,	19c
Boys' Sleds, from 25c up	$2.25
Girls' Sleds from 23c up,	$2.00

And thousands of other seasonable bargains will be found in our bargain basement.

Crockery.

Sherbet Glasses, imitation cut glass, very pretty, each	3½c
Turkey Platters, in Haviland China, plain white and decorated, at—	25% discount
Plain Crystal Glass Finger Bowls and plates, per pair	15c
Turkey Platters in ironstone china, 14-inch	35c
Fancy Drawing room Candles, each	2½c

Our stock of plated Knives, Forks, Tea, Table and Dessert Spoons is complete, and our prices on same are positively right.

Our great Millinery Clearance Sale is attracting the attention of millinery buyers; nothing like it ever seen in Duluth. Get Posted.

✳ PANTON & WHITE. ✳

RIOT

Cleveland Has a Bloody Street Affray Early This Morning.

Hungarians and Irish Use Clubs and Knives Freely.

Several May Die and About Twenty Are Badly Injured.

Cleveland, Nov. 23.—A riot occurred early this morning in Franklin avenue extension, near Columbus street, a locality thickly populated with Hungarians and Irish-Americans. Many men were stabbed. Dirks, knives and clubs were freely used and nearly all of the combatants were more or less injured. Two men were taken to the hospital in a dying condition; two others cannot survive their injuries and several others are dangerously wounded. The trouble was caused by Joseph and John Sprends, and James Carter, engaging in a street quarrel. It was the bloodiest battle of the year around the river front and Columbus street districts.

Blood of the combatants dyes the roadbed of the hill and makes the scene a ghastly one. Forty men engaged in the terrible encounter. As far as could be learned, at least twenty persons were more or less seriously injured, but the following are the only ones whose names could be learned:

Sylvester Carter, aged 20 years, No. 5 Franklin avenue, five cuts on back and six cuts in head, will probably die.

James Carter, aged 25 years, No. 4 Follet Court, four cuts in head, will recover.

John Sprends, aged 33, No. 40 Franklin avenue, clubbed on head, will recover.

Joseph Sprends, 19 years, No. 42 Franklin avenue, clubbed on back and head, not seriously injured.

William Mallory, aged 24, living on Lorain street, cut in back and head, repeatedly, seriously injured and may die.

Adam Shierman, aged 33, living in Smith House alley, cut in right shoulder, not serious.

Michael Zebreck, lives at 139 Columbus street, clubbed, not seriously injured.

Anton Ballaskaged, 21 years, living at No. 241 Columbus street, clubbed; not seriously hurt.

John Kushler, aged 24, No. 302 Columbus street, cut about face and teeth dislocated; not seriously hurt.

A number of others were injured, but their names cannot be learned. The fight started on the street between James Carter and John Sprends over a very trivial matter. Carter jostled Sprends in passing which led to angry words and later to a fight. Other men soon came upon the scene among whom were friends of both the combatants, and within a few minutes there was a throng of fighting and cursing men armed with knives and clubs, which were used with bloody effect.

At the height of the fight, there was a cry of police as a patrol wagon filled with blue coats came dashing down the hill. Many of the participants in the battle fled, but a number who were rendered unconscious or too badly injured to escape, were piled into patrol wagons and taken to the police station. Others were taken to hospitals. It is said that there is a broken head today in nearly every house on the hill.

LYNN'S ARMENIAN HUBBUB.

Lynn, Mass., Nov. 23.—The timely arrival of the police prevented a riot at an Armenian meeting last night. The meeting was an attempt to amalgamate two branches of the Hechagist Revolutionary society, an Armenian organization, to which nearly every one of the 300 Armenians in this city belong. Soon, it was evident that there was a strong sentiment against the new movement, and one of the speakers was interrupted. He resented this, and aroused the ire of some of those in the audience. Some person in the gallery hurled a chair, which precipitated a free fight on the floor, in which knives were drawn, but the police rushed in and cleared the hall.

POPULAR DIAZ.

Received a Royal Welcome in Pueblo.

Mexico City, Nov. 23.—President Diaz has been royally welcomed in Pueblo, where he has gone with a large number of distinguished people. He has laid the corner stone of the new hospital and of the statue of Independence. People along the line of railroad gathered in enthusiastic groups and vociferously cheered him and at Pueblo the enthusiasm was something wonderful, the whole city being illuminated and superbly decorated, Mexicans and residents, Americans, Germans and French vieing with one another to do homage to the chief magistrate.

The Pan American medical congress has dissolved, the members having mostly returned to their respective countries. Several new mills are about to be built. The treasury receipts are unprecedentedly large.

RUSSELL'S LIBEL SUIT.

Famous Action Commenced in London Today.

London, Nov. 23.—The hearing of the suit for libel brought by Earl Russell against his mother-in-law, Lady Scott and John Cockerton, an engineer; Frederick Kask and William Aylott, a valet, was begun today at the Old Bailey. The defendants pleaded not guilty, and they also pleaded justification.

DELAWARE FLAG INCIDENT.

Madrid, Nov. 23.—The Spanish minister at Washington, Senor Dupuy De Lome has been instructed to complain strongly of the flag incident at New Castle, Del., on Wednesday last, upon which occasion a number of young men in the armory of Company H of the state militia tore down the Spanish flag and set fire to it.

OUTLAWS CAPTURED.

Florence, Ala., Nov. 23.—The Taylor brothers, notorious outlaws, who for a long time were a terror to the people of Tolbert and Franklin cunties, were captured yesterday in Tolbert county.

Who is Happy? The healthy mother of a healthy child has a happiness all her own. Her's is a joy that cannot be told. It is peculiar to motherhood. The responsibility for the soft little, sweet little, dependant creature—as much a part of herself as her own heart—brings a pleasure that may be equaled in Heaven, but never on earth. The greatest thing that can be done in this world is to bear and rear healthy, happy children. Many women do not do it—do not reach the full measure of beautiful, perfect womanhood, because of the neglect of the health of the organs distinctly feminine.

Every woman may be perfectly healthy if she chooses. She need not submit to the humiliating examinations and local treatment of physicians. She need have no trouble and slight expense. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure any disease or disorder peculiar to women. It is the invention of a regularly graduted, skilled, expert, successful specialist. It has been sold for over 30 years, and has a greater sale than all similar medicines combined. It regulates every feminine function—makes a woman better able to bear children—better able to take care of her children. It greatly lessens the pain and danger of parturition. No honest druggist will offer you a substitute—look out for the one who does.

Unsightly pimples. Constipation causes them. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They cure permanently. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic. Sometimes druggists think of their profits, rather than your health and offer something, said to be "just as good."

WASHINGTON FLOODS.

Skykomish River on a Big Secondary Rise.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 23.—News has just reached this city from Skykomish or the Great Northern which indicates that the Skykomish river is rising. The river has jumped its banks in many places and invaded the homes of ranchers. A woman waded half a mile with a babe in her arms through three feet of water to escape the rising water. Big trees, fences and other movable objects are being carried off. A man named Beller came sailing down the Skykomish yesterday on a tree, while near him crouched a big black bear. Near the town of Skykomish, Mrs. Sanders saw a bear on a floating tree and shot it dead and secured the carcass.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

W. J. Bryan has returned from his hunting trip to Missouri and says he feels like a new man. He leaves Lincoln this evening for Denver where he will remain one day. He will then return home to Lincoln and put in the time preparing his projected course of lectures.

An unknown man and woman were found dead in bed in the Standard hotel in New York yesterday morning. An accidental escape of gas caused the tragedy.

A report from England says that Mrs. Maybrick has twice tried to commit suicide in prison and that she is approaching insanity. Oscar Wilde, too, is a wreck of his former self.

At Paris an action for divoce has been commenced by Prince Joseph of Caraman-Chimay, a Belgian nobleman, against his wife, who was formerly Miss Clara Ward, of Detroit, a very beautiful woman, who inherited a large fortune from her father and who was a great favorite in Parisian society.

The steamer San Benito, a Pacific coast collier, ran ashore in a heavy storm near Point Arent, California, and is a total loss. She broke in two shortly after striking. Five members of the crew were drowned.

The body of Frank P. Arbuckle, the murdered Denver millionaire, was shipped from New York city today to Denver, where final funeral services will be held.

It begins to look as if a practical airship had at last been invented. One has been made which has taken a trial trip of seventy miles, at least so says a reputable San Francisco lawyer, who is the attorney for the inventor. The vessel is 150 feet long and will carry fifteen people.

The Norwegian bark Nordlyset has been sighted at sea waterlogged and abandoned.

George W. Ferris, who built the Ferris wheel, died at Pittsburg yesterday of typhoid fever.

J. J. Fairchild, an absconding agent of Saver & Abbott, wholesale carriage manufacturers of Chicago, was arrested in San Francisco Saturday night. Fairchild collected about $1000, spent it in riotous living and disappeared.

At Richmond, Mo., five children, the oldest a boy of 15 years, were burned to death while the parents were at a dance. The father became a raving maniac on returning to his ruined home.

The river steamer City of Osceola sank in the Ohio river last night. She struck a hidden obstruction while making a landing. The passengers and crew were saved.

Robert Whitehead, better known as "Curio" Whitehead, proprietor of a curiosity shop in Washington, committed suicide yesterday by blowing his brains out.

By the breaking of a bridge across Villamo creek, near Ensley, Ala., yesterday a young man named Shannon is dead, a young man and woman may die, and seven others were badly hurt. They were out for a hay ride.

W. A. Westayer, the well-known comedian and burlesque actor, died in New York last night of Bright's disease.

Col. Ingersoll has reached New York and is much better. He has cancelled all his lecture engagements on the advice of his physician, who recommends absolute rest.

The Canadian cruiser Petrel, Capt. Dunn, is again busy on Lake Erie. At a late hour Saturday afternoon thirty-five nets, belonging to Lay Bros., of Sandusky, were confiscated. The nets were filled with fish and the loss to the fishermen will be considerable. Capt. Bielmiller says the nets were in American waters and a protest to Secretary of State Olney may be expected.

A SIGNIFICANT UTTERANCE.

London, Nov. 23.—The St. James Gazette commenting on the statement that the government is contemplating the appointment of a commission to investigate the condition of the sugar industry in the West Indies says: "Unless the government meets the European bounties by duties on beet sugar or an equivalent measure, the ruined sugar planters of the West Indies are liable to conclude that the stars and stripes might do for them what the union jack will not."

A SMALL BANK FAILURE.

Washington Nov. 23.—The comptroller of the currency has received information of the failure of the Dakota National Bank of Sioux Falls S. D. The bank has a capital of $50,000, and at the time of the last report the surplus was $50,000, and liabilities amounted to $230,000 exclusive of stock. Bank Examiner Zimmerman has been placed in charge.

RESIGNED HIS OFFICE.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Marcus A. Smith, assistant United States attorney for the district of Acsonia has resigned. Mr. Smith was a candidate for election as delegate to congress on the the Democratic ticket.

TUNNELS

Underground London to Be Pierced By Additional Subways.

Which Will Facilitate Passenger Transfers Between the Terminal Stations.

Ninety-Five Feet Below Surface---Capacity 85,000,000 Passengers.

London, Nov. 23.—(Copyright 1896 by the Associated Press.)—A meeting of the Metropolitan District Railway Stockholders' association was held here in furtherance of the project for constructing two deep level tunnels for an up and down service of electric trains between Earl's court and Mansion house. The stockholders have endorsed the action of their directors in approving the scheme, and the necessary powers will be asked for at the coming session of parliament. That it will be granted is a foregone conclusion. Parliament has already sanctioned six metropolitan underground projects, and two will be sanctioned at the forthcoming session.

Most of these lines are planned to rectify the extraordinary want of foresight which practically forbid the great railways to advance beyond what were, in the days of their building, the suburbs of London. The result has ever since been that the traveler consumes as much time in getting from one great terminus to the other side of the metropolis as would suffice to carry him fifty miles on his journey. All of the lines are, of necessity, buried far below the street level. In some cases the arrival and departure platforms of stations are ninety-five feet below the sidewalk, while the lines descend still lower in many places, diving under great sewers and under the Thames itself.

The tunnels consist of iron tubes. These tunnels are constructed at the rate of sixteen feet per day. Passengers are conveyed from the world below to the world above by hydraulic lifts. The speed is to be fourteen miles an hour, including stops. The service is to be a train every two and a half minutes, and the capacity of the lines per annum is 85,000,000 passengers.

A REAL AIRSHIP.

Will Make a Second Trip This Evening.

San Francisco, Nov. 23.—The inventor of the mysterious air ship which has been puzzling local scientists and others for the past week is believed to be one Dr. E. H. Benjamin, an alleged dentist, who occupied rooms in an Ellis street lodging house for the past two years, but so far he has successfully evaded all attempts to discover his identity. His attorney, Collins, when seen yesterday, and pressed to tell something further about the alleged inventor and his machine, said:

"This morning the inventor came to my office in the Crocker building and told me that he had tested the merits of the ship in last night's storm with the greatest success. The wind currents were very contrary and the test was one that tried the merits of the machine in the hardest possible manner, but it came out of the ordeal in good order, having breasted the storm as well as any bird. He started from the locality where the vessel is housed and flew over Allstraz and cut through the Golden Gate, skirting the Cliff house and returning by the same route across the bay. He hovered over Seal rocks for fully ten minutes and played his search light on the seals themselves. His intention is to make another trip this evening, probably over the same ground, running out as far as Sacramento."

A dispatch was received from Sacramento last night to the effect that hundreds of people there had seen the mysterious ship in the heavens, but as yet no one has been able to see the object sufficiently well to state definitely what it is.

PROTECTING A MURDERER.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 23.—William Foley, the wealthy young farmer who has been arrested at Liberty, Mo., and formally charged with the murder of his aged mother and his sister, has been brought to this city for safe keeping and placed in the county jail. The trip was made on an early train to avoid any possible show of a demonstration agains Foley at Liberty, whose citizens have become thoroughly wrought up over the cold-blooded murder. But few knew of the transfer at the time, and no trouble was experienced by the officers. Foley had little to say about being brought here and quietly submitted in every way to the officers' will.

GEN. PALACIO DEAD.

Madrid, Nov. 23.—The death of Gen. Riva Palacio, the Mexican minister to Spain, is announced today. He has been sick for some time past and died at his residence here yesterday.

In advanced stages of Consumption, Scott's Emulsion soothes the cough, checks the night sweats and prevents extreme emaciation. In this way it prolongs life and makes more comfortable the last days. In every case of consumption—from its first appearance to its most advanced stages—no remedy promises a greater hope for recovery or brings comfort and relief equal to Scott's Emulsion. Book on the subject free for the asking.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

KIDNEY TROUBLES.

Due To Many Causes, But Always with One Result, A Life of Agony Fraught with Horror, Death.

There are many people to-day who are unknowingly suffering from some severe kidney disease. This dreaded trouble should not be neglected. Swollen joints, pains in the small of the back, watery sacs under the eyes, a general bloating of the entire body, a loss of appetite, sleeplessness and nervousness are a few of the many symptoms that attend this awful affliction. The blood becomes filled with the germs of the disease and carries it to other parts of the body, so that when a patient suffering from this trouble dies, the entire body is found to be filled with disease cells. Do not hesitate or experiment if you are in this condition. You cannot begin too soon to look for help. Take at once that greatest and surest of cures, Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. Thousands attest its value for this trouble.

One of the many who testify to its curative powers is J. A. Kaisar, of Kewanee, Ill. He writes as follows: "I would say that I was almost down with my back, and consulted a splendid physician who said my left kidney was badly affected. I could hardly get up when I was sitting or lying down. I had taken the doctor's medicine, but it did me no good at all. I took Kickapoo Indian Sagwa and it cured me."

This same result is obtained in every instance. It cures always where a cure is possible. Above all, it is absolutely harmless, as it contains no poisonous ingredients of any description, being made entirely of roots, barks, herbs and gums of the Indians' own gathering. You can buy it at your druggists. $1.00 a bottle, 6 bottles for $5.00.

ONTONAGON'S FUTURE.

Is Slowly Recovering From the Destructive Fire.

Ontonagon, Mich., Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is now nearly two months since the thriving village of Ontonagon, having more than 2000 people, was literally wiped from off the earth by forest fires which invaded the great lumber yards of the Diamond Match company, where were piled more than 65,000,000 feet of sawed lumber. The destruction of the town was complete, less than a score of buildings being left standing, and those some distance from the settled portions. The blow was most severe, but the people of the place have rallied in a manner forcing the admiration of all who know under what terrible odds they have labored. For the first few days even the wealthiest residents were dependent on charity for food and shelter. Later on a detail of state troops were sent with tents and those who were left homeless and without employment were cared for and sheltered.

As rapidly as possible the workingmen and their families who had no stake in the town were sent away, as there was little prospect of their getting work for many months. Rebuilding was begun two days after the fire, when a number of temporary buildings were put up, and a little later permanent building was begun, all who could use carpenters' tools being given work. The twenty-one sawmill companies of Marinette and Menominee each gave a carload of lumber, as did many other mills in the Upper Peninsula. A census taken after the fire showed that 373 buildings were burned, and nearly 150 structures, including business blocks and dwellings, have been either erected or are new in process of construction here. The county of Ontonagan will rebuild the court house and jail this winter of brick and stone, and a special effort will be made to give work to all residents of the village who need employment, on the public buildings. Home labor has been employed wherever possible by those who have rebuilt, those who had means thereby aiding their more unfortunate neighbors.

The future of Ontonagon is still an uncertain one, but the prospects are now much brighter than a few weeks ago. With very few exceptions the people of means are sticking to the town, and that means much. Started originally as a mining camp, Ontonagon has for many years been a lumber town, the great mills of the Diamond Match company being among the largest and finest in the entire Northwest. But a few more [illegible] of timber now [illegible] tributary to the Ontonagan river and its branches, and it is still uncertain whether the match company will rebuild or not. The people are courageously facing the prospect of permanently losing the industry, which has practically supported the entire town for many years, and are energetically casting about for anything and everything which will help to hold the village together.

Immense amounts of hemlock timber are found on the three branches of the Ontonagon, which is the largest river flowing into Lake Superior on the south shore, and it is probable that tanneries can be secured here, especially as the available supply of hemlock bark in Pennsylvania and other Eastern states is rapidly disappearing. There are also several hundred feet of fine hardwood in the district, and efforts are being made to secure factories that will utilize that. The people are going about the matter systematically and sensibly, and will welcome the smallest of factories, if they will but give work to someone who will live here. The soil of this county is excellent, and despite the short seasons very fine crops of grass, oats, wheat and potatoes are grown by the few farmers. Renewed attention will be paid to farming, with every prospect of satisfactory results, and it may prove in the end that the destruction of the town was in reality a blessing in disguise, especially as the end of the great Diamond Match forests is but two or three years removed.

A PACIFIC SUGGESTION.

Paris, Nov. 23.—The Figaro today, commenting upon the relations between the United States and Spain on the Cuban question, says: "American newspapers, which are egging the United States to war with Spain, should reflect that war with Spain means a war with Europe, and in the interest of the United States it is to be hoped that this eventuality will not arise."

Do not let your dealer palm off on you any new remedy for colds. Insist on having Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

EXODUS OF ITALIANS.

Genoa, Italy, Nov. 23.—Italian emigration to South America is increasing. On Saturday and Sunday 3000 persons started for La Plata, and 150 for the United States. Three thousand will start for the Argentine republic this week.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FETES

Prince of Wales Will Visit Blenheim Castle Very Soon.

Duke and Duchess of Marlborough Will Entertain Him Sumptuously.

Fetes, Parades, State Dinners, Big Bonfires and Other Happenings.

Woodstock, England, Nov. 23.—(Copyright 1896 by the Associated Press.)—In honor of the visit of the prince of Wales to the duke and duchess of Marlborough, Woodstock and Blenheim were en fete today. The decorations were most elaborate and universal. The railroad station here was made brilliant with scarlet and gold canopies, flags and colored lamps, and the streets leading to Blenheim Park gate were lined with Venetian masts festooned with colored lamps and innumerable flags, many of which were the stars and stripes sewn to union jacks and everywhere were loyal, welcoming mementoes, arches covered with foliage, bunting in profusion, lamps of all colors and prince of Wales feathers in abundance.

The palace was thoroughly refurnished. The art treasures shown included Carolus Duran's full length portrait of the duchess of Marlborough, (formerly Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt), which was hanging in the first state salon. In addition all the lackeys wore new liveries, there was a wealth of chrysanthemums throughout the palace, and the Marlborough arms were placed in every convenient spot.

The most elaborate arrangements have been made for shooting parties during the week. There will be state dinners every night a string band of fifty performers furnishing the music during these repasts. Perkins, the organist of the town hall of Birmingham, will play the great organ in the long library on Thursday, upon the occasion of the festivities for the people of the vicinity who are expected by the thousands.

There will be a great torchlight procession of 1000 laborers of Blenheim a display of fireworks surpassing anything ever seen outside of the Crystal Palace. Two enormous bonfires will be lighted at the statute of the great duke of Marlborough and the procession will march from the statute past the palace. This will be followed by an illuminated bicycle parade, in which A. J. Balfour, the Conservative leader in the house of commons, and first lord of the treasury is greatly interested.

From the statute the procession will pass around the oval facing the north front of the palace, where it will be received by the prince of Wales. On Friday, there will be a concert and reception at which the glee singers of Oxford college chapels will sing at the prince of Wales' request.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Friday night the sheriff and other officials of Eddy county, and J. R. Swain, a prominent New Rockford man, whose wife has been missing several days, arrived at Valley City to identify the bodies of the man and woman who took prussic acid at the Kindred house. They found them to be, as feared, Mrs. Emma Swain and Frank Addison. Addison had been a cook for a threshing crew for the past two years, and Mrs. Swain had become infatuated with him, and last summer they had attempted suicide, but were resuscitated, and their death at this time was fully premeditated. The verdict of the coroner's jury was in accordance with these facts. Mr. and Mrs. Swain were among the foremost people of Eddy county, owning a large farm and home, were in good circumstances and her wild infatuation is one of the great mysteries of life. She leaves a daughter aged 17, a son aged 14, and two younger children. Her body was taken to New Rockford today for burial while Addison will be buried here. There is only one explanation for the woman's strange infatuation with Addison, partial mental derangement.

Gus Gilbert, restaurant keeper at Kindred, claims to have lost $2600 in gambling rooms under the Hotel Metropole at Fargo Friday night. He asserts he was doped and robbed. The place is run by Charles Reed, of Chicago, and it held that Gilbert was drinking and gambled all his money away.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Six men employed in the Morton lode, one of the Carroll group of mines in the Black Hills, recently had an experience which they will not care to have repeated. They were at work on the 0-foot level, sixty feet from the shaft. In a short drift on the other side of the shaft they had placed a tin can containing ten sticks of giant powder, under which a lighted candle was giving out enough heat to keep the powder from freezing. In a short time the powder caught fire and burned slowly. The smoke and fumes were the first intimation the men had of their danger. They watched the blazing powder, expecting every moment that an explosion would occur and blow them all to eternity. Fortunately such did not happen, the powder continuing to burn slowly like so much punk. The men were nearly suffocated with the fumes, and are now thankful that they are still alive.

It is stated at Aberdeen on reliable authority that the amendment to the constitution adoted by the people at the last election, whereby prohibition is supposed to have been repealed, is null and void on account of improper wording.

CHANCE FOR OUR CATTLE.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Consul Germain sends word to the state department from Zurich, Switzerland, that there is a chance to introduce American cattle in Switzerland as a result of the decree excluding all cattle, coming from Austria-Hungary because of disease. The Swiss market was supplied from this source, so that a new source of supply must be secured.

TO PREACH IN NOTRE DAME.

Paris, Nov. 23.—The bishop of Orleans having declined the post, Pere Oellviar has been appointed to succeed Monsignor D'Hulst in the pulpit of Nore Dame, which is thus again occupied by a well known and eloquent divine.

A BIG MORTGAGE.

Detroit, Mich, Nov. 23.—Mable & Co., one of the leading clothing firms of the city today filed a chattel mortgage for $150,000 to the Union Trust company, as trustees for the creditors. A blanket mortgage covering the entire stock of clothing, books and shoes, mens' furnishings, etc., were also made to the Union Trust company.

MILLINERY.

Great reductions in all trimmed hats at Jenny Brandt's, 32 East Fourth street.

We Are Asking You

to favor us, by doing yourself the favor

To Call For BLATZ

The STAR Milwaukee Beer.

Merely an exchange of favors, which helps *us* to sell and *you* to get America's most exquisite beer.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousand dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of **Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco.** You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Blackwell's Genuine DURHAM Tobacco

GERMANY CHANGING.

Agriculture Falling Off and Manufactures Increasing.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The rapid change of the German empire from an agricultural to an industrial state is set forth by Consul J. O. Monaghan in a report to the state department. He says everywhere one sees new mills in course of construction in Chemnitz, and thereabouts the manufacturing development is simply enormous. Nothing like it has ever been seen before. Hereafter, says the consul, Germany will do all her manufacturing at home, buying only agricultural products and raw materials abroad. He cites the fact that Germany is no longer buying steel rails abroad, but is making them at home.

The manufactured exports of Germany during the first nine months of the current year reach the enormous total of 18,705,000 tons, or an increase of 3,000,000 tons over the entire year preceding. The consul says Germany must continue to look to the United States for cotton, corn and petroleum, and he says there is a lesser demand for woodenware, carriages, shoes, typewriters, crackers, biscuits, etc.

SUSPECTS DISCHARGED.

New York, Nov. 23.—The four men arrested on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery and murder of Frank P. Arbuckle, of Denver, Colo., last Thursday morning, were arraigned in police court today and discharged. The prisoners were Joseph Davidson, alias Fagin, George Stevens, Henry Myers, alias Muegon, and Samuel Stewart, alias "Sheeney Sam."

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of four hundred nineteen and 13-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by S. A. Kemp and Anna M. Kemp, his wife, mortgagors, to Anna L. Paine, (now Anna Paine Crouch,) mortgagee, bearing date the 15th day of February, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of February, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 125 of mortgages on page 12.

And whereas no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots numbered one, two, three, four, five and six, in block number thirty-four, of Kimberley & Stryker's Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the first day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with twenty-five dollars attorneys' fee, said mortgage stipulating for the payment of fifty dollars attorneys' fee in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated October 19th, 1896.

ANNA PAINE CROUCH, formerly ANNA L. PAINE,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-19-26-Nov-2-9-16-23.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November 9th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Mathias Karalus, deceased:

Whereas an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Mathias Karalus, deceased late of said county, has been delivered to this court.

And whereas Martin Kusnlerek has filed therewith his petition representing among other things that said Mathias Karalus died in said county on the 6th day of April, 1896, testate and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to him.

It is ordered that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before this court at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Wednesday, the second day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 9th day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-9-16-23.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November 7th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Albert G. Kretchman, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Julia Kretchman, of the county of St. Louis, representing among other things that Albert G. Kretchman, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1896, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county and that the said petitioner is the mother of said deceased and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted.

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court on Tuesday, the first day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth in said county.

Ordered further that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the seventh day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court.
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-9-16-23.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred eighty-one and 38-100 dollars, which amount is declared and claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by the Columbia Investment Company, mortgagor, to the Clover Hill Land Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 13th day of July, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 26th day of July, 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 91 of mortgages on page 118; which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said Clover Hill Land Company to Nelson Beardsley by written instrument, bearing date the 1st day of August, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 13th day of February, 1896, at 8:50 o'clock a. m. in Book 107 of mortgages, on page 371.

And whereas said Nelson Beardsley thereafter departed this life leaving a last will and testament appointing the undersigned executors thereof to whom letters testamentary have been duly issued by the probate court in and for Ramsey County, Minnesota.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which power by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number one, two, three, seven, eight, nine and the southwesterly one-half of lot ten, all in block number sixteen (16), in Clover Hill Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the first day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated October 19th, 1896.

CAROLINE B. WOODRUFF,
NELSON B. ELDRED,
NELSON B. BURR,
GEORGE UNDERWOOD.

As executors of the last will and testament of Nelson Beardsley, deceased, Assignee of Mortgage.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-19-26-Nov-2-9-16-23.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November 9th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Charles J. Bertram, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Edward L. Bertram, administrator of the estate of Charles J. Bertram, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of administration and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Tuesday, the first day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m. at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published in Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 9th day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-9-16-23.

WEST END

A Musical Drama at Great Eastern Hall Thanksgiving Evening.

An Entertainment to Be Given at the Irving School.

Union Services to Be Given at the Congregational Church.

A number of entertainments are on the tapes for Thanksgiving week in West Duluth, prominent among them being a musical drama to be given at Great Eastern hall, Thursday evening for the benefit of the church of the Holy Apostles. It is entitled "Cups and Saucers," and will be given by Miss Susie Johnson, and Mr. W. F. Scoble, under the latter's direction. It is a most amusing sketch on the subject of bric-a-brac, the character being a Mrs. Worcester (Miss Johnson) who is supposed to be the happy possessor of a very rare saucer, and who is also in love with Gen. Leelak (Mr. Scoble). If successful at West Duluth the performance will probably be repeated at Lakeside for the benefit of St. John's mission.

The teachers of the Irving school have arranged for the following entertainment to be given in the assembly room on Wednesday afternoon to which the parents and friends of the pupils are invited. The following is the program.

Scenes from Miles Standish, Seventh and Eighth grades.

Indian club drill, Eighth grade.

Song "Last Night," Eighth grade.

Thanksgiving in different countries, Sixth grade.

Recitation "Jerico Bob," Mable Gisch.

Song "Old Friends," Fourth grade.

Corn drill, Third grade.

Recitation, "Thanksgiving," Fourth grade.

Dialogue, "The Mice at Play," A-Fourth grade.

Song "Harvest," Fourth grade.

Thanksgiving exercises, Primary class.

Song, "The Mother's Song," Primary class.

On Wednesday evening will occur the second dance to be given by the Bachelor's club.

On Thanksgiving day union services will be held at the Congregational church at 10:30 a. m., Rev. Shannon will preach the sermon. The churches uniting are the Methodist, Presbyterian and Congregational. At the church of the Holy Apostles on Thanksgiving evening service will be held at 7:30 p. m.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Henry Clyne is up from Minneapolis where he has been at work for some time.

Fred Larson, the bricklayer who has been away from home for sometime was arrested this morning on complaint of his work for non-support.

Mrs. Hayden and son have returned to Chicago after an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. William Wells.

Born to J. E. Brotherton and wife a son.

John McLean, of St. Croix Falls, is visiting his daughter Mrs. Edwin Ward, of Oneota.

J. P. Joy's box factory is doing a rushing business. From two to three car loads of boxes are shipped to Chicago each week.

Mrs. W. T. Towner and family, of St. Paul, are visiting relatives in the city.

A number of the West Duluth young people will attend the opening of the Glen Avon rink on Thursday. The Christian Endeavor society will furnish lunch afternoon and evening.

S. J. Nygren, the druggist, is being rushed with business on account of his cost sale of wall paper.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Week's Opening Market Showed Irregular Prices.

New York, Nov. 23.—The initial prices on the exchange were irregular, but the changes were unimportant, and the market displayed a tendency toward improvement despite disappointing cables for American securities from London and heavy decrease in tonnage.

Stock values made more progress than toward a higher plan than on increased transactions in which purchases by commission houses were prominent features. The market ignored the decided strength on the exchange market, which advanced in actual and posted quotations for short and long bills were recovered.

The bears made an attack on the market shortly after 11 and caused sharp fractional concessions in the principal shares. The Grangers were adversely influenced by the Northwest October statement, showing a decrease in gross of $464,883. London offered moderate amounts of internation shares and liquidation was evident in some of the specialties. The market became dull on the down grade. Railway bonds lacked feature aside from firmness of tone. The sales to noon were 85,700 shares.

THE BASEBALL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, Nov. 23.—The delegates of the League of baseball clubs met here today. Previous to the formal meeting of the league, the board of directors, composed of William Sharig, of this city, George Ellis, of Newark, C. J. McKee, of Paterson, and President Samuel Crane, met and audited and approved the receipts of the league. An adjournment was then taken until 3:30. There are half a dozen candidates in the field to succeed President Crane.

PENSION LAWYER DEAD.

Cleveland, Nov. 23.—Milo B. Stevens, one of the best known pension attorneys in the United States, died at his home, 578 Cedar avenue today, aged 58. Mr. Stevens since the close of the war was known far and wide as a pension attorney, having been at the head of the firm of Milo B. Stevens & Co. with the principal office in the Glover building, Washington, and branches in this city, Detroit and Chicago. The immediate cause of death was erysipelas.

FATHER BOGAKI'S PERIL.

Bay City, Mich., Nov. 23.—Father Bogaki, the Polish priest, who was the subject of a riotous attack by his parishioners yesterday, gained access to his cottage in disguise today. A crowd is assembled outside, waiting for the priest to appear and attempt to enter. The crowd may storm the house and remove Father Bogaki by force, when it becomes known that he is inside.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Poultry is the principal feature of Michigan street houses nowadays and the supply is very full and fine. Vegetables, too, are in good demand and supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, separators, fancy	21 @ 22
Dairies, fancy, special make	10 @ 15
Packing stock	8 @ 9
CHEESE.	
Turns, flats, full cream, new	9½@ 10
Full cream, Young America	10
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12 @ 12½
Brick, No. 1	10
Limb., full cream, choice	9 @ 10
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled, strictly fresh	19 @ 20
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	12½@ 13
Fancy white clover, strained, in jars, per lb.	12½
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per pound	10
Wisconsin, per pound	9
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00
VEGETABLES.	
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85 @ 90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25 @ 2 50
Celery per doz	25 @ 30
Carrots, per bus	35 @ 40
Beets, per bus	35 @ 40
Onions, per bus	40 @ 45
Turnips, per bus	25
Minn. cabbage, per 100 lbs	60 @ 70
Potatoes, per bus	25 @ 30
Mint, per doz	25 @ 30
Parsley, per doz	25
Parsnips, per bus	45 @ 50
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 40 @ 1 50
Horse radish, per lb	8
Hubbard spuash, per doz	50 @ 75
Pumpkins, per doz	75
Marrow squash, per doz	75
HERBS.	
Thyme, per doz	25
Savory, per doz	25
Sweet Majoram, per doz	25
Sage, per doz	25
Dill, per doz	50
Garlic, per lb	10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90
Green and yellow peas	75 @ 80
Wax beans, bus	75
Green beans, bus	50
Green peas, bus	65
FRUITS.	
Florida oranges, per box	4 00 @ 4 50
Mexican oranges, per box	4 00 @ 4 25
Jamaica oranges, per box	4 00 @ 4 25
California pears, per case	2 00 @ 2 50
Del. grapes, 10 lb basket	28
Bananas, bunches	1 25 @ 1 50
Lemons, per box	4 50 @ 5 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	70
California grapes, per case	1 25 @ 1 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00 @ 6 50
Cranberries, bus	1 75 @ 2 00
Concord grapes, basket	12 @ 13
New York grapes, basket	11 @ 12
Chestnuts, per lb	6 @ 8
APPLES.	
New apples, per bbl	1 25 @ 2 25
Quinces, per bus	1 50
Quinces, per bbl	4 50
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	7 @ 7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5
Mutton, fancy dressed	6 @ 6½
LIVE POULTRY.	
Live turkeys	10
Spring chickens, per lb	6 @ 7
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Turkeys, per lb	11 @ 12
Chickens, per lb	7 @ 8
Ducks, per lb	9 @ 10
Geese, per lb	10 @ 11
GAME.	
Grouse, per doz	4 50
Prairie chickens, per doz	3 00 @ 3 25
Pheasants, per doz	2 25
Partridges, per doz	2 00 @ 2 50
Quail, per doz	2 00
Canvas back ducks, per doz	3 00 @ 4 00
Mallards, per doz	3 00 @ 3 25
Wood duck, per doz	2 00
Blue wing teal, per doz	1 25 @ 1 50
Green wing teal, per doz	1 00 @ 1 25
Red heads, per doz	1 75 @ 2 00
Common, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Jack snipe, per doz	80 @ 90
Small snipe, per doz	40 @ 50
Woodcock, per doz	3 75 @ 4 00
Geese, per doz	8 00 @ 9 00
Brant, per doz	5 00 @ 6 00
Upland plover, per doz	1 00
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran 200 lbs, sacks included	8 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50
Red dog	12 00
Ground feed, No. 1	10 50 @11 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 50 @11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice south Minn	$ 7 00 @ 8 00
Northern Minn	5 00 @ 6 50
Medium	4 50 @ 5 00
Poor	4 00 @ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy	9 50 @10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 23.—Butter, steady; Western dairy, 8@13c; Western creamery, 13½@22c; Elgins, 22c; factory, 7@12c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 22@25c; Western, 15½@21c.

NOTED FORGER DEAD.

Died From Heart Disease in a Hospital.

St. Paul, Nov. 23.—Carl Larson, indicted for innumerable forgeries, died at the city hospital yesterday at noon of heart disease. Saturday afternoon, the county jail people sent him to the hospital, as he had been in a serious condition for days and the attending physician finally recommended that he be taken to the city hospital for treatment, as it was doubtful if he could live. He continued to get worse from that time, and at noon yesterday passed away.

Larson was one of the most remarkable small amount forgers in the country. He would go into a business house, with his clothes apparently all covered with dust from cutting stone, his dinner pail in his hand, present a check, supposed to have been drawn by some contractor make a small purchase, get the change and leave the store. If the town was small, he would pass three or four checks and then get out.

Shortly after his arrest, and when he saw that his identity had been penetrated, Larson admitted that he had for the past six years been following the profession of a forger, and that during that time he had been convicted once. Winona, Mankato, Stillwater, Sleepy Eye and several other towns have been heard from, and he is known to have worked a number of other towns. He passed about a dozen of his checks in Minneapolis. His total forgeries amounted to several thousand dollars.

TOOK HER OWN LIFE.

St. Paul, Nov. 23.—Josie Vendell, a somewhat noted member of the demimonde, took carbolic acid this morning at 2 o'clock and two hours and a half later she was dead. This occurred in the room of the woman at 147 East Seventh street, known as the Arcade hotel. About 2 o'clock the clerk of the place heard a wild yell from the room occupied by the Vendell woman. He went to her room and found her holding her fingers to her ears and apparently in great pain. A physician was at once called, but it was impossible to save her life.

THE GUARANTEE LOAN.

St. Paul, Nov. 23.—There will be a hearing tomorrow in the case of the Minneapolis Trust company, receiver of the Northwestern Guaranty Loan company, appellant, against Louis F. Menage et al, respondents. This is a very important litigation, involving over $300,000, and grows out of the defunct Northwestern Guaranty Loan company proceedings that has occupied the attention of the courts in one form or another for three years.

HIGHER

Wheat Made a Small Gain Today After Considerable Fluctuations.

The Opening Weak Owing to Liberal Receipts and Disappointing Cables.

The Visible Showed a Good Decrease and Market Became Strong.

Wheat opened lower this morning with traders generally inclined to be bearish. The tone of the Liverpool market as reported in the first batch of cablegrams was rather weak. The reason for this weakness was not far to seek, as it accompanied the market quotations. The Black sea shipments, according to private Liverpool dispatches, amounted to 5,568,000 bus last week, and that, added to the 3,937,000 bus from this side and the 80,000 bus from Argentine, made a grand, and to the bulls the very discouraging total, of 9,873,000 bus. With all the heavy clearances, however, the amount afloat for the importing countries was only 240,000 bus larger than on the Monday preceding. In explanation of the effect of the heavy shipments from Russia, it was said in one of the private Liverpool cablegrams that they had been made in anticipation of an early closing of navigation. The general impression created in American markets was one of weakness, but that soon gave way to strength.

Chicago received 31 cars against 331 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth got 770 cars, compared with 1259 a week ago and 1353 last year. The Atlantic port clearances since Saturday were equal to only 118,000 bus in wheat and flour together. The visible supply, while not showing the 1,500,000 bus decrease which a great many had been led to expect, fairly satisfied the bull element in the trade by a decrease of 1,037,000 bus, as compared with an increase of 1,985,000 bus on the year before. That leaves the total in sight 59,971,000 bus against 62,221,000 bus at the corresponding time of last year.

The Duluth market was active and after the opening weakness became strong and advancing. May wheat opened ⅝c lower than Saturday at 79⅝c, but speedily sold up to 80c and during the next half hour reached 80⅛c. It fell off again to 80c before noon, but during that hour became strong and sold up rapidly to 81⅛c. The close was at 81c asked, an advance of ¾c during the day. December closed ⅞c up at 77⅝c bid, and cash wheat was also ⅞c higher at 77⅝c. Shippers bought 60,000 bus of cash stuff at ¼c over December, and the mills took 15,000 bus at 1c over December. It is expected that receipts of wheat here this week will aggregate 1,250,000 bus to 1,500,000 bus and that the shipments will reach a total of 2,250,000 to 2,500,000 bus, so that the stock in store will decrease about 1,000,000 bus. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 79⅝c; December, 78⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 77⅝c; December, 77⅝c bid; May, 81c asked. No. 2 northern, 75⅝c. No. 3, 70⅝@71⅝c. Rejected 63⅝@71⅝c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 79⅝c; No. 1 northern, 77⅝c. Rye, 35c. No. 2 oats 18⅝c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 75⅝c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 273; corn, 1; oats, 7; rye, 9; barley, 38; flax, 150. Receipts—Wheat, 196,681 bus; corn, 150 bus; oats, 7357 bus; rye, 4328 bus; barley, 23,371 bus; flax, 52,098 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 368,749 bus; barley, 22,689 bus; oats, 150 bus; flax, 8348 bus.

STOCK OF WHEAT IN STORE.

At Duluth for the week ended Saturday Nov. 21, 1896:

Wheat.	Bus
No. 1 hard	284,66
No. 1 northern	1,693,78
No. 2 northern	805,30
No 3 spring	410,15
No grade	37,80
Rejected and condemned	85,95
Special bin	572,48
Total wheat in store	3,890,22
Decrease during the week	1,101,10
In store and afloat corresponding date last year	5,449,05
Stock of corn in store	2,07
Stock of oats in store	408,87
Stock of rye in store	357,41
Stock of barley in store	705,85
Stock of flaxseed in store	1,838,07

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Cattle, receipts, 17,000. Best grades stronger; others barely steady. Beeves, $3.40@5.25; cows and heifers, $1.60@4.00; Texas steers, $2.75@4.00; Westerns, $3.20@4.00; stockers and feeders, $2.70@3.90. Sheep, receipts, 11,000. Strong to 10c higher.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Nov. 23.—Money on call easy at 2½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¼@4.86½ for demand and $4.82½@4.8 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.83@4.83 and $1.86½@4.87. Commercial bills $4.81. Silver certificates, sales $2000, at 65¼. Bar silver 66¼. Mexican dollars 50⅝. Government bonds strong. New 4s registered and coupon, $1.19½; 5s registered and coupon $1.12¾; 4s registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.09⅞; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '97, $1.02.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Nov. 23.—Closing, wheat futures firm; November, nominal; December, 6s 6d; ¼d higher; Janurary, 6s 6¼d; ¼d higher. Maize, spot steady; future firm; November, 3s; ¼d higher; December 3s; ¼d higher; January, 2s 11¼d; ¼d higher.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Close, wheat, November, 77¼c; December 76⅝c; January 77⅝c; May, 80½c; July, 77⅝c. Corn, November, 23½@⅝c; December, 23⅝@¾c; May, 27¼@¼c. Oats, November, 18½c; December, 18⅝c; May, 22@½c. Pork, November, $6.62½; December, $6.62½; January $7.72½; May, $8.05. Lard, November, $3.85; December, $3.85; January, $4.05@4.07½; May, $4.27½@4.30. Ribs, November, $3.77½; December, $3.77½; January, $3.85; May $4.02½@4.05. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Rye, cash, 36½c; December, 36½; May, 41¼c. Barley, cash, No. 3, new, 24@35c. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 85@86c; No. 3 red, 80@83c; No. 2 spring, 77c; No. 3 spring, 74@76c; No. 2 hard winter, 77@78c; No. 3 hard winter, 73@75c; No. 1 northern spring, 78c. Cash, corn No. 2, 23¼c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 18½c. Flax cash, Northwestern, 76½c; December, 75¼@77c; May, 80¼@81c. Timothy, cash, $2.50; November, $2.50; December, $2.60.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Nov. 23.—Wheat, strong, November, 76⅝c; December, 76⅝@¾c; May, 79⅝@½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 78½c; No. 1 northern, 77¼c; No. 2 northern, 75⅝c. Receipts, 497 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Nov. 23.—Close, wheat, November, 86c; December, 86c; January, 86½c; March, 88⅝c; May, 86¼c. Corn, May, 33⅛c. Oats, May, 26⅛c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—The opening news all favored the bear side except Northwest receipts which were much lighter. Cables were dull and increased Russian shipments invited short sales and the pit scalpers easily sold themselves into a hole. The visible, as anticipated, showed 1,000,000 bus decrease in wheat which is unusual at this season and leaves stocks over 2,000,000 less than on this date last year. The market advanced rapidly from the low point on brisk bidding for cash wheat and some good cash business done. The most important item of news was the Russian crop estimate of 80,000,000 bus less than last year and 175,000,000 bus less than 1894. Australia continues an active bidder for California wheat and Liverpool may wake up again when she sees that our December liquidation is a liquidation of shorts instead of longs.

Corn and oats firmer and slightly higher. Local shorts and elevator companies bought corn freely while country receiving houses were the sellers.

Provisions ruled higher but the full advance was not maintained. Any outside interest would probably mean higher prices.

Puts, December wheat 75½@75¾c.

Calls, December wheat, 78@78¼-⅝c.

Curb, December wheat, 76⅞c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	13⅜	13½	12⅞	12⅞
Atchison	15	15⅛	14⅜	14⅜
Sugar Trust	117¼	117⅝	116⅞	117⅜
Canada Southern				
C., B. & Q.	77½	79⅛	78⅛	78⅞
St. Paul	75⅜	76⅛	75	75½
Chicago Gas	76	76⅞	75½	76
Del., Lack. & W.				
General Electric	33	33	33	33
Erie				
Reading	30⅜	30⅜	30¼	30½
Louis. & Nash	49⅞	50⅛	49½	49⅞
Manhattan	97¼	97⅝	95⅞	96⅞
Missouri Pacific	22⅝	22⅞	22½	22⅞
Tobacco	76½	76½	76⅜	76⅜
Chicago & N. W.	104⅜	104⅜	104	104⅜
N. P. preferred	25⅛	25⅜	24⅞	25⅛
Rock Island	68⅜	70⅜	69⅜	69⅞
Union Pacific	10⅛	10⅛	10	10
Western Union	86½	87	86½	86⅜
Leather	66	66¼	65	65½
Lake Shore				

A COLLECTING PLAN.

Novel Scheme of a Blacksmith in Kansas.

It has been left to a Kansas blacksmith to make debt-paying a pleasure. All creditors will be eventually forced to adopt his plan. Next time you pay your debts demand what this man gives his creditors. Under the system adopted by Fred Westhoff, of Wathena, Kan., his customers look forward to settling their accounts with him, much as the suburban youngster longs for the coming of the greatest show on earth. Instead of regarding his debtors as undesirable persons to be particularly friendly with, he welcomes them royally, on an appointed day, and they all feast and make merry at his expense, says the Philadelphia Times.

The beauty of Mr. Westhoff's idea is its absolute originality. He has considered the collection problem, after the fashion of almost every Kansas man, on the basis that almost all of his work is done on credit, the farmer, as a rule, finding it inconvenient and often impossible to pay spot cash. So Mr. Westhoff studied his books and racked his brain until he formed this plan. As a first step to carrying it out, he issued an invitation to every debtor, in which he said:

"As I have to meet payment of a note I find it necessary to call upon all those who are indebted to me to help me out as much as you can. Therefore I have decided to select one day and kindly request your presence at my shop at Wathena, and pay the amount herein stated, and all those complying with this request will receive a special treat. Lunch and refreshments will be served from 1 p. m. to 6 p. m. in my basement that day and a very good time assured to all present. Please present this card when you call, and show the amount of your account, which is —— dollars and —— cents. Hoping all will respond and you will have a good social afternoon."

It may naturally be supposed that this absolutely unique invitation created astonishment. No one ever heard the like. To think of a man inviting his debtors to meet and enjoy themselves with him, and making the open sesame to that enjoyment the settling of their bills. It seemed like a Belshazzar feast, and no little derision was excited by the blacksmith's new departure. The day came—it was only a very few days ago—when it was decided that the debtors should gather, and what a gathering it was. If there was one farmer present there were thirty, and the jollification they enjoyed has not been equaled since the days in Kansas City, just across the line in Missouri, when Martin Regan was running for the city council.

Not the least unexpected feature of the occasion was that, without exception, every debtor who attended the feast squared accounts. Possibly this might have been induced by the fact that beer and other beverages that cheer were dispensed in plenty, and also that it was good beer, which is a recommendation that no tippling Kansan can afford to pass lightly over. When it comes to beer in Kansas, it is always clearly apparent to the purchaser thereof, that, while the intention of the man who sells him the amber liquid may have been excellent when he supplied himself, that the fulfillment was of an exceedingly weak nature. Not so with Mr. Westhoff's beer. It was of the regulation blue ribbon variety, such as delights the thirsty soul and increases the capacity of the customer. Kansas has many queer things placed to her account, and there is no question but what this takes rank among the first.

"It was a new experiment," Mr. Westhoff said, when questioned, "but I figured out that I couldn't lose by it nohow. You see, I looked at the thing in this way: There were three particular points that I calculated my idea would cover. The first of these was that this is a prohibition state, and that the beer ought to go pretty well if it was good. The second was that the accounts due me would all be paid in one day and in that way I could use the receipts to much greater advantage than I could if the money come in in driblets. When cash comes in a dollar at a time now and then, it don't bring any returns, and it is spent as fast as it comes in. The first you know it's gone and you haven't got anything to show for it. The third point was that I believed I could so conduct such an affair that it would be on a paying basis. Of course, that is a matter that has got to be left to the wit of the man who is getting the idea up, and I just thought I had enough brains to run it right.

"It don't take much of a man to see, according to my way of thinking, that success is much more certain in collecting bills of persons who might not pay at all if you tried to force them to do it, in this way than in any other. Besides that you don't make anybody your enemy. There's a whole lot of people who would be willing to give 50 or 75 cents for the kind of treat I set up. In fact, I think they'd give that much rather than be left out. So you see, I collect my bills, keep my friends, and get new customers, because I tell them I am going to do this sort of thing right along. There is no humbug about my treat. It is as free as air."

WHY SHE WANTED IT.

Chicago Post: "I really must get one of those knickerbocker hunting costumes," said the girl in blue.

"But you don't know anything about a gun," protested the one in gray.

"Of course not."

"And you wouldn't dare to go near one?"

"That's also true."

"And you'd be afraid to go near any one who had one?"

"Quite right."

"Then you wouldn't be able to do any hunting."

"You forgot," said the girl in blue, "that husband hunting is still somewhat in vogue, and I don't know anything better for it than such costume as that, now that the bathing season is over and we haven't quite reached the decollete period."

WOES OF THE CANVASSER.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Canvasser—Madam, is your husband a bimetallist?

The lady of the house—Who, Mr. Summerwein?

"That's his name, is it?"

"Whose name? Mr. Summerwein's?"

"Yes. Is he a bimetallist?"

"You mean is Mr. Summerwein?"

"Why, yes of course. Is he a bimetallist?"

"I guess maybe he was."

"What makes you think so?"

"Because he buys scrap iron."

One Cent a Word.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A WIDOW WHO IS VERY FOND OF children would like a position as housekeeper. Address L 71, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG LADY as stenographer. C 67, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—AM A THOROugh office man or clothing salesman; am willing to work at anything. Can give city references. L 68, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE WORK; good man with horses; handy with tools; city references. A. W. C., 101 West First street.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO DININGroom work or as nurse. 422 East First street.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN wishes to employ as bookkeeper, office work of any kind; clerk in dry goods or grocery, who has had several years of experience; or as teamster, grocery delivery; who speaks two languages—French and English. Can furnish the best of references. Address No. 5 C, Herald office.

A WOMAN WANTS WORK WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. 314½ West Fourth street.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS SEAMstress, sewing by the day. Can do cutting and fitting. References given. Address 728 West Fifth street.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING to do at home by the dozen, or will go out and work by the day. Charges reasonable; work guaranteed. Call or address 1020½ East Fourth street.

A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL OF 19 would like position at general housework for private family, for part or all winter. Please send your address and I will call at once. Address MissA. S., Duluth, Minn., care Wm. L., 305 West Superior street, city.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY DESIRES position in office. Has a good knowledge of shorthand and can operate any machine. Address H 63, Herald.

WANTED—A PLACE FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 320 East Fifth street.

WANTED—BY A SOBER, INDUSTRIous elderly gentleman, a position as janitor of a block, store or care for office. Address J P 612, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY EXPERIENCED coach or hack driver. Call at J. Knauff's, 415 West Superior street.

GOOD GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO general housework in small family. L 80, Herald.

GOOD GIRL WANTS PLACE FOR GENeral housework. L 70, Herald.

WANTED—WORK AT HOUSECLEANing or washing. Call at 1631 London road.

WANTED—PLACE BY GIRL TO DO general housework in small family; centrally located. Address L 73, Herald.

WANTED—BY A SOBER, INDUStrious, elderly gentleman, a position as janitor of a block, store or care for offices. Can give best of references. Address S 45, Herald.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN'S MENDING done neatly. Call forenoons at 517 West First.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

YOUNG AND COMPETENT NURSE would like employment. Charges reasonable. Inquire at 1918 West Fourth street.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

MUSIC.

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; teacher of vocal culture, Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils, insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R.R.

DULUTH SHORT LINE — ST. PAUL

Shortest in Distance. Quickest in Time.

Leave Duluth		Arrive Duluth
9 am	Day Express except Sunday — St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Winona, LaCrosse, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis—east and west.	7:30 pm
1:55 pm	Fast Limited, daily —St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Milwaukee, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, Kansas City—east and west.	1:00 pm
11:15 pm	Night Express, daily St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Winona, Dubuque, Des Moines, all points east and west.	6:30 am

Elegant chair cars on all day trains.
Sleepers ready for occupancy at Union depots after 9 p. m.
Tickets sold to all points in United States, Mexico and Canada. Sleeping berths reserved on all lines.
Baggage checked from residences.
Steamship tickets to Europe.
City ticket office, 401 West Superior street, Palladio building and Union depot.

F. B. ROSS,
Nor. Pass. Agt

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
February 3, 1896. Daily except Sunday.

7:45 am	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	3:35 pm
8:15 am	Lv.. Proctorknott ..Lv	3:06 pm
10:22 am	Ar.. Iron Junction ..Lv	1:18 pm
10:30 am	Ar........ Wolf Lv	1:05 pm
10 45 am	Ar....... Virginia Lv	12:45 pm
10:44 am	Ar...... Eveleth Lv	10:56 am
11:00 am	Ar.. Mountain Iron ..Lv	12:30 pm
11:56 am	Ar......Biwabik Lv	12:28 pm
11:25 am	Ar...... Hibbing Lv	12:11 pm
9:00 am	Lv...... Virginia ......Ar	1:45 pm
10:33 am	Lv....... Wolf Lv	1:25 pm
11:25 am	Ar...... Hibbing Lv	12:18 pm

255 MINUTES TO ST. PAUL
275 MINUTES TO MINNEAPOLIS,
Is the flight of the fast limited between Duluth and Twin Cities, via the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. Shortest, quickest and main traveled road, leaving Duluth at 1:55 p. m.. Other trains, 9 a. m. and 11:15 p. m.. Three each way daily.

One Cent a Word.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COOK AND SECOND GIRL. U. S. G. Sharp, West Duluth.

WANTED—LADIES TO TAKE HOME work. $2 to $8 a week. Call at once. 515 Palladio building.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 128 West Fourth street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SALESMEN for lubricating oils, greases and specialties. Address the Stoddard Oil and Compound company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

ONE SINGLE AND DOUBLE CUTTER for sale at a bargain. Call at 422 Fifty-fourth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

For Sale---for $150.
12-horse power BOILER
and 8-horse power ENGINE
In good condition.
IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY,
12 West Michigan.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY SMALL HOUSE IN central part of city. Must be a bargain. Will pay cash. Apply at 309 Providence building.

FRATERNITIES

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 23, 1896. Work degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 25, 1896. Work Royal Arch degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of Oscar Hjelt and John Ohmer, partners as Hjelt & Ohmer:

C. A. Johnson, assignee of the above named insolvents, having duly petitioned the court for an order to limit the time for creditors to file the proof of their claims against the estate of said insolvents, and it appearing by said proof that it would be proper to limit said time.

It is hereby ordered that said time for filing proof of claims by said creditors against said insolvent estate be limited to the 12th day of December, 1896.

It is further ordered that this order be published in The Duluth Evening Herald, on two (2) different days prior to said date, and a copy of this order mailed to each creditor of said insolvent estate forthwith.

Dated Nov. 21st, 1896.

By the Court,
S. H. MOER,
Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-23-24.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by James Bale, mortgagor, to William Brewster Wood, trustee of the estate of Thomas Wood, deceased, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of January, 1895, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 23d day of February, 1895, at 3 o' clock p. m., in Book 123 of mortgages, on page 216.

And whereas said default consists in the non-payment of the sum of ninety dollars interest, which became due and payable by the terms of said mortgage, and the notes secured thereby on July 1st, 1896, and is yet due and owing upon said mortgage; and also in the failure to pay twenty-seven and 20-100 dollars premium for insurance upon said premises as provided in said mortgage, and heretofore paid by the undersigned, thereby becoming a part of said mortgage debt. Now by reason of said several defaults it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and mortgage notes to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole aount of said debt has been declared and is hereby declared and claimed to be due, amounting to the sum of thirty-one hundred sixty-three and 10-100 dollars, principal and interest, and the sum of twenty-seven and 20-100 dollars insurance as aforesaid, in all to the total sum of thirty-one hundred ninety and 30-100 dollars, which amount is claimed to be due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which power by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: All of lot number thirty-five (35), East Second street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, excepting a strip of land from the westerly side and adjacent to the westerly line thereof one foot in width and extending from said street to the alley in the rear of said lot; which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the 5th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, including insurance so paid as aforesaid, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated November 23d, 1896.

WILLIAM BREWSTER WOOD,
Trustee of the Estate of Thomas Wood, Deceased,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-23-30-Dec-7-14-21-28.

One Cent a Word.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 125 First avenue west.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent at 917 London road.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOM HOUSE IN rear of 1020 East Fourth street; $4 per month; city water free.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVE-room house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—BY BOY ABOUT 12 M. TODAY, $30 in bills from bank book in or near office American Exchange bank. Finder please return to 119 Sixth avenue west and receive suitable reward.

LOST—FOX TERRIER DOG, ALL white except face; long tail. Return to 530 East Second and receive reward.

CLAIRVOYANT.

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

NOTICE

Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated Januray 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 121 of deeds, page 196, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and,

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.

GEO. F. ASH,
NEIL McLACHLAN,
JOHN E. MERRITT,
Commissioners.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 21 to Dec. 1 inc.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union Depot at 4:10 P. M. Daily, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:30 a. m.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House ... and Union Depot.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth.

THE EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

10c A Week.

Every Evening Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy daily	$ .02
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Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months. Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK..... 17,148

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau. Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., (Central time), Nov. 22.—During Saturday night the barometer fell rapidly in the Upper Missouri valley, the Northern Rocky Mountain region, and the Canadian Northwest, in front of a storm area which is now central north of Lake Superior and has decreased in energy during the past twelve hours. Severe southerly gales were reported yesterday in South Dakota, the wind blowing at the rate of sixty miles per hour at Huron, and a wind velocity of forty-four miles per hour occurred last night at Marquette. The temperature has risen rapidly in all reporting districts, but has again changed to colder in the districts west of the Upper Missouri river and that part of the Canadian territory adjacent to Montana. The precipitation has been slight, and generally confined to the Canadian Northwest, where light snow has been followed by fair weather.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 30; maximum yesterday, 24; minimum yesterday, 2 below zero.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Fair and colder tonight and Thursday; a moderate cold wave; brisk to high westerly winds. Storm northwest signals are displayed at Duluth and Two Harbors.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Showers this afternoon; partly cloudy tonight with showers; snow flurries in east portion and colder in central and west portions; Tuesday partly cloudy and south to west winds. For Minnesota: Snow flurries this afternoon; fair and colder tonight, with cold wave in northeast portion; Tuesday fair with colder in southeast portion; high westerly winds.

THE POLITICAL PLUMS.

Although President-Elect McKinley will not assume office for more than three months yet, there is a wild scramble for the official plums that he will have at his disposal. In nearly every city and congressional district the leaders and local bosses are discussing the apportionment of the offices, and the anxious aspirants for places in the postoffice, the landoffice, the custom house, etc., are busy getting their applications in shape and securing the endorsements of those supposed to have influence with the incoming administration and the senators and representatives. There is some lively hustling going on and the rush to the "pie counter" is unprecedented.

Some of the candidates are trying to create the impression that the extension of the civil service laws to various departments of the public service has largely cut down the number of offices to be filled. Let no applicant at the official crib be thus deceived. There are as many offices as there ever were. It all depends upon the president whether the present occupants shall be ousted. Concerning the claim that the great bulk of the public servants are protected by the civil service laws, the Cincinnati Enquirer explains: "It rests, though, with the president of the United States to approve or disapprove civil service rules. The naked law does not go far without executive help. It is probable that President McKinley will make war on the barnacles. He will not be the ingrate that Cleveland was. He will put his friends in the places they have earned, and he will no doubt attack the civil service rules with a strong arm, to come as near as possible to have places to go around. A permanent office holding class is repugnant to our sort of government. It is also suggested that ambassadors, ministers, consuls, heads of bureaus and divisions, etc., will be allowed to serve out their terms. It happens, though, that there are no terms. That a man must be allowed to serve four years is a civil service fiction. Foreign appointments will be changed speedily."

Thus it will be seen that there are offices almost without number to be bestowed upon "the faithful." Duluth is entitled to a full share of the official plums which will be given away by Mr. McKinley. In addition to the local offices, there are good places in the departments at Washington to be filled, and then there are foreign appointments. Duluth Republicans should get some of these rich political prizes.

MR. MERRIAM REPUDIATED.

The St. Peter Free Press, in a lengthy editorial booming ex-Governor Merriam for the treasury portfolio, defends his position that it is not a government function to issue currency, that the greenbacks should be retired and that the banks issue all the money. The Free Press says: "Merriam's views upon what he considers the proper function of government and banks with reference to paper currency do not exactly coincide with those held by many eminent men in his own party, but it must be borne in mind that they were thoroughly familiar to the people generally and that they in some degree received a quasi indorsement at the polls in the last election. Strengthened in his position by a popular verdict, he is justified in carrying out his theory, and should this turn out to the detriment of our common interests, the blame must be laid at the door of those who made this state of conditions possible by their vote."

It would be interesting to learn where and when the people gave an indorsement, quasi or otherwise, to Mr. Merriams' views on the currency. Where was he a candidate? Where was the platform embodying such views that received popular approval at the polls? The Free Press should cease dealing in generalities and become more explicit on such an important subject. The only chance the people of Minnesota had to express their opinion of Mr. Merriam and his views and political methods was in the gubernatorial election. It was Governor Clough's greatest weakness that he was regarded as Bill Merriam's candidate and aiding in the latter's program to succeed Davis in the United States senate. The vote on governor should convince the Free Press or any other Merriam organ that the people of Minnesota have very little use for Mr. Merriam or his views on public questions. The narrow escape which Clough had from defeat, when Mr. McKinley had 50,000 plurality, should certainly be ample notice to the Merriam machine that the people are opposed to its domination of the politics of the state.

Had it not been for the extraordinary effort made during the last week of the campaign in Clough's behalf, by raising the absurd cry that Lind's election would injure the state in the eyes of investors, Clough would have been beaten by 10,000 majority, and principally because of his close connection with Bill Merriam. Mr. McKinley can learn from a slight study of the Minnesota election tables exactly how high Mr. Merriam stands in the estimation of the people of his own state. The result was virtually a repudiation of Merriamism.

THE SENATE'S DIVISION.

Senator Chandler, of New Hampshire, one of the best politicians in the upper body of congress, has prepared a synopsis of the political division of the United States senate after March 4 next. Following is his classification:

Republicans—Aldrich, Allison, Blackburn's successor, Baker, Brice's successor, who is Foraker, Burrows, Cameron's successor, Carter, Chandler, Clark, Cullom, Davis, Elkins, Frye, Gallinger's successor, Gear, Wellington, Hale, Hansbrough's successor, Hawley, Hill's successor, Hoar, Lodge, McBride, McMillan, Mantle, Mitchell, of Oregon, Morrill, Nelson, Palmer's successor, Perkins' successor, Platt's successor, Proctor, Quay, Sewell, Sherman, Shoup, Thurston, Vilas' successor, Voorhee's successor, Warren, Wetmore, Wilson, Wolcott.

Democrats—Bacon, Bate, Berry, Caffery, Call's successor, Clinton, Cockrell, Daniel, Faulkner, George's successor, Gorman, Gray, Harris, Higgins' successor, Irby's successor, Jones of Arkansas, Lindsay, Martin, McEnery, Mills, Mitchell of Wisconsin, Morgan, Murphy, Pasco, Pugh's successor, Roach, Smith, Tillman, Turple, Vest's successor, Walthill, White.

Populists—Allen, Butler, Dubois' successor, Jones of Nevada's successor, Kyle's successor, Pritchard's successor, Peffer's successor, Squire's successor, Stewart.

Silver Republicans who supported Bryan—Cannon, Brown's successor, Pettigrew and Teller.

Recapitulation—Republicans 44, Democrats 33, Populists 9, silver senators 4.

The doubtful points in the above are:

First—Whether Blackburn's successor will be a Republican.

Second—Whether Higgins' successor will be a Democrat.

Third—Whether instead of a Populist from North Carolina Senator Pritchard may not succeed himself.

The conclusion which may be drawn from the above figures are uncertain. The probabilities are as follows:

First—That the Republicans will retain the organization of the senate.

Second—That no protective tariff laws can be passed. Every Democratic senator last winter voted repeatedly against even taking up a tariff bill. Yet it is possible that tariff legislation may be obtained by the votes of the Silver Republicans who have always been protectionists.

Third—That there will be a free silver majority in the senate. Of the forty-four Republicans, four, namely, Carter, Clark, Mantle and Warren, are likely to vote for free silver; so probably will five more, namely, Mitchell of Oregon, Perkins' successor Shoup, Wilson and Wolcott. Of the thirty-three Democrats, seven are against free silver now to be seen, Caffery, Gorman, Gray, Lindsay, Mitchell of Wisconsin, Murphy and Smith. So that nine Republicans, twenty-six Democrats, nine Populists and four silver Republicans, amounting to forty-eight, will make a senatorial silver majority with two votes to spare.

According to the Cincinnati Enquirer, the uncertainties of the case are interesting and important.

First—Whether any of the nine silver Republicans above named will refuse to vote for a protective tariff unless they can have free silver remains to be seen.

Second—As the free silver majority spoken of probably depends on two votes, it will be an open question during the coming winter whether it is to be realized. The question, moreover, whether the senate has or has not a small majority for free silver is not in itself material in view of the overwhelming majority against it in the house. The real question is that first above stated namely, assuming such a majority, whether any silver Republicans will vote against a tariff bill unless they can force the house and President McKinley to accept a free silver bill.

The Enquirer concludes that everything will depend upon the attitude of the administration and the Republican party toward bimetallism. If the result of the presidential election is to be taken by Mr. McKinley as a permanent acceptance of the single gold standard, and no efforts, or only formal and insincere efforts are to be made to remonetize silver there is little hope for any protective tariff legislation until 1899, after the people have again been consulted as to the complexion of the United States senate as well as on bimetallism.

RECOGNIZE THE PATRIOTS.

Congressman Hitt of Illinois, one of the leading members of the house committee on foreign affairs and the probable successor of Senator Palmer in the United States senate, has some very decided opinions on the Cuban question. Like the majority of our public men who are free from the contaminating influence of the Eastern element which opposes a vigorous foreign policy because it might momentarily disturb its foreign trade relations, Mr. Hitt's sympathies are with the brave Cubans, and he strongly believes that this country should recognize the patriots as belligerents.

In an interview at Chicago on Saturday Mr. Hitt said: "Our duty to the Cuban people is a practical and pressing question. Our government should act at once, recognizing the belligerency of a people carrying on so extensive a war. They have fought great armies for a year and a half, and with success. The Spanish troops have really been on the defensive most of the time, and have lost all of the island excepting the fortified places and the lines they actually occupy. More than four-fifths of the territory of Cuba is today in the hands of its people, who are stubbornly fighting for freedom. The duty of our government, in the light of these circumstances, is to recognize the Cubans as the belligerents which they truly are. Such a course of action on the part of our country would be of great advantage to them. The Spaniard buys supplies in our cities to slay them. Our government hunts them down at the call of the Spanish minister. Recognition of belligerent rights is due the Cubans, under the principles and practice of general international law and the practice of the United States government."

The latter remark has reference, of course, to the fact that when the South American provinces of Spain began their struggle for freedom in the early part of the century, President Madison directed that their flags should be recognized as belonging to belligerents. Mr. Monroe, then secretary of state, issued the orders promptly without waiting for the people through congress to press him. And this was many years before those provinces gained their independence, too. Then vessels of the Buenos Ayres insurgents could enter New York harbor beside a Spanish frigate, which dared not touch them. They were recognized as belligerents by the United States. Today, however, if a vessel bearing the lone star flag of Cuba came into New York harbor the Spanish minister would demand that it be treated as a pirate because our government does not recognize the Cubans as belligerents, but, as that minister says, as brigands at home and pirates abroad.

When President Madison did not fear war when this government was not one-tenth as strong a power as it is today, why should President Cleveland fear a war with Spain today? But there is no need to fear a war. The recognition of the Cuban patriots as belligerents would not involve us in any war, but it would perform our duty as a great republic to a brave people struggling for freedom.

The New York Sun of recent date contains a characteristic interview with Governor-Elect Pingree, of Michigan. Here is what he said: "The election? Oh, I am perfectly satisfied with that, except that it seems to have cost a great deal of money. I guess it would have been cheaper to build a Chinese wall around the silver mines. Hanna's an able man. I admire him for the way he ran the campaign. He seems to have been able to have come on to New York, too, and make the trusts and monopolies to do just what he said. Silver? I am for the double standard, and I don't care a damn who knows it. Sixteen to one? Well, I don't know, I guess so; yes, 16 to 1."

The Virginia Enterprise, which generally voices the sentiments of Hon. O. D. Kinney, says that Mr. Kinney and Congressman-Elect Morris, who have gone East, will stop at Canton to call on the next president and at Philadelphia to interview Matt Quay. It is probable that at both points a strong protest will be recorded against the rumored selection of ex-Governor Merriam as a member of President McKinley's family, and also against Mr. Merriam being permitted to dole out the federal patronage in this state.

With hopeless condition of rebellion in Cuba and considerable unpleasantness in the Phillippine islands; with the old Carlist spirit slumbering very restlessly at home, and a republican spirit of revolution which may be very easily aroused; with national credit so low that a loan of $200,000,000 cannot be raised with which to carry on the wars, the Detroit News guesses Spain does not want to tackle Uncle Sam—unless in a spirit of desperation she seeks to end it at once.

The Albany Press Knickerbocker says that the first "Mc" to sit in the White House is a descendant of a family which in the old Celtic days did not spell its name 'McKinley.'" The original Gaelic form is supposed to have been Mac-an-Ollaimah, "the sun of the bard," corrupted later into McInally. To pass from poetry to politics has required not a few generations.

Minneapolis papers are saying sarcastic and mean things about the decision of St. Paul to have a winter carnival. They are so awfully afraid that some people in Florida will learn that the mercury drops to zero in Minnesota during the winter months.

The St. Paul Globe objects to Mr. Hanna as secretary of the treasury and declares he "does not possess a single qualification for the office." Now will the Globe explain what qualification Mr. Carlisle ever possessed.

Another victim of football is reported. It was at Chicago on Saturday. A player fell and half a dozen piled on top of him. Result, concussion of the brain and death. The law should regulate this brutal sport.

Mark Hanna seems to be talking too much about his eligibility to take the treasury portfolio. He is practically admitting that he wants the position.

Minnesota was defeated at football Saturday at Madison, but she put up a great game and has no reason to feel ashamed of the result.

Two St. Paul women tried to commit suicide the other day. It is not astonishing. They must get tired of life in such a sleepy town.

The wave of prosperity increases in volume.

BENCH AND BAR.

Charles E. Pickard, of the patent-law firm of Bond, Adams & Pickard, of Chicago, tells of the inventive crank.

"I was writing away at my desk one day," he says, "when one of the patent fiends came in. It is a distinct tribe, and we come to know its members. He said he wanted to file a caveat, and I reached for a blank application.

"'What is the nature of your application?' I asked, when I had filled in the data down to that blank line.

"'Oh,' said he, 'I haven't invented anything yet. Can't you suggest something?'

"I wanted to kill him, but we had just put down a new carpet, so I got sarcastic. I told him to go through the patent office reports up there on the long shelves, and if he thought there was anything in the world not covered by patent right he might go in and invent it.

"He took down book after book, but at random, and at last, just before luncheon time, he came rushing to me.

"'There's what I want,' he said. 'I'll invent that.'

"He had found some little device, some mechanical contrivance, and it suggested something. He interested me so much I took him out to luncheon. And say, we got the patent, and he sold it to a man in Dearborn street for $1000. Oh, yes, he paid his fee. The cranklest of them do that."

* * *

Police Judge Mott Ayres, of Fulton, N. Y., is 23 years old and runs a newspaper. When a subscriber came to lick the editor the other day, the tables were turned. When the subscriber woke up the judge fined the editor of $1 and peace reigned supreme once more.

* * *

A timid looking woman, who had evidently never before been on the witness stand, was being badgered and harrassed into a state of perplexity by a smart young lawyer, who finally said:

"Now, madam, how do you know that this quarrel between the plaintiff and defendant took place the 17th day of March?"

"Because I know it happened then," she replied meekly.

"Ah! but how do you know it?"

"Well—I—I—I know it happened that day."

"Ah! my good woman, that won't do. We must have proof that it occurred that very day. The date must be fixed. Can't you fix the date?"

"Well, I don't know as I can."

"Did anything else happen that day that doesn't happen any other day at your house or that may not happen tomorrow?"

After a moment's hesitation, she said, brightly:

"Yes, sir."

"Ah, indeed; What please?"

"I had a pair o' twin boys born that day, sir."

* * *

A couple applied to a rural justice of the peace for total divorce. The justice called the bailiff aside and asked in a whisper:

"What's the law on that p'int?"

"You can't do it," replied the bailiff; "it don't come under yer jurisdiction."

"We're willin' ter pay cash fer it," said the husband, not understanding the nature of the consultation. "I've got the money in this here stockin'."

The justice looked grave. Then, adjusting his spectacles and addressing the man, he said:

"You knowed 'fore you come here that 'twarn't fer me to separate husban' an' wife, an' yit you not only take up the time of this valuable court with yer talkin', but ackshully perpose fer bribe me with money. Now, how much has you got in that stockin'?"

"'Bout six dollars an' a half, yer honor."

"All right, then. I fine you five dollars for bribery, an' a dollar an' a half for takin' up my time with a case what my jurisdiction is out of, an' may the Lord have mercy on your souls."

* * *

In North Carolina liquor may not be sold on Sunday except on a physician's prescription. A dentist gave a prescription, the liquor was sold, the druggist was arrested, and the supreme court has just passed upon the case. The court holds that "if dentists came within the term 'physician,' as used in the code, section 11, 'toothache' would become alarmingly more prevalent than 'snakebite.' The very first dental surgeon's prescription for toothache coming before us is for 'one pint of whisky.' And there are thirty-two teeth in a full set, each of which might ache Sunday."

WILL TAKE ANYTHING.

Hinckley Enterprise: Bill Merriam seems to be a standing candidate for the first good thing offered Minnesota. There are other men in the state better qualified who unfortunately have not the money to make them available.

CAUSE FOR PRIDE.

Cloquet Pine Knot: The mention by Eastern papers of C. K. Davis as a fit man for the position of secretary of state in McKinley's cabinet should cause every person in Minnesota to feel proud that this state has men in public life who are recognized as being equal to any in this nation. This also assures us that it is not only a natural esteem we have for our senator but that it is his sterling worth which makes us respect and honor him.

WANTS A RECEIVER.

Philadelphia, Nov. 23.—A bill in equity was filed i nthe United States circuit court today by George A. Lee, of New York, against the Pennsylvania Traction company, of Lancaster. Lee says he is a holder of $10,000 of the bonds issued, secured by the mortgage amount of $700,000, issued under and secured by the mortgage of April 5, 1894. Lee claims the company has defaulted in the payment of interest, and he asks that a receiver be appointed.

SOWING THE WIND.

A New Custom Introduced in American Politics.

Detroit, Mich., News: The bitterness of feeling and expression which characterized the recent campaign, at least on one side, do not seem to have been allayed by the overwhelming victory which that side achieved. To the victors belong the spoils, and in the enjoyment of the spoils and the glory of victory, the victors generally experience some impulse of generosity towards the defeated enemy. There is nothing of this in the present situation. The victorious goldites still exhibit all the rancor which marked the contest when at its height. The organs reek with denunciation, they poison the very wine of their banquetings with the spirit of hatred toward their defeated foes, and still continue, but with increased venom and emphases, the epithets which formed their principal weapons when they were seeking votes a month ago. They heap insults upon the sections of the country and the elements among the people whom they failed to enlist in their cause, and instead of promising to search out and, if possible, to remove in their own way the real causes of discontent, they boldly assert their intention to root out by every and any means the discontented. They classify their late antagonists as madmen or thieves, and denounce the population of such states as Kansas as a horde of lunatics whose lunacy is modified by cunning dishonesty.

This is a new custom in American politics. Heretofore it was the common practice for both sides to accord the opposition credit at least for patriotism, and to express confidence that in anything which involved the safety and dignity of the nation, all Americans would form but one party. This political generosity gave the whole people an abiding confidence in the future of the republic, whatever might betide the parties; and after each election both sides largely forgot their previous differences, without surrendering their convictions, or impugning the patriotic motives of their opponents. Neither side claimed infallibility for their principles or a monopoly of love of country for themselves. The victors now make these claims and deny to the opposition even the ordinary credit of good motives. They charge them with the deliberate intention to ruin the country. "A crafty and treacherous foe, who, having captured the banners of one great party, marshaled beneath them the thoughtless, the illogical, the dissatisfied, the vicious and the untrue of all parties, and under cover of a stolen name, sought to overthrow the most brilliant and potent type of free constitutional government the world has ever known." This is not the language of a stump orator in the heat of campaigning, but the deliberate utterance of President Alexander E. Orr of the New York chamber of commerce at the New York merchants' banquet the other night in celebration of the victory of the gold standard. The other speeches on the same occasion were of the same tenor or still more malignant.

The strangest feature of it all is that the elements of our population against whom this virulent abuse is directed are not the newly arrived foreign immigrants whom it was the fashion of the same people to denounce in former times, but the descendants of the earliest settlers of this continent, children of the men who achieved the independence of the republic in the last century; the populations who poured out their best blood in the defense of the Union in the civil war; the elements who were heretofore supposed to be the mainstay of the republic, the leaven which alone could assimilate and Americanize the new immigrant and save the institutions of the republic from the flood of European ignorance fostered under despotic monarchial institutions—the people of Kansas, Colorado, Southern Michigan, Missouri, the American born and bred farmers, the people of whom Bishop Worthington recently complained as having been spoiled by over-education. It is still more strange that the abuse comes from a city which can scarcely be called American, a city the whole tone of whose atmosphere is foreign and European, a city more than one-half of whose population is of foreign birth or immediate extraction, a city which during the war of the rebellion was in open revolt against the Union, and whose ante-war riots taxed the strength of the federal government to repress them.

But whencesoever such expressions come, from what section or what party, it is impossible for honest patriotism to do otherwise than deplore them. It is inevitable that they must arouse corresponding rancor on the other side. The sectionalism which was manifested during the campaign, and which was most denounced by the party which was most responsible for arousing it, will only be emphasized by this continued energy of hatred. The American breed of man is not accustomed to meekly submit to such denunciation. Already we have observed that reprisals have commenced and farmers here and there in the country are organizing to boycott those of their neighbors or dependents who voted for gold. Will the spirit thus displayed continue until enmities of section and class have become irreconcilable, and the very dangers from which the East pretends to have removed by its victory over the South and West have become a reality?

THE SCRAMBLE FOR OFFICE.

Mankato Free Press: From the activity existing among applicants for postoffices in the Second district it would seem that Congressman McCleary will have his hands full, the boys who are hustling for the plums evidently believe in the old adage that "the early bird catches the worm."

WHOOPEE!

Alton, Iowa, Democrat: Oh, those Palmer-Buckner Democrats! They were the real genuine Democrats, they were! They were a power in the land and when they walked the earth trembled! They carried one lone township in the entire United States. Only one township and by the magnificent majority of one! Dudley township, Haskell county, Kansas, with nineteen votes, went for Palmer and Buckner by one. Beat the tomtoms, blow the kazoos! Ring the fire bells! Let joy be unconfined and demijohns be uncorked! Wire the returns to John C. Kelley and Col. Martin. Let these noble leaders in a glorious cause be overwhelmed with congratulations. Keep the "gre-a-a-a-t pairtee" organization up. Avaunt despair! While there's life there's hope! 'Rah for Dudley township, Haskell county, Kansas! 'Rah for John McAulee Palmer! 'Rah for Simon Bolivar Buckner. Set 'em up again in the other alley! The "mashmal" Democracy has not wasted its liquor and its bank notes and its eloquence upon the desert air. Whoopee!

NOT FAR BEHIND.

Long Prairie Leader: Thinking that perhaps the Globe might wish to correct figures for its next almanac, we will inform it that Palmer and Buckner received twenty-nine votes in Todd county out of a total of 4202 cast. This is only sixty-seven votes behind the Prohibition candidate.

HIGHLY INDORSED.

With possibly one exception, there is no "domestic" magazine more widely or favorably known than the Housekeeper of Minneapolis, Minn. From the standpoint of practical helpfulness to the housewife it is without a peer. It is published twice a month, each issue comprising twenty or more large pages. The subscription price is only 50 cents a year. Here is what the Syracuse, N. Y., Herald has to say about it:

"No better woman's magazine reaches the Herald's table than the Housekeeper, published at Minneapolis. It is astonishing that the publishers of this excellent semi-monthly can give such good material for the price (50 cents a year.) A woman understands woman's needs better than a man. The Housekeeper is edited by women, and the material given within its column twice a month is just the quality and quantity the housewife and homemaker desires. Women are interested in their sister housekeepers and the Housekeeper is filled with ideas contributed by its readers—ideas that will smooth the rough and ragged path of housekeeping. Covering every branch of home life at a low price, the Housekeeper is an ideal woman's paper. It is ably edited and is easily the best housekeeper's agazine of the present day."

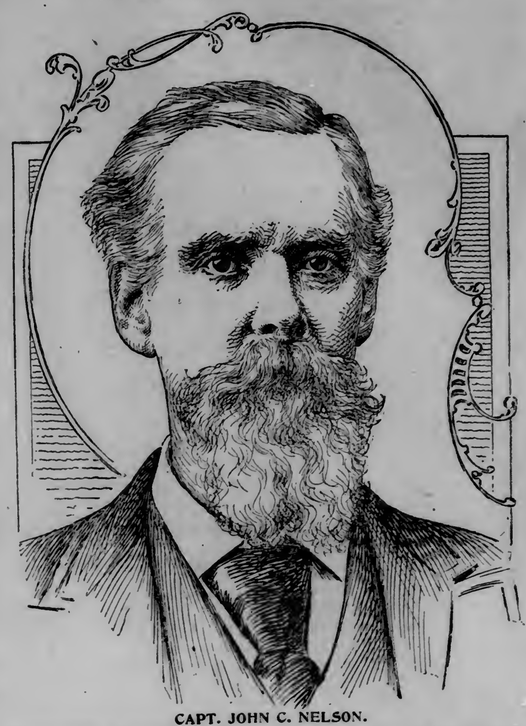
In point of circulation the Housekeeper is the strongest periodical published in the entire West or South, and if there be any virtue in high character, good quality and low price, it will continue to grow. The publishers will send a sample copy free to applicants.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Solving Nature's Secrets,

And Reading the Story of the Rocks, Leads a Distinguished Geologist, and a Veteran of the War, to Discover Not Only Valuable Minerals, But Also Leads Him to Another Important Discovery Which Will be Intensely Interesting to the Reader.



CAPT. JOHN C. NELSON.

The state of Tennessee contains few men who pursue their chosen avocations with a greater degree of ardor than does Capt. John C. Nelson, and his untiring industry and devotion to geological researches was no doubt the cause which led up to the deplorable condition mentioned in his letter. Captain Nelson makes a specialty of developing mines, and his services are in wide demand among mine owners, as the accuracy of his reports on mining properties is generally verified by subsequent developments. The Captain resides in Dayton, Tenn., and has long been the mining expert for the Dayton Iron & Coal Co. Under date of April 8th 1895, he writes:

"In December 1887, there appeared on the ball of my left eye, an ulcer-like growth, which increased rapidly and soon covered the entire eye ball. Dr. F. Trester Smith, of Chattanooga removed the growth, which two experts pronounced to be cancerous, and they stated that the persevering use of the knife was the only known remedy. I submitted to twenty-three operations, one about every three months for six years. These operations affected my whole system, and my health declined rapidly. Neither doctors nor proprietary medicines helped me. Finally Dr. Miles' Remedies were suggested and I began taking the Restorative Nervine, Tonic, Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills, as my nervous system was badly deranged by the periodical operations on the eye, and my bowels, stomach, heart, kidneys and liver were affected. Dr. Miles' Remedies soon restored me to a normal condition, and enabled me to bear the pain of the surgeon's knife with fortitude, and after taking the remedies for something over a year, the cancerous growth over my eye entirely disappeared and my health is good. I attribute these happy results, after such a terrible ordeal, to the wonderful virtues and healing properties of Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies, without which I should certainly have been unable to live." JOHN C. NELSON.

Sold by all Druggists. Book on Heart and Nerves, Free by Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health.

WILL ESCHEW POLITICS.

Chicago, Nov. 22.—The Chicago Federation of Labor, at its regular weekly meeting, has tabled a 16 to 1 declaration in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver. The federation is a new organization, having swallowed up the two old central labor bodies. The debate waxed warm over the proposed injection of politics into the new organization, which was being formed because politics had killed the old ones.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street, from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1300 lineal feet of 20-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

McMartin & Co.
21-23 FIFTH AVE. W.
Pitch and Gravel, Iron, Tin and Slate Roofing.
HOT AIR FURNACES
Skylights, Cornices, Ventilation Pipe, Chimney Tops, Smokestacks, Tin and Sheet Iron Work, etc.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
TELEPHONE 642.
When you want a first-class job at a reasonable price, call on us.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

Notice of Confirmation OF Commissioners' Report

For Obtaining an Easement for Slopes for Cuts and Fills and for Retaining Walls on Seventh Alley.

Office of City Clerk,
Duluth, Minn., Nov. 12, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment of damages made by the board of public works of the city of Duluth, ex-officio commissioners in condemnation proceedings for obtaining an easement for slopes, for cuts and fills and for retaining walls on both sides of the alley between Sixth and Seventh streets from Fifth avenue east to Sixth avenue east as shown by the plat of the same on file in the office of the city clerk, has been returned, and the same will be confirmed by the common council of said city at a meeting of said common council, to be held at the council chamber on Monday, Nov. 30, 1896, at 7:30 p. m., unless objections are made in writing by persons interested in any land required to be taken.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov 13 to 21 inc.

POWER AND SETTLE DULUTH MINN.

AMERICAN STORE.

THERE'S A CAUSE

For these Ceaseless Throngs at the

NEW STORE

A selling system whose only industry is to lower price, and a buying system whose supreme purpose is to excel in giving values, are the elements doing the work here.

Come Again Tomorrow!

Furs.

In some countries are called a luxury, but in this country they certainly come under the head of a necessity. True, the money value of first-class furs, in some instances, seems quite great. But for the comfort derived, what garment worn by ladies in this country is a more economical investment? A first-class fur garment is good for years of service, at the same time being highly respectable and decidedly refined for all occasions.

It is of the utmost importance that you should fully know of the high character of these furs, as well as the extent of the quantity and variety.

In all there is a little over $10,000 worth of them and the assortments run as follows:

Seals.

Jackets! Jackets!

12 garments from 26 to 32 inches in length, in box fronts, Empire fronts, Shield fronts and half-fitting fronts; collars all large; quality, fit, finish and workmanship the very best of the best. Prices low.

Otters.

Jackets! Jackets!

7 garments all ¾-lengths.

Astrakhan Jackets.

30 garments, in all lengths, sizes and curls, in every new effect in front and collars. They are all perfectly made of the finest pelts that grow.

10 Electric Seal Jackets.
4 Kreimer Jackets.
2 Mink Jackets.
2 Persian Lamb Jackets.

Capes.

7 Alaska Seal Capes.
9 Electric Seal Capes.
6 Hudson Bay Otter Capes
21 Astrakhan Capes.
8 Marten Capes.
2 Kreimer Capes.
4 Mink Capes.

In all lengths, styles, sweeps, and effects that are new.

Fur Collarettes, Muffs, Boas And Ripple Capes.

In all late effects in Faille Trimmings. Almost every kind of fur is represented. Fancy Silk Linings predominate. We make bold to say that this is the choicest assortment of small furs ever previously seen in Duluth.

About fifty different styles to select from, all new and moderate in price. Come again tomorrow.

A Goodly Assortment

Of very fine fur-lined cloth capes in a variety of cloths and kinds of fur lining. They are the embodiment of comfort and elegance.

Incidentally we wish to advise you that these are not cheap furs, but are selling at prices consistent with their value.

Cloth Garments

Saturday recorded the largest sales day yet in the cloth garments. It is the style, the unusualness in make and the perfectness in fit, together with low prices, that are selling these cloth Jackets and Capes here so speedily. Our heaviest cloak trade today is amongst those who have seen others' cloak purchases here. More new arrivals will reached here today.

Be Shown

The Wrappers, ready-made Dresses, Shirt Waists, Separate Skirts and Shawls. Unusual values are amongst them.

Dress Goods.

We have no competition in Dress Goods, where there is a knowledge of what is new and correct in style, and of sterling worth in quality. Being asked, a noted manufacturer stated that the reason there was such quantities of shoddy goods sold was because there existed so many who cared naught for style and knew nothing of quality.

We are proud to state that this assertion does not fit Duluth. On the contrary, the choicest, newest and most stylish Dress Stuffs in the world sell here in excess of all others.

Tomorrow we are going to sell--

25 all-wool Dress Patterns in plain and fancy weaves and colorings ranging in price up to $3

For $1.47.

Tomorrow we are going to sell--

15 all wool and silk and wool Dress Robes ranging in price up to $11.00

For $6.98.

Tomorrow we are going to sell--

30 pieces Dress Goods consisting of Striped Bourettes, two-toned Boucles, checks, stripes, mixtures, etc., etc., ranging up to $1.25

For 69c.

Fine Assortments In Plaids.

Special Attention

Is given to securing the new weaves and colorings as they come out in Dress Goods, and you will find them selling here now.

POWER AND SETTLE DULUTH MINN.

HAD A NARROW ESCAPE.

Dr. Ryan Nearly Taken For a Deer.

Rev. Dr. Ryan and Dr. Bowman returned Saturday from a hunting trip in the vicinity of McKinley. They brought home nothing but huge appetites. Their lack of success was due to the fact that a crust and formed on the snow, which made it impossible to move without making a noise.

Dr. Ryan had a narow escape from being shot. He was walking through the underbrush when his yellow hunting jacket caught the eye of a hunter who was in hiding behind a tree. According to the story of the latter told the doctor, he took aim twice and then lowered his piece, waiting for a better opportunity. The doctor at last broke through the brush into full view and his neigh-haw-been slayer nearly fainted away. The doctor says that hereafter he will wear a jacket of green or red or some other color that resembles no animal that is seen in these woods.

THEY RIDICULE IT.

Many People Ridicule the Idea of an Absolute Cure For Dyspepsia and Stomach Trouble.

Ridicule, However, is Not Argument, and Facts Are Stubborn Things.

Stomach troubles are so common and, in many cases, so obstinate to cure that people are apt to look with suspicion on any remedy claiming to be a radical, permanent cure for dyspepsia and indigestion. Many such pride themselves on their acuteness in never being humbugged, especially on medicines.

This fear of being humbugged may be carried too far; so far, in fact, that many persons suffer for years with weak digestion rather, than risk a little time and money in faithfully testing the claims of a preparation so reliable and universally used as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Now Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are vastly different in one important respect from ordinary proprietary medicines for the reason that they are not a secret patent medicine; no secret is made of their ingredients, but analysis shows them to contain the natural digestive ferments, pure aseptic pepsin, the digestive acids, Golden Seal, bismuth, hydrastis and nux. They are not cathartic, neither do they act powerfully on any organ, but they cure indigestion on the common sense plan of digesting the food eaten thoroughly before it has time to ferment, sour and cause the mischief. This is the only secret of their success.

Cathartic pills never have and never can cure indigestion and stomach troubles, whereas the whole trouble is really in the stomach.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, taken after meals, digest the food. That is all there is to it. Food not digested or half digested is poison, as it creates gas, acidity, headaches, palpitation of the heart, loss of flesh and appetite, and many other troubles which are often called by some other name.

They are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. Address Stuart company, Marshall, Mich., for little book on stomach diseases, sent free.

Harmon Turns Up.

Henry C. Harmon, the St. Louis lumber buyer, who was supposed to have been swallowed up in the woods of Northern Wisconsin, turned up safe in Superior Saturday evening. He says when he left camp he hunted several miles without success and then followed a light which he supposed to be belong to another hunter, but which he found belonged to a brakeman. He took a train to Ashland, and then went out in the woods again to look at some timber. On the way back he was taken ill and remained at the cabin of a settler till a few days ago. In telling his story he said that he had once suffered from mental derangement, but he hopes that his friends would not attribute his disappearance to insanity.

Rolled Steel Plates.

The Ironton Structural Steel company Saturday rolled the first steel plates for the force main pipe. The trial was successful, and the plates were said to be satisfactory in every respect. The mill had been at work for some days upon some tank plates so as to get the new men broken in. Manager Haupt says that there will be no trouble in keeping the Hugo plant going.

Stans Polski Dead.

Stans Polski, the young man who was accidentally shot near Cloquet river while hunting, died yesterday evening about 6:30 o'clock. He was hanging up his gun at the time he was shot and it was accidentally discharged, the bullet entering his groin. He was about 25 years of age and well known here, having lived here nearly all his lifetime.

LIVELY

The Council Meeting This Evening Promises to Be Interesting.

Valve and Steel Pipe Contracts Will Unloosen Much Eloquence.

Attorney Benham's Plan For Controlling the Armory and Market.

There will be a lively meeting of the council this evening. The report of the special committee on valves and the matter of letting the pipe contract will be the bones of contention and much eloquence will undoubtedly be uncorked.

The valve committee will, it is understood, report in favor of awarding the contract for the 42 and 36-inch valves, the big horizontals, to the Rensselaer company, despite the fact that their figures are higher than the Michigan brass and iron works on those valves, on the ground that, in the committee's estimation, the Rensselaer valve of that size and description is of much superior efficiency. The bid of the Rensselaer people is higher by $1632 on the 42-inch and $360 on the 36-inch than that of the Michigan company. The report recommends the award to the Rensselaer company of the contract for the 30, 24 and 8-inch valves, on which it is the lowest bidder. The contract for the 16, 10 and 6-inch to the Michigan brass and iron works, the lowest bidders on those sizes. The D. C. Prescott company comes in for the check valves.

A member of the special committee who has favored the Rensselaer valve from the first, did not relax his exertion in committee, it is understood, but made a strong effort to have the whole contract awarded to the Rensselaer people.

A minority report from D. A. Reed, of the board of public works, is not an impossibility. Mr. Reed favors the Michigan valve. It is expected that a number of the aldermen will deliver speeches on what they do not know about valves. These addresses will, necessarily be long, and with the debate over the pipe contract, the session will probably be a lengthy one. Alderman Rowley, who, as he informed the council, is well equipped on the subject of sewing machines, will undoubtedly draw from his knowledge on that subject analogies that will shed considerable light on the valve question.

Alderman Crandall has been culling information on the question from the patent office reports and if anybody can adorn and render interesting so dry a subject as that of water valves, he can.

STEEL PIPE CONTRACT.

The confirmation of the award to the Carrol Porter company of the steel pipe contract will be opposed by Aldermen Richardson, Sang, Olafson and possibly one or two others, on the ground that it is the part of wisdom to wait until the forthcoming of more money is assured. They urge also that if the experiment of making pipe here turns out well, it would be laudable to encourage home industries by having the work done in Duluth.

Against this is the view voiced by Alderman Krumsieg at the last meeting of the council, that inasmuch as outside bidders have been invited to compete they should not be ignored. And it is probable that a majority of the council will be found to be of this view when it comes to a show down.

The city attorney will recommend that the council, by resolution, provide that the armory be controlled as provided by the military code. The law designates the officer commanding the post as the person who shall be in "control of the armory." The matter of rent and repairs is placed in the hands of a board consisting of the commanding officer, the mayor and city treasurer.

Mr. Benham is not satisfied with the ordinance introduced last week for the regulation of the public market. That ordinance was modeled after the St. Paul ordinance, which, Mr. Benham says, seems to be a hash of previous and inconsistent ordinances on the subject. The market ordinance matter will, therefore, be held up until a satisfactory measure can be drafted.

A Princely Haul.

Emil Ziel, who has been employed as an assistant in the Saddlerock restaurant, decamped early Sunday morning with $4.10, the contents of the till, and about twenty-five cigars. Fred Russell, the proprietor of the place, turned over the establishment to Ziel's charge about 4 o'clock in the morning, and sought his couch. Ziel attended to business with great zeal until Mr. Russell was out of sight, and then he wrapped the money in a pancake and scooted. As Ziel had $2 coming to him, he is but $2.10 ahead to compensate him for the trouble of dodging justice, which indicates that Emil has a poor head for business.

Hillis Goes to Omaha.

Oscar B. Hillis, clerk of the United States circuit court in Minnesota, has been appointed clerk of the United States circuit court at Omaha, Neb. This is a promotion. Mr. Hillis will take his new office Jan. 1, 1897. Harry D. Lang, of St. Paul, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Hillis.

GOT THE MITTEN.

But the Express Company is Minus Some Money.

Niles, Mich., Nov. 23.—Delbert E. Mitten, messenger for the American Express company, was arrested today charged with stealing $2000 from the company. The crime is alleged to have been committed last Wednesday, when a package containing $2000 was sent by the Citizens National bank of this city to the Bankers' National bank of Chicago. About half of the money has been recovered.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only, and sold by all druggists.

AN EXPENSIVE DRINK.

Valued Higher Than a Horse and Rifle.

A soldier in the regular army was commenting on the strength of an Indian's love for whisky. "They are the biggest fools you ever saw. I came across a buck one day on the plains and he asked if I had any whisky. I shook the canteen and told him there was only one drink there. He insisted on having it, and offered his rifle for it. Finally he got mad because I wouldn't take the rifle and pony. You never saw such fools. Why didn't I make the trade? I would, but you see, that was the only drink I had."

This story is used to illustrate the power of human habits, and to speak particularly to those who are annoyed with the coffee habit, which is the cause of an immense amount of sickness, the coffee never being suspected. Chemists find the same poisonous alkaloids in coffee as in strychnine, tobacco and morphine.

It is easy to quit coffee by adopting the delicious health coffee made of the grains, wheat, etc., etc. Postum Cereal has the deep seal brown color of fine Mocha and changes to the rich golden brown of Java when cream is added. Its fragrance and flavor are charming.

When coffee is left off and Postum put in its place the old troubles of the body disappear, and under the true nourishment of the food drink, new vitality, strength and the ruddy color of health quickly appear. Postum makes red blood for adults and children, and is a most grateful change from berry coffee, the new beverage having everything in its favor and none of the hurtful properties of the old. Made at Battle Creek, Mich., by the Postum Cereal company, ltm.

Dr. Albert P. Hedges, 1381 N. Clark street, Chicago, says: "It is a long needed article."

"Just as good" as Postum Cereal are words used to defraud the public.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE DAZZLER."

Tonight "The Dazzler" will be produced at the Lyceum by a company which is claimed to be the superior of any that has played the piece. "The Dazzler" was last seen here about five years ago when Kate Castleton and Joseph Ott were in the leading parts. Since then the farce has been completely rewritten and is better than it ever was. All the features necessary to the successful production of a farce comedy have been supplied. There are clever comedians, pretty girls, graceful dancers and tuneful music.

"DORCAS."

Paulton's famous operatic comedy "Dorcas" will be presented at the Lyceum Thursday afternoon and evening. The piece is by the authors of "Erminie," "Niobe," etc., and has attained a success little short of the prodigious. The cast is aptly described as an all-star one, including such notably clever artists as Eve Davenport, Marie Millard, Drew Donaldson, William Broderick, Charles Bassett, Fred Frear, Minnie Jarboe, Marie Davenport, Arthur R. Seaton, Charles Meyers, etc. The costumes of the ladies are most elaborate and together with those of the gentlemen are in strictly historical style of the period in which the action of the piece is laid—1790. Edward Paulton, who has just returned from Europe where "Dorcas" is now en tour with no less than three companies, brought over with him all the latest of musical embellishments.

SALOONS BURGLARIZED.

Two Were Entered During Saturday Night.

The bar-room of A. Fitger & Co.'s brewery and the saloon of Louis Wolfrom, at 131 East Superior street, were burglarized some time Saturday night. The cash registers were the objects of the attentions of the burglars in both places. At Fitger's, $23 was secured, and at Wolfrom's the lowest was but $5. At the first named place, the register was pried open with a shovel, the damage to the register amounting to as much if not more than the sum taken. At Wolfrom's, the marauders had got onto the combination and the register was uninjured. No arrests have yet been made.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

To Organize a Harbor.

Capt. Benjamin F. Perkins, of Philadelphia, will arrive here about Dec. 1 to organize a harbor of the American Association of Masters and Pilots of Steam Vessels. Capt. Perkins organized harbors in Buffalo, Cleveland, Toledo, Chicago and Saugatuck last winter, and will organize this winter, Duluth, Milwaukee, Green Bay, St. Joseph, Port Huron and Detroit. He is one of the oldest passenger captains on the Atlantic coast. In his work of organizing the masters and pilots he has the full sanction of the Shipmasters' association, many of the members of which will join the new organization.

Gets Off Easier.

In special term Saturday, Judge Moer lightened the offense of Henry King, who pleaded guilty to forgery in the second degree to petit larceny, on motion of the prisoner's attorney. It was held that it was a mistake to charge King with forgery. Peter Curry, who has been twice convicted of larceny, did not get a new trial, Judge Moer holding that the alleged newly-discovered evidence offered as a basis for the motion for a new trial was not important enough.

Labor Temple Concert.

A concert is to be given by the City band for the benefit of the Labor Temple fund some time during the winter. The labor temple committee is now making the arrangements for it. The intention is to make one of the—with a heavy accent on 'the'—events of the season.

SILVER OR GOLD.

One receipt of 10 cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size, 50 cents.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York city.

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I have long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, late major United States volunteers and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

REST AND PUREST.
Solon spring water, 5c per gallon.

ON THE MESABA RANGE.

The Franklin Mine Being Prepared For Operations.

Some fifty men have been put on at the Franklin group, clearing up and getting ready for active underground work, and by Dec. 1 there will be a full force employed at these properties, says the Virginia Enterprise. The small sawmill owned by this company was started Friday morning, with J. F. Cameron, of the Moon & Kerr mill, temporarily in charge. The people of Virginia will fully appreciate the fact that the Franklin is a labor employer during the winter months.

Stripping operations at the Mountain Iron, under Superintendent Gilchrist, were commenced the first of the week. Some 50,000 yards will be removed, preparatory to early spring shipments. The stripping will be done by hand and steam shovel.

At the Sellers about 100 men are now employed, and additional men are being put on at the Hull Rust and Rust mines, which properties now run a day and night shift.

The Commodore now furnishes employment to oved 200 men, and present shipments from the property are about 1000 tons per day.

HE HAS ACCEPTED.

Dr. Morrison Will Become Bishop of Duluth.

The following Associated Press dispatch from Albany, N. Y., received yesterday, settles the doubt as to whether John D. Morrison would accept his election as Episcopal bishop of Northern Minnesota:

"The Rev. John D. Morrison, of Ogdensburg, has officially notified the churchman of the house of bishops that, subject to confirmation by the authorities of the church, he accepts his election by the house of bishops to the episcopate of the missionary jurisdiction of Duluth. Mr. Morrison preached at both services at All Saints cathedral today. He is a brilliant pulpit orator."

Bishop Morrison has had the matter under advisement so long that it was doubted whether or not he would accept. Rev. A. W. Ryan said yesterday that he was pleased at the intelligence, because if he had not, the diocese would have been bishopless for another year. Bishop Gilbert has had charge of the diocese, but he is overburdened with work, and the additional work is almost too much. As soon as the election is confirmed, Bishop Morrison will be consecrated, probably at his own church at Ogdensburg. It is not expected that he will arrive to take charge of his duties inside of a month.

Rev. Dr. Ryan said today that Bishop-elect Morrison cannot possibly arrive here to take charge of the affairs of his see before the latter part of January. He has the choice of the place where he will be consecrated, and he will probably elect either his own church at Ogdensburg or the cathedral at Albany. It may be that he will be consecrated on St. Paul's day, which is Jan. 25.

DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

Effect of the Election Amendment is Questioned.

The point has been raised that those who have not taken out their second papers can assure to themselves the right to vote at the spring election by becoming citizens prior to the official canvass of the ballots on the franchise amendment and the proclamation of the result thereof by the governor. In opposition to this view it is pointed out by several leading attorneys, who have taken an interest in the matter, that the right to vote depends upon whether the person has been a citizen for ninety days next preceding the election, and not upon the question as to whether he became a citizen prior to the amendment becoming operative. In other words, a vested right to the franchise cannot be obtained by taking out second papers prior to the governor's proclamation giving the amendment the force of law. The question will be: "Has the person offering to vote been a citizen for ninety days," and not: "When did he become a citizen?"

Dr. Dawley's Sermon.

Rev. Dr. Dawley, at the First Baptist church last evening, took for his theme the name of Jesus. The letters of the name, he said, stand for the attributes of the Christ. J for Jesus as the jewel of the faith; E for Jesus as the examples; S for Jesus as the shepherd; U for Jesus as the uplifted, and S for Jesus as the savior, which is the meaning of the name. It was an eloquent sermon and was listened to by an assemblage that filled the edifice to overflowing.

Georgia's Fair Authoress

Tells Why She Uses Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies.

THE NAME of Mrs. J. E. Harwell, (nee Julia Emma Flemming) is a familiar one in the state of Georgia. She writes: "It is with pleasure that I express my gratitude for the wonderful benefits I have received from Dr. Miles' Restorative Remedies, especially the Nervine, the Nerve and Liver Pills, New Heart Cure and Anti-Pain Pills. Actual experience has taught me their great worth. No family should be without them. They have fully restored me from a complication of disorders chiefly affecting the heart, nervous system and kidneys. When I travel I always take one of your Anti-Pain Pills before entering the cars and thus prevent swimming of the head and nausea, to which I have been subject for several years."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

THE CLEVELAND SCHOOL.

Board Will Not Erect it This Winter.

It is probable that the proposed new Cleveland school building will not be erected this winter. No action was taken by the school board at its meeting on Saturday evening on the bids for the structure. The bids are higher, in the first place, than the board had anticipated, and it was the opinion among the weather wise among the members that the present winter will be a hard one. Director Hugo said the goose bone is cloudy, which indicates a hard season, which would be unfavorable for building operations, and Director Merritt said he had noticed, while wandering about in the wilds of Oneota, that the squirrels began early to lay in supplies.

The early appearance of the "Tom and Jerry" is another sign in support of Mr. Hugo's theory, but none of the directors mentioned that, and, probably, they have not noticed it.

The bids on the Cleveland building were as follows: Brown, Campbell & Smith, $9275; Nicholas Mueller, $8947; George Holt and C. Hogan, $9066; Nelson Nauffts, $9475; Lounsberry & Smith, $10,200; Alexander & Pierce, $8945; W. N. Leyvany, $9203; C. J. Fredrickson, $9100; Evens & Granly, $8789.

A communication was received from Health Officer Routh calling attention to deficiency in the ventilation of the Franklin school and room 109 in the High school. He suggested that the well water furnished the pupils of the Woodland and Oneota schools be analyzed, and that meantime the pupils be given spring water to drink.

Provision was made for another school room on the first floor of the High School building by directing that the book room be removed to the basement. It was decided to purchase a new piano for the High school and to send the one now in use there to the Stowe school at New Duluth.

At the request of Director Cobb, who is engaged in doing some compilation at the High school, the purchase of a new dictionary, Worcester's, was authorized.

The following new teachers were appointed: Eva Porter, $50 per month; Miss Lydia Alexander, $50 per month; F. M. Wilson, $90 per month. Salaries were ordered increased as follows: Clara Bull, from $40 to $45 per month; Emma Schneider, from $40 to $50; Mary McRae, from $40 to $50 per month. Misses Schneider and McRae have been made teachers of kindergarten.

We endorse all the proprietors say about the merits of Salvation Oil. It is the greatest cure on earth for pain. 25 cents.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar. Sold by all the leading dealers.

Always FIRST
Gail Borden Eagle Brand
CONDENSED MILK
For 35 years the leading brand. It is the Best and the most economical.
A PERFECT FOOD FOR INFANTS

Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works, Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO. ILLS.

Harper's Bazar in 1897.

The BAZAR, a thoroughly up-to-date periodical for women, will enter upon its Thirtieth Volume in 1897.

As a Fashion journal it is unsurpassed, and is an indispensable requisite for every well-dressed woman. Katharine De Forest writes a weekly letter on current fashions from Paris. In **New York Fashions,** and in the fortnightly pattern-sheet supplement, ladies find full details, directions, and diagrams for gowns, wraps, and children's clothing. Sandoz, Baude, and Chapuis draw and engrave the newest and finest Parisian designs every week.

The serials for 1897 will be: **The Red Bridge Neighborhood,** by Maria Louise Pool; and **Father Quinnallion,** by Octave Thanet. Short stories will be constantly presented by brilliant writers, among whom are Mary E. Wilkins, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Marion Harland, Ruth McEnery Stuart, Viola Roseboro, and Margaret Sutton Briscoe.

What Women Are Doing in various parts of the Union will form a series of special interest.

Other interesting features are The Outdoor Woman, devoted to healthful sports and pastimes; Music, a weekly critical summary of music in New York; Amateur Theatricals, Embroidery and Needlework, Ceremony and Etiquette, Good Housekeeping, **"What Girls Are Doing,"** "Current Social Events," and Personals gleaned from original sources.

Women and Men. Colonel T. W. Higginson will regularly continue his valuable essays.

Answers to Correspondents. This column is conducted for the benefit and convenience of readers, and all questions received are answered in rotation, as promptly and fully as practicable.

Art. The BAZAR is a notable picture gallery, reproducing the most beautiful works of American and foreign artists, as presented in the annual Paris and New York exhibitions. **Wit and Humor.** Everybody turns for a hearty laugh to the BAZAR'S last page.

An All-Round Woman's Paper.—What more appropriate gift can be made to wife, daughter or sister than a subscription to HARPER'S BAZAR? Secure it as a welcome visitor in your household for 1897.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers.

HARPER'S BAZAR

For one year.....$4.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada and Mexico.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS.
P. O. Box 959, N. Y. City.

Do you want an income.....

Of $10.30 a month for five years from the investment of $500, secured by a building worth $1000 and a lot worth $600?

Do you want an income.....

Of $24.00 a month for ten years from the investment of $500, secured by a building worth $1000 and a lot worth $500?

Call on

Chan Smith,

At No. 2 First avenue West.

The Best Store

Not the one that promises most, but the store that conscientiously fulfills every promise—THAT'S THIS STORE.

The Great Eastern

PROGRESSIVE MERCHANDISING . . . .

Such as is being done here has no counterpart in modern retailing. Underbuying and, underselling is the secret of the wonderful values we continue to give.

The Great Stock Reducing Sale

continues for three days more, Today, Tuesday and Wednesday.

With Special Bargains in every Department for THANKSGIVING DAY.

A Thanksgiving Turkey

with every $5.00 purchase or over,

Today, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Note it Well—Such prices as we are making on Suits and Overcoats are strangers even to Duluth's keenest bargain seekers.

M. S. Burrows.

CITY BRIEFS.

Callum, dentist, Palladio, 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The Commercial club of the West End has been called to meet Wednesday evening in the Sheard block at the West End. The club has done nothing since last spring.

W. B. Silvey, receiver for E. P. Emerson, Saturday filed his monthly statement of the business of the Spalding hotel for October. The report shows a gain for the month of $912.83.

A Mandolin and Guitar club was organized by Y. M. C. A. members Saturday evening. Professor Robinson will lead it, and the members enrolled so far are: Messrs. W. H. Hoyt, J. C. J. Corliss, Phil Heimick, E. L. Oberg, S. Daley, R. E. Ober, N. Edwards, Robert Carbury.

The annual meeting of the chamber of commerce will be held Tuesday of next week. Officers will be elected, and this will mark the beginning of the chamber's active work for the year.

Ole Severson appeared before Judge Nelson this morning on a charge of bastardy, Marie Hansen being the complaining witness. The hearing was set for 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, bail being fixed at $200, in default of which Severson was committed to jail.

Health Officer Routh has given instructions to inspectors of his department to visit the school buildings once a week.

An analysis is to be made of the water in the well from which the Duluth Heights school is supplied.

Agnes Kennedy pleaded guilty Saturday afternoon, in Judge Edson's court, of assaulting Mrs. Lena Kennedy during a family row. She was allowed to go with sentence suspended.

John Marshall was found guilty of assaulting John McDonough and fined $1 and costs by Judge Edson this morning.

The death of Denais Sullivan, aged 52, of Smithville, of broncho-pneumonia, has been reported to the helath department.

The recount of the water ballots will be finished early tomorrow. There were eight precincts left at 5 o'clock this afternoon, and it was expected that five of them would be finished by night.

Thanksgiving day is donation day for St. Mary's hospital.

Second papers have been issued to George A. Klo, Joseph Gleason, William Wallace, Alfred Williams, O. S. Olson and Andrew Hunter.

Marriage licenses have been issued to James F. Murray and Eugnie Elmquist, Joseph Trudo and LeVina Treado, aged 16, and to August Johnson and Maria Peity.

The Ladies' Aid society of Grace M. E. church will give their annual fair in the Spellman building, Eighteenth avenue and Superior street, Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 1 and 2. Refreshments will be served.

PERSONALS.

M. H. Bontelle, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

M. S. McDevett, of Omaha, is in the city.

Alexander McGawi, the bridge contractor, returned from Philadelphia yesterday.

Mrs. W. H. Rudd and Jay Rudd, of St. Paul, were in the city yesterday.

J. H. Sessions, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

F. J. Evans, of Fergus Falls, is here today.

Walter C. Leach, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

W. W. Broughton, general freight agent of the St. Paul & Duluth, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Hugh and two children, of Bayfield, Wis., were at the Spalding yesterday.

C. H. Bomhard, of Madison, Wis., was in the city yesterday.

M. H. McCarthy, of Dubuque, Iowa, was here yesterday.

John C. Eden came up from St. Paul yesterday.

H. W. Gorton, of St. Paul, state agent for the Security Trust and Life Insurance company, of Philadelphia, is at the Spalding.

Mrs. C. W. More, of Eveleth, is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Humas, of Marquette, Mich., were in the city yesterday.

W. P. Humes, of Bellefonte, Pa., and B. Weber, of Howard, Pa., are at the Spalding.

Miss Mary Foss, daughter of J. E. R. Foss, banker, of Minneapolis, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. William White, 228 First avenue west.

Alexander Schutz, deputy county auditor, who has been seriously ill for several months, is able to be out.

Jean Morris Ellis will give private phrenological examinations at the old post office hall tomorrow and Wednesday from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

FLOUR SHOW

NOW OPEN, AND

FIRST PRIZE

AWARDED TO

"DULUTH IMPERIAL."

JUDGES—
Mrs. O. K. Housewife,
Mr. X. L. Baker,
Mr. F. C. Chef.

EXHIBIT OPEN DAILY AT ALL GROCERY STORES.

EXPENSES

Three Candidates For Office File the Affidavits Required By Law.

All Came Considerably Within the Limit Allowed By Law.

P. C. Schmidt, P. R. Vall and R. W. Nichols Are the Three.

Those who were lucky or unlucky enough to have been candidates for election to offices in the gift of St. Louis county or the counties comprising the legislative, judicial, or congressional districts in which Duluth is situated, are expected, in common with all other candidates in this state, to file with the county auditor within thirty days after election a full statement of his expenditures in connection with the late compaign. This is under the corrupt practices act passed at the last session of the legislature, and under it those who fail to make the above statement are liable to a fine not exceeding $1000 to be paid into the county school funds. In case of failure to pay these fines, imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed six months is the penalty.

If a successul candidate exceeds the amount allowed by law he will find that his money has been expended for nothing, as he cannot hold the office for which he has paid out his good money. The person who received the next highest number of votes will step into his shoes, and he may present the petition which throws out the illegal office-holder. For 5000 votes $250 is allowed, and $2 for each hundred votes over that number. In St. Louis county about $500 would be the limit.

The thirty days will be up Dec. 3, so there is plenty of time yet for the candidates to file their statements. The law includes not only successful candidates, but unsuccessful, this being one of the penalties of an ambition to serve the people for so much per serve. The committees, too, are not exempt, and the treasurer of each committee must keep track of all moneys and file a statement showing where the money comes from and where it goes. Failure to do so means $100 or three months.

So far three statements, all from successful candidates, have been filed in the auditor's office. P. C. Schmidt and P. R. Vall, members-elect of the legislature, and Ray W. Nichols, county surveyor, have filed statements, none of which exceed the limit placed by law.

Ray W. Nichols' total is the largest, amounting to $278.75. The largest item he has in any one place is $150, which is an assessment by the Republican county committee. For other items are as follows: Duluth Posten, $50; A. B. Lange, printing cards, $12; J. J. LeTourneau, printing cards, $2.75; distributing cards, $16; T. Forrestal, $20; two boxes of cigars, $3; filing certificate of nomination, $10; traveling expenses, $15. The brand of cigars of which two boxes may be obtained for $3 is not given.

Patrick R. Vall's statement is the next largest, and it amounts to $207.50. It consist principaly of traveling expenses, itemized as follows: Ely to Two Harbors, $5; Ely to Biwabik, $4.50; Ely to Virginia, two trips, $15; Ely to Mountain Iron, $3; Ely to Eveleth, $13; Ely to Hibbing, $10; Ely to Tower, two trips, $10; five trips to Duluth, $42. Printing items were as follows: Duluth Posten, $5; G. Seipel, 5; News Tribune, $5; John L. Morrison, $15. The other items are as follows: Hall rent and speakers for the Lake county Republican committee, $25; filing certificates of nomination, $20; hal rent, Republican club at Virginia, $20; same at Ely, $10.

P. C. Schmidt got off easier than any of them with $77.50. Mr. Schmidt spent most of his money patronizing hotels, as follows: Mountain Iron, $2; St. Louis hotel for Gustav Donald, speaker, $1.50; Sparta, $2; Eveleth, $2; Virginia and Biwabik, $10; Biwabik, $3.50; Beaver Bay, $3. The other items were as follows: Team from Mountain Iron to Virginia, $1; hiring hall, $10; LeTourneau & Co., cards, $3.50; News Tribune, printing, $2.50; Volksfreund, $2.50; News Tribune, $5; county auditor, $20; Luther & Rankin, $3.

The signature of each candidate is attached to the following remark: "The foregoing statement is as explicit as I am able to make." Each statement is sworn to before a notary public.

Capt. Olmstead Honored.

The employes of the Duluth Imperial company today presented Capt. T. A. Olmstead, vice president of the company, with a handsome umbrella and cane, as a testimonial of the esteem in which they hold him. Mr. Church also presented Capt. Olmstead with a fine kodak. Capt. and Mrs. Olmstead, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. W. W. McMillan, will leave today for Santa Barbara, Cal., where they will remain until June 1 next.

Repeated the Dose.

In order that there may be no mistake about how St. Louis county voted, Auditor Halden today sent another set of election returns to the secretary of state. One set was sent immediately after the canvass, but the law provides that after the lapse of a certain amount of time another must be sent in case of delay or accident to the first one.

Transcript Received.

A transcript of judgment from the supreme court affirming the decision of the district court has been received in the case of Alexander Forin against the city. Dr. Forin sued to recover money alleged to be due for services as physician of the village of West Duluth. Through mistake the city authorities neglected to answer the complaint and a snap judgment was taken. The city had the case reopened and Dr. Forin appealed from this action.

MORE OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

London, Nov. 23.—The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon publishes a dispatch from Calais, France, saying that plans are being arranged to establish a line of steamships to run between New Orleans and Calais, to carry grain, cotton and general merchandise.

Notice to Artists.

Mouldings, two inches deep, gilt, now made up at 12 cents per foot, at factory, 905 west Michigan street.

THE ROBBERS' ROOST.

Annual Dinner Given Saturday Evening at Sterrett's Store.

Had anybody loitered on Second street, in the vicinity of Tenth avenue east, Saturday evening, he would have seen, skulking through alleys and dodging around corners sundry individuals, who, whatever their desire for notoriety at other times were, it was plainly to be seen, on this occasion, most anxious to avoid observation. With coat collars turned up and walking pigeon toed, in an excess of caution, they would have been noticed gathering from all directions, stealing through back yards and wriggling through holes in fences, much after the manner of the night walking tom cat, some of the members of the tribe of which surveyed in amazement, from woodshed, roof and fence tops the invasion of their domain and usurpation of their highways.

Had the curiosity of the loiterer been aroused by this sight—and the curiosity of what loiterer would not—sufficiently to notice the point to which these stealthy prowlers were concentrating, he would have noticed that it was, if not Sterrett's drug emporium and soda water dispensary, at least some place in the immediate vicinity. And doubtless this score would have been soon dissipated, as the loiterer saw, as he would have seen had he watched closely, the door of the aforesaid pill foundry open cautiously as the first of the ghostly procession approached—only an inch or two it opened at first, while an eye appeared at the crack. Then it suddenly yawned, swallowed up the crouching figure, and shut tightly again, the whole proceeding so resembling the vision of a terrible gent swallowing a human morsel as to make the loiterer involuntarily punch himself to see if he were not in a bad dream.

Another and another followed were scrutinized and then swallowed up. Too seen fairly recalled. Indeed, as these night prowlers dov , drug store, a vision of Iowa under the full and perfect working of the prohibition law. Had the loiterers been able to have approached unnoticed and scrutinized these individuals who were there by having like hen houses burglars or smugglers the suspicion that if he was not dreaming he had taken a leave of his senses would have seized him. What is this! This hunched up figure with coat and collar raised and hat pulled down over his eyes, crouching behind an ash barrel, can this be George A. ? And under his arm, a ham! What horrid nightmare is this? And who is this, who with bent figure is pushing a keg with a government stamp on it adown the alley, labouring like one of Hendrick Hudson's crew—Ed Hazen! Truly, the loiterers would say, this must be madness. And stealing through the hole in the fence, right there beside the barn, with a box of crackers under his arm—M. A. Hays, and none other. And who is that long, angular personage darting over the fence of a neighboring yard and flying across the street with cat-like leap carrying a pig's head by the ear. By this time the loiterer in the numbness of surprise would note that it was Henry Van Brunt, without the slightest start of astonishment. And who is that of enormous figure lugging a bottle of olives, with an obvious effort to conceal the burden—N. A. Gearhart? Yes, truly, 'tis he!

And now the last one has been swallowed up by that insatiable door and a light appears in the basement. Cautiously the loiterer approaches. What is this at the door? An envelop—ha, perhaps, it offers a solution. Inside the envelope is a card bearing the following words:

"You are hereby summoned and commanded, under penalty of losing membership in our ancient and honorable association of robbers, to purloin, abstract, embezzle, steal or in some manner unlawfully obtain——(in this case the article ordered was a box of crackers), and present the same at our subterranean rendezvous in proper condition Saturday, Nov. 21, at 10 p. m.

"R. S. V. P.

"No apologies accepted.

"Strictly on the Q. T.

"By order of Me and Fred, parvenoys to the Roosters."

This explained the mystery. And these were the successful robbers—why should not such talent be successful—gathering together to divide and devour their ill-gotten provisions. Stealing into the alley, the loiterer, on his hands and knees, surveyed the interior through an opening where the salt sack pinned over the pane sagged at the corner. There they were, gathered at the feast. There was George Ash, slicing his ham and telling, as he gestured with his knife between the slices, how O. D. Kinney had "swiped" a box of cigars out of the store of Hos Sterrett himself and out from under his very eyes. There was N. A. Gearhart opening a bottle of Olives with a cork-screw he had borrowed from Amos Shephard. There was Ed Hazen driving in the bung of the keg with the government stamp on it, and W. E. Covey showing him how to do it. There was George Long "hookin" oysters out of the pail that had been provided at the expense of a Superior street grocery. There were also Phil Graff, Fred Kennedy, George Nesbit, O. H. Clark, "Doc" Howes, C. D. McEachron among the "Roosters," all crowing over the success with which they had severally obeyed the injunctions in the invitation.

One there was whom his fellow-feasters called "Cranberries." He, it was gathered from the remarks of the others, had had such luck as impeached the saying that his satanic majesty cares for his own. Supposing that he had been ordered to purloin cranberries, he had wandered from store to store getting a handful here and a handful there until six quarts he had gleaned. But when he told of his success he was informed by the chief robber that he had mistaken his mission, and he had to go forth and seek diligently for cheese.

There were songs and toasts under the direction of W. E. Covey, who presided as master of ceremonies. Stories were told and experiences related until 2 o'clock, when the crew dispersed, and departed by bypaths and sheltered ways to their homes.

10c Package Delivery.

A long-felt want filled. We will from this day on run a 10-cent package and message delivery. Something that a city of this size should have and is entitled to a liberal patronage. Duluth Van company. Office, 212 West Superior street; telephone, 492.

Don't Miss the Free Concert.

At the Symposium Music hall tonight. Thomas Hayden, proprietor, successor to Hayden & Caverly.

DRY PINE WOOD.

F. A. Hamilton has established an uptown station at First street and Fourth avenue west, for the delivery of pine wood, and has put twenty teams in this department. Pine wood will be cheaper now. Leave orders at Blue office, or order of blue wagons. Telephone, 515.

Lakeside Lodge, Order of the World, will give a dance, Tuesday, Nov. 24, at their hall in Kalamazoo block. Tickets, 50 cents per couple, including refreshments.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

THE COURT CASES.

Judge Moer Took Them Up This Morning.

Judge Moer in district court this morning took up the trial of court cases, beginning with that of Culver Bros. against B. F. Howard. The defendant put in no testimony, and judgment was ordered for Culver Bros. for the balance due on a bill for feed. At noon the case of Mary F. Emerson against Ebenezer Lathrop, to clear title to some land, was on trial. Four cases of Edward Swenson against Peirone Pederson were stricken from the calendar, there being no appearance. Curtis & Co., manufacturing company, vs. Marinette Iron works, A. R. Billingsley against the Security bank, G. M. Dunning against M. W. McDonald et al, and W. E. Richardson against George A. Elder, were all continued. The last case is the one in which Assignee Richardson, of the American Loan and Trust company, sues for $193,115.95, alleged to have been diverted from that company by Elder.

Judge Ensign at noon was still trying the case of Stahl against the city. The defendants case was first opened, and the jury was not expected to get the case before tomorrow. There is one more jury case to be heard.

THE NEWSBOYS' DINNER.

They Will Be Feasted Wednesday Evening.

The annual dinner for the newsboys of the city will be given Wednesday evening at the Bethel, and, as everyone knows who has ever attended one, it will be an event worth seeing. The merchants and citizens generally have responded very liberally to the request for donations, and all the necessaries have been provided to feed the little fellows except sugar. It takes about $4 worth to satisfy the demands of the sweet teeth of these youngsters, and it will undoubtedly be forthcoming. There are 200 boys to be "stuffed" this year, and the size of each appetite will be something remarkable.

Grand Ball....
Given by the
Duluth Turnverein
Thanksgiving Eve,
WEDNESDAY.....Nov 25
At Turner Hall cor. 6th ave E & 3d st
Admission 50c a Couple.

MARINE MATTERS.

An Advance in the Coal Rate Reported.

Buffalo, Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal freights jumped to 60 cents for Chicago and 50 cents for Duluth, the steamer Chili loading for Gladstone at the latter rate, that port always taking the Duluth price. There is a demand for Duluth, but tonnage is scarce.

The Union Dry Dock company has plans for a new 500-foot dry dock, to be built alongside the other two this winter. It will no doubt build another steamer for teh Union line to duplicate the Ramapo.

COAL SHIPPERS SURPRISED.

Cleveland, Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Soft coal shippers were staggered today by reports from Buffalo that charters were made at 60 cents to Milwaukee and 50 cents to the head of Lake Superior. They claim, however, that the quantity of soft coal to be moved is not sufficient to warrant them in following up these rates.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Harvey Brown, 4 a. m.; Westford and consorts, 4:40; Elphicke, 5; Bulgaria, 5:15; Gilbert, 5:30; India, 8:20.

Down yesterday: Rome, 9:40 a. m.; Iowa, City of Cleveland, 1:40 p. m.; Spencular, 3:30, Ford, 4; John F. Eddy, 5; George Orr, Parker, 5:15; Bartlett and consorts, 6.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Wilson and consorts, 11:50 last night; Iosco, 6 a. m.; Vanderbilt, 6:20; Majestic, 9.

Up yesterday: Gilchrist, 3:20 a. m.; Frank, 3:40; Lagonda, 4:20; Mariska, 6:50; Griffin, 6:40; Glidden, Aberdeen, 8:20; Roby, Britannic, 10; Onoko, 12:10 p. m.; Moran, 1:20; Maryland, 1:30; George Gould, 3; Republic, 4:40; Gratwick, 5:30; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 7:30; Victory, 8:15 Arizona, 8:30; J. H. Ketcham, 8:40.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Rosedale, 4 a. m.; Pontiac, 5; Lagonda, 8:40. Down: George Stone, 10:20 last night; Rees, Siemens, Cranage, 3 a. m.; Japan, Oglebay, Runnells, 5:20; Pioneer, 7:20; Fryer, Peck, 11.

Later—Up: Schuck, City of Glasgow, 11 a. m. Down: Continental, 11:20 a. m.

Up yesterday: Bulgaria, 1 a. m.; China, 2:30; Arabia, 6:30; Alberta, 7:30; Germania, Goshawk, Jenness, 10; Castalia, 11; Cadillac Monarch, 11:30; Ericsson, 1 p. m.; Moore, 3. Down: Avon, 3:20 a. m.; City of Genoa, Croschwaite, 6; Rappahannock, Granada, 9; Minch, 11:30; Gilbert, George King, 6:20 p. m.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Toledo—Cleared: Oneko, Nellson, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Waldo, Duluth.

Erie—Sailed: Senator, Duluth.

STEAMER ARNOLD BURNED.

The steamer B. W. Arnold was destroyed by fire on Saturday afternoon on Lake Superior off Ontonagon. The vessel and cargo of lumber are a total loss. The crew escaped to the deck of the schooner James Mowatt, the Arnold's consort. The Arnold and the Mowatt cleared from Duluth Friday evening with cargoes of lumber for Chicago. Fire was discovered forward in the deckload of the Arnold and the crew fought it for five hours with the facilities at hand, but in spite of all that could be done the fire made headway and finally drove the crew to the boats. The James Mowatt was cut adrift and the crew of the burning steamer went aboard of her. The Arnold drifted ashore at Salmon Trout river, seven miles below Portage Lake canal and burned to the water's edge. She was built at Bay City in 1885 and was valued at $45,000, and was owned by the Mills Transportation company, of Marysville, Mich.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Peerless, Chicago, pass and mdse; 110, Buffalo, light for grain; Montana, Nicols, Farwell, Buffalo, mdse; Italia, Lake Erie, light for ore; United Empire, Sarnia, pass and mdse; North Star, Buffalo, light for flour.

Departed—City of Naples, Mather, 116, 126, Sitka, Yukon, Joliet, Buffalo, grain; Weed, Portage, Buffalo, flour; Colorado, Washburn, light.

Picture frames cheaper than ever. C. Decker, 905 West Michigan street.

MINSTREL PERFORMANCE.

Board of Trade Men Have One in View.

The 31st day of December has always been the most interesting and exciting of the year on the board of trade. The bulls and bears turn out en masse and everything goes before them from wheat samples to chairs and tables. For this year's fun, however, they are talking of something new. Instead of having the grand free-for-all of former days, it is proposed to have a minstrel entertainment. The idea has taken immensely and the general plan has been outlined.

There will be singing and dancing, new jokes with the accent on the "new," stories and all kinds of good things. In L. R. Robinson, of the Union Transit company, a specialty artist has been found who will be the lion of the hour. George Robson, who is known as the "Boy Orator of the Plate," is to make a speech and wear at the same time the wall paper, crazy quilt, kaleidoscopic shirt with which he one day silenced all the tickers on the board. F. W. Maynard, the male soprano and whistling beauty of the board, will repeat some of his remarkable daily efforts and will also organize a quartet. Capt. De Salle is to spin his latest sea serpent yarn. To fill the position of interlocutor is one of the hardest tasks the committee has encountered, but latest reports have A. D. Thomson in the lead.

But the piece de resistance will be a trio by the North Dakota ex-governors, A. H. Burke, John Miller and E. C. D. Shortridge. They will sing "We May Have Seen Better Days."

All this "sweetness" is not to be wasted on the desert air and an admission will be charged. The funds will be turned over to the Woman and Children's home or some other deserving charity.

THE COUNTY BOARD.

Bids For Building More Road to Be Received.

The board of county commissioners is holding an adjourned meeting this afternoon. Bids were to be received for building twenty miles of the Miller trunk road to complete the stretch between here and Eveleth, and a mile and a half to connect with the old grade of the Swan Lake road. Bids were also to be received on a stretch of road from the crossing of the trunk road with the Tower and Hasen road to the head of Lake Vermilion.

The board was also expected to take some action on the indemnity bond of the county treasurer, which it is proposed to supply at the county's expense.

GOMEZ HEARD FROM.

He is on the Road to Havana Province.

New York, Nov. 23.—The protracted silence of Commander-in-Chief Maximo Gomez of the Cuban army, which has caused considerable anxiety among Cubans here as to his safety, has at last been broken, and the junta in this city has received a communication from him. In this communication, which comes from Las Villas, Santa Clara province, Gomez says that he has at his command 55,000 well-equipped men, and that with those he intends to proceed to Havana province.

The commander-in-chief writes that owing to the bad condition of the roads it took this force of men twelve hours to pass a certain point. Gen. Gomez adds that he is in good health, as are his men, and has hope of victory.

SOME CUBA HAPPENINGS.

Havana, Nov. 23.—At the approaching public trial of Luis Somellan, the American citizen, who has been long imprisoned on charges of conspiracy, rebellion, etc., counsel for the defense will demand his acquital, basing the request upon the conclusions arrived at by the public prosecutor when the latter asked that sentence of imprisonment for life be imposed on the prisoner. Insurgents have dynamited an exploring train near Cardens, province of Matanzas, derailing the engine and upsetting and burning the cars. A passenger train which followed it was fired upon, and although the passengers threw themselves on the floor, three were injured.

CROOKED CASHIER CONFESSES.

Lebanon, Pa., Nov. 23.—The amount of the defalcation of Cashier John H. Hoffer of the First National bank will reach $100,000 or more. Early Sunday morning Cashier Hoffer sent for Gen. Gobin, a director of the bank, and made a clean breast of his defalcations. He stated that they extended for a period of six years. An expert accountant took charge of the books and papers of the bank today. The directors are able to make good the defalcation, so that the depositors will not suffer. Hoffer's heavy speculation in real estate is supposed to have been the cause of his downfall.

MONUMENT DEDICATED.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 23.—The monument at Orchard Knob, in memory of the New Jersey troops who fought in the battles of Chickanauga, Chattanooga and Mission Ridge, was dedicated today. The monument cost $14,000, and is one of the handsomest in the National park. Eloquent addresses were made by Col. Stocks and Gen. Mindel, of New Jersey, and Hon. H. Clay Evans, of this city.

NAVAL MOVEMENTS.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The navy department is informed that the cruiser Minneapolis has sailed from Smyrna to Mersine. It is said that this move has no significance in connection with the Turkish trouble for the authorities discredit the story that the ships assembled at Smyrna for the purpose of menacing Turkey. The departure of the Minneapolis was not determined by the naval department, and was determined by the admiral for the better disposition of the ships during the winter.

INVITATION FOR McKINLEY.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 23.—President-elect McKinley will be invited to attend the convention of the International Epworth league in Toronto next July and reply to the address of welcome to be delivered by Lord Aberdeen.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

MILLINERY.

Great reductions in all trimmed hats at Jenny Brandt's, 32 East Fourth street.

Miss Christiansen, of Minneapolis, will be at the Spalding on Monday and Tuesday with an elegant line of dresses and wraps. And will be pleased to see the ladies.

Social Gathering and Dance Will be given on Thanksgiving Evening, Nov. 26, at the Kalamazoo block for the benefit of Emanuel Temple congregation. Tickets 50c a Couple.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LYCEUM.....
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
MONDAY, NOV. 23,
Cosgrove & Grant's
Comedians in the Rollicking Musical Farce Comedy,
The Dazzler
And More Dazzling Than Ever.
A GREAT CAST!
Comedians, Singers, Dancers.
POPULAR PRICES.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
Two Nights, Nov. 26, 27
With Thanksgiving Matinee—Of Barry and Edward Paulton's
Operatic Comedy Success
"DORCAS,"
Catchy Music! Spicy Dialogue! Beautiful Costumes! All Star Cast!
Eva Davenport, William Broderick, Charles O. Bassett, Drew Donaldson, Marie Millard, Fred Frear, etc.
Evening Prices—$1.25, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinee—75c, 50c and 25c.

DULUTH SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS,
2 West Superior Street.
The only protection of the kind in the city. Safes for rent $5 per year and upwards.
Strictly Fire and Burglar Proof.

A CHOICE
Residence Lot AT A GREAT BARGAIN.
Corner lot, fronting on three streets, in best neighborhood, and nearly double usual size. Ask particulars quick of
C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
Torrey Building,
First Floor.

A Toothsome Problem

If you will excuse the expression, is the question of where to get your dental work done. The first pre-requisite this week will be to have your grinders in the best possible condition in anticipation of the turkey feast which everyone expects to enjoy. There are dentists who do good work and make exorbitant charges for it; there are other dentists whose work is expensive in every sense at any price. Our work is known as first-class all the time and our prices do not frighten our patients.
DR. SCHIFFMAN,
Top Floor, Burrows Block.

First National Bank
OF DULUTH.
United States Government Depositary.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier.
Money Sent to All Parts of the World.
Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK
A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer
CALL FOR—
FITGER'S BEER

CHEAP FARMS
In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties, 25,000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.
J. R. CAREY & CO.,
47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

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MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.
Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861.
103 Trust Company Bldg, Duluth, Minn.
(Inventors guide book free.)

SPEAK TO YOUR FRIENDS
Advise others to go to the—
EXCHANGE HOTEL
Newly arranged for all the comforts of life.
John Glode, Prop., Ely, Minn.

TWELVE PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 8

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1896. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Christmas is Coming.....

And we are showing the choicest line of useful presents ever shown in Duluth. The prices are placed at the lowest possible point.

A Choice Table Like Cut **$2.00**

Other Tables—65c, 95c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.25, $2.50 up to $12.

A Good Bissell Carpet Sweeper for $1.65.

Cash or Credit.

COMPLETE HOUSE-FURNISHERS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

First Street and Third Avenue West.

PIANOS... $145

Good Upright, walnut case, stool and scarf free...

$15.00 CASH; $8.00 MONTHLY.

Pianos for Renting. ★ Expert Tuning.

SALESROOMS— Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue W. and Superior St—2nd Floor.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.

E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

WINDING-UP SALE OF THE— APPLE AGENCY

At 16 West Superior street, will begin Wednesday, Nov. 25th. A new and last supply of strictly Fancy Northern Spys just arrived, and prices reduced to close out. Don't forget the place——

16 WEST SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH, MINN.

Great Sale of

FINE CUT FLOWERS!

Tomorrow at

PANTON & WHITE'S.

Holiday Books and Novelties! We will, as usual, show the finest line in the city of goods suitable for the Holidays.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

COAL — A. A. MENDENHALL, J. C. MACDOUGALL — WOOD

Mendenhall & Macdougall

'PHONE 164. 101 Providence Bldg.

MURDERS

Rev. James Miller, a Bloomington Clergyman, Robbed and Killed There Today.

Work of Foot Pads---Murdered Man Was Very Popular in Illinois.

Newsboy's Discovery in Indianapolis---Prison Superintendent Suicides.

St. Louis, Nov. 24.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Decatur, Ill., says: Rev. James Miller, pastor of the Grace Methodist Episcopal church of Bloomington, formerly pastor of the First Methodist church in this city, was found dead in an alley here at 8:30 o'clock this morning. There was a bullet wound in his forehead and a thirty-eight-caliber Smith Wesson pistol lay beside him. His pockets were rifled and his gold watch, which he is known to have carried, was missing. The murder was evidently committed by footpads.

Rev. Miller had written a note to his son, Dr. John Miller, in this city, stating that he would visit him today, and as he had evidently just arrived on the diamond special from Bloomington. Being thoroughly acquainted with the city he had doubtless started to walk to the residence of Dr. Catto. He was found a few feet from the street in the alley in the rear of Dr. Catto's residence.

Rev. Mr. Miller was one of the ablest and best known ministers in Illinois. His four years work in Decatur made him a host of friends here and his murder causes profund grief in this city.

DEATH FOR TWO.

Indianapolis Newsboy's Startling Discovery This Morning.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 24.—A newsboy discovered the dead bodies of Herman Myer and Nora Richardson lying on the sidewalk in pools of blood in front of a vacant house on Bergenoyer avenue, south side, at 6 o'clock this morning. The hand of Myer clutched a 32-caliber revolver, every chamber of which was empty. A large jagged hole was in the region of his heart, while three bullets had entered the woman's body. Myers and the Richardson woman were each about 25 years of age.

In the pockets of Myer's clothing, which were emptied at the morgue, a number of love letters were found which had passed between the two. In one of those letters, written by a woman, Myers was urged to come to Haughville and marry her at once. The correspondence also showed that the woman was soon to become a mother. Myers is thought to have killed the woman and taken his own life as the result of a quarrel between them. Nora Richardson was a working woman and Myers was a laborer and formerly lived in Northwest street. The coroner will hold a post mortem on the body of the woman.

PRISON OFFICIAL SUICIDES.

Philadelphia, Nov. 24.—Howard Perkins, superintendent of the Philadelphia county prison, committed suicide today in a room in the prison by shooting himself in the head. He had been a sufferer from insomnia for a long time and is supposed to have been insane. He was 62 years old and had been superintendent of the prison for nineteen years.

MERRIAM SEES HANNA.

And Afterwards Goes to Canton to See McKinley.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 24.—Gen. Samuel Thomas, the New York railroad magnate and ex-Governor Merriam, of Minnesota, arrived here this morning and were met at the station by Hon. M. A. Hanna. Subsequently the three gentlemen held a conference in the private office of the national chairman in the Perry-Payne building. Tomorrow Messrs. Thomas and Merriam will go to Canton to visit the president-elect. It has been definitely decided that Gen. Horace Porter, of New York, will act as marshal at the inauguration ceremonies.

NEW ULM EXPLOSION.

Threshing Machine Accident Kills Two Men.

St. Paul, Nov. 24.—A New Ulm, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Joseph Green and Mike Inhofer, two West Newton farmers, were killed instantly last night by the explosion of a threshing engine. Greene was found some feet away with his brains blown out, while Inhofer had evidently been killed by the shock. The accident occurred on Louis Bushard's farm, just about supper time.

MISSOURI BANK FAILURE.

Gallatin, Mo., Nov. 24.—The Davis County Savings association, an old and reliable banking institution, closed its doors this morning and has been taken charge of by Bank Examiner Gordon Jones. The failure is said to be due to heavy withdrawals. No statement of assets and liabilities is given.

BURLEIGH IS DISCHARGED.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 24.—Andrew F. Burleigh has filed a petition with the federal court for his discharge as receiver of the Northern Pacific railway, having closed up the affairs of this end of the old company. Judge Hanford issued an order of discharge.

CHANGE OF PULPITS.

San Francisco, Nov. 24.—Rev. J. Cummings Smith, pastor of the Trinity Presbyterian church, has accepted a call to the Tabernacle Presbyterian church, Indianapolis.

A CRISIS HAS ARISEN.

If Reports About the Competitor Are True.

Washington, Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—"If the cable dispatches from Havana to the effect that the authorities there have again tried the Competitor's crew by drumhead court martial is true," said a prominent member of the house today, "a crisis has arisen in the Cuban situation which is of the gravest possible character."

This view is endorsed by the best posted diplomats here. The United States has insisted that the crew and the passengers of the schooner Competitor are entitled to a civil trial. The vessel was captured on the high seas, and after the first court martial Consul General Lee insisted upon the right of a civil trial.

This was apparently acceded to by Gen. Weyler at first, and when Gen. Lee left Havana it was understood that a civil trial would be accorded to the accused men, or at least it was understood that they would be allowed counsel. This, however, seems to have been denied them, and in view of the apparent denial of rights to the American citizens, the United States must take cognizance of the violation of their rights.

Under existing circumstances it would appear that the only course open to the president is a demand backed by a fleet, which will convince Gen. Weyler that this country will protect its citizens under all circumstances. The subject is under discussion in the cabinet today.

THE DECISION STANDS.

Secretary Francis Will Not Set Aside a Decision.

Washington, Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Secretary Francis today denied the petition of one Stegmiller to set aside a departmental decision in favor of the plaintiff in the case of Edward W. Mee against S. W. T. Hugart and others from the Duluth land district. In the former decision Lee's contest against Hugart's soldiers' additional homestead entry was upheld, on the ground that such right was personal and could not be assigned. This decision is in line with former rulings of the department on the same point.

In the decision today, Secretary Francis declines to recall his former decision, even though the supreme court has declared such construction of the law to be erroneous. The secretary assigns as a reason for not following the judicial decision that the former decision was final so far as the department is concerned.

WILL NOT OPPOSE.

Democrats Will Not Kick on Tariff Legislation.

Washington, Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Roach, who arrived today, said, in conversation with The Herald correspondent, that so far as he is concerned, he would not object to the enactment of the tariff legislation suggested by the Republicans. He said he did not know what the general policy of the Democrats of the senate would be in regard to the tariff, but as far as he had learned from Democratic senators there seemed to be a disposition among them to allow the Republicans to handle the subject freely, and in such manner as they might choose.

WANTS HIS LETTERS.

Another Incident of the Fair Will Contest.

San Francisco, Nov. 24.—A remarkable correspondence between James G. Fair and Jerome Caldwell, extending from November, 1858, to March, 1894, is made public through the action of the suit filed in the superior court. The correspondence gives for the first time the inner history of the great Comstock as the shrewdest of manipulators.

The suit is by Jerome Caldwell, of Los Angeles, against Charles L. Fair. The petition alleges that between Jan. 10 and July 1, 1895, the plaintiff, at the request of Charles L. Fair, intrusted the latter with the care and custody of letters under defendant's promise that he would return the same on request. The object of the loan was to make a comparative study of the "pencil will," and after an examination of these letters that the authenticity of the pencil will was admitted.

On Nov. 23, so the allegations run, the plaintiff demanded of defendant that he return the letters, but he refused to do so, and in violation of his promise retains them. It is further alleged that the letters are of a private character, for which reason it is hard to ascertain their pecuniary value. The complaint, therefore, prays that specific delivery of the letters be compelled.

HARRISON BURGLARS.

Ex-President's House Ransacked By Thieves.

Indianapolis, Nov. 24.—Burglars visited the residence of ex-President Harrison of North Delaware street at 11 o'clock last night. While Mr. Harrison and the members of the family were in the lower part of the house, the thief or thieves nimbly climbed upon the porch and entered the library window. From there they went into Mrs. Harrison's room, where a gold watch and a small sum of money were secured. It is believed the thieves were frightened away because nothing in the other rooms was disturbed. The watch belonged to Mrs. Harrison's first husband and was highly prized. Gen. Harrison has asked the police to put forth every effort to recover the watch and has offered a reward of $50 for its return.

MONTREAL GRAIN EXPORTS.

Montreal, Nov. 24.—The last exports of grain from this port for the season of 1896 were on Saturday's steamers, and this port may be considered closed. The season's exports include a total of 6,905,702 bushels of wheat, and 6,481,420 bushels of corn.

What the Big Store will do for its patrons the day before Thanksgiving

1st—It will show more goods suitable for Thanksgiving than all the other stores combined.
2nd—It will offer more bargains and greater bargains than can be found elsewhere.
3rd—It will be closed all day Thursday, Nov. 26, (Thanksgiving Day).
4th—It will remain open until 10 p. m. Wednesday night so that all will have an opportunity to secure our countless bargains.

10,000 Extra choice Carnations At 11 a. m. tomorrow— **25c** Per dozen.

FLOWERS We hold the price on Cut Flowers down for Thanksgiving. A year ago tomorrow we sold Carnations at 50c and Roses at 95c. A fortunate contract places us in a position to sell them to you tomorrow at— 25c for Carnations and 59c for Roses.

2000 Fresh cut-- ROSES! At 11 a. m. tomorrow— **59c** Per dozen.

Here You Are Ladies, on— Bargain Counter No. 2.

Fur Neck Scarfs. 98c each, every one worth $2.00

500 Ladies Fur Neck Scarfs in Electric Seal, River Mink, etc., with tail ends and spring heads. All on sale Wednesday on this counter. **Pick 98c Each!**

Double English Violets Very Fragrant. **35c** BUNCH

Bargain Counter No. 1.

The Greatest Glove Sale of the Year.

50 doz. Ladies' Real Kid Gloves, worth up to $1.50.
25 doz. Ladies' Lined Winter Mocha Mitts, worth up to $1.25.
25 doz. Ladies' Glace For-top Lined Mitts, worth up to $1.25.
10 doz. Ladies' Double Silk Mitts, worth up to $1.50
15 doz. Misses' Spring-clasp Kid Lined Gloves, worth up to $1.29.
And about 25 doz. Kid Glove samples.

Wednesday.... **Pick 75c**

Bargain Counter No. 3 1000 lbs. of Williams & Werner's famous exquisite French hand made Cream Chocolates and Fruit Glaces, always sold by us at 50c and 60c a pound, Wednesday, per pound **25c**

Silk Flyer.

Remnants! Remnants!—Black Brocaded Silks in ten yards for separate skirts; Black Satins, Black Surahs, Fancy Taffetas, Print Warp Taffetas, Chene Taffetas, Plaid Silks, lengths from 1 to 6 yards, $1 to $1 50 qualities, special flyer for Wednesday, a yard 50c

Dress Goods Flyer.

100 full Dress Patterns, new styles, new weaves, new colors, worth $5.00, special for Wednesday, a pattern $2.98

Remnants! Remnants! About 150 Dress Remnants, mostly plain colors, lengths from 1 to 4 yards, widths from 36 inches to 46 inches, values up to 50c. Special flyer for Wednesday, per yard 10c

Lining Flyers.

36-inch Rustle Taffeta (tan color) 5c
Black Moire Waist Lining 8c
34 inch Black Moreen Skirting 19c
25c Black Linen Canvas 15c
Lining remnants of Silesias, Sateens, Cambrics, Canvass, Crinolines, etc., at half price

Wash Goods Flyers.

Apron Checked Ginghams 4c
Plaid Ginghams 4c
Dress Ginghams 4c
Cotton Batts 3½c
Simpson's Print Remnants 3c
12½c German Blue Calico 8c

Linens! Linens!

"Reliable Linens."

An unusual offering in the most complete stock of fine Linens in the Northwest.

30 sets of Bleached Damask Table Cloths, 2¼ yards long, with 1 dozen Napkins to match, assorted colored border; also 10 sets of Bleached Fine Momie Linen Table Cloths 2½ yards long, knotted fringe, 1 dozen Napkins to match, these goods are worth $4.50 per set, but for one day we say only set $2.98

Table Damask— 15 pieces 65-inch fine bleached or cream Damask, pure clean flax, such as the little stores have to sell at 75c, our price, per yard 50c

Table Damask— 13 pieces 66 and 68 inches, heavy bleached or silver bleached Satin Damask, this quality of goods is sold all over at 90c, special, per yard 75c
Napkins to match.

Damask Napkins— 34 dozen full ⅝ size, full bleached Satin Damask, new, dainty designs, worth $2.00, special, per doz $1.50

Fine Damask Napkins— 40 dozen fine ¾ Damask Napkins, heavy, satin finished, full bleached, worth $2 75, special, per doz $2.00

CLOAKS.

This is a time when every woman and child in Duluth should be clothed with a new outer garment. Wednesday we will make the banner Cloak day by giving a grand selection of 50 jackets, worth up to $14, for $7.48

Wednesday we will give you a choice of 38 beautiful jackets, worth up to $18, for $9.48

Wednesday we will give you a grand selection of 29 stylish up-to-date Jackets, lined with beautiful Persian silk, all strictly tailor made, worth up to $22.50; take your pick for $12.48

Wednesday we will give you a selection of 17 nobby Jackets, copies of imported garments, worth up to $30; choice for $15

Wednesday we will make a grand display of velour plush Jackets, plain and fur trimmed, prices from ..... $16 to $25

FURS.

Wednesday will be a big day in Fur Collarettes. You will find some interesting things from ..... $3 to $25

Astrakhan Full Capes, 30 inches long, lined throughout with heavy satin lining, worth $35; Wednesday $22.50

Electric Seal Capes, 28 inches long, full Marten collar and edge, worth $50; Wednesday $35

Children's Eiderdown Cloaks, trimmed with Angora fur, worth $2; Wednesday $1 25

Wednesday will be the last day to get one of those beautiful Brocatel Corsets, worth $3; (only 4 dozen left), for 39c

Ladies' fine Rain Coats, worth $8 50, for $5.98

Children's Dresses, worth $2, for $1 39

Boys' Outing Flannel Waists, worth 75c, for 49c

Ladies' Hosiery and Underwear...

Ladies' absolutely fast black fleece-lined Hose, no seams, usually 15c; Wednesday special 12½c

Ladies' black astrakhan lamb's wool Hose, 4x1 rib, full fashioned French foot, the usual 50c hose; Wednesday 33c

Ladies' "out size" black lamb's wool Hose, 2x1 rib, regular price 50c; Wednesday special 39c

Ladies' "Jaeger's mix" sanitary Jersey Vests, hand finish, heavily fleeced yoke, hand pants, usually 75c; Wednesday only 59c

Ladies' finest astrakhan natural wool Vests and Pants, worth $1.25; Wednesday 88c

Ladies' equestrienne Drawers, best makes at lowest prices; per pair ..... $1 to $3

Gents' Furnishings ..... AT RIGHT PRICES.

Gents' hand-made, eyelet-button hole, pure linen Collars, all leading shapes, usual 20c grade; Wednesday 12½c

Gents' fine street glace kid Gloves, best wool lined, worth $1.50 per pair; Wednesday $1.25

Gents' fine imported cashmere wool black Sox, full seamless, soft, elastic, 156 needle knit, worth 45c per pair; Wednesday special, per box of half dozen $1 75

Gents' fine dress Shirts, laundered, elegantly made, of fine materials and perfect fitting, regular price $1; Wednesday special 75c

Gents' best quality silk Neckwear, all shapes, newest patterns, newest shapes, hand-made goods, exclusive house sales 75c; Wednesday special 50c

Gents' best Australian lamb's wool Underwear, natural or mode color, heavy, soft, pleasant to wear, regular outside price $1.25; Wednesday special 98c

BOOKS.

Some New Ones.	Publishers' Price.	Special Price.
Sentimental Tommy	$1.50	$1.29
Seats of the Mighty	$1.50	$1.29
Mrs. Cliff's Yacht	$1.50	$1.19
The Murder of Delicta	$1.50	$1.19
The Damnation of Theron Ware	$1.50	$1.29

NOTIONS.

MONEY-SAVING ITEMS.

Jet Garnitures selling at $1.25 each to be offered for one day only, at each $1 19

Jewel Trimming in all leading colors selling at 75c per yard, for one day only, per yard 35c

Corticelli Embroidery Silk, 3-yard spool, all colors; regular price 1c each; special, per doz 7c

Jewelry Dept.

SIDE COMBS—Our fine line of Side Combs at the following prices for one day only—

25c Combs for 19c
20c Combs for 15c
15c Combs for 10c
10c Combs for 7c

Druggists' Sundries

Seasonable Specials—

	Regular Price.	Special Price
Hall's Catarrh Remedy	50c	40c
Allen's Lung Balsam	25c	19c
Ed Pinard's Quinine Tonique	50c	42c

Great Special in Perfume.

Sold everywhere for 35c per ounce. Your choice of all odors, per ounce 21c

YARNS.

Just in, one ton more of German Knitting Yarn, in all colors, and positively your last chance this month; this yarn is sold by our competitors for 20c per skein; Special 15c

Shoe Dept.

OVERGAITERS. We will place on sale Wednesday morning 40 dozen Ladies' Overgaiters, the 35c quality; our price for Thanksgiving 19c

6 cases Men's and Women's Felt Slippers, felt sole, the same grade usually sold at 65 and 75c; our price while they last 48c

Ladies' Fur Trimmed Felt Romeos, in black and gray $1.50

Baby Moccasins in red, white, black, pink, yellow, slate, tan and black, sold the world over at 50c; our price for Thanksgiving 35c

Men's Felt Shoes, felt sole, worth $1.75; extra quality, per pair $1 39

Rubbers in all grades and styles, at prices Lower than ever.

Thanksgiving Necessities In Crockery.

Every Item a Means of Economy.

100 piece Dinner Sets in plain white Semi-Porcelaine, new shapes $7.95

100 piece Dinner Sets, imported ware, new violet and pencil decorations $8.25

112 piece Dinner Sets, English Semi-Porcelaine, in flower, blue pretty shapes $12 50

100 piece Dinner Sets in real Vienna China, beautiful decorations and shape $14.98

56 piece China Tea Sets, assorted decorations $5 95

Our stock of Glassware, Silverware, China and Lamps is complete, and our prices are absolutely matchless.

Housefurnishing Dept.

The popularity of this department increases daily—

2-piece Carving Sets, all steel, per set 29c
2-piece Carving Sets, stag handles 89c
3-piece Carving Sets, stag handles, every set warranted $3.19

All sizes in Covered Roast Pans, Sauce Pans, Broilers, fancy and plain Tea and Coffee Pots, Trays, or any article you might want to complete your kitchen, Sideboard or pantry for the coming Thanksgiving. More goods at smaller prices here than anywhere else.

Attend the Big Clearance Sale of Millinery. An extra force of salesladies put on tomorrow to accommodate the masses.

✳ **PANTON & WHITE.** ✳

REDMOND

The Parnellite Leader on His Way to Lecture in America.

"Fifteen Years in the British Parliament" Will Be His Subject.

Will Discuss the Most Exciting Experiences in Recent Irish History.

New York, Nov. 24.—None of the passengers expected to arrive at this port in the next forty-eight hours is more interesting personage than John E. Redmond, the great Irish parliamentary leader, who is on his way over to lecture in the large cities of America. His subject will be "Fifteen Years in the British Parliament." As these fifteen years run back to 1881, and take in the most exciting experiences in recent Irish history, it is well they should be discussed by so competent and eloquent a speaker as the friend and defender, even over his grave, of that matchless leader, Charles Stewart Parnell. No better man than he could be found among the brave spirits who, year after year have baited the British lion; for he has been for years the unpaid friend and counsel of the Irish political prisoners, most of whom are at last out of jail, the fruit of his tireless and sagacious zeal.

When Charles Stewart Parnell inaugurated his exciting and dramatic attacks upon the traditions and usages of the British parliament, among the young men who rushed to his standard was John E. Redmond, who today ranks as the foremost orator in the house of commons, Gladstone, his only peer, having resigned. Redmond was at that time, fifteen years ago, only 23 years old. He had gone through the historic Jesuit college of Clongowes Wood, Kildare, being the prize orator of his class, and graduated from Trinity. His intellectual attainments have in later years drawn from the university of Cambridge a distinction rarely conferred on an Irishman, the honor of being invited to lecture before the historical classes of the university.

Redmond is by profession a lawyer. He was called to the bar in 1886, and had he kept to his lucrative practice, he could have been wealthy. When Redmond took his seat in parliament in 1881, he was regarded as one of the handsomest young men who had ever appeared in the house; he was welcomed with open arms by all sections. The charms of English social attentions were at once

JOHN E. REDMOND.

spread in his path. But fashioning himself after the grim and stern leader, Parnell, he held aloof from the magnetism of English social blandishments, and soon became a favorite disciple of that most resolute, implacable and exasperating Irish leader with whom England ever had to deal. John Redmond was born in Wexford, Parnell in the neighboring county of Wicklow. In 1882 the Irish party decided to send to other countries for aid. John and his brother, William Redmond, were sent to Australia. Redmond found Australia closed against him; there was no welcome, no hall, few friends. At last he got a hall, and then the hostile press turned upon him. But the people flocked to hear him, he convinced them, he won them; he turned the whole tide for Ireland. From city to city he went. Australia was at his feet. He sent home to Ireland $150,000. His party was electrified, and pressed Gladstone so hard that he surrendered. His home rule bill was introduced within three years. Redmond's Australian mission was the turning point. "You saved us," John," said Parnell. Redmond never forgot it, and to the grave he followed his chief with reverence and affection, and since then has led the Parnellite faction in parliament.

Mr. Redmond as a lecturer is likely to be popular with American audiences. He has a wealth of wavy hair, which formerly was as black as a raven's wing, but is beginning to exhibit silvery traces of the effect of fifteen years' work for Ireland in the alien parliament and elsewhere. It falls in a curl over the middle of the massive, intellectual forehead, while from beneath the finely pencilled brows a pair of keen but kindly eyes look forth. Redmond's oratory is not as dramatic as that of Daniel Dougherty, nor as caustic as that of Wendell Phillips, but he has Phillips' preciseness and Dougherty's warmth, with a touch of Beecher's demonstrativeness without his exuberance of gesture. Redmond's action is grace itself. His diction is singularly chaste and elegant, and his delivery and platform presence dignified, gracious and agreeable. Character sketches of Disraeli, Gladstone, John Bright, Parnell, Lord Randolph Churchill, Balfour and other notable men, all of whom Mr. Redmond knew, together with graphic and eloquent descriptions of the many dramatic incidents and remarkable events in parliament, will make up the burden of his address's.

NATIONAL BANK RECEIVER.

Lemars, Iowa, Nov. 24.—Hon. William Hamilton Dent, of Lemars, is notified of his appointment as receiver of the First National bank of Decorah, Iowa.

There is a point where the road of life divides, going one way toward health and the other toward disease. A man often takes the wrong road because he fails to read the signs; they are so slight at first he doesn't realize he is going wrong. He has occasional headaches and bilious turns; his meals don't "set" just right; he gets into a costive and irregular habit. Before he knows it, he is well on the road to some alarming disease.

Constipation is the beginning of nearly all diseases. It is a disease in itself, and it ought to be cured before it gets any hold on the system. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will cure any case of constipation that ever was known; and cure it in an easy natural way without discomfort.

They insure good digestion; clear skin, sweet breath and wide awake mentality. In short, they put you on the road to health. No other laxative is so safe and simple as Dr. Pierce's Pellets. Any druggist who tries to talk you out of them makes more profit on his "something else."

The wife that is, and the mother that is to be, needs above all other things a good medical book that tells her how to perform successfully the duties of wifehood and motherhood. Doctor Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser contains several chapters devoted to the reproductive physiology of women and to diseases of the organs distinctly feminine. It contains over one thousand pages and every woman should have a copy. A copy, paper-covered, may be obtained *absolutely* free, by sending twenty-one one-cent stamps, to cover cost of mailing *only*, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. If French cloth cover is desired, send ten cents extra (thirty-one cents in all), to pay for this better style of binding.

ROAD BIDS RECEIVED.

County Board Opened Several Yesterday Afternoon.

A number of bids for the construction of part of the Miller trunk line were received by the county commissioners at yesterday's meeting. For the mile and a half connecting with the old grade of Swan Lake road the following bids were received: Frank J. McDonnell, $1381; Roger Loughey, $1780; P. McDonnell $1464.50; N. W. McDonnell, $1411; Harry Roberts, $1152; Gulbranson Bros., $1701; F. J. McDonnell's bid was lowest. For the twenty-mile stretch completing the road from here to Eveleth, between mile posts, thirty and fifty, the following bids were received: James Dowling, $20,787; N. J. Amory, $31,290.40; J. J. C. Davis, $25,451.21; P. McDonnell, $25,638.95; F. J. McDonnell, $23,484.61; William Cavanaugh, $25,107.47; Gulbranson Bros, $26,000.43. James Dowling's bid was lowest. For the twenty-five-mile road from the town of Itasca to the head of Lake Vermilion the bids were as follows: J. & G. Beatty $20,632; E. J. Amory, $29,950.53; James Dowling, $25,900; A. & P. Sang, $28,981.55; J. J. C. Davis, $22,711.82; P. McDonnell, $27,571.81; F. J. McDonnell, $25,247.25; William Cavanaugh, $26,258. J. & G. Beatty's bid was the lowest. The bids were all referred to the proper committee, to report later.

The board in executive session discussed the plan of hiring an assistant to the county attorney to look after the assessment and collection of taxes. Among the names suggested were W. P. Phelps, Walter Ayers, Oscar Mitchell, and J. L. Washburn. A committee was appointed to make all arrangements subject to the approval of the board.

To the county attorney was reported the claim for pine stumpage destroyed by the trunk road, ranging from $1.50 to $5 per 1000. The county surveyor notified the road that the Short Line park bridge was complete at a cost of $4500, and ready for inspection. Germain and DeWard submitted plans for the poor house vault to cost $3130, and also for ventilating the poor house at a cost of $1144.

The action of the board accepting C. G. Shipman's resignation as assistant superintendent of poor and appointing W. T. James was rescinded and Dr. Shipman's salary was reduced from $500 to $400. The committee on the county treasurer's indemnity bonds reported a number of offers from security companies ranging from 1-6 to ¼ of 1 per cent per annum.

This morning the members of the board looked over the poor farm, and this afternoon the board is in session again.

GOODWIN'S TROUBLES.

His Divorce Suit Brought Up Again By His Wife.

San Francisco, Nov. 24.—When Nat Goodwin's attorneys filed the notice of dismissal of his suit for divorce the other day they neglected to see that the county clerk entered up a formal order of dismissal on the records, and therefore his wife has intervened an answer to the complaint and has brought to issue the case which Goodwin expected to have discontinued. Mrs. Goodwin's answer sets up an affirmative defense to the actor's complaint charging infidelity to marriage vows on the actor's part, and shows by way of recrimination a cause of divorce against the plaintiff in bar of his pretended cause of divorce.

The wife does not want a divorce herself, but she does want a share of his income, which she declares to be in excess of $1000 a month. The first issue raised by the answer is that of Goodwin's residence in this state. Mrs. Goodwin denies each of the allegations contained in the complaint, and declares that her husband has inflicted grevious bodily injury and mental suffering upon her. Mrs. Goodwin claims that her husband is the owner of several plays from which he receives an annual income of over $50,000, and that he has over $50,000 invested in real estate and securities, and she demands separate maintenance.

A KANSAS CITY CONDITION.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 24.—For the first time in twenty years there is not in Kansas City a job printing office of any consequence in which printers are questioned by the proprietors as to whether they belong to the typographical union. The offices that have heretofore been strictly union are "open" and so is the Hudson-Kimberly office, which has been strictly non-union. So far, the change has not produced any perceptible effect. This condition of affairs has been brought about by the actions of the typographical union, in its light against the typehouse, in deciding not to withdraw their boycott on the Hudson-Kimberly firm, a non-union concern, and accordingly there was nothing for the employing printers belonging to the typothetae to do except to inform their foremen that hereafter their offices would be open.

WEYLER

Speculation as to His Hurried Return to Havana Last Night.

Spaniards Claim There is Nothing Discouraging in His Action.

Authorities Do Not Believe the Competitor Cases Have Been Tried.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The dispatch from Jacksonville, Fla., reciting that a cipher telegram has been received from Havana in which it is stated that Gen. Weyler was driven to return to Havana through fear is discredited here. The Spanish view of the return of Gen. Weyler is entirely different. In the first place, it is said that no cipher telegram can be sent from Havana, except by the representatives of foreign governments to the governments they represent. This, it is explained, would be true of any place in time of war. Again, it is pointed out, that Gen. Weyler is not only commander of the troops, but governor-general of Cuba, and in Havana there is a large amount of official business needing his attention. It is stated that in the campaign just made, Weyler has been to the strongholds of the insurgents, passed through many towns and destroyed their supplies.

From the Spanish point of view, the war at present has resolved itself into chasing small bands of insurgents about the country, and it would be absurd for the captain general to place himself at the head of one company or another of these troops and follow the straggling bands of insurgents from one cover to another. Gen. Campos was quite severely criticised because he absented himself from Havana for such long periods. As to the assertion that Gen. Weyler says it is too hot to fight, it is said that the rainy season has not yet ended in Cuba and that the movement of troops is still very difficult. From the Spanish standpoint there is nothing discouraging in the return of Gen. Weyler.

COMPETITOR CASES.

Washington Authorities Say They Have Not Been Tried.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The state department has received absolutely no information of any kind from Havana or elsewhere, concerning the report that the Competitor prisoners have been tried in Morro Castle by secret and summary court martial. Under these circumstances, no statement will be made at the department concerning the report, but, in view of the plain provisions of our treaty and the requirements of domestic laws of Spain, the officials are loath to believe the report is correct. It is pointed out that under the law for public order promulgated in Havana some months ago, it is absolutely essential that counsel shall be allowed to prisoners on trial and that there shall be no secrecy in proceedings.

Under the protocol of our treaty with Spain, there likewise is a provision for publicity of trials and for full representation of accused by counsel. It is believed in view of these provisions of law that the authorities at Havana would not make such a flagrant breach of law as the report alleges.

From further inquiries it is apparent that the reports concerning the Competitor prisoners are at least based on a misconception of the nature of the present proceedings. They have not yet been placed on trial in the general sense of the word, the facts being that the Spanish authorities are making an investigation of the Competitor cases similar to that provided for under our grand jury system, that is a sort of preliminary examination.

The consuls and vice consuls of Spain in this country are investigating the claims of the prisoners arrested to American citizenship. For instance one of the men claims to be a resident of Kansas, and the consul for that district is engaged in an inquiry as to his citizenship, either by birth or naturalization. From Spanish sources, it is learned that there is no intention of dealing with the Competitor cases in a harsh or unjust manner.

APPROPRIATION WORK.

Washington, Nov. 24.—During the last session of congress a proposition was made to divide the appropriations among the various committees of the senate, but by a very decisive vote the whole question was referred to the short session. If the matter is brought up again it will probably be laid on the table for good and all. Many senators who supported the proposition before, will vote against it now and the majority will be so great that its consideration will be largely open a question to finally kill it. Several senators who supported the proposition at the time said after the vote that they would not vote for it when it came up again.

PREHISTORIC SKULLS FOUND.

Marshfield, Mo., Nov. 24.—While exploring any onyx cave near here a party of hunters unearthed four human skulls. It was supposed at first that they were the remains of Indians, but the subsequent discovery of several pieces of pottery and crude instruments of war, which is known were not the handiwork of Indians, leaves no doubt that they were the bones of some prehistoric race, probably the mound builders. The skulls were sent to the Smithsonian Institute at Washington for a further examination.

PROMINENT CATHOLIC DEAD.

Cork, Nov. 24.—The Most Rev. William Fitzgerald, D.D., Roman Catholic bishop of Ross, died suddenly at Skibbereen last evening. He was consecrated, Nov. 11, 1877.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A BEAUTEOUS LINK.

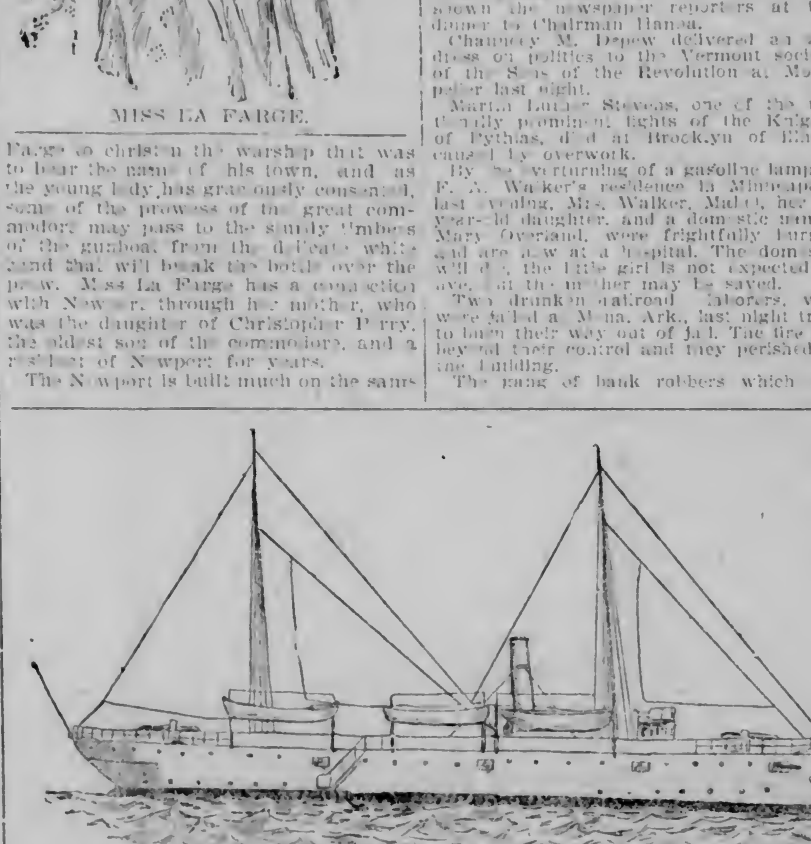
Commodore Perry's Descendant to Christen the Newport.

Bath, Me., Nov. 24.—The launching tomorrow of the gunboat Newport will have an historical connection with one of America's leading naval heroes, Commodore Perry. The oldest unmarried great-granddaughter of the victor of Lake Erie is Miss La Farge, the accomplished and lovely daughter of John La Farge, the well known artist of New York city. Mayor Boyle, of Newport, R. I., hit on the happy idea of securing Miss La

MISS LA FARGE.

Farge to christen the warship that was to bear the name of his town, and as the young lady has graciously consented, some of the prowess of the great commodore may pass to the sturdy timbers of the gunboat, from the delicate white hand that will break the bottle over the prow. Miss La Farge has a connection with Newport, through her mother, who was the daughter of Christopher Perry, the oldest son of the commodore, and a resident of Newport for years.

The Newport is built much on the same



THE GUNBOAT AS IT WILL APPEAR WHEN COMPLETED.

lines as the Helena, which was constructed in 1894, and has a displacement of 1392 tons, a speed of 13 knots, and a horse power of 1600 and cost between a quarter and a half million.

SALISBURY'S GREAT HEAD.

Berlin, Nov. 24.—The Frankfurter Zeitung, discussing the Venezuelan question, says: "Lord Salisbury acted cleverly in so directing his policy that Great Britain can get along amicably with the United States. His consent to always submit future disputes of the Anglo-Saxon nations to arbitration emphasizes his strong point of Kinship. Then in the pride and majesty of the British nation, Great Britain does not wish to have an enemy in the United States and the price she pays therefor is not great."

MGR. KEANE'S MOVEMENTS.

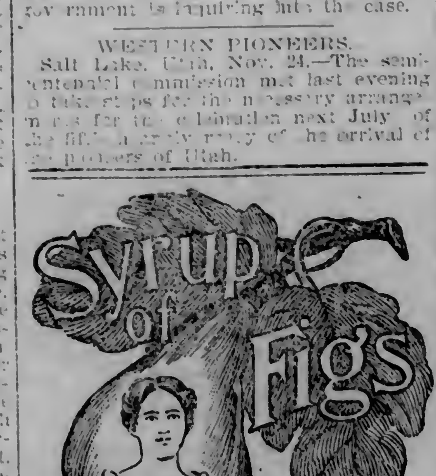
San Jose, Cal., Nov. 24.—Bishop Keane, former rector of Catholic university at Washington, has left this city for Rome. His friends here think he will be made cardinal, with residence in Rome.

FRENCH POACHER SHOT.

Paris, Nov. 24.—The first serious frontier incident in a long time occurred on Sunday at Munster, where a German forest guard shot an alleged French poacher, inflicting a flesh wound. The government is inquiring into the case.

WESTERN PIONEERS.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 24.—The semi-centennial commission met last evening to take steps for the necessary arrangements for the celebration next July of the fiftieth anniversary of the arrival of the pioneers of Utah.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Capt. Gen. Weyler arrived at Havana last evening quite unexpectedly, on the cruiser Le Gaspi from Mariel.

The schedules of the suspended firm of Hilton, Hughes & Co. were filed in New York yesterday. Liabilities are $1,891,576; nominal assets, $1,600,347; actual assets, $732,174.

The wheat yield in Victoria is estimated at 7,000,000 bushels, which is barely enough for local wants.

Winners at the Lexington, Ky., races yesterday were: A. J. C., Suydam, Garland Bar, Loyalty, Margaret Lyne.

President Cleveland has appointed Judge Charles C. Nott to the vacant seat in the court of claims caused by the death of Judge Richardson.

Mrs. Caspar LaBoy, of Nesquehoning, Pa., was stabbed to death and her husband seriously slashed by robbers who forced an entrance into Mr. LaBoy's house yesterday morning.

A memorial service to the late Kate Field was held in San Francisco yesterday. A memorial poem by Joaquin Miller was one of the features.

Ruth, the youngest daughter of W. J. Bryan, is ill with diphtheria at Lincoln, and the house has been quarantined by order of the board of health.

David Henderson, the theatrical manager, who was recently divorced from Grace Roth Henderson, the actress, has been married to Miss Frankie Raymond, who has for several years been a member of Mr. Henderson' extravaganza company.

The steam launch Pilot blew up at Cairo, Ill., yesterday and one man is dying and another seriously scalded.

All the prisoners in the Wyandotte county jail at Sandusky, Ohio, escaped yesterday afternoon and are still at large.

At New York last night Bob Armstrong, of Chicago, defeated Frank P. Slavin, of Australia, in four rounds. It was a slugging match at catch weights and the Australian was clearly outclassed.

At Cleveland the Union club, through its president, Judge William B. Sanders, has sent a letter to the Artemus Ward club, apologizing for the discourtesy shown the newspaper reporters at the dinner to Chairman Hanna.

Chauncey M. Depew delivered an address on politics to the Vermont society of the Sons of the Revolution at Montpelier last night.

Martin Luther Stevens, one of the nationally prominent lights of the Knights of Pythias, died at Brooklyn of illness caused by overwork.

By the overturning of a gasoline lamp in F. A. Walker's residence in Minneapolis last evening, Mrs. Walker, Mabel, her 13 year-old daughter, and a domestic named Mary Overland, were frightfully burned and are now at a hospital. The domestic will die, the little girl is not expected to live, but the mother may be saved.

Two drunken railroad laborers, who were jailed at Mena, Ark., last night tried to burn their way out of jail. The fire got beyond their control and they perished in the building.

The gang of bank robbers which has been operating in Nebraska has been rounded up in Hanover, Kan., and the four members are in jail at Hebron, Neb. An immense amount of booty was found buried in the cellar of their house at Hanover.

The United States cruiser Marblehead has arrived at New York and is at anchor off Tompkinsville, L. I., after a three years' cruise in foreign waters.

Campanini, the great tenor, died yesterday at Parma, Italy, where he was born in 1846.

The system of giving overtime to mail carriers will be abolished by the government in a short time. The concession has been grossly abused.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

B. W. Fuller will contest the election of the fusion senator, E. M. Sanford, of Jamestown. The canvassing board found that Sanford had received 635 votes and Fuller 633. Fuller alleges that there were no legal returns from two precincts because the judges and inspectors failed to certify to the returns. If the abstract had been made out without including these precincts he would have had a majority of nine votes. He also alleges that some of the ballots were marked so as to indicate the voter who cast it, and also that the choice of the voter for senator could not be gathered from it. Also that illegal votes were cast in every precinct; that votes cast for B. W. Fuller were not counted by the receiving officers, and votes for Sanford were counted that should not have been. He says that if there was a legal recount he would be elected by at least twenty majority.

Judge Morgan commenced the regular term of the district court in Cando yesterday. There is a large civil calendar and a small criminal list.

The Fargo Bar association met with Judge McConnell in the district court room yesterday morning on call of President Pinney and adopted resolutions on the death of the late Judge Thomas of the United States court. A number of speeches were made in eulogy of the deceased jurist by his old associates and a high tribute was paid him by Judge McConnell.

The contest for the postoffice at Fargo promises to be devoid of interest, and the prospects are that H. C. Plumley of the Forum will be given the position. He was candidate against J. J. Jordan several years ago, when the latter was appointed.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The state university now has 257 students enrolled, the largest actual attendance in six years. This institution is said to be sure of a thorough over hauling should Andrew Lee prove to be elected. It is said that President Mauck and a number of members of the faculty will suffer his displeasure in a forcible manner. The Yankton insane asylum is also to receive Lee's especial attention, and a clean sweep has been promised here. The governor, however, can do nothing in this direction without the co-operation of the legislature in repealing existing laws and enacting new ones. The state board of charities and corrections has control of the state hospital for the insane, the reform school and the penitentiary, and the board elects officers for the several institutions. There will be but one vacancy on the board of charities and corrections this year, and consequently the patronage of these institutions would be withheld from the governor unless the law creating the board of charities and corrections should be repealed, and another method provided for removing the present local officers and employes. The warden of the state penitentiary is a special mark for the Populists from Minnehaha county, and they will have his scalp if it is among the possibilities.

It has just been discovered that Herbert Carr, held for adultery, has left for England, having jumped his bond. Carr had just been re-arrested for criminal assault.

M. J. Roch, one of the best-known hotel men in South Dakota, fell dead of heart disease at Sioux Falls. He was formerly proprietor of the Commercial house and was later manager of the Locke hotel at Pierre.

The orphans' home at Beloit burned. Loss about $5000; covered by insurance.

Under the direction of Professor Fitch, a manual training department has been added to the public schools of Aberdeen.

The seventh annual convention of the South Dakota Equal Rights association will be held in Salem Dec. 3 and 4. The executive committee has issued an appeal to friends of equal rights in this state asking encouragement in their work. They also invite all political equity clubs to send to the convention regularly elected delegates and one delegate at large. Also every W. C. T. U., W. R. C. and Eastern Star lodges, Degree of Honor organizations and Royal Neighbors are asked to send fraternal delegates.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea —the Mother's Friend.

Castoria destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation.

Castoria contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Avenue. New York City.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford Str., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."

CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BEAR IN MIND THAT "THE GODS HELP THOSE WHO HELP THEMSELVES" SELF HELP SHOULD TEACH YOU TO USE

SAPOLIO

Results of treatment.

DR. RODRIGUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for LOST MANHOOD and all attending ailments both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, shrunken or undeveloped organs, weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Grains. They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restoring the FIRE OF YOUTH to the patient. By mail $1.00 per box or 6 for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2899, New York.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Duluth Trust Co

Acts as surety on bonds of assignees, receivers, etc. Legal depository for trust funds.

Franklin J. Pullord, President
Edward P. Towne, V President
Calvin F. How, Sec. and Treas.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, druggist

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

If Your Horse is Shod with

"NEVERSLIPS"

He Positively Cannot Slip

His feet are always in good condition. The shoes do not have to be removed to be sharpened. The Calks are steel-centered and *sharpen themselves* until entirely worn out. The Calks are *removable* and new ones can be inserted easily and quickly while the horse is in the stable. No time lost waiting at the blacksmith shop. See that your horseshoer orders *at once* a trial set, and convince yourself. Write for our descriptive circular giving full information. *Mailed free.*

MANUFACTURED BY

The Neverslip Manufacturing Co., NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.

AGENTS:

Nichols & Dean, St. Paul,
Minneapolis Iron Stove Co., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Emily H. Hazen, Plaintiff,

vs.

Ella R. Mendenhall and Luther Mendenhall, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 7th day of November, 1896, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash on Wednesday, the 23d day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: The easterly forty (40) feet of lot ten (10), West Third street, Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Dated Nov. 7, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.,
By AMOS SHEPHARD, Deputy.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-10-17-24-Dec-1-8-15.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles F. Houghton, Plaintiff,

vs.

Ella R. Mendenhall and Luther Mendenhall, Defendants.

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Dated Nov. 7, 1896.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.,
By AMOS SHEPHARD, Deputy.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-10-17-24-Dec-1-8-15.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

MARINE

Schooner Aurania, Bound Up, Struck on the Lime Kilns Crossing.

Leaking Badly and Her Forward Compartment is Full of Water.

No Grain Business Is Offering at Chicago---Coal Rates Firm.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner Aurania, consort of the steamer Aurora, bound up, struck on the Lime Kilns crossing last night and is leaking badly. Her forward compartment is full of water. She was towed to Smith's coal dock, and is now awaiting instructions from John Corrigan, of Cleveland, her owner.

THE END AT HAND.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The grain trade shows the end of the season is at hand. Nobody here or in the East evinces any disposition to do business. The best offers are 1¾ cents on corn to Lake Erie, with little grain offering at that figure.

COAL RATES FIRM.

Cleveland, Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—No further advance has been gained in coal freights, but the demand is good. Better than 75 cents could have been had for ore to Marquette, but no vessels are offering.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Osceola, midnight; Onoko, 4 a. m.; John Ketcham, 6; Republic, 9:30; Manitoba, 11. Down: Caledonia, 10 last night; Weed, 5 a. m.; Mills, Montgomery, Traverse, 7; Viking, Vinland, 8; Naples, 9.

Later—Up: Andaste, 11:20 a. m.; Pathfinder and whaleback, 11:40; Victory, 12:40 p. m. Down: Frontenac, Pope, 12:20 p. m.

Up yesterday: Gratwick (steel), 7 p. m. Down: Manitoba, 8 p. m.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Rappahannock, Granada, 10 last night; Schoolcraft, Bourke, 10:20; Kaliyuga, Fontana, 12:15 a. m.; George Stone, 3; Oglebay, 4; Siemens, 5; Cranage, 6:15; Rees, 7; Gilbert, 7:30; Japan, 7:40; Pioneer, 8:20; George King, 8:40.

Down yesterday: City of Genoa, 1 p. m.; M. C. Neff and consort, 2:20.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Rosemount, 10:30 last night; Fay, 7 a. m.; Senator, 8; Norwalk, 9:30; North Wind, 9:50.

Up yesterday: McWilliams, 11 a. m.; Greene and consorts, 11:10; Centurion, 12:20 p. m.; Fedora, 3; Codorus, 3:15; Tacoma, 4; Neilson, 4:15; Coralia, 4:40; Business, 5:10.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Lorain, Ohio—Cleared: Pathfinder, barge 129, Duluth.

HEAVY CLAIM WIPED OUT.

When John D. Rockefeller contracted for his fleet of huge steel steamers and tow barges there was an understanding that a premium would be paid for advance delivery and that demurrage would be charged for delays. Both premium and demurrage were fixed by stated figures covering each day of advance delivery or delay of delivery, and when the vessels were finished settlements were made on this basis. In the case of Wheeler & Co., the completion of the vessels was very much behind time, and Mr. Rockefeller's representatives had in their hands a claim for demurrage against the West Bay City company aggregating a trifle over $30,000. But as the company had given to Mr. Rockefeller three of the best ships that had ever been built on the lakes this drawback claim was promptly wiped out.

TOW BARGE FOR THE MARKET.

In the absence of contract work the Globe Iron Works company propose to build a steel tow barge of the largest size for the market. Should the intention be carried out there is not the slightest doubt that a purchaser will be found before the craft can be completed.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived — Appomattox, Mariposa, Magna, Castalia, Lake Erie, coal; Erickson, Buffalo, light for grain; Arabian, Prescott, light for grain; Mohawk, Buffalo, merchandise.

Departed—Kearsarge, Buffalo, flour; Thomson, C. Lockwood, Pennington, Queen City, Alva, Spencer, Buffalo, grain; United Empire, Sarnia, passengers and flour; Yuma, Fort William, light.

MARINE NOTES.

The schooner Thomas L. Parker, in tow of the steamer George Orr, downbound with ore, sprung a leak on Lake Superior during a heavy blow. A steam pump was placed on board at Detour.

On discharging cargo at Buffalo the steamer Majestic was found to have 600 bushels of wet wheat.

The steamers Saxon and W. H. Gratwick (wood) had to lighter large portions of their cargoes in order to reach the Buffalo furnace dock.

The oil-carrying barge on the stocks at the yard of the Union Steamboat company in Buffalo for the Standard Oil company is about three-fourths plated.

The steel steamer Penobscot goes to Duluth for package freight for the Northern line at $1.10 and the Selwyn Eddy for the Anchor line at the same rate.

The steamer J. V. Moran, which stranded on Sturgeon point, Lake Erie, was released without damage.

The steamers Bessemer and Siemens, built by the Globe Iron Works company for the Rockefeller fleet, are both powerful and speedy. The Bessemer has made fourteen miles an hour light, and has been towing one of the big barges, the Nasmyth, right along at an average speed better than eleven and one-half miles.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Halifax—Arrived: Mongolian, from Liverpool.

Philadelphia — Arrived: Rhynland, from Liverpool.

CHINESE MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

Pekin, Nov. 24—Lo Fengle, Wu Ting Fang and Hwang Tsum Hsien have been appointed respectively Chinese ministers to London, Washington and Berlin. Yan Yu, the Chinese minister at Washington, has been transferred to St. Petersburg.

The Bane of Beauty.

Beauty's bane is the fading or falling of the hair. Luxuriant tresses are far more to the matron than to the maid whose casket of charms is yet unrifled by time. Beautiful women will be glad to be reminded that falling or fading hair is unknown to those who use

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

NO RETURNS RECEIVED.

Cook County is Behind With Official Figures.

The canvassing board for the Fifty-fourth legislative district, comprising St. Louis, Lake and Cook counties, met in the office of the county auditor yesterday. There was nothing for the board to do, however, for the returns from Cook county are not yet in. The board was to meet again this afternoon and find out whether or not the returns came on the Dixon yesterday. If they came they would be delivered through the mails this afternoon. If they do not come the board will send a messenger to Grand Marais on the Dixon tomorrow to hurry them along. The returns were not seriously expected, and the board was prepared to detail a messenger. The board is the same one that canvassed the county returns. The legislative returns are canvassed here, this being the senior county.

I. O. O. F.

A meeting of Duluth lodge 28 is called for Friday evening, Nov. 27th. Election of officers, and all members are requested to be present.

D. E. CASE.
Recording Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

Canton North Star No. 14 Patriarch Militant will hold their fifth annual ball on Thanksgiving Eve., Nov. 25, in I. O. O. F. hall. The committee on arrangements are sending out the invitations. Canton Superior has been invited and will be present to help make the ball a success as they have always been in the past.

R. E. PATTERSON.
R. C. KRUSCHKE.
T. J. ST. GERMAIN.
Committee.

NOT PAYING TAXES.

People More Behind This Year Than Ever.

The county authorities state that the latter part of this year has been the poorest experienced in St. Louis county for the collection of taxes. The June payments were good, but during the summer and fall collections have been decidedly light. As a result, the poor fund is overdrawn, and some arrangements will be necessary to carry the poor orders from now till January and February, when the new taxes will begin to come in. The county board was to consider the matter at its meeting this afternoon.

The board was also expected to take some action upon the poor house improvements, but there was no intention of acting upon the bids for road construction.

CRIMINALS SENTENCED.

Judge Moer Passed Judgment Upon Them Today.

Judge Moer, in the district court this morning, sentenced several prisoners.

The largest sentence was given to William Riley, who, for the crime of grand larceny in the second degree, will spend three years and a half at hard labor in Stillwater.

John Reigon, who burned up a hand car house and a hand car at Iron Junction one day, and set fire to a round house, because he was cold and wanted to get warm, will have no difficulty in keeping warm for two years and six months at least.

Peter Curry, who was twice convicted of grand larceny in the second degree, was sentenced to spend a year and a half at Stillwater, and T. M. O'Shaughnessy, who was convicted of attempting to commit a burglary in the third degree, was sentenced to the same place for eight months.

Henry King, who pleaded guilty to forgery in the second degree and had his offense scaled down to petit larceny, was sentenced to spend nine days in the county jail. Charles Grant, who pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree, received a like sentence.

Peter Michaels, who was convicted of grand larceny in the second degree, was to have been sentenced this morning, but he wanted his attorney to present some affidavits to the effect that his character had been previously good. His attorney was not present, so the case went over until tomorrow morning.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

DIRECTIONS. Apply a particle of the Balm directly in to the nostrils. Draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

ELY'S CREAM BALM opens and cleans the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals and Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10 cents, by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

HIGHER

Wheat Gained One Cent Today Over the Closing Price Monday.

The Liverpool Cable Showed Little Demand But Advance in Futures.

Lightness of Northwest Receipts the Main Cause of the Advance.

Wheat opened strong and higher this morning in spite of the opening Liverpool cable, which showed but a slight advance. The strength was due to the light Northwestern receipts, only about half as large as last year's, and to reports that probably not over one-third of the crop was left in first hands. The impression seemed to prevail that the market had broken away from foreign influence, and that the Chicago and Northwest situation would hereafter be the principal features. The opening Liverpool cable reported that the demand was disappointing, although futures were ½d higher. A dispatch from a New York news agency which frequently gets its news about wheat very much mixed, caused a sudden rally in the price. It quoted December wheat at Liverpool 6d per cental higher than that delivery closed at yesterday, and although that was proved to be a gross blunder, other matters of a quite sensationally bullish character had meantime been received and kept up the advance first started by the false intelligence referred to.

May wheat opened here ⅛c higher at 81⅝c and sold up rapidly to 81¾c. During the next fifteen minutes it eased off to 81⅜c but later became strong and advanced to 82c by noon. It gained ⅛c more at 1 o'clock and closed with sellers at 82c, being 1c higher than yesterday. December advanced 1¼c to 78⅝c asked. There was a good demand for cash stuff and the shippers who took 80,000 bus. advanced the premium from ½c to 1c over December. The mills took 5000 bus at 1c premium and were bidding 1¼c at the close. Following are the closing prices, the prices "to arrive" being for wheat to arrive by December 5:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 81½c; December, 81⅛c. No. 1 northern, cash, 79⅛c; December, 78⅝c asked; May, 82c asked. No. 2 northern, 77c. No. 3, 72½@73½c. Rejected, 65½@73½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 81½c; No. 1 northern, 79⅛c. Rye, 35c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 76c bid; May, 81c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 379; corn, 1; oats, 7; rye, 12; barley, 32; flax, 57. Receipts—Wheat, 219,739 bus; oats, 5030 bus; rye, 9750 bus; barley, 38,603 bus; flax, 25,575 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 579,622 bus; rye, 71,060 bus; barley, 77,920 bus.

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended Nov. 21, 1896:

	Bbls.
Production by local mills	101,720
Receipts by rail	204,635
Exports	37,230
Total shipments	356,465
Stocks in store	215,890

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 21,091; shipments, 1904; left over, 4000; estimated receipts tomorrow, 29,000. Trade now slow, weak, 5c lower than yesterday morning. Light, $3.20@3.45; mixed, $3.15@3.50; heavy, $3.00@3.50; rough, $3.00@3.10. Cattle, receipts, 4500; official receipts yesterday, 15,371; shipments, 6320. Generally steady. Beeves, $3.40@5.50; cows and heifers, $1.60@4.00; Texas steers, $2.75@4.00; Westerns, $3.20@4.00; stockers and feeders, $2.70@3.90. Sheep, receipts, 9000; official receipts yesterday, 10,991; shipments, 2050. Strong to 10c higher.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Nov. 24.—Closing, wheat, spot dull; futures firm; November, nominal; December, 6s 6½d; unchanged; January, 6s ¾d. Maize, spot dull; futures steady; November and December, 2s 11½d; ¼d lower; January, 2s 11d.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Nov. 24.—Close, wheat, November, 77⅜c; December, 77⅝@78c; May, 80⅝@81¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 80c; No. 1 northern, 78⅝c; No. 2 northern, 77¼c. Receipts, 183 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Nov. 24.—Close, wheat, November, 88⅝c; December, 88⅝c; January, 88¼c; March, 86⅝c; May, 87¼c. Corn, May, 33⅛c. Oats, May, 26½c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Chicago seems to have concluded to get along without foreign aid and the wheat market has bulled all day in spite of dull cables and violent attacks of bear scalpers. The demand for cash wheat was good at increasing premiums while the new crop futures dragged badly under December. The Northwest movement has fallen off sharply, and the best authorities agree that only a small proportion of the crop remains in farmers' hands and they intend to keep it. The world's visible was an agreeable surprise, being smaller than anticipated. The closing of some Black sea ports should have a marked effect on shipments from this side. The bears continued their efforts mainly to May wheat today, and the cash wheat situation made December gain on May to a marked extent. It is believed that December deliveries will be very light, if any. The situation tonight is about as strong as we have had it at any time.

Corn and oats drag heavily and refuse to sympathize with wheat. Shipping demand only moderate.

Provisions easier with packers pounding the market, but we think they should be bought on all declines.

Puts, May wheat, 80⅝@80⅞c.
Calls, May wheat, 83⅜@83⅛c.
Curb, May wheat, 81⅞@82c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	13¼	13⅝	13¼	13⅜
Atchison	14⅜	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜
Sugar Trust	118⅜	118⅜	117	117⅝
Canada Southern				
C., B. & Q.	79⅛	79⅜	79	79¼
St. Paul	75⅜	76⅛	75⅜	75⅜
Chicago Gas	76⅛	76½	75⅝	75⅝
Del., Lack. & W.				
General Electric	33¾	33⅜	33¾	33⅜
Erie	15⅞	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
Reading	30¾	30⅜	30¼	30⅜
Louis. & Nash	50¾	51⅛	50½	50⅝
Manhattan	96¾	97	95⅛	95⅜
Missouri Pacific	22⅝	23¼	22⅝	22¾
Tobacco	76⅛	76⅝	76⅛	76⅝
Chicago & N. W.	104¾	105	104¾	104¾
N. P. preferred	25⅛	25½	25⅛	25½
Rock Island	70¼	70⅛	70	70
Union Pacific	10¼	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜
Western Union	86⅜	86⅜	86⅛	86⅜
Leather	66	66⅜	62½	62⅛
Lake Shore				

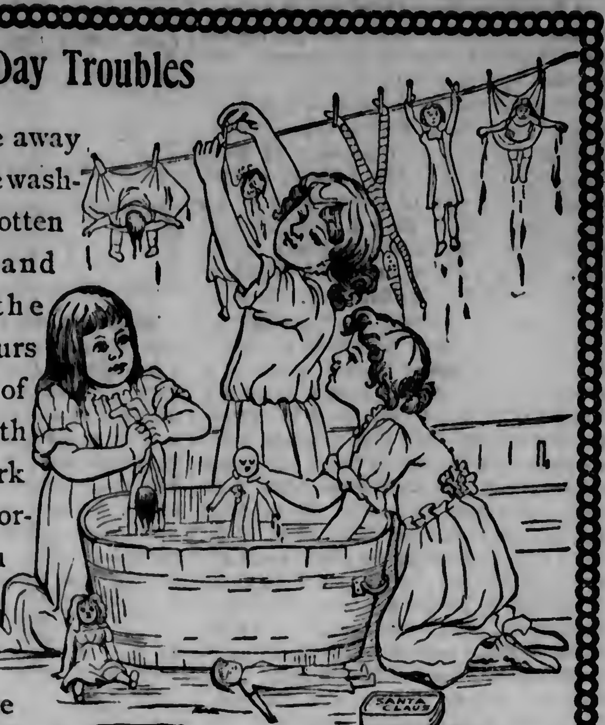
THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Close, wheat, November, 79¼c; December, 78¾@⅞c; January, 79⅜c; May, 81⅞@82c; July, 78c. Corn, November, 23⅝c; December, 23⅝c; March, 27⅛c. Oats, November, 18⅝c; December, 18⅝c; May, 22⅛c. Pork, November, $6.57½; December, $6.57½; January, $7.62½@7.65; May, $7.97½. Lard, November, $3.80, December, $3.80@3.82½; January, $4.02½; May, $4.25. Ribs, November, $3.27½; December, $3.72½; January, $3.80; May, $3.97½@4.00. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 85@90c; No. 3 red, 85@88c; No. 2 spring, 73c; No. 3 spring, 75@77c; No. 2 hard winter, 79c; No. 3 hard winter, 71½@77c; No. 1 northern spring, 81c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 23⅝c. Cash, flax, 76c; Northwestern, 77½@78c; December, 75½@75⅝c; May, 81@81⅛c. Timothy, cash, $2.50; December, $2.60; March, $2.75. Rye, cash, 36⅝c; December, 36⅝c; May, 41½c. Barley, cash, November, new, 24@37c.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Nov. 24.—Money on call easy at 2½@3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¾@4.86½ for demand and $4.82¾@4.83 for sixty days. Posted rates $4.83½@4.84 and $4.87@4.87½. Commercial bills $4.81¾. Silver certificates 65¼@65½; no sales. Bar silver 65¼. Mexican dollars 50⅝. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered and coupon, $1.19⅝; 5s registered and coupon, $1.13; 4s registered and coupon, $1.10; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '97, $1.02.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP. | SANTA CLAUS SOAP.



Wash Day Troubles are done away with, the washing is gotten out of hand and on the line hours ahead of time, with little work and no worry, when busy, hurried housewives use

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.

Santa Claus is a pleasant, efficient soap for laundry and general use. Works quickly and well and injures nothing. Sold everywhere.

Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

TAWNEY'S OPINION.

Thinks McKinley Will Call an Extra Session.

St. Paul, Nov. 24.—Congressman Tawney, of Winona, was in the city today and talked freely on the subject of tariff and other matters pending before congress. It is his opinion that the Dingley bill will be passed by the house, and so far amended by the senate as to prevent its final passage by this congress, and he thinks an extra session is the inevitable consequence.

Mr. Tawney thinks President McKinley will take the bull by the horns without any delay and make the call for the extra session as soon as he can get at it after his inauguration, so that the necessary revenue for the support of the government can be secured in the most practical and expeditious way, and along lines indicated by the Republican leaders in the campaign just closed.

SAUK RAPIDS' FATALITY.

Farmer Killed By a Northern Pacific Train.

St. Paul, Nov. 24.—A St. Cloud special to the Dispatch says: A Polish resident of Sauk Rapids, named Barkowski, met with a terrible death in that village last evening. He was returning from St. Cloud, driving a double team, and as he crossed the tracks of the Northern Pacific, was struck by the westbound coast train and hurled a distance of fifty feet. His skull was fractured, and he sustained internal injuries from which he died in an hour and a half. Both horses were killed. Barkowski was 60 years old. The track was hid from view by piles of timber in Neil's yard, and he did not see or hear the train.

STYLISH WEDDING.

New York, Nov. 24.—At Newark, N. J., today, Miss Elizabeth Cecilia Smith, daughter of United States Senator James Smith, Jr., was married to Peter Hauck, Jr., son of the millionaire brewer of Harrison, N. J. The ceremony was performed in St. Patrick's cathedral by Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, assisted by Mgr. Doane, rector of the cathedral, and Rev. Dr. Connelly, of New York. Miss Mary R. Smith, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and the best man was James Smith, Jr., brother of the bride. The church was beautifully decorated with white and yellow chrysanthemums.

The ceremony was simple, and there was no special music. Forty pews in the church were reserved for the invited guests, and the rest of the church was thrown open to sight-seers, many of whom were present. No cards were issued. After the ceremony there was a wedding breakfast served at the residence of Senator Smith. The young couple will go South on their honeymoon for a month, and on their return will reside in this city.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $228,372,952; gold reserve, $128,148,437.

AMNESTY IN NICARAGUA.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The state department has been informed that the president of Nicaragua has granted amnesty to over 500 persons implicated in the revolution of last February, and the conspiracy of Sept. 8 last. The members of the rebel government and the principal generals of the defeated forces are not included in the pardon.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

Dr. H. N. D. Parker, Chicago, Ill., says: "I have thoroughly tested it in dyspepsia and nervous debility, and in every case can see great benefit from its use."

THE HERALD
Is on sale at the Windsor hotel, St. Paul.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, Nov. 24.—The receipts of higher quotations from London and reported large short interests in Americans at that center, together with moderate purchasing orders for foreign account, caused a strong and higher opening in the stock market this morning, in which the railway shares were the most prominent. Louisville & Nashville gained an exceptional ¾ per cent. The other improvements were less important.

The change of front on the part of the foreign traders tended to stimulate purchases for the long account, and although the dealings were entirely professional and mainly in the speculative shares, a better tone was evident at 11 o'clock than for some time past. The specialties were practically neglected, except for Consolidated Gas, which moved up to 167½ on a revival of the consolidation rumors.

The share speculation was very quiet and without notable changes in prices aside from a few of the initiative shares during the second hour. Great Northern preferred rose 2¼ and Lake Shore 1½ per cent. Leather preferred reacted 1 per cent, on uncertainty regarding the dividend declaration, but rallied sharply toward noon. An undercurrent of strength was discernible at midday, and in a number of shares substantial fractional improvements were scored. The bond market was featureless aside from the fact that prices were well held. The sales to noon were 86,600 shares.

10c Package Delivery.

A long-felt want filled. We will from this day on run a 10-cent package and message delivery. Something that a city of this size should have and is entitled to a liberal patronage. Duluth Van company. Office, 212 West Superior street; telephone, 492.

"GOVERNOR" THOMPSON'S FATE.

St. Paul, Nov. 24.—"Governor" James Thompson, the claimant for the shoes of David Clough, whose exploits have been noted, was brought into the probate court at Minneapolis yesterday afternoon to undergo an examination as to his sanity. He was ordered sent to St. Peter asylum.

ATTORNEYS FILE CLAIMS.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 24.—W. O. Chapman and J. M. Ashton, of Tacoma, have filed claims aggregating $42,000 against the Northern Pacific Railway company. Chapman claims $5000 for wages as assistant counsel of the road, and $12,800 for acting as assistant secretary for the several branches and subsidiary corporations. Ashton claims $25,000 for services as attorney.

One Cent a Word

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—LADIES TO TAKE HOME piece work. Instruction $1. 515 Palladio building.

WANTED—COOK AND SECOND GIRL. F. S. G. Sharp, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 128 West Fourth street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SALESMEN for lubricating oils, greases and specialties. Address the Stoddard Oil and Compound company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY SMALL HOUSE IN central part of city. Must be a bargain. Will pay cash. Apply at 309 Providence building.

MUSIC.

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; teacher of vocal culture, Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils, insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

One Cent a Word.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG MAN WANTS A JOB IN OR around house or store; has had experience as butler; would be willing to work cheap. Adress G. O., postoffice box 670.

SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS COOK; best of city references given. Address K 89, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS SECOND OR night cook. Address C. H., 616 West Third street.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT dressmaker, work at home; good fit and up-to-date dressmaking done at cheap rates. 18 East Second street.

SCOTCH WOMAN WOULD LIKE POsition as sick nurse, also washing, house, store and office cleaning. Cleaning of all kinds cheerfully attended to. Call on or address Mrs. Clark, 104 First avenue west or 9 East Sixth street.

FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, DINING-room or chamber work. Address L 65, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE A SITuation; willing to do any kind of work. L 67, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, 22 YEARS OF AGE, would like employment of any kind. Address 916 East Seventh street.

A WIDOW WHO IS VERY FOND OF children would like a position as housekeeper. Address L 71, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG LADY as stenographer. C 67, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—AM A THOROugh office man or clothing salesman; am willing to work at anything. Can give city references. L 68, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE WORK; good man with horses; handy with tools; city references. A. W. C., 101 West First street.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO DINING-room work or as nurse. 422 East First street.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN wishes to employ as bookkeeper, office work of any kind; clerk in dry goods or grocery, who has had several years of experience; or as teamster, grocery delivery; who speaks two languages—French and English. Can furnish the best of references. Address No. 5 C, Herald office.

A WOMAN WANTS WORK WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. 314½ West Fourth street.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS SEAMstress, sewing by the day. Can do cutting and fitting. References given. Address 728 West Fifth street.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING to do at home by the dozen, or will go out and work by the day. Charges reasonable; work guaranteed. Call or address 1020½ East Fourth street.

A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL OF 19 would like position at general housework for private family, for part or all winter. Please send your address and I will call at once. Address MissA. S., Duluth, Minn., care Wm. L., 305 West Superior street, city.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY DESIRES position in office. Has a good knowledge of shorthand and can operate any machine. Address H 63, Herald.

WANTED—A PLACE FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 320 East Fifth street.

GOOD GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO general housework in small family. L 80, Herald.

GOOD GIRL WANTS PLACE FOR GENeral housework. L 70, Herald.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN'S MENDING done neatly. Call forenoons at 517 West First.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

YOUNG AND COMPETENT NURSE would like employment. Charges reasonable. Inquire at 1918 West Fourth street.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

ONE SINGLE AND DOUBLE CUTTER for sale at a bargain. Call at 422 Fifty-fourth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

For Sale---for $150.
12-horse power and 8-horse power **BOILER ENGINE**
In good condition
IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY.
12 West Michigan.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 23, 1896. Work ——degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 25, 1896. Work Royal Arch degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 101 Palladio.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO TRADE, A BICYCLE for a horse. Inquire of Houghton, room 10 Palladio.

One Cent a Word.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOM HOUSE IN rear of 1020 East Fourth street; $4 per month; city water free.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVE-room house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the matter of the assignment of Oscar Hjelt and John Ohmer, partners as Hjelt & Ohmer:
C. A. Johnson, assignee of the above named insolvents, having duly petitioned the court for an order to limit the time for creditors to file the proof of their claims against the estate of said insolvents, and it appearing by said proof that it would be proper to limit said time.
It is hereby ordered that said time for filing proof of claims by said creditors against said insolvent estate be limited to the 12th day of December, 1896.
It is further ordered that this order be published in The Duluth Evening Herald, on two (2) different days prior to said date, and a copy of this order mailed to each creditor of said insolvent estate forthwith.
Dated Nov. 21st, 1896.
By the Court,
S. H. MOER,
Judge.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-23-24.

NOTICE

Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated Januray 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 124 of deeds, page 196, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and,

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.
GEO. F. ASH.
NEIL McLACHLAN.
JOHN E. MERRITT.
Commissioners.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 21 to Dec. 1 inc.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth.

THE EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

10c A Week.
Every Evening Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy daily........................$ .02
One month .... .45
Three months 1.30
Six months 2.60
One year........................ 5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months.
Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK...... 17,148

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Nov. 24.—It is 18 to 32 degrees colder than at the corresponding hour yesterday within an area extending from Colorado northeast to Lake Superior, and which embraces parts of the states of Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin. The temperature has risen in the Lower Mississippi valley and the Canadian provinces from Manitoba westward, but thermometer readings of from zero to 10 below were general in the Canadian Northwest provinces and the Upper Missouri valley this morning.

Light rains are reported in Missouri, Illinois and Tennessee, and light snow and rain in Michigan. In these states the weather continued cloudy at 7 a. m. today, with temperature ranging from 26 at Sault Ste. Marie to 58 at Memphis.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 30; maximum yesterday, 34; minimum yesterday, 12.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Generally fair and warmer tonight and Wednesday; light, variable winds, probably becoming northeast by Wednesday morning.
JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday; rising temperature. Wednesday: fresh northerly winds. For Minnesota: Generally fair tonight and Wednesday; warmer Wednesday; variable winds.

THE ANDERSON BILL.

The Anderson bill for the taxation of unused railroad lands, which was submitted to a vote of the people at the recent election, was adopted by an overwhelming majority, which will probably reach 200,000. It was not a constitutional amendment. It was an example of the referendum plan which obtains in Switzerland and which many people have urged should be generally adopted in this country. The bill was passed by the legislature in the same manner as other bills are passed, with the exception that the last clause did not provide that it should take effect upon its passage or at any fixed date, but that it should be submitted to a vote of the people, as the constitution provides. Consequently no further legislation is necessary to put it into effect. As soon as the votes are canvassed and the result declared, the bill will be a law.

Then all lands held by railroads in this state and not actually used in the operation of the road, will be subject to taxation the same as other lands in the state, and at the time of the assessment of real property in the spring of 1897, it will be the duty of the various assessors in the counties in which these lands are located to place the same upon the tax rolls without any further authority. A. G. Merrill, who is president of the association which had this bill in charge, was interviewed in Minneapolis yesterday and said that there was no danger that the gross earnings law, so-called, has been repealed. The railroads are required to pay their tax upon the gross earnings in the same manner and the same amount that they now pay. They must pay the tax upon these lands in addition to that amount.

There are between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000 acres of unused railroad land in the state, mostly located in the Northern part, valued at between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000. This means an increase in the taxes to be paid by the railroads in this state of about $350,000 annually, of which St. Louis county will receive a considerable share. The railroads have made a desperate fight against the bill, having succeeded in defeating it twice in the legislature, and it only passed the senate by the necessary 28 votes on the third trial. It has been generally reported that the railroads would make a fight against it on the ground that the vote of Senator Day was illegal. The friends of the bill, however, have no fear of the result of such a fight. The question of the validity of Senator Day's vote was thoroughly investigated at the time the vote was had and the ablest attorney's decided in favor of its validity. The railroads may fight it in the courts, but they can hardly hope to succeed. The heavy majority given in favor of the law shows how generally it is favored. In view of such a strong public sentiment, the railroads will be foolish if they contest the matter.

Theodore Roosevelt, president of the New York police board, saw the boxing contest between Choynski and Maher the other night and declared that there was nothing brutal in it. He expressed a belief in manly sports and rough games. He does not think that even a knockout is carrying sparring beyond the legitimate line of sport. Since Roosevelt has thus delivered himself it is believed that the Fitzsimmons-Corbett contest might be pulled off in New York, and as Dr. Parkhurst has also expressed an opinion in favor of scientific boxing the belief becomes stronger. Certainly a boxing contest, even to the extent of a knockout, is less brutal than a football game.

THE TORRENS SYSTEM.

The St. Paul Globe says: "We hope to see a bill for the incorporation of the Australian land transfer system in Minnesota law pushed through the legislature this winter. It can follow the Illinois law closely, avoiding the single error which made that repugnant to the state constitution. Our people do not know themselves how great will be the relief from the adoption of this simple and sure method of land transfer. The saving of money now paid to lawyers for examining titles, the reduction of the time required for a real estate transfer from two weeks or more to less than that many days, and the relief of every property holder from the fear of a possible discovery of defect of title, that was always haunting him, are blessings that must be experienced to be fully realized. He will deserve well of the commonwealth who introduces such a law and follows it up to its passage."

The Herald heartily endorses the Globe's sentiments on this question, because it has repeatedly dwelt upon the advantages of the so-called Torrens system, during several years past, and has urged that it should be introduced into this state as soon as possible. Editor J. G. Pyle, of the Globe, was a member of the commission that was appointed several years ago to examine the various systems of land tranfer and to make a report thereon to the legislature. The commission found that the Torrens system was the simplest, most economical and best system of land transfer that has been devised and put into practical operation, but it expressed doubt whether the system could be applied to this state without changes in the constitution. Consequently the commission did not present any bill, and no one then a member of the legislature was disposed to make an endeavor to have the system adopted.

Since that time the system has been applied to Illinois, and was meeting with much favor when suddenly stopped by a decision of the state supreme court that the law establishing it was unconstitutional. The ground of the decision was that the law violated the decision by conferring judicial functions upon the register of deeds, who is not a judicial officer, but there is no reason why this objection cannot be met by a slight change in the law in Illinois, and Minnesota can enact a law that will be free from this defect. The system is not an experiment, having been in successful operation for many years in Australia, where it originated, and also in Manitoba and other Canadian provinces. In view of the near approach of the meeting of the legislature, it may be well to again draw attention to the merits of the system. Those who have become acquainted with its features are its enthusiastic advocates, unless self-interest prompts them to oppose a system that cheapens the cost of transfer and decreases litigation over titles. The Globe thus condenses a very clear outline of the working of the scheme:

"All that is involved in this simple but effective reform is a guarantee of land titles by the state, so that the state stands behind the seller and purchaser in every transaction. The cumbrous system of local records and the necessity for a searching of title in each transfer are both done away with. The abstract of title becomes a thing of the past. When a man wishes to buy a bit of real estate he applies to the registers office in the county in which it is situated, and that official issues to him a title direct from the state. He has previously, of course, first examined the title and found it without defect. The applicant pays a small fee of $5 or $10 to cover the cost of maintaining the office and keeping up the records and also to constitute a guarantee fund, out of which losses are paid in the rare cases when the state guarantees a bad title and becomes liable to the purchaser for damages. With this system in effect, a city lot or a country farm becomes no more difficult to sell, and the proceeding is attended with no more expense or delay than the sale of a share of bank stock or a horse."

The Herald trusts that the three members from St. Louis county will study the system carefully and be prepared, when the legislature meets, to urge the passage of a law that will be of great benefit to the people.

HAS WEYLER RETREATED?

Capt. Gen. Weyler has returned to Havana, according to late reports, without having accomplished the route of the Cuban insurgents, which he undertook by entering the field in person. His excuse is said to be that it is too hot and unhealthy to do any fighting, and there are some elements of truth in this statement, because Maceo and the other patriot leaders have been making it decidedly hot and unhealthy for the Spanish commander since he took the field. Of course there may be no truth in the story of Gen. Weyler's return to Havana. The story comes through a Cuban leader at Key West, whose name is not given, and Key West has been the source of many canards since the Cuban war began. And yet news via Key West may be as reliable as that which comes directly from Havana, where it is filtered through the Weyler press bureau.

A few facts about Cuba should be kept in mind by those who are now paying attention to the progress of the war. The greatest length of Cuba from east to west is 760 miles and its greatest width is 135 miles. Its area, including dependencies, is only a little less than that of England. Cuba had in 1894 1,631,696 inhabitants, 65 per cent of whom were white. The capital must have a population of more than 200,000, since ten years ago its inhabitants were estimated at 198,000. It is a powerfully fortified city. Next in population to Havana comes Santiago de Cuba, with more than 70,000. Puerto Principe has nearly 50,000. Here is a country which would afford scope for many campaigns to an army better organized and led than that of Spain, more especially as the island has a mountain chain which affords innumerable fastnesses for guerilla bands. These facts and figures should be borne in mind by those who wonder at the duration of the war and the tremendous exertions Spain is making to get at close quarters with the elusive insurgents, who know far too much to risk a pitched battel in the open until they can gather in sufficient force and with plenty of arms and ammunition, so as to be on equal terms with the Spanish forces. If it be true that Weyler has retreated to Havana, it may be possible that he found Gen. Maceo in the field with a greater and better equipped force than he had.

The St. Paul Dispatch recalls the singular honors that have awaited the members of the ways and means committee, of which Mr. McKinley was a member in the Fifty-first congress. Mr. Burrows, of Michigan; Mr. Gear, of Iowa; Mr. Mills, of Texas, and Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky, were promoted to the senate, and the latter later to the cabinet. C. R. Breckinridge, of Arkansas, was made minister to Russia; Mr. Flower, of New York, was elected governor; Mr. Kenna is now a federal judge; and Mr. McKinley is president-elect of the United States. Mr. Dingley, of Maine; Mr. McMillan, of Tennessee, and Mr. Payne, of New York, are the only members of that committee who will be in the next house.

Conductor Dugan, of the Illinois Central railroad, who made Governor Bradley, of Kentucky, take his feet off the car seat in front of him and was discharged for his boldness, has been reinstated. Conductor Dugan appears to be one of the heroes of peace, whereas Governor Bradley belongs to a class that is too frequently met outside the cattle trains.

Anoka has won out in the fourth insane asylum fight, the supreme court having decided in its favor. Anoka is the best choice that could have been made, and the only regrettable feature of the whole affair is that the commission first decided in favor of Hastings, when it should have selected Anoka in the first place.

Ex-Governor Hubbard, the national committeeman for Minnesota, was a caller at Canton yesterday, and did not fail to intimate that the people of this state have no anxiety to see Mr. Merriam in the cabinet while they would be very glad to see Senator Davis selected as secretary of state.

The exports of the year are gaining in relative amount. For October the excess of exports over imports was $63,011,822, making a total excess of exports for the first ten months of the calendar year of $206,985,482. For the same ten months of last year there was an excess of imports of $31,105,045.

Bathing comes high in Kentucky. A Louisville fireman was taking a bath one day last week when a fire alarm came in. His engine went out without him and the flues were burned out. He had been in the department fifteen years, but this fact did not save him from dismissal.

The wave of prosperity has struck Mr. Carnegie, who has received an order for 10,000 tons of steel rails from China, and another for 5000 tons from Japan.

The idea of a gigantic world wheat trust, which would fix and maintain the international price of wheat, is too absurd for even a moment's consideration.

French duelists are becoming careless, one having been wounded the other day in an "affair of honor."

Photographs of the royal bride and bridegroom now appear on the Italian post cards.

SEASONABLE ADVICE.

T—urkey's berry pleasant for de folks to eat.
H—unt ermong de po'ltry—it am hard to beat;
A—n' while you ar' reck'nin' on a hearty feed—
N—ote de fac' dere's "others" who may be in need.

K—inder look eroun' you dis season ob de year.
S—eems to me dere's many mighty short o' cheer;
G—iv' some suff'rin' naybur a chance to happy be
I—t will giv' you credit in Eternity.

V—ery few has holiday—in de fulles' sense,
I—ndeed dere's some who would, who can't stan' de expens';
N—evah let yo'r beatin' heard shrivel or grow dry,
G—od's a sizin' up yo'r wo'k 'way up in de sky.

—UNCLE RASTUS.

A CABINET POSSIBILITY.

Philadelphia Times: Among those named as possibilities for the cabinet of President-elect McKinley no one outside of Pennsylvania is better known in Philadelphia than James A. Gary, of Baltimore. When he ran for governor as a Republican twenty years ago he polled the largest Republican vote cast in Maryland up to that time or since, except when his young friend, Mr. Lowndes, the present governor, was elected. Mr. Gary has long been the recognized head and front of Republicanism in the state of Maryland, the leader of delegations to national conventions or the one suggesting them. His contributions to party campaign funds have always been on a generous scale. He is a personal friend of Mr. McKinley, an ardent protectionist, and it would not be surprising to find his name loom up more and more as a member of the next presidential official household, especially as Mr. Gary is known to have had so much to do with wheeling Maryland into the Republican column.

THE ROUNDER.

Years ago when Duluth was without gas, street cars, water companies, and when electric lights and telephones were only chimerical dreams, the United States weather bureau (or signal office, as they called it then) was located in the little two-story Miller block at the corner of Lake avenue and Superior street. There was an observant sergeant stationed there in charge, and he had an assistant who ranked as private. Duluth was pretty lively then and the weather people were not slow themselves, and the amount of tanglefoot which they punished was considerable. In fact it was a hard matter to find both the officials sober at the same time and sometimes their lapses would occur at the same time and things at the signal office were apt to be a little bit mixed. At last these occurrences grew very frequent and Alex W. Hartman, then an employe of the telegraph company, and the Rounder used to occasionally fill in the gaps by taking the observations as best they could. But all things have an end, and one time, when Hartman was very busy it devolved on the Rounder to run the whole business himself, and he did it for a period of about eight days, during which time the two officials were gloriously incapable of deciphering anything except a lager beer sign.

* * *

On the eighth day the Rounder had just taken an evening observation and was busily engaged in trying to pick out a proper cipher to fit the atmospheric conditions, when the door of the signal office opened and in strode a gentleman with a cape cloak on. Giving his body a peculiar little twist, which threw the cape back from his shoulders, he glanced around the little room and then sharply said:

"Are you the observer?"

The rounder didn't know the visitor from a side of sole leather and replied in an equally curt manner: "No."

"Are you the assistant?" was the next query.

"No," answered the Rounder.

"Then, who are you? What are you doing here? Where are the officials?" was the trinity of questions next asked, while the visitor cooly walked over to the barometer case, opened it, drew out the instrument and stooping down "read" it with the ease of an expert.

"I'm ——. I'm helping out the observers who are sick," was the reply of the Rounder and said: "My name is noise in the little closet attracted the visitor's attention and he glanced in, only to see the observer sergeant stretched out on the floor in a drunken, restless sleep. The visitor smiled at the Rouder and said: "My name is Greeley, Lieut. Greeley. I am the inspecting officer of this district and we have been having such remarkable weather reports from Duluth that I thought that I would drop in and see about it. You have doubtless done the best you could, but you don't understand the cipher, and if your dispatches were correct, you have had the greatest collection of atmospheric disturbances ever know."

It was Greeley, afterwards chief signal officer of the United States, and as a result of his visit the observer was sent in disgrace to Rock Island arsenal for a year and the assistant was returned to Fort Whipple. A new set of officers was installed, and Hartman and the Rounder ended their career as weather experts.

THEY OPPOSE MERRIAM.

MUST BE SQUELCHED.

Spring Valley Vidette: It does not seem possible that, after the terrible rebuke the Merriam machine received from the Republicans at the polls, the president-elect would so utterly disregard the wishes of the Republicans of the state as to appoint the ringleader to a cabinet position. He needs but to reflect upon the vote of Minnesota. The reason that the candidate for governor fell over 47,000 behind McKinley was not because he was David M. Clough, but because he was the tool of William R. Merriam. If the state of Minesota is to be saved to the Republicans, the notorious St. Paul ring must be squelched.

ELOQUENT FIGURES.

Houston County Chief: Something more, it is hoped, than being a political ring manipulator is essential to the qualifications of filling a position in the president's cabinet. Ex-Governor Merriam possesses this one quality and that alone, and in no wise deserves or merits recognition by appointment or election to a position of honor and public trust. It is hardly probable that as president Mr. McKinley will make the mistake of tendering a cabinet portfolio to "Bill" Merriam. Complete unofficial returns show that McKinley carried Minnesota by about 54,000 majority, while Governor Clough was only re-elected by 3560 over Lind, running over 51,000 behind the naational ticket. Gibbs, for lieutenant governor, was elected by 36,513 plurality. The figures speak plainer than words in demonstrating what the people think of Merriam's man "Friday," and no further comment is necessary.

MERRIAM'S FREE TRADE SPEECH.

Le Sueur Sentinel: One William Merriam is booming himself for a cabinet portfolio in utter disregard of another prominent Minnesotan who was a candidate for McKinley's shoes a short time before the St. Louis convention. It is thrown out merely as a suggestion that William R's little "free trade" manifesto which is kindly remembered by the farmers of Minnesota, might not exactly jibe with McKinley's preconceived notions of protection.

NOT VERY PROBABLE.

Clarkfield Reform Advocate: It is said that Bill Merriam's services and campaign contributions will be rewarded by a cabinet position, probably the portfolio of secretary of the treasury. Merriam! We stand aghast and like Cassius exclaim: "Is it possible!"

CALLS IT VASSALAGE.

National Republican: The newspaper squirts are trying to earn contributions from William R. Merriam by recommending him for a cabinet appointment in the Hanna administration. The St. Paul Dispatch commends the vassalage.

MERRIAM IS SELFISH.

Alexandria Post-News: Mr. Merriam would take anything that would help him to the senate. But can he get it? Why should Mr. McKinley invite him into his cabinet? Minnesota does not ask it. A majority of Minnesota Republicans do not wish it. As to any personal obligation of Mr. McKinley to Mr. Merriam, it is purely a myth. It will be remembered that a year and more ago Mr. Merriam trotted around very industriously after Mr. McKinley; he was then looked upon as his Minnesota agent. Later, however, when the fight was on, Merriam took to the southern woods and his lackey, Bixby, and his organ, the Red Wing Republican, put in their time working the favorite son scheme against Mr. McKinley. That the latter got Minnesota's delegation was in spite of Merriam and against his efforts, then it is said that he expressed himself as surprised that he was not asked to contribute to the nomination fund. He expected to be asked to do so, and by his purse as usual to purchase the preferment he craved. He was playing "good God and good devil" as he always does, for it is characteristic of Mr. Merriam that he never in his life helped anybody politically except for his own benefit. The report that he helped make Mr. Nelson either governor or United States senator is wholly false; it is also false that he helped Mr. Clough secure the nomination for governor. They neither of them owe Mr. Merriam a thank you for their success, as the Post-News has so often remarked.

IRON RANGE REVIVAL.

Resumption of Work on Minnesota Iron Ranges.

Vermilion Iron Journal: Leaving out of the question consideration as to whether the revival in business, which is general in the whole country, is due to the result of the late election, there is no doubt of the fact that the Minnesota iron ranges are experiencing a return to more prosperous times than they have seen for several years. With the immense amount of ore already mined on hand, the determination of the iron companies to push the mines to their utmost capacity and to eclipse all previous winter outputs, points to the conclusion that in the opinion of those best qualified to judge, the prospects for a ready sale of mine products are of an encouraging and lasting nature.

It is only a natural result that the recent curtailment of repairs and expenses in railroads and other industries, which have seriously affected the iron trade, should be followed by a more than ordinary demand when once the wheels of prosperity begin to move, but the indications point to something more lasting than that alone.

Improvement in the iron industry must be co-existent with improvement in every other branch of business, and experience has shown that long periods of depression are followed by much longer periods of prosperity. That such is the situation now there is every reason to believe, and it can be desired by none more than those who are dependent more or less directly upon the development and well being of the iron ranges of Minnesota.

GREAT REVIVAL COMING.

An upward movement may recur at any time, if liberally prompted; or it may be left until after the yearly settlements, a month hence. But, in either case, the material is steadily accumulating for a "bull" campaign after the opening of the new year. There is every reason to expect that we shall then see the effect of the election upon the general trade of the whole country. The mills will be active, a large distributing trade will be in operation, labor will be well employed, and for the first time in four years we shall breathe the refreshing air of a healthy trade. The banks will be plethoric with money. Already they hold a surplus of reserve amounting to $23,500,000, and probably $30,000,000, sent to the interior during the fall months, has yet to come back to them; so that 1897 will open with a local abundance of money calculated to encourage active investment and speculative operations on the stock exchange.

Moreover, the banks are initiating a movement in the direction of fostering the gold basis, which, at a later stage, may prove a valuable contribution to consolidating public confidence. They are already beginning to settle their mutual balances at the clearing house in that metal, instead of using legal tenders; and all indications point to this usage becoming general at an early day. At the same time, the strong insistence of public opinion that currency reform shall, without delay, be carried to a worthy conclusion, and the disposition shown to make that a non-partisan issue, is strongly suggestive that our currency derangements may soon cease to stand as a bar to confidence in American finance. These are but some of the factors that are working together for making 1897 a year memorable in history for its reconstruction of our monetary system, as well as for a great revival of our commerce upon solid foundations. It is not difficult to judge what is likely to be the course of investments under the steady unfolding of these prospects.

HENRY CLEWS.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE DAZZLER."

The Lyceum was filled last evening as it has not been in a long time and "The Dazzler" seemed to please everyone immensely. It is not "The Dazzler" that Kate Castleton and Joseph Ott presented here five years ago except in name. The piece has been entirely rewritten and it has been considerably bettered by that operation. Of course it is all nonsense, but when that is of a good kind it can serve a good purpose.

Will West appears as Ezelseel Pipes and is a comical genius. His makeup is somewhat on the tramp order and is as totally unlike that of Joseph Ott's as can be imagined, but it is quite as good as was his. Max Miller in a German character was very good. There are a large number of pretty girls and they sing well. The specialties were all good and there were any number of them. Some of the dancing was more than ordinarily good. Miss Ida Marie Rodgers, in her child impersonation was excellent. Miss Jennie Riggs and Miss Lizzie Sangers gave a clever specialty that brought them great applause and several encores.

"DORCAS."

A really notable performance will be that of "Dorcas" at the Lyceum next Thursday afternoon and evening. This famous operatic comedy which is now en tour, presented by three different companies in Great Britain, and which during the past two seasons has made such an unqualified hit in the United States, is the joint work of Harry and Edward Paulton, the authors of "Erminie," "Niobe," etc. The present cast is unusually strong, embracing such a galaxy of stars as Eva Davenport, Marie Millard, Charles Bassett, Drew Donaldson, William Broderick, Fred Frear, Minnie Jarboe, Marie Davenport, Arthur R. Seaton, Charles Meyers, etc. In costuming, music and stage accessories the production will be of the highest artistic merit. Edward Paulton has given his own personal supervision to it.

NEWS OF THE VICTORIES

Won by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters over disease are almost daily received by its proprietors. For over a third of a century it has been the theme of constant and grateful acknowledgements from those whom it has cured or protected from disease, from medical men who have watched its effects and adopted it, and from a host of other sources. A noticeable concurrence in this mass of testimony as to the thoroughness of its effects is observable. This point speedily commends itself to the consideration of persons afflicted with obstinate forms of maladies to which it is adapted, against which ordinary remedies have proved unavailing. Fever and ague, chronic constipation and dyspepsia, long and increasing debility, confirmed biliousness and rheumatism, are among the forms of disease which most frequently defy medication, and to the eradiction of these maladies the Bitters is specially suited. It is pure, speedy and thorough.

THE DIFFERENCE.

Duluth Labor World: Some of the cheap newspapers who opposed Bryan bitterly and had so many unkind things to say about him before election are still keeping up their abuse. With the average man, after the votes are counted, the situation is accepted and all immediately adapt themselves to the situation. With these papers it is different.

A JUST WARFARE.

Red Wing Journal: The Minneapolis Times is of the opinion that some sort of antifat should be devised for the fees now the portion of the oil inspector and the surveyor of logs. This is not the first protest made, but protesting does not seem to have had any effect, and is not likely to this time, there are too many "active workers" who hope the time will come when they may "be it." The warfare is just, however, and should be waged until the offices of oil inspectors and surveyor of logs are placed on the salary list and a fair amount paid for the work done.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Old Inhabitants Say:

The Winter Will be a Record Breaker.

'TIS well therefore to be prepared. Have plenty of clothing. Goodness and Cheapness are the best qualities of our clothing. There's our

Overcoats and Ulsters

The Sack Overcoat . .

For business and general wear we sell at

$10, $12 and $15

Is an exclamation point of satisfaction at these prices. Neat, warm, well made throughout; what more do you want. It is a fact that we are selling very excellent, very comfortable, very good sack Overcoats for $8, $7 and even as low as $5.

Are you out in the weather? If so you want one of our

Storm Ulsters.

You can bid defiance to blusters or blizzards if you wear one of them. They are in frieze and chinchilla, have wide collars that roll up closely to neck and head, are double-breasted, and are as warm as a red-hot stove. You can get one as low as................ **$5.00**

Then $7 00, $8.00, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.

Give the boy a Chance

And he'll very soon find an Overcoat to please him here. Little lad Reefers and Overcoats at POPULAR PRICES. Happy looking, snug fitting, new lines, abundant selections

The Winter Suit . . .

May be what you are after. Good suits as low as

$4, $5 and $6.

Popular Chevoits, in single and double-breasted, for

$7, $8.50 and $10

Those desirable new plaids, full satin lined, make just such suits as you want at

$12 and $16.

Underwear

At under prices. All the best in this line at

50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50 a Garment.

Big line of Winter Caps—The Latest at 25c, 50c, 75c, $1 and $1.50.

LARGE LINE OF GLOVES AND MITTENS.

C.W. ERICSON
THE ONE PRICE CLOTHIER.

219 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

EXPORTABLE SURPLUS OF WHEAT.

The exports of wheat from the United States during the last five years have been from 150,000,000 to 200,000,000 bushels yearly, or an average yearly exportation of something over 180,000,000 bushels. During the same time Russia has been exporting more largely than ever before, and the same is true of Argentine.

The requirements of the importing countries have grown larger each year from both an increase in population and a decrease of a cultivation of wheat. The land in such countries being more profitably used for the production of vegetables and other crops.

The government estimate of the 1896 crop of wheat for the United States is 394,000,000 bushels, other high authorities place it at 425,000,000 bushels. The best authorities generally agree that the requirements for use and seed of the United States are not less than 370,000,000 bushels per annum. This would leave an exportable surplus from our last crop of 55,000,000 bushels. The visible supply on July 1 last was 47,000,000 bushels. Allowing 40,000,000 bushels of this for export, and 15,000,000 bushels from the invisible supply, we have a possible exportable surplus for this fiscal year of 110,000,000 bushels. This amount, it must be remembered, could not be spared without reducing our visible and invisible supplies to a lower point than it has been during this generation, and this could not be brought about without a price far in excess of any recent price for wheat being bid for the last 25,000,000 or 30,000,000 bushels.

During the last five months we have exported over 70,000,000 bushels, which leaves only a possible 40,000,000 of exportable wheat to supply exportations for the next seven months. This is only a little over 1,000,000 bushels a week, and our weekly exports are now running at 3,000,000 bushels or more, while enough wheat is now owned in this country by foreigners that is already contracted for shipment to cause the exports to continue at 3,000,000 bushels per week for several weeks in the future.

It would seem as though the time had come when any persons owning wheat in the United States would be very foolish to sell it at present prices, as higher prices in the not far distant future, and, indeed, much higher prices inside of six months, are in all reason as certain to come as anything in the future can be predicted.

Europe is practicaly forced to have large quantities of wheat from the United States before another general harvest. There are no other exporting countries that can make up to her the deficiency in our own production. Russia's crop is admittedly much smaller than her 1895 or 1894 crop, and while she can be a liberal exporter of wheat, she cannot supply as much as Europe has been getting from her of late years, without drawing her supplies down to a minimum point. Argentine is complaining of drouth and locusts, and her exports for the next year will certainly not exceed her late yearly exports, but are more certain to be smaller in volume. India and Australia, usual liberal exporters of wheat, are now and must continue to be for the next twelve months large importers, owing to crop failures in those countries.

The conditions warranting extreme high prices for wheat have not been so favorable during the past twenty-seven years as they are on this crop.

CHARLES L. HYDE.

Pierre, S. D., Nov. 20.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, in Special Term, Nov. 23rd, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of James H. Swan, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Mary E. Swan, executrix of the estate of James H. Swan, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Thursday, the 17th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of the probate court in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 23rd day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Executrix.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-24-Dec-1-8.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 60-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

Notice of Confirmation OF Commissioners' Report

For Obtaining an Easement for Slopes for Cuts and Fills and for Retaining Walls on Seventh Alley.

Office of City Clerk, Duluth, Minn., Nov. 12, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment of damages made by the board of public works of the city of Duluth, ex-officio commissioners in condemnation proceedings for obtaining an easement for slopes, for cuts and fills and for retaining walls on both sides of the alley between Sixth and Seventh streets from Fifth avenue east to Sixth avenue east as shown by the plat of the same on file in the office of the city clerk, has been returned, and the same will be confirmed by the common council of said city at a meeting of said common council, to be held at the council chamber on Monday, Nov. 30, 1896, at 7:30 p. m., unless objections are made in writing by persons interested in any land required to be taken.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov 13 to 24 inc.

ESTABLISHED 1887.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

TELEPHONE 292. CASH GROCERS. 401-403 EAST FOURTH ST.

Our Store will be Closed all day Thanksgiving.

Do you see that knife

And do you know what it means? It means that you can buy the highest grades of - =GROCERIES= FOR

Thanksgiving Dinner!

AT

CUT RATES.

Good Goods at Lowest Prices

Are the best relish at any time.

Special for Tomorrow, Wednesday.

Fancy Oranges, doz	30c, 35c, 40c	Filberts, per lb	11c
Fancy Bananas	15c, 20c	Walnuts, per lb	12½c
Fancy Malaga Grapes, per lb	20c	Brazil Nuts, per lb	10c
Cape Cod Cranberries, fancy	7½c	White Clover Honey, per lb comb	12½c
Sweet Potatoes, 12 lbs for	25c	Pure Apple Cider, per gal	18c
Citron, Lemon and Orange peel, lb	15c	Boiled Cider, per quart	20c
Fancy Jordan Shelled Almonds, lb	35c	Fancy Olives, per quart	25c
Fancy Valencia Shelled Almonds, lb	33c	Julian Renan Brand Olive Oil, quart bottles, regular price 75c, bottle	67c
Fancy Valencia Shelled Almonds, lb	30c	Julian Renan Brand Macaroni, Spaghetti and Vermicili, regular price 15c, going at	11c
Fair Valencia Shelled Almonds, lb	20c	Hickory Nuts, per peck	38c
Good Cooking Figs, per lb	8c	Pure Leaf Lard, per lb	6c
Fancy Imp. 5-crown Figs, per lb	17c	"Viking" Fancy Flour, 98-lb sack	$2.35
Fancy Imp Malaga Raisins, per lb	22c	"Viking Pride" Flour, 98-lb sack	$2.25
Fard Dates, per lb	10c	Clover Leaf Creamers, 1-lb print	25c
Colorado Cluster Raisins, fancy, lb	15c	Good Dairy	15c and 18c
Walter Baker's Chocolate, per lb	28c	Fancy River Home Dairy, the best dairy in the city, per lb	20c
Roman Sweet Chocolate, per cake	5c	Fancy Cucumbers, each	8c
Cocoanuts, bulk, per lb	15c	Celery, per doz	30c
Fancy Mixed Candy, per lb	7c	New Beets, per bunch	7c
Home-made Chocolate Drops, per lb	15c	CAULIFLOWER, EGG PLANT, OYSTER PLANT, LETTUCE, RADISHES, SPINACH, PARSLEY, TOMATOES and everything good and suitable for THANKSGIVING DINNER.	
Fancy 3-crown Raisins, per lb	8c		
Fancy Clean Currants, per lb	8c		
Colorado Seedless Raisins, per lb	9c		
Sure Pop Popcorn, 10 lbs for	25c		
Corn Poppers, each	10c and 20c		
Mixed Nuts, per lb	10c		
Almond Nuts, per lb	14c		
Pecan Nuts, per lb	10c		

GRONSETH & OLSEN.

Rathbun's

21 East Superior St.

TELEPHONE 650. SIMON CLARK, Manager.

Table Delicacies for Thanksgiving....

Saratoga Chips, equal to home made, per lb	20c	Table Raisins, best quality, per lb	25c
Cranberries, strictly fancy per quart	8c	Sweet Mexican Oranges, per dozen 25c and	30c
Mince Meat, Gordon & Dilworth's $1.00 bottles, each	65c	Catawba Grapes, extra fancy, per basket	25c
Best Olives, Gordon & Dilworth's $1.00 bottles, each	60c	Lettuce, Hanson's home grown, from Glen Avon, 3 heads	10c
Plum Pudding, Gordon & Dilworth's, 60c cans, each	43c	Cider, best quality, per gallon	18c
Plum Pudding, Gordon & Dilworth's, 30c cans, each	22c	Mince Meat, best quality, per lb	8c
Asparagus, Monarch Brand, 40c cans, each	25c	French Peas and Mushrooms, best quality, per can	25c
Mixed Nuts, best quality, per lb	10c	Imported Edam Cheese in foil, each	85c
Table Raisins, good quality, per lb	15c		

Cucumbers, Eggplant, Celery, Spinach, Cauliflower, Watercress, Radishes at lowest market prices. Walnuts, Almonds, Pecans, Hickory Nuts, Chestnuts, Filberts. Full line Table Delicacies at equally low prices. Store Open till 11 p. m. Wednesday. Closed all day Thanksgiving.

RATHBUN'S, 21 East Superior St.

Thanksgiving Greeting and Thanksgiving Prices!

C. E. RIDDLE,

TELEPHONE 385. 101 WEST FOURTH STREET.

Thanksgiving! Thanksgiving! Thanksgiving!

Thanksgiving Cranberries, per quart	8c
Thanksgiving Golden Cluster Raisins, per lb	10c
Thanksgiving 3-Crown Muscatel Raisins, per lb	8c
Thanksgiving Extra Hand-Picked Green Currants, 3 lbs	25c
Thanksgiving 4-Crown Layer Figs, per lb	12½c
Thanksgiving 1-lb Box Telekaltaras, seeded, stemmed and cleansed, per lb	15c
Thanksgiving First Quality Mixed Nuts, per lb	12½c
Thanksgiving Lemons, per dozen	20c
Thanksgiving Macaroni, regular 12½c per package, half price	7c
Thanksgiving Jersey Sweet Potatoes, 4 lbs for	10c
Thanksgiving Baldwin and Greening Apples, per peck	15c
Thanksgiving Corsican Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel, per lb	20c
Thanksgiving Sweet Gherkins, Sweet Mixed Chow Chow and Olives, per bottle	15c
Thanksgiving Sure Pop Popcorn, per lb	3c

Thanksgiving strictly pure Sweet Cider, Boiled Cider. Thanksgiving strictly fresh Eggs, home made Mince Meat, and extra selected Oysters for our trade. In fact everything you want for a Big Thanksgiving Dinner, both in

MEATS AND GROCERIES!

500 pounds Dry Picked and Drawn Turkeys and Chickens just in yesterday from our Dakota shippers. Remember our MEAT MARKET—everything strictly fresh, neat and clean.

Telephone your orders to 385. We will do the rest, or Telephone for our solicitor to call at your residence. We guarantee prompt delivery.

C. E. RIDDLE, 101 West Fourth Street.

ENDORSED

Mayor's Veto of the Bond Resolution Sustained By One Vote.

Steel Pipe Contract Let to the Carroll Porter Company.

Valve Contract Matter Discussed But No Decisive Action Taken.

The council last evening sustained the mayor's veto of the resolution for the issue of $1,695,000 of bonds for the purchase of the gas and water plants, and, in that respect at least, the meeting was a memorable one. The award of the contract for steel force main pipe to the Carrol Porter company was confirmed, and the valve contract was hung up indefinitely.

In his message accompanying the veto of the resolution for the issue of bonds, the mayor called attention to the fact that litigation attacking the election on the proposition for the purchase of the water and gas plants is pending; that the recount of the ballots cast on the proposition had not been concluded, and that to authorize the issue of bonds on the assumption that the proposition has carried, before the court's decision, would be to incur expense that might be needless.

Alderman Coventry, following the reading of the message, moved that the resolution be passed notwithstanding the mayor's veto. The motion was lost by a vote of 10 yeas to 5 nays, lacking one of the necessary two-thirds. It was a narrow squeak, but the mayor was a winner.

The debate over the resolution confirming the award to the Carrol Porter company of the steel force main pipe was the most lively number of the evening. Alderman Coventry, in the caucus in the afternoon, had urged the passage of the resolution, but he now lifted up his voice against it. The clause in the resolution providing that the contract might be annulled whenever lack of funds made it necessary did not seem to satisfy him.

Alderman Richardson, who did not join with the committee in reporting the resolution confirming the award, submitted a verbal minority report, recommending that all bids be rejected. His report was stated to be out of order by the chair, because it was not in writing, whereupon he withdrew it, and Alderman Coventry came to the rescue with a motion to the same effect as an amendment to the original resolution. He urged that $93,000 is a great deal of money to contract for the expenditure of when there is no certainty that funds will be forthcoming. Furthermore, he said, the pipe should be made in Duluth, if possible. If it should be decided that the proposition to purchase the water and gas plants had not carried, the supply of money would, he felt sure, he said, be stopped.

SANG ENDORSES COVENTRY.

Alderman Sang endorsed the remarks of his confrere from the First. The member from the Eighth created a small sensation when he remarked that in this instance, he was willing to lay aside all sentiment for business considerations. Alluding to objections that had been raised that to reject all bids at this time would injure the city's credit, he remarked that the clause in the resolution providing that the contract might be annulled in case the funds gave out did not help the credit of the city any either. He concluded by saying that he is a protectionist so far as the question of looking after Duluth's interests goes.

Alderman Crandall said the people had elected the council to put in waterworks, and that there has been "fizzling and monkeying enough." Pipe would be needed when spring opens; there is enough pipe to be made to give Duluth people something to do. He said the council had got into the way of "twaddle." "There is lots of wind," said he, "but no business." The fear that no money would be forthcoming should it be decided that the purchase proposition has not carried he branded as a bugaboo, and reminded the council that Gay & Co. had recently asked to be allowed to take the whole issue purchased by them at once. "Let's put this part of the work," said he, "into the hands of men who are able and have the stuff in them to go ahead and turn it out."

Alderman Richardson said he, for one, did not want Pittsburg to have a "blowout" to supply the money for which work here would have to be stopped.

The amendment rejecting all bids was lost, and the resolution confirming the award to the Carrol Porter company was carried by a vote of 10 to 5. When the result was announced, a beatific smile illumined the face of Mr. Porter, who had been anxiously watching the proceedings.

THE VALVES NEXT.

A resolution was introduced by Chairman Harker, of the waterworks committee, that the majority report of the special committee on valves be accepted and referred to the board of public works with instructions to make contracts in accordance therewith. This meant practically a victory for the Rensselaer people, for the report recommended that they be awarded the contract for the big horizontal valves, although their bid thereon is higher than that of the Michigan Brass and Iron works, on the ground of superior efficiency. Contrary to expectation, there was no debate, those who favored the Rensselaer valve being sure of a victory, perhaps, and the others laying low. The majority report was thrown down, the vote on the resolution being 8 yeas to 7 nays. There was a dazed expression on some faces when the dust cleared away.

The matter came up again later on a motion by Alderman Olafson that the contract for valves be let in accordance with the minority report of the special committee, submitted by Mr. Reed, of the board of public works. Alderman Krumsieg raised the point that the waterworks committee had not reported on the minority report, and that it was not, therefore, before the council. Some figuring now ensued as to how the council was to get both the majority and minority reports out of the hands of the committee. They had both been read in the caucus, but had been retained by the waterworks committee, to which they had been referred, that body merely reporting the resolution that the majority report be adopted.

Alderman Olafson moved that both reports be received, and Alderman Krumsieg moved as an amendment that both reports be read. This motion and amendment being lost, the former moved that Mr. Reed's report be read.

Alderman Krumsieg insisted that both should be read, Mr. Reed's being, he said, mainly an attack on the balance of the special committee.

The motion was lost by a vote of 8 nays to 7 yeas. And then the supporters of the majority report forced a temporary cessation of hostilities by adjournment.

ANOTHER INSPECTOR.

The employment by the board of public works of an inspector of the construction and erection of the pumping machinery was authorized, and the application of T. W. Hugo and Alexander Crawford for the position were referred to the board. After some discussion, the matter of the inspector's salary was referred to the board of public works, with instructions to fix the compensation at not over $100 a month as the maximum, and report to the council.

THE PRESCOTT CONTRACT.

A resolution was passed amending the contract with the D. Clint Prescott company to place the power of authorizing sub-letting by the Prescott company in the hands of the board of public works instead of the council. The contract with the Prescott company was drawn in the regular form, which is designed to prevent sub-letting in ordinary works of improvement, such as paving and the construction of sewers, etc., without the approval of the council. For the sake of convenience the construction of the boilers and the electric light plant and the erection of the foundations for the pumping engines were included in one contract, the Prescott company undertaking it with the understanding that it should be allowed to sub-let this work. The amendment noted was stated to be in line with the understanding and to obviate the delay of waiting for action by the council. The Prescott company's bond was approved also.

A communication from Consulting Engineer Rundlett, addressed to Chairman Harker of the waterworks committee, found its way into the pile of communications to the council and was read and referred. The principal object of it seemed to be to convey the assurance that the bid of the Carrol Porter company on the steel main was the lowest, and that the specifications of the city engineer were all right, "although," it was stated, "there is no question that cast iron pipe will deliver more water with the same friction head than steel." It is stated that, however, 42-inch steel pipe has ample capacity for the plant contemplated. It was advised, further, that provision be made for increased reservoir capacity.

OLD CITY ORDERS.

Two city orders, aggregating $11 in amount, dated 1873, which have been hoarded and are, probably, now drawn out by the general restoration of confidence, were received, with a request from T. A. Olmstel, the present holder, that they be paid. The orders were issued February and April, 1873. The one issued in the first named month bears the signatures of J. D. Ray, mayor; C. F. Johnson, comptroller, and Walter Van Brunt, clerk. The other is signed by V. Smith, mayor; C. F. Johnson, comptroller, and John F. McLaren, J., clerk. They were referred.

A little tilt over filling a hole in an alley in the Fifth ward was interesting as affording Alderman Sang an opportunity to expatiate on his well worn but always inspiring text, the extravagance of paying the livery bill incurred by Health Officer Routh while the latter's steed was indisposed. Exactly how he got from the alley up in the Fifth around to the health office was not apparent to those who did not follow him closely, but he did it, remarking that it was not more extravagant to spend $20 in fixing the alley, albeit there might be a slight irregularity in appropriating the money from the general fund, than to pay for "drawing our $1800 health officer around." The alley matter was referred.

Resolutions were passed allowing Dr. Graham's bill for $36 for attendance at police headquarters and the bill of Consulting Engineer Rundlett, amounting to $533. The report of Mr. Rundlett was accepted and adopted and the clerk directed to so notify the board of public works. The board was authorized to enter into a contract with the Duluth & Iron Range railroad for the construction of the spur track at Lakewood.

A communication from the board of public works was received notifying the council that the contract for the construction of the armory had been practically completed and recommending that permanent insurance be secured. Referred.

The application of H. Haycraft for the janitorship of the armory was received and referred.

THE AFTERNOON SESSION.

The matter of chief interest at the caucus in the afternoon was the submission of the majority and minority reports of the special committee on valves. T. W. Hugo read the former and D. A. Reed the latter. The majority report, after detailing the provisions made to secure fair play recommended that the Rensselaer company be awarded the contract for the big horizontal valves and that for the 30-inch valves and the sizes thereunder the contracts be awarded to the lowest bidder.

Mr. Reed criticized the manner in which the investigation had been conducted, five hours had been spent in listening to the arguments of the valve men and but two hours in consideration of the claims put forth. The rule that each agent should be confined to a statement of the merits of his own goods and not allowed to call attention to the defects of others was adhered to, he said, only in the case of Mr. Strackbein, the agent for the Michigan Brass and Iron works. The others had been allowed to smuggle in derogatory references to their competitors. It looked, he said, as if the committee had determined to favor the most suave mannered and pleasing speaker. He stated that the Michigan valve is superior in point of mechanical construction, having but seven parts against nine and eleven parts in some of the others. He found fault with the others, also, on various other scores. He concluded by saying that the differences were not so great as to warrant passing the lowest bidder in any item and recommended that the items be awarded to the lowest bidder. This basis is the only one, he said, on which the Michigan company would consent to a division of the contract. By so awarding the contracts, about $600 would be saved. Both reports were referred to the waterworks committee.

DANGEROUS SURGERY.

Death Follows the Surgeon's Knife—Not the Surgeon's Fault, of Course. He Can't Help It—You Can.

Pyramid Pile Cure Cures Piles Quickly, Painlessly, Without Danger.

People go along for years suffering with piles. They try this and that and the other thing; from carrying a buckeye to getting treatment from a physician. They obtain temporary relief, maybe, but they are never quite cured. A little strain in lifting, excessive fatigue, a little constipation or a little diarrhoea and the piles come back.

They don't seem to amount to much, but they banish sleep and appetite. No position is comfortable. There is intense local pain, and that dreadful feeling of weight in the perineum.

Maybe in the early stages some of the many salves on sale will afford temporary relief. If the case is of long standing there is only one speedy and sure remedy. It is Pyramid Pile Cure. Even in light cases it is the safest thing to use. Other applications may cure and may not. Pyramid Cure is always certain, always reliable, always brings comfort at once. It's prompt use saves months of severe suffering. In extreme cases it will save surgical operations and their attendant dangers and discomforts. It is better than a knife. Will cure easier, quicker and safer. Thousands have used it. Thousands have been cured by it. The cost is trifling, compared with what it does. The price is 50 cents. Most anybody would gladly pay $10 to be rid of piles.

Druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure. If yours hasn't it he will get it for you from the Pyramid Drug company, of Albion, Mich., (sole manufacturers.)

SUGAR PLANTERS' GRIEVANCES.

Port Louis, Island of Maritius, Nov. 24.—The sugar planters of this island have decided to join with those of the British West Indies in representations to the government of Great Britain regarding the sugar bounties paid by foreign countries, with the view to bringing about some counter action to enable the planters here to compete more fairly with their foreign rivals. Delegates have been appointed to present the grievances in the proper quarters.

STANDS AT THE HEAD.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and today stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

BEST AND PUREST.

Solon spring water. 5c per gallon.

TAXED THEIR TOOLS.

Windsor, Ont., Nov. 24.—A party of fourteen Poles and one American crossed the river this morning, bringing with them a full kit of lumbermen's tools. They stated that they were going to Ruscombe, a small station on the Michigan Central railway, near Tilbury, to work in a lumber camp for the winter. The customs office levied 35 per cent on their tools. This is the first time that tolls have been charged on cesond-hand tools coming into Canada temporarily, and it is believed to have been done on advice from Ottawa.

A COMPOSITE PICTURE of all who have been cured of diseases of the LIVER, KIDNEYS and BLADDER would show thousands restored to PERFECT HEALTH

BY USING Dr. J. H. McLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM

THE PEERLESS REMEDY RELIEVES QUICKLY AND WORKS A PERMANENT CURE

For Sale at Druggists Price, $1.00 a Bottle.

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Thanksgiving Sugges=tions

To aid you in getting up this all-important dinner.

Soups--
Huckins, Julienne, Mock Turtle, Ox Tail, Mulligitawny, Chicken, Consomme. Snider's Tomato, Burnham's Clam Bullion. Poultry and meats we leave to our friends the butchers.

Fresh Vegetabl's
Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Celery, Parsley, Mint, Spinach, Lettuce, Oyster Plants, Cucumbers, Radishes, Green Onions, Egg Plant, Sweet Potatoes.

Canned Vegetables.
French Peas, String Beans, Mushrooms in glass and cans, Pate de Fois Gras. A full line of our celebrated brand of Richelieu Fruits and Vegetables. Asparagus in endless variety.

Sauces and Relishes.
Heinze's, India Relish, Celery Sauce, East India Relish, Worcestershire Sauce, Tobasco and Chili Sauce, Catsup.

Salad Oil and Dressings.
Durkee's Salad Dressing, Royal Yacht Club, Rae's Lucca Oil, Ritter's Salad Oil.

Canned Meats.
Roast Turkey, Chicken and Beef, Lunch Ham, Whole Ox Tongue, Lamb's Tongue, Potted and Deviled Meats and Game, Sliced Bacon, Russian Caviar, Lunch Ham, etc.

Canned Fish.
Lobsters, Clams, Shrimps, Soused Mackerel, Salmon Cutlets, Salmon Steak, Green Turtle Meat, Anchovies, Sardines.

Fish Pastes.
Anchovy, Bloater and Shrimp.

Pickles.
Olives in bulk and in glass, Olives Farcie, Pitted Olives, Sweet Stuffed Pickles, Plain and Mixed Sweet Spiced, Sweet Midgets, Plain and Mixed Sour, Pickled Beets, Chow Chow, Onions.

Fruits--Fresh.
Grapes—Malaga, Tokay, Catawba and Concords, Oranges, Bananas and Table Apples.

Fruits--Dried.
Imported Table Raisins, Smyrna Figs, Dates.

Fruits--In Glass.
Brandied Cherries, Peaches and Pears, Sour Cherries, Gordon and Dillworth Fresh Fruits in Glass. Ritter's Preserves and Jams, Richelieu Fruits, Preserves and Jams. Our line in the above is so varied that it would be nigh impossible to enumerate.

Cheese.
Parmesan, Roquefort, Neufchatel, de Brie, Imported and Domestic Swiss, Sap Saco, Edam, Pineapple, Buckstein, Jackey Club, New York Full Cream.

Nuts of all kinds.
Burnett's Fruit Colorings for Ices and Cakes.
Gordon and Dillworth's and Richardson and Robbins' Plum Pudding.

Mince Meat.
In glass—Gordon and Dillworth's Richelieu.
Bulk—Ross' Christmas Brand.

Cider.
Duffy's Pure Apple Juice by the gallon or in three-gallon buckets.

Teas and Coffees.
Ceylone, Simla, the celebrated English Blended Tea, Monsoon, Lipton's; all grades of Oolongs.
Mocha and Java Coffee.
Richelieu, Diamond, White House and Cafe.

Make out your list. Come early.

Select your goods from the reliable

Richelieu Grocery, Sutton & Maas, Props. 118-120 West Superior St.

Lakeside Delivery—Wednesday or Early Thursday Morning.

If your Table be Graced With a Prime, Fat and Tender

Turkey.....

From our specially selected and specially fed collection of them, the

Thanksgiving Dinner

Is a sure success. Our bright New Meat Market is now ready to supply your wants.

Extra Quality Turkeys, Seasonable Game, Large and Select Oysters in can or bulk, Prime Roasts in Beef, Veal. Pork, Legs of Mutton, Geese, Ducks and Chickens, Superior Breakfast Sausage, Bacon and Hams, Superior Quality Lard.

Everything of the best. Careful attention given all orders.

Duluth Provision Co.,

TELEPHONE 339. 710 EAST THIRD STREET.

The Biggest and Best Birds

The fat and juicy Turkeys, and the largest and best Oysters, to go with them, are at

COX BROS.

101 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Headquarters for the essentials for the Thanksgiving dinner.

Poultry, Turkeys, Geese, Ducks, Chickens, Prime Roasts of all kinds

We buy our Oysters direct from Baltimore and guarantee them fresh, large and fine.

TELEPHONE YOUR ORDERS TO NO. 231.

DELIVERIES MADE PROMPTLY TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

Ladies' Coats Special

This morning we again received 50 New Jackets of the very latest styles. These Jackets were made and intended to sell at $18 and are fully worth that much. We have had a successful season with our Cloaks, and appreciating that success, instead of merely offering thanks, we thought we'd give the ladies also a chance to offer thanks to have waited for this day of money-saving, and this is what we offer: Tomorrow and up to Thursday noon at 12, all of these 50 New first-class Plain English Kersey and Rough Boucle effects, all silk, fancy lined, $18 Jackets..... **$12.50**

This is an opportunity, practical and possible, so that you can sit down to your Thanksgiving dinner, and give thanks for saving $6 on one garment. We shall also make it interesting for the Misses and Children, and the only thing we can say is that we will give you better goods, better make, better wear, for less money than any other house.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

The Big Glass Block Store Remains Open Until 10 p. m. Tomorrow Night.

Schiller Cigar Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

The Schiller 10-Cent Cigar.

Distributing Agents for the Well-known

"Tom Moore" and "La Sinceridad" Key West.

The best 5-cent Cigar in the market is the "Lord Dunraven"

Stop Drinking Whisky! Substitute for it our

WIENER BEER

SOLD BY THE KEG OR IN BOTTLES BY THE CASE.

Duluth Brewing and Malting company.

WEST END

Loyal Orange Lodge Ladies Will Give a Fair Next Month.

Program For the Entertainment at Great Eastern Hall Thanksgiving.

School Children Will Make Their Annual Thanksgiving Offering.

The ladies of Loyal Orange lodge of West Duluth will hold a fair in the Stewart block opposite the Manufacturers' bank on Dec. 18 and 19. There will be several interesting contests, among them a ton of coal, sack of flour, lamp, skates, etc. There have been a large number of articles donated for the fair and the prospects are that it will be a profitable and interesting affair. Refreshments will be served in the evening of both days by the ladies. A silk slumber robe will be sold by the purchase of tickets. The judges on the contests are Messrs. Olafson, Smart and Gifvert. Soliciting committee, Mrs. Richie, Tousys Little and Gifvert; committee on aranjements, Mrs. Fisher, Shank and Sherman; refreshments, Mrs. Smart, Webber, Hines, Littleton, McConnell, Crothers and Mills.

THE PROGRAM.

The following is the program for the entertainment to be given on Thursday evening at Great Eastern hall for the benefit of the Church of the Holy Apostles:

Piano duet .....
Mrs. Kingsbury, Miss Sadie Prescott
Concert Waltz .....Arditi
Miss Maud Kerr.
Tenor solo—Selected .....
C. W. Warfield.
Solo—"A Winter Lullaby".....
Miss Eva Rockwell.
Aria—From "Ernanie" .....
Miss Clara Kenney.
Musical dance—"Cups and Saucers"
By George Goosemith, Jr.
Characters—
Mrs. Worcester—Miss Susie Johnson;
General Decloh—W. F. Scoble.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S OFFERING.

The school children of West Duluth will make their usual Thanksgiving offering to the poor and the articles will be gathered together at the Longfellow school building. The distribution will be under the direction of the Ladies' Relief society, and will take place at the city hall on Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock.

AFTER A PLACE.

F. E. Colby is a candidate for assistant superintendent of the poor in this portion of the city. Mr. Colby was one of the most active workers for the Republican party during the campaign and has the endorsement of many influential men.

Last chance to buy wall paper at cost. Nygren's large stock nearly sold.

CHARITY BALL TONIGHT.

Annual Event of the Ladies' Relief Society.

The annual charity ball of the Ladies' Relief society will be given this evening at the Spalding hotel, and it will be the great social event this year, as it has been in the past. Oftentimes the ladies of the society have been anxious as to the success of the ball, but when the evening came it never failed to find the ball room graced by the presence of a large and fashionable gathering. This year's will undoubtedly be no exception.

The ladies are more than ordinarily anxious that this year's ball will be a financial success. The winter is almost sure to be a long and cold one, and there is danger that it will be one of much suffering and want, consequently the society is anxious to have as large a fund in the treasury as possible. This is the only appeal which the society makes each year, and it desires to meet with a most generous response.

The ball, socially, will be made as delightful as possible. Hoare's full orchestra will play, and dancing will begin at about 9 o'clock. There will be the usual reception preceding the ball, and the officers of the society, Mrs. A. M. Miller, Mrs. D. C. Prescott, Mrs. Clinton Markell, Mrs. A. B. Chaplin, Mrs. David Buchanan and other members, will receive. O. C. Hartman, C. D. Shepard, E. W. Markell and R. C. Ray will be the ushers. The floor will be in charge of W. C. Sargent, A. W. Hartman, D. R. McLennan, C. B. Woodruff, C. W. Culver, W. C. Farrington, Wells Gilbert, S. S. Bradley, Clark Fagg, W. R. Peyton, William Dalrymple, N. C. Kingsbury, W. B. Silvey, F. A. Lewis and Martin Watrous. The ticket committee consists of Ward Ames, C. M. Vance, George Spencer.

There will be no extra street cars after the ball.

TOO MUCH RABBIT.

Caused a Commotion Among the Gallery Gods.

During a wait between acts at the Lyceum last night the gallery gods started in to have a little fun themselves. After the manner of the deities of old, who occasionally sported up aloft on Olympus. Somebody dug up a piece of rabbit's hide with the hind legs and feet attached and fired this double-barreled mascot at a neighbor. The hide was returned in the direction whence it came, and, of course, struck the wrong man. He passed it on with a good deal of vigor and for a time the air seemed full of rabbits.

About this time, Doorkeeper Flynn, either because he wanted a rabbit's foot or wanted the noise stopped, started for the man who had last thrown the hide. As he clambered over the seats, somebody caught him by the leg and he came to earth, while the rabbit skin flew over the rail into the parquet. Flynn started for the door with the man who had pulled his leg, and after a scuffle, succeeded in throwing him out, amid mingled cries of "put him out," "let him alone," and the various remarks indulged in by a crowd on such an occasion. The fate of the rabbit's feet is unknown.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endlon cigar. W. A. Foote.

Marshall-Wells Hardware company today gave every married employe of the firm a large Thanksgiving turkey, and all the unmarried men received a ticket to the firemen's dance. The lady employes were suitably remembered.

Saturday afternoon a man who had been asked to be shown some shoes at Wieland's taking advantage of a moment when the attention of the clerk who was waiting on him was attracted elsewhere, selected a pair and left without going through the formality of paying for them. The thief has not yet been arrested.

The Glen Avon rink will be opened for skating on Thanksgiving day.

William Coyles was fined $10 and costs for drunkenness by Judge Edson this morning. William will sojourn on the hill for ten days.

There will be extra rehearsals of the Cecilian Choral society Wednesday and Friday, at 7:30 p. m., at 1014 East Second street. The regular rehearsal will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Saturday, at 1:30 p. m.

Thomas Wilson, who is accused of stealing an overcoat from a dummy in front of Goldberg's clothing store, on Superior street, near Fifth avenue west, yesterday afternoon, appeared before Judge Edson this morning. He pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set for tomorrow morning.

Word has been received here of the death of Mary W. Spalding, at Bloomfield, N. J., yesterday. Mrs. Spalding was the wife of Henry Curtis Spalding, formerly of this city.

PERSONALS.

G. W. Wallace came down from Virginia last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Bacon, of Tower, are at the Spalding today, having returned from the East.

J. F. Nester, of Baraga, Mich., is in the city.

E. J. O'Rourke, of Virginia, was in the city last evening.

M. J. Peppard, of Minneapolis, is in the city today.

E. Marcom is down from Tower attending to county board meeting.

W. H. Winter, of Phillips, Wis., is in the city.

H. Ogdenburg, of Carlton, was in the city last evening.

J. H. Rice, of St. Cloud, is in the city.

Mrs. G. R. Warner, of New York, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. McMurch, of New York, are at the St. Louis.

F. W. Le Sueur, United States special land agent, has returned from St. Cloud.

Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Bone, of Rice Lake, Wis., are in the city.

The board of directors of the Woman's and Children's home wish to thank the ladies and members of the Needle Work guild for the liberal donation of clothing and other articles.

A. B. Plough, general manager of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, will come up from St. Paul this evening with a party of society people, who will attend the charity ball at the Spalding tonight.

Ex-Senator F. B. Daugherty came up from St. Paul last evening.

C. G. Singer, of Chicago, arrived in the city last evening.

W. B. Daroca, of Cleveland, and Alex. Stewart, of Minneapolis, were on the board of trade today.

W. E. Moses, of Northfield, is in the city.

C. S. Morgan came up from St. Paul this morning.

F. B. Crosby, of Toledo, is in the city.

G. B. Ogsbury, of Anoka, was at the Spalding today.

Mrs. A. K. Ash, mother of C. R. Ash, of 1215 East Fourth street, arrived here from Chicago this morning. She will spend the winter in Duluth with her son.

B. F. Manning, of Fargo, N. D., is at the Spalding.

Attorney M. D. Munn, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

Superintendent H. A. Tuttle, of the North American Telegraph company, and C. W. Tuttle, of Minneapolis, are in the city.

J. A. Willard, of Mankato, is in the city.

T. F. Cole, of Negaunee, is in the city.

W. P. Clough, vice president of the Great Northern railroad, came up from St. Paul today.

Congressman Jenkins, of the Superior district, and Charles L. Catlin, of Superior, were in the city today and lunched with ex-Mayor Lewis, L. M. Williams and C. H. Graves.

Jean Morris Ellis will give private phrenological examinations at the old post office hall tomorrow from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Motor Line Improvement Company Foreclosure Case.

The day's call of court cases in district court melted rapidly this morning, and at 10:45 the entire list was rubbed off the board. Only two cases offered the least resistance, and in neither of them was there any appearance on the part of the defendants. The case of Horatio D. Bates, of Waterloo, Me., against the Motor Line Improvement company was apparently the most important. Mr. Bates sued to foreclose fifteen first mortgage 7 per cent gold bonds of the par value of $1000 each. The company put in an answer, denying on information and belief that Bates owned the notes. Later a stipulation was filed that he was their owner, and Judge Moer ordered judgment for the plaintiff for $15,000.

The case of George B. Spencer, as assignee, against the Great Northern and the Duluth & Iron Range railroads, to clear title to land in 55-15 was the next case which came to a hearing. Both defendants put in disclaimers, so judgment was ordered for Spencer to the effect that the roads have no title to the land.

There being no appearance by either party, the following cases were continued: W. C. Stevens against A. R. Merritt et al, Charles Stranahan against W. E. Richardson et al, Bernard Doyle against the city of Duluth. The case of H. Rosenbaum against the Duluth Provision and Dry Goods company et al was also continued.

The case of Stahl against the city was still on trial before Judge Ensign at noon, and it appeared to be good for all day and part of tomorrow.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Court Warned Them.

Annie Nichols and Maggie Clark, two half-breed girls, appeared before Judge Edson this morning charged with vagrancy. The Clark girl was found guilty and fined $10 and costs, and the Nichols girl was discharged. Officer Ryan, who made the arrest, testified that Complaint has been made that the girls, who live on Fifth street, in the vicinity of the incline, have been carrying on in a way that indicated that virtue is at a discount with them. The court warned them to walk more discretely in future.

The Newsboys' Dinner.

Tomorrow evening the newsboys will be fed at the Bethel. At 6 o'clock they will leave The Herald circulating room and march in line to the Bethel. Where they will be welcomed by Rev. C. C. Salter and his assistants and will be filled with good things. There will be about 250 boys, and all sizes and conditions will be found among them as well as all nationalities.

Maj. Hilton Coming.

C. F. Robel, superintendent of the Bethel, returned from Chicago this morning, where he has been for a few days in attendance upon the annual convention of the National Gospel Mission union. While there he was fortunate in securing Maj. George A. Hilton, of Washington, D. C., of national fame as an evangelist, to come to Duluth for a Thursday evening.

Do not let your dealer palm off on you any new remedy for colds. Insist on having Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Social Gathering and Dance Will be given on Thanksgiving Evening, Nov. 26, at the Kalamazoo block, 18 West Superior street, for the benefit of Emanuel Temple congregation. Tickets 50c a Couple.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

Two Nights, Nov. 26, 27

With Thanksgiving Matinee—Of Harry and Edward Paulton's

Operatic Comedy Success

"DORCAS,"

Catchy Music! Spicy Dialogue! Beautiful Costumes! All Star Cast!

Eva Davenport, William Broderick, Charles O. Bassett, Drew Donaldson, Marie Millard, Fred Frear, etc.

Evening Prices—$1.25, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinee—75c, 50c and 25c.

MUMS!

Chrysanthemums, incurved and recurved, rods, whites, yellows, gold, bronze, lilac and pink. Cut flowers by thousands; also a lovely stock of potted Mums. Ferns and plants of all kinds, fresh cut Smilax, etc.

25 Per Cent Off Until Election on Everything

LAKESIDE GREENHOUSES,
52nd Avenue East.
M. M. GASSER, 211 West Superior St.

A Toothsome Problem

If you will excuse the expression, is the question of where to get your dental work done. The first pre-requisite this week will be to have your grinders in the best possible condition in anticipation of the turkey feast which everyone expects to enjoy. There are dentists who do good work and make exorbitant charges for it; there are other dentists whose work is expensive in every sense at any price. Our work is known as first-class all the time and our prices do not frighten our patients.

DR. SCHIFFMAN,
Top Floor, Burrows Block.

EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES FOR THE WINTER AT THE St. James Hotel

Excellent Service.
Cuisine up to the Highest Standard.

Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. World educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO, ILLS.

"There are Others"

But it will pay you to visit

Our Establishment

and look over our stock and prices. We manufacture our own goods and can save you money. Our repairing, engraving, and stone cutting is done in the latest style by mechanics of twenty years experience and fully guaranteed. Pay cash for old gold and make to order any design.

Dorner & Co. Manufacturing Jewelers, Metropolitan block—2nd floor, next to Freimuth's.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDWAY, President. J. H. DUNN, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

POWER AND SETTLE DULUTH MINN.

AMERICAN STORE.

The Trend Toward Turkey...

is growing apace as the time shortens betwixt now and Thursday,

Thanksgiving Day

This store will be closed all day.

Linens There's a good thought, a friendly feeling, a cheerful twang, to the old word—**Thanksgiving.** Tradition has made it Turkey Time, and millions of good housewives will proudly place the noble bird before her company of invited guests again day after tomorrow, therefore we say

Look to Your Linens!

The success of your Thanksgiving dinner depends as much upon the linen as the Turkey.

In this house Linen is LINEN, and Cotton is not Linen.

Aside from the many pretty pieces that add to the table's beauty, such as covering cloths, center pieces, sideboard covers, tray cloths, doilies, etc., especial attention is directed to the extreme low prices on Fine Table Damasks here for tomorrow's selling:

62-inch Damask.....	50c per yard
69-inch Damask.....	65c per yard
69-inch Damask.....	90c per yard
72 inch Damask.....	$1.00 per yard
72-inch Damask.....	$1.10 per yard
72-inch Damask.....	$1.50 per yard

Hemstitched and Fringed Table Sets, and Novel Effects in 5 o'clock Tea Sets will be shown for the asking.

Keep in Mind the Great Inducements

Being offered in **Cloaks, Furs, Millinery, Silks, and Dress Goods** continue tomorrow.

Choice new effects in face veilings

Together with fresh receipts of Gloves are here ready for tomorrow's trading.

POWER & SETTLE

PISO'S CURE For Consumption

For the last 20 years we have kept Piso's Cure for Consumption in stock, and would sooner think a groceryman could get along without sugar in his store than we could without Piso's Cure. It is a sure seller.—RAVEN & CO., Druggists, Ceresco, Michigan, September 2, 1896.

The Hudson Bay Company's

RYE WHISKEY.

10 years in the wood.

A strictly Pure Rye Whiskey for family use. Sold only by

M. Prendergast & Co., Agents

423 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street. - - - Duluth, Minn.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK

A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer

CALL FOR—

FITGER'S BEER

CHEAP FARMS

In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. 25,000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO., 47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

CRIMINAL

An Attempt Made to Tamper With a Jury in England.

Foreman of the Jury in the Russell Libel Case Approached.

Earl Russell Produced His Diary in Support of His Assertions.

London, Nov. 24.—When the trial of Lady Selina Scott, mother of Countess Russell; John Cockerton, an engineer; Frederick Kast, a mother of Countess Russell; John Cockerton, an engineer; Frederick Kast, a groom, and William Aylott, a valet, charged by Earl Russell with criminal libel, was resumed at the Old Bailey this morning, Justice Hawkins announced that a scandalous attempt had been made to tamper with the jury by means of an anonymous letter to the foreman. The justice added that he hoped to discover the writer, who, if found, would have cause to regret the action. Earl Russell was the first witness today, and he emphatically denied the allegations of misconduct.

The court today was crowded to suffocation. The earl described from his diary and log book the incidents of the voyage of his yacht, the Royal, on board of which most of the offenses are alleged to have occurred, his evidence tending to show that it was impossible for them to have taken place on the dates mentioned. After Earl Russell had been on the witness stand for a couple of hours, Marshall Hall, counsel for the male defendants, applied for permission to alter the dates in the plea of justification his clients made.

The offenses charged by the defendants against Earl Russell are said to have been committed as early as the summer of 1887, during which time his lordship made several cruises in the Royal, a small steam yacht. Kast was employed on the yacht as a cabin boy, but is said to have been dismissed because the performance of his duties was not to the satisfaction of the earl. Cockerton was at the same time employed as second engineer of the Royal, and William Aylott succeeded Kast as cabin boy, and was afterwards for some time in the employ of Earl Russell at Teddington.

Mr. Halls' application for permission to alter the dates in the plea of justification brought on a sharp altercation with the bench, during which Justice Hawkins hotly charged Mr. Hall with being disrespectful to him and with insulting Sir Frank Lockwood, Q. C. counsel for the earl. Mr. Hall thereupon apologized and the incident was closed by the justice stating that any alteration of the dates in the plea of Mr. Hall's clients would have to be supported by the strongest affidavits.

Later Earl Russell recounted the incidents of his marriage and his meeting with H. A. Roberts, master of Bath college, with whom he was charged with immorality in his wife's suit for a separation in 1891. Sir Frank Lockwood explained that Mr. Roberts had since obtained damages to the amount of £3000 against Countess Russell for libel in the charges made. Sir Frank Lockwood also said that Mr. Roberts was not concerned in the present suit which was necessitated by the terms of the alleged libellous words: "We are prepared to prove that everything that has been dragged out of Lady Russell in regard to her husband's immorality is true," which appear in the document circulated by Lady Scott and signed by three male defendants. The case was adjourned until tomorrow.

CHICAGO LAKE FRONT.

Hearing Resumed in the General Land Office.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The Chicago lake front hearing was resumed at the general land office today. The counsel for the commissioners of Lincoln Park continued their arguments, and the claims of the owners in possession, the Ogden-Sheldon estate, the Newberry library and N. K. Fairbanks, as well. Of contestants, Cox and Streeter also were presented.

FIGHT FOR A FRANCHISE.

St. Louis, Nov. 24.—There is a bitter fight on between the Wiggins Ferry company and the Interstate Sand and Ferry company over the exclusive right of business between St. Louis and East St. Louis. The Wiggins Ferry company claims that the Interstate company has forfeited its two tugs and barges by reason of attempting to do an independent ferry business, conflicting with the charter rights of the Wiggins company, and announces its intention to seize them. This seizure will be met by force.

The Finest
French Confectionery
Tomorrow
Only 25c a pound.
The Glass Block Store.
Bargain Counter No. 3.

BRYAN AT DENVER.

The Silver Leader Given a Warm Welcome.

Denver, Col., Nov. 24.—If William J. Bryan had come to Denver as the conquering hero, whose victory presaged the restoration of silver and the return of prosperity in Colorado, he would not have received any more enthusiastic greetings than those given him today. The occasion of his visit is the twentieth anniversary of the admission of Colorado into the Union. Before being nominated for the presidency, he had agreed to speak at the exercises in commemoration of the event. He arrived at 7:15 this morning, and was met at the depot by a committee, including E. M. Patterson, C. S. Thomas and Mayor McMurray. Even at that early hour several thousand people were asembled about the Union depot, who swung their hats and cheered lustily.

Mr. Bryan was driven at once to the residence of Hon. C. S. Thomas, where he breakfasted, and remained until 10 a. m., when he went to the Brown Palace hotel to attend a reception given in his honor by the women of Denver. The interior of the hotel was tastefully decorated in flags and bunting. Mrs. T. M. Patterson, president of the Equal Suffrage club, presided, and, introducing Mr. Bryan, she said: "It is the height of privilege to present to you formally today our distinguished visitor, already well known to us and honored beyond words. For in him we see embodied the hope of our nation against the dangers that threaten from our very strongholds all liberty and privilege. Through him we hope to see the national fabric of the future founded upon the Christ-given principle of the golden rule, and in prophetic vision we see the stone which the builders rejected become at last the head of the corner. Women of Colorado, I present to you the first president of the twentieth century, William Jennings Bryan."

AN ECCENTRIC BARONESS.

Her Murderers Now on Trial in Paris.

Paris, Nov. 24.—The trial of the five persons charged with the murder of Baroness DeVally, an aged and eccentric miser, last June, is attracting great attention. The baroness, who was 82 years old, was found gagged and strangled in her home in the well known house in Rue De Penthevo, just out of the Champs Elysee, which was once inhabited by Benjamin Franklin, when he was the envoy of the United States. In her youth she was said to have been a great favorite of Prince Metternich, and at a later period of her life to have been intimately associated with George Sand.

She played a brilliant role in society and diplomacy in Louis Phillipe's reign and throughout the reign of Napoleon III. As age came upon her, she developed eccentricities and traits of the most sordid avarice. She would not allow her apartments to be cleaned and she set up a sort of unlicensed pawnbroker establishment. This brought her into contact with many disreputable people, and it was by some of these that she was murdered.

THANKSGIVING AT WINDSOR.

London, Nov. 24.—Thomas F. Bayard, the United States ambassador, and Mrs. Bayard were "commanded" today to visit Windsor castle on Thursday next and dine with the queen. Mr. and Mrs. Bayard will also sleep at the castle that night, and Mr. Bayard, in consequence, has been obliged to cancel his engagement to preside at the Thanksgiving dinner of the American colony here.

BOERS PRESS GAG LAW.

London, Nov. 24.—Mr. Hess, proprietor of the Johannesburg Critic, has received a cable dispatch saying that the whole staff of the paper has been arrested by the Boer authorities under the provisions of the new press law.

The prosecution in the case of the staff of the Johannesburg Critic, arrested under the provisions of the new press law, having failed to establish the charges, the prisoners were discharged.

SIOUX FALLS BANK CLOSES.

Sioux Falls, N. D., Nov. 24.—The Dakota National bank has closed its doors on account of a heavy run which left less than $1000 in cash on hand. The bank is heavily loaded with real estate of a depreciated nature, but the officers hope to reorganize and resume business. The last statement of the bank, printed Oct. 8, showed $176,000 deposits, and loans and discounts of $198,000.

LUEBECK LABOR RIOTS.

Hamburg, Nov. 24.—A dispatch from Luebeck announces that serious labor disturbances broke out early this morning. While the employes of the Thiels enamel factory were going to work, a body of strikers belonging to the same concern attacked the workmen and a free fight followed. A number of shots were fired, several persons were seriously wounded and many arrests were made.

KENTUCKY'S OFFICIAL COUNT.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 24.—The state canvassing board will meet here Friday and canvass the returns from the late election.

ELECTRIC BITTERS.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $1.00 per bottle at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

WOMAN TO WOMAN.

Women are being taught by bitter experience that many physicians cannot successfully handle their peculiar ailments known as female diseases.

Doctors are willing and anxious to help them, but they are the wrong sex to work understandingly.

When the woman of to-day experiences such symptoms as backache, nervousness, lassitude, whites, irregular or painful menstruation, pains in groins, bearing-down sensation, palpitation, "all gone" feeling and blues, she at once takes Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, feeling sure of obtaining immediate relief.

Should her symptoms be new to her, she writes to a woman, Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., who promptly explains her case, and tells her free how to get well.

Indeed, so many women are now appealing to Mrs. Pinkham for advice, that a score of lady secretaries are kept constantly at work answering the great volume of correspondence which comes in every day. Each letter is answered carefully and accurately, as Mrs. Pinkham fully realizes that a life may depend upon her reply, and into many and many a home has she shed the rays of happiness.

City Of Duluth

SUCCESSOR OF

The City of Lakeside.

Notice is hereby given that, whereas on the 14th day of July, 1892, the city of Lakeside let a contract for the grading and otherwise improving of Grand avenue, in said city of Lakeside, from Sampson avenue to East avenue, and,

Whereas, the said city of Lakeside did make an assessment of the sum of eighty-five (85) per cent of the estimated cost of said improvement to pay the expenses thereof, and did cause the same to be assessed to each lot or tract of land benefited by said improvement as determined by the said city council of said city of Lakeside, and,

Whereas, the amount so assessed being insufficient to complete the work and pay the expenses thereof, said city of Duluth, as the successor of the said city council of Lakeside, has made a final assessment upon the same property and in the same manner that the said city council of Lakeside caused said first assessment to be made, to pay the balance of the said expenses of said improvement;

Now, therefore, the said common council of the city of Duluth as the successor of the city council of Lakeside, will at the common council chamber in the city hall in said city of Duluth, at 7:30 o'clock on the evening of Monday, the 30th day of November, 1896, meet to review and confirm such final assessment, at which time and place all persons interested may appear and make objections to the same.

It is proposed to issue bonds chargeable to the abutting real estate to pay such final assessment, and such bonds will be issued covering all such assessments, except in cases where the owners of the property shall pay to the city treasurer within thirty (30) days after the confirmation of such assessment the amount thereby assessed against their property. The following is a list of the property liable to such assessment and the amount assessed against the same, to-wit:

ASSESSMENT ROLL NO. 2, 1896.

The common council of the city of Duluth doth hereby assess and levy upon and against the several lots, parts of lots and parcels of land below described, the respective sums of money set opposite each lot, part of lot, or parcel of land. The assessment is levied to defray in full the expense of grading Grand avenue, from Simson avenue (now Forty-fifth avenue east) to East avenue (now Fifty-fourth avenue east), according to benefits.

LONDON ADDITION.

Name of supposed owner. Description.	Total.
Heirs of John O. Sargent, lot 1, block A	$ 2 08
Heirs of John O. Sargent, lot 2, block A	2 08
Heirs of John O. Sargent, lot 3, block A	2 08
Heirs of John O. Sargent, lot 4, block A	2 08
Heirs of John O. Sargent, lot 5, block A	2 08
Henry F. Thompson, lot 6, block A	2 08
Henry F. Thompson, lot 7, block A	2 08
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 8, block A	2 08
Henry P. Sharp, lot 9, block A	2 08
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 10, block A	2 08
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 11, block A	2 08
Mary Sargent, lot 1, block B	2 08
Mary Sargent, lot 2, block B	2 08
Mary Sargent, lot 3, block B	2 08
Mary Sargent, lot 4, block B	2 08
Edgar Brown, Margery A. Blake, lot 5, block B	2 08
Edgar Brown, Margery A. Blake, lot 6, block B	2 08
Edgar Brown, Margery A. Blake, lot 7, block B	2 08
Edgar Brown, Margery A. Blake, lot 8, block B	2 08
Jay C. Howard, lot 9, block B	2 08
Jay C. Howard, lot 10, block B	2 08
Jay C. Howard, lot 11, block B	2 08
Alonzo J. Thompson and George E. Foster, lot 12, block B	2 08
Alonzo J. Thompson and George E. Foster, lot 13, block B	2 08
Lorena Stewart, lot 1, block C	2 08
Lorena Stewart, lot block C	2 08
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 3, block C	2 08
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block C	2 08
William G. Hegardt, lot 4, block C	2 08
Annie M. Jordan, lot 5, block C	2 08
Carleton College, lot 6, block C	2 08
Margaret J. Burnett, lot 7, block C	2 08
Margaret J. Burnett, lot 8, block C	2 08
Margaret J. Burnett, lot 9, block C	2 08
Nellie G. Frizzell, lot 10, block C	2 08
Sarah H. Dunlop, lot 11, block C	2 08
Sarah H. Dunlop, lot 12, block C	2 08
George A. Everest, lot 13, block C	2 08
Frank A. Clarkson, lot 14, block C	2 08
Charles Downes, lot 1, block D	2 08
Charles Downes, lot 2, block D	2 08
Charles Downes, lot 3, block D	2 08
Charles Downes, lot 4, block D	2 08
Charles Downes, lot 5, block D	2 08
Charles Downes, lot 6, block D	2 08
Charles Downes, lot 7, block D	2 08
Charles Downes, lot 8, block D	2 08
Lizzie H. Root, lot 9, block D	2 08
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block D	2 08
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 11, block D	2 08
Minnie K. Brown, lot 12, block D	2 08
Elias Beckman, lot 1, block E	2 08
Helen P. Jenkins, executor, lot 2, block E	2 08
Mary R. Gilbert, lot 3, block E	2 08
Joseph K. Persons, lot 4, block E	2 08
George Rupley, lot 5, block E	2 08
M. Wessenberg, lot 6, block E	2 08
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block E	2 08
William C. McClure and Robert Louden, lot 8, block E	2 08
William C. McClure and Robert Louden, lot 9, block E	2 08
William C. McClure and Robert Louden, lot 10, block E	2 08
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 11, block E	2 08
Henry P. Sharp, lot 12, block E	2 08
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block E	2 08
Lakeside Land Company, lot 14, block E	2 08
Annah L. Halbert, Elizabeth Estel, lot 1, block 1	1 04
Annah L. Halbert, Elizabeth Estel, lot 2, block 1	1 04
Union Building and Loan Association, lot 3, block 1	1 04
Union Building and Loan Association, westerly 40 feet lot 4, block 1	78
Effie J. Reed, easterly 10 feet lot 4, block 1	26
Effie J. Reed, lot 5, block 1	1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 6, block 1	52
Moses W. Wadhams, lot 6, block 1	52
Charles L. White, lot 7, block 1	1 04
Charles L. White, lot 8, block 1	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 1, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 2, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 3, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 4, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 5, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 6, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 7, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 8, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 9, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 10, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 11, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 12, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 13, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 14, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 15, block 2	1 04
Heirs of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 16, block 2	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 1, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 2, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot3, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 4, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 5, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 6, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 7, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 8, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 9, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 10, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 11, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 12, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 13, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 14, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 15, block 3	1 04
Kate Beckwith Lee, executrix, lot 16, block 3	1 04
S. A. Parsons, lot 1, block 4	1 04
David Hannah, lot 2, block 4	1 04
Adam and David Hannah, lot 3, block 4	1 04
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block 4	1 04
Anna Donnellan, lot 5, block 4	1 04
John Mallman, lot 6, block 4	1 04
John Mallman, lot 7, block 4	1 04
John Mallman, lot 8, block 4	1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 9, block 4	1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 10, block 4	1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 11, block 4	1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 12, block 4	1 04
Mechanics' Savings Bank of Providence, R. I., lot 13, block 4	1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 14, block 4	1 04
Charles Chapman and Clara F. Robbins, lot 15, block 4	1 04
Charles Chapman and Clara F. Robbins, lot 16, block 4	1 04
Sophia S. Brown, lot 1, block 5	1 04
Sophia S. Brown, lot 2, block 5	1 04
Sophia S. Brown, lot 3, block 5	1 04
Mrs. Lizzie LeRoyd Rauzle, lot 4, block 5	1 04
Sophia S. Brown, lot 16, block 5	1 04
L. A. Marvin, lot 1, block 6	1 04
L. A. Marvin, lot 2, block 6	1 04
Charles Chapman, Clara F. Robbins, lot 3, block 6	1 04
Charles Chapman, Clara F. Robbins, lot 4, block 6	1 04
Charles Chapman, Clara F. Robbins, lot 5, block 6	1 04
Charles Chapman, Clara F. Robbins, lot 15, block 6	1 04
Charles Chapman, Clara F. Robbins, lot 16, block 6	1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 1, block 7	1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 2, block 7	1 04
Susan M. Sutton, lot 3, block 7	1 04
Thomas Spellman, lot 4, block 7	1 04
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 5, block 7	1 04
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 6, block 7	1 04
Anna and Mary Gillon, lot 7, block 7	1 04
Anna and Mary Gillon, lot 8, block 7	1 04
Edward C. Stringer, lot 9, block 7	1 04
Edward C. Stringer, lot 10, block 7	1 04
Benjamin F. Howard, lot 11, block 7	1 04
Benjamin F. Howard, lot 12, block 7	1 04
Thomas Smith, lot 12, block 7	1 04
Thomas Smith, lot 13, block 7	1 04
John O. Sargent, heirs, lot 14, block 7	1 04
John O. Sargent, heirs, lot 15, block 7	1 04
John O. Sargent, heirs, lot 16, block 7	1 04
Mary A. Warfield, lot 1, block 8	1 04
Mary A. Warfield, lot 2, block 8	1 04
Mary A. Warfield, lot 3, block 8	1 04
Mary A. Warfield, lot 4, block 8	1 04
Mary A. Warfield, lot 5, block 8	1 04
Mary McCoy, south 40 feet lot 6, block 8	30
E. C. Little, north 100 feet lot 6, block 8	74
Mary McCoy, south 40 feet lot 7, block 8	30
E. C. Little, north 100 feet lot 7, block 8	74
Mary McCoy, south 40 feet lot 8, block 8	30
E. C. Little north 100 feet lot 8, block 8	74
Anna M. Hartman, lot 9, block 8	1 04
Anna M. Hartman, lot 10, block 8	1 04
Alexander W. Hartman, lot 11, block 8	1 04
Alexander W. Hartman, lot 12, block 8	1 04
Nettie Geist, lot 13, block 8	1 04
Eva Hartman, lot 14, block 8	1 04
Kate Hartman, lot 15, block 8	1 04
Catherine M. Van Berger, lot 16, block 8	1 04
Julius Erickson, lot 4, block 9	1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 5, block 9	1 04
C. G. Carlson, lot 6, block 9	1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 7, block 9	1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 8, block 9	1 04
C. E. Van Bergen, lot 9, block 9	1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 10, block 9	1 04
Katie T. Lewis, lot 11, block 9	1 04
Alfred S. Badger, lot 12, block 9	1 04
Sarah C. Spruance, lot 13, block 9	1 04
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 14, block 9	1 04
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 15, block 9	1 04
Mary Garde, lot 16, block 9	1 04
Daniel R. Wilkie, lot 1, block 10	1 04
Daniel R. Wilkie, lot 2, block 10	1 04
Daniel R. Wilkie, lot 3, block 10	1 04
Daniel R. Wilkie, lot 4, block 10	1 04
Daniel R. Wilkie, lot 5, block 10	1 04
Daniel R. Wilkie, lot 6, block 10	1 04
Daniel R. Wilkie, lot 7, block 10	1 04
Daniel R. Wilkie, lot 8, block 10	70
J. M. Pearson, lot 9, block 10	70
J. M. Pearson, lot 10, block 10	35
J. M. Pearson, lot 13, block 10	35
J. M. Pearson, lot 14, block 10	70
Mrs. L. Le Roy Ranzle, lot 15, block 10	1 04
Mrs. L. Le Roy Ranzle, lot 16, block 10	1 04
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 11	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 11	1 04
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 3, block 11	1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 4, block 11	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 11	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 11	1 03
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 11	1 03
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 11	1 03
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 11	1 03
Charles Prosser, lot 10, block 11	1 02
E. Grace Graves, Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 11, block 11	1 03
Charles R. Haines, lot 12, block 11	1 03
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 11	1 03
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 11	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 15, block 11	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 16, block 11	1 03
Ianas Schlesinger, lot 1, block 12	1 03
Ianas Schlesinger, lot 2, block 12	1 03
Ianas Schlesinger, lot 3, block 12	1 03
Ianas Schlesinger, lot 4, block 12	1 02
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 5, block 12	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 6, block 12	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 7, block 12	1 04
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 8, block 12	1 04
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 10, block 12	35
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 11, block 12	70
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 12, block 12	1 04
Ianas Schlesinger, lot 13, block 12	1 04
Ianas Schlesinger, lot 14, block 12	1 04
Ianas Schlesinger, lot 15, block 12	1 04
Ianas Schlesinger, lot 16, block 12	1 04
S. F. Wadhams, lot 1, block 13	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 13	70
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 3, block 13	35
Henry P. Sharp, lot 6, block 13	35
Henry P. Sharp, lot 7, block 13	70
Henry P. Sharp, lot 8, block 13	70
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 13	1 04
block 13	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10.	
P. M. Graff, lot 11, block 13	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 13	1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 13, block 13	1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 14, block 13	1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 15, block 13	70
Henry P. Sharp, lot 16, block 13	35
William R. Eichman, lot 1, block 14	1 03
Henry A. Robinson, lot 2, block 14	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 3, block 14	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block 14	1 03
A. G. Folsom, lot 5, block 14	1 03
Rose Beneteau, lot 6, block 14	1 03
Dennis Parent, lot 7, block 14	1 03
George F. Chester, lot 8, block 14	1 03
E. E. Dickinson, lot 9, block 14	1 03
N. Annetta Gaylord, lot 10, block 14	1 03
N. Annetta Gaylord, lot 11, block 14	1 03
Lelia M. Johnson, lot 12, block 14	1 03
Leelen P. Hall, lot 13, block 14	1 03
Hattie C. Palmer, lot 14, block 14	1 03
George E. Foster, lot 15, block 14	1 03
George E. Foster, lot 16, block 14	1 03
Charles R. Haines, lot 1, block 15	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 2, block 15	1 03
Heirs of John J. Costello, lot 3, block 15	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block 15	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lott 5, block 15	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 6, block 15	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 7, block 15	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 8, block 15	1 03
George de Worms, lot 9, block 15	1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 10, block 15	1 04
Walter Ayers, lot 11, block 15	1 04
S. A. Parsons, lot 12, block 15	1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 13, block 15	1 04
Charles S. Green, lot 14, block 15	1 04
Barbara C. Daily, lot 15, block 15	1 04
Barbara C. Daily, lot 16, block 15	1 04

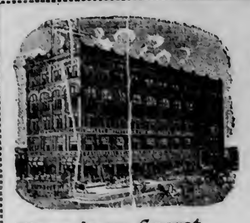
SARGENT'S RE-ARRANGEMENT—BLOCKS 16, 17 AND 18—LONDON ADDITION.

Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 1, block 1	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 2, block 1	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 3, block 1	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 4, block 1	1 04
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 5, block 1	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, dedeceased, lot 6, block 1	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 7, block 1	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 8, block 1	1 04
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 9, block 1	1 04
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 10, block 1	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 11, block 1	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 1, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 2, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 3, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 4, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 5, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 6, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 7, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 8, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 9, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 10, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 11, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 12, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 13, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 14, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 15, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 16, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 17, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 18, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 19, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 20, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 21, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 22, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 23, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 24, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 25, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 26, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 27, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 28, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 29, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 30, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 31, block 2	70
Estate of John O. Sargent, deceased, lot 32, block 2	70

LONDON ADDITION.

Howard Gillat, lot 1, block 19	70
Howard Gillat, lot 2, block 19	70
Howard Gillat, lot 3, block 19	1 04
Howard Gillat, lot 4, block 19	1 04
Howard Gillat, lot 5, block 19	1 04
Howard Gillat, lot 6, block 19	1 04
Howard Gillat, lot 7, block 19	1 04
Howard Gillat, lot 8, block 19	1 04
Lydia A. Wentworth, Adeline R. Le Baron, lot 9, block 19	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 19	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 19	1 04
Ira B. Bradford, lot 12, block 19	1 04
Ira B. Bradfrord, lot 13, block 19	1 04
Zenith Savings and Investment association, lot 14, block 19	1 04
Ira B. Bradford, lot 15, block 19	1 04
Ira B. Bradford, lot 16, block 19	1 04
Patrick J. Bowler, lot 1, block 20	1 04
Patrick J. Bowler, lot 2, block 20	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 20	70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 20	70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 20	70
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 20	70
John G. Howard, lot 9, block 20	1 04
Hiram N. Rhodes, lot 10, block 20	1 04
John Ware, lot 11, block 20	1 04
William C. and Robbie L. Sargent, lot 12, block 20	70
William C. and Robbie L. Sargent, lot 13, block 20	35
Margaret B. Logie, lot 16, block 20	35
Mary Garde, lot 1, block 21	1 04
Jessie F. Hopkins, lot 2, block 21	1 04
Josephine Kennedy, lot 3, block 21	1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 4, block 21	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 21	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 21	1 04
Arthur H. Crassweller, lot 7, block 21	1 04
Arthur H. Crassweller, lot 8, block 21	1 04
Louis Wolfrom, lot 9, block 21	1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 10, block 21	1 04
Josephine Kennedy, lot 12, block	
A. M. Cool, lot 13, block 21	1 04
Martha A. Kingman, west ½ lot 14, block 21	52
Hy J. Dickey, east ½ lot 14, block 21	52
Olaf Persons, lot 15, block 21	1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 16, block 21	1 04
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 1, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 2, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 3, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 4, block 22	1 03
Amos Weaver, lot 5, block 22	1 03
Amos Weaver, lot 6, block	
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 22	1 03
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 9, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 10, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 11, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 12, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 13, block 22	1 03
Emmet V. Baldwin, lot 14, block 22	1 03
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 15, block 22	1 03
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 16, block 22	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 1, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 2, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 3, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 4, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 5, block 23	1 03
Daniel Rogert Wilkie, lot 6, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 7, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 8, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 9, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 10, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 11, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 12, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 13, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 14, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 15, block 23	1 03
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 16, block 23	1 03
Hugh McCulloch, lot 1, block 24	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 24	1 03
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 3, block 24	1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary Van Brunt, lot 4, block 24	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 24	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 24	1 03
William Sharp, lot 7, block 24	1 03
William Sharp, lot 8, block 24	1 03
Harriet L. Merritt, lot 9, block 24	1 03
William Sharp, lot 10, block 24	1 03
William Sharp, lot 11, block 24	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 12, block 24	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block 24	1 03
Mary P. Mixer, lot 14, block 24	1 03
Martha L. Wilcox, lot 15, block 24	1 03
Martha L. Wilcox, lot 16, block 24	1 03
First National Bank, Menomonee, Wis., lot 1, block 25	1 03
First National Bank, Menomonee, Wis., lot 2, block 25	1 03
First National Bank, Menomonee, Wis., lot 3, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 8, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 9, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 11, block 25	1 03
Harriet L. Merritt, lot 12, block 25	1 03
Lucretia V. Lounsberry, lot 13, block 25	1 03
Abram Swartz, lot 14, block 25	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 15, block 25	1 03
Rhobie L. Sargent, trustee, lot 16, block 25	1 03
John J. Quinn, lot 1, block 26	1 03
John J. Quinn, lot 2, block 26	1 03
John J. Quinn, lot 3, block 26	1 03
John J. Quinn, lot 4, block 26	1 03
William O. Cullender, lot 5, block 26	1 03
John S. Little, trustee, lot 6, block 26	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 26	1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 8, block 26	1 03
Cornelius Donker, lot 9, block 26	1 04
Cornelius Donker, lot 10, block 26	1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 11, block 26	1 04
Joseph P. Keeler, lot 12, block 26	1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 13, block 26	1 04
Hugh E. McLean, lot 14, block 26	1 04
Harriet L. Merritt, lot 15, block 26	1 04
John J. Quinn, lot 16, block 26	1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 27	1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 27	1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 27	1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 27	11 52
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 27	26 14
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 27	19 07
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 27	12 71
Lakeside Land Company, lot 8, block 27	5 31
Lakeside Land Company, lot 9, block 27	70
Thomas Borgeson, lot 10, block 27	1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13 block 27	1 67
Lakeside Land company, lot 14 block 27	9 20
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, bloc 27	17 69
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 27	26 14
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 27	35
Lakeside Land company, lot 4 block 28	70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 28	1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 6, block 28	1 04
Frank E. Green, lot 7, block 28	1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 8, block 28	1 04
Florence Engles, lot 9, block 28	1 04
Charles W. Howard, lot 10, block 28	1 04
William C. Sargent, lot 11, block 28	1 04
Charles F. West, lot 12, block 28	1 04
Lizzie A. Silliman, lot 13, block 28	1 04
William C. Sargent, lot 14, block 28	1 04
William C. Sargent, lot 16, block 28	1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 16, block 28	1 04
John C. Lewis, lot 1, block 29	1 04
L. O. Lyton, lot 2, block 29	1 04
John C. Lewis, lot 2, block 29	1 04
Caroline A. Blackmarr, lot 4, block 29	1 04
Frank Blackmarr, lot 5, block 29	1 04
R. Jessie Blackmarr, lot 6, block 29	1 04
R. Jessie Blackmarr, lot 7, block 29	1 04
R. Jessie Blackmarr, lot 8, block 29	1 04
Sadie A. Aldrich, lot 10, block 29	1 04
Sadie A. Aldrich, lot 11, block 29	1 04
Sadie A. Aldrich, lot 12, block 29	1 04
Carleton College, lot 13, block 29	1 04
Caroline E. McCollum, lot 14, block 29	1 40
William L. Hammand, lot 15, block 29	1 04
John J. Quinn, lot 16, block 29	1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 31	1 04
Abby Kingman, lot 2, block 31	1 04
Dorothy Floyd, lot 3, block 31	1 04
Emmeline G. Foote, Cutler J. Marshall, lot 4, block 31	1 04
Emmeline G. Foote, Cutler J. Marshall, lot 5, block 31	1 04
Dorothy Lloyd, lot 14, block 31	1 04
Rebecca E. Fleischman, lot 15, block 31	1 04
Eva P. Patterson, lot 16, block 31	1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 32	35
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 32	70

(Continued on page 9.)



There is no Secret

Why the people like our clothes. It's our only business to choose clothes, both serviceable and stylish, the kinds that justify our customers' coming season after season.

The Lowering of Prices

For our kind of clothes will help to make it easy in more ways than one. Remember that while our clothes cost less they wear two or three times longer than clothes found in the ordinary clothing stores.

And why is the Great Stock Reducing Sale

Such a splendid success? Because people know that **The Great Store** is the very headquarters for good clothes. They are sure of their money's worth, and they come from every section of our city, and hundreds of miles because of the confidence in getting more than full value for every dollar. That's what makes the mass of people crowd our store. And still greater crowds will be here tomorrow to get their clothes for Thanksgiving. Don't put it off an hour longer, but come with the hundreds who appreciate what it means to buy absolutely good clothing for less money, not at the end, but beginning of the season, when most everybody needs clothes. What other store ever made such low suit and overcoat prices as these at this season? None that we know of.

Men's Suits go for this:

$22 and $20 Suits — Will be sold for	$13.98
$18 Suits — Will be sold for	11.98
$16 and $15 Suits — Will be sold for	9.98
$12 Suits — Will be sold for	7.45
$10 Suits — Will be sold for	6.45
$8 Suits — Will be sold for	5.45
Special lot — Of 500 Men's Suits, double and single breasted	3.95

Men's Overcoats go for this:

$30 and $28 Overcoats — and Ulsters will be sold at	$19.50
$25 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold at	17.50
$20 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	14.50
$15 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	11.50
$12 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	9.50
$10 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	7.50
$9 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	6.50

Remember

Our guarantee goes with the purchase. It is as old as the store and as safe as a government bond. It's an unqualified promise to refund the purchase money for the asking upon the slightest grounds for dissatisfaction.

Get a free Thanksgiving Turkey with every $5 Purchase or over.

M. S. Burrows The Clothier

Skating at the New Rink!

The management of the Union Rink have decided to provide skating (weather permitting) for **THANKSGIVING DAY.** The lower floor and the Third avenue entrance will be used. A fine program of new music will be rendered by the **UNION BAND**, from 2 to 5 p. m and 8 to 10 p. m. Subscribers for season tickets can get their tickets at 106 Chamber of Commerce, up to 12 m Thursday. Thereafter at the rink.

Single admission, 25c. The grand formal opening of the rink proper will take place **Tuesday Ev'g, Dec. 18**

FLOUR SHOW

NOW OPEN, AND

FIRST PRIZE

AWARDED TO

"DULUTH IMPERIAL."

JUDGES—
Mrs. O. K. Housewife,
Mr. X. L. Baker,
Mr. F. G. Chef.

EXHIBIT OPEN DAILY AT ALL GROCERY STORES.

Has No Plate.

The Hugo plant was forced to shut down last night, having run out of plate. The thirty-ton lot that was expected from Chicago, which was relied on to keep the works in operation until plate should be received from the Ironton works has not been shipped, Mr. Hugo says so far as he can find out. The Ironton plant will, it is thought, turn out some plate by the end of this week.

Likes the City.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Merriman, of Boston, who have been visiting Capt. and Mrs. J. W. Miller, returned last evening. Mr. Merriam is at the head of a large Eastern land company. He was more than delighted with the business outlook in Duluth and remarked that he would like to come out here and live.

DRY PINE WOOD.

F. A. Hamilton has established an uptown station at First street and Fourth avenue west, for the delivery of pine wood, and has put twenty teams in this department. Pine wood will be cheaper now. Leave orders at Blue office, or order of blue wagons. Telephone, 515.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company. 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Into a Cocked Hat.

The water ballot recount was finished at noon today, but the footings had not been computed when the commission adjourned for lunch. City Clerk Richardson remarked that the majority of 196 on the face of the returns had been "knocked into a cocked hat."

Collided With a Car.

Street car No. 78 and a horse attached to a water sleigh, owned by Tolman Bros., and driven by Oscar Forsythe, came into collision on Superior street, near Second avenue west, this forenoon, a broken shill being the extent of the damage done. The accident was caused by the horse swerving into the car, which was approaching from the rear. The animal was thrown down, and the situation looked critical for a moment. The coolness of the young driver probably prevented further damage.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company. 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Notice to Artists.

Mouldings, two inches deep, gilt, now made up at 12 cents per foot, at factory, 905 west Michigan street.

NEW TRIAL

Iron Range Railroad Not Satisfied With the Verdict Given Smith.

Allegation Made That Juror Thomas Howard Was Not Impartial.

More Complaints Entered Against Employment Agencies This Morning.

At the October term of the United State court the case of George A. Smith against the Duluth & Iron Range road was tried and a verdict of $15,000 was returned for the plaintiff. This was one of the largest personal injury verdicts ever received in this county. Smith sued for $25,000. He was an employe of the railroad and was injured while at work. He claimed that his injuries were caused through the carelessness of an engineer.

This morning a notice of motion for a new trial was filed in the case. Judge Lochren permitted the filing of the motion which stays all proceedings until the next term of court.

The chief ground for which a new trial is asked is upon the allegation that one of the jurors, Thomas Howard was not an impartil juror, because of facts constituting implied bias of which the defendant or its attorneys was not aware at the time of the trial and therefore did not challenge him. It is also alleged that the damages given are excessive and not warranted by the evidence.

MORE COMPLAINTS ENTERED.

Laborers Who Paid For Work But Got None.

Four men who had been sent up to Grand Rapids to work in the woods, they said, by White & Co., proprietors of an employment agency at 503 West Michigan street, appeared at police headquarters yesterday and complained that when they arrived at their destination they found no sign of a camp, nor anybody who knew anything about the alleged camp, to which they had been directed. They came back, out the fare they paid the employment agency, besides their fare to Grand Rapids and return, and their living expenses.

According to their story, they were told at the employment office, on their return to Duluth, that Mr. White was away and that nothing could be done for them until he returned. They had waited around for him to come back until their means were exhausted, and they were utterly destitute. They were given enough money to buy a meal by the police officials, which is about all the aid the latter can extend in cases of this kind.

The police say that similar cases have been laid before Assistant City Attorney Holmes, who says that he can do nothing because of a condition on the employment cards, which the men are procured to sign, in which the latter agree to release the agency from any claim that may arise by reason of not being employed by the parties to which they are sent, and to hold the persons ordering the men of the agency solely responsible.

The police say they will bring the matter to the attention of the county attorney.

Inquiry at the office of White & Co. elicited the information that Mr. White is in Minneapolis and that he is expected back tonight, when the complaint of the men will be adjusted, according to the statement of the clerk. The latter said that Fischer's camp, to which the men had been sent, is about thirty-five miles from Grand Rapids and that the men got discouraged when they had reached a point about half way out and returned to town. He said that Fischer told them he would take them out when his team got around, which would be in a few days, but they got tired of waiting and came back to Duluth without making another attempt to get to the camp.

J. A. MODICA DEAD.

Succumbed to the Grim Destroyer This Morning.

Joseph A. Modica, who for some years has been the auditor, secretary and treasurer of the Duluth Transfer Railway company, died this morning at Kansas City, whither he had gone some weeks ago. He has not been a well man for more than a year and last year went away for a time in the hope of regaining his health, but came back not very much improved to attempt to resume his duties. He struggled hard in his fight with the grim monster, but had to succumb.

He was a brother-in-law of the late Day K. Smith, and up to some thing more than a year ago was in the best of health. He was a man very much loved by all who knew him, a kind hearted, pure minded man, quiet and unostentatious, yet a man who had seen much of the world and was thoroughly versed in railroad work. He was a brave soldier in the war and occupied important positions and rendered valuable services to his country. He served for a long time on the staff of Gen. Porter, and was the officer who took personal care of that dminent soldier when he was wounded and lingered so long between life and death. He was a man to whom the slightest dishonest impulse was unknown and those who knew him best are most eager to testify to his merit.

THANKSGIVING BOUNTY.

The Markets Are Filled With Good Things.

Visions of roast turkey with cranberry sauce, delicate bivalves stewed, fried and on the half shell and all the accompanying delicacies are just now flitting before the eyes of expectant Thanksgiving diners. Never before were the markets so bountifully supplied. The sacrificial turkey, of course, occupies the honored distinction of holding first place. With hushed gobble they are displayed invitingly in the markets along with their less distinguished former barnyard associates, geese and chickens. Oysters fresh from their deep sea haunts, large and tempting, are offered at reasonable prices. Cranberries, of which this year's supply is exceptionally fine, olives, celery, greens and garnishments are among the relishes which may be obtained. Pumpkins large and red from the corn fields from which will be produced the luscious pumpkin pie of our boyhood days and mince meat guaranteed when made into pies not to give unfavorable impressions of your ancestors, are among the good things offered by leading grocers. A glance at the columns of The Herald today will assist the housewife to obtain all the necessities for the Thanksgiving feast at prices which will add to the general spirit of thankfulness.

Charity Ball Tickets.

The ladies of the relief society ask as a special favor that the gentlemen who have received tickets for the annual charity ball, in case they do not wish to purchase, will kindly return them before the evening of the ball, as in the event of their not doing so the sender will expect a check. Any one desirous of purchasing a ticket for the annual charity ball of the Ladies Relief society, may be accommodated at the office of the Spalding hotel today.

We endorse all the proprietors say about the merits of Salvation Oil. It is the greatest cure on earth for pain. 25 cents.

Don't Economize

At the expense of your eyesight. If you have any trouble with your eyes come and see me, or better still, consult an oculist and if he tells you to wear glasses, bring me the prescription. A fine line of reliable thermometers.

C. D. Trott,
106 W. Superior St.

YOUNG MEN WHO DRESS WELL

Are our best customers. They are sure of getting here what is right in style and quality without annoyance or thought on their part. They know that if we banven't a thing, it's impossible to get it. They know that our prices represent just exactly the value of the goods—no more or less. They know we try to be perfectly honest in every transaction. You are not a customer of ours? Why not?

KILGORE & SIEWERT,
LONSDALE BUILDING.

See the new neckwear--Ascots and Puffs.

GLEN AVON RINK

WILL OPEN FOR **SKATING . . . .** (NOV. 26th) **Thanksgiving Evening.**

Good Ice! Good Music! Refreshments and Attendants.

ADMISSION, 15 CENTS. EVERYONE COME.

Our Store will be open tomorrow evening until 9:15 p. m. and will close Thursday, Thanksgiving, at 12 noon.

FREIMUTH'S

To PROPERLY CELEBRATE THANKSGIVING DAY

and to give our many patrons real cause for rejoicing, we have prepared for **TOMORROW—the day before Thanksgiving**—a long string of desirable and needful Bargains.

The Cloak Room Assumes the Lead in Thanksgiving Bargain-giving.

Cloth Garments.

Ladies' Jackets, made from heavy quality Beaver and Irish Frieze, with high storm collars, new Franklin front and new style sleeves, sold all season at $7.50. Special price tomorrow only..... **$5.75**

Ladies' Jackets, made from heavy Rough Boucle, new shape back and front, high Napoleon collar, up-to-date in style; regular price $10, tomorrow special only **$6.95**

Ladies' new style Jackets, made from Kersey, fancy Boucle and Irish Frieze, Box or Franklin front, new Teller storm collar; a most excellent value at $12 50. Tomorrow's special price..... **$9.50**

Ladies' nobby Jackets, made from a great variety of materials, such as Kerseys, Irish Frieze, Boucles and Persian cloths, lined with heavy silk, Franklin or Fly front; none worth less than $16 50. Tomorrow's special price only..... **$12.50**

Ladies' Rough Boucle Capes, lined and interlined, very full sweep; a perfect garment, worth $10.00. Tomorrow's special price.. **$6.50**

Ladies' Double Beaver Capes, high inlaid velvet collar, made of excellent quality beaver; would be a bargain at $7.50. Tomorrow, special price only..... **$5.00**

Fur Garments.

Ladies' Canada Seal Capes, very wide in sweep, lined with heavy silk; a good garment at $15; tomorrow our price only..... **$9.50**

Ladies' China Seal Capes, with 100-inch sweep and full length, trimmed with Thibet fur, sold everywhere at $20.00; tomorrow, special price only..... **$13.50**

Keep the Little Ones Warm.

It will require but little money to buy a stylish warm

CHILD'S JACKET OR LONG CLOAK!

Tomorrow $5.00 Children's Jackets sell at..... **$3.98**

Tomorrow $6.00 Children's Jackets sell at..... **$4.50**

Tomorrow $6.50 and $7.50 Children's Jackets sell at... **$5.00**

Child's Eiderdown long Coats, trimmed with Angora fur, worth $2.50; tomorrow only **$1.95**

How About Linens

FOR THE THANKSGIVING TABLE?

Two reasons why you should buy your Thanksgiving Linen Here! First—Our prices are the lowest. Second—Our Stock is the Largest and best assorted.

Note These Prices!

59c a yard, 62-inch heavy bleached damask pure linen, worth 75c, this week 59c a yard.

75c 72-inch bleached satin damask, worth $1.00, this week 75c a yard.

98c a yard, 72-inch extra heavy double satin damask, worth $1 35, this week 98c a yard.

⅝ and ¾ Napkins to match Damask at equally low prices. We carry a large assortment of Hemstitched, Plain and Fringed Table Sets.

98c dozen, ⅝ bleached damask napkins, plain or fringed, cheap at $1.25, price this week, 98c a dozen.

$1.75 dozen, ¾ heavy bleached damask napkins, all pure linen, cheap at $2.25, price this week $1.75 a dozen.

Blankets and Comforters.

58c pair, large size white and gray heavy sheet blankets, the 75c quality, for 58c a pair.

$3.50 pair, the best all wool white, gray and brown blankets in the city, worth $5 a pair,

$1.20 each, extra heavy comforters, good covering and batting, the $1.75 kind, on sale Monday $1.20 each.

$2.00 each, largest size fancy quilted sateen comforters, filled with best quality cotton batting, sold everywhere at $2 75, our price just even $2.00.

$1.45 each, extra size heavy bed spreads, best Marseilles patterns, cheap at $2, for two days we make the price $1.45 each.

75c each, chenille table covers, heavy knotted fringe, cheap at $1.25, this week 75c each.

Corsets.

AT 48c WORTH 75c.

25 dozen fast black and heavy dark Sateen Corsets in either 5 or 6-hook lengths with double side steels and heavily stayed, regular price 75c. Tomorrow only..... **48c**

Ladies' English Cashmere Hose with double soles and spliced heels, regular 50c quality. Tomorrow **38c**

Children's heavy wool Hose, regular price 25c. Tomorrow **18c**

Ladies Wool Mittens, made from fine Saxony wool, regular price 35c. Tomorrow..... **25c**

NEW LACE NECKWEAR.
NEW PLAID AND PERSIAN TAFFETA RIBBONS.
NEW FANS. NEW VEILINGS.
NEW GLOVES.
ARRIVED FOR THANKSGIVING TRADE.

Crockery Dept.

TURKEY PLATTERS—
English semi-porcelain decorated Turkey Platters, sizes 14, 16 and 18-inc, regular prices 75c, $1 and $1 25. Wednesday's cut price, each, 45c, 65c and..... **75c**

CARVING KNIVES—
25 sets Sheffield Carving Knives and Forks, regular $1.50 quality. Wednesday, per set **95c**

TUMBLERS—
Thin flint banded Tumblers, worth 75c per dozen. Wednesday, each **4c**

DINNER SETS—
Decorated English semi-porcelain Dinner Sets, sold by piece or set. Wednesday 100 piece sets at, per set..... **$6.50**

DINNER SETS—
New English decorated Dinnerware, open stock pattern, beautifully decorated and gold trimmed, dainty shapes. Thanksgiving sale price per set of 100 pieces **$13.00**

ROGERS' KNIVES—
Rogers' triple plated Knives, sold everywhere at $2.25 per set. Wednesday per set of 6 Knives or 6 Forks..... **$1.49**

Hardware Dept.

ROASTING PANS—
Latest pattern covered Roasting Pans at Cut Prices.
Small size, each **48c**
Medium size, each..... **58c**
Large size, each **68c**

RAISIN SEEDERS—
Crown Raisin Seeders, will seed one pound of raisins perfectly in five minutes; Wednesday, each **69c**

PIE PLATES—
9-inch Tin Pie Plates, Wednesday, each..... **2c**

COOKIE CUTTERS—
All shapes and styles Tin Cookie Cutters, Wednesday—3 for..... **5c**

VAN DUSEN CAKE PANS—
Van Dusen Square Loaf Cake Pans, always sold at 40c, Wednesday, each..... **25c**

SKATING SHOES

That are crack-proof, impervious to water, with an invisible cork sole—are a sure preventive from cold. Ours are very flexible and equal to custom made; a shapely shoe, sale price **$2.75**

Ladies' Kangaroo Calf lace Shoes, made from pliable leather by P. Cox, Rochester, a very seasonable shoe; regular price $3. sale price..... **$2.25**

Ladies' Box Calf Lace Shoes, spring heel, the new coin toe; sizes 2½ to 5; waterproof, only..... **$2.25**

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S BOX CALF LACE SHOES, SURE TO KEEP THE FEET WARM AND DRY, AT POPULAR PRICES.

Children's Felt Juliets, fur trimmed, red or black, sizes 8 to 10-12; sale price, per pair..... **85c**

Children's Buckle Arctics, spring heel, per pair, only..... **50c**

Ladies' Warm Lace Shoes, with leather soles, sizes 3 to 8, per pair.... **75c**

Ladies' Warm Lace Shoes, with felt soles, sizes 3 to 8, per pair..... **$1.00**

Ladies' high-cut fur trimmed, extra fine, Carriage or Opera Boots, always $2.50; during this sale—per pair..... **$1.75**

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1896.

City of Duluth

SUCCESSOR OF

The City of Lakeside.

(Continued from page 7.)

Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 32 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 32 .... 1 04
Frank Blackmarr, lot 7, block 32. 1 04
Frank Blackmarr, lot 8, block 32. 1 04
Mary A. Bartle, lot 9, block 32 .. 1 04
Mary A. Bartle, lot 10, block 32 .. 1 04
Mary A. Bartle, lot 11, block 32.. 1 04
Mary A. Bartle, lot 12, block 32 .. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 32 .... 1 04
Ben Hansen, lot 14, block 32 ..... 1 04
School District No. 3, lot 15, block 32 .... 1 04
School District No. 3, lot 16, block 32 .... 1 04
John O. Sargent, lot 1, block 33.. 1 04
John O. Sargent, lot 2, block 33.. 1 04
Jennie P. Gale, lot 3, block 33 .... 1 04
Theodore Hollister, lot 4, block 33 1 04
Josephine Kennedy, lot 5, block 33 15 57
Josephine Kennedy, lot 6, block 33 26 11
Harriet Lannigan, lot 7, block 33.. 15 57
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 33 .... 6 01
Alice H. Birch, lot 9, block 33 35
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 33 .... 2 08
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 33 .... 13 44
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 33 .... 24 72
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 33 .... 35 37
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 33 .... 1 04
Mary Garde, lot 1, block 34 ...... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 34 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 34 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 34 .... 1 04
George W. Horton, lot 5, block 34 1 04
George W. Horton, lot 6, block 34 1 04
George De Worms, lot 7, block 34 1 03
George De Worms, lot 8, block 34 1 03
George De Worms, lot 9, block 34 1 03
George De Worms, lot 10, block 34 .... 1 03
George W. Horton, lot 11, block 34 .... 1 03
George W. Horton, lot 12, block 34 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block 34 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 14, block 34 .... 1 03
Walter Van Brunt, lot 15, block 34 .... 1 03
Walter Van Brunt, lot 16, block 34 .... 1 03
Hugh McCulloch, lot 1, block 35.. 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 35 .... 1 03
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 3, block 35 .... 1 03
E. Grace Graves, lot 4, block 35.. 1 03
Henry P. Sharp, lot 5, block 35.. 1 03
Henry P. Sharp, lot 6, block 35.. 1 03
Henry P. Sharp, lot 7, block 35.. 1 03
Henry P. Sharp, lot 8, block 35.. 1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 9, block 35...... 1 03
Charles R. Haines, lot 10, block 35 .... 1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 11, block 35.... 1 03
Elouise E. Clark, lot 12, block 35.. 1 03
Henry P. Sharp, lot 13, block 35.. 1 03
Henry P. Sharp, lot 14, block 35.. 1 03
Henry P. Sharp, lot 15, block 35.. 1 03
Henry P. Sharp, lot 16, block 35.. 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 36 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 36 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 36 .... 1 03
Estate of Joseph E. Knowlton, lot 4, block 36 .... 1 03
J. M. Pearson, lot 5, block 36...... 1 03
J. M. Pearson, lot 6, block 36...... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 36 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 8, block 36 .... 1 03
John S. Little trustee, lot 9, block 36 .... 1 03
John S. Little, trusteee, lot 10, block 36 .... 1 03
John S. Little, trustee, lot 11, block 36 .... 1 03
John S. Little, trustee, lot 12, block 36 .... 1 03
William Sharp, lot 13, block 36.. 1 03
William Sharp, lot 14, block 36.. 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 15, block 36 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 16, block 36 .... 1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 37 ...... 1 03
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 2, block 37...... 1 03
Hugh McCulloch, lot 3, block 37.. 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 37 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 37 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 37 .... 1 03
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 37 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 37 .... 1 04
Walter Van Brunt, lot 9, block 37 .... 1 04
C. E. Tvedt, lot 10, block 37...... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 11, block 37.... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 12, block 37.... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 37 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 37 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 37 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 37 .... 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 1, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 2, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 3, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 4, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 5, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 6, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 7, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 8, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 9, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 10, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 11, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 12, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 13, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 14, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 15, block 38.. 1 04
Howard Gilliatt, lot 16, block 38.. 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 1, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 2, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 3, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 4, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 5, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 6, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 7, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 8, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 9, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 10, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 11, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 12, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 13, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 14, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 15, block 39 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 16, block 39 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 40...... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 2, block 40...... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 3, block 40 .... 1 04
Mary E. Poole, lot 4, block 40.... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 5, block 40 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 40 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 40 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 40 .... 1 04
William F. Henry, lot 9, block 40 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 10, block 40.... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 11, block 40 .... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 12, block 40 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 40 .... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 14, block 40 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 40 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 40 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 41 .... 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 3, block 41. 1 04
John T. Smith lot 4, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 41 .... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 9, block 41 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 41 .... 1 04
Lycurgus. L. Boblett, lot 11, block 41 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves, lot 12, block 41 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 41 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 42 .... 1 04
John Stone Pardee, lot 4, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 42 .... 1 04
William W. Niles, lot 9, block 42 .... 1 04
William W. Niles, lot 10, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 42 .... 1 04
Robert Rutherford, lot 15, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 42 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 43 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 43 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 43 .... 1 04
Bessie Burgess, lot 4, block 43. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 43 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 43 .... 1 04
Lakeside Presbyterian church, lot 7, block 43 .... 1 04
Lakeside Presbyterian church, lot 8, block 43 .... 1 04
Joseph C. Helm, lot 9, block 43... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 43 .... 1 04
Lycurgus L. Boblett, lot 11, block 43 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 12, block 43 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 13, block 43 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 14, block 43 .... 1 04
John T. Smith, lot 15, block 43.. 1 04
Sophie Johnson, lot 16, block 43.. 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 1, block 44. 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 2, block 44 1 04
James O. Sargent, lot 3, block 44. 1 04
James O. Sargent, lot 4, block 44. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 44 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 44 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 44 .... 1 04
Joseph S. Dodge, lot 8, block 44. 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 9, block 44.. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 44 .... 1 04
Josephine Kennedy, lot 11, block 44 .... 1 04
George W. Horton, lot 12, block 44 .... 1 04
George DeWorms, lot 13, block 44 .... 1 04
George De Worms, lot 14, block 44 .... 1 04
George W. Horton, lot 15, block 44 .... 1 04
Village of Lakeside, lot 16, block 44 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 1, block 45 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 2, block 45 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 3, block 45 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 4, block 45 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 5, block 45 .... 17 69
Martha A. Kingman, lot 6, block 45 .... 24 70
Martha A. Kingman, lot 7, block 45 .... 14 14
Martha A. Kingman, lot 8, block 45 .... 5 31
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 9, block 45 35
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 13, block 45 .... 10 57
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 14, block 45 .... 22 96
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 15, block 45 .... 35 37
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 16, block 45 .... 1 04
George Hawksworth, lot 2, block 46 35
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 46 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 46 .... 1 04
John J. Costello estate, lot 5, block 46 .... 1 04
John J. Costello estate, lot 6, block 46 .... 1 04
Walter Van Brunt, lot 7, block 46 .... 1 04
Walter Van Brunt, lot 8, block 46 .... 1 04
Sara Roe Lovett, lot 9, block 46 .... 1 04
Sara Roe Lovett, lot 10, block 46 .... 1 04
Sara Roe Lovett, lot 11, block 46 .... 1 04
Sara Roe Lovett, lot 12, block 46 .... 1 04
Samuel H. Rothermel, Jr., lot 13, block 46 .... 1 04
Samuel H. Rothermel, Jr., lot 14, block 46 .... 1 04
Allene S. Rothermel, lot 15, block 46 .... 1 04
Mitchell Trulander, lot 16, block 46 .... 1 04
Donnie L. Squier, (ne¼), east ½ block 47 .... 1 04
John Coventry, (sw¼), west ½ block 47 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, all block 48 .... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 2, block 49 35
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 3, block 49 70
Benjamin E. Wells, lot 4, block 49 .... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells, lot 5, block 49 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 49 .... 1 04
Henry B. Allen, lot 7, block 49 .... 1 04
Henry B. Allen, lot 8, block 49 .... 1 04
Unknown, lot 10, block 49...... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells, lot 11, block 49 .... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells, lot 12, block 49 .... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells, lot 13, block 49 .... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells, lot 14, block 49 .... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 15, block 49 .... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 16, block 49 .... 1 04
Mary Thompson, lot 1, block 50 .... 1 04
Mary Thompson, lot 2, block 50 .... 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 3, block 50 .... 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 4, block 50 .... 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 5, block 50 .... 17 69
Henry P. Sharp, lot 6, block 50 .... 24 70
Henry P. Sharp, lot 7, block 50 .... 14 14
Henry P. Sharp, lot 8, block 50 .... 5 25
Laura H. Grannis, lot 9, block 50 70
Laura H. Grannis, lot 10, block 50 35
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block 50 .... 10 57
Annie M. Martin, lot 14, block 50 .... 1 04
Charles R. Haines lot 15, block 50 .... 1 76
Charles R. Haines, lot 16, block 50 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 51.... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 2, block 51.... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 3, block 51.... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block 51.. 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 5, block 51 .... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 6, block 51 .... 1 04
Samuel C. Miller, lot 7, block 51 .... 1 04
Samuel C. Miller, lot 8, block 51 .... 1 04
John R. Carey, lot 9, block 51 .... 1 04
John R. Carey, lot 10, block 51 .... 1 04
John R. Carey, lot 11, block 51 .... 1 04
John R. Carey, lot 12, block 51 .... 1 04
John R. Carey, lot 13, block 51 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 14, block 51 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 15, block 51 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 16, block 51 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 1, block 52 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 2, block 52 .... 1 04
J. M. Pearson, lot 3, block 52 .... 1 04
J. M. Pearson, lot 4, block 52 .... 1 04
John O. Sargent, lot 5, block 52 .... 1 04
George De Worms, lot 6, block 52 .... 1 04
George De Worms, lot 7, block 52 .... 1 04
George De Worms, lot 8, block 52 .... 1 04
George De Worms, lot 9, block 52 .... 1 04
George De Worms, lot 10, block 52 .... 1 04
George De Worms, lot 11, block 52 .... 1 04
John O. Sargent, lot 12, block 52 .... 1 04
George H. and Charles J. Crosby, lot 13, block 52 .... 1 04
George H. and Charles J. Crosby, lot 14, block 52 .... 1 04
Emma H. Fish, lot 15, block 52 .... 1 04
Emma H. Fish, lot 16, block 52 .... 1 04
George H. and Charles J. Crosby, lot 1, block 53 .... 1 04
George H. and Charles J. Crosby lot 2, block 53 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 53 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 53 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 53 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 53 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 7, block 53 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 8, block 53 .... 1 04
Emma H. Fish, lot 9, block 53 .... 1 04
Emma H. Fish, lot 10, block 53 .... 1 04
John B. Greenfield, lot 11, block 53 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 12, block 53 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block 53 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 14, block 53 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 15, block 53 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 16, block 53 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 1, block 54 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 2, block 54 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 54 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 54 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 54 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 54 .... 1 04
John G. Huffman, lot 7, block 54 .... 1 04
John G. Huffman, lot 8, block 54 .... 1 04
Emma H. Fish, lot 9, block 54 .... 1 04
Emma H. Fish, lot 10, block 54 .... 1 04
Sophie E. Hogan, lot 11, block 54 .... 1 04
Caroline E. Lathrop, lot 12, block 54 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block 54 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 54 .... 1 04
Joseph G. Huffman, lot 15, block 54 .... 1 04
George H. and Charles J. Crosby, lot 16, block 54 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 55 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company lot 2, block 55 .... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 3, block 55. 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 4, block 55 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 5, block 55 ...... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 6, block 55 ...... 1 04
Caroline Kruger, lot 7, block 55 .. 1 04
Martha Palmer, lot 8, block 55 .. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 55 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 55 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 55 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 55 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 55 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 55 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 55 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 55 .... 1 04
James M. Caldwell, lot 1, block 56 1 04
James M. Caldwell, lot 2, block 56 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 56 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 56 .... 1 04
William Sharp, lot 5, block 56 .. 1 04
William Sharp, lot 6, block 56 .. 1 04
James M. Caldwell, lot 7, block 56 1 04
James M. Caldwell, lot 8, block 56 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 9, block 56 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 10, block 56 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 11, block 56 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 12, block 56 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 13, block 56 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 14, block 56 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 15, block 56 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 16, block 56 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 1, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 2, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 3, block 3 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 4, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 5, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 6, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 7, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 8, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 9, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 10, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 11, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 12, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 13, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 14, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 15, block 57 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 16, block 57 .... 1 04
William B. Dolenty, lot 1, block 58 .... 1 04
William B. Dolenty, lot 2, block 58 .... 1 04
William B. Dolenty, lot 3, block 58 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 58 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 5, block 58 ...... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 58 .... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 7, block 58.. 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 8, block 58.. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 58 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 58 .... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 11, block 58 .... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 12, block 58 .... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 13, block 58 .... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 14, block 58 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 58 .... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 16, block 58 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 59 .... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 5, block 59 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 6, block 59 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 7, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 59 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 13, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 59 .... 1 04
John F. Smith, lot 15, block 59 .. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 59 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 60 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 2, block 60 .... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 3, block 60 .... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 4, block 60 .... 1 04
J. M. Pearson, lot 5, block 60 .... 1 04
J. M. Pearson, lot 6, block 60 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 60 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 60 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 60 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 60 .... 1 04
Charles A. Nash, lot 11, block 60.. 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 12, block 60 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 60 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 60 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 60 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 60 .... 1 04
James Porter, lot 1, block 61.... 1 04
Lakeside Land company. lot 2, block 61 .... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 3, block 61 .... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 4, block 61.. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 61 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 61 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 61 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 61 .... 1 04
Theodore Hollister, lot 9, block 61 .... 1 04
May P. Whipple, lot 10, block 61.. 1 04
Zylpha J. Sutherland, lot 11, block 61 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 12, block 61.... 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 13, block 61.. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 14, block 61.. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 15, block 61.. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 16, block 61.. 1 04
Alexander Sang, lot 1, block 62.. 1 04
Alexander Sang, lot 2, block 62.. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 62 .... 1 04
John F. Bredesen, lot 4, block 62 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 62 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 62 .... 1 04
James Leahey, lot 7, block 62.... 1 04
James Leahey, lot 8, block 62.... 1 04
Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 9, block 62 .... 1 04
Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 10, block 62 .... 1 04
James P. Stephenson, e½ lot 11, block 62 52
Fanny Hicken, w½ lot 11, block 62 52
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 62 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 62 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 62 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 62 .... 1 04
Lakeside and company, lot 16, block 62 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 63 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 63 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 63 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 63 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 63 .... 1 04
John A. Banks, lot 6, block 63.. 1 04
William D. Sanford, s½ lot 7, block 63 52
Lakeside Land company, n½ lot 7, block 63.... 52
William D. Sanford, s½ lot 8, block 63 52
Lakeside Land company, n½ lot 8, block 63 52
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 9, block 63 .... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 10, block 63 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 63 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 63 .... 1 04
Josephine Kennedy, lot 13, block 63 .... 1 04
Frederic R. Kennedy, lot 14, block 63 .... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 15, block 63 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 16, block 63 1 04
Louis Meining, lot 1, block 64.... 1 04
Louis Meining, lot 2, block 64.... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 64 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 64 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 5, block 64.... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 6, block 64.. 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 7, block 64.... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 64 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 9, block 64 .... 1 04
Martha A. Kingman, lot 10, block 64 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 64 .... 1 04
C. C. Schmidt, lot 12, block 64... 1 04
Clarissa H. Young, lot 13, block 64 .... 1 04
Lycurgus L. Boblett, lot 14, block 64 .... 1 04
Allen M. Longstreet, lot 15, block 64 .... 1 04
Allen M. Longstreet, lot 16, block 64 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 65 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 65 .... 1 04
Daniel T. Denton, lot 3, block 65.. 1 04
Daniel T. Denton, lot 4, block 65.. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 65 .... 19 46
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 65 .... 22 80
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 65 .... 12 32
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 65 .... 4 93
Joseph D. Sattler, lot 9, block 65 70
Margaret B. Logie, lot 10, block 65 35
Daniel T. Denton, lot 13, block 65 8 82
Daniel T. Denton, lot 14, block 65 21 21
Daniel T. Denton, lot 15, block 65 33 60
Daniel T. Denton, lot 16, block 65 8 82
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 66 35
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 66 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 66 .... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 5, block 66 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt (part in Morris Park), lot 6, block 66 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company (part in Morris Park), lot 7, block 66.... 1 04
Charles R. Haines (part in Morris Park), lot 8, block 66........ 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 12, block 66 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 13, block 66 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 14, block 66 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 15, block 66.... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 16, block 66.... 1 04
Hugo Speier, all block 67 70
Hugh McCulloch, (part in Morris Park), all block 68 35
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 69 35
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 69 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 69 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land companw, lot 4, block 69 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, (Morris Park) lot 5, block 69 .... 1 04
W. A. Foot (Morris Park), lot 6, block 69 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, (Morris Park), lot 7, block 69 .... 1 04
Abraham W. Long, (Morris Park), lot 8, block 69 .... 1 04
Henry P. Sharp (Morris Park), lot 13, block 69 .... 1 40
Henry P. Sharp (Morris Park), lot 14, block 69 .... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, (Morris Park) lot 15, block 69 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, (Morris Park) lot 16, block 69 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 70 ..... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 70 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 3, block 70 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 4, block 70 .... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 5, block 70 .... 26 53
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 6, block 70.. .... 19 46
Henry G. Mooney, lot 7, block 70. 12 32
Henry G. Mooney, lot 8, block 70. 3 50
Hugo Speier, lot 9, block 70 70
Hugo Speier, lot 10, block 70...... 35
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 70 .... 7 78
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 70 .... 19 46
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 70 .... 31 78
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 70 .... 10 51
Kate Rigby, lot 1, block 71 ...... 1 04
First National Bank, Menomonee, Wis., lot 2, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 71 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 71 .... 1 04
Scandia Building and Loan association, lot 14, block 71 .... 1 04
James Mallock, lot 15, block 71.. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 71 .... 1 04
John Schroeder, lot 1, block 72 .. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 72 .... 1 04
Franklin K. White, lot 3, block 72 .... 1 04
Caroline Condon, lot 4, block 72 .. 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 72 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 72 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 72 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 72 .... 1 04
Howard De Mott, lot 9, block 72. 1 04
Howard De Mott, lot 10, block 72 1 04
Howard De Mott, lot 11, block 72 1 04
Walter Van Brunt, lot 12, block 72 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 72 .... 1 04
Helen Jamieson, lot 14, block 72.. 1 04
Frank Crassweller, lot 15, block 72 .... 1 04
Frank Crassweller, lot 16, block 72 .... 1 04
L. A. Marvin, lot 1, block 73.... 1 04
L. A. Marvin, lot 2, block 73 .... 1 04
L. A. Marvin, lot 3, block 73 .... 1 04
L. A. Marvin, lot 4, block 73 .... 1 04
School district No. 3, lot 5, block 73 .... 1 04
School district No. 3, lot 6, block 73 .... 1 04
School district No. 3, lot 7, block 73 .... 1 04
School district No. 3, lot 8, block 73 .... 1 04
Lottie E. Hicken, lot 9, block 73 .... 1 04
Fanny M. Park, lot 10, block 73 .... 1 04
Fanny M. Park, lot 11, block 73 .... 1 04
John Cox, Frank Cox, lot 12, block 73 .... 1 04
John Cox, Frank Cox, lot 13 block 73 .... 1 04
L. A. Marvin, lot 14, block 73.... 1 04
L. A. Marvin, lot 15, block 73.... 1 04
Salome Jaques, lot 16, block 73 .. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 1, block 74 . 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 2, block 74. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 3, block 74. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 4, block 74. 1 04
Charles A. Nash, lot 5, block 74.. 1 04
Walter Van Brunt, lot 6, block 74 1 04
Walter Van Brunt, lot 7, block 74 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 8, block 74 .... 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 9, block 74.. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 10, block 74.. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 11, block 74.. 1 04
Henry P. Sharp, lot 12, block 74.. 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 13, block 74 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 14, block 74.... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 74 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 16, block 74.... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 75 .... 1 04
Peter K. Peterson, lot 4, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 75 .... 1 04
Ellen M. Edwards, lot 6, block 75 1 04
Ellen M. Edwards, lot 7, block 75 1 04
Ellen M. Edwards, lot 8, block 75 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 75 .... 1 04
Walter Van Brunt, lot 10, block 75 .... 1 04
Angelina Spongberg, lot 11, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land ccompany, lot 15, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 75 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 76 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 76 .... 1 04
David Sang, lot 15, block 76 ...... 1 04
David Sang, lot 16, block 76 ...... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 77 .... 1 04
John T. Bredeson, lot 4, block 77. 1 04
George De Worms, lot 5, block 77 1 04
George De Worms, lot 6, block 77 1 04
George W. Horton, lot 7, block 77 1 04
William B. Dolenty, lot 8, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 77 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 77 .... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 1, block 78 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 78 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 3, block 78 ..... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block 78 ..... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 5, block 78.. 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 6, block 78 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 78 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 79 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 9, block 79 ..... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 10, block 79 .... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 11, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 79 .... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 79 .... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 15, block 79 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 16, block 79 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 1, block 80 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 2, block 80 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 3, block 80 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 4, block 80 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 5, block 80 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 6, block 80 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 7, block 80 .... 1 04
Daniel Robert Wilkie, lot 8, block 80 .... 1 04
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Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 112 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 112 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 112 ... 1 04
Lakeside and company, lot 13, block 112 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 112 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 112 ... 1 04
Thomas Lawson, lot 16, block 112 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 113 ... 1 04
James T. Elliott, lot 9, block 113 ... 1 04
Chasmir Gracezkowski, lot 10, block 113 ... 1 04
Mary A. Paine, lot 11, block 113 ... 1 04
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Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 113 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 114 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 114 ... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 3, block 114 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block 114 ... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 5, block 114 ... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 6, block 114 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 7, block 114 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 8, block 114 ... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 9, block 114 ... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 10, block 114 ... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 11, block 114 ... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 12, block 114 ... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 13, block 114 ... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 14, block 114 ... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 15, block 114 ... 1 04
Baron A. Von Oppenheim, lot 16, block 114 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 115 ... 1 04
Thomas F. Conboy, lot 9, block 115 ... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells, lot 10, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 115 ... 1 04
Pauline Freimuth, lot 13, block 115 ... 1 04
Pauline Freimuth, lot 14, block 115 ... 1 04
Pauline Freimuth, lot 15, block 115 ... 1 04
Pauline Freimuth, lot 16, block 115 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 116 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 116 ... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 3, block 116 ... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 4, block 116 ... 1 04
William C. Sargent, lot 5, block 116 ... 1 04
William C. Sargent, lot 6, block 116 ... 1 04
William C. Sargent, lot 7, block 116 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 116 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 9, block 116 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 10, block 116 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 11, block 116 ... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 12, block 116 ... 1 04
M. W. Lowrey, lot 13, block 116 ... 1 04
M. W. Lowrey, lot 14, block 116 ... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 15, block 116 ... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 16, block 116 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 117 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 117 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 117 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 117 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 117 ... 25 81
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 117 ... 17 69
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 117 ... 10 51
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 117 ... 3 50
Lakeside Land company (Morris Park), lot 9, block 117 ... 1 04
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Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 117 ... 15 18
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 117 ... 25 81
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 117 ... 28 28
Lakeside Land company (Morris Park), lot 3, block 118 ... 35
Howard Gilliatt (Morris Park), lot 4, block 118 ... 70
Howard Gilliatt (Morris Park), lot 5, block 118 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company (Morris Park), lot 6, block 118 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company (Morris Park), lot 7, block 118 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company (Morris Park), lot 8, block 118 ... 1 04
Franklin Paine and Fred N. La Salle (Morris Park), lot 9, block 118 ... 1 04
Franklin Paine and Fred N. La Salle (Morris Park), lot 10, block 118 ... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells (Morris Park), lot 11, block 118 ... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells (Morris Park), lot 12, block 118 ... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells (Morris Park), lot 13, block 118 ... 1 04
Benjamin E. Wells (Morris Park), lot 14, block 118 ... 1 04
Theodore Hollister (Morris Park), lot 15, block 118 ... 1 04
Theodore Hollister (Morris Park), lot 16, block 118 ... 1 04

LONDON ADDITION.

REARRANGEMENT BLOCK 119.

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Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 119 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 119 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 119 ... 8 10
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 119 ... 25 81
Marie Sticken, lot 6, block 119 ... 17 69
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 119 ... 17 69
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 119 ... 17 69
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 119 ... 10 51
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 119 ... 25 81
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 119 ... 15 89
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 119 ... 17 69
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 119 ... 25 81
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 119 ... 31 78

LONDON ADDITION.

Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 120 ... 1 04
Frances E. Little, lot 5, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 120 ... 1 04
Benjamin Torvund, lot 7, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 120 ... 1 04
Frank M. Stewart, Charles E. Lawrence, lot 9, block 120 ... 1 04
Frank M. Stewart, Charles E. Lawrence, lot 10, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 120 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 120 ... 1 04
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Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 121 ... 1 04
N. B. Wharton, lot 9, block 121 ... 1 04
N. B. Wharton, lot 10, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 121 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 122 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 122 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 122 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 122 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 122 ... 1 04
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Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 122 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 122 ... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 9, block 122 ... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 10, block 122 ... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 11, block 122 ... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 12, block 122 ... 1 04
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Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 122 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 122 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 122 ... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 1, block 123 ... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 2, block 123 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 123 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 123 ... 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 5, block 123 ... 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 6, block 123 ... 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 7, block 123 ... 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 8, block 123 ... 1 04
Susan McCoy, lot 9, block 123 ... 1 04
Susan McCoy, lot 10, block 123 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 11, block 123 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 12, block 123 ... 1 04
Edwin C. Little, lot 13, block 123 ... 1 04
Edwin C. Little lot 14, block 123 ... 1 04
W. K. Himnan, lot 15, block 123 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 16, block 123 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 124 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 124 ... 1 04
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Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 125 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 125 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 125 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 125 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 125 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 125 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 125 ... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 9, block 125 ... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 10, block 125 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 125 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 125 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 13, block 125 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 14, block 125 ... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 15, block 125 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 16, block 125 ... 1 04
J. M. Pearson, lot 1, block 126 ... 1 04
J. M. Pearson, lot 2, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 14, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 15, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 16, block 126 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 127 ... 1 04
John O. Sargent, lot 7, block 127 ... 1 04
John O. Sargent, lot 8, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 9, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 11, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 12, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 14, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 15, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 16, block 127 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 128 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 128 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 128 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 128 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 128 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 128 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 7, block 128 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 8, block 128 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 9, block 128 ... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 10, block 128 ... 1 04
John Johnson, lot 11, block 128 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 12 block 128 ... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 13, block 128 ... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 14, block 128 ... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 15, block 128 ... 1 04
John S. Little, trustee, lot 16, block 128 ... 1 04
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Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company lot 8, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 9, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 11, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 12, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 13, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 14, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 15, block 129 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 16, block 129 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 130 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 2, block 130 ... 1 04
Walter Ayers, lot 3, block 130 ... 1 04
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block 130 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 130 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 130 ... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 7, block 130 ... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 8, block 130 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 9, block 130 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block 130 ... 1 04
Charles R. Haines, lot 11, block 130 ... 1 04
Hugh McCulloch, lot 12, block 130 ... 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 13, block 130 ... 1 04
John P. Johnson, lot 14, block 130 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 15, block 130 ... 1 04
Rufus P. Kingman, lot 16, block 130 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 131 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 131 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 131 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 131 ... 1 04
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Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 131 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 131 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 8, block 131 ... 1 04
David Robert Wilkie, lot 9, block 131 ... 1 04
David Robert Wilkie, lot 10, block 131 ... 1 04
David Robert Wilkie, lot 11, block 131 ... 1 04
David Robert Wilkie, lot 12, block 131 ... 1 04
David Robert Wilkie, lot 13, block 131 ... 1 04
David Robert Wilkie, lot 14, block 131 ... 1 04
David Robert Wilkie, lot 15, block 131 ... 1 04
David Robert Wilkie, lot 16, block 131 ... 1 04
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 132 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 132 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 132 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 132 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 133 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 133 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 133 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 133 ... 1 40
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 1, block 134 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 134 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 134 ... 1 40
Hugh McCulloch, lot 4, block 134 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 135 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 135 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 135 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 135 ... 1 40
Henri L. Bischoffheim, lot 1, block 136 ... 1 40
Henry P. Sharp, lot 2, block 136 ... 1 40
Henry P. Sharp, lot 3, block 136 ... 1 40
Henry P. Sharp, lot 4, block 136 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 137 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 137 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 137 ... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 4,

block 137 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 138 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 138 .... 1 40
Hugh McCulloch, lot 3, block 138 .... 1 40
E. Grace Graves and Mary A. Van Brunt, lot 4, block 138 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 139 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 139 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 139 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 139 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 140 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 140 .... 1 40
John Q. A. Crosby, lot 3, block 140 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 140 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 141 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 141 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 141 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 141 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 142 .... 1 40
Cynthia E. Connell, lot 2, block 142 .... 1 40
William C. Sargent, lot 3, block 142 .... 1 40
Hugh McCulloch, lot 4, block 142 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 143 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 143 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 143 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 143 .... 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 144 .... 1 40
E. Benham, lot 2, block 144 .... 1 40
C. T. LeTourneau, lot 3, block 144 .... 1 40
R. B. Gilmore, lot 4, block 144 .... 1 40
Elizabeth E. White, lot 1, block 145 .... 1 40
J. J. LeTourneau, lot 2, block 145 .... 1 40
Elizabeth James, west ½ lot 3, block 145 70
M. L. Newcomb, east ½ lot 3, block 145 70
Millie Kading, east ½ lot 4, block 145 70
M. L. Newcomb, west ½ lot 4, block 145 70

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Crosley Park Land company, lot 82, block 7 35
Moise Landry, lot 83, block 7 35
Moise Landry, lot 84, block 7 35
Moise Landry, lot 85, block 7 35
Mrs. Emma Desilets, lot 95, block 9 35
Louise Brown, lot 96, block 10 35
Louise Brown, lot 97, block 10 35
Romanzou A. Kellogg, lot 100, block 10 35
Walter F. Hartley, lot 101, block 10 35
Hulda Carlson, lot 105, block 10 35
Ernst A. Oman, lot 106, block 10 35
Ernst A. Oman, lot 107, block 10 35
John Adolfson, lot 108, block 10 35
John Adolfson, lot 109, block 10 35
James P. Fairgrieve, lot 110, block 10 35
James P. Fairgrieve, lot 111, block 10 35
Mrs. Alice Young, lot 192, block 18 35
Mrs. Alice Young, lot 193, block 18 35
Mrs. Sarah Hillman, lot 194, block 18 35
Mrs. Sarah Hillman, lot 195, block 18 35
Robert F. Christian, lot 262, block 23 35
Robert F. Christian, lot 265, block 23 35
Charles W. McFadden, lot 271, block 25 35
Charles W. McFadden, lot 272, block 25 35
Charles W. McFadden, lot 273, block 25 35
C. T. LeTourneau, lot 274, block 25 35
C. T. LeTourneau, lot 275, block 25 35
Louis Ostromizki, lot 276, block 26 35
Louis Ostromizki, lot 277, block 26 35
Frances E. Coburn, lot 278, block 26 35
Frances E. Coburn, lot 279, block 26 35
Sarah J. Montague, lot 280, block 26 35
Robert J. McIlroy, lot 281, block 26 35
Robert J. McIlroy, lot 282, block 26 35
Eliza Christian, lot 283, block 26 35
Eliza Christian, lot 284, block 26 35
Olof Sundstidt, lot 286, block 26 35
Olof Sundstidt, lot 287, block 26 35
Darius Swenson and Otto P. Rud, lot 288, block 26 35
Darius Swenson and Otto P. Rud, lot 289, block 26 35
Robert E. Denfeld, lot 290, block 26 35
Robert E. Denfeld, lot 291, block 26 35
Cecelia Hanson, lot 292, block 27 35
Cecelia Hanson, lot 293, block 27 35
John M. Ryning, lot 300, block 27 35
John M. Ryning, lot 301, block 27 35
William Henderson, lot 339, block 30 35
James Dawe, lot 340, block 31 35
Dorotia Passardi, lot 344, block 31 35
William B. Patton and Charles P. Frank, lot 356, block 32 35
William B. Patton and Charles P. Frank, lot 357, block 32 35
Hugh McCallum, lot 364, block 33 35
Miss Lavernia Howard, lot 376, block 33 35
C. W. McFadden, C. T. LeTourneau, lot 396, block 35 35
C. W. McFadden, C. T. LeTourneau, lot 397, block 35 35
Edson Keith, lot 412, block 39 35
Louis Nelson, lot 413, block 39 35
John W. Schultz, lot 414, block 39 35
Alfred E. McCordie, lot 435, block 38 35
John F. Segog, lot 566, block 48 35
John F. Segog, lot 567, block 48 35
Bartolo Passardi, lot 682, block 55 35
Joseph Bauti, lot 683, block 55 35
Eugene J. Bunker, lot 706, block 56 35
Eugene J. Bunker, lot 707, block 56 35
Karl Fredrikson, lot 878, block 68 35
Karl Fredrikson, lot 879, block 68 35
Lucy Purdy, lot 1244, block 92 35
Lucy Purdy, lot 1245, block 92 35
Ellen Maxfield, lot 1246, block 92 35
Ellen Maxfield, lot 1247, block 92 35
Mary McCoy, lot 1249, block 92 35
Lavinia S. Crittenden, lot 1250, block 92 35
Miss Nellie B. Kalaher, lot 1251, block 92 35
Miss Kate McLean, lot 1252, block 92 35
Mrs. Annie Jackson, lot 1253, block 92 35
Thomas Tidball, lot 1308, block 97 35
William Bracher, lot 1309, block 97 35
Louisa Jane Goldsmith, lot 1310, block 97 35
George Perrett, lot 1311, block 97 35
George Perrett, lot 1312, block 97 35
Alexander S. Wilson, lot 1313, block 97 35
Charles Holloquist, lot 1314, block 97 35
Charles Holloquist, lot 1315, block 97 35
Louisa Jane Goldsmith, lot 1322 block 98 35
Frank E. Austin, lot 1325, block 98 35
James W. Wood, lot 1326, block 98 35
Mrs. Julia N. Barnes, lot 1328, block 98 35
Frank J. Grady, lot 1330, block 98 35
Frank J. Grady, lot 1331, block 98 35
Mrs. Flora E. Cutler, lot 1332, block 98 35
Mrs. Flora E. Cutler, lot 1333, block 98 35
Miss Bertha Erickson, lot 1334, block 98 35
Miss Bertha Erickson, lot 1335, block 98 35
Blanche M. White, lot 1420, block 103 35
Blanche M. White, lot 1421, block 103 35
Mrs. Maud Hunter, lot 1426, block 104 35
Mrs. Maud Hunter, lot 1427, block 104 35
John M. Ryning, lot 1456, block 106 35
John M. Ryning, lot 1457, block 106 35
Frank McCreary, lot 1458, block 106 35
Frank McCreary, lot 1459, block 106 35
William H. Williams, lot 1461, block 106 35
Charles E. Brown, lot 1498, block 109 35
Charles E. Brown, lot 1499, block 109 35
James C. Ayres, lot 1604, block 115 35
James C. Ayres, lot 1605, block 115 35
Edwin V. Robinson, lot 1608, block 116 35
Wesley S. Parker, lot 1609, block 116 35
Mrs. Christine Hughes, lot 1610, block 116 35
Miss M. Louise Brown, lot 1611, block 116 35
Miss M. Louise Brown, lot 1612, block 116 35
Emma Fairgrieve, lot 1622, block 117 35
Emma Fairgrieve, lot 1623, block 117 35
Thea Anderson, lot 1636, block 117 35
Hans C. Hanson, lot 1637, block 117 35
Mrs Julia Rulon, lot 1684, block 121 35
Mrs. Julia Rulon, lot 1685, block 121 35
John P. Aleris, lot 1686, block 122 35
John P. Aleris, lot 1687, block 122 35
Louis H. Morey, lot 1796, block 128 35
Louis H. Morey, lot 1797, block 128 35
Gay L. Tufts, lot 1802, block 128 35
Gay L. Tufts, lot 1803, block 128 35
Andrew Ruf, lot 1804, block 129 35
Andrew Ruf, lot 18[illegible], block 129 35
Andrew Ruf, lot 1806, block 129 35
Mrs. Lucy E. McMain, lot 1817, block 129 35
B. Hermann, lot 1850, block 132 35
B. Hermann, lot 1851, block 132 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1852, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1853, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1854, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1855, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1856, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1857, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1858, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1859, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1860, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1861, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1862, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1863, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1864, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1865, block 133 35
Crosley Park Land company, lot 1866, block 133 35
James Walter Jones, lot 1867, block 133 35
Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, lot 1868, block 134 35
Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, lot 1869, block 134 35
Joseph Graham, lot 1900, block 136 35
Joseph Graham, lot 1901, block 136 35
Mrs. Louise M. Meier, lot 1922, block 137 35
Mrs. Louise M. Meier, lot 1923, block 137 35
Ernest Strey, lot 1924, block 137 35
Ernest Strey, lot 1925, block 137 35
William C. Deichsel, lot 1926, block 137 35
William C. Deichsel, lot 1927, block 137 35
Augusta Sengpiel, lot 1932, block 137 35
Augusta Sengpiel, lot 1933, block 137 35
Augusta Hampel, lot 1934, block 137 35
Augusta Hampel, lot 1935, block 137 35
Theresia Lewald, lot 1936, block 137 35
Theresia Lewald, lot 1937, block 137 35
John Schultz, lot 1938, block 138 35
John Schultz, lot 1939, block 138 35
W. Sanford Campbell, lot 1951, block 138 35
Julia Etta Fuller, lot 1952, block 138 35
Julia Etta Fuller, lot 1953, block 138 35
Julia Etta Fuller, lot 1954, block 139 35
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James W. Thompson, lot 1958, block 139 35
James W. Thompson, lot 1959, block 139 35
James W. Thompson, lot 1960, block 139 35
James W. Thompson, lot 1961, block 139 35
Emma L. Schmied, lot 1965, block 139 35
Mrs. Clara G. Brown as trustee, lot 1966, block 139 35
Mrs. Clara G. Brown as trustee, lot 1967, block 139 35
Robert Boehnert, lot 1968, block 139 35
Robert Boehnert, lot 1969, block 139 35
Mary E. Lewis, lot 1970, block 140 35
Mary E. Lewis, block 1971, block 139 35
Mary A. Lewis, lot 1972, block 140 35
Mary E. Lewis, lot 1973, block 140 35
Jakob Hanson, lot 1976, block 140 35
Josephine Senbeski, lot 1982, block 140 35
Josephine Senbeski, lot 1983, block 140 35
Harry Person, lot 1984, block 140 35
Harry Person, lot 1985, block 140 35
Louis H. Ebmer, lot 1986, block 141 35
Louis H. Ebmer, lot 1987, block 141 35
Elen Worum, lot 1988, block 141 35
Joseph Fuller, lot 2015, block 143 35
Doefila F. Lemire, lot 2016, block 143 35
Doefila F. Lemire, lot 2017, block 143 35
A. G. Foss, lot 2018, block 144 35
A. G. Foss, lot 2019, block 144 35
Edith H. Christensen, lot 2020, block 144 35
Mrs. Clara G. Brown, lot 2021, block 144 35
Mrs. Clara G. Brown, lot 2022, block 144 35
Mrs. Clara G. Brown, lot 2023, block 144 35
Mrs. Clara G. Brown, lot 2024, block 144 35
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Crosley Park Land company, lot 2026, block 144 35
Mrs. Annie J. Bates, lot 2027, block 144 35
Mrs. Annie J. Bates, lot 2028, block 144 35
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Mrs. Helen A. Carman, lot 2030, block 144 35
Mrs. Helen A. Carman, lot 2031, block 144 35
Fanny Epstein, lot 2032, block 144 35
Fanny Epstein, lot 2033, block 144 35
John Finn, lot 2034, block 145 35
Annie Mutschgeske, lot 2035, block 145 35
Annie Milostan, lot 2037, block 145 35
John Milostan, lot 2038, block 145 35
Robert Lenck, lot 2039, block 145 35
E. Hugh Cooke, lot 2040, block 145 35
E. Hugh Cooke, lot 2041, block 145 35
Rosa Frances Kettl, lot 2042, block 145 35
Ernest Siegel, lot 2043, block 145 35
Mrs. Frances Tischer, lot 2044, block 145 35
Mrs. Frances Tischer, lot 2045, block 145 35
Maggie Liebinger, lot 2046, block 145 35
John A. McDonnell, lot 2047, block 145 35
John A. McDonnell, lot 2048, block 145 35
Mrs. Saloma Benson, lot 2049 block 145 35
Andrew Jackson, lot 2050, block 146 35
James Watts, lot 2051, block 146 35
John W. Bell, lot 2052, block 146 35
Joseph R. McKinnon, lot 2054, block 146 35
Frank D. Hoyt, lot 2055, block 146 35
Charles W. Hoyt, lot 2056, block 146 35
Florence A. Morgan, lot 2058, block 146 35
Florence A. Morgan, lot 2059, block 146 35
Mrs. Annie Fleberg, lot 2060, block 146 35
James Watts, lot 2061, block 146 35
A. G. Foss, lot 2062, block 146 35
A. G. Foss, lot 2063, block 146 35
Maria W. Claveaux, lot 2066, block 147 35
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Maria W. Claveaux, lot 2068, block 147 35
Maria W. Claveaux, lot 2069, block 147 35
Peter Beschenbossel, lot 2070, block 147 35
Ole Anderson, lot 2071, block 147 35
Hallene Svendsen, lot 2072, block 147 35
Darius Svendsen, lot 2073, block 147 35
Nellie E. Van Norman, lot 2074, block 147 35
Nellie E Van Norman, lot 2075, block 147 35
Kate O. A. Lackie, lot 2076, block 147 35
Jacob Peffer, lot 2077, block 247 35
Jacob Peffer, lot 2078, block 147 35
Olof Anderson, lot 2079, block 147 35
James McCahill, lot 2080, block 147 35
James McCahill, lot 2081, block 247 35
Joseph Graham, lot 2082, block 148 35
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Louis Dworschak, lot 2086, block 148 35
Miss Clara G. Lynn, lot 2089, block 148 35
Miss Clara G. Lynn, lot 2090, block 148 35
Frank Louken, lot 2091, block 148 35
John W. Schultz, lot 2092, block 148 35
Gertrude Grahamer, lot 2093, block 148 35
Frederick Hase, lot 2096, block 148 35
Frederick Hase, lot 2097, block 148 35
Arnie Grumpmann, lot 2105, block 149 35
Bertha Grumpmann, lot 2106, block 149 35
Hedwig Liewald, lot 2107, block 149 35
Ferdinand Gittkowski, lot 2110, block 149 35
Edward Metzner, lot 2111, block 149 35
Wawrzin Ignasiak, lot 2114, block 149 35
Otto E. Bertram, lot 2115, block 149 35
Bell Ogilvie, lot 2116, block 149 35
Miss Mary A. Risch, lot 2117, block 149 35
Margaret B. Logie, lot 2118, block 149 35
Margaret B. Logie, lot 2119, block 149 35
George O. Smith, lot 2120, block 150 35
George O. Smith, lot 2121, block 150 35
William D. Dean, lot 2122, block 150 35
William D. Dean, lot 2123, block 150 35
George L. Gorton, lot 2124, block 150 35
George L. Gorton, lot 2125, block 150 35
George L. Gorton, lot 2126, block 150 35
James McCahill, lot 2127, block 150 35
Leander Anderson, lot 2128, block 150 35
Leander Anderson, lot 2129, block 150 35
Mrs. Anne G. Hanson, lot 2136, block 151 35
Mrs. Anne G. Hanson, lot 2137, block 151 35
Benjamin F. Howard, lot 2138, block 151 35
Miss Jennie Nelson, lot 2139, block 151 35
May Olive Howell, lot 2141, block 151 35
M. F. Dwyer, lot 2142, block 151 35
Mrs. Mattie E Bracken, lot 2143, block 151 35
Mrs. Mattie E. Bracken, lot 2144, block 151 35
George Bain, lot 2145, block 151 35
Martin Nelson, lot 2146, block 151 35
Mrs. Harriet Blodgett, lot 2147, block 151 35
Mrs Anne G. Hanson, lot 2148, block 151 35
James L. Young, lot 2150, block 151 35
James L. Young, lot 2151, block 151 35
Paul Philips, lot 2152, block 152 35
Paul Philips, lot 2153, block 152 35
Charlotte Ann Hall, lot 2154, block 152 35
Mrs. Kate McLeod, lot 2155, block 152 35
Mrs Anne I. Austerhout, lot 2156, block 152 35
Nathan Richardson, lot 2157, block 152 35
Miss Mary J. Green, lot 2158, block 152 35
John M. Hall, lot 2159, block 152 35
Kittie Hall, lot 2160, block 152 35
Mathew L. Hall, lot 2161, block 152 35
Edwin S. Hall, lot 2162, block 152 35
Luther E. Newport, lot 2163, block 152 35
Miss Lucy Maxfield, lot 2165, block 152 35
Ellef Hansen, lot 2166, block 152 35
Ellef Hansen, lot 2167, block 152 35
Miss Sophie E. B. German, lot 2168, block 153 35
Miss Sophie E. B. German, lot 2169, block 153 35
Nils Gunderson, lot 2171, block 153 35
Nils Gunderson, lot 2172, block 153 35
Madalena Salvine and Dorotea Passardi, lot 2174, block 153 35
Dorotia Passardi, lot 2175, block 153 35
John O'Rourke, lot 2176, block 153 35
John O'Rourke, lot 2177, block 153 35
James T. Watson, Jr., lot 2178, block 153 35

LESTER PARK, FIRST DIVISION.

Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 1 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 1 70
Marietta S. Sinclair, lot 3, block 1 70
Josephine S. Harter, lot 4, block 1 70
Josephine S. Harter, lot 5, block 1 70
U. R. Sigler, lot 6, block 1 70
Granite State Fire Insurance company, lot 7, block 1 70
Martha S. Campbell, lot 8, block 1 70
Charles M. Parkhurst, lot 9, block 1 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 2 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 2 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 2 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 2 70
S. F. Brewster, lot 5, block 2 70
Edward H. Beviger, lot 6, block 2 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 2 70
Edward H. Beviger, lot 8, block 2 70
Edward McGiffert, lot 9, block 2 70
Augusta T. Albertson, lot 10, block 2 70
Henry T. Swart, lot 11, block 2 70
Mary J. Mathews, lot 12, block 2 70
Jennie V. Beviger, lot 13, block 2 70
Jennie V. Beviger, lot 14, block 2 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 3 70
H. G. Inman, lot 2, block 3 70
John F. Norrish, lot 3, block 3 70
Clark S. Fulton, lot 4, block 3 70
Frederick W. Edwards, lot 5, block 3 70
Susan W. Stearns, lot 6, block 3 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 3 70
Conrad Kolb, lot 8, block 3 70
O. H. Hewit, lot 9, block 3 70
O. H. Hewit, lot 10, block 3 70
Fred Mueller, lot 11, block 3 70
Edwin V. Sidell, lot 12, block 3 70
Emma S. R. Kendrick, lot 13, block 3 70
Emma S. R. Kendrick, lot 14, block 3 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 4 70
William A. Foote, lot 2, block 4 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 4 70
William A. Foote, lot 4, block 4 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 4 70
Elizabeth A. Hoyt, lot 6, block 4 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 4 70
Josephine J. Butchart, lot 8, block 4 70
Rachael A. Eckert, lot 9, block 4 70
Rachael A. Eckert, lot 10, block 4 70
Rachael A. Eckert, lot 11, block 4 70
Rachael A. Eckert, lot 12, block 4 70
Charlotte V. Crosby, lot 13, block 4 70
Charlotte V. Crosby, lot 14, block 4 70
Ella G. Hardenberg, lot 1, block 5 70
Rachael A. Eckert, lot 2, block 5 70
Ella G. Hardenberg, lot 3, block 5 70
Rachael A. Eckert, lot 4, block 5 70
Ella G. Hardenberg, lot 5, block 5 70
Rachael A. Eckert, lot 6, block 5 70
Ella G. Hardenberg, lot 7, block 5 70
Rachael A. Eckert, lot 8, block 5 70
Robert G. Peck, lot 9, block 5 70
Robert G. Peck, lot 10, block 5 70
Julia D. Chase, lot 11, block 5 70
Hattie K. Moody, lot 12, block 5 70
George W. Winchell, lot 13, block 5 70
George W. Winchell, lot 14, block 5 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 6 70
Wells-Stone Mercantile company, lot 2, block 6 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 6 70
Louisa Lay, lot 4, block 6 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 6 70
Louisa Lay, lot 6, block 6 70
Gilbert M. Stevenson, lot 7, block 6 70
Amelia Quinn, lot 8, block 6 70
State Realty company, lot 9, block 6 70
Charles G. Traphagen, lot 10, block 6 70
Joseph C. Carey, lot 11, block 6 70
Stephen C. Hannon, lot 12, block 6 70
Lucy M. Kennedy, lot 13, block 6 70
Mathias Haug and Joseph A. Mannheim, lot 14, block 6 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 7 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 7 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 7 70
Andrew McCormick, lot 4, block 7 70
Helen B. Sweeny, lot 5, block 7 70
Helen B. Sweeny, lot 6, block 7 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 7 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 7 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 7 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 7 70
Lakeside Land company, lot A 1 40
Henry Weeky, lot B 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot C 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot D 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot E 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot F 1 40
Dexter M. Ferry, lot G 1 40
Dexter M. Ferry, lot H 1 40
Mary J. Jacques, lot I 1 40
Emma S. R. Kendrick, lot K 1 40
Matthias Haug, Joseph A. Mannheim, lot L 1 40
Matthias Haug, Joseph A. Mannheim, lot M 1 40
Lilla R. Dutton, east ½ lot N 70
Augusta G. Batchelor, west ½ lot N 70
Albert W. Dutton, lot O 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot P 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot R 1 40
Arthur E. Prince, lot S 1 40
John Jenswold, Jr., lot T 1 40
Lakeside Land company, lot U 1 40
Richard H. Lee, lot V 1 40
Richard H. Lee, lot X 1 40
Richard H. Lee, lot Z 1 40

LESTER PARK, SECOND DIVISION.

Herman Burg, lot 1, block 8 70
Herman Burg, lot 2, block 8 70
William S. Miller, lot 3, block 8 70
Jacob Grieser, lot 4, block 8 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 8 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 8 70
Jacob Staples, lot 7, block 8 70
Jacob Staples, lot 8, block 8 70
W. A. Hardenberg, trustee, lot 9, block 8 70
W. A. Hardenberg, trustee, lot 10, block 8 70
W. A. Hardenberg, trustee, lot 11, block 8 70
W. A. Hardenberg, trustee, lot 12, block 8 70
W. A. Hardenberg, trustee, lot 13, block 8 70
W. A. Hardenberg, trustee, lot 14, block 8 70
Herman L. Schafer, lot 1, block 9 70
Mrs. Fanny Archer Roswald, lot 2, block 9 70
Levi J. Hill, lot 3, block 9 70
Levi J. Hill, lot 4, block 9 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 9 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 9 70
Clara R. Smith, lot 7, block 9 70
Clara R. Smith, lot 8, block 9 70
Clara R. Smith, west 33½ feet of lot 9, block 9 47
Lakeside Land Company, east 16½ feet of lot 9, block 9 23
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block 9 70
George Drannen, lot 11, block 9 70
John E. Fuller, lot 12, block 9 70
Elizabeth George, lot 13, block 9 70
Elizabeth George, lot 14, block 9 70
Urilla Kruhns, lot 1, block 10 70
Jacob Stubler, lot 2, block 10 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 10 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 10 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 10 70
Julius Lemeski, lot 6, block 10 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 10 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 5, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 8, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 9, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 11, block 11 70
Levi J. Hill, lot 12, block 11 70
Levi J. Hill, lot 13, block 11 70
Joseph W. Close, lot 14, block 11 70
Joseph W. Close, lot 15, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 16, block 11 70
Lester Park M. E. Church, lot 17, block 11 70
Lester Park M. E. Church, lot 18, block 11 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 1, block 12 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 2, block 12 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 3, block 12 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 4, block 12 70
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Lakeside Land Company, lot 6, block 12 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 7, block 12 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 8, block 12 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 9, block 12 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block 12 70
Fred Gabrielson, lot 11, block 12 70
William Carlson, lot 12, block 12 70
C. Tower, Jr., lot 13, block 12 70
C. Tower, Jr., lot 14, block 12 70
C. Tower, Jr., lot 15, block 12 70
C. Tower, Jr., lot 16, block 12 70
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Lakeside Land Company, lot 9, block 13 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 10, block 13 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 11, block 13 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 12, block 13 70
Richard H. Lee, lot 13, block 13 70
Richard H. Lee, lot 14, block 13 70
Richard H. Lee, lot 15, block 13 70
Richard H. Lee, lot 16, block 13 70
Richard H. Lee, lot 17, block 13 70
Richard H. Lee, lot 18, block 13 70
W. Adams Hardenberg, lot 19, block 13 70
W. Adams Hardenberg, lot 20, block 20 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 21, block 13 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 22, block 13 70
Lakeside Land Company, lot 23, block 13 70
Charles H. Rodi, lot 24, block 13 70
Charles H. Rodi, east ½ lot 25, block 13 35
J. Monroe Smith, west ½ lot 25, block 13 35
J. Monroe Smith, lot 26, block 13 70
Jennie W. Butchart, lot 27, block 13 70
Jennie W. Butchart, lot 28, block 13 70
School District No. 3, lot 1, block 14 .... 1 40
School District No. 3, lot 2, block 14 .... 1 04
School District No. 3, lot 3, block 14 70
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Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 14 70
Arthur Howell, lot 6, block 14 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 15 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 15 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 15 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 15 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 15 70
E. A. Forsyth, lot 6, block 15 70
George H. White, lot 7, block 15 70
George H. White, lot 8, block 15 70
Nydia Letourneau, lot 9, block 15 70
Nydia Leternoeau, lot 10, block 15 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 15 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 15 70
Eliza Watt, lot 13, block 15 70
Hans O. H. Munson, lot 14, block 15 70
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Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 16 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 16 70
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Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 16 70
M. Ella Hizar, lot 7, block 16 70
Julia M. Barnes, lot 8, block 16 70
Delia L. Root, lot 9, block 16 35
Mrs. Maud Hunter, lot 10, block 16 70
Otto E. Ruhnke, lot 11, block 16 70
Levi B. McHenry, lot 12, block 16 70
Walter Ayers, lot 13, block 16 70
Walter Ayers, lot 14, block 16 70
Itasca Mercantile company, lot 15, block 16 70
James E. Watt, lot 16, block 16 70
Board of Education of City of Duluth, lot 1, block 17 70
Board of Education of City of Duluth, lot 2, block 17 70
Board of Education of City of Duluth, lot 3, block 17 70
Board of Education of City of Duluth, lot 4, block 17 70
Board of Education of City of Duluth, lot 5, block 17 70
Board of Education of City of Duluth, lot 6, block 17 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 18 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 18 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 18 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 18 70
Stella B. Stearns, lot 5, block 18 70
Victor A. Stearns, lot 6, block 18 70
Susan M. Stearns, lot 7, block 18 70
Lucy W. Leach, lot 8, block 18 70
Jessie L. Spencer, lot 9, block 18 .... 1 04
Frederick B. German, lot 10, block 18 70
Frederick B. German, lot 11, block 18 70
James Will Richards, trustee, lot 12, block 18 70
Archilus McCaw, lot 13, block 18 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 18 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 18 70
Ella M. Powers, lot 16, block 18 70
Ella M. Powers, lot 17, block 18 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 19 70
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Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 19 70
Mary E. McKindley, lot 9, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 19 70
Charles J. Peterson, lot 11, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 19 70
Mary Lutes, lot 14, block 19 70
George Files, lot 15, block 19 70
Charles G. Traphagen, lot 16, block 19 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 20 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 20 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 20 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 20 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 20 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 20 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 20 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 20 70
Emma M. Aske, lot 9, block 20 70
Fred H. White, lot 10, block 20 70
Horace Johnson, lot 11, block 20 70
Frank S. Kelley, lot 12, block 20 70
George M. Gamble, lot 13, block 20 70
Nathaniel Churchill, lot 14, block 20 70
Emma Reinerstein, lot 15, block 20 70
Gust Nyman, lot 16, block 20 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 21 70
Merriam Rooney, lot 10, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 21 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 22 70
Lulu Hodges, lot 7, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 22 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 23 70
First Unitarian society, lot 2, block 23 70
First Unitarian society, lot 3, block 23 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 23 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 23 70
Charles O. Baldwin, lot 6, block 23 70
E. Frank Blackmarr, lot 7, block 23 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 23 70
Jean Gharky, lot 9, block 23 70
Marinette James, lot 10, block 23 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 23 70

LESTER PARK, THIRD DIVISION.

Harkness L. Chapin, lot 1, block 24 70
Louise H. Webster, lot 2, block 24 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 24 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 24 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 24 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 7, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 11, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 12, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 13, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 14, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 15, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 16, block 25 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 1, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 2, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 3, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 4, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 5, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 6, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company lot 7, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 8, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 9, block 26 70
Lakeside Land company, lot 10, block 26 70
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LONDON PARK ADDITION.

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Hattie Clark, lot 11, block 9 ... 70
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Hattie Clark, lot 13, block 9 ... 70
Annie Wold, lot 14, block 9 ... 70
Gertrude P. Markell, lot 15, block 9 ... 70
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People's Trust company of Farmington, Me., lot 1, block 10 ... 70
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Clinton Markell, lot 3, block 10 ... 70
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Ella M. Markell, lot 6, block 10 ... 70
Duluth Music company, lot 7, block 10 ... 70
C. T. LeTourneau, lot 8, block 10 ... 70
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Clinton Markell, lot 11, block 10 ... 18
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Lakeside Land company, se¼ of ne¼ section 5, township 50, range 13 w ... 54 48
Lakeside Land company, sw¼ of ne¼, section 5, township 50, range 13 w ... 39 50
Lakeside Land company, n½ of ne¼, section 5, township 50, range 13 w ... 110 26
Lakeside Land company, ne¼ of se¼, section 5, township 50, range 13 w ... 31 78
Emma W. Bardon, e½ of ne¼, section 6, township 50, range 13 w ... 113 18
Emma W. Bardon, se¼ of section 6, township 50, range 13 w ... 339 54
Hannah M. Carpenter, David G. Cash, w½ of se¼ of sw¼, section 6, township 50, range 13 w. ... 28
Benjamin T. Bedford, w½ of e½ of se¼ of sw¼, section 6, township 50, range 13 w ... 14
R. Jessie Blackmarr, e½ of e½ of se¼ of sw¼, section 6, township 50, range 13 w ... 14
William C. Sargent, se¼ of section 33, township 51, range 13 w ... 215 78
Brighton Land company, nw¼ of sw¼ and lots 3 and 4, section 34, township 51, range 13 ... 166 24
Brighton Land company, that part of the ne¼ of nw¼ of section 4, township 50, range 13 w not owned by the Lakeside Land company, described as follows: Commencing at a point 1325 feet east of northwest corner of section 4, thence southeasterly at an angle of 48 degrees 10 minutes to the intersection of the east line of e½ of nw¼, section 4, township 50, range 13 w; thence north on said east line of e½ of nw¼, section 4 to the north line of section 4; thence west on said north line of section 4 to the place of beginning ... 28
Brighton Land company, commencing at a stone on township line 1325 feet east of northwest corner section 5, township 50 range 13 w; then at an angle with said township line of 48 degrees 10 minutes; this angle is governed by a monument 200 feet east on township line and 200 feet at an angle of 48 degrees 10 minutes in a southeasterly direction; then along above line to the intersection of the shore line of Lake Superior; then northeast along said shore line to where said shore line intersects said township line; thence west along said township line to beginning (except right-of-way of Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company), except that part of the tract above described as lies in the e½ of nw¼, section 4, township 50, range 13 west ... 155 66
Brighton Land company, se¼ of nw¼, section 4, township 50, range 13 w ... 21 21
Lakeside Land company, that part of ne¼ of nw¼, section 4, not owned by Brighton Land company ... 23 99
Lakeside Land company, nw¼ of nw¼, section 4, township 50, range 13 w ... 55 13
Lakeside Land company, sw¼ of nw¼, section 4, part platted as Fourth Division of Lester Park ... 56 42
Lakeside Land company, nw¼ of sw¼, section 4, township 50, range 13 w ... 18 35

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 16, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor of the City of Duluth,
Successor of the City of Lakeside.

Attest:
C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk.

(Corporate Seal.)

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1896. TWO CENTS.

Until we close at 1 p. m.

Thanksgiving Day!

A Turkey free with every purchase of $5.00 or over.

Our great suit sale, giving your choice of any suit of clothes in the house for

$14.98

Continues all this week.

STORE OPEN TONIGHT TILL 10 P. M.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Harlman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

Our store will remain Open this evening Until 9:15 And tomorrow until 12 noon.

FREIMUTH'S

THE ORDER REVERSED.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—Chief Justice Start of the supreme court today handed down a decision reversing the ruling of the lower court in the case of the state of Minnesota against John R. Howard. This action was originally tried in Wright county. The defendant was accused by an indictment found in that county of offering a bribe. Howard, an attorney, was assisting the defense in the trial of the cases of Mathew and Susie Czech against the Great Northern Railway company. It was charged that during the trial Howard, at the town of Buffalo, in Wright county, approached one F. L. Billings, and hired him to offer a bribe to one of the jurymen named Otto Ernst.

The defendant demurred to the indictment on the ground that it was defective and the court over-ruled the demurrer. An appeal was taken, with the result announced. The order over-ruling the demurrer is reversed and the cause remanded to the district court, with direction to enter an order sustaining the demurrer and resubmitting the case to another jury or discharging the defendant.

Justice Canty dissents from a portion of the decision, saying: "I am of the opinion that the indictment sufficiently charges that the accused knew Otto Ernst was a juror in the particular cases on trial and sufficiently alleged the intent of the accused. In other respects I concur in the opinion."

PRINCETON VS. YALE.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 25.—The score at the end of the first half between the freshmen teams of Princeton and Yale universities was: Princeton, 10; Yale, 0.

SMALLPOX AT WINNIPEG.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: Two suspected cases of smallpox are under surveillance in this city. The patients are Gallacians and have just arrived here from Austria. A party of eighty has been quarantined at the immigration sheds and every precaution taken to safeguard the public.

SENT TO ST. CLOUD.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—William Maloney and William Raleigh, the two young men convicted of the terrible assault on B. C. Tolliver during the week of the Grand Army encampment, were brought before Judge Brill at noon and sentenced to the state reformatory at St. Cloud.

CUBAN BELLIGERENCY.

Boston, Nov. 25.—A special to the Journal from Washington says: Senator Chandler speaking to the Washington correspondent of the Journal, last night, said that the time for the recognition of Cuban independence had come. "It is too late," said Mr. Chandler, "to recognize belligerency. The time for that has gone past." Senator Chandler has no fear of serious consequences for the United States in case we choose to recognize either independence or belligerency. "If we recognize belligerency," he said, "Spain would not go to war about it unless she were carried away by a frenzy of passion. If we were to recognize independence, there would be no cause for us to go to war unless Spain attacked us. It is folly for Spain to talk about going to war with the United States. Within three months her navy would be destroyed, her colonies would be in our possession, and her own territory would be at our mercy."

IS A SPECIAL LAW.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—The supreme court this afternoon in a decision by Justice Canty, knocked out the law of 1895 abolishing the board of public works of St. Paul. The court holds that a law the provisions of which are subject to the adoption of the individual cities, is special legislation and contrary to the constitution. The court holds that the board of public works law became special legislation as soon as St. Paul adopted it and that Minneapolis did not, as both cities have more than 100,000 people, the population limited in the law.

CATHOLICS INDIGNANT.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: Catholics throughout Manitoba are indignant over the settlement of the school question arranged by Laurier and Greenway. Meetings are being held everywhere, and strong resolutions of protest passed.

GOLD DEMOCRAT REWARDED.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—Robert A. Smith today resigned his membership on the state reformatory board, and J. J. McCafferty was appointed to succeed him. This is a direct recognition of the gold Democrats and the assistance rendered the Republicans in the last campaign. It is the second appointment Governor Clough has made since election, and the promptness with which he selected a gold Democrat for the place shows that he appreciates the good work done by that party.

GUSHING

Earl Russell on the Stand in His Famous Libel Suit.

Some of His Very Fervent Letters to Lady Scott Read.

Racy Revelations in the Great English Titled Social Scandal.

London, Nov. 25.—The trial of Lady Selina Scott, mother of Countess Russell, John Cockerton, an engineer; Frederick Kess, a groom, and William Aylott, a valet, charged with criminal libel by Earl Russell, son-in-law of Lady Scott, was continued before Justice Hawkins at the Central criminal court, otherwise the Old Bailey today. Earl Russell said that on Christmas, 1892 he received a card saying: "God grant that next Christmas all will be forgotten and that you will be with the people who love you. Witness later identified a letter, written by Lady Scott and addressed to a private detective named Dickmann, containing the following words: "Any one who proves anything will not only get my thanks, but enough to start in life, for although we have enough evidence to hang any ordinary man, it is not quite sufficient for our purpose."

The earl in cross-examination admitted his former affection for Lady Scott and said that on the Sunday previous to his marriage, he wrote to her as follows: "Parting with you will be hard to bear as it gets near. I don't see why you are not coming to the station. I want to give you a last hug, my darling, my angel. Bother; I am beginning to cry." The earl said this was simply an expression at the time of his feeling for the mother of the lady he was about to marry. Replying to further questions, witness said that he presented Lady Scott in 1889, with Thomas A. Kempis' "Imitation of Christ," because he thought it would be useful to her, and as she often told him that she would like it. It was inscribed on the fly leaf: "To my dear bo—the truest woman and most faithful friend I have known, from her loving (signed) Frank." This language, the earl added was sincere then, but was somewhat exaggerated.

Continuing, Earl Russell, testified that when his wife first met him in 1890, he loved her and wished her to return, and in a letter to Lady Scott at that time, he alluded to the countess as follows: "She has not been actually disagreeable, but of course, the stony hearted self-righteous saint has not shown an atom of kindness or softness and it will be a relief to get rid of my curse for a few days." In a subsequent letter to Lady Scott, the earl described his wife as a "hard-hearted friend," and while the countess was gone on a three months' visit to Earl Russell's mother, the witness wrote to Lady Scott and asked her to come and stay with him during his wife's absence. He said: "If you fail to accept this concession, I shall know you love me no more than that false woman does." This characterization applied to the countess.

This letter also read: "God bless you, my dear one. God keep you safe always. Oh, dearest, I can't write any more. I cannot see the paper. Good night, my darling." In another letter two days prior to his marriage, the earl wrote to Lady Scott: "Oh, darling, will you forgive me? I was very naughty to you, you true-hearted angel. I go to bed at 3 and have a splitting headache. Come soon, my lovely one. Ever your loving Frank." Earl Russell is about 30 years of age and is the son of the famous Lord John Russell, who was premier and first lord of the treasury of Great Britain from 1846 to 1852, and from 1865 to 1866 and for about fifty years represented the Whig policy in and out of parliament.

After the reading of these letters, a discussion ensued relative to the admission of further similar evidence and Justice Hawkins said: "I have nothing to do with the relations between Lady Scott and Lord Russell."

After a reference to the incidents of Earl Russell's past life had brought out the original separation case, including the fact that he was expelled from Oxford, the hearing of the case was again adjourned.

HE IS NOT HERMANS.

So Rev. G. W. Richmond Declares in Prison.

Topeka, Kan., Nov. 25.—Rev. G. Wynne Richmond, who is in the Shawnee county jail awaiting trial on the charge of sending obscene letters to his wife, is indignant about a story printed in Kansas papers which places him under suspicion of being Rev. Dr. Francis Hermans, wanted in Salt Lake City for the murder of Miss Henrietta Clausen. Richmond declares that the story is absolutely without foundation in truth, and that he was occupying a pulpit at Louisville, Kan., at the time the murder is said to have occurred.

Richmond demands a vindication and has asked Sheriff Kepley to write out a complete description of himself and furnish it to the Utah authorities. Richmond was brought here from Southern Illinois, where he formerly held a pastorate.

SUPPRESSED A NEWSPAPER.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 25.—United States Senators Allen of Nebraska and Vest of Missouri are here investigating the suppression by Indian Agent Freeman of the Wah-Shah-She News, a weekly paper, which censured Freeman for alleged padding of pay rolls. The suppression of the paper has caused more or less trouble between the Osage half-breeds and full bloods, who have taken sides in the matter. The senators in their investigation will make a tour of the Osage and Indian nation.

MORE BOX CARS ORDERED.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—The Illinois Central railroad company has contracted for a further lot of 1000 box cars, making in all 3890 freight cars purchased during 1896.

READY TO REPORT.

Venezuelan Commission Asks For Some Instruction.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Justice Brewer, chairman of the Venezuelan commission, called on Secretary Olney at the state department today and later had a talk with Secretary Lamont. The call on Mr. Olney was for the purpose of going over the status of the Venezuelan question with a view of determining what nature of report the Venezuelan commission shall make to the president. The act creating the body contemplates a report to the president in time for his report to congress, when it reassembles next month. The recent agreement for arbitration raises a question as to whether the reports should go into the subject matter of the dispute.

Mr. Olney explained the terms of agreement and its bearing on the commission. Whether a report should go into the merits of the controversy will be determined largely by the manner in which the agreement is resolved as conclusive. Both the United States and Great Britain have accepted it, but the position of Venezuela is yet to be made known. Minister Andrade and J. J. Storrow, one of the Venezuelan counsel, being now at Caracas awaiting a final decision. It can be stated positively that the commission are prepared to submit a full report, including the subject matter and a final ruling as between Great Britain and Venezuela, if the president and Mr. Olney desire it.

Some of the more material facts of the case have been put in final shape and are now in the form of proof sheets, but if the arbitration agreement is accepted as final on all hands, then the report of the commission may be merely formal so as to come within the requirements of the law.

JUST AS FRIENDS.

Another Purely Social Time For Major McKinley.

Cleveland, Nov. 25.—A party left Cleveland at 11 o'clock today for Canton in the private car of President Caldwell, of the Lake Shore & Michigan Central railway. The party included National Chairman Hanna, ex-Governor Merriam, of Minnesota; Gen. Thomas, of New York; Myron T. Herrick and S. P. Everett, of this city, and a number of others. The party will arrive at Canton at 1:35 p. m. and will pay a short visit to President-Elect McKinley, leaving on the return trip to this city at 4:30 p. m. It is said there is no political significance attached to the trip, which is merely for the purpose of paying a social visit to Maj. McKinley.

"PURELY SOCIAL."

Nature of Colonel Grant's Call on Major McKinley.

New York, Nov. 25.—Col. Fred Grant was at police headquarters today, after an absence from the city of a week, during which time he paid a visit to President-elect McKinley at Canton. Col. Grant said that his call upon Mr. McKinley was purely social, that it had not been suggested that he was to be appointed to a foreign mission, or that he would be secretary of war.

Speaking of the cabinet, Mr. Grant said: "I do not think that Mr. McKinley knows himself who he will select. I don't say this as coming from Mr. McKinley, but I know that there are a dozen persons anxious for each office constituting the cabinet, and Mr. McKinley will have to look over the qualifications of each man before he makes his selections. I have known Mr. McKinley intimately for twenty years, and my visit to his home was purely, as I said before, of a social nature."

CONSUL AT SANTOS.

President Cleveland Appoints F. D. Hill of Minnesota.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The president has appointed Frank D. Hill, of Minnesota, counsel to Santos, Brazil, to succeed Henry C. Smith, removed; and Rev. J. L. Corning, of New York, consul to Munich, Germany.

THE HUNGARIAN DIET.

Buda Pest, Nov. 25.—In the lower house of the diet today the presiding officer referred briefly to the millenium celebrations and expressed the loyalty of the house to the crown. Baron Banffy, the premier, announced that Emperor Francis Joseph would formally open the diet on Thursday next at the palace, whereupon Deputy Komkathy, Kussuthist, stated that he and his friends could not attend the ceremony, adding that the king ought to open the diet in the parliament house and place over which the black and yellow flag of Austria waved. In reply Baron Banffy said there was no warrant for these objections, as no law obliged the king to open the diet in the parliament house. He therefore hoped his majesty would open the session from the king's residence. This announcement was greeted with cheering.

IOWA GOLD BUGS.

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 25.—The gold standard Democrats of Iowa met here today to make plans for the future. About forty representative men are present. They are unanimous in the opinion that organization must be kept up. They will offer no compromise to silver Democrats, but think the Bryan party will not be able to hold together. W. C. Mullen will be continued as chairman and direct affairs from Cedar Rapids. Some minor changes will be made. The main object of the conference is to secure a general understanding among gold Democrats to stand together and keep up a separate organization.

ROYALTY'S HONEYMOON.

Brussels, Nov. 25.—The duke of Orleans and his bride, the Archduchess Maria Dorothea, of Austria, arrived here today. The greatest efforts were made to make their arrival the occasion of a royalist manifestation, but the plan failed, owing to the attitude of King Leopold, who discountenanced it. The duke and duchess were met at the railroad station by a few members of the royal family. They were conveyed in a carriage to their hotel. The king will receive the duke and duchess of Orleans this afternoon.

DR PETER'S DISCOVERY.

London, Nov. 25.—A special dispatch from Berlin says that Dr. Carl Peters, the German explorer, has written a pamphlet with the view of proving that the recent elections in the United States were largely influenced by English subsidies.

WRECKED

Singular Accident With Fatal Results on the Pennsylvania Road.

Engineer and Fireman Killed and Two Others Severely Injured.

Miraculous Escape of Three Sleeping Cars Full of Passengers.

New York, Nov. 25.—Two men were killed and two others were severely injured in a double train wreck on the Pennsylvania railroad near New Brunswick, N. J., today. The casualty involved the Washington express for this city, which at the moment was running at the rate of sixty miles an hour, and the marvel is that it did not result in the death and maiming of scores of passengers. This train and a freight were running on parallel tracks, when the breaking of a truss on one of them threw it from the track and in the way of the express.

The locomotive of the latter train struck the freight cars and wrecked eight of them. It was overturned and plunged down an embankment twelve feet high, falling upon and killing Engineer Joseph Meagen and Fireman H. W. Chichester. The mail car and the combination car were also carried over the embankment and the first of the three sleepers stopped at the very brink of the incline.

Mail Clerk Lambert, of Washington, was unconscious when taken from the wreck. He had several ribs broken and was otherwise severely hurt, but will recover.

Robert Tabbon, of this city, a passenger, was passing from one car to another when the crash came and he was hurled to the ground. He was badly, but not fatally injured.

There were a number of people in the day coaches who sustained bruises and scratches, but none of them will suffer more than a temporary inconvenience. None of the people on the freight train were hurt.

CASTNER IS WANTED.

Several Cities Want to Get a Whack at Him.

W. H. Castner has been arrested at La Crosse, charged with attempting to defraud by issuing bogus checks. Castner is well-known here having spent several weeks here some time ago advertising a brand of cigars. He left some unpaid bills here. At Superior he overdrew his account and the bank proceeded to make a search for him. Deputy Sheriff Rice located him at La Crosse. It then appears that the La Crosse authorities ascertained that they too wanted Mr. Castner for a similar offense and proceeded to keep him in jail. The district attorney refused to deliver the prisoner and he is still at La Crosse. The La Crosse paper says:

"W. H. Castner alias W. C. Cutler, who was arrested by the police and bound over to the circuit court to answer to a charge of attempting to defraud by means of bogus checks, turns out to be a much wanted man. This afternoon, Chief of Police H. H. Bryne had an interview by 'phone with the sheriff of Douglass county, who was then in St. Paul looking for Castner, the fellow victimizing no less than fifteen people in and about Superior and his numerous victims there are very anxious to prosecute him. He is also wanted for the same business by the police of Red Wing, Minnesota. The authorities here will probably bring him to trial in this county."

A WOODSMAN INJURED.

Hans Hanson Badly Hurt By a Falling Tree.

Maple, Wis., Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Word has just reached here that a man by the name of Hans Hanson, who works in Larson & Johnson's wood camp, was seriously injured by a falling tree. He was badly cut and bruised about the head.

Miss Cora Monta was badly injured the other night by falling on the ice while skating. She was picked up unconscious and taken home on a hand sled, where she soon revived.

R. D. Marlette and Peter Nephew were badly injured about the head while skating by running against each other.

NEW ELEVATOR COMPANY.

St. Louis, Nov. 25.—The St. Louis Elevator company will soon be a thing of the past. The scheme of reorganization which has for months engrossed the attention of a committee of the principal bondholders is on the eve of becoming an accomplished fact. Today a decisive step will be taken when the members of the reorganization committee, headed by J. B. Kelhler, Henry Schotter and McBride Jones will file an application for the incorporation of a new company, the name of which will, according to the best of authority, be the Consolidated Elevator company, of St. Louis. The capital will be $1,000,000 with $500,000 preferred stock.

LITTLE RAILROAD SOLD.

Huron, S. D., Nov. 25.—The Forest City & Sioux City railway, which extends from Gettysburg in Potter county, to Forest City, a distance of about sixteen miles, has been sold at public auction by direction of the United States district court. The purchaser is the New York Security and Trust company, owners of the mortgages under which foreclosure was made. The properties of the Forest City Land Improvement company, which built the road, were also sold at the same time. The road was bid in for $50,000 and the other property for $2500. Col. J. J. S. Hassler, of Washington, D. C., and ex-Governor Buckley, of Connecticut, were the inaugurators and workers of the enterprise. Several Chicago and New York parties also had an interest in it.

CALLERS AT CANTON.

More Turkeys and One With a Poem.

Canton, Ohio, Nov. 25.—There was almost a steady stream of callers at the McKinley home today. Some of the visitors were men of prominence whose names are familiar everywhere, and many were chance visitors in the city who called to pay their respects to the president-elect and to shake hands with him. Among those to call this morning was a party of prominent business men of Monmouth, N. J., who were in the city looking after business matters.

Chairman M. A. Hanna, accompanied by a party of friends, came down from Cleveland on the 1:30 Valley train this afternoon, accompanied by a number of friends. Included in the party were Mrs. Hanna, ex-Governor Merriam and wife, of Minnesota; Whitelaw Reid and wife, of New York; Gen. and Mrs. Samuel Thomas, of New York. The party took lunch at the McKinley home and later the gentlemen of the party collected in Maj. McKinley's study. The stock of Thanksgiving turkeys continues to grow. The Connecticut specimen reached here this morning. It was shipped by Judge William H. Hillyard, of North Stonington, Conn., and was accompanied by an original poem.

TOO MUCH TESTIMONY.

Judge Scores Attorneys in the Eastman Film Case.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 25.—Judge Townsend, of the United States circuit court, has handed down a decision in the case of the Eastman company, of Rochester, N. Y., against Getz & Hoover, of Buffalo, N. Y. The complainant in this suit alleged infringement on patents owned by them on machinery and apparatus for making photographic films. The Eastman company are the manufacturers of cameras and a victory for them in this case would have established for them a complete monopoly.

Aside from the importance of the decision in itself, the decision is interesting because in it Judge Townsend vigorously scores the attorneys for attempting to abuse the judicial machinery of a United States court with a superfluity of testimony. The judge says: "Several weeks were consumed in examining the briefs, testimony and exhibits. More than 4000 pages of printed matter devoted to this case more forcibly illustrates the practice which now prevails in patent cases of stuffing the records with prolix cross-examination and irrelevant testimony. The exhibits shown would almost fill a freight car, and the testimony filled some three or four volumes of the size of a dictionary."

MONTANA BLIZZARD.

With a Foot of Snow and Extremely Cold Weather.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—A special to the Dispatch from Helena, Mont., says: The worst snow storm that has visited Montana for years is raging here, and has been for the past thirty hours, and shows no signs of abatement. Over a foot of snow has fallen, tying up all street car lines in Helena. The storm is general throughout the Northwest, and the snow is so deep that railroad traffic is seriously interfered with. The cold is extreme, the mercury ranging from 5 to 30 below zero.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE LIKELY.

London, Nov. 25.—At the office of the Federation of Ship Dock and Riverside workers, an organization which directly appeals to over a million men, a reporter of the Associated Press was informed today that replies had been received from over 50 per cent of the circulars sent out during the past summer to similar organizations throughout the world, looking to steps being taken to bring about a general strike of dockers, etc., in all countries. Commoner McHugh has been sending glowing letters describing his success in pushing the dockers' strike movement in the Atlantic ports of the United States and Canada. He says the men there are in thorough sympathy with the ideas of the federation.

ILLINOIS MILITIA TRIP.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—If arrangements can be made the First infantry, I. N. G., with 1020 officers and men; Gatling section; signal corps, etc., will make a two-weeks' tour through the historic battlefields of the South next June. Col. Henry L. Turner, who has just returned from a trip in that section of the country, said it is proposed to take the Illinois regiment to Washington, Gettysburg, Richmond, Va., Fortress Monroe, and about twenty-five battlefields in the South. The success of the trip to Atlanta is partially responsible for the present undertaking. Governor-elect Tanner, of Illinois, his staff, and several hundred prominent citizens of Chicago, will, it is said, accompany the soldiers on the trip.

HAS SCHLOTT SUICIDED?

St. Louis, Nov. 25.—No trace has been found of C. H. Schlott, the missing Jefferson barracks quartermaster's clerk, who disappeared Monday, and his wife believes he will not be found alive, as he threatened to do away with himself. Before he left Monday morning he wrote a letter to his wife and another to Capt. Summerbays, in which he said he was about to kill himself. "Mrs. Schlott," he wrote to the captain, "will have $2000 life insurance; also some money from Muth, with twenty-two days' salary now due me. It is well for the sake of my children that I assign no reason for my action." His accounts are said to be all right.

FATAL PRAIRIE FIRE.

Kansas City, Nov. 25.—A special to the Journal from Guthrie, O. T., says: A furious prairie fire has been sweeping over the Seminole reservation since early this morning. Authentic news is almost unobtainable, but it is credibly reported that two children of William Bledsoe, a farmer, have been burned to death. Wild rumors are flying around to the effect that fifteen or sixteen halfbreeds have lost their lives, but there seem to be no foundation for them, although they have been telegraphed to newspapers all over the country.

THE ST. CLOUD BISHOPRIC.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 25.—A rumor is in circulation among the Roman Catholic clergy of this diocese that Bishop Matz will be transferred to the vacant see of St. Cloud, for which it is said he has made application, and that Rev. Daniel K. Riordan, of Chicago, will be appointed his successor here.

BANK PRESIDENT SENTENCED.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Anthony Kozel, ex-president of the West Side bank bearing his name and which collapsed last May, pleaded guilty to larceny today, and was given an indeterminate sentence in the penitentiary.

ADVANCE

Miners Demand an Increase of 8 Cents Per Ton For Mining.

Raise is to Take Effect on the First of December.

Will Probably Be Granted as Some Operators Are Favoring It.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 25.—The miners' officials of this district have formally demanded an advance of 6 cents per ton in the price of mining, to take effect on Dec. 1. It is thought the advance will be granted as the operators seem to favor it. The movement for an increase will extend to Ohio.

President M. D. Ratchford, of the Buckeye men, and National Secretary Pierce arrived here from Columbus today to tend to the local officials every assistance in making the desired advance general. President Ratchford feels that an advance here will mean an advance in Ohio, and he desires that it shall come before the expiration of the scale year.

BRYAN AT PUEBLO.

Cheered at Way Stations Coming From Denver.

Pueblo, Col., Nov. 25.—Pueblo has extended the most cordial of Western welcomes to William J. Bryan. In some respects the city surpassed Denver in the details of arrangements. The weather is perfect, the crowds enormous and the greatest enthusiasm prevails. When Mr. Bryan takes the Rock Island train for home at 6 o'clock tonight he will have made five speeches to great audiences.

He was met at the depot here by a vast concourse, including the centennial high school cadets, who escorted him to the Central High School grounds, where the first speech was delivered to a great gathering of school children and older people. Mr. Bryan made no speeches en route from Denver, although at every station a crowd had gathered to cheer the silver champion, and at various points salutes were fired as the train passed. At Colorado Springs 2000 people yelled themselves hoarse. Mr. Bryan bowed acknowledgments from the car platform.

SOLDIERS' HOME SCANDAL.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 25.—The congressional investigating committee spent this afternoon in the hospital at the Soldiers' home at the bedside of Capt. Henry Jacobs, who testified, while Governor Smith had always, with but one exception, treated him nicely, he was harsh towards others and there was an odious system of espionage in the home. In the cross-examination it was developed that Jacobs was removed for insubordination and talking in a derogatory manner about the home.

THE MICHIGAN COUNT.

Lansing, Mich., Nov. 25.—The board of state canvassers today completed the work of canvassing Michigan's vote on presidential electors, state officers and congressmen. Sligh, fusion candidate for governor, lost 4178 votes through his name having been mis-spelled on the ballots in some counties. The result on president is: McKinley, 293,397; Bryan, 237,251; Levering, 4968; Palmer, 6930; Bentley, 1809. McKinley's plurality, 56,076.

SHOUT FOR MICHIGAN.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 25.—A special train loaded with students and others bound for the great football game between Chicago and Michigan universities left the city today. One car was filled with ladies, and a number of members of the faculty were aboard.

JAPANESE ARE WATCHFUL.

Berlin, Nov. 25.—A dispatch from Tokio, believed to come from a German official source, announces that a Japanese warship will be sent to the Philippine islands, the latest news from which place is most disquieting. It is stated that the insurgents have won a battle, and that an attack upon Manilla capital is feared.

IRON MARKET IS STRONG.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—The Industrial World tomorrow will say: "Inquiries for car material is increasing. It is estimated that negotiations are pending for 15,00 freight cars, and that between now and next spring 50,000 cars will be ordered by the railroad companies. The iron market generally is strong.

CHICAGO'S FOOTBALL VISITORS.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—The Boston Athletic club football eleven, which is to play with the team of the Chicago Athletic club tomorrow morning, arrived late this afternoon. They were met at the Michigan Central depot by a reception committee from the Chicago Athletic club, and escorted to the Chicago View hotel. All were apparently in splendid condition, with the possible exception of Quarterback Graham, who limped somewhat.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $227,766,112; gold reserve, $128,272,583.

WANT TO LYNCH STONE.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 25.—The sheriff has Rapist Stone in hiding. The mob is still in waiting, with the victim's husband in the lead, declaring they will hang him.

MANY LIVES IN PERIL.

New York, Nov. 25.—Four hundred persons, most of them women, were in peril of their lives for a short time today when fire broke out in the six-story tobacco factory of B. Newmark & Co. The inmates of the concern, however, all escaped without serious injury. Tobacco stock of the value of $35,000 to $40,000 was ruined by the smoke and water. The building was damaged to the extent of $10,000.

GRAIN

Chief Grain Inspector Clausen Submits His Annual Report at St. Paul.

Volume of Business Largely Exceeds That of Any Former Year.

Receipts of Grain Were 30,000 Cars Ahead of the 1892 Report.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—Chief Grain Inspector A. C. Clausen yesterday submitted his annual report. In part it is as follows:

The total number of carloads of grain inspected "on arrival" at the four terminal points is as follows: Wheat, 210,917; corn, 3006; oats, 12,762; rye, 2676; barley, 7163; flax seed, 13,981, a total inspection of incoming grain of all kinds amounting to 250,805 carloads. The inspection "out of store" for the same period was as follows: Wheat, 38,431 carloads and 46,732,481 bushels into vessels. The total amount of corn, oats, rye, barley and flax seed was 9811 carloads and 13,096,515 bushels into vessels, or a grand total of 47,942 carloads and 59,828,999 bushels "into vessels" of all kinds of grain inspected "out of store." As compared with the volume of business transacted during any previous season in the history of the department, that of the past year is unsurpassed. The nearest approach to it was the season of 1891-92, during which 221,546 carloads of grain were inspected on "arrival" and 68,624 carloads and 45,133,184 bushels "out of store."

In this connection attention is called to the remarkable increase in receipts of coarse grains and flax seed over any former year. This is largely accounted for by reason of the growing tendency to abandon exclusive wheat culture and devote attention to some of the other cereals. The extension of the Great Northern railroad system into southwest territory also accounts to an important extent for the increase of traffic at northwestern points, which was formerly tributary to Chicago.

The wheat crop of the past season, like several others which preceded it, had its blemishes. In all sections of the wheat area of the Northwest, there were incidental troubles with smut, while some portions of the extreme northern or hard wheat belt suffered considerably in addition from early frost. The result is shown in the reduced percentage of the No. 1 hard grade, as compared with more favorable years. On the whole, however, the crop average is well up in quality with that of the year previous.

Of the total number of cars of wheat received, 15,770, or 7½ per cent, were inspected as No. 1 hard as against 5½ per cent the preceding year; 125,531 cars, or 59½ per cent, graded No. 1 northern as against 67½ per cent; 37,510 cars, or 18 per cent, No. 2 northern, as against 13 per cent; 32,001 cars, or 15 per cent, below No. 2 northern, as against 14 per cent last year.

The amount of the revenue received during the year for inspection service was $124,949.30; for weighing service, $115,110.27; interest on deposits and incidental earnings, $1,883.30, or a total revenue of $241,942.87. The disbursements during the same period were $174,808.24; leaving a net gain for the year of $6718.63. The balance on hand from last season was $1794.97, making a net balance on hand at the close of the season covered by this report of $68,929.20. As the coming crop of the three states from which we principally derive our business promises not to exceed much over 60 per cent of the last one, the department is fortunate in having a sufficient surplus to tide it over the coming season and enable it to furnish the high trade demand. The probability is that by the close of the present season, owing to largely decreased revenues, the surplus will have been reduced to normal figures.

Out of 210,917 carloads of wheat inspected at St. Paul, St. Cloud, Minneapolis and Duluth, 195,451 cars were subjected to dockage on account of the foreign matter contained therein. Seventy-two thousand and seventyfive carloads were docked one half pound per bushel, 79,680, one pound; 26,116, one and one-half pounds; 10,314, two pounds; 2383 two and one-half pounds; 1753, three pounds, and 1100 over three pounds per bushel, and at an average of four pounds. There were received 15,466 cars on which no dockage was placed. Of these 3110 contained wheat which had been suitably cleaned at interior points before shipment, and 12,356 cars contained grain of a low grade or "sample" grain, which is always sold on its merits and on which no dockage was imposed.

At St. Paul the average dockage for the season was 17 ounces per bushel; at St. Cloud, 17½ ounces; at Minneapolis, 16 ounces, and at Duluth, 15½ ounces per bushel. The slight variations in dockage between the several points can be ascribed largely to differences in quality and condition of wheat tributary to each mark . The net average dockage at all points was 15 3-5 ounces per bushel.

One feature of our work that has attracted attention and given great satisfaction to grain shippers, receivers and the railroad companies, is the rapid service. However large the receipts may be, the inspection is promptly performed each morning, and all reported at the general offices before 11 o'clock a. m. This permits sale and deposits on the day of arrival, early remittances to country shippers, rapid return of empty cars to country points and prevents expensive demurrage charge.

The sealing system is in successful operation at St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. That this measure of safety and protection for grain lying in railroad yards at the terminal points awaiting disposition is practical, and in a large measure efficacious, admits of no question. Complaints of pilfering by track thieves have been reduced to a gratifying extent. A careful examination and report of the condition of each car is made prior to the inspection of its contents, which frequently proves valuable in determining the cause of reported shortages. The reports from the three inspection districts show that but a slight percentage of cars arrive in bad condition, as compared with the whole number received. At Minneapolis, out of a total of 134,863 cars which were inspected, 414 doors were found without seals; 242 cars in leaky condition; 471 open end doors, and 111 open side doors. At Duluth, out of a total of 113,638 cars, there were 165 doors without seals; 4 cars in leaky condition; 9 open end doors, and 17 open side doors. At St. Paul, out of 1269 cars, there were 61 doors without seals; 1 leaky, 1 open end door, and 71 open side doors.

After giving an exhaustive review of the trouble at West Superior, the report concludes: The history of both the Minnesota and the Superior board of trade inspection during the six weeks interval in which the new system was in operation, is replete with incidents of an interesting character, concerning which the public is familiar, and which it is unnecessary to enlarge upon. The citizens of Superior were undoubtedly actuated in their undertaking by reasonable and most natural motives, and if the venture proved unsuccessful it was not for lack of enterprise, loyal and strenuous effort on their part, but by reason of insurmountable conditions. Whatever temporary animosities may have been engendered were not shared, I am certain, by any member of this department. Our position during the controversy was naturally an unpleasant and embarrassing one, but at no time unfriendly. It was a matter in which we had no right or desire to participate, except so far as to protect the interests of those who were entitled to such protection and to the extent of our jurisdiction.

Since the date of the renewal of the work at Superior, it is a pleasure to state that it has progressed smoothly and with apparently greater satisfaction than at any previous time. It has been my earnest aim to furnish prompt, impartial and efficient service, fully equal in all respects to that at any of our terminal points.

The coming of a baby into this world is the crowning event of a woman's life. But this great blessing is beset with trials and dangers. Sometimes they seem so heavy as to over-balance the blessing; this is not right nor natural.

Two-thirds of the anxiety and suffering which usually attends the advent of the little stranger may be altogether avoided if the prospective mother will fortify her constitution and strengthen the maternal organism with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It gives health and special elasticity; purifies the blood; tones the nerve-centres and invigorates both body and mind.

Taken early during gestation, it renders the mother strong and cheerful; carries her through her time of trial with perfect safety and little pain; insures healthy nourishment and increased constitutional vitality for the child. It is the only preparation devised by a regularly graduated, experienced physician for the cure of all weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

Mrs. F. B. Cannings, of No. 4320 Humphery St., St. Louis, Mo., writes: "I am now the happy mother of a fine healthy baby girl. I feel that your 'Favorite Prescription' has done me more good than anything I have ever taken. I took three bottles of the 'Prescription' and the consequences were I was only in labor forty-five minutes. With my first baby I suffered eighteen hours and then had to lose him. He was very delicate and only lived twelve hours. For two years I suffered untold agony, and in the meantime had two miscarriages. I cannot speak too highly for your medicine, as I feel that it has saved both my child and myself. I took it through my confinement. Find it very strengthening to myself and to the baby."

Dr. Pierce's thousand-page book "The Common Sense Medical Adviser" is sent free, paper-bound, for 21 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only*. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y. Send 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy.

CALIFORNIA GOLD.

Production of $1,266,091,886 Since the Year 1848.

San Francisco, Nov. 25.—Charles G. Yale, statistician of the California state mining bureau, has compiled a statistical review of the gold production of California from 1848 to 1895 inclusive. Mr. Yale gives not only his own estimate of the production, but that of each of nine recognized authorities, affording a valuable comparison of data. Mr. Yale has adopted as the basis of his own statistics, the statistics compiled by Louis A. Garrett, the United States mint director's report as being the most correct and complete of any extended continuous statement.

In a note to his table he says: "A table made up of the separate estimates of Blake in the tenth census, page 380, of Raymond in the United States mining commissioners report of 1873, page 543, and of John J. Valentine, of Wells-Fargo & Co., added together make a total to Jan. 1, 1896, of $1,266,091,886, while that compiled by Yale from the estimates of Garrett and the United States mint reports of Jan. 1, 1896, makes a total of $1,265,217,217. There is therefore, only a difference in the two sets of estimates of $874,669, which is remarkably close." The authorities quoted by Mr. Yale are: J. D. Whitney, J. Ross Brown, J. Arthur Phillips, United States mining reports; W. P. Blake, R. W. Raymond, J. J. Valentine, L. A. Garrett and the United States mining reports.

ONE DAY LATE.

Race to Honolulu With the Election Returns.

San Francisco, Nov. 25.—The president of Honolulu and the Hawaiian islands were informed of the result of the presidential election in the United States Nov. 16, when the Pacific mail steamer City of Pekin arrived here from Yokohama. There was great rejoicing over McKinley's election. A big jollification was held in Honolulu in the evening. The Oceanic steamship Australia tried to get to Honolulu with the news from this side, but did not arrive there until the 17th. There was considerable betting in Honolulu as to which ship would be first to tell the result. The Australia was confident of victory and entered Honolulu with great large banners announcing McKinley's election hanging from her sides. Her officers felt much chagrined when they learned on docking that their news was stale.

SHUT OUT COMPLETELY.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The commissioner of patents has issued an order directing that any person disbarred from practice before the patent office, by order of the commissioner, be denied access to the files of the office. This applies to the disbarred attorney or agent acting in either his own capacity or as the representative of any other person or firm.

MISSING MONEY CLERK.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 25.—George E. Ross, for several years money clerk at the Union depot office of the Pacific Express company, has been mysteriously missing since Sunday. Ross had the full confidence of the company and had the handling of thousands of dollars every day. The case has been placed in the hands of detectives.

BANQUET

Complimentary Feast Tendered to Bryan at Denver Last Evening.

Senator Teller and Congressman Towne Among the Speech Makers.

Great Demonstration Which Followed Mr. Towne's Eloquent Closing Remarks.

Denver, Col., Nov. 25.—A complimentary banquet was last evening tendered Hon. William J. Bryan at the Brown Palace hotel by the chamber of commerce of Denver. Plates were laid for 300. Rev. Myron Reed was the toastmaster of the evening. He introduced Henry P. Steele, president of the Denver chamber of commerce, who welcomed the guest of the evening to the city of Denver. Toasts were responded to by Mayor McMurray, Governor McIntyre, Alva Adams, governor-elect; Senator H. M. Teller, Hon. Thomas M. Patterson, editor Rocky Mountain News; Congressmen Charles A. Towne of Minnesota. It was long after midnight before Mr. Bryan spoke. His address was the last number on the program. He was greeted with cheering. Among other things, he said:

"The past few months seem to me more like a dream than a reality; and when I hear the words of eulogy which have been so often spoken, they do not impress me as words spoken of me. The fear that always comes over me when I hear these words spoken with so many manifestations of affection is whether I can maintain the feeling that has been so kindly expressed, or whether by some mis-step I may do as so many have done before—fall and lose that love which now is the thing which I prize most in life. It frightens me when I find how many people there are in this country, believing as I believe, have put their faith in me and the work I have tried to do. The only assurance that I have that I may be able to continue to retain your good will is the belief that my purpose is the same as your purpose, and that we, continuing in this purpose, will still travel together.

"I believe that during this campaign in every foreign nation the oppressed were raising a silent prayer for our success, and that in every foreign nation the aristocracy was praying for the success of our opponents, because the ambassador of the United States to Great Britain declared immediately after the election that he, together with all London, was rejoicing; and when he said he and all London, he meant that part of London which he had become acquainted with, and not the toiling part of London or England. You read what is said by the financiers and by the aristocrats of the old world, and you will find that they recognize what many of our own people do not recognize, that this question which was before the American people reached down deeper and towered up higher than any question which has confronted us in time of peace in the history of this country.

"We cannot give up this fight if we desire, so we have to go on. I think we have been successful in bringing our cause before the American people. I think we will be more successful still in the next four years. We have been successful in bringing our cause before the laboring man; we have failed most in reaching the business men of this country, and I believe that for the next four years we ought to give special attention to the bringing of our arguments before the business men of this country. How long will it before our well-to-do classes shall understand that they cannot raise themselves far above the masses of the people? How long before they realize that their only safety lies in raising the masses with them?" (Cheers and loud applause.)

It was 2:20 this morning when Mr. Bryan finished his speech at the banquet at the chamber of commerce. At 3 o'clock after having shaken hands with all the banqueters, Mr. Bryan was driven to the depot where he boarded a special train which left the city for Pueblo at 6:30. A committee of thirty leading citizens of Pueblo acted as escort for Mr. Bryan on his journey.

The scene at the banquet hall at the end of a forceful speech by Congressman Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota, on "The Issue of 1900," was remarkable. The climax of his speech, in which he spoke of Mr. Bryan as "the leader of 1896, the victor of 1900," started a great demonstration. Men jumped on chairs and tables, shouted themselves hoarse, waved handkerchiefs, and acted generally as only enthusiastic men stirred to frenzy by burning eloquence can act.

HORSEFLESH SOLD CHEAP.

San Francisco, Nov. 25.—The yearlings offered at auction last night by the estate of the late Col. H. I. Thornton went for a song, with the exception of three Mora youngsters, who brought fair prices. H. E. Leigh, the well-known Eastern horseman, bought four colts that averaged him less than $150 each. Fourteen head brought $1660 only, an average of $119. Nine head of yearlings bred by James B. Chase, were also sold for $1392, an average of $155.

One loaf of bread may be light, sweet and digestible. You may use the same materials for another and have it heavy, sour and soggy. The knack is in putting the ingredients together just right. A substitute for Scott's Emulsion may have the same ingredients and yet not be a perfect substitute, for no one knows how to put the parts together as we do. The secret of "how" is our business—twenty-five years of experience has taught us the best way.

Two sizes, 50 cts. and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

MANY WOMEN MENACED.

They Find a Strong Defence Against Danger That Moves Near.

"Consumptive! Wasting away! Losing flesh! Tired out! Exhausted!"

These are all different ways of describing one great form of weakness from which thousands of women are suffering. They are nervous, thin-faced women who lack brightness, vivacity, and seem to be continually weak, exhausted and worn out. They are usually sallow, dyspeptic, and never have a fresh, healthy color. Many of them realize that they are in danger of contracting quick consumption, and would gladly learn how to gain increased vigor, health and strength. It is for the benefit of such women that the following words have been specially printed:

Mrs. M. Neeson, 272 Eleventh street, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes: "By the use of Duffy's pure malt whisky I have gained increased health and strength, and today am feeling better than I have felt for many years. It is an excellent preparation, and I can strongly recommend it."

Thousands of opinions similar to the above have been constantly received from ladies whose health has been restored and whose lives have been saved by this great stimulant. Their words prove beyond question that Duffy's pure malt whisky cannot be equaled. Nothing so speedily creates a healthy appetite, tones up the digestive organs and purifies the blood. It gives strength and nourishment when everything else fails. All grocers and druggists keep Duffy's, but care should be taken to get the genuine.

SPANISH BRUTALITY.

Phillippine Prisoners Tortured in a Fiendish Manner.

San Francisco, Nov. 25.—News from Manilla brought by the steamer City of Peking yesterday from Hong Kong shows that the Spaniards have resorted to torture of natives and half castes of the Phillippines which surpasses in its cruelty that practiced by the Chinese mandarins in cases of the most atrocious crimes. They are also charged with confiscating the estates of wealthy half castes and deporting these wretched victims to Fernandipo on the west coast of Africa, a place which has a climate that quickly proves fatal to the stranger.

These statements are not given on the strength of reports of refugees. James W. Davidson, a well-known correspondent was recently commissioned by the Hong Kong Press to go to Manilla, and cautioned to evade the press censorship, and in several letters which he smuggled through the lines, he tells of what he has seen and what he has heard on good authority. According to him the instruments of torture used in the Spanish inquisition three centuries ago have been kept in the monasteries of Manilla and were brought out recently to extort confessions from natives. Mr. Davidson also intimates that the leading powers of Christendom will be called upon to interfere and put an end to torture which revive the worst features of the Spanish inquisition.

STATE SUPREME COURT.

Justice Canty Hands Down Three Decisions.

St. Paul, Nov. 25.—The state of Minnesota wins its case against the Farmers' and Merchants' State bank and bondsmen, brought to recover moneys deposited in the bank by ex-State Treasurer Bobleter. The bank failed and suit was brought to collect the deposit, amounting to $26,000 from the bondsmen of the bank. The latter raised as a defense the fact that the money had been deposited in the name of Joseph Bobleter, state treasurer," and not in the name of the state of Minnesota, which, they claimed, was in violation of law. The supreme court does not take this view of the case, but says that the bank, knowing the money to be state funds, should have made it its duty to so enter them on its books. The failure to do so cannot relieve the sureties. State of Minnesota, respondent, vs. Farmers and Merchants' State bank et al, defendants, Martin A. Paul et al, appellants. Order affirmed. Canty, J.

Other decisions are: State of Minnesota, plaintiff, vs. Mary Radolelch, defendant. Order reversed. Canty, J. Joseph Chalzick, appellant, vs. Minneapolis and ... Elevator company, respondent. Order affirmed. Canty, J.

COAST DEFENSES.

No Secret Made of the Florida Improvement.

Washington, Nov. 24.—At the war department it is stated that there is nothing significant or new in the preparations for improving the battery defenses at Florida ports, as Key West dispatches state. The annual report of the chief of engineers, made public on June 30, calls attention to the antiquated condition of the coast defenses at Fort Marion, St. Augustine, and on Florida Keys. It states that large sums could be expended on them advantageously, and adds that "under the authority given by congress to the secretary of war, it is intended to advertise at an early date for proposals for constructing emplacements for four 10-inch and two 8-inch guns on disappearing carriages, and sixteen 12-inch mortars."

These are the guns referred to in dispatches from Key West, stating that Lieut. Col. Benyard has proceeded with great secrecy to make contracts for mounting these big guns. The authorities say there is no secrecy, and that the contracts are the regular execution of the work publicly reported five months ago. Similar explanations are made concerning the work at Pensacola and Florida Keys.

LONDON COBDEN CLUB.

It Discusses Some Colonial Political Measures.

London, Nov. 24.—The annual meeting of the Cobden club took place this afternoon, Lord Farrer, of Abinger, president. The committee's report for 1895-96 was read. It speaks of the tendency of the Conservatives in the direction of protection, and the need of increased care on the part of the Cobdenites. Continuing, the report quotes Canadian and other colonial statesmen against the plans of Mr. Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, for the establishment of an imperial zolverein, and denounces the cattle bill of last session as a measure of protection.

It regards the Canadian election as most encouraging to free traders, and expresses the hope that the circumstances under which the election was fought in the United States "will avert injury to international trade, which might otherwise be expected from the election of McKinley."

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Winners at Lexington, Ky., yesterday were: The Blossom, Lyllis, the Earth, Our Hope, Mattie Lee.

The filibustering steamer Bermuda is (or was) at Halifax, N. S., last night. She is loaded deep in the water and the Spanish consul, who has not been allowed on board, is beset with all kinds of fears.

Persia's cabinet is in a state of dissolution. Premier Sadra Azon has resigned and the other officials have had a general change of portfolios.

A clergyman at Topeka, Kan., known as Rev. A. W. Richmond, who has been jailed on the charge of sending obscene letters through the mails, is believed to be the much-wanted Rev. Francis Hermans, late of Salt Lake City, who killed his housekeeper there, and is suspected of several other murders. If he is Hermans he will be taken to Salt Lake to be tried for murder. He is well known in Duluth and Superior where he used to be a frequent visitor.

At Hawkinsville, Ga., Charles F. Crisp, son of the late speaker, was unanimously nominated yesterday to his father's unexpired term. He will be elected, and is only 26 years old.

A St. Louis firm which manufactures dynamite has received an order for 20,000 pounds of the explosive. It is said to be destined for Cuban use.

The trial of the murderers of the Baroness DeValley was concluded at Paris yesterday. Two get penal servitude for life, one gets ten and another five years. The informer was acquitted.

The Minnesota supreme court has ordered a new trial in the case of Charles Lowe, who was sentenced to states prison for seven years for murder in the third degree.

Governor Frazer of New Brunswick died AN INSPIRATION OF HOPE FOR last night at Genoa, Italy.

New York is enjoying a dog show in which there are 600 entries and 140 classes of dogs to be judged.

Mr. Bryan's day in Denver was one continuous ovation. His last speech was made to an audience of at least 20,000 people at the state house.

A Singapore dispatch to London says the Spaniards were defeated in a recent fight with the Phillippine Island insurgents with a loss of 300 men.

At Chicago the wrestling match between John Rooney, of Chicago, and Dan S. McLeod, the California wrestler, was won by the former. By the terms of the match McLeod was to throw Rooney five times in one hour. He could not do this although he had far the better of the wrestling, throwing Rooney three times.

At San Francisco yesterday Maxine Elliott, the actress, was granted a divorce from George W. McDermott, of New York, on the ground of neglect and desertion.

A prairie fire in the Seminole country, Oklahoma is said to have caused the loss of sixteen lives. The fire was started by outlaws who were fleeing from a posse of deputy marshals.

By an explosion in the asphalt mine at Fort Duchesne, Utah, yesterday afternoon two men were instantly killed and three others fatally injured. The force of the explosion was felt thirty miles away. The mine is now on fire.

At Paris an actress named Mlle. Glayeuls has been swindled out of £2000 worth of jewels by an American named Cazauben, who represented himself as the agent of the Watson company, prepared to advance money on valuables. He then decamped.

WEAK MEN.

There is not the slightest reason why you should not feel well and strong. That great offer of Dr. Greene's is providing the best friend that weak and delicate people ever had. A letter sent to him at his office, 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city, telling the symptoms you are suffering from, will be immediately answered by the doctor, describing your complaint minutely, and making you understand perfectly just what ails you. And all this costs you nothing. You don't have to leave your home, and you don't have to pay any doctor's fee to learn exactly what your complaint is, and how to get well and strong, from Dr. Greene, the most successful specialist in curing nervous, weakening and exhausting diseases of men. The doctor makes a specialty of curing patients through his great system of letter correspondence, and is having wonderful success. Thousands of weak, nervous men and women are writing him about their complaints and are being permanently cured. It was he who discovered that world-renowned curative, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. Write the doctor at once and see what he says about your complaint. It will probably be the means of your getting back your health.

BALTIMORE & OHIO.

Denial That it is Cutting East Bound Rates.

Baltimore, Nov. 24.—Co-Receiver Oscar G. Murray, of the Baltimore & Ohio railway, today issued a statement in which he denies, in vigorous language the oft-repeated assertion that the Baltimore & Ohio is securing eastbound freights out of Chicago by cutting rates. Mr. Murray said it is true that the road is getting a large share of this eastbound tonnage, larger in fact than ever before in its history, and added: "I can very readily understand why it is that our business out of Chicago has shown such a great improvement. In the first place the Baltimore & Ohio is in better financial shape than it was some time ago.

"The traffic department has its agent through the West on the constant look out for business. These men have been employed because of their ability, and it is but natural that we should show an increase in tonnage. I want to deny most emphatically that this business comes to us on account of cut rates. We are making no effort to secure business other than legitimately and above board and I cannot see why, when we get it we are accused of violating our obligations to the Joint Traffic association. Our views as to the value and benefit of the Joint Traffic association to this and other roads is such as would and do make it desirable to cordially support and approve their work.

"'Their conservative action since their organization has done more to maintain rates and preserve revenue than all the machinery that has in the past been used, and we are not by any means going to inaugurate any policy that is in conflict with them or imperil our own revenues by depriving the company of the benefit of their good counsel and advice, which would be the case should we withdraw from the organization. I wish you would emphasize the statement that we are not only going to continue our membership in the Joint Traffic association, but are, beyond that, anxious for holding up its integrity and extending its influence and scope.'"

KANSAS CITY STRIKE.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 25.—A printers' strike, which may end in every union shop in the city being involved began here yesterday, when all the union printers, pressmen and bookbinders, twenty-two in number, employed by Berkowitz & Co., struck, refusing to work with a single non-union man they had been hired. This is a sequel to the fight between the typographical union and the "typothetae," which has been on for two weeks past and which resulted in all local shops being declared open to both union and non-union men. Union men generally are very much dissatisfied with the present condition of affairs.

COREAN KING'S PERIL.

Yokohama, Nov. 25.—According to a dispatch from Seoul a number of Corean officers have been plotting to seize the king and force him to return to the palace. The Russian officers and eighty seamen with a field gun have entered Seoul

The Nineteenth Century boasts of a Twentieth Century Brewery

Its name is BLATZ

Its Brew is BLATZ

Its power is Electricity and its aim is to maintain perfection of its product by the newest and most improved methods.

Call for Blatz. See that "Blatz" is on the cork.

The STAR Milwaukee Beer

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch, Telephone 62.

Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousand dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of **Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco.** You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Blackwell's Genuine DURHAM Tobacco

DR. DIX'S Celebrated Female Powders never fail. 10,000 ladies declare them safe and sure where all other remedies have failed. Particulars 4 cents. DR. S. T. DIX, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Annie McLean and Angus McLean, her husband, mortgagors, to Frank P. Phillips, mortgagee, bearing date December ninth (9th), 1892, and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December twenty-third (23d), 1892, at 9:20 o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred three (103) of mortgages, on page two hundred fifty-seven (257) thereof; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on June first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of $32; and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, which said mortgagors had in said mortgage covenanted and agreed to pay, by reason whereof said mortgagee heretofore has been compelled to pay, and has paid, the sum of $20 for such insurance premiums, to protect said mortgaged premises, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of fifty-three and 24-100 (53.24) dollars, for such interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid.

And whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, and said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The easterly twenty-five (25) feet of the southerly seventy-nine (79) feet of lot numbered five (5), in block numbered one (1), of Fleischer and Cremer's rearrangement of block fifty-six (56), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the register of deeds' office for said St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fourth (24th) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, insurance and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time allowed by law.

Dated November 9th, 1896.

FRANK P. PHILLIPS, Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-11-18-25-Dec-2-9-16.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of nine hundred eighty-four dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by William Roche, mortgagor, to John W. Shellenberger, mortgagee, bearing date the 27th day of February, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 2nd day of March, 1891, at 11:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 53 of mortgages, on page 36 which mortgage and mortgage debt were duly assigned by said John W. Shellenberger, to Henry W. Cheadle, by written instrument bearing date Febraary, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the second day of March, 1891, at 11:40 o'clock a. m. in Book 74 of mortgages on page 307 which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by Henry W. Cheadle to N. Beardsley by written instrument, bearing date March 9th, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 9th day of March, 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 73 of mortgages on page 326.

And whereas said N. Beardsley thereafter departed this life leaving a last will and testament appointing the undersigned executors thereof to whom letters testamentary have been duly issued out of the probate court in and for Ramsey county, Minnesota.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number one, two and three, in block number thirty-two in Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Thursday, the tenth day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated October 27th, 1896.

CAROLINE B. WOODRUFF,
NELSON B. ELDRED,
NELSON B. BURR,
GEORGE UNDERWOOD,
As Executors of the Last Will of N. Beardsley, Assignee of Mortgage.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-28-Nov-4-11-18-25-Dec-2.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Sewall M. Chandler and Eva G. Chandler, his wife, Llewellyn P. Totman and Dora F. Totman, his wife, and Everett Totman, (unmarried), mortgagors, to Aaron A. Wolfersperger, mortgagee, bearing date November ninth (9th), 1891, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on November ninth (9th), 1891, at 3:35 o'clock p. m., in Book fifty-two (52) of mortgages, on page five hundred and fifty-three (553); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum due upon one of the notes secured by said mortgage, amounting to the sum of six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven ($6667) dollars, which became due on November ninth (9th), 1893, with interest thereon from May 5th, 1896, to this date, no part of any of which has ever been paid.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of six thousand seven hundred fifty-five and 88-100 ($6755.88) dollars, principal and interest.

And said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

And whereas said mortgage originally covered, and was a lien upon, certain real property therein described, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: All of Everett Park Addition to Duluth, located in the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter (se¼ of se¼) of section thirty-four (34), township forty-nine (49) north of range fifteen (15) west of the fourth principal meridian, according to the recorded plat of said Everett Park Addition to Duluth, on file and of record in said register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; but certain lots and blocks of which addition, hereinafter particularly described, have since been released by said mortgagee, from the lien and operation of said mortgage, in accordance with the provisions thereof, to-wit: Lots numbered eighteen (18), nineteen (19) and twenty (20), in block numbered twenty (20); and all of blocks numbered six (6), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9) and ten (10), all in said Everett Park Addition to Duluth, according to said recorded plat thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed, by a sale of all of the premises in said mortgage, and hereinabove described, except the lots and blocks hereinabove specifically mentioned as having been heretofore released from the lien and opration of said mortgage; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the twenty-fourth (24th) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and two hundred dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time allowed by law.

Dated July 6th, 1896.

AARON A. WOLFERSPERGER, Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-11-18-25-Dec-2-9-16.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of the B. B. Richards Lumber Company, a corporation, insolvent:

Notice is hereby given that the B. B. Richards Lumber Co., a corporation, has made an assignment to the undersigned, for the equal benefit of all its bona fide creditors. All claims must be verified and presented to the undersigned for allowance.

Dated Duluth, Minn., November 18th, 1896.

THE DULUTH TRUST COMPANY, Assignee, Duluth, Minnesota.

COTTON, DIBELL & REYNOLDS, Attorneys for Assignee, Chamber of Commerce Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2.

WEST END!

Republicans Now Engaged in Figuring How to Get Offices.

Three Candidates For the Place of Assistant Poor Superintendent.

Alderman Richardson May Have a Fight on His Hands.

"Lf ..ing" Republicans are beginning to look for plums, and there is a prospect for a pretty fight for the few offices which are expected to fall to West Duluth, in the division of the spoils.

The office of assistant county superintendent of the poor seems to be one of the most desirable on the list, and among those seeking the position are F. E. Colby, W. J. Smart and Arvise Bagley. O. S. Olson is reported to be a candidate for overseer of the poor farm.

There have been no new names cropped out lately for alderman in the Eighth ward. Alderman Richardson is a candidate for re-election, but although no one has yet been brought out against him, it is understood that he will receive pretty stiff opposition. The people of the Fifth precinct of this ward think that they are entitled to representation, inasmuch as the Oneota district has furnished the aldermanic timber for three years. It looks as if Mr. Richardson would have to put up a pretty strong combination to defeat this sentiment. It entered somewhat into the fight last year, but it is stronger than ever at the present time.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

P. F. Smith has returned from a business trip to Michigan.

Ike Delherage and a party of four hunters have returned from the woods, having captured twenty-three deer.

Capt. J. R. Randall, fire commissioner, has received a present of two fine inlaid picture frames, made by Fred Wentworth, of No. 8, fire department.

NOTICE.

The grocery firm of Pior & Preffett is hereby dissolved. Mary Pior will hereafter continue the business, collect and pay all debts.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

Music tonight at Ideal Beer hall.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

London Weakness Was Felt at the Opening.

New York, Nov. 25.—The stock market opened weak and lower, being chiefly influenced by lower London prices for Americans, and a decrease in the gross earnings of St. Paul for the third week of $121,500. Sugar and the international scored the most important declines. Atchison preferred yielding an extreme 1 per cent.

The market steadied for a brief interval, and some slight gains ensued. Sugar was adversely influenced by the official announcement that the plant of the company would suspend operations tonight over the holidays. The share speculation was extremely dull during the second hour, but prices were fairly well sustained, in spite of a renewal of London's reports. Trading generally was featureless, reflecting the indisposition of operators to extend their dealings over the holiday. Chicago Gas was traded in ex-dividend of 1½ per cent, and displays heaviness. The railway bond market showed a decided contraction in business and unimportant changes in prices. The sales to noon were 87,200 shares.

Music tonight at Ideal Beer hall.

LOUISIANA SHORT OF COIN.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 25.—A committee of representative business men of the state of Louisiana, appointed by the governor, is here to obtain a special rate on corn into that state, in order to avoid a famine. Chairman Mills said to a reporter: "The condition of the farming classes in the northern and middle sections of our state cannot be overdrawn. The corn crop failed and the cotton crop was very poor. There is almost a famine in eleven parishes in the north central part of the state in the territory between the Ouachita and Red river. We estimate that we will have to purchase 500,000 or 600,000 bushels of corn in the Western markets. The governor has appointed us to ask the railroads for a special rate on the shipments of corn destined to the portions of the state where the crop was a failure. We will remain here two or three days."

Spend Thanksgiving eve at Ideal Beer hall.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

STREET RAILWAY LITIGATION.

Boston, Nov. 25.—The Kidder-Peabody-Morgan faction has won in the contest for control of the West End street railway company.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Music tonight at Ideal Beer hall.

Owing to the unfavorable weather the Glen Avon rink and the Union rink will not be open tomorrow. Announcement of opening will be made later.

Spend Thanksgiving eve at Ideal Beer hall.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Poultry is the principal feature of Michigan street houses nowadays and the supply is very full and fine. Vegetables, too, are in good demand and supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, separators, fancy	21 @ 22
Dairies, fancy, special make	10 @ 15
Packing stock	8 @ 9
CHEESE.	
Turns, flats, full cream, new	9¼@ 10
Full cream, Young America.	10
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12 @ 12½
Brick, No. 1	10
Limb., full cream, choice	9 @ 10
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled, strictly fresh	19 @ 20
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	12½@ 13
Fancy white clover, strained, in jars, per lb..	12½
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per pound	10
Wisconsin, per pound	9
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00
VEGETABLES.	
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85 @ 90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25 @ 2 50
Celery per doz	25 @ 30
Carrots, per bus	35 @ 40
Beets, per bus	35 @ 40
Onions, per bus	40 @ 45
Turnips, per bus	25
Minn. cabbage, per 100 lbs	60 @ 70
Potatoes, per bus	25 @ 30
Mint, per doz	25 @ 30
Parsley, per doz	25
Parsnips, per bus	45 @ 50
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 40 @ 1 50
Horse radish, per lb	8
Hubbard squash, per doz..	50 @ 75
Pumpkins, per doz	75
Marrow squash, per doz	75
HERBS.	
Thyme, per doz	25
Savory, per doz	25
Sweet Majoram, per doz	25
Sage, per doz	25
Dill, per doz	50
Garlic, per lb	10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25
Medium, hand picked, bus..	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90
Green and yellow peas	75 @ 80
Wax beans, bus	75
Green beans, bus	50
Green peas, bus	65
FRUITS.	
Florida oranges, per box	4 00 @ 4 50
Mexican oranges, per box..	4 00 @ 4 25
Jamaica oranges, per box..	4 00 @ 4 25
California pears, per case..	2 00 @ 2 50
Del. grapes, 10 lb basket	28
Bananas, bunches	1 25 @ 1 50
Lemons, per box	4 50 @ 5 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	70
California grapes, per case	1 25 @ 1 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00 @ 6 50
Cranberries, bus	1 75 @ 2 00
Concord grapes, basket	12 @ 13
New York grapes, basket..	11 @ 12
Chestnuts, per lb	6 @ 8
APPLES.	
New apples, per bbl	1 25 @ 2 25
Quinces, per bus	1 50
Quinces, per bbl	4 50
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	7 @ 7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5
Mutton, fancy dressed	6 @ 6½
LIVE POULTRY.	
Live turkeys	10
Spring chickens, per lb	6 @ 7
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Turkeys, per lb	11 @ 12
Chickens, per lb	7 @ 8
Ducks, per lb	9 @ 10
Geese, per lb	10 @ 11
GAME.	
Grouse, per doz	4 50
Prairie chickens, per doz	3 00 @ 3 25
Pheasants, per doz	2 25
Partridges, per doz	2 00 @ 2 50
Quail, per doz	2 00
Canvas back ducks, per doz	3 00 @ 4 00
Mallards, per doz	3 00 @ 3 25
Wood duck, per doz	2 00
Blue wing teal, per doz	1 25 @ 1 50
Green wing teal, per doz	1 00 @ 1 25
Red heads, per doz	1 75 @ 2 00
Common, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Jack snipe, per doz	80 @ 90
Small snipe, per doz	40 @ 50
Woodcock, per doz	3 75 @ 4 00
Geese, per doz	8 00 @ 9 00
Brant, per doz	5 00 @ 6 00
Upland plover, per doz	1 00
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran 200 lbs, sacks included.	8 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50
Red dog	12 00
Ground feed, No. 1	10 50 @11 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 50 @11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice south Minn	$ 7 00 @ 8 00
Northern Minn	5 00 @ 6 50
Medium	4 50 @ 5 00
Poor	4 00 @ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy..	9 50 @10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 25.—Butter, steady; Western dairy, 8@13c; Western creamery 13½@22½c; Elgins, 22½c; factory, 7@12c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania 22@25c; Western, 15½@24c.

CHASED HIM OUT.

Embroidery Outfit Agent is Given the Run.

One C. Tellopsugh has been doing a flourishing business in this city for some time past selling at the price of $1 a chest, embroidery outfit, consisting of a needle, a square of stamped cloth, and a small frame, the aggregate value of which articles would be amply covered by the sum of 8 cents. Tellopsugh lured victims to his place of business, room 515, in the Palladio building, by an advertisement in which it was stated that ladies might easily make from $8 to $10 a week at easy work. Applicants for a chance to share in the benefits of this offer were told that it would be necessary to buy the outfit mentioned, and that when the pattern had been embroidered, it would be repurchased at an increase of from 100 to 200 per cent. Tellopsugh found many customers, and it is thought he realized about $200 in his scheme.

Officer Ryan investigated the matter and notified Chief Hansen of the result of his inquiries. The chief, on Monday, gave Tellopsugh half an hour to leave town. The latter accepted the invitation and skipped.

Wants to Pay Balances.

W. E. Richardson, assignee for the American Loan and Trust company, this morning filed a petition in district court for an order allowing him to pay up certain balances due on a part of the McKinley mine, held by the Trust company. He states in the petition that the amount due is $5578.89, and that he has found that until he pays it he cannot find a sale for the property, which is valuable for its deposits of iron ore, and worth several times the amount due upon it. Judge Moer signed an order allowing him to make the payment, and stipulating that in case the vendors of the property refuse to accept the money, it is to be paid to the clerk of court, to be held by him to be paid to those entitled to it when they call for it.

Gray Estate Suit.

In the case of George C. Howe against the R. A. Gray estate and J. S. Stevens, to determine the title to some Rice's Point lots, Judge Moer this morning filed findings for the defendants. He finds that part of the lots are under the navigable waters of the bay inside the dock line, and are used by the defendants for purposes of navigation in common with the public. There are other owners involved, and the court holds that even if this were the proper means of determining title it would be necessary to call in the other owners.

Get latest prices on coal from the Duluth Fuel company. Office, basement of Herald building.

ADVANCED

Up Went the Price of Wheat Again on Bullish News.

Liverpool Furnished a Surprise With an Advance at the Opening.

The Receipts Were Light and Clearances Promise to Be Heavy.

The wheat speculators were treated to a fresh surprise this morning. Liverpool came in with a jump of from 3d to 3¼d per cental, or the equivalent of about 1c per bus over the price it closed at yesterday and all because of American advances. Liverpool grain people are decidedly losing caste with the American traders who had previously respected them for their phlegmatic indifference to anything sensational that originated outside the precincts of their own town. The first cables from Liverpool accompanying the opening quotations had such remarks as the following: "Advance rather the result of the speculative buying than of consumptive demand." "Rise of 3d due to American advances." "Broomhal, editor of the Liverpool Corn Trade News, confirms his estimate of 17,000,000 bus monthly requirements from America, but says great economy might reduce that somewhat." New York reported that clearances are likely to be heavy this week, and Northwestern receipts were again light, being only one-half of last year's. The consequence of all this bullish news was that the market opened higher and ruled firm all day. The Northwestern receipts were only 445 cars at Minneapolis and Duluth, compared with 800 a week ago, and Chicago got 37 cars, against 163 last year. After the close at Chicago yesterday, 100,000 bus of No. 2 spring was sold in one lot in store at 1c per bus over December and 85,000 bus No. 1 northern at 2½c per bus premium. This forenoon another 50,000 bus of No. 1 northern was reported and 50,000 bus No. 2 hard winter.

May wheat opened here 1⅛c higher at 83⅛c, reacted ¼c but soon recovered and sold up to 83⅝c. Towards the close it eased off again to 83½c and closed with sellers at 83⅜c, being an advance of 1⅜c for the day. December wheat closed 1⅜c higher at 80⅝c bid. Shippers bought 65,000 bus of cash stuff at 1c over December, and the mills took 10,000 bus at 1¼c over December. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 83¼c; December, 81⅞c. No. 1 northern, cash, 81¼c; December, 80⅝c bid; May, 83⅜c asked. No. 2 northern, 78⅝c. No. 3, 71¼@75½c. Rejected, 57¼@75½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 83¼c; No. 1 northern, 81¼c. Rye, 36c; No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 76c bid; May, 81c asked.

Car inspection—Wheat, 285; oats, 1; rye, 9; barley, 6; flax, 39. Receipts—Wheat, 272,225 bus; oats, 6359 bus; rye, 5727 bus; barley, 27,468 bus; flax, 32,729 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 396,723 bus; rye, 23,940 bus; barley, 81,906 bus; flax, 49,980 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 30,000; left over, 1500. Market slow and 5c lower than yesterday's average. Light, $3.10@3.40; mixed, $3.10@3.40; heavy, $2.95@3.40; rough, $2.95@3.05. Cattle, 13,000. Best grades firm; others dull and barely steady. Beeves, $3.40@5.35; cows and heifers, $1.60@4.00; Texas steers, $2.70@3.90; Western, $3.20@4.00; stockers and feeders, $2.60@3.85. Hogs, official receipts, 17,942; shipments, 4850. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 4817; shipments, 1019. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 8390; shipments, 3908. Estimated receipts hogs tomorrow, 28,000. Sheep, 14,000. Strong to 10c higher.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Nov. 25.—Close, wheat, November, 89¼c; December, 89¼c; January, 90¼c; March, 91c; May, 88⅜c. Corn, May, 29⅝c. Oats, May, 26⅞c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Nov. 25.—Wheat strong; closing, November, 79⅝c; December, 79⅝c; May, 82@82⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, 81½c; No. 1 northern, 80¼c; No. 2 northern, 78⅜c. Receipts, 173 cars.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Nov. 25.—Closing, wheat, spot steady; November, nominal; December, 6s 9¾d; ¼d lower; January, 6s 9¾d; ¼d lower. Maize, spot steady; futures steady; November, 2s 11¾d; unchanged; December, 2s 11¾d; unchanged; January, 2s 11¾d; unchanged.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Liverpool recorded a big advance over night and Northwest receipts showed a total of only about half last week's. A big lot of cash wheat was worked here late yesterday and this morning, all at a premium. With the exception of one rather optimistic view of the Russian crop the foreign news was generally very favorable to the bull side. The market opened about 1⅛c higher and held most of the advance all day showing at times a great amount of strength. Had it not been for the holiday tomorrow and the big selling to even up and against calls we should have most likely had still higher prices but the market having advanced so materially in the past week most operators are inclined to take profits. Though the market was dull and narrow most of the day we note quite an increase of small outside orders and possibly the country will get interested more easily than they did 25c lower.

Corn and oats again dull and heavy while provisions scored a small advance on buying by shorts.

Puts, May wheat, 81¾@81½-⅝c.
Calls, May wheat, 85@84⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 83c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	13⅜	13⅜	13	13⅜
Atchison	14½	14½	14⅜	14⅜
Sugar Trust	117	117⅝	116⅜	117⅝
Canada Southern				
C., B. & Q.	78⅝	79¼	78⅜	79¼
St. Paul	75¼	75⅜	74¾	74⅜
Chicago Gas	74⅜	74⅜	73⅞	73⅞
Del., Lack. & W.				
General Electric	33	33	33	33
Erie				
Reading	30⅜	30⅜	29¾	29⅞
Louis. & Nash	50	50⅜	49½	50¼
Manhattan	95½	97	95½	96⅝
Missouri Pacific	22½	22½	22⅜	22½
Tobacco	76	76	75⅜	75⅞
Chicago & N. W.	101	104¼	103⅜	103⅜
N. P. preferred	25¼	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
Rock Island	70	70	69⅜	69⅜
Union Pacific	10⅜	10⅜	10¼	10⅜
Western Union	86⅜	87⅜	86⅜	87⅛
Leather	62⅛	63	59⅜	60¼
Lake Shore				

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Nov. 25.—Money on call easy at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¼@4.86½ for demand and $4.83@4.83¼ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.83½@4.84 and $4.86@4.87½. Commercial bills $4.81¾. Silver certificates, sales $10,000, at 65½. Bar silver 65¼. Mexican dollars 50⅝. Government bonds firm. New 4s registered and coupon, $1.19⅝; 5s registered, $1.13; coupon, $1.13; 4s registered and coupon, $1.10; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '97, $1.02.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—Close, wheat, November, 80⅜c; December, 79⅞c; January, 80⅝c; May, 83¾c; July, 79¼c. Corn, November, 23⅝c; December, 23⅝c; May, 27¼@⅜c. Oats, November, 19c; December, 19¼c; May, 22⅜c. Pork, November, $6.65; December, $6.65; January, $7.60@7.62½; May, $7.95. Lard, November, $3.77½; December, $3.77½; January, $3.97@4.00; May, $4.20@4.22½. Ribs, November, $3.75; December, $3.75; January, $3.82½; May, $4.00. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 91@93c; No. 3 red, 85@88c; No. 2 spring, 81c; No. 3 spring, 78@80c; No. 2 hard winter, 81c; No. 3 hard winter, 78@80c; No. 1 northern spring, 83c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 23⅝c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 18¾c. Rye, cash, 38c; December, 38¼c; May, 34c. Barley, cash, No. 3, new, 24@37c. Flax, cash, 77c; Northwestern 79c bid; December 75¾@76c; May, 81½@82c. Timothy, cash, $2.60; December, $2.65; May, $2.75.

MARINE MATTERS.

New Steel Schooner Ordered By James Corrigan.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Post says today: "Contracts for over $3,000,000 worth of new vessels for the lakes have been closed here since the election, and employment has been given to 3500 men. Last week contracts were closed for two steamers and a large steel schooner, in addition to the great steamer Crescent City, which will lead all lake craft in carrying capacity and general construction. Today the contract for still another vessel is announced. It will be for James Corrigan, the prominent iron mining man of Cleveland, and his associates in the iron trade. The new boat will be the largest steel schooner ever built on the lakes, if not in the United States. The dimensions will be: Keel, 376 feet; beam, 46 feet; depth, 26 feet. On present depth of water in lake channels the schooner will carry about 5500 tons. With the completion of the 20-foot channel she will carry considerably in excess of 6000 tons."

THE KEASARGE AGROUND.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Kearsarge, Duluth to Buffalo with flour, is aground at Round Island. Assistance will be sent.

FOGGY ON ST. CLAIR RIVER.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is very foggy on the river and no boats have passed since morning.

ORE CHARTERS ENDED.

Cleveland, Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Iron ore men declare that with one exception they have made their last charter for the season. Coal freights show no change.

THE SIEMENS AGROUND.

Buffalo, Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal shippers claim they have about all the tonnage they want. The Erie canal season closed today for all except way cargoes. Water in the harbor is very low. The Siemens is aground at the foot of Manista, drawing 15 feet 9 inches.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Coralia, 9:40 last night; Fedora, Majestic, 10:20; Neilson, 11. Down: Mather and whalebacks, 10 last night; Alberta, 1:30 a. m.; Jay Gould, 8:20; Myles, Alva, 10; Fisk, 11.

Later—Up: Rosemount, 11:20 a. m.; Codorus, noon. Down: Choctaw, Sitka, Yukon, Portage, 11:40 a. m.; Stevens, Joliet, Bangor, 12:30 p. m.; Matoa and whaleback, Devereux, C. B. Lockwood, Pennington, 1:40.

Up yesterday: Iosco, McWilliams, 4 p. m.; Vanderbilt, 5:40; Centurion, 6:30. Down: St. Andrews, 4:20 p. m.; Algonquin, 6.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Weed, 4 a. m.; Caledonia, 6; Rust, 7; Bradley and consorts, 7;15.

Down yesterday: Peck, Runnells, noon; Fryer, 12:50 p. m.; Fay, 6; Senator, 6:15; Kirby, Hartnell, 6:20; McGregor, Dyer, 8; Neshoto, 9.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: North Wind, 12:40 a. m.; Wawatam, 3:15; Flint, 10:20.

Up yesterday: Marion, noon; Neshoto, 12:40 p. m.; Northern King, 1:30; Waldo, 3:20; Charles Eddy, 4:40; Yale, 7; Yakima, 7:15; Wilhelm and consorts, 8:15.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Marquette—Cleared: Grecian, Pease, Planet, Wade, Deveraux, Choctaw, Cadillac, Chisholm, Lake Erie ports.

Erie—Cleared: Nichols, Duluth. Laid up: Shenandoah.

Bayfield—Cleared: Pasadona, John Martin.

Cleveland—Cleared: Fay, Gladstone, Bartlett, Duluth.

Toledo—Cleared: Neshoto, coal, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Orr, Gladstone, Hoyt, Johnson, Trevor, Penobscot, barges 104 and 133, Duluth; Gratwick, Fort William.

Port Arthur—Arrived: Rosedale, Yuma. Departed: Bangor, Myles, Arabian, Begar, Meredian, Seguin, Lake Michigan.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Moore, Mariska, Schuck, City of Glasgow, Lake Erie, coal; Lagonda, Gratwick, Buffalo, light for grain; Arabia, China, Alaska, Buffalo, mdse; Newaygo, South Chicago, railroad iron.

Departed—Livingstone, Ward, Buffalo, flour; Erickson, Buffalo, wheat.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Westernland from Antwerp.

Southampton—Arrived: Allermany, form New York.

UNLUCKY LIBERTY BELL.

Chicago, Nov. 25.—The Columbian Liberty bell enjoys the distinction of having a receiver. Judge Gibbons today appointed the American Trust and Savings bank to take charge of the bell, upon application of George S. Knapp, the custodian of the bell, which has been involved in a good deal of litigation. Knapp has a claim against the Columbian Liberty bell committee for $5565 and wants the bell sold.

THERE'S ONLY ONE RAILROAD
That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago;
That lights its train by electricity throughout;
That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;
That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago, via Milwaukee;
And that road is the
CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL.
It also operates steam-heated vestibuled trains, carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars and palace drawing room sleepers.
Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.
For low rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address
J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agt.,
St. Paul, Minn.
Note.—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

Music tonight at Ideal Beer hall.

One Cent a Word.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—LADIES TO TAKE HOME steady work. 515 Palladio building.

WANTED—COOK AND SECOND GIRL. U. S. G. Sharp, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 128 West Fourth street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—1000 ABLE BODIED MEN TO attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SALESMEN for lubricating oils, greases and specialties. Address the Stoddard Oil and Compound company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX. $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY SMALL HOUSE IN central part of city. Must be a bargain. Will pay cash. Apply at 309 Providence building.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cured for also.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alexander Miles and Candace J. Miles, his wife, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the first (1st) day of February, A. D. 1894, given to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars ($1000.00) and interest according to the conditions of one certain promissory note for said amount, made by said Alexander Miles payable to the order of said William E. Lucas on the first day of January, A. D. 1899, with interest thereon at the rate of eight (8) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually according to the terms of coupon notes thereto attached, which said mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the seventh (7th) day of February, A. D. 1894, at four (4) o'clock p. m. in Book 102 of mortgages at page 481; which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned by said William E. Lucas, mortgagee, to John H. Upham, of Duluth, Minnesota, by an instrument in writing bearing date the seventeenth (17th) day of October, A. D. 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the seventeenth (17th) day of November, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock and 10 minutes a. m. in Book 147 of mortgages at page 31; and whereas said mortgage contains a provision that if default shall be made in the payment of said principal sum secured by said mortgage or of any installment of interest or any part thereof on the day whereon the same is made payable and such default shall continue for a period of ten (10) days, or if default shall be made in any of the conditions, agreements and covenants therein agreements and covenants contained therein, that the mortgagee, his legal representatives or assigns may elect that the principal sum thereby secured, together with the interest accrued thereon and all sums of money paid in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, shall be immediately due and payable and may enforce payment thereof; and whereas default has been made in the payment of interest on said mortgage evidenced by two coupon notes for forty dollars ($40.00) each, due respectively on the first (1st) days of January and July, 1896, and also in the non-payment of the taxes upon the premises covered by said mortgage for the year 1894 amounting to fifty and 15-100 dollars ($50.15), which said amount of taxes has heretofore been paid by said John H. Upham, the undersigned assignee of mortgagee, which non-payment of taxes is in violation of the covenants and agreements contained in said mortgage and whereas said defaults and each of them have continued for more than ten (10) days from the time of the happening of said defaults; and whereas the said John H. Upham, assignee of mortgagee, by reason of said defaults does now so elect and declare the whole of the principal sum secured by said mortgage together with the interest accrued thereon and all sums of money paid in accordance with the terms of said mortgage to be due and payable, and

Whereas there is claimed to be due and there is actually due at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand one hundred and eleven and 99-100 dollars ($1111.99) principal and interest and fifty and 15-100 dollars ($50.15) taxes paid, and

Whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and whereas no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises therein described and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered sixteen (16), in block eighty-six (86), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota, which premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto pertaining will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the ninth (9th) day of January, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorneys' fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 25th, 1896.

JOHN H. UPHAM,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

STEARNS, WATROUS & STEARNS,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee,
407-408 First National Bank building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-25-Dec-2-9-16-23-30.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November, 25th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Annie E. Dawdy, formerly Holmes, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of H. G. Gearhart, administrator of the estate of Annie E. Dawdy, formerly Holmes, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Saturday, the 19th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of the judge of probate at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 25th day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-25-Dec-2-9.

255 MINUTES TO ST. PAUL
275 MINUTES TO MINNEAPOLIS,
Is the flight of the fast limited between Duluth and Twin Cities, via the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. Shortest, quickest and main traveled road, leaving Duluth at 1:55 p. m.. Other trains, 9 a. m. and 11:15 p. m.. Three each way daily.

One Cent a Word.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG widow; dining room or chamber work, or light housekeeping. Address Mrs. Ella C. Smith, West Duluth, or inquire at 615 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER BY middleaged lady, in widower's family, who has not too large a family preferred. Address Mrs. J. R. Ives, West Duluth.

A MIDDLEAGED MAN, SWISS, WANTS work in hotel or restaurant. First class bread and cake baker and pastry cook and good all around man; will work cheap. Address Mrs. Haller, 520 West Superior.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN WOULD LIKE position as janitor, collector or timekeeper; or any work of that kind; not afraid of work in any form. Call on or address 9 East Sixth street.

LADY WOULD LIKE SITUATION TO work for room and board for a month or two. Please address Phena King, postoffice, general delivery.

YOUNG MAN WANTS A JOB IN OR around house or store; has had experience as butler; would be willing to work cheap. Adress G. O., postoffice box 670.

SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS COOK; best of city references given. Address K 89, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS SECOND OR night cook. Address C. H., 616 West Third street.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT dressmaker, work at home; good fit and up-to-date dressmaking done at cheap rates. 18 East Second street.

SCOTCH WOMAN WOULD LIKE POSition as sick nurse, also washing, house, store and office cleaning. Cleaning of all kinds cheerfully attended to. Call on or address Mrs. Clark, 101 First avenue west or 9 East Sixth street.

FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, DINING-room or chamber work. Address L 65, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE A SITuation; willing to do any kind of work. L 67, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, 22 YEARS OF AGE, would like employment of any kind. Address 916 East Seventh street.

A WIDOW WHO IS VERY FOND OF children would like a position as housekeeper. Address L 71, Herald.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG LADY as stenographer. C 67, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED—AM A THORough office man or clothing salesman; am willing to work at anything. Can give city references. L 68, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE WORK; good man with horses; handy with tools; city references. A. W. C., 104 West First street.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO DINING-room work or as nurse. 422 East First street.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN wishes to employ as bookkeeper, office work of any kind; clerk in dry goods or grocery, who has had several years of experience; or as teamster, grocery delivery; who speaks two languages—French and English. Can furnish the best of references. Address No. 5 C, Herald office.

A WOMAN WANTS WORK WASHING, ironing and house cleaning. 314½ West Fourth street.

GOOD GIRL WANTS PLACE TO DO general housework in small family. L 80, Herald.

GOOD GIRL WANTS PLACE FOR GENeral housework. L 70, Herald.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN'S MENDING done neatly. Call forenoons at 517 West First.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

YOUNG AND COMPETENT NURSE would like employment. Charges reasonable. Inquire at 1918 West Fourth street.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

ONE SINGLE AND DOUBLE CUTTER for sale at a bargain. Call at 422 Fifty-fourth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

For Sale---for $150.
12-horse power and 8-horse power BOILER ENGINE In good condition.
IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY,
12 West Michigan.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 23, 1896. Work —degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 25, 1896. Work Royal Arch degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MUSIC.

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; teacher of vocal culture, Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils, insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

One Cent a Word.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

DOUBLE ROOM FINELY FURnished; steam heat. 31 East Superior street.

ROOMS WELL HEATED; FIRST CLASS board; bath, etc. 120 First avenue west.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with water, 123 East Third street. Inquire at 202 East Fourth street.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVE-room house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO TRADE, A BICYCLE for a horse. Inquire of Houghton, room 10 Palladio.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Julian Dumas to Louis Nadeau, lands in sections 4 and 9-67-21	$ 500
F. A. Nelson to Oscar Nelson, lot 28, block 25, Hunter's Grassy Point addition	400
L. O. Baldwin to C. V. Ferguson, lot 19, block 18, Bay Front division first rearrangement	1,080
Virginia Improvement company to E. Z. Griggs, lot 15, block 21, Virginia	250
E. Yoke to John Isacson, lands in 30-49-15	500
Two unpublished	8,000
Total	$ 10,730

NOTICE

Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated Januray 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 124 of deeds, page 196, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and,

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.

GEO. F. ASH,
NEIL McLACHLAN,
JOHN E. MERRITT,
Commissioners.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 21 to Dec. 1 inc.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth.

THE EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper

Published at Herald Building, 120 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

10c A Week.

Every Evening Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months. Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK.....17,148

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Nov. 25.—The barometer continues abnormally high throughout the Canadian Northwest, and an area of relatively low pressure is central in Kansas, whence it extends to Lake Superior.

Snow has been general in all districts from the Northern Rocky mountain region east to Lakes Superior and Huron, and cloudy or rainy weather prevails thence southward to the west gulf states. The heaviest snowfalls are a depth of about nine inches in Western Montana and four to five inches in parts of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Upper Michigan during the past twenty-four hours. At 7 a. m. today temperatures of zero to 10 degrees below zero were reported in the provinces north of Montana. Thence the thermometer ranged upward to 52 degrees above zero in Kansas, 62 degrees in Missouri, 58 degrees in Illinois, 44 degrees in Southern Michigan and 20 degrees at Sault Ste. Marie.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today: Maximum yesterday, 24; minimum yesterday, 4.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Snow or rain this afternoon and tonight; Thursday snow flurries and colder by afternoon; northeast winds, probably becoming high this afternoon, and backing to northwest Thursday. Storm northeast signals are displayed at Duluth and Two Harbors.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Forecast for Thursday: Wisconsin—Rain tonight and Thursday; easterly winds. Minnesota—Rain in southern, snow in northern portion tonight and Thursday; increasing northeast winds.

CUBAN INDEPENDENCE.

The return of Gen. Weyler to Havana is accompanied by the statement that the campaign against the insurgents is being carried on in good shape, but that the struggle cannot be ended for several months yet. This is tantamount to a confession that the Cuban patriots can never be subdued, but that the old program of maltreating non-combatants and butchering insurgents who may be captured by the Spanish forces is to be continued.

This statement by Weyler should be sufficient to induce President Cleveland to act. The American people sympathize with the struggling patriots of Cuba. They earnestly desire to see Cuba freed from the oppressive Spanish yoke and become a republic. Political parties, congress and the people generally have adopted resolutions favoring the cause of the insurgents, and yet President Cleveland sits inactive and mute in the White House, not raising a hand to aid the patriots or saying a single word in their behalf. Is it not time that the people impressed the fact upon the president that he is not an emperor upon a throne, but the president of a republic chosen to execute the will of the people? The Herald heartily agrees with the following sentiments expressed by the Chicago Journal:

"The excuse made by President Cleveland's friends that he is waiting for the Cubans to demonstrate their right to recognition has long since ceased to excuse. For two years the rebels have successfully battled with the cream of Spain's army. This force has been increased from 20,000 soldiers to an army of 200,000 men. One captain general has suffered public disgrace by his inability to overcome a mere handful of patriots, and another captain general is in danger of being recalled for a similar offense. So for two years the rebels have, notwithstanding the disheartening disadvantages under which they have been forced to labor, proved in blood their right to freedom and independence.

"If humaniterianism is not sufficient to arouse the phlegmatic soul of President Cleveland the damage which the Spanish-Cuban war is doing to American interests should be. Cuba is a heavy purchaser of our products; millions of dollars of American capital is invested in the island; we are liberal buyers of Cuban products. The war has temporarily ruined our commercial relations with the island and American capital is being destroyed by the Spanish, to say nothing of the bodily harm inflicted by Gen. Weyler's men."

Every consideration, therefore, should prompt the president to recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents, without further delay.

Probably ex-Governor Marriam, who is now hobnobbing with Mr. Hanna and lurking around the president-elect at Canton will not be pleased with the increasing probability that Senator Davis will be selected to the high office of secretary of state, but he may as well conclude to look pleasant and take his medicine. There is a stronger dose in store for him: If Senator Davis become a secretary of state, Mr. Merriam will not be selected by the legislature as his successor in the senate.

DRINK AND CRIME.

Many striking facts showing the relation of the liquor traffic to pauperism, crime and insanity are presented in the annual report of the Massachusetts bureau of statistics of labor for last year. The facts thus presented are of great importance, and are the result of a thorough and intelligent investigation of the subject. What is true of Massachusetts in this respect is doubtless true of all other states, and consequently when we find in this report strong evidence of increasing drunkenness in Massachusetts, may we not reasonably assume that it is growing generally throughout the Union?

The Massachusetts report states that personal interviews with respect to 31,738 cases of pauperism, crime and insanity disclosed that 65 per cent of the paupers in the state institutions were or had been addicted to the use of liquor, and 39 per cent of them atributed their pauperism to their intemperate habits. Of the convictions for crime during the year, numbering 26,672, over 68 per cent were for drunkenness in connection with other crimes, while a little more than 31 per cent were for other crimes only. It was found that 94 per cent of these criminals were addicted to the use of liquor, though only a small proportion of them were excessive drinkers. Most of those classed as total abstainers were minors, so that practically the whole adult criminal class is a liquor-drinking class. Of the insane, numbering 1836, 37 per cent had been addicted to liquor, the excessive drinkers numbering about one-sixth of the whole. Intemperance led to the insanity of 21 per cent of all.

The statement is made by the report that the most productive age for crimes was between 20 and 29 years for both sexes. Drunkenness does not prevail over other offenses till after the age of 20, but it keeps ahead after that till after 80. In pauperism the foreign-born element largely predominates, but the report shows that native-born criminals outnumber the aliens and naturalized citizens together in both sexes. It is an interesting fact, in its bearing upon the question of heredity, that the criminals' parents who drank in some form, were found to be 15,440. In very few cases, however, could insanity be traced to the intemperance of parents, but in cases where the facts as to grand-parents could be learned the insanity in more than half of them was attributed to the intemperance of such ancestors.

This interesting and instructive report will furnish much valuable material for those who are speaking and laboring in the cause of temperance. A study of these statistics should convince any intelligent man that the condition of the people would be greatly improved if temperance principals were more generally accepted.

SPECIAL JURIES.

One of the laws enacted by the New York legislature last April was passed with the idea of abolishing abuses which it is claimed have crept into the American jury system. The law, which is now being put into operation by the New York courts, was drawn by a prominent judge of one of the higher courts of the state, and provides for a special jury in criminal cases in each county having a population of 500,000 or more. Under this act a special commissioner, appointed by a majority of the appellate division of the supreme court of the state, is to make a careful and thorough selection of not less than 3000 men, well qualified by intelligence, judgment and character to render just verdicts in important cases. Their fitness is to be determined by a vigorous examination, conducted by this commissioner, who within certain limitations is empowered to make a discretionary choice.

When a criminal trial comes up, either the prosecution or the defense may demand a jury selected from this special panel, and the appellate division of the supreme court may accede to such a demand if the importance of the case seems to require it. The chief object of the statute is to do away with the long, tedious, unsatisfactory and often unjust process by which the jurymen are now selected for criminal cases. The special commissioner for New York county is Winthrop S. Gray, and he is now engaged in gathering this special jury, which the reformers are hoping will produce a decided improvement in the trial of criminal cases. The experiment will be regarded with considerable interest in other states and if successful the New York law may be generally copied.

The New York law differs from the struck jury law in Minnesota in an important feature—it applies solely to criminal cases—and the objections which have been raised against the Minnesota law and will probably result in its repeal, do not affect the New York law in any respect.

GOOD WORDS FOR DAVIS.

A Canton dispatch of yesterday's date said: There is still a good deal of talk about Senator Cushman K. Davis for secretary of state. Congressman Bellamy Storer, of Cincinnati, who was a prominent member of the house committee on foreign relations in the last house, says: "Mr. Davis is an ideal candidate. He is a very able lawyer and is thoroughly familiar with all questions concerning our foreign relations."

C. I. Kurtz, chairman of the Ohio Republican state committee, said: "The suggestion which I hear in Canton about Senator Davis, of Minnesota, for secretary of state, strikes me very favorably. Senator Davis is a man of great intellectual power and information. It would be a strong thing from one point of view for the president-elect to select a secretary of state from the West."

GOOD TIMES RETURNING.

The New York World says: "Within the last week no less than 314 important manufacturing establishments which had been shut down were reopened, while 255 others added to their force of employes, increasing the hours of running time or otherwise added to their output and their pay rolls. This improvement has been shared by every kind of industry. The published lists of reopened establishments include manufactories of iron and steel, machinery, woodenware, lumber, glass, pottery, woolen fabrics, cotton goods, clothing, carpets, boots and shoes, cordage and some scores of less important products. This means work and wages for hundreds of thousands of persons who were idle. It means a larger consuming power and a better market for every kind of commodity. It means a new access of prosperity for the entire country and for all the people."

Everyone will trust that these favorable indications will continue, and that soon the hum of prosperity will be heard throughout the land. The people are ready for it. They have passed through a hard siege and are yearning for an opportunity to acquire some of the luxuries of life. Many, indeed, would be glad of a chance to secure all the necessaries.

NOT CORRECT.

The St. Peter Free Press says: "It was Merriam's influence that turned the scales in favor of Nelson, and it was this same influence that landed Clough in the gubernatorial seat two weeks ago."

This is not correct. It was not Mr. Merriam's influence that turned the scales in favor of Governor Nelson's election to the United States senate. Mr. Nelson does not owe his position to Mr. Merriam. He has said so to friends, and he should know what he is talking about. It was the ability of Governor Nelson to capture the united strength of the anti-Washburn sentiment that elected him.

It is equally untrue that Mr. Merriam's influence elected Dave Clough to the governorship on Nov. 3 last. Governor Clough's greatest handicap was the fact that he was regarded as the Merriam candidate. He was elected despite the weakness which the anti-Merriam sentiment produced in his candidacy. David M. Clough owes nothing to William R. Merriam.

The Philadelphia Record says: "We are now shipping out of the country every day enough wheat and corn to pay the enormous running expenses of the federal government. Our other exports also amount to a tidy sum. Up to September 20 the exports of manufactures for the current year have been $184,792,443. This is at the rate of over $600,000 per day, a volume of trade in manufactured stuffs sent to foreign countries without precedent."

France has 1,700,000 acres of land devoted to the culture of sugar beets, while Germany's beet lands cover an area of nearly 1,900,000 acres. An acre of land planted in sugar beets yields from ten to twelve tons of beets, and a ton of beets will average 200 pounds, or at least one ton of sugar for every acre of beets. Why should not Minnesota go into sugar beet culture and start a few sugar refineries?

A Chicago newspaper urges Chauncey M. Depew for secretary of state because "he could represent Maj. McKinley at big banquets throughout the East." I evidently forgets that something more is expected from the secretary of state than ability to repeat stale jokes.

The railway officials in Omaha must have tough skins if they do not wince under the barbs thrown by the World Herald, which is clamoring for a new union depot instead of the "cow shed" which now takes the place of such an institution in Omaha.

Andrew Carnegie is pushing Senator Matt Quay for secretary of the navy. This fact should prevent his selection because Carnegie is a heavy contractor for the navy department, and the secretary should not be indebted to him in any way.

Gen. Weyler says he is greatly pleased with the campaign so far. The insurgents show no signs of displeasure, but there is marked dissatisfaction in Madrid. Perhaps Weyler is secretly hoping that the insurgents will win.

Weyler probably returned to Havana in order to take direct control of the press bureau again. Those in charge during his absence did not send out an account of even one great victory over the insurgents.

The New York papers are not poking fun at John Wanamaker's desire to represent Pennsylvania in the senate. The reason is that John has opened a big store on Broadway and advertises liberally.

The scheme to increase the tax on beer has been revived again, but it will have a sudden death. Congressmen will be afraid to interfere with the beverage of so many of their constituents.

Herr Most wants to publish his paper in Chicago. He evidently thinks there are more anarchists in Chicago than in New York, but he can not have read the last election returns.

The story of the Spanish flag being burned at Newcastle, Del., by members of the state militia, was a hoax. It is a humiliating shame to excite the Spaniards by such yarns.

Eight hundred babies have been named after Vice President Hobart. Who says that the vice presidency is not an important and distinguished position?

Out of a possible 59, the Michigan state analyist found 24 adulterated food articles last month. And yet people wonder why their stomachs give out!

Mrs. Castle is said to be greatly improved in health, and her experience in London should have a great effect on her improvement morally.

Of course the sultan is introducing "reforms," as he promised the great powers. Fifty Armenians are to be hanged next Friday.

Ella Wheeler Wilcox has published an article in favor of cremation, and some of her poems are hot enough to sizzle even a corpse.

Gen. Weyler has lost his reputation in Cuba, but he really could not avoid it. The fates have decreed that Cuba shall be free.

Who can blame Gen. Weyler for returning to Havana? He had to sleep on the cold, damp ground without a blanket.

Another evidence of the progress of civilization is furnished by several Indians who are suing for divorces.

There is a movement on foot in Kansas to stop football. The same bill might include Mrs. Mary E. Lease.

Another mill is to be opened in January. It will be between Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

Cardinal Satolli is kept busy denying false reports.

THE ROUNDER.

As illustrating the force of habit, a story that is told on a physician having an office in the Providence building is interesting. It is some time since the occurrence, but perhaps the tale may not be less welcome because it takes one back to summer days. The hero of the adventure is one of those who are the followers of Hahnemann. Feeling that a bicycle would be just the thing for short trips, besides affording him the exercise that he could not get by being dragged about in a buggy, he procured one of the two-wheeled steeds, and one evening, accompanied by a brother physician, who is the joint occupant with him of a suite of offices and a whose discretion and loyalty he thought he could rest secure, he adjourned to a quiet street to try the thing on, or rather to try to get on the thing. On the way to the place selected for the conflict, a number of small boys of the neighborhood fell into line, and when all was ready for the mount there was quite an assemblage to see the fun. Adjusting his spectacles firmly, the doctor approached the machine, which was held by his brother physician. Grasping the handle bars as directed, he placed his left foot on the rest. The machine wobbled and slid off to the right. "Whoa—steady," said the doctor in his most horsey tones, as he jumped back. The tactics the doctor had learned in handling horses he, from force of habit, adopted with the unresponsive and refractory bicycle, finding, when too late, how ineffectual they were. "Steady, now," he said, as he approached the thing cautiously, like a boxer, his left hand and foot to the front, with the slow, heavy prance of the pugilist.

"Get a step ladder," yelled a boy with a torn straw hat.

"Not delighting to notice the impertinent youngster, the doctor sidled in as if he had a kicking broncho to deal with, and with a leap, a slip and a scramble was in the saddle, where he sat grasping the handle bar with one hand, his right arm frantically hugging the neck of his assistant and his spectacles hanging by one ear.

"De world is mine," dramatically exclaimed a boy who ushered in the theater during the winter, as he struck the attitude of Monte Cristo.

"All I need now—puff—is to get my—puff—equilibrium," observed the doctor in his assistant's ear, hugging him closer, as the front wheel of the machine wobbled menacingly.

"What he needs is a feather bed strapped on to hisself," observed the boy with the torn straw hat.

"My, if his folks could see him now," said a boy who was perched on a hydrant.

"Wouldn't dey be proud of him?"

Meanwhile the doctor and his assistant, realizing that some move would have to be made, had started slowly down the street, the doctor now holding the handle bar with both hands and again frantically embracing his assistant as the machine wobbled. Two of the boys followed closely behind with their hats and the others trooped along the sidewalk, attracting the attention of the whole neighborhood by their remarks.

"I guess I can get it now—let go for a minute," the doctor finally said nervously to his assistant.

"Yes, he'll get it—in the neck," said the boy who ushered in the theater.

The assistant now let go and sure enough the doctor succeeded in keeping his balance by frantic pulling and hauling.

"There's no files on him," said the boy who had been perching on the hydrant. "Not in the winter," put in the boy with the torn straw hat.

Meanwhile the doctor wobbled on, finally reaching the corner. What induced him then to turn down the avenue, only a perverse fate can explain. But he did, and as he turned, his metal steed bounded forward like a thing of life.

"Gee, fellers, get onto his curves—he's goin' in de lake sure," yelled one of the imps, hopefully, as they all started for the corner on a run.

The doctor was truly in a bad plight, and here is where his training in horsemanship proved his ruin in biking. Instead of firmly placing his foot in the sprocket and using it as a brake according to the directions for a like emergency he had copied from a bicyclist's guide and pasted in his hat, he just lay back with a pull on the handle bars and yelled "whoa." He could not remember what the directions said, and, besides, he had lost his hat. "Whoa!" he yelled again. "Whoop!" howled the boys who were watching from the corner.

"Who-o-a," he jerked out, as the wheel went over a stone. "Who-op!" yelled the boys. Once more he sawed on the handle bars. "Whoa—back!" he yelled. "Wh—," but he never got it all out, for just then he dismounted over the handle bars and wrapped himself around a tree.

When they unwound him, a moment afterwards, he was just recovering his wind and he observed finally that it was fortunate the thing didn't kick. The boys, who had been his tormentors before his fall, now ministered unto him, bringing him his hat, spectacles, pocket medicine case, cuffs and other articles he had dropped in his course. The bicycle was taken from the fence half a block further down, and the doctor and his assistant went home via a convenient alley, while the boys discussed, for an hour, the fun they had.

DAVIS FOR THE CABINET.

Carver County News: If Minnesota is to be thus honored, we think it ought by all means to go to Senator Davis. He was prominently mentioned, early in the year, as a presidential possibility, and had a host of warm friends outside his state, who would have stood by him had he permitted the use of his name. But realizing that party harmony was essential to success, he, when the state convention met to select delegates to St. Louis wired the chairman that he was not in the race. This gave the Minnesota delegation to Mr. McKinley. So if Minnesota is entitled to a cabinet position, Senator Davis is the man to fill it. His qualifications for the trust need not be argued.

HOW GREAT MEN EAT.

A personal friend of President-elect McKinley is authority for the statement that the major has long ago given minute instructions in regard to the preparation of his Thanksgiving turkey, and that for many years past the order has not varied an iota. He likes his turkey roasted, but not stuffed, and is quoted as saying that a chef who would stuff the noble bird is a fellow fit for "treason, strategem and spoils." He prefers a 12-pound fowl, very fat, and well spread with butter. The piece de resistance, however, is the garnishment, which consists of a double string of sausages, fried and served hot with the turkey.

In this connection, the Thanksgiving preferences of a few well-known men may prove interesting. President Cleveland likes his turkey well stuffed with biscuit or cracker stuffing, black with sage and pepper. He wants the bird well dressed, with skewers and ribbon bands, or strings of smilax, and bunches of parsley.

Ex-President Harrison likes a roasted turkey stuffed with big Indiana chestnuts. He says that in his estimation there is only one class of people who have mastered the art of properly cooking a Thanksgiving turkey and that distinction belongs to the country girls of his native state.

William J. Bryan has, to use his own words, "a great mouth for turkey," and likes it in any guise or disguise. It is, therefore, safe to say that he will do full justice to that course at Denver's banquet next Thursday.

Chauncey M. Depew can make a better after-dinner speech on Thanksgiving day if his turkey is cooked by a black mammy from "ole Virginia." According to the genial Chauncey, the genuine Southern darkey, with a knack amounting to necromancy, can spice and sweeten the fowl till 'tis a drop of nectar fit for the gods—or the critical palate of an epicure.

Dr. T. De Witt Talmage is cosmopolitan in his tastes, and avers that his turkey must be stuffed with small English oysters, and ornamented with a "fence" of French potato strips, fried brown and crisp, and served piping hot. The good doctor also dotes on Vienna bread fingers as a proper accompaniment.

HAS QNIT POLITICS.

Washington correspondence Chicago Record: They told me in New York the other day that Senator Brice had quit politics and gone back to railroading, and his friends do not expect him to take an active part in the proceedings of the senate any more. He has bought up all the bankrupt roads in Ohio, is reorganizing them, and trying to put them on a paying basis. He intends to arrange connections so as to secure another direct transportation line between Pittsburg and Chicago, and between Cincinnati and Chicago.

AND THE PASTOR FAINTED.

Vermilion Sun: A good story is told at the expense of one of the country school ma'ams. It was the night before New eVars and a watch meeting was to be held in the schoolhouse. This particular young lady and a friend went early and as they were the first to arrive at the school they proceeded to go on a lark and sound up by climbing into the rafters. Then some horrid men came and as the girls could not very well invite them to go outside while they climbed down it was concluded to grin and bear it till the meeting was over. The people came and the parson harrassed them for their sins and the evening wore on with the solemnity due the occasion. Meanwhile it was getting cold overhead, and the girls in order to keep from freezing were compelled to step from one rafter to another, there being no floor up there. Just before 2 o'clock when the preacher was telling his duly awed flock of the many pitfalls of life, there was a crash overhead and when the plaster cleared away a pair of real human legs was seen to swing like a pendulum through a hole in the ceiling. The good sisters screamed with horror, while the pastor, whose eyesight was better than it should have or had been for years, fainted.

NO REVENGE ABOUT IT.

Hubbard County Enterprise: Several of the state papers are belaboring the enemies of Governor Clough in the Republican party, and lay his practical defeat to the Senator Washburn's friends, assuming that he was defeated by them as a revenge for the election of Senator Nelson, as successor to Senator Washburn. The revenge theory is all very little figure in the fight. It was the people who cut down Governor Clough's vote, and there was no revenge about it. They simply voted against him because they did not consider him as good or proper a man for governor as his opponent, and had it not been a presidential year with a free silver issue, Governor McKinley. When the Republican party wants another governor let it nominate a man who is satisfactory to the people instead of pulling and there will be no danger of revenge.

THAT YELLOW KID.

Detroit Free Press: The New York Journalism which once was molded by the opinions of the elder Bennett and Horace Greeley is now watching with breathless interest the stubborn contest between the World and Journal for the prestige of the Yellow Kid. The World discovered him, and installed him in Hogan's alley. Then the Journal hired the artist and the Kid was transferred to McFadden's flats. Thereupon the World, not to be outdone in enterprise, employed another sign-painting impressionist, and now New York is divided. One faction pays allegiance to the Yellow Kid of Hogan's alley, while the other side worships at the shrine of the Yellow Kid of McFadden's flats. The contest is fierce and hot, and party feeling runs high.

AMONG THE WITS.

Detroit Free Press: "What was all that rumpus in the next flat?"

"It was that football rusher's wife trying to get him to walk the baby to sleep."

Chicago Record: "These buckwheat cakes are not at all like those mother used to make."

"Well, I should hope not; she had to make them over night and take the crock to bed with her to keep it from freezing."

Cleveland Leader: She—They say that the good die young.

He—It isn't so. You are one of the most thoroughly good persons I ever knew.

As she held the door open for him to pass out, he realized that his compliment had fallen short by several degrees.

New York Weekly: Maiden—What can a woman do when a man that has won her affection refuses to marry her?

Lawyer—Is he rich?

"No; hasn't a cent.

"She can appoint a day of general thanksgiving and invite both families to participate."

Chicago Post: She had been asked to sing, but protested that she was not in good voice that evening.

"Really, you shouldn't ask it of me," she said. "I don't feel equal to it tonight."

"Oh, you can give us one little song," persisted the hostess; "just enough to get everybody started talking."

Somerville Journal: "Oh, Henry," exclaimed his little wife as she threw her arms rapturously around his neck. "I do love you so! Don't forget to leave me $20 when you go in town this morning, will you, dear?"

"And this," muttered Henry, softly disengaging himself from her fond embrace—"this is what you might call being hard pressed for money."

Yonker's Statesman: She—I've bought a new whist table, dear.

He—Well, now you've got something to talk about.

Roxbury Gazette: "Why don't you take something for that cold?"

"Great Scott! I don't want anything for it—I'd give it away if I could!"

Detroit Free Press: "Chumley, I've made up my mind I was crazy when I lent you that $50."

"Strange, for I am equally certain that I was not responsible when I borrowed it."

Illustrated Bits: Bridget—Wuz yeh sick whin yez worr comin' over the Oirish sea?"

Moike newly arrived—Wosn't I, though! I hadn't put on a loife preserver, I believe O'd doid.

Buffalo Express: "Mamma," inquired the inquisitive kid, "what is a half-breed?"

"I think, my child," replied Mrs. Newrocks, "that the term is applied to persons whose training in deportment has been partially neglected."

Answers: Bobby—Ma, you said that I wasn't to eat that piece of cake in the pantry because it would make me sick.

Mother—Yes, Bobby.

Bobby (convincingly)—But, ma, it hasn't made me sick.

Household Words: Father—Wait a year, my son, and you may feel very different.

Son (confidently)—I've tested my love for Miss Higgins thoroughly, and I know it cannot change. I've played golf with her, and I still want her for my wife.

Indianapolis Journal: Mrs. Flinders: John you must put an advertisement in the paper for another girl tomorrow morning. Mary is in paradise now.

Mr. Flinders—What! Did she start the fire with coal oil?

Mrs. Flinders—No; she's got a chance to work in a crockery shop.

Judge: "Aren't you late in getting home from Sunday school, Bobby?"

"Well, I guess! There was a man there who made an all-day speech, and I thought he would never get out."

"Who was he?"

"Aw, I forgot his name; but he was an escaped missionary."

Philadelphia Record: Henpeck—Is this the office of Quigley's Quick Cure?

Patent medicine man—Yes.

"Gimme six bottles for my wife."

"Tried all other remedies without success, eh?"

"No; she ain't sick at all; but I saw in your advertisement where a woman wrote after taking six bottles, 'I am a different woman,' and I have hopes."

O, WHERE IS LOVE?

Who would have thought it a year ago?
How they have run—the months—just lately.
Since I stood waiting an hour or so
By the chancel steps, while you dressed sedately.

Was it not strange—we thought it then—
As the surpliced priest said the blessing o'er us,
And, soon as he finished the last Amen,
Organ and bells broke forth in chorus!

Well! we are settled now, at least,
A whole long year we have worn our fetters:
But I sometimes wonder, is Love deceased,
Or merely changed, since we wrote love-letters?

Dead? He cannot be dead, we feel;
Why! to think of the times I said it—
Love like mine was as true as steel;
And you—you loved me beyond all credit!

Yet, no less, he is not the same—
Sick, perhaps, and may soon recover;
But was, do you think, mine all the blame
That I'm no longer the ardent lover?

Could you have been content with less,
Had you allowed me to hoard discreetly
Some of the love I did possess,
We might be happy now, completely.

Est modus in rebus, my dear:
Asking too much you end by getting
Nothing at all, or precious near—
And that's the mistake we're both regretting.

—Pall Mall Gazette.

DESERVEDLY PUNISHED.

Texas Sifter: It occurred at the boarding house of Mrs. Flapjack, on Ross avenue. Mrs. Flapjack was carving the breakfast mackerel, when she spoke up and said:

"I see that a Miss Finch, a girl living in Ohio, has been living eighty days without food."

"Is that all?" remarked Gilhooly, sadly. "I've boarded here for the last seven years."

He got the head of the mackerel for his share that morning.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

OVER A CENTURY OLD.

James Reuben the Oldest Living Senaca Indian. Hale and Hearty to-day. To What he Owes His Wonderful Age.

We find around us everewhere men who are young in years, but who in body are actually old and decrepit. This premature old age is becoming more common every year. Thousands are continually dying who are scarcely 30 years of age, from a complete worn out state of their systems, just as literally of old age as though they had lived to be 100, and the cause of this is due to a general demoralized condition of the great vital organs of the body—the stomach, the liver, the kidneys and the blood; let any of these become impaired and the blood instead of flowing through the body and carrying nourishment to all its parts, becomes filled with poisonous secretions which generate and multiply continually, ceasing to build up new flesh tissue, so that a gradual wasting and decay takes place until the day comes when a complete collapse is experienced and speedy death ensues.

The Indian is noted for his longevity, due to the fact that he takes no medicine that contains poisonous ingredients, but depends upon his famous Kickapoo Indian Sagwa entirely, which is purely vegetable, made from roots, barks, gums and herbs of the forest. James Reuben, the oldest living Senaca Indian attributes his long life to the use of this wonderful medicine, and is enthusiastic in its praise.

This wonderful remedy rectifies all disorders of the great vital organs, but above all purifies the blood and enables it to perform its natural function, imparting life and vigor to all parts of the system.

Let a man have perfect digestion and pure blood, and there is a continual restoration of waste tissue taking place in the body. Without this there is a decline. If you feel that you have not your ordinary strength, you do not sleep as you should, your appetite is fitful, you are nervous, have dizzy spells and seem generally run-down, you should not hesitate a minute, for this is the beginning of some serious decline. While you still have strength and life take Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. A change for the better will be experienced with the first bottle, and a speedy return to health will be the result in every instance. Follow the Indian's example, and share with him long life and health. This famous remedy is now sold by all druggists, $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Nels Peter Johnson and Hedda Louis Johnson, his wife, mortgagors, to George R. Green, mortgagee, bearing date July first (1st), 1892, and duly filed for record in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July twenty-eighth (28th), 1892, at 1:20 o'clock p. m. and then and there recorded in book one hundred one (101) of mortgages, on pages 473, 474, 475 and 476; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-anual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on July first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of $24, and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, which said mortgagors had in and by said mortgage covenanted and agreed to pay, amounting to the sum of $6.38, which amount said mortgagee has heretofore been compelled to pay, and has paid, for the protection of said mortgaged premises, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage; by reason of which defaults said mortgagee has heretofore, and after the same, and each of them, had continued for more than ten days, elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of said mortgage, by declaring, and he does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, and said insurance premiums paid, and exchange, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of six hundred fifty and 22-100 ($650.22) dollars, principal, interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered twelve (12), in block numbered seventy-four (74), in Harrison's Brookdale Division of Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file of record in said register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the thirty-first (31st) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten o'clock a. m., at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, insurance, exchange and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time provided by law.

Dated November 18th, 1896.

GEORGE R. GREEN,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2-9-16-23.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of William T. Smith, Fred Koors and Julius A. Brayton, as co-partners, as Smith-Koors & Company, and as individuals:

Notice is hereby given that William T. Smith, Fred Koors and Julius A. Brayton, doing business under the firm name and style of Smith-Koors & Company, and as individuals, of Duluth, in said county and state, have by deed in writing, dated November 14th, 1896, made a general assignment to the undersigned of all their property not exempt by law, from levy and sale on execution for the benefit of all their creditors, without preferences.

All claims must be verified and presented to the undersigned for allowance.

Duluth, Minnesota, November 14th, 1896.

HENRY FOLZ,
Assignee,
631 West Superior street,
Duluth, Minn.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Assignee,
204 Lonsdale Building.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2.

CHARITY

Tenth Annual Ball of the Ladies' Relief Society Last Evening.

A Social and Financial Success Surpassed By No Previous Ball.

Large Number of Out of Town People Present---The List.

The annual charity ball, the event par excellence of the winter social season in Duluth, was given last evening at the Spalding, and it was one of the most delightful the Ladies' Relief society has given. This was the tenth annual ball, and as the event marking the completion of a decade in the life of the society, it by all means deserved to be as successful as it was. Not one of the parties was ever a failure. There have been times when the ladies of the society were fearful of failure, but they have never been anything but unqualified successes. This year the times are known to be hard, and last evening the weather was execrable, but these facts in no way dampened the ardor of the people. Charity's call always meets with a generous response in Duluth, and while the returns are not in yet, it is said that the sale of tickets was larger than for several years.

The purpose for which the ball is given is one that would appeal to a man of stone. From the funds derived from it the ladies get the means to carry on their charitable work through the winter. Few know the extent of this work, so quietly and unostentatiously is it done. The plan under which they carry it on is systematic and thorough. The ladies are assigned to districts and each one has her work and responsibility fixed. It is rare, indeed, that there is a family in want unknown to the Relief society. This year promises to call for the most vigilant work the society has ever encountered, and the funds derived from this party will be none too much to relieve the suffering.

A BEAUTIFUL BALL.

As for the ball itself, it was a beauty. The Spalding never presented a more beautiful scene. The gowns of the ladies were of gay and varied colors and the effect under the brilliant light was fascinating. The gallery was crowded all evening, and when the dancers were moving about the scene caught more than one artistic eye, and it was declared to be fit to transfer to canvas.

The arrangements were complete in every detail. The ball opened about 9 o'clock. The guests were received by Mrs. A. M. Miller, president of the society; Mrs. Clinton Markell and Mrs. D. Clint Prescott, vice presidents; Mrs. David Buchanan, secretary; Mrs. A. B. Chapin, treasurer; Mrs. C. M. Vance, Mrs. L. P. Totman, Mrs. McCormick. The ushers were O. C. Hartman, Martin Watrous and W. E. Lucas.

When the opening waltz was danced the floor was crowded with happy dancers, and it continued so until the close. At midnight the crowd had decreased in numbers somewhat, many taking the last car home. Hoare's full orchestra played and the selections were excellently chosen. There were eighteen numbers on the program and three or four extras were danced. A luncheon was served in the ordinary at midnight.

No charity ball would be complete without W. C. Sargent and his quadrilles, and there were several of them last evening, to the great delight of all. Young people do not care for quadrilles as a rule, but when Mr. Sargent calls them it is different. He puts into them life and vigor and any amount of fun. A Virginia reel, one of the old-fashioned variety, was danced about 1 o'clock and was greatly enjoyed, especially by the old people.

It was 2:30 o'clock when the last strains of "Home, Sweet Home," died away and the dance was over. As the merrymakers went out of the hotel they found the storm cleared and the weather mild and serene.

THOSE WHO WERE THERE.

The number of outside people in attendance at the ball was unusually large. A. B. Plough came up last evening from St. Paul in his special car, bringing a party of young ladies, and there were a number from other cities. Among those present were:

Messrs. and mesdames—
W. T. Bailey,
L. P. Totman,
D. C. Prescott,
John Panton,
G. A. Elder,
F. E. Searle,
William White,
James McAuliffe,
David Buchanan,
George Swift,
G. A. French,
D. H. Day,
R. F. Fitzgerald,
D. H. Bacon,
Tower,
G. V. I. Brown,
S. S. Bradley,
N. J. Upham,
B. Silberstein,
John T. Black,
W. B. Silvey,
Paul Phillips,
Mesdames—
A. M. Miller,
S. C. McCormick,
F. L. Gilbert,
I. Bendy,
Force,
St. Paul,
Stevenson,
St. Paul,
Logan,
Grand Forks,
J. L. Snapp,
C. Markell,
G. G. Hartley,
Misses—
Magoffin,
Sharpe,
Lampher,
St. Paul,
Hughes,
Minneapolis,
Martha Peyton,
Runge,
Minneapolis,
Gridley,
Gales,
St. Paul,
J. Magoffin,
Markell,
Crowley,
Eaton,
Brantley,
Risher,
Pittsburg,
Scott,
Watson,
Marquette,
LaVaque,
J. Peyton,
Nelson
Stillwater,
Hatling,
Messrs.—
McLaren,
Hammond,
Superior,
James,
Linley,
Superior,
A. W. Hartman,
DeGroat,
Superior,
Sellwood,
Vide,
Gilbert,
Dalrymple,
Culver,
D. R. McLennan,
Dr. McComb,
F. Leach,
Noyes,
McLaren,
Woodruff,
O. W. Hartman,
Sargent,
Shepard,
Lampher,
St. Paul,
Snively,
W. Watrous,
Reichert,
Jacobi,
Taylor,
Preston,
C. McCormick,
Mahoney,
A. B. Plough,
St. Paul,
Bywater,
Joseph Sellwood,
F. D. Day,
J. N. McKindley,
C. M. Vance,
James T. Hale,
J. M. Smith,
L. Loeb,
D. G. Cutler,
C. D. Harper,
W. E. Lucas,
Clark Page,
A. T. McGregor,
L. J. Hopkins,
B. Magoffin,
A. B. Wolvin,
E. L. Prescott,
J. E. Power,
D. D. Murray,
G. S. Barnes,
A. T. Hepworth,
Homer Collins,
Runge,
Minneapolis,
J. Promberger,
Tice,
New York,
G. C. Howe,
W. J. Olcott,
S. S. Smith,
Page Morris,
J. P. Morrow,
C. C. Prindle,
M. R. Baldwin,
McIsaacs,
Winslow,
Superior,
Carmichael,
Bradshaw,
Superior,
Fitzgerald,
Loomis,
St. Paul,
Strayer,
Messenger,
Ashland,
Minnie McLean,
Gallagher,
Clara Bull,
Selden,
Craig,
Sellwood,
Foss,
New York,
McKay,
Willoughby,
Huntsman,
Howe,
Metcalfe,
Walker,
Dickinson,
Grady,
Broun,
Tower,
W. McCormick,
M. Watrous
Upham
Goodman,
C. H. Thornton
W. Ayers,
Laupher,
St. Paul,
Bessett,
Everett Totman,
Gee,
Paddock,
Ward Ames, Jr.,
Brice,
W. R. Peyton,
F. A. Lewis,
Baldrick,
Ed Totman,
Cooke,
Ward Ames, Sr.,
T. T. Hudson,
M. Peyton,
George Spencer,
Leslie,
Ryan,
McKay,
Miller,
W. McLennan,
T. C. Phillips,
Stocking,
Gilbert,
Mhcdonald,
Earl Martin,
Jones.

THEY RIDICULE IT.

Many People Ridicule the Idea of an Absolute Cure For Dyspepsia and Stomach Trouble.

Ridicule, However, is Not Argument, and Facts Are Stubborn Things.

Stomach troubles are so common and, in many cases, so obstinate to cure that people are apt to look with suspicion on any remedy claiming to be a radical, permanent cure for dyspepsia and indigestion. Many such pride themselves on their acuteness in never being humbugged, especially on medicines.

This fear of being humbugged may be carried too far; so far, in fact, that many persons suffer for years with weak digestion rather than risk a little time and money in faithfully testing the claims of a preparation so reliable and universally used as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Now Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are vastly different in one important respect from ordinary proprietary medicines for the reason that they are not a secret patent medicine; no secret is made of their ingredients, but analysis shows them to contain the natural digestive ferments, pure aseptic pepsin, the digestive acids, Golden Seal, bismuth, hydrastis and nux. They are not cathartic, neither do they act powerfully on any organ, but they cure indigestion on the common sense plan of digesting the food eaten thoroughly before it has time to ferment, sour and cause the mischief. This is the only secret of their success.

Cathartic pills never have and never can cure indigestion and stomach troubles, whereas the whole trouble is really in the stomach.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, taken after meals, digest the food. That is all there is to it. Food not digested or half digested is poison, as it creates gas, acidity, headaches, palpitation of the heart, loss of flesh and appetite, and many other troubles which are often called by some other name.

They are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. Address Stuart company, Marshall, Mich., for little book on stomach diseases, sent free.

KINDERGARTEN PUPILS.

Thanksgiving Exercises Held For Them Today.

Thanksgiving exercises were held in the kindergartens this morning. The program consisted generally of singing and of games illustrative of the day and its meaning, the landing of the pilgrims, etc. To fully exemplify the idea of the day, as one of feasting and rejoicing, the children sat down to tastily arranged little tables. So far as the viands went, this was merely a shadow, and a type of the Thanksgiving feast, the menu consisting mainly of very innocent cakes and crackers and water. Scenes illustrative of early colonial life were portrayed on the blackboards and samples of the children's handiwork were on exhibition. The mothers of the little ones, who had been invited as guests, were in attendance in force.

SPAIN'S FUND IS GROWING.

Madrid, Nov. 25.—It is stated here that the subscriptions of the Spaniards in Brazil and Argentina towards the fund being raised to increase the strength of the Spanish navy now amount to over 1,000,000 pesos.

MR. BREIDENTHAL'S DESIRE.

Topeka, Kas., Nov. 25.—John W. Breidenthal, chairman of the Democratic state central committee has announced his candidacy for the United States senate.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Victorious.

Physical and Mental Exhaustion Gives Way to Vigorous Activity.

REV. W. T. HOUCK, the talented pastor of Grace U. B. church, Carlisle, Penn., writes September 29, 1895: "I always enjoyed good health until in 1892, at which time my duties as a clergyman were of a peculiarly trying nature, subjecting me to several severe nervous shocks which together with overwork and anxiety, impaired my general health and nervous system. Indeed I was in such a condition that the mere sight of a large congregation so wearied me that it would require a day or more for me to recover from the exhaustion. It affords me great pleasure to say that Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Restorative Tonic have done me untold good. I preached three times yesterday and I feel as fresh and vigorous this Monday morning as I ever felt in my life, thanks to your remedies.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nervess sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

FROM PLEASANT PEOPLE.

Come Kind Words That Smooth the Pathway.

In a letter from Mrs. Charles Knickerbocker, of Jackson, Mich., whose connection with the celebrated cook book, entitled "Gleanings From Home and Field" is well known, she was kind enough to say by letter to the Postum Cereal company, Lim., of Battle Creek, Mich.: "I have finally found something to take the place of coffee in your 'Postum Cereal.' You have a good thing that thousands of people have been needing and wishing for, a drink to take the place of coffee, which to them is poison, though so delicious and so hard to give up. I speak from experience."

Mrs. Glass, of Spencer, Iowa, writes: "Our grocer has ordered the Postum Cereal from Des Moines, and we like it well, and many are trying it.

"It is meat and drink to our bodies and satisfaction to our souls and conscience, because we realize it is not only harmless, but is nourishing."

Wily grocers sometimes work in cheap imitations of Postum Cereal coffee if the customer will stand it.

THANKSGIVING POLO.

Zenith Team is Anxious to Play Tomorrow.

The Zenith Prison Goal club is aching for a game for Thanksgiving, and they are extremely anxious to get it out of the Superior players if they can. No attention was paid to an ordinary challenge not long ago, so yesterday Manager Kemp sent over another. He offered to play the Zeniths against the Superior club, allowing the Superiors ten men to the Zeniths' seven. If that challenge was not accepted the Zeniths were ready to make up their minds that the Superior club is organized for looks rather than for play. There will be a game tomorrow, anyway, if the Superior people do not accept the Zeniths will play their ordinary club against a picked club of twelve to fifteen men headed by any two good skaters.

The game will take place on the ice near the lime kiln, that being the most suitable place so far apparent.

A BURIAL VAULT.

Commissioners Will Advertise For Bids.

The county commissioners, together with several commissioners-elect, drove out to the poor farm yesterday, dined with Superintendent Rockwell, and upon their return decided that the poorhouse was not worth fixing. This means that a new one will be built as soon as the board can get it under way. The county auditor was instructed to advertise for bids for the new vault, which will be received Dec. 4. The road bids will also be opened at that time. An appropriation of $10,000 was made from the new road fund for the construction of new roads and the completion of old ones. The Howard and Gnesen and the Rice Lake road will receive most of the money. It was decided to have the hawks carry the poor orders until the poor fund is repleted from the new taxes. The county attorney was instructed to begin suit against the bondsmen of the Iron Exchange bank to recover the balance of the county's deposit at the bank. Commissioners Brem, Dinham and Swenson were appointed a committee to inspect the Short Line Park bridge.

The Kenney Row.

The name of Agnes Kennedy was erroneously given as that of a defendant in an assault and battery case in the municipal court a few days ago. The name of the defendant is Agnes Kenney. The case grew out of a family row in which Mrs. Joseph Kenney, the sister-in-law of the defendant, and who was the complaining witness, and a mother-in-law figured. In court Agnes was let off with a suspended sentence. Since this case was tried, another chapter in the family war has been published, in the shape of a notice from Joseph Kenney to the effect that Mrs. Kenney has left his bed and board and that he will not be responsible for purchases made by her.

SILVER OR GOLD.

One receipt of 10 cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size, 50 cents.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York city.

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I have long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, late major United States volunteers and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

Quick Freight Shipment.

George M. Smith, of the Omaha, is jubilant over a record-breaking transit of a car of fruit from New York here. "A carload of mixed fruit was ordered by telegraph from New York by a local commission firm Thursday, Nov. 19, said Mr. Smith. "It was to be here in time for Thanksgiving, and no one believed that it was possible to get it here in time. The fruit was loaded on M. D. T. car 8730 in New York that morning, left New York Thursday night on a Nickel Plate train, arrived in Chicago Sunday, left Sunday night on the Chicago & Northwestern and arrived in Duluth at 6:30 yesterday morning, making the trip from New York here in four days and a half.

"That was the quickest carload of freight that ever traveled between New York and Duluth, and it was not a special service either. I received a number of telegrams from railroad men all over inquiring when the car reached here."

Will Be Rebuilt.

As previously announced, the site of the burned Gray mill will be covered by a new one. J. B. Stevens and Russell W. Gray, formerly a co-partnership under the name of Stevens & Gray, have purchased from W. H. Knox, of Knox Mills, Wis., a two-band and gang sawmill, which will be immediately removed to Duluth and located on the site of the burned mill. It will be ready for active operations in eighty days. The new firm has nearly a year's sawing in sight.

Judgments Filed.

The following default judgments were filed in district court yesterday: J. C. White against G. J. Miller, $6000; same against James Muckler, $600; A. A. Kiehle against S. S. Williamson, $800; Mary M. Smith against A. A. Fider, $1000. All were default judgments on first mortgage notes, and William C. White was attorney in all four cases.

Do not let your dealer palm off on you any new remedy for colds. Insist on having Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold by all the leading dealers.

NAVIGATION CLOSING.

The Season of 1896 is Almost a Memory Only.

The gathering ice in the harbor, notably on the Superior side, which is always first to freeze up, is a reminder that the navigation season of 1896 is drawing to a close. There are other signs also, and all connected with navigation are making ready for a long hard winter.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern docks are nearly through for the season. Five boats are loading at the docks, and two more are on Lake Superior, headed this way, which are to be loaded if possible. Owing to the frost in the ore it takes about two days and a half to load a boat now, so it is doubtful whether the two boats yet to come will be loaded or not. The five boats at the dock will all be away by the last of the week.

The Iron Range is nearer the end than the Missabe. It has but one more boat to load at the Two Harbors dock, the Castalia, which arrived here yesterday with coal and will proceed to Two Harbors after unloading here.

The Northern Steamship company is still pegging away, and including the chartered boats it will send six more cargoes out of Duluth this season, the last one to leave about Dec. 2 or 3. Five more boats are to arrive here, and as many as possible will be laid up at this port.

The Lake Michigan and Lake Superior line is just about to close. The Peerless is here for the winter, and all the other Chicago boats are either laid up in Chicago or are homeward bound on their last trip for the season. Many other lines are partly laid up or have their boats on their last trip.

Vessel men with grain boats to charter here met on the Duluth board today with the intelligence that there was no grain rate and that the shippers were through shipping. At least, there are enough boats chartered to carry all the grain declared to go from this port this season.

AMUSEMENTS.

"DORCAS."

Of all the bright comedies written by Harry and Edward Paulton none have achieved a greater measure of success than their bright operatic comedy "Dorcas," which was toured very successfully both in a financial and artistic sense last season and which will be presented here next Thursday afternoon and evening and Friday evening at the Lyceum by an aggregation of operatic and light comedy celebrities such as is rarely assembled for the presentation of even the most pretentious entertainments of this class. When it is said that among the principals are included Eva Davenport, Marie Millard, Drew Donaldson, Charles Bassett, William Broderick, Fred Frear, Minnie Jarboe, Arthur R. Seaton, Marie Davenport, Charles Meyers, etc, an idea of the importance of this production is conveyed. The scenic accessories are said to be beautiful in the extreme and the costuming simply superb.

HOLMES A HOODOO.

Strange Deaths of Those Who Aided His Execution.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 25.—Howard Perkins, superintendent of Moyamensing prison, who committed suicide by shooting himself, had charge of H. H. Holmes, the murderer, during his incarceration in Moyamensing prison, and completed the arrangements for this hanging. Lingford L. Biles, foreman of the jury that convicted Holmes, was killed by electricity. Dr. Mattern, of Philadelphia, who was a witness against Holmes, died suddenly. Mrs. Anna Harvey, of Chicago, who lived in Holmes' castle, committed suicide. The girl to whom Mr. Rotan, of Holmes' counsel was engaged, died suddenly. At least a dozen persons, who were interested in the conviction of Holmes, have met with death or accident or misfortune.

LONGSHOREMEN MAY STRIKE.

Hamburg, Nov. 25.—The lighter men of this port will demand an increase of wages tomorrow. In the event of being refused, they will join in the strike of dockers, which is causing so much disturbance in shipping circles here and elsewhere.

AN ANCIENT CEREMONY.

Canterbury, Eng., Nov. 25.—In the chapter house of Canterbury, the Rt. Rev. Frederick Temple, archbishop of Canterbury, was formally elected primate of All England. The quaint formalities of olden times were followed.

WAREHOUSEMEN STRIKE.

Bremen, Nov. 25.—Five hundred employes of a warehouse company went out on strike last evening. The strikers demanded 3½ marks per day, instead of the 3 marks they have been deceiving. The company offered to compromise on the basis of 3 marks 30 pfennigs, but the offer was not accepted.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FREE TO EVERY MAN.

THE METHOD OF A GREAT TREATMENT FOR WEAKNESS OF MEN.

WHICH CURED HIM AFTER EVERYTHING ELSE FAILED.

Painful diseases are bad enough, but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental forebodings are ten times worse than the most severe pain. There is no let up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is almost impossible and under such a strain men are scarcely responsible for what they do. For years the writer rolled and tossed on the troubled sea of sexual weakness until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to his aid in the shape of a combination of medicines that not only completely restored the general health, but enlarged his weak, emaciated parts to natural size and vigor, and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the method of this wonderful treatment free. Now when I say free I mean absolutely without cost, because I want every weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist, nor do I pose as an enthusiast, but there are thousands of men suffering the mental tortures of weakened manhood who would be cured at once could they but get such a remedy at the one that cured me. Do not try to study out how I can afford to pay the few postage stamps necessary to mail the information, but send for it, and learn that there are a few things on earth that although they cost nothing to get are worth a fortune to some men and mean a lifetime of happiness to most of us. Write to Thomas Slater, box 296, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the information will be mailed in a plain sealed envelope.

SECRET OF HEALTH.

Rosy Cheeks and Bright Eyes Indicate Physical Perfection.

Disease Plainly to Be Read in the Human Face—Dr. Greene's Nervura the Means of Gaining and Maintaining Health.

A bright eye and rosy cheek follow the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura, the great blood and nerve remedy, which strengthens and builds up the system,

purifies and enriches the blood and replaces weakness with vigor. It is simply infallible in the cure of weakness, nervousness, debility, neuralgia, rheumatism, stomach trouble, kidney and liver complaints, female weakness, nervous prostration, etc. It is the great blood and nerve restorative of the age. No failure. Recovery begins with the first spoonful. Why groan beneath your burden of depression? You can be cured. Try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy today. It is the sure road to health. Remember that this sure restorer of health is the prescription and discovery of Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city, the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, and that he can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The case of the Elk Valley bank, of Larimore vs. Sven Finseth and wife, which will be tried at the December term of the district court at Grand Forks, is an important one, and brings up the application of the old usury law of 1895. Prior to the change made in 1893 Finseth executed and gave a mortgage for $300 on property at Larimore. The note was made to draw interest at the rate of 12 per cent, but it is now claimed that about $36, for which no value was received, was incorporated therein. This, it is claimed, forfeits principal and interest and practically pays the debt.

The safe in H. E. Crandall's store was blown open by burglars Monday night and $100 was taken.

Albert Losey was indicted by the federal jury at Grand Forks on the charge of blowing a safe and stealing $200 from the Lisbon postoffice. The case of Rasmus Riveland, charged with perjury, was dismissed. Riveland signed his name to a statement making charges against Bud Reeve. He claims to have not known the contents of the paper.

Mrs. Spencer has secured a divorce at Fargo from her husband of Passaic, N. J., on the ground of desertion of five years' standing. The defendant is president of a Passaic bank, state railroad assessor and prominent.

Edward Posson, a farmer living three miles from Mellette, came to town Monday noon with his wife, leaving his five small children at home, the eldest, a girl of 14. They have a straw burner stove and had just hauled two loads of straw and piled it near the house door. The day being a bitterly cold one, and a heavy northwest wind prevailing, caused a terrific draft to the stove and the sparks from the chimney caught in the straw pile setting it and the house on fire which spread so rapidly that the children barely escaped with their lives. They had to break the windows out as the fire started at the only door in the house. The older children's hands were badly cut while trying to break open the windows. The children walked a mile through the deep snow to a neighboring farm house, and not having any extra clothing or even hats on were so badly frozen that it is doubtful whether the youngest, a babe of 6 months, will live, and two of the others are in a critical condition. It is a serious blow to Mr. Posson, as nearly all he had was burned, and he had his crop totally destroyed by hail in August. He had worked out by the day all the fall, but had barely enough to keep him until spring.

B. H. Lien of the Dakota National bank at Sioux Falls says every depositor will be paid in full in less than three weeks. The county had a small deposit with the bank, but secured. Much indignation is expressed here at the action of two or three attorneys who, before the bank closed, wired to claimants in Chicago and elsewhere stating that there was to be a general wreck in Sioux Falls and urging the claimants to send on their claims so that the attorneys could make attachments. It is probable that some of the attorneys who sent these false dispatches may yet be called on to account for their messages. There have been no business failures. The banks will not be compelled and will not enforce collections on customers who are good but who would be embarrassed by it. The feeling among business men here was never better.

RAILROAD BONDS DUE.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Secretary Carlisle has issued a circular giving public notice that $9,712,000 of 6 per cent bonds issued in aid of certain Pacific railroads under acts of July 1, 1862, and July 2, 1864, and commonly known as currency sixes, become due Jan. 1, 1897, and that interest on these bonds will cease on that day. The bonds were issued in aid of the Central Pacific, Union Pacific, Kansas Pacific, Central branch of the Union Pacific and the Western companies. The bonds should be forwarded to the secretary of the treasury for redemption.

MULES FOR CUBA.

Kansas City, Nov. 25.—Heavy purchases of mules have been made in this market by supposed Spanish agents, who ordered the animals shipped hurriedly to New Orleans. A local firm has arranged to send 2275 animals during this week and will send several thousand more as requisition is made for them. It is said that the mules are to be sent to Cuba and used in transporting supplies to the Spanish soldiers.

LAKE FRONT CASES.

Famous Hearing Ended at Washington Today.

Washington, Nov. 25.—The hearing in the Chicago lake front case in which 160 acres of valuable land on the the Lake Michigan shore, above the Chicago river, are at stake were closed today. Little time is expected to elapse before Commissioner Limoreux will announce his decision, but whatever that may be, it is certain that the matter will be litigated in the courts. The counsel for Cox and Streeter continued their arguments at the opening this morning.

The feature of the session was the argument for the applicants of McKee scrip locators, Mathias Benner and Harvey M. LaFollette. They sought to show that the Kingie patent did not cover accretions, and that they are the owners of the land covered by their claims and only the issuance of patent remains to be done by the land office. From the time of the government survey in 1821, the land lying east of the survey line has constantly increased by accretions and now comprises over 160 acres. All of this it is claimed, is vacant public land of the United States as has been determined by the recent official survey.

LEE CALLS ON GROVER.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Consul General Lee called on the president at the White House early this morning, presumably on Cuban affairs.

CHANCE FOR AMERICAN LARD.

Washington, Nov. 25.—Consul Waslike reports from Managata, Nicaragua, to the state department that the duty on lard has been suspended for six months, thus opening a market for the American product.

Cheapest, Because the Best
GAIL BORDEN
EAGLE BRAND
CONDENSED MILK
Send for that little book, "Infant Health," great value to mothers. Sent free.
N. Y. Condensed Milk Co.
71 Hudson Street, New York

McMartin & Co.
21-23 FIFTH AVE. W.
Pitch and Gravel, Iron, Tin and Slate Roofing.
HOT AIR FURNACES
Skylights, Cornices, Ventilation Pipe, Chimney Tops, Smokestacks, Tin and Sheet Iron Work, etc.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
TELEPHONE 642.
When you want a first-class job at a reasonable price, call on us.

Money Easily Made.
We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.
Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write
RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO. ILLS.

First National Bank
OF DULUTH.
United States Government Depositary.
CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier.
Money Sent to All Parts of the World.
Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.
Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 60-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

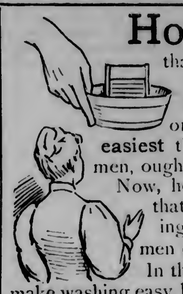
A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

How did it happen



that the old-fashioned, laborious way of washing was ever given to woman as her particular work? It's an imposition on her. She ought to have had only the easiest things to do—and men, strong, healthy men, ought to have taken up this washing business. Now, here is a suggestion. In those families that still stick to soap and make their washing needlessly hard and unpleasant, let the men do that work. They're better fitted for it. In the families that use Pearline (use without soap) and make washing easy, let the women do it. They won't mind it. 347

Millions NOW USE Pearline

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK
A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer
CALL FOR—
FITGER'S BEER

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of three thousand six hundred (3600) dollars, which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Adolph F. Swanstrom and Emily Swanstrom, his wife, of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagors, to Carrie A. Moore, mortgagee, said mortgage bearing date the 1st day of April, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1891, in Book 62 of mortgages, page 262, which said mortgage was executed to secure the payment of one certain promissory note of even date with said mortgage, in the sum of three thousand dollars ($3600) payable on the 1st day of April, 1894, with interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum, said note being signed by said mortgagors, as makers, and payable to the order of and delivered to the said mortgagee, and said mortgage contained the provision that the said mortgagors should pay all taxes and assessments that should for any and all purposes be payable, assessed or imposed upon said premises or any part thereof, before the same should become delinquent. And that upon failure to do so, the said Carrie A. Moore, mortgagee, was authorized to pay such taxes or assessments and any or all sum or sums so paid, should be tacked and imposed as an additional lien upon said premises described in said mortgage and should be secured by and collectable as a part of said mortgage and bear interest at the same rate as the indebtedness therein secured.

Whereas heretofore the said mortgagors failed and neglected to pay and cancel the taxes upon said premises in said mortgage described, for the year 1895, and the same having become delinquent, the said mortgagee thereafter and on the 17th day of November, 1896, having paid taxes against said property in the sum of $366.75 and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof or the said amount of taxes so paid.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, to-wit: Lots numbered one (1), two (2) and three (3), of block sixty-nine (69), Oneota, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes heretofore paid by said mortgagee, as herein before set forth, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars ($75.00) attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1897, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

November 17th, 1896.

CARRIE A. MOORE,
Mortgagee.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Carrie A. Moore, Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2-9-16-23-30.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by John H. Delaney and Mary L. Delaney, his wife, mortgagors, to James Moir, mortgagee, bearing date November first (1st), 1892, and duly filed for record in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on November third (3rd), 1892, at four (4) o'clock p. m. and then and there recorded in Book one hundred one (101) of mortgages, on pages 505, 506, 507 and 508; such default consisting in the non-payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon the debt secured by said mortgage, which became due on July first (1st), 1896, amounting to the sum of $157.50, and in the non-payment of insurance premiums upon the premises covered by said mortgage, amounting to the sum of $96, which said mortgagors had in and by said mortgage covenanted and agreed to pay, which amount said mortgagee has heretofore been compelled to pay, and has paid, for the protection of said mortgaged premises, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage; by reason of which defaults, and after the same, and each of them, had continued for more than ten days, said mortgagee has heretofore elected to exercise the option to him given by the terms of said mortgage, by declaring, and he does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, and exchange, and said insurance premiums paid, to be now due and payable.

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of four thousand eight hundred eighty-three and 27-100 ($4883.27) dollars, principal, interest, exchange and insurance premiums paid.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of the southerly seventy feet (S. 70 ft) of lots numbered eighty-two (82) and eighty-four (84), in block numbered twenty-eight (28), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the register of deeds' office for said St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the thirty-first (31st) day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, and interest, and insurance premiums paid, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fee stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time provided by law.

Dated November 18th, 1896.

JAMES MOIR,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-18-25-Dec-2-9-16-23.

GORGERS

Latter Day Eaters Compared With the Old Time Experts.

Feasts of Today Would Be Regarded as Mere Trifles.

A Sample Dinner in Romulus' Time, When They Gorged.

It is perhaps unfair to go back as far as the Roman republic to confound the gourmands of the nineteenth century, but when these portly gentlemen, with noses tinted with Titian pinks and purples, and double and triple chins that merge into dewlaps and pendulous gills, attempt to set themselves up as feeders par excellence, something should be said to prostrate their pride, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. They may boast of 10-course dinners, with seven different wines, polished off before the clock sounded 12, but compared with the toga-wearing masters of the universe they are as infants extracting nourishment from a bottle by means of a suction tube.

Without exaggeration, it may be said that a Roman club man would drop into the spot where such a refection was being served, begin at the menu, eat it backward and forward, toss off a bottle of each kind of the wine, and then show up in his box at the Circus Maximus with a 5-pound sack of pea-nuts to munch while a few Christians were being eaten by the Numidian lions that were giving continuous performances at that popular resort in the city of Seven Hills.

The fact is that the world is gradually eating less and less, and the pages of history prove it. In the middle ages it was the thing to fill up on seven or eight pounds of venison and a few jugs of ale, and then sit around while a harper reeled off fairy tales about the ancestors of the gorged gourmets. When venison wasn't to be had, bull beef was the feature of the feast. It was quantity and not quality.

There was but little difference in this form of warding off hunger and that described by Homer. This blind narrator of the Grecian impossible made all of his heroes capable of demolishing a quarter of beef. A sheep was only a stay for the stomach until something more filling could be secured. The man who today boasts of eating thirty quails a month, or one every twenty-four hours, could have secured a situation in ancient Ilium as a curiosity, as the champion light feeder of the age.

As the world grew older the dinner card grew shorter. The advent of Brillat-Savarin, Fayot, Careme and other savants of the kitchen hastened the destruction of long feasts and marked the rise of dainty dejourners at which napkins, flowers, finger bowls and separate sets of knives and forks for each dish took the place of abstracted food. In a word, they began to feed the eye to the exclusion of the stomach, and made up in tickling of the palate what they lost in that 'full feeling after meals.'

In the formal dinners of today there are seven or eight courses. The feast begins with the inenviable oysters, if the season be aright, and if not, with the indestructible clam. It is the mode to have these shell fish as small as possible, additional proof that the trend is toward moderation. With them is served a modicum of wine that would give the Roman diner a chill about the heart and cause him to say unkind things about his host. Then comes a bare ladleful of soup and a glass of claret. The haughty frequenter of the halls of Caesar would drink it at a gulp and then lose himself in wonderment at the glass of claret. Fish follows, a few forkfuls at best, with enough potatoes to satisfy a canary bird that had been eating millet seed for a few hours. A bite or two of filet de boeuf, smeared with a half dozen of mushrooms afflicted with bodily waste, is next laid before gormandizer. A dab of cauliflower, or the spoonful of beans attends the beef in scanty grandeur. Suppressed explosions are heard and champagne is doled out in glasses that would have caused Lucullus to give way to means of distress.

Then comes the "bird." Sometimes he is an infinitesimal snipe, again a withered quail, or mayhap the scant half of a pheasant. Beside him is deposited a teaspoonful of jelly, and the destroyer of food is told to engorge himself. A leaf of lettuce follows, bearing upon it an ounce of chopped celery, a lonely tomato or a limited number of ghastly shrimp, daubed with mayonnaise sauce.

A tiny dish of ice cream next, with two or three cakes. In their wake follow a hard baked cracker and enough cheese to cover a half dollar. Having devoured this the heavy eater is treated to a thimbleful of black coffee, and the waiters clear the table. If the host is liberal the guest is permitted to drink nearly a quart of champagne. Usually it is a pint.

At the club or in the counting house the next day these wonders of gormandizing assume melancholy airs, and send the office boy out for liver pills, while they sadly charge themselves with ruining their digestions. The man who ate two snipe is regarded as a marvel, and he who sent back for another bowl of soup finds himself talked about as one who hath taken a walled city. Dieting is discussed and the folly of too much food indorsed in eloquence. The more misanthropic figure it out that their excesses are depriving the human family of the necessaries of life, and as a natural consequence they take to oatmeal.

How utterly different in the days when Rome was mistress of the world! The bons vivants then made an afternoon and night of it when they sallied out to have a snack with the Tribune Eumolpus or the Aedile Emilius. They knew the capacity of the human stomach, but that did not bother them. They were prepared to "eat the bill through from soup to nuts." It mattered not how heavy or how long it was. Every man got a bunch of cock's feathers when he reclined on his banquet couch, and when he was filled to the bursting point he tickled his tonsils and created a vacancy in order to accommodate the next course. The simplicity of this scheme was equalled only by its effectiveness. There was no fixed rules as to the proper serving of dishes according to their contents, as there is today, when a man who should happen to serve soup before oysters would be ostracised for the rest of his life.

For the first course the Roman banqueters followed the Russian fashion of having a buffet luncheon of appetite stimulating dishes. In some formal affairs in this country the same custom is followed, but the guests are permitted to nibble only caviar or bits of toast, canapes, the French menu lexicographers call them. The tipple is a glass or two of pale sherry. But the Romans were, like their feasts, more substantial, or else their appetites were coy to a remarkable degree. Their list of appetizing dishes embraced eggs, dormice in honey, olives, poppy seed, hot sausages, plums and pomegranate seeds. Having induced their hunger to manifest itself with a link or two of sausage, a dormose and a few hard-boiled eggs, they began in earnest. In the first course there were beccafiecos (a small bird) rolled in egg batter and doused with pepper. The pungent condition was the prelude to the popping of corks, for at this poin the Falernian wine was brought on. It didn't come in bottles, however, but in honest, unstoppered jars holding a gallon or two, so that the bon vivant might souse his nose into the snow-cooled liquid and drink deep draughts. The birds being duly drowned, the Roman garcons rushed on the 'substantials. It was the proper thing in those days at this particular stage of the dinner to serve ram's head pies, roast beef, fried lamb's kidneys, figs, sow's breasts and cheese cakes. It is recorded by Petronius Arbiter that one of the pieces de resistance, designed by the chef of those days, represented the zodiac. In the various compartments were crabs, hares, lobsters, geese and mullets. Having dallied with these sustaining and nourishing trifles, the guests were served with wine in which herbs had been infused. The dishes being removed, the gourmands were served with roasted fowls and fish in garum sauce. This particular dressing is said to have been made of macerated entrails of fish, and in taste and odor was far superior to the limburger cheese of today.

Having made away with these nutriments the chef was permitted to exhibit his art. In something of the style that prevails in Merrie England the servitors carried in a wild boar. Being deposited on the table the butler cut it open, releasing a flock of field fares that had been imprisoned in its interior. These were captured with nets and cooked on braziers before the delighted guests, who were meanwhile helped to collops of the boar. The humble hog was popular in Rome, his flesh appearing in many forms at the banquets of the rich and the simpler dinners of the poor. In the next the dainty nibblers were regaled with hog stuffed with sausages and blood puddings. Then came a boiled calf. It can only be imagined what watery veal must taste like when boiled. But they ate it, just the same, and called the criminal who prepared it a cook beyond compare. In the same course there were served sweetmeats, and, awful to relate, more fowls and eggs. It must have been prior to this course that the celebrated or rather infamous red feathers were brought into play. Having survived the fowl and eggs the next course advanced itself, as the French would say. Once more the favored hog appeared, this time with puddings, fritters and giblets. Brown bread and endives were concomitants. Having filled up on hog, the guests attacked cold tarts filled with honey and then dallied with plates of chick peas, lupines, nuts and apples. It might be thought that they stopped at the fruit course. But not so. They went smoothly along the gustatory way. While engaged on the apples and nuts the servants passed around as side dishes bear's ham, cream cheese, grape jelly, snails, chitterings, livers in pate pans, turnips dressed with mustard, kidney beans and olives. It would seem that the red feathers were again brought into play at this point if the admixture of mustard, cream cheese, grape jelly and snails did not of themselves produce a similar effect.

Having tossed off a quart or two of rare Falernian, the delicate feeding masters of the world squared off to engage in dessert. Again the beloved hog makes its appearance, this time disguised as a goose. The cunning cuisiner, with deft knife, carved out the seeming bird and sent it on to receive the plaudits of the now tipsy guests. In addition to the masquerading pork, there were thrushes stuffed with raisins and kernels; quinces stuck with prickles; oysters and scallops and snails roasted on gridirons. The closing dish of the feast was fricasseed rooster, it being the third time for fowl during the banquet. There were no cigars or cigarettes in those happy days. If there had been it is likely that the proud host would have piled chewing tobacco, plug and fine cut, stogies, pipes, seventeen kinds of smoking tobacco, dog-leg, and twenty or thirty brands of cigars on the table, and smilingly bade the noble centurions and senators smoke themselves to death. They made up the difference, so history records, in irrigation, the slaves being kept on a run to supply the guests with wine, no doubt to take the taste of the fricasseed rooster out of their mouths. It is not recorded that it was the custom of these timid trencher knights to stop at the Jupiter club on the way home and order a Welsh rarebit or deviled kidneys to "go to bed on." They generally went to bed at the banquet table, the couches of those days being exceedingly convenient for that purpose. The taste they had in their Roman mouths the next morning must have been stupendous, compared with the dark brown shade that is complained of in these degenerate times. Worse than all, they had no brandy and soda, and the matutinal cocktail had not been then discovered. For that matter, neither had the Martin nor the Manhattan. But they had Falernian wine in generous jars, and could take bunches of hair of the dog that bit them to cure the wound without much trouble. Then they went to the Turkish baths of those days and boiled out, much as the jejune youths of today are accustomed to do. No doubt they talked about their "heads," and swore that they would go straight to the priests at the temple of Bacchus and take the pledge until the Ides of next November. But they accepted the next invitation to dinner that came along, and the priests at the temple were forgotten, much as the wife of today is unremembered when the dinner's on the table and the "rosy's" in the glass.

FOR DROWSY WORSHIPPERS.

The ventilation of a large number of churches is notoriously bad, and bad ventilation has frequently more to do with sleepy congregations than even the dullness or the length of the sermon, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. Wide interest has been created by the description of a new departure in the system of combined warming and ventilation was introduced by Professor Fischer in the new Memorial church at Berlin, Germany, which in its general plan resembles St. Paul's catherdal in London. To the height of eighty feet from the floor the walls are traversed by hot air chamhbers, so that from the ground to the galleries, twenty-two feet above, there is no perceptible difference of temperature, the air being kept constantly at 15 degrees C, (60 degrees F.) The aim of the engineer has been the removal from the space occupied by the congregation of the paths followed by the currents of air conveying the warmth from the sources of heat to the radiating surfaces by placing the heating apparatus high up in the neighborhood of the cooling surfaces, maintaining, in reversal of the usual procedure, a higher temperature in the upper portion of the building and intercepting and reheating the cooled aid in its descent toward the lower part occupied by the congregation. There are thus far four strata of air of different temperatures. Professor Fischer maintains that the system of heating the upper more than the lower regions of the air is the only proper course in such lofty buildings as churches, for whereas with the ordinary method the air heated on or below the ground level is cooled on reaching the roof, and, fouled by the products of respiration, descends again on to the heads of the congregation, unless withdrawn by an exhauster. In this system the fresh air is warmed to an agreeable temperature in its passage through the channels in the walls. Furthermore, its ascent is encouraged by its being led through two sets of heating coils, which, although they do not contribute to the warming of the parts occupied by the worshippers, serve effectually to prevent the descent of the foul air by promoting its continued ascent toward, and escape through, the apertures in the lantern that crowns the edifice.

ABOVE SUSPICION.

New York Weekly: Rumnose: "I can't stand it any longer. I am going to the country for a spree."

Old Friend "Now don't do that. People will be sure to hear of it."

"No, they won't. I'm going to Revival Beach, the great religious resort. When a man can't walk straight there the police call it locomotor ataxia."

VERNE

Great French Fiction Writer Left in the Dim Distance.

Round the World in Thirty Days Will Soon Be Accomplished.

That Is If Prince Hilkoff's Prediction Comes to Pass.

Prince Hilkoff of Russia has been repeating in the Eastern states that when the trans-Siberian road shall be completed it will be possible to go around the earth by the ordinary routes and methods of travel in thirty days, says the San Francisco Call.

"I will put a girdle around the earth in thirty minutes," said Puck.

"I can do it in thirty days," is the version of the Russian prince.

Men connected with the transportation interests in San Francisco, they who foresee in the comparatively near future the Golden Gate crowded with carriers of commerce between Asia and San Francisco, have taken out their pencils in the last few days to verify or disprove Prince Hilkoff. The conclusion of probably the most expert of all these figures is that Prince Hilkoff is entirely justified in his view of the possibilities.

An interesting feature of this consideration is the actual distance to be traveled, basing the estimate upon the mileage of existing rail lines and the projected lengths of that part of the trans-Siberian road lying east of Chellabinsk and making the sea routes coincide about with the great circles.

Thirty days of 720 hours in total furnish the time, and the total distance is, very closely calculated, 21,374 miles. The Atlantic ocean distance is 3596 miles and the Pacific ocean distance from San Francisco to Vladivostock, the Eastern terminus and part of the trans-Siberian line, is 6325 miles via Yokohama. The distance direct to Vladivostock is less than via Yokohama, but in making this calculation it has been taken into account that many steamers between San Francisco and Vladivostock will naturally visit Yokohama en route for trade reasons.

The purpose of estimating on such a basis is to reach an intelligent conclusion concerning the actual facts, and not to make a "freaky story." It may be premised in this regard that the periods consumed in land and sea voyages are estimated on existing time tables in common use, and it is possible to make conections exactly as set down therein. The divergences from the actual facts are only found in giving steamers to be used on the Pacific coast, between San Francisco and Vladivostock, an average speed of twenty knots per hour, to coincide with the speed of the best steamers on the trans-Atlantic routes; also giving railroad trains an average rate of 39.68 miles, which, in view of the trains in portions of the United States and also European trains making headway of fifty to sixty miles an hour, cannot be considered excessive.

Taking, then, Prince Hilkoff's "thirty days around the world" as a time estimate, the problem, as it will concern San Francisco not many years hence, may be summed up as follows:

Thirty days of twenty-four hours—720 hours—average 29.686 miles per hour.

Ocean distance, 9921 miles, at the average speed of twenty knots, consumes 431.35 hours.

Rail distance, 11,453 miles, average 39.68 miles per hour, consumes 288.65 hours.

The total distance is 21,374 miles.

If it were possible to make close connections by rail and sea at all points, under the existing conditions it would not matter which port of departure might be selected. At this time, it is discovered, after a long and careful study of European and trans-Atlantic time tables and connections, that London is the best point to start from. For the purpose of lending reality to this trip, which may some day be a reality, it may be supposed that the trans-Siberian railway has become sufficiently settled and equipped to make it reasonably certain that all passenger trains will go through according to the regular schedules. Then the distances and route of travel ought to be as follows:

	Nautical Miles.	Statute Miles.
London Waterloo station to Southampton docks (R. R.).		78
Southampton dock to New York pier, American line steamer (R. R.)	3,123	3,569
San Francisco, via Yokohama to Vladivostock, Great Circle route, San Franciset to Yokohama and sailing* distance Yokohama to Vladivostock (Str.)	5,493	....
Moscow to Berlin (R. R.)....	....	1,212
Vladivostock to Moscow, via Great Siberian railway route (Str.)	....	6,128
Berlin to London, via Flushing and Queensborough (R. R. and Str. via Flushing and Queensborough)	....	766
Total		21,374

*Sailing distance from Yokohama to Vladivostock derived from sailing charts in the United States coast and geodetic survey office.

The manifest destiny of San Francisco being to become a very important link in the around-the-world direct chain, or route, this general subject has an ever increasing interest, as the trans-Siberian road progresses steadily and with all possible rapidity toward completion. The fact is, that now a trip can be made around the world via San Francisco, and making the Golden Gate the point of departure, in seventy-one days, via Hong Kong, London and New York.

Suppose the journey to be begun on Sept. 12 last, which was a date favorable to making very close connections, and a passenger would be due to arrive back here Nov. 22, and that by existing actual schedules, the itinerary would be as follows:

Actual schedule possible journey San Francisco via Hong Kong, London and New York to San Francisco: San Francisco, leave Sept. 12, p. m., Pacific Mail steamer; Hong Kong, arrive Oct. 7. Hong Kong, leave Oct 8, P. and O. steamer to Brindisi and thence P. and O. express to London; London, arrive Nov. 10. London, leave Nov. 11, steamer; New York, arrive Nov. 18. New York, leave Nov. 18, p. m., rail; San Francisco, arrive Nov. 22, p. m. Seventy-one days.

A striking feature of the future route of travel around the world via San Francisco and Siberia is the vast distance the passenger will find the jurisdiction of only two flags—American and Russian—to shield him. Both countries, facing on both of the great oceans, are naturally the ones to be traversed in the around-the-world circuit. Some existing routes of travel render it possible to travel 13,804 miles under the United States flag. Making up a schedule of globe-girdling and starting eastward from San Francisco, the following is a present possible around-the-world journey in the total time of seventy-three days:

San Francisco, via New York, London, Hong Kong to San Francisco.

San Francisco, leave Sept. 17, p. m., rail.

New York, arrive Sept. 22, p. m., rail.

New York, leave Sept. 23, p. m., steamer via Southampton.

London, arrive Sept. 30, p. m., steamer via Southampton.

London, leave Oct. 2, P. and O. express to Brindisi, thence via steamer.

Hong Kong, arrive Nov. 4, P and O. express to Brindisi, thence via steamer.

Hong Kong, leave Nov. 4, steamer.

San Francisco, arrive Nov. 29, steamer.

During these seventy-three days the passenger would be thirty-eight days under the American flag. When the trans-Siberian line opens the tourist may be under the American flag and Russian flag on land and on sea nearly the entire distance around the earth.

Traveling by way of Sidney an actual schedule of eighty days can be prepared for the circuit of the earth, and on this route an American can travel 14,088 miles and by thirty-eight days under the American flag, which is therefore the banner American route. The American steamers are those of the Oceanic Steamship line on the Pacific and the American line steamers on the Atlantic ocean. Taking London for the starting point to make close connections the schedule of eighty days via Sydney and San Francisco is as follows:

London, leave Oct. 3, a. m., railroad, London to Southampton.

New York, arrive Oct. 9, p. m., steamer, Southampton to New York.

New York, leave Oct. 9, p. m., railroad, New York to San Francisco.

San Francisco, arrive Oct. 14, a. m., railroad, New York to San Francisco.

San Francisco, leave Oct. 15, p. m., steamer, San Francisco to Sydney.

Sydney, arrive Nov. 10, railroad, Sydney to Melbourne.

Melbourne, leave Nov. 14, steamer, Melbourne to Brindisi.

London, arrive Dec. 22, P. and O. express, Brindisi to London.

There are many ways by the regular travel routes and by established schedules to beat Phileas Fogg's tour. The coming record is for thirty days, and the foregoing demonstrates that to be feasible not many years hence.

EATS CUT GLASS.

Peculiar Habit on Which a Seaman Thrives.

Edward L. Geatins, ex-member of the United States steamship Philadelphia, is a much-worried man. His trouble arises from an eccentricity regarding the quantity and variety of the food he consumes. Not that he is too fastidious in this regard, or that, to use a common expression, he possesses a beer income combined with a champagne appetite. He has assured his messmates, and through them the world, that the famed feasts of Lucullus convey to his mind no example for him to emulate, even if he could, and the gustatory creations of a Brillat-Savarin would not tempt him.

To all outward appearance Mr. Geatins is much the same as other mortals, but in what the late Silas Wegg would call his "inards' he differs. This fact has brought him into collision with the United States government, for, disdaining the fare provided by Uncle Sam and served in the forecastle, Mr. Geatins appropriated and masticated no less than seventeen cut glass tumblers belonging to the officers' mess. Having performed this feat in the record time of ten hours, he looked to a paternal government for approval. He didn't get it, however, but in lieu thereof received his discharge "I had to quit eating glass," said Geatins, 'becaus, the government told me they couldn't afford it. Besides," he added, with fine sarcasm, "they said it wasn't in the contract."

Having quit the service, the ex-sailor is endeavoring to turn an honest penny by exhibiting himself as the only genuine glass eater in the United States. To a San Francisco Call correspondent he thus unbosomed himself: "Yes, I'm not sorry I quit the service, as, on account of my diet, I am really not fit for hard work. Do I eat anything else? Oh, yes; coal, sand, iron chippings and wool. Then I take four eggs and a cup of coffee every twenty-four hours, but I cannot eat the crust of bread or any kind of meat. Take yesterday as an example of my daily meals. I ate three glasses, four ounces of coal and four teaspoonfuls of sand. Day before I was feeling pretty hungry, so I managed to get away with five glasses and the same proportion of sand.

"How long have I kept it up? Just twelve years, and until three months ago I was capable of eating other food. Since that time, however, my diet has only consisted of glass, etc."

In reply to further queries he said:

"I have been examined by professors in Berlin and Heidelberg, London, Philadelphia, New York, St. Louis and Chicago. In Berlin they gave me twenty minutes to live after a performance of eating my usual food of glass, sand and coal. In London I was given the chance of an hour. At other places the physicians did not know what to make of me, nor could they understand how I lived. I have been a puzle to every one who has seen me. I left the Philadelphia on Oct. 12 and a fewnights previous to this, after we were all paid off, I was arrested for eating seventeen glasses in ten hours and was told I had to stop eating the glasses on board of the ship, as the government could not afford to keep on such food, and that there was nothing of it in the contract.

"Ordinarily I feel well and sleep well as any hale and harty man, and I never experienced any aches or pains unless it be a toothache after eating bread, which seems so much harder to bite than glass."

QUEEN'S SCOTTISH HOME.

Balmoral was not the queen's first choice. Her majesty fell in love at first sight with Ardverikie, on Loch Loggan, and would have purchased it from Lord Henry Bentinck, who then held the lease, had it not been for the prince consort, who wished to wait until they had seen something more of Scotch scenery. Later on the Balmoral district was visited, and the queen was much struck with the beauty of it, and the prince consort was particularly impressed. The purchase was settled at her majesty's first visit, and the deeds drawn up forthwith. The prince consort was, however, largely instrumental in securing it.

THE FATTED CALF.

Washington Star. "I dunno ez the prodigal son was so very bad after all," said Mrs. Corntossel

"He wa'nt no good to his family," her husband rejoined.

"That's a fact. But when he got home he didn't hev no more ter say. Ef he'd been like most o' the men folks nowadays, the fust thing he'd done would of been to find fault with the way the fatted calf was cooked."

MILLIONS

Belief That King Solomon's Mines Have Really Been Found.

So Rene Bache Classes the South African Gold Region.

Enormous Value of the Yearly Product of the Strip.

Four thousand millions of dollars in gold right in sight! An amount equal to the entire world's coinage of the yellow metal today, says Rene Bache in the Boston Transcript. It seems wellnigh fabulous, yet this is only a small fraction of the wealth that is waiting to be dug out of King Solomon's mines in South Africa. Rider Haggard made no mistake when he located in that region the auriferous deposits from which the queen of Sheba and her gorgeous spouse drew such vast quantities of treasure. Dr. George F. Becker, of the Geological survey, has just returned from a visit to the golden territory of the Rand, and he gives an astonishing description of the great quartzite reef, which is destined within a short time to yield as much gold as all the rest of the mines on earth put together.

The certainty that this enormous ore body will add four billions of dollars' worth of gold to the world's supply within the next fifty years has extraordinary interest just now. Some financial experts believe that this flood of yellow metal will make a change in the relative values of gold and silver before long, causing the latter to rise to 80 cents an ounce perhaps. It is now 65 cetns an ounce. The reef in question is itself a geological curiosity, being nothing more nor less than an ancient seabeach. Perhaps sixty millions of years have gone by since the waves of ocean broke upon that beach. It was much like any seabeach today, being composed of quartz pebbles. In the course of ages the material of the beach was turned into solid rock, the sand being transformed into quartzite and still holding the pebbles scattered through it like almonds in a cake.

Now, the rivers had brought down to the ancient sea much gold, together with the disintegrated fragments of quartz which went to make up the beach material. The precious metal and the sand were derived from the same rocks. Some beaches today, as along the coast of Oregon, for example, contain a good deal of gold. But the sands of this ocean strand of a vanished geologic epoch were full of gold, which was distributed in fine particles among the quartz grains. So, as might be expected, the yellow stuff is found not in the pebbles, but in the matrix of quartzite which holds them. The ore is called "banket," which is German for almond cake. The gold is so evenly disseminated through the cake that the ore bodies preserve a uniform richness throughout. The average yield is $14 a ton.

As age succeeded age, geologically speaking, great changes took place in that part of the earth, and the ancient seabeach was covered by stratum after stratum of rocks. Only an edge of it, so to speak, is now left exposed, cropping out on the surface in a nearly straight line for a distance of about thirty miles. This is the reef, which, while only a few feet wide, appears to slant downward into the bowels of the earth for miles. There are now sixty mines along the reef, employing 40,000 laborers, and the output last year was $46,000,000 in gold. By 1900 the annual output will have reached $100,000,00. The entire gold production of the world in 1895 was $200,000,000. The greatest production of that metal in the United States was in 1853, amounting to $65,000,000.

The deepest of the holes thus far dug in following the reef down its incline is 2500 feet. The richness is always about the same, and to all appearance the ore body continues indefinitely. A limit to the practicable working of the mines, however, must be set at 5000 feet, or a little less than a mile, because the gold-bearing rock cannot be obtained and brought to the surface from a greater depth profitably. By means of diamond drills the deposits have been explored far beyond the deepest excavations, with the resulting discovery that the almond cake keeps right on of the same uniform quality. The ore is not of extraordinary richness, but the extent of the deposits is vast beyond anything hitherto dreamed of by the most imaginative miner.

Dr. Becker brought back with him a big chunk of the "banket." It is queer-looking stuff, and to the eye suggests at once a likeness to nut-cake. The color of it is dark gray, with whitish quartz pebbles distributed thickly through it. No person not an expert would imagine for a moment that it contained a particle of gold. Indeed, the mining experts who made the earliest examinations of the deposits, declared that they were of no value. One reason for their mistake was that up to that time no gold had ever been found under such conditions. So ancient a geological horizon was supposed necessarily to be barren of the yellow metal. Ordinary gold-bearing quartz reefs are cracks in the earth's crust which have been filled with auriferous material brought up by volcanic action from the depths, the precious substance being actually in solution. The deposits of the Rand, on the other hand, are sedimentary.

The town of Johannesberg, which has obtained so much celebrity owing to the recent disturbance in the Transvaal, is situated directly upon the edge of the great reef. It has been already stated that the exposed reef is thirty miles long. The ore being as uniform in quality as the coal in a Pennsylvania seam, it is possible to estimate with close accuracy the entire quantity of gold which the deposits may be expected to yield, the limit of digging being five thousand feet. Thus is it said that there is $4,000,000,000 worth of the yellow metal actually "in sight," as miners phrase it. So it would appear that only about half a century will be required for the complete exhaustion of these mines.

There is something very important to be added, however. A few years ago one of Dr. Decker's scientific assistants took a notion to try his fortune in the Rand district. That he knows his business may be inferred from the fact that he is now worth $3,000,000. He told Dr. Decker a few weeks ago that it was a great mistake to suppose that the reef was only thirty miles in length. He gave it as his opinion that it was probably not less than twelve hundred miles long. Though the outcropping is only thirty miles, it is believed that the reef continues for several hundred miles in both directions, though underground and covered over by barren strata. Very likely it is not buried deep, and to reach the unexposed portions of it would not require much digging. If this is true, the greatest of all known bonanzas is wellnigh inexhaustible. Deposits of coal overlie the reef for a part of its extent.

There are now nearly 3000 stamps running in the Rand district, with a crushing capacity of four tons of "banket" per stamp. The average cost of mining and treating the almond cake to get out the gold is $6 a ton. At a depth of 5000 feet the temperature would be about 110 degrees Fahrenheit. Financial experts say that the flood of gold from the Rand is not likely to affect values for the next ten years at all events. Then silver may run up until it reaches 80 cents an ounce. It would have to be $1.29 an ounce to give it parity with gold at a ratio of 16 to 1. Such a rise in silver would greatly stimulate the mining of silver.

The Boers, after settling in the Transvaal, occupied themselves with stock-raising and agriculture. The idea of utilizing the mineral resources of the country never occurred to them. In 1884 a Boer named Marais, who had visited the Australian mines, found traces of gold in the sands of the Yokeskey river; but the government published a decree forbidding prospecting under heavy penalties. It was feared that the thirst for gold would cause an influx of foreigners and endanger the independence of the little republic. The edict was repealed in the sixties, and the first mining operations were begun in 1872, when over $1,000,000 worth was obtained from the bed of Pilgrim's creek, some of it in lumps that weighed as much as 225 ounces.

Gold miners flocked to the country, and in 1884 the celebrated Sheba beds were discovered. Not until half a dozen years later did the Struben brouthers discover the reefs of the Rand. They set up a stamp mill and began working the ore, against the advice of experts, who thought it was sheer nonsense to dig deep into the earth for the purpose of following an ancient sedimentary deposit. It soon became apparent that rough miners could not work the ores at a profit, and companies with large capital and improved machinery took up the claims. Endless difficulties had to be overcome, including the transportation of implements, machinery, food supplies, etc., over 340 miles of almost impassable roads. There was no wood suitable for fuel, but most fortunately coal was found in large uanitities.

Of course, this particular reef was not worked by King Solomon and his queen. The region, however, was undoubtedly the same as that exploited for gold by the scriptural monarch. The entire country as far north as the Zambesi river is rich in gold, both alluvial and quartz. Prospectors say that from Beira, on the east coast, inland to Salisbury, are discovered indications of extensive mining done many centuries ago. Scientists assert that Beira was the Ophir of the Bible, from which Solomon and the queen of Sheba got their gold. Beira is 150 miles northeast of Buluwayo, the capital of the Matabele kings. Old shafts are still to be seen thereabouts, and in the ruined city of Zimbabye, to the north of the Transvaal, have been found ancient smelting furnaces, crucibles and moulds for casting gold bricks.

REFLECTION OF A BACHELOR.

From the New York Press: No man likes to have his wife kiss another woman he kisses.

There is generally lots of fun in girls who "tell mamma everything."

One would think girls never did have any silk things before they were married.

If a man can remain a mystery long enough to a woman she is pretty sure to fall in love with him.

Men like to make girls think they are awfully careless about their health, so they will take to mothering them.

The man who will stop to look into a shop window at a lot of woman's fussy clothes is all right; it's the man who don't seem a bit curious that needs watching.

NO WONDER HE WAS BEGGING.

Buffalo Times: "Can any of you tell me why Lazarus was a beggar?" said the teacher in a West Side Sunday school. "Why was Lazarus a beggar?" she repeated sternly.

"Please, ma'am," replied a small boy whose father was a merchant, "because he didn't advertise."

WHY SHE CHEWS.

Boston Herald: "Just as soon as I noticed that our daughter had inherited the tireless jaw movement that has distinguished her mother's family, I took extreme measures."

"What did you do?"

"I encouraged her in the chewing gum habit."

Get latest prices on coal from the Duluth Fuel company. Office, basement of Herald building.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of the B. B. Richards Lumber Co., insolvent:

ORDER.

The duly verified petition of the Duluth Trust Co., assignee of the above named insolvent, having been presented to the court and filed in the office of the clerk of this court, and it appearing therefrom, among other things, that the estate of said insolvent consists of a certain saw-mill plant, standing pine timber and manufactured lubmer:

That the business of said insolvent consisted, at the time of said assignment and during the five years last past, of the manufacture and sale of lumber, lath and shingles, at New Duluth, city of Duluth, said county;

That it is necessary to the protection, safety and conservation of the estate that the petitioner as such assignee be authorized and empowered to cut said timber, to manufacture the same into lumber and to sell and dispose of the same, and to conduct said business of said insolvent:

That the assignee is without funds belonging to said estate; that it is necessary that it be empowered to issue for said purpose, as such assignee, its certificates, which shall be first liens on all the assets of said insolvent, including said standing timber and manufactured lumber.

Upon application of Cotton, Dibell & Reynolds, attorneys for the petitioner.

It is therefore ordered that all creditors and parties interested show cause, if any they have, before this court, at special term, on Saturday, December, 5th, 1896, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the petitioner, as such assignee, should not be authorized and empowered to cut and manufacture into lumber said timber, at said mill, to issue its certificates, as such assignee, in denominations of $100.00, $500.00 and $1000.00 each, payable in 30, 60 or 90 days, in the discretion of the assignee, and to sell and negotiate the same for the purpose of cutting said timber and manufacturing the same into lumber, and conducting said business; why its certificates should not be made first liens upon all the assets of said estate, including said standing timber and manufactured lumber; and why said petition should not be in all respects granted.

It is further ordered that notice of this order, and the hearing herein provided for, shall be given to each creditor whose whereabouts is known to the petitioner, by mailing a copy hereof to him, at his place of residence, with postage prepaid, and that said order be published on at least two successive days in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, said state, before November 28th, 1896.

By the Court,

S. H. MOER,
Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-25-26-27.
Dated Nov. 25th, 1896.

A "POLYCHROME" BIBLE.

The new "Polychrome Bible," more than one-half of which is now in print, is a volume that will cause no little excitement among bibliophiles as well as Bible students, says the New York World. It gets its name from the aim to distinguish later additions from the older incorporated sources by having them appear in different colors. The book is printed from the new Drugulin Hebrew type, with the critical remarks in English. The work has been divided among the most celebrated German, English and American scholars. The Book of Ecclesiastes is the contribution of the professor of the Semitic language in the Johns Hopkins university, Dr. Paul Haupt, who has recently returned from his vacation in Europe, where he has been supervising this important publication. The new translation will be profusely illustrated with views from Egypt, Assyria and other biblical lands. Another valuable feature of the work is a treatise on sacred Hebrew music and the music of the Bible in general.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

DULUTH SHORT LINE

Shortest in Distance. Quickest in Time.

Leave Duluth		Arrive Duluth
9 am	Day Express except Sunday — St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Winona, LaCrosse, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis—east and west.	7:30 pm
1:55 pm	Fast Limited, daily —St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Milwaukee, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, Kansas City—east and west.	1:00 pm
11:15 pm	Night Express, daily St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Winona, Dubuque, Des Moines, all points east and west.	6:30 am

Elegant chair cars on all day trains.
Sleepers ready for occupancy at Union depots after 9 p. m.
Tickets sold to all points in United States, Mexico and Canada. Sleeping berths reserved on all lines.
Baggage checked from residences.
Steamship tickets to Europe.
City ticket office, 401 West Superior street, Palladio building and Union depot.
F. B. ROSS,
Nor. Pass. Agt.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE
C. ST. P. M. & O. RY.

Trains Leave and Arrive Duluth:

10:45 A. M. EX. SUN.—DAY EXPRESS for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire. Has Parlor Car. Arrives Duluth 5:10 p. m.

5:10 P. M. DAILY—CHICAGO LIMITED for Chicago and Milwaukee. Pullman and Wagner Vestibuled Buffet Sleepers to Chicago. Arrives Duluth 10:30 a. m.

11:00 P. M. DAILY—NIGHT EXPRESS for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Has Pullman Sleeper. Arrives Duluth 7:00 a. m.

G. M. SMITH, General Agent. B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent.
405 Mesaba Block, Opposite Spalding

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
February 3, 1896. Daily except Sunday.

7:45 am	Lv...... Duluth ......Ar	3:35 pm
8:15 am	Lv.... Proctorknott ..Lv	3:06 pm
10:22 am	Ar.. Iron Junction ..Lv	1:13 pm
10:30 am	Ar........ Wolf Lv	1:05 pm
10:45 am	Ar...... Virginia Lv	12:45 pm
10:44 am	Ar...... Eveleth Lv	10:56 am
11:00 am	Ar.. Mountain Iron ..Lv	12:30 pm
11:56 am	Ar......Biwabik Lv	12:28 pm
11:25 am	Ar...... Hibbing Lv	12:15 pm
9:00 am	Lv...... Virginia ......Ar	1:45 pm
10:33 am	Lv...... Wolf ......Ar	1:26 pm
11:25 am	Ar...... Hibbing Lv	12:12 pm

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
THE Soo Line ROUTE
Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union Depot at ...... 4:10 P. M. Daily, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.
Westbound train arrives 11:20 a. m
Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House ... and Union Depot.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.
12 00	Ar........ Duluth Lv	3 15
10 50	Ar...... Two Harbors Lv	4 20
8 50	Ar..... Allen Junction Lv	6 25
8 20	Ar........ Biwabik Lv	7 05
8 03	Ar........McKinley Lv	7 25
7 48	Ar........ Virginia Lv	7 15
7 30	Lv........ Eveleth ....Ar	8 00
7 55	Lv........ Tower ....Ar	7 30
7 05	Lv........ Ely ....Ar	8 25

Daily except Sunday.
A. H. VIELE,
General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.
Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.
TIME CARD.

A. M.	STATIONS.	P. M.
11:40	Ar ....Duluth.......... Lv	3:05
10:40	Ar ....Cloquet.......... Lv	4:15
10:04	Ar.Stony Brook Junction.Lv	4:54
9:25	Ar ....Floodwood........ Lv	5:32
8:48	Ar ....Swan River........ Lv	6:10
8:12	Ar ....LaPrairie........ Lv	6:53
8:05	Ar ......Grand Rapids...... Lv	7:00
7:10	Lv ....Deer River........ Ar	7:55

Daily except Sunday.
WILLIAM ORR,
General Passenger Agent, Duluth.
D. M. PHILBIN,
General Superintendent.

If you are Particular

About the accommodations you get when traveling, select the Burlington Route as your line, and you will be more than satisfied.

If you are going beyond Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, St. Paul or Minneapolis, and don't know the rate of fare, or the different routes, time, etc., write to Geo. P. Lyman, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and you will get a prompt reply, or call on any agent of the Burlington Route —they can be found in all principal cities.

Reclining Chair Cars, Compartment Sleepers and Cafe Dining Cars make a combination unequaled for comfort in travel.

MERCURY

One of the Most Eccentric of Stars in the Heavens.

It Has No Days, Months, Years, Centuries or Time.

It Has, However, Plenty of Heat and Also Light.

While verifying some important observations by the astronomer Schroter upon th planet Mercury, the great French scientist, Flammarion, has, in the language of the Paris Revue, shed fresh rays of brilliancy upon his own fame by a series of wonderful discoveries, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. The announcement starts out with the declaration that he has found the impossibility of an almanac in this companion of the sun, for Mercury has no hours, days, nights, weeks, months, years nor centuries. He circles around the sun in such a way that constantly he presents to that luminary the same unvarying hemisphere, and necessarily there is a plentiful volume of heat and light in such a condition.

Opportunities for a proper physical observation of this planet are meager indeed. The geographical outlines on the surface are extremely difficult to observe, being weak, pale and ill defined. He turns round the sun in an orbit included within that of the earth, and is, therefore, nearest to our ball when he passes between it and the sun. But this is where he turns his dark side toward us, and the conditions are adverse to telescopic research. From half an hour to an hour after sunset or before sunrise he is in quadrature, and can be seen with the naked eye, when he appears through the instrument in shape of a small half moon. As he approaches our earth this phase is gradually changed to that of a very slender crescent. To see Mercury with rounded form and fully illuminated orb we must choose the periods when he passes beyond the sun. Then he is at a great distance from us, very small in size, and in an almost total eclipse from the dazzling blaze of the solar light. He does not remain above the horizon uneclipsed long enough to let the eye follow his career for several hours, and for more than half a century astronomers have been comparatively careless of his appearance, under the impression that he had nothing more to disclose which his position would enable them to see.

Some twelve years ago M. Schiaparelli, director of the observatory at Milan, and one of the most laborious and skillful of living astronomers, resolved to apply that excellent instrument, which had wrought such wonders in the case of the planet Mars, and he at once went to the task. The Italian astronomer soon found that he had nothing to expect from a single hour's observation each day, and that some other mode must be adopted to overcome the difficulty. The more evident became this necessity when it was found that in order to be able to explore the full disk he was compelled to select those epochs when the planet approaches the time of its greatest elongations.

The only means left was to observe Mercury, not in the morning nor in the evening, but in the full blaze of the sun and when the planet was in close proximity of the orb of day. The Milan astronomer has pursued this method. He has turned to profitable account these best days when sun and atmosphere were calm and pure, directing his equatorial at the planet when nearest the sun, and from observations thus made he has obtained scores of valuable sketches, each of which confirms the other in the most important details. In each there are long, gray streaks, which may represent seas, forests or ranges of mountains. They do not pass over the planet's disk like clouds, but remain immovable, fixed as the soil of the beautiful world. Some of these streaks assume singular shapes, one representing the letter S, another the figure 5, and still another a curious combination of characters reminding the observer of a hieroglyphic inscription.

These streaks are permanent. They do not move away. At whatever hour of the day or period of the year they are sought they are to be found in the same relative positions. Whether the planet is to the right or left beyond the sun, and whether affording to our eyes a full disk, a half moon or a crescent, they are always to be noted at the same spot on Mercury's globe. No other streaks are ever to be seen on that surface, unless they happen to be some white, fleecy clouds which occasionally pass.

M. Flammarion, in response to an invitation from the Milan scientist, joined in this expedition of discovery on Mercury five years ago, and these eminent men have recently agreed upon a general statement of fact which their observations have confirmed. This is condensed for the benefit of the readers of the Enquirer.

Mercury revolves round the sun in eighty-eight days, constantly presenting to the central luminary the same hemisphere marked by the geographical lines already referred to. Thus Mercury circles the sun just as the moon does the earth, with the same side always turned toward the orb of day. But the conditions of life and measurement of time are very different as regards Mercury from those connected with our satellite. While the regular rotation of the latter gives to the moon days and nights fifteen times longer than our own, the circling motion of Mercury affords perpetual daylight to that side of his sphere which is turned toward the sun, and perpetual darkness to the opposite side.

Can we obtain a proper conception of conditions like these? About the same would it be if our sun never sank below the horizon for us and never rose above it for our antipodes. Everlastingly the sun hovers at the zenith of the central point in the diurnal hemisphere, but it does not remain absolutely motionless. As mercury revolves round the central orb while describing, not the circumference of a circle, but an elongated ellipse, an irregularity in its movements results by which the sun seems to slowly poise in the sky of the Mercurians on either side of the zenith of the central meridian. Thus he glides on the east as well as on the west as far out as 23 degrees 41 minutes on either side, his oriental excursion occupying 51 days and his occidental trip 37, or 88 days in all, which is the time of mercury's orbit round the sun, to which this movement stands in intimate relation. The effect of this alternate movement is to give sunlight to the dark side of mercury's sphere, but to an extent not exceeding an angle of 23 degrees 41 minutes from the mean line separating the two hemispheres. All the central regions of the side opposite that facing the sun are condemned to perpetual darkness—endless night on one side and endless day on the other. Dante has described the latter in the asphaltic lake of outer darkness in the "Inferno," and the former in his ineffable circles of "Paradise."

The sun is constantly on the equator in the diurnal hemisphere. If one can fancy himself in Colombia, Guiana, Sumatra, Zanzibar, or on the other islands of the Malayslan sea, with the sun at its zenith vertically darting down its rays upon his head, he will gather some idea of this situation. Just imagine what degree of heat such a sun must pour down upon a world whose average distance is only 36,000,000 miles away from it, while we are 95,000,000 miles away? What a focus of light and heat! We sometimes complain of the intemperate ardor of our distant sun, but what does it amount to when compared with the ever-vivid brazier of mercury? It is as if ten suns converged above our heads at the summer solstice, whose rays at noon poured down their concentrated heat upon us, and this not for a season only, but ever and ever. The seas of mercury must boil and bubble continually and his minerals be always in a state of semi-fusion.

This wonderful world has no satellite. There is neither evening nor morning. There are no stars, and, consequently, no astronomy; no apparent movement of the heavens; no hours; no weeks nor months; no measurement of time in ways familiar to us. If there could be years, when would they begin or end? Here on our earth the year is made up of a certain number of days and nights, but how conceive of a year where the day is without end? There is a story of a land which "storms and tempests visit not, where sunshine never ends," but the frequent presence of clouds over parts of Mercury proves that he is not free from some convulsions of the elements.

There are times when Mercury is enveloped in an impenetrable mist, and remains so for many days. This may cause the temperature of his atmosphere to diminish temporarily, and possibly this is a condition which marks the regular division of seasons. Undoubtedly the maximum of heat prevails upon those central regions of the hemisphere facing the sun, and the maximum of cold upon the central regions of the dark hemisphere. Across the latter extends the starry night suitable to astronomical studies, observation of our earth, which sparkles in their sky like a bright star, and beside which may be seen, even with the unassisted eye, the revolutions of the moon and its changes, many of them undoubtedly as surprising to the Mercurians as are the eccentricities of their planet to us.

Something like eighteen months ago Flammarion was surprised to find in the spectrum of Mercury certain lines which he thought identical with those called "helium" in the solar spectrum. This is a hypothetical chemical element in the sun, and, till this discovery, was supposed to be peculiar to that luminary and other suns similarly constituted. The eminent French scientist made several observations to confirm his view in this regard, and then communicated his probable discovery—he did not yet regard it as an absolute certainty—to Schiaparelli. To his surprise, the latter gentleman replied that on the very day he had received Flammarion's communication, but before its arrival, he had noticed the same lines in the spectrum of Mercury, and was disposed to credit them to a trace of "helium" in that star, but had delayed the announcement in order to confirm the view by additional observations. This confirmation was complete by further investigation, and duly announced, when scientists had made an equivalent discovery at a later date, some of whom were timid about publication, and others were waiting the result of further investigation. Now it is affirmed that "helium" is present in several stars and nebulae, and that careful analysis will doubtless find it in our atmosphere. This, however, remains to be proved.

PRIMITIVE LOUISIANA.

Remains Found in Several Ancient Mounds.

Professor George Beyer, curate of the Tulane museum, returned recently from his trip to Fair Play Landing, Catahoula parish, in the interest of the Louisiana Historical society and the Tulane university, where he went to examine a number of Indian mounds, which were reported to be on the place of John Twisler, says the New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The mounds in question are situated near what is known as Larto lake. Two of them are used as dwelling places, while the others are principally the refuge of the cattle during the overflows which are frequent in that part of the state.

Professor Beyer gives a very interesting description of these mounds, which were put up by people nearly 1000 years ago. The professor lodged about ten miles away from these mounds, but during the two weeks in which he was gone he managed to make four or five trips, and, while he does not consider that he unearthed anything very valuable, what he did find more than compensated him for his trouble.

From the discoveries he made and the conclusion he drew therefrom, the mounds were built originally for dwelling places. As members of the family would die off they would be buried as near the residence as possible, and on top of the mound, in order to keep the body out of the water. As the population increased the demand for space for burying purposes on the tops of the mounds grew greater than the supply, and the consequence was that the mounds were all the time added to, increasing their height, but not their circumference. The professor arrived at this conclusion by examining the soil as he dug deeper and deeper, the topmost layer being exactly like that of the soil adjacent to the mounds, and so on down to the original height of the pile. As the layers were gradually piled one upon another a sort of terrace effect was produced, but time and the elements had gradually smoothed the sides, and the surface was almost covered in many cases with trees. The mounds are usually grouped in circles, a large one in the middle and smaller ones around. The base of the larger one was measured and found to be 156 feet, while its height was seven feet.

The soil of the mounds contains a great deal of animal matter, showing that they have been used for burial purposes. In his researches the professor found the ribs of a catfish. He also identified parts of human bones and one or two skeletons in tolerably good shape. The remains he found beneath one another, and he observed that the dead were buried facing the north.

The men of the race of mound builders were somewhat larger than the average man of today. Professor Beyer concluded from the size of the bones he has in his possession that the skeletons measured six and one-half feet.

He noticed also when hunting for pottery that fragments could nearly always be found near the head of where the skeleton, or part of it, was found, from which he concluded that a vase was buried with each dead body. The pieces of pottery which the professor has in his possession are very small, as they have been broken during these long years, not only by the cattle, which have taken refuge upon the mounds but by the roots of trees. As the soil is very hard, too, digging through it often breaks the pottery into pieces before it can be seen.

YOU ARE INVITED

To partake of the grand Thanksgiving dinner at Ideal Beer hall. Turkey—possum—salads, etc. Music, afternoon and evening.

HANGS BY A THREAD.

A Delicate Hold on a Human Life.

For fourteen weeks the life of Jerome C. Patterson, a young business man of Chicago, has literally hung upon a slender thread uniting a living head to a dead body. The sense of taste, smell, hearing and sight are acute, but that of feeling, from neck down to the feet, has departed, says the New York Journal.

A severed spinal cord, a mere thread of which remains to connect the brain and the trunk is the condition which has puzzled learned men and rendered a once stalwart athlete a broken reed—living, and yet dead—helpless, but so far free from intense suffering.

With a sturdy frame and perfect health, Mr. Patterson had always been fond of outdoor sports. He had a passion for aquatics, and during last summer he made frequent trips to bathing sport. On August 8 he visited Manhattan Beach, on Lake Michigan, and spent a considerable time in the water.

An expert diver and swimmer of more than ordinary ability, he dived fearlessly from the highest point. His last dive, however, was from a post about six feet above the surface, the water beneath being about the same depth. The next moment his body was seen floating face uppermost. His companions swam out and bore him to the beach. A physician who examined his inert body said that the neck was broken. They took Patterson home and he soon recovered consciousness, but his muscular and nerve powers were gone forever. He lay as one dead, although his heart pulsated feebly and he was in full possession of his brain faculties.

Dr. C. F. R. Kornsell, the family physician, took charge of the case, and four specialists were called for consultation. It was learned that in diving the neck had come in contact with some hard object at the bottom of the lake. A violent blow had partially severed the spinal marrow at the second dorsal vertebra.

Under careful treatment for two weeks Mr. Patterson had improved to the extent of being able to move his head two inches in either direction. But his muscular power ended with this. All nerves from the point of injury downward were powerless. His skin was insensible to the touch, nor would even the amputation of his limbs have sufficed to awaken the dormant sense of feeling. Such is the condition of physical insensibility in which Patterson has since remained.

With the action of the heart unrestrained, it has been possible to keep the patient linked to the world. A perfect constitution has aided science in this respect. As the heart acts freely, circulation of the blood seems unimpeded, but all organs of the body necessary for the sustaining of life perform their actions involuntarily, for brain and nerves have no control.

The absorption of foodelements to sustain life has been a serious problem. Appetite has been sustained by tonics, and, while digestion has been involuntarily, it has been artificially possible. Sterilized milk forms the chief article of diet, while light food of other nature is given to the patient at intervals.

The successful prolonging of the paralytic's life has encouraged physicians to believe that an operation may be of benefit. The patient's life depends upon its success. In a week, the physicians say, unless complications shall develop, they will undertake the task of exposing the spinal lamina, to remove any pressure which may exist. Of this latter they are not certain, though there is a suspicion that a blood clot has formed at the point of injury. If a splinter of bone has formed an obstruction, they hope to succeed in removing it. They even hope for the patient's ultimate restoration to health.

EAT, DRINK AND BE MERRY.

Grand possum and turkey Thanksgiving dinner all day at Ideal Beer hall. Music afternoon and evening.

PROSPERITY

Comes only to those who help themselves. He who desires health, wealth and happiness must

GET UP AND HUSTLE

The "Good Times Coming"—of which we have had promises—seem to be about to be realized, but we must all stand shoulder to shoulder and assure their permanency.

GOOD CROPS AND GOOD PRICES

For wheat and other farm products will put the farmers in comfortable circumstances and enable them to pay their debts (if they have any), buy groceries, clothing, boots and shoes, furniture, fuel, and all the other necessaries and luxuries of life.

THE MERCHANT WILL BUY GOODS.

More goods and better goods if the farmer sells his grain at a fair price and pays his bills promptly. Cash in hand enables the country merchant to buy his wares more cheaply from the city jobber, and permits him to sell them to his customer for less money than ever before.

THE FARMER HOLDS THE KEY

To the country's prosperity. To him we look for the salvation of the republic. He tills the soil, and, with the help of a kind Providence, produces the results which, when coined into money, furnish employment to countless wage-earners throughout the nation. It is his money which supports all classes of people, rich and poor, and greases the wheels of commerce all over the world.

SPEND THE DOLLARS

As they come into your possession. "A nimble sixpence is better than a slow shilling." Keep the money in circulation. Then there will be no "tight money," no bank failures, no manufactories lying idle, no trusts, no monopolies—nothing, indeed, but the turning over of an honest dollar for the purpose of making another honest dollar as a return for the original investment.

RIDE ON THE RAILROAD

Occasionally—or oftener—and visit your neighboring towns and watch the business methods of your friends an acquaintances. Rub up against the enlightened people of the period and learn to appreciate the progressive spirit of the present age. You can learn something new every day; something of benefit to yourself, your family and your associates, and it won't cost much money to acquire the information.

AND FINALLY

If you can induce any of your Eastern cousins to visit you at Thanksgiving time, or during the Christmas holidays, please write them to travel on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, and oblige, yours truly,

GEORGE H. HEAFFORD,
General Passenger Agent.

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD IS MINNESOTA'S MOST POPULAR RAILROAD,

THE ST. PAUL & DULUTH.

Shortest in distance, quickest in time, with three of the speediest and best trains each way daily, leaving Duluth:

Fast day Express, 9 a. m.
Fast "Limited," 1:55 p. m.
Night Express, 11:15 p. m.

With elegant new sleepers. All-day trains with elegant reclining chair cars. All the people travel this line all the time, and that is why it's called the main traveled road. Save hours by purchasing your tickets via the short line. Ticket offices, Union depot and 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS.

Council Chamber,
Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Regular meeting.

Roll call.

Aldermen present—Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Absent—Alderman Harwood—1.

Upon motion of Alderman Coventry, the minutes of the last meeting were approved.

PRESENTATION OF PETITIONS AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS.

From his honor the mayor: Veto of ordinance providing for the issue of $1,695,000 gold water and light bonds. Alderman Coventry moved that the ordinance be passed notwithstanding the mayor's veto. The motion was declared lost upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Coventry, Crandall, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—10.

Nays—Aldermen Christensen, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg—5.

William Hayeroft, application for position as janitor of the market house and armory—Public offices, officers and elections; St. Paul & Duluth Railroad company, relative to claims against the city, water and light pay roll—Claims and accounts; T. A. Olmstead, for payment of old city orders—City attorney; bill of L. W. Rundlett, and communication from same, relative to waterworks plans—Waterworks committee.

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Estimate to C. J. Fredrickson—City property, buildings and markets; estimates to A. G. Aronson, John Boyer, and assessment roll for sidewalk on the westerly side of Seventeenth avenue east, from Superior street to Jefferson street—Streets, alleys and sidewalks; estimate to Mike Fitzgerald—Drains, Sewers and Parks.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on city property, buildings and markets, to whom was referred estimates to Allan Black, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

D. E. STEVENS,
ARTHUR J. HARKER,
Committee.

Resolved, that the estimates made November 16, 1896, by Radcliffe & Willoughby, architects, and the board of public works to Allan Black for plumbing and heating market house and armory, as follows: Heating, $917 and plumbing, $118 be and is hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer in favor of Allan Black for $1035 to pay the same.

Alderman Stevens moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on property, buildings and markets, to whom was referred estimate on construction, market house and armory, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

D. E. STEVENS,
ARTHUR J. HARKER,
Committee.

Resolved, that the estimate of Radcliffe & Willoughby, architects, dated Nov. 23, 1896, to C. J. Fredrickson, for $4400 on his contract for the construction of the market house and armory be and is hereby approved, and the city clerk is directed to draw orders on the city treasurer to pay the same, according to contract.

Alderman Stevens moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred water and light pay roll, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

JOHN COVENTRY,
DAVID SANG,
C. T. CRANDALL,
Committee.

Resolved, that the water and light pay roll, Nov. 1 to 20, 1896, for $649.45, be and is hereby approved, and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer in favor of F. J. Voss, city treasurer, to pay the same.

Alderman Coventry moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on claims and accounts, to whom was referred claim of Dr. Graham for medical services, and the report of the city attorney concerning the same, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

JOHN COVENTRY,
DAVID SANG,
C. T. CRANDALL,
Committee.

Resolved, that the claim of Dr. R. Graham in the sum of $36 for medical services, procured by the police department, be and is hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer to pay the same.

Alderman Coventry moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on drains, sewers and parks, to whom was referred estimate to contractor, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

J. W. ROWLEY,
ARTHUR J. HARKER,
Committee.

Resolved, that the estimate made Nov. 23, 1896, by the board of public works to Mike Fitzgerald for amount retained from final estimate for the construction of a sanitary sewer in Sixth street, from Third avenue east to Fourth avenue east, amounting to $16.07, be and is hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer to pay the same.

Alderman Rowley moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on public offices, officers and elections, to whom was referred the applications for position as inspector of pumping machinery, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

THOS. OLAFSON,
I. J. RICHARDSON,
D. E. STEVENS,
Committee.

Resolved, that the board of public works be and is hereby authorized to employ an inspector of the pumping machinery, contract for which has been awarded to the D. Clint Prescott company, and the applications of T. W. Hugo and Capt. Alex. Crawford for said position are hereby referred to said board of public works.

Alderman Olafson moved the adoption of the resolution.

Upon motion of Alderman Christensen the resolution was amended by adding the words, "provided that the board of public works fix the compensation to be paid and report back to this council."

The resolution as amended was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks, to whom was referred estimatesto contractors, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

DAVID SANG,
LOUIS CHRISTENSEN,
Committee.

Resolved, that the estimates made by the board of public works to city contractors Nov. 23, 1896, be and are hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw orders on the city treasurer to pay the same, as follows:

A. G. Aronson, amount retained from final estimate for reconstructing portions of Piedmont avenue west and Third street, between Superior street and Twentieth avenue west .....$ 98 57
John Boyer, final estimate for sidewalk on the westerly side of Seventeenth avenue east from Superior street to Jefferson street..... 84 53

Alderman Sang moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks, to whom was referred assessment roll for sidewalk, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

DAVID SANG,
LOUIS CHRISTENSEN,
Committee.

Resolved, that the assessment roll prepared by the board of public works to defray in full the expense of constructing a 6-foot sidewalk on the westerly side of Seventeenth avenue east, from Superior street to Jefferson street, according to benefits, submitted to this council Nov. 23, 1896, be and is hereby confirmed by the common council.

Alderman Sang moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred matter of amendment of contract with the D. Clint Prescott company for the erection of pumps, having considered the same recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
J. W. ROWLEY,
I. J. RICHARDSON,
Committee.

Resolved, that section twenty-five (25) of said contract be and the same hereby is altered, modified and changed so that the words "common council" in the third line thereof shall read "board of public works," and that the word "council" in the fourth line of said section shall read "board."

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred the matter of the bond of the D. Clint Prescott company, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
J. W. ROWLEY,
I. J. RICHARDSON,
Committee.

Resolved, that the bond of the D. Clint Prescott company, dated Nov. 16, 1896, with Duluth Trust company as sureties, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract of said the D. Clint Prescott company with the city of Duluth, for the erection and construction of pumps at Lakewood, Duluth, Minnesota, be and the same is hereby ratified and approved.

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council of the City of Duluth:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred the report of Consulting Engineer L. W. Rundlett, C. E., having considered the same, would most respectfully report that they have examined the same, and recommend that said report be accepted and the recommendations therein contained be adopted, and that the city clerk be instructed to notify the board of public works of the action of this council in the matter.

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
Chairman Committee.
J. W. ROWLEY,
I. J. RICHARDSON.

Upon motion of Alderman Harker the report was adopted.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred bill of the consulting engineer, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
J. W. ROWLEY,
I. J. RICHARDSON,
Committee.

Resolved, that the claim of L. W. Rundlett, in the sum of $533 for services as expert engineer, examining and reporting on plans and specifications for new waterworks, be and is hereby allowed, and the city clerk is directed to draw an order on the city treasurer to pay the same.

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harwood, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred recommendation by the board of public works as to spur track at Lakewood, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
J. W. ROWLEY,
I. J. RICHARDSON,
Committee.

Resolved, that the board of public works be and is hereby authorized to enter into the necessary contract with the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company for the construction of a spur track to the pump house at Lakewood, in accordance with the plans prepared by the city engineer.

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harwood, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred the reports of the special committee appointed by the council Nov. 16, 1896, in the matter of valves, etc., for waterworks, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
Committee.

Resolved, that the majority report of the special committee appointed by this council Nov. 16, 1896, in the matter of valves, etc., for waterworks, be and is hereby accepted, and referred to the board of public works, with instructions to make contracts in accordance therewith.

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared lost upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Trevillion, Mr. President—8.

Nays—Aldermen Dahl, Hanson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens—7.

To the President and Common Council:

Your committee on waterworks, to whom was referred bids and award of contract to the Carroll-Porter Boiler and Tank company, for force main, having considered the same, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

ARTHUR J. HARKER,
J. W. ROWLEY,
Committee.

Resolved, that the contract awarded by the board of public works, Nov. 9, 1896, to the Carroll-Porter Boiler and Tank company on their bid for the furnishing and laying of three miles of 12-inch steel force main, be and is hereby confirmed by the common council; provided said contract may be annulled at the option of this council at any time that lack of funds may make it necessary.

Alderman Harker moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Trevillion, Mr. President—10.

Nays—Aldermen Coventry, Olafson, Richardson, Sang, Stevens—5.

Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

By Alderman Crandall—

Be it resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth, that the city clerk be and is hereby directed to draw an order on the city treasurer for $462 in favor of Ellsworth Benham, city attorney, for the purpose of making the second payment on the contract of the city with the Homer Lee Bank Note company for furnishing 1106 steel engraved water and light bonds of the city of Duluth, the same being now due under the contract.

Alderman Crandall moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion, Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

By Alderman Richardson—

Whereas, at a meeting of this council held on February 4, 1895, a resolution was duly passed authorizing the issuance of an order upon the treasurer of the city of Duluth, for the amount of the fire department pay roll for the month of January, 1895, and thereafter an order was duly issued by the mayor, city clerk, and comptroller of said city, therefor, being $8169, bearing date February 8, 1895, for $6870.39, which was the true amount of said pay roll for said department for said month;

And whereas, by a clerical error in the resolution of this council authorizing the issuance of said order, and in the clerk's minutes of said meeting, and in the published proceedings thereof, the true amount of such pay roll for said month, for which said order was intended to be issued, was not therein correctly stated;

And whereas, said order is still unpaid, there having been no funds applicable to the payment thereof, and other orders have since been issued in lieu of said original order, to the holders thereof, by the proper officers of said city, in accordance with the usual practice, and by authority of this council; the outstanding order for such pay roll being now $9011, dated November 5, 1896, for $6870.39, payable to the order of St. Paul Title Insurance and Trust company, present owner of said debt, which order has been heretofore endorsed as having been presented for payment, and not paid for want of funds, by the treasurer of said city of Duluth;

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the common council of the city of Duluth, that the action of the mayor, city clerk, comptroller and treasurer of said city, in the issuance of said original order for the above stated sum, in the issuance of said renewal orders therefor for said sum, and in endorsing the same as above set forth, be, and the same are hereby, in all things ratified, approved and confirmed, and the treasurer of said city is authorized to pay the last mentioned order upon presentation, out of any funds in his hands applicable to the payment thereof;

Resolved further, that hereafter when the foregoing last mentioned order, or any order issued in lieu thereof, shall be presented for payment, and not paid for want of funds, the treasurer of said city of Duluth is hereby authorized, with the consent of the holder of said order, to make payment thereon of accumulated interest, and the proper officers of said city are thereupon authorized to issue in lieu of said order, to the holder thereof at said time, a new order for the principal sum then due thereon, provided there are then no funds in the hands of said treasurer applicable to the payment thereof.

Alderman Richardson moved the adoption of the resolution, and it was declared adopted upon the following vote:

Yeas—Aldermen Christensen, Coventry, Crandall, Dahl, Hanson, Harker, Krumsieg, Nelson, Olafson, Richardson, Rowley, Sang, Stevens, Trevillion Mr. President—15.

Nays—None.
Passed Nov. 23, 1896.
Approved Nov. 24, 1896.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
Mayor.

No further business appearing, upon motion of Alderman Christensen, the council adjourned.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Common Council.
(Corporate Seal.)

Store open tonight till 10, tomorrow 1 p. m.

The —

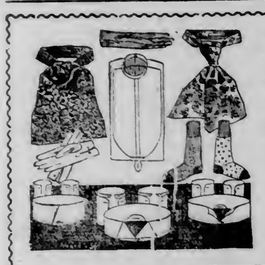
Turkey

Is barred by circumstances attending our national Thanksgiving from really entering into the spirit of the feast, but what is his loss is our gain, and we may be thankful that the situation is not reversed. Another thing to be thankful for, if we do say it, is the opportunity afforded by our store for being well dressed at small cost. From evening dress of correct cut to the Ulster, from the business suit to the dressier cutaway, whatever is appropriate to the season and to your station in life is sure to be found here, and what is more, it is sure to be right.

Until we close tomorrow a Thanksgiving Turkey free with every $5 purchase or over.

M.S.BURROWS

The Clothier.



We want to say

To every man who is not perfectly satisfied with his furnishing store, that we would like to try satisfying him. If you have no fault to find, we don't want your trade—we can't do any more than perfectly satisfy you. Our styles are the latest, our stock is large and we charge just enough to insure good quality. For instance—

A new line of Neckwear in Puffs, Four-in-Hands, Tecks..... 50c

Better values than ordinary 50c line.

KILGORE & SIEWERT,

LONSDALE BUILDING.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Poole.

The usual morning deliveries will be made by carriers tomorrow all over the city, and the Omaha mail will be delivered in the business section. The general delivery and stamp window will be open from 8 to 12 noon. The money order and registry department will be closed all day.

The following births have been reported to the health department: A son to Edward and Ida Hammerback, of No. 2 Vernon street, West Park. A daughter to John and Anna Larson, of 536 Lake avenue south.

Division No. 1, D. of E. A. O. H., gave one of its very delightful dancing parties at Normanni hall last evening. Considering the inclemency of the weather there was a large number present and everyone had a most pleasant time.

But eight cases of typhoid fever have been reported from the city thus far this month. There were thirteen cases last month.

The Commercial club will meet at 8 o'clock tonight in the club rooms in the Sloan block, West End. Business of importance is to be considered.

A case of diphtheria has been reported in the family of Jacob Schwartz, of 220 South Fifth avenue west. His son Peter being the victim. The boy has been attending the Jackson school.

The death of Obaline Sabourin, aged 32, of 807 Sixty-third avenue west, of consumption, has been reported to the health department.

John Connors was sent up for ten days for vagrancy this morning.

Thomas Wilson was found guilty in Judge Edson's court this morning of robbing a dummy standing in front of a "bowery" clothing store of an overcoat. He was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 and costs or be confined in jail thirty days. Time not being much of an object with Thomas, he will pay his debt to justice in the latter way.

The case of Charles M. Horton against King & Steele, to recover $150, which the plaintiff alleges is due for two months' services, was on for trial before Judge Edson today.

The ladies of the Eastern Star Order will give a card party at the Masonic Temple Friday evening.

A reception will be given for Rev. and Mrs. T. M. Findley at the Second Presbyterian church this evening. A program of music and addresses will be given. The principal address will be by Gen. R. N. Adams, of Minneapolis. A social will follow the program.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Avariste Laviolette and Mary Marling, Avariste Laviolette and Mary Morion, and to Syvert Jensen and Laura Olson.

Second papers have been granted to the district court to Joseph Sauve, John J. McKee, Martin Luther Fraser, Andrew G. Anderson, John Lundin, Edward Ott, Hans P. Huss, Joseph B. Cadl, Ernst Meier, P. H. Nelson and Tim Rachlin.

A grand ball will be given at Turner hall this evening by the active class of the Duluth Turnverein.

Esther Morley Marshall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Marshall, of East Superior street, died last night from stomach trouble. The little one was 2 years of age.

Pedestrians are complaining of the exceedingly slippery condition of the sidewalk around the High school building and suggest that a liberal application of sand would prove very beneficial.

Harry Milner, the plumber, who was accused of assaulting Mrs. Guntheroth a week or more ago had his hearing yesterday and was acquitted and discharged.

Keystone chapter, No. 20, R. A. M., will hold its last convocation previous to the annual meeting this evening. The R. A. degree will be conferred and there will be a banquet.

Get Duluth Fuel company's prices on stove and nut size coal.

Miss Wilhelmina Meining, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louise W. Meining, and Roy N. Hoople were married today. They will be at home after Dec. 23, at 217 Second avenue east.

James Dana Stryker, the 6-months-old daughter of J. D. Stryker, died last evening of tubercular meningetis. The funeral will be held tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock at the residence, Woodland Park. Interment at Forest Hill.

Diptheria in the family of Adolph Imblean, of 1608 West First street, was reported to the health department yesterday. One of the children died last evening and another one was reported to have come down with the disease today.

PERSONALS.

M. D. Grover, general attorney of the Great Northern railway, was in the city today.

P. J. Bensford, of St. Paul, is in the city.

Charles McNamara came down from Tower yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hillis, of New York, were at the Spalding last evening.

A. K. Tisberg, secretary of the state railroad and warehouse commission came up from St. Paul today.

Walter Arnold, of St. Cloud, is in the city.

C. C. Allen and W. B. Darock, of Cleveland, are at the St. Louis.

Thomas E. Perkins, of New York, is in the city.

L. H. Johnson, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

Miss Myra Messenger, of Ashland, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Jay M. Smith, of 1515 East Superior street.

J. H. Killeran, of Buffalo, N. Y., is in the city.

M. F. Wyman, of Oshkosh, Wis., is in the city.

A. A. Healy, of Eveleth, is in the city today.

Charles Rogers, of Woodstock, N. B., is a guest at the home of W. H. Gray.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only, and sold by all druggists.

FLOUR SHOW

NOW OPEN, AND

FIRST PRIZE

AWARDED TO

"DULUTH IMPERIAL."

JUDGES—
Mrs. O. K. Housewife,
Mr. X. L. Baker,
Mr. F. C. Chef.

EXHIBIT OPEN DAILY AT ALL GROCERY STORES.

ARE SUED

Action Begun By the County Against Marine Bank Bondsmen.

Seeks to Compel the Payment of $48,479.34, the County Deposit.

Ten Bondsmen Who Qualified For an Aggregate of $160,000.

The board of county commissioners of St. Louis county this morning began a suit against the Marine National bank and the sureties on its bond to recover the amount of the county funds on deposit in the bank at the time of its suspension.

The county's deposit is given in two separate sums, one of which is probably represented by certificates of deposit, and one is an open account, although the complaint does not state that that is the fact. The amounts named are $36,741.61 and $11,737.73, a total of $48,479.34. The bank's bond is for sureties, and the amounts in which they qualify are as follows:

F. E. Searle, $20,000; J. P. Johnson, $20,000; N. J. Miller, $20,000; Z. D. Scott, $20,000; Thomas Cullyford, $20,000; C. L. Poole, $20,000; William Meinhardt, $10,000; J. B. Stevens, $10,000; John Gulbranson, $10,000; A. B. Wolvin, $10,000.

A similar suit has been authorized by the county board against the sureties on the bond of the Iron Exchange bank, and it will follow in the course of a few weeks.

MARY IS RELEASED.

An Old Case Settled By the Supreme Court.

The old case of the state against Mary Radvicich, for selling liquor without a license, has just been settled by the supreme court. Mary was arrested a year or more ago for selling eight bottles of beer without a license. Her attorney, H. B. Fryberger, demurred to the indictment, and the demurrer was sustained, the prisoner being bound over to the next grand jury. The next time Mary was indicted again, but the county attorney allowed the case to go over for three terms without calling it. The prisoner's attorney then moved to dismiss the case for want of prosecution and the court granted the motion. Later the county attorney moved to have the judgment re-opened and the motion for dismissal denied. His ground was that the case had been in the hands of his assistant who had suffered the dismissal of the case to take place without the county attorney's knowledge. The court granted this motion and re-opened the judgment. Mary was then subject to trial again, but her attorney appealed from the last order of the court. The supreme court sustains the appeal, holding that Mary should have been released because of want of prosecution, and orders her release and the return of her bail to her.

A THANKSGIVING LUNCH

Consisting of Roast Pig, Roast Turkey, Salads and other Delicacies, will be spread all day and evening tomorrow at

CAMPBELL & DORAN'S,

205 West Superior Street.

GRAIN SHORTAGE CASE.

Suit Against the Eastern Railway on Trial.

In district court this morning, Judge Moer took up the case of the Cleveland Iron Mining company against the Eastern Minnesota railway, to recover about $2000 for a shortage in a grain cargo in 1890. The steamer Frontenac, in May, 1890, was chartered to carry 81,000 bushels of wheat from the Great Northern elevators to Buffalo for A. J. Sawyer & Co. The boat was loaded and when it reached Buffalo it was found to be 1502 bushels short of its bills of lading. The owners of the grain sued the owners of the boat to recover for the shortage and secured judgment for the price of wheat on the day it was loaded. The boat company now comes back on the Eastern Minnesota for reimbursement with interest.

The defendant claims that it loaded the vessel with the full amount, 81,000 bushels. A motion to dismiss the case by the defendant was denied, and it was on trial at noon. The defense, for the sake of saving time, admitted that all the boat crew would testify that after leaving the elevator the hatches were battened down and were not removed until Buffalo was reached, also that no grain was removed in transit.

The cases of the Pennsylvania and Ohio Fuel company against the Duluth Transfer railway and the West Duluth Land company against G. W Wilson, et al, were continued. There was no appearance in the cases of Charles Lindblom against Patrick Spellman et al, H. M. Bradley against Emil Schmied et al, and Isabelle J. Carlton against J. R. Carey. The first two cases were continual and the third was stricken from the calendar.

The personal injury case of Stahl against the city was still on trial this morning in Judge Ensign's room. The last witness was on the stand for the city this afternoon, and it was a possibility that the case might be given to the jury before adjournment tonight. After this case was concluded Judge Ensign was to take up the case Christian Thomsen against the Massachusetts Benefit Life association, which is the last jury case on the calendar.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

THE NEWSBOYS' DINNER.

Donations Made By Duluth Business Men.

Tonight the longing anticipations of the newsboys will be satisfied and they will be fed till they are so full they cannot move if that is possible. The boys will form in line at The Herald office and march down to the Bethel. Each boy must have a ticket and they will procure them of A. C. Pearson, of The Herald office. The business men have been very generous in donating to this dinner and the following is the handsome summary:

Cash—Board of trade, $25; James C. Hunter, $2; J. H. Dight, $1; Mrs. Thomas Gibson, $5.

Turkeys—A. Booth Packing company, 10; A. Hirsch, 1; Munsey Bros., 2; Armour Packing company, 10; Lundberg & Stone, 1; Big Duluth, 3; News Tribune, 6; M. S. Burrows, 3; Evening Herald, 10; Mrs. John McLeod, 2; Saunders & Denius, 2; Brevier & Williams, 3; the Bethel, 4.

Apples — Fitzsimmons-Derrig company, 2 barrels.

Sugar—Stone-Ordean Wells company, 65 pounds.

Coffee—Riddle Bros., Ratnhun grocery.

Cakes, bread, etc.—By the ladies of Duluth and Gray Bros', bakery and Scandinavian bakery.

Milk and cream—West End Milk depot, milk 10 gallons, cream, 2 quarts.

Butter—Messick & McCanlly, 30 lbs creamery.

Dishes—I. Freimuth, French & Bassett, Smith, Farwell & Steel.

The turkeys were roasted by the Spalding and St. Louis hotels and Mitchell's restaurant.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES.

Exercises at the Churches Tomorrow Evening.

Thanksgiving services will be held in several of the churches tomorrow. At the First Presbyterian church, at 11 o'clock, there will be a union service, participated in by several of the churches. Rev. C. H. Patton, of Pilgrim Congregational church, will preach the sermon. The collection will be for the benefit of the Women and Children's home and the Ladies' Relief society. There will be fine music.

There will be services at St. Paul's Episcopal church at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which the rector, Rev. A. W. Ryan, will preach.

The three West End churches, Grace Methodist, the Second Baptist and Second Presbyterian churches, will unite in a union service at the Second Presbyterian church at 10:30 a. m. Rev. J. W. Lengbridge, of the Baptist church, will preach the sermon.

PROVISIONS FOR NEEDY.

Pupils of the High School Distributed Them Today.

The pupils of the High School, through committees of five from each class appointed by the class presidents, this afternoon distributed provisions and other necessaries to those in need, of whom lists had been collected and carefully revised with an eye to the worthiness of each case. In some instances the aid took the form of payment of rent. The money was raised by contributions from the scholars and by an auction of articles donated by the "Somerset Y's." The funds were invested in groceries and other needed articles by the distributing committees. Although this is not the first year that such a distribution has taken place, the interest and zeal manifested at this time is, according to Professor Loman, greater than usual. The auction took place at the close of school hours today and was the cause of a great deal of merriment and good-natured rivalry.

Pipe Contract Signed.

The contract with the Carrol Porter company for the 42-inch riveted steel pipe for the force main from Lester river to the reservoir at Thirty-sixth avenue east was signed yesterday afternoon. It is probable that no pipe will be delivered under the contract until along towards spring. The only condition for delivery is that the contract shall be completed by July 15.

Purchased Realty.

The Chicago Journal of last Saturday says: "Nelson Thomasson has purchased from Mrs. Fannie B. Marshall, of Louisville, Ky., ten acres of land in Superior City, Wis., on Grand avenue, near Norton park, at $400 per acre. Mr. Thomasson has also acquired 160 acres near the city of Duluth in the section adjoining Jay Cooke's holdings.

We endorse all the proprietors say about the merits of Salvation Oil. It is the greatest cure on earth for pain. 25 cents.

Michaels Sentenced Today.

Peter Michaels, who was not sentenced with the remainder of this term's grist of criminals, because his attorney was not there to plead for him, was brought up before Judge Moer for sentence this afternoon. He presented some affidavits to the effect that his character had been exemplary, but the court told him that it had heard both sides of that question. He was sentenced to spend one year and six months at hard labor in the penitentiary.

MILLINERY.

Great reductions in all trimmed hats at Jenny Brandt's, 32 East Fourth street.

NOTICE.

Thursday, Nov. 26, Thanksgiving day, being a legal holiday, the associated banks of this city will not be open for business. By order of the Clearing House association.

E. W. MATTER,
Secretary.

Xmas '96

Close at hand. Pose for your pictures at Zweifel's. Don't wait for a clear day. His photos are the best. The weather makes no difference. Studios, 20 and 21 Phoenix block.

Notice to Artists.

Mouldings, two inches deep, gilt, now made up at 12 cents per foot, at factory, 905 west Michigan street.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

BEST AND PUREST.

Solon spring water, 5c per gallon.

Grand Possum and turkey Thanksgiving dinner at Ideal Beer hall. Music, afternoon and evening.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

THE HOSPITAL BAZAR.

Work of Preparing For it is Progressing Admirably.

The arrangements for the fair for the benefit of St. Mary's hospital building fund are progressing admirably, and the enthusiasm with which the business men and the women of the city have interested themselves in the affair is highly encouraging, and insures its complete success. It is the intention to make the bazar as entertaining as possible, and with this end in view, there will be a number of novelties and unique ideas introduced. These will be announced later.

The booths will be made specially attractive. They are being arranged for and contributed by the business men of the city, and each one will be a beauty. Programs will also be arranged, to be given in the evenings.

The bazar will open Wednesday, Dec. 9, and will continue over a week.

REPAIRING THE ROAD.

Missabe Railroad Has Several Crews at Work.

The stripping operations at the Mountain Iron and Oliver mines are being utilized by the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad for the purpose of filling in bridges and culverts, and five train crews and seventy-five laborers are kept busy disposing of the dirt from the Mountain Iron and the product of two steam shovels at the Oliver. A big sink hole between Wolf and Iron Junction, which has been the cause of a great deal of annoyance to the road, has at last been filled in permanently, it is believed, with the dirt from the Oliver. The hole was 480 feet long and twenty to thirty feet deep, and it swallowed up 45,000 cubic yards of dirt before it was firm.

The Mesaba range is anticipating an active winter, with plenty of work for all hands. The reduction of Columbia grade on the Missabe road will cost nearly $50,000, and the most of that will go for labor. The Missabe road will try to make arrangements with the contractors to have them employ none but local laborers, unless there are not enough of the latter.

Returns Did Not Come.

The steamer Dixon arrived this morning, but it brought no returns from Cook county, so the canvassing board for the Fifty-fourth judicial district was unable to do any business. It was the intention to send a messenger to get the returns in motion, but it was considered sufficient to authorize Capt. Hector, of the Dixon, to interview the county auditor of Cook county, and he will do so.

Will Observe Thanksgiving.

There will be no session of the district court tomorrow, nor will any of the offices in the court house be open for business, as the county's employes as well as the attorneys will, as a rule, celebrate the date appropriately by chawing turkey. Those of the county employes who were successful during the late unpleasantness in holding their jobs, will feel justified in eating two turkeys.

Get latest prices on coal from the Duluth Fuel company. Office, basement of Herald building.

POSSUM-TURKEYS.

Grand Thanksgiving dinner all day at Ideal Beer hall. Music, vocal and instrumental.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Social Gathering and Dance Will be given on Thanksgiving Evening, Nov. 26, at the Kalamazoo block, 18 West Superior street, for the benefit of Emanuel Temple congregation. Tickets 50c a Couple.

JUST RECEIVED—
The finest carload of Draft Horses ever received in Duluth.
Nichols & Thomas,
Board of Trade Livery.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
Two Nights, Nov. 26, 27
With Thanksgiving Matinee—Of Harry and Edward Paulton's
Operatic Comedy Success
"DORCAS,"
Catchy Music! Spicy Dialogue! Beautiful Costumes! All Star Cast!
Eva Davenport, William Broderick, Charles O. Bassett, Drew Donaldson, Marie Millard, Fred Frear, etc.
Evening Prices—$1.25, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinee—75c, 50c and 25c.

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MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,
Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.
Establ'd Washington, D. C. 1861.
103 Trust Company Bldg, Duluth, Minn.
(Inventors guide book free.)

"There are Others"

But it will pay you to visit

Our Establishment

and look over our stock and prices. We manufacture our own goods and can save you money. Our repairing, engraving, and stone cutting is done in the latest style by mechanics of twenty years experience and fully guaranteed. Pay cash for old gold and make to order any design.

Dorner & Co. Manufacturing Jewelers, Metropolitan block—2nd floor, next to Freimuth's.

CHEAP FARMS

In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. 25,000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO.,
47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

Note--

This store will be closed all day tomorrow. Open this evening until 10 o'clock.

A Card

Tomorrow will be an opportune Thanksgiving Day for this house. Probably there is not a business institution in the country that has more cause to be thankful than this one. Just one month ago our doors were thrown open to the Duluth public for the first time, and from that moment the store has received a patronage and support of an extraordinary magnitude—thereby enabling us at this time to truthfully attest our thankfulness to the people of Duluth and the tributary country, not only for the great success of our business, but for the spirit of friendship and cordiality received from every one. May you have as much to be thankful for as we.

Very Respectfully,

Power & Settle.

Our store will remain Open this evening Until 9:15 And Tomorrow until 12 noon.

FREIMUTH'S

NOTICE TO CURLERS!

Glen Avon Rink will open for the season on December 1st, weather permitting.

Skating and Curling.

Skaters' Tickets..... $1.00 per month
Curlers' Tickets..... $2.00 per month

GEO. E. GIBSON, Secretary.

Last Days of "Kelly"

F. S. Kelly, the Furniture and Carpet man at 710 and 712 West Superior street, leaves Duluth in a short time, and to close out the balance of his stock in a few days cuts prices to less than the actual cost of manufacture.

Carpets.

All wool Carpets at prices ranging from, yard 35c to 50c
That used to sell for 65c and 75c.
Body Brussels, per yard 80c
Former price $1.35.
Brussels Carpets, per yard 45c and 55c
Former price 65c and $1.00.

Chamber Suites.

The $35.00 ones now for $20.00
The $30.00 ones now for $18.00
The $18.00 ones now for $12.50

Make your Xmas purchases here where a little money goes a great ways.

Fancy Book Cases, Rocking Chairs, Couches, Extension Tables, Etc.

F. S. Kelly,
710-712 West Superior Street.

A Toothsome Problem

If you will excuse the expression, is the question of where to get your dental work done. The first pre-requisite this week will be to have your grinders in the best possible condition in anticipation of the turkey feast which everyone expects to enjoy. There are dentists who do good work and make exorbitant charges for it; there are other dentists whose work is expensive in every sense at any price. Our work is known as first-class all the time and our prices do not frighten our patients.

DR. SCHIFFMAN,
Top Floor, Burrows Block.

A CHOICE

Residence Lot AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

Corner lot, fronting on three streets, in best neighborhood, and nearly double usual size. Ask particulars quick of

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
Torrey Building,
First Floor.

DULUTH SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS,
3 West Superior Street.
The only protection of the kind in the city. Safes for rent $5 per year and upwards.
Strictly Fire and Burglar Proof.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1896. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Christmas is Coming.....

And we are showing the choicest line of useful presents ever shown in Duluth. The prices are placed at the lowest possible point.

A Choice Table Like Cut **$2.00**

Other Tables—65c, 95c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2 25, $2.50 up to $12.

A Good Bissell Carpet Sweeper for $1.65.

Cash or Credit.

COMPLETE HOUSE-FURNISHERS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

First Street and Third Avenue West.

PIANO... $145

Good Upright, walnut case, stool and scarf free...

$15.00 CASH; $8.00 MONTHLY.

Pianos for Renting. ★ Expert Tuning.

SALESROOMS— Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue W. and Superior St—2nd Floor.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.

E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

Holiday Books and Novelties! We will, as usual, show the finest line in the city of goods suitable for the Holidays.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

A. A. MENDENHALL. J. O. MACDOUGALL

COAL **Mendenhall & Macdougall** WOOD

'PHONE 164. 101 Providence Bldg.

The Hudson Bay Company's

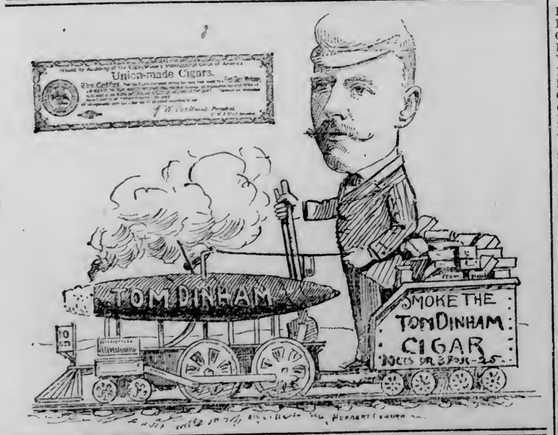
RYE WHISKEY.

10 years in the wood.

A strictly Pure Rye Whiskey for family use. Sold only by

M. Prendergast & Co., Agents

423 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.



L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT

FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

FOOTBALL

Three Great Games Played at Different Places in Chicago.

Boston and Chicago Athletic Clubs and Michigan and Chicago University.

University of Wisconsin and Northwestern University Battle at Evanston.

Chicago, Nov 26.—At least 20,000 people witnessed the foot ball game between the Chicago and Michigan university elevens at the Coliseum today. Not the least potent factor in drawing such an audience, was curiosity to see what was the first important football game ever played in doors. The field of course, was in perfect condition and neither team could rely on a victory through a fluke. The flooring had all been removed and the earth beneath carefully harrowed and covered with clay and then rolled, making the surface of that smooth, springy character so dear to the heart of a football player. Between the rows of boxes and the side lines and at the ends, sand had been dumped and sloped to prevent possible injury to players. That both teams were confident of winning goes without saying. The unbeaten Michigan team certainly had a right to expect another victory to its long string. Nevertheless, every member of the Chicago eleven expressed his belief that on their brows would rest the laurel wreaths when the struggle was over. The line-up was as follows:

Chicago.	Position.	Michigan.
Fitz	Left end	Farnham
Mortimer	Left tackle	Villan
Webb	Left guard	Carr
Cavanaugh	Centre	Wombacher
Tooker	Right guard	Bennett
Roby	Right tackle	Heminger
Hamill	Right end	Greenleaf
Clark	Quarter back	Herbert
Hershberger	Left half back	Pingree
Coy	Right half back	Caley
Gardner	Full back	Hogg

AT BROTHERHOOD PARK.

Boston and Chicago Athletic Clubs on the Gridiron.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—On the old brotherhood baseball field, Wentworth avenue and Thirty-fifth street, the football teams representing the Boston Athletic club and the Chicago Athletic club lined up today for their annual football game. The prospects all favored a rather easy victory for the Bostonians, as the Chicago team was at best a patched up affair, the loss by suspension about three weeks ago of five of its best players on a charge of professionalism having made a hole that so late made in the season was impossible to fill, and making practically a new and untried team of it. Opposing them was a team that has met defeat but once this season, and that from Yale.

Nevertheless the Chicago men, considering the short time they have played together were in remarkably good form, confident of at least holding their opponents down to a small score. As to the comparative weights of the two elevens, Chicago had the advantage, with an average weight of about 182 pounds, while that of the Boston players was but 174 pounds. The weight of the Eastern team was, however, more evenly distributed. The teams lined up as follows:

Boston.	Position.	Chicago.
Horton	Left end	Thompson
Barter	Left tackle	Sager
Cuntz	Left guard	Powers
Russell	Center	Poolman
Wilson	Right guard	Beach
Lemoyne	Right tackle	Shepard
Butler	Right end	Bader
Graham	Quarter back	McDaniels
Curtis	Left half back	Slater
Bullard	Right half back	Hately
Fennessy	Full back	Draper

The sun did not shine on the battle between the East and West. This morning great masses of clouds flew across the bay and threatened to drench the players of the Boston and Chicago Athletic clubs and the great throngs of spectators with torrents of rain. The low field was soft and spongy with the rain of the early morning and the saw dust poured on to the worst puddles flew with the wind like sand in a desert storm. The field boxes were crowded with people who crouched under umbrellas and rubber coverings.

At the opening, Russell, the stocky center from the hub, kicked off to Slater at 11:25, who returned it twenty yards. Chicago failed to gain another. Slater kicked to Boston's 30-yard line, where it was caught by Curtis, who was knocked senseless. Bullard and Fennessy made good gains, but a fumble by Graham gave the ball to Chicago, and Slater and Cholnard were taken by resistless rushes to Boston's goal line, across which, in spite of the desperate defense, Slater was pushed for a touchdown. Score, 4 to 0. Graham, the stocky Boston quarterback, was injured in the last scrimmage, and Burns took his place.

In the second half, after several gains by Chicago, Boston kicked to Draper, who ran from the center for a touchdown, but failed to kick the goal. Score, 8 to 0.

EVANSTON'S GAME.

Northwestern and Wisconsin Universities Met Today.

Chicago, Nov. 26.—The University of Wisconsin and Northwestern University football elevens came together on the university campus at Evanston today. The game had an important bearing on determining the vexed question of the Western championship as it is very probable that the winner will contest with the winner of the Michigan-Chicago game for that coveted honor. Wisconsin, on account of its victory over the strong Minnesota eleven a week ago, was easily the favorites, but football men recognize the fact that the Northwestern had an exceptionally strong team. Their team average several pounds heavier than the Badgers, and this, in view of the soft condition of the ground, was a great advantage. The Wisconsin eleven, however, under the coaching of "Phil" King, has developed remarkable strength and quickness, and their game as far as team work goes, was the superior. The teams lined up as follows:

Northwestern.	Position.	Wisconsin
Glass	Right end	Brewer
Andrews	Right tackle	Pyre
Leverings	Right guard	Ryan
Pearce	Center	Comstock
Thorne	Left guard	Riordan
McClusky	Left tackle	Atkinson
Liberts	Left end	Sheldon
Hunter	Quarter back	McPherson
Vandoozer	Left half back	Karel
Porter	Right half back	Peel
Sloate	Full back	Richards

GAME AT PHILADELPHIA.

University of Pennsylvania and Cornell Teams to Meet.

Philadelphia, Nov. 26.—Cornell and the University of Pennsylvania teams will line up for their annual battle this afternoon. The weather is almost an exact counterpart of last Saturday, the sky being overcast and a raw, penetrating wind blowing. But, it will take more than threatening weather to keep the football enthusiasts from today's game as they anticipate seeing Pennsylvania play her best game of the season. Capt. Bacham, of the Cornell eleven, professes to be confident that the Ithaca boys will cross the red and blue goal line at least once and also that his team will keep the Pennsylvania score below 20, but it is believed by experts that Pennsylvania will win by 20 to 0. The team will line up as follows:

Philadelphia.	Position.	Cornell.
Boyle (Hedges)	Left end	Tracy
Uffenheimer	Left tackle	White
Woodruff	Left guard	Reed
Overfield	Center	Pound
Wharton	Right guard	Clark
Farrar	Right tackle	Sweetland
Rickson	Right end	Taussig
Weeks	Quarter back	Bassford
Gelbert	Left half back	McKeever
Morice	Right half back	Beacham
Minds	Full back	Ritchie

NEW YORK'S GAME.

Carlisle Indians and the University of Providence.

New York, Nov. 26.—Fully 10,000 people witnessed the football game at Manhattan field today between the Carlisle Indians and the men from Brown university, of Providence. The teams lined up as follows:

Brown.	Positions.	Carlisle.
Murphy	left end	Jamison
Casey	left tackle	H. Pierce
Wheeler	left guard	Wheelock
Dyer	Centre	Lone Wolf
Coombs	Right guard	R. Pierce (capt.)
Locke	Right tackle	Morrison
Chace	Right end	Miller
Colby (capt.)	Quarter back	Hudson
Gammons	Left half back	Cayou
Fulton	Right half back	McFarland
Hall	Full back	Metoxen

NAVAL CADETS DEFEATED.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 26.—The Lafayette college eleven defeated the naval cadets here today by a score of 18 to 6. The visitors did not score in the first half nor the cadets in the last.

FOOTBALL IN MISSOURI.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 26.—This year's annual contest between the elevens of the Missouri and Kansas state university has worked up more enthusiasm than any previous game played in Kansas City. Special trains brought crowds, supporters of each team, from surrounding cities, and when the men lined up at 2:30 fully 15,000 spectators greeted them. The teams are in splendid physical condition. Cool, bright weather prevailed, but the grounds were slippery from a heavy rain that fell during the night. Mudd, of St. Louis, acted as referee and Fred Carroll, of Lincoln, Neb., as umpire. The lines were Lieut. Smith for Kansas, and Price of last year's eleven for Missouri.

CHILIAN REVOLUTION.

Rumor to That Effect Reaches Washington.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Indefinite rumors reached here today of a revolution in Chile, but are discredited at the Chilean legation, where Minister Gana received a cablegram from the under minister of foreign affairs giving the names of a cabinet just formed by President Errazuriz. The cable makes no reference to any disorder, and this, with the announcement of the cabinet is taken as conclusive evidence that the revolutionary rumors are unfounded. The new cabinet is: Prime minister and minister of the interior, Carlos Antunez; foreign relations, Carlos Morla; justice and public instructions, Pugaborne; finance, Solomayor; war and navy, Elias Fernandez Albano; public works and industries, Francsco Borga Valdes Cuevas. President Errazuriz named a cabinet shortly after assuming office on Sept. 18, but there was opposition to it by the parliament and as a result this new cabinet is named.

INSPECTING MONUMENTS.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Nov. 26.—Governor D. R. Hastings, of Pennsylvania, and party arived in the city last night. They are on a tour of inspection of the monuments erected to Pennsylvania troops that fought at Chickamagua and Lookout mountain. They are being driven over the city and battlefields today. While here the park commission of Pennsylvania will decide upon the location of a number of new monuments to be erected at once. The party will remain in the city today and tomorrow, and return home by way of Pittsburg tomorrow night.

A SUGAR TRUST CASE.

Washington, Nov. 26.—It is expected that one of the first decisions to be reached by the United States supreme court, when it reassembles, will be on the writ of error in the case of Broker Elverton R. Chapman, of New York city, one of the "contumacious" witnesses before the sugar trust investigating committee of the senate a couple of years ago. Chapman was taken as a test case by the government, largely to govern the prosecution in the other long litigated cases. If the writ is dismissed, it is probable that the New York broker will be immediately surrendered, and his bondsmen and habeas corpus proceedings then instituted in order to secure a decision on the constitutionality of the law, on which the prosecutions are based.

ROMANTIC

Scientist Manning, of Geological Survey, to Wed an Indian Beauty.

He Had to "Cut Out" Another Suitor to Win the Maid.

She Belongs to the Creek Tribe in the Indian Territory.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The approaching marriage of Van H. Manning, of the United State geological survey, to a beautiful Indian girl, Miss Elizabeth Crabtree, belle of the Creek nation, is an event that will profoundly stir the social circles of this city, where Mr. Manning is well known, his father being the late Representative Manning, of

MISS CRABTREE.

Mississippi, a member of congress for many years, and his mother and sisters residing in Georgetown. He is a popular young man, and a widower. He has been in charge of the survey party at South MacAllister in the territory during the absence of Mr. Fitch, topographer-in-chief, and will be stationed there a year and a half longer.

Miss Crabtree is the daughter of W. F. Crabtree, a wealthy stockman and ranch owner of Muskogee, I. T., through whom her claim to "head money" and other perquisites of citizenship come. Mr. Crabtree is one of the prominent men of the Creek tribe. Her mother is a member of the Carter family of Virginia. She is 19 years of age, and is extremely fair, with dark eyes and bronze-brown hair, and was educated in one of

MR. MANNING.

the colleges of the territory. She is musical and dances like an angel. The members of the geological survey, in locating at Muskogee for a while, were not met by the frigid reception accorded the Dawes commission by the Creeks, but were hospitably entertained.

There is a little romance back of the wedding. A young member of the surveying party, a Washingtonian, formed a fancy for the dark eyes, the sunset-tinted hair and the lissome form of Miss Crabtree. In a moment of thoughtlessness he introduced young Manning to this ideal creature. And Manning played havoc with the young Washingtonian's prospects, for in a few weeks the announcement was made that the comely daughter of the aborigines was to become the bride of the young scientist. Mr. Manning will spend his honeymoon in and around this city.

ASPHALT MINE BURNING.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 26.—A special to the Tribune from Price, Utah, says: The Gilson asphaltum mine, at Fort Duchesne, is still burning fiercely. All attempts so far to extinguish the flames have been unavailing. Work is now being directed to the air shaft in hopes that by cutting off the air the fire can be brought under control. The entire underground workings of the mine have been destroyed. It is impossible to get an estimate of the damage sustained by the company, but it is hardly probable that work can be resumed this winter.

THE MISSOURI COUNT.

Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 26.—The secretary of state has completed the count of the vote for presidential electors in Missouri, it shows a total vote cast of 674,018, divided as follows: Democratic, 463,652; Republican, 304,940; Prohibition, 2169; Socialist-Labor, 610; Palmer-Buckner, 2355; National (Prohibition), 292. Bryan's electors had 58,712 votes more than McKinley.

A FATAL ROAD RACE.

New Orleans, Nov. 26.—This morning just as the bicycle road race started off, two of the riders collided, and one was fatally injured. His name was Robert Kennedy. The other party is A. Orr Kennedy, died at 10:20.

WILL WIN IN 1900.

What Mr. Bryan Said at Colorado Springs Yesterday.

Colorado Springs, Col., Nov. 26.—William J. Bryan delivered an address last night before 5000 people that met him at the depot while he was passing through the city on his return from Pueblo. Mr. Bryan spoke from the balcony of the hotel adjoining the depot for nearly half an hour. He was introduced by Mayor Plumb, and after the cheering had subsided, said in part:

"I did not suppose I could find so many people gathered in the United States who had not learned that the election was over. You act as though you were in the midst of a campaign or were celebrating a victory just won. You are right; we are in the midst of a campaign. We are going to accomplish in 1900 what we have failed to accomplish in 1896."

HIS SPEECH AT PUEBLO.

Pueblo, Col., Nov. 26.—In the afternoon Mr. Bryan spoke first to an open air gathering at the Centennial high school building. He was next presented to an audience of 5000 people in the Mineral palace. After this address, he spoke to an overflow meeting outside the building. He was then driven to the Grand opera house which had been crowded for two hours. When this address was ended Mr. Bryan was taken to dinner at the Union Depot hotel and at 7 o'clock took the Rock Island train home.

FREE DELIVERY.

Great Success of the Rural Mail Routes.

Washington, Nov. 26.—Reports showing the results of the rural free delivery experiments by the government are reaching the postoffice department from the localities where the service is on trial. They are said to show general satisfaction with the service and good results of the work as a whole. The reports will be embodied in a special report on the scheme and its feasibility to be forwarded by the postmaster general to congress early in the session. What recommendations he will make is not known, but the immense cost involved in the general adoption of rural free delivery will be pointed out.

INTO GERMAN HANDS.

Change in Control of Five Copper Mines.

Houghton, Mich., Nov. 26.—The deal by which German capitalists acquire possession of five Houghton copper mines was practically closed last evening, a few formalities only remaining for settlement Friday.

The mines are the Huron, Grand Portage, Sheldon and Columbian and Isle Royale. The Montezuma mineral property adjoining the Grand Portage is included in the purchase, also a mill site on Portage lake three miles east of Houghton.

The purchase price was under $175,000, but the merging of the five properties and development on a large and modern scale will require an additional million dollars. Work for 500 to 1000 men will be furnished by the consolidated properties.

PASSENGER AGENTS.

Touring About the Western Scenic Resorts.

Denver, Col., Nov. 26.—General Passenger Agent P. S. Eustis, Lucius Wakely and J. Francis, of the Burlington system, accompanied by a score of general traveling passenger agents, arived in this city yesterday morning from the East. The party was taken in hand by General Agent George W. Hallery and Traveling Passenger Agent A. B. Smith, who accompanied them West last night. A leisurely journey will be made to Salt Lake City, when the party returns East. En route, Greenwood Springs, mountain resorts and other places in Colorado will be visited, their scenic attractions carefully noted, and healthy claim investigated. This data will be carefully compiled, placed in a gracefully printed form and distributed in pamphlets by the thousands for the edification of the East.

General Passenger Agent Francis talked in a hopeful strain, stating that Eastern lines looked forward to a large business next year. The advance agent of prosperity was already beginning to be felt East of the Missouri river. The railroad men expressed regret that their arrival had not been a day earlier, so they could have had an opportunity of hearing Bryan.

THE COUNT IN TEXAS.

Dallas, Texas, Nov. 26.—It is evident now that Texas at the election of Nov. 3 cast more than 550,000 votes, and that the plurality of Bryan and Sewall over McKinley and Hobart is at least 150,000. If the Bryan and Watson vote is added, Bryan beats McKinley more than 200,000. In either case, Texas gives Bryan the largest plurality of any state carried by him.

THE JURY DISAGREED.

Denver, Col., Nov. 26.—Just before midnight last night the jury in the United States court reported a disagreement in the case of Charles M. Clinton, J. J. Ritcham and Charles Kunzmiller, officials of the defunct German National bank, charged with false returns to the comptroller of the currency. The jury had been out since Saturday afternoon.

SWELL VICTORIA WEDDING.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 26.—The marriage was solemnized here yesterday of Victor Stanley, heir presumptive to the Earl of Derby, and Annie, second daughter of Hon. C. E. Pooley, of the provincial cabinet. The wedding was the most fashionable in the history of British Columbia.

EXPOSITION ABANDONED.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 26.—Owing to the refusal of the bankers to contribute, it has been decided to abandon the proposed exposition, which was to have been held here in 1898 to commemorate the semi-centennial anniversary of the admission of Wisconsin to the Union. Some different form of celebration will be adopted.

AN EMBEZZLER CAUGHT.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 26.—Sheriff J. B. Murphy, of Marengo, Iowa, arrived here this afternoon with requisition papers from Governor Drake for the release of Benjamin Wright, alias Bennett, who is wanted in Iowa for embezzlement. Sheriff Murphy left for Iowa with his prisoner tonight.

MINERS

Miners' Union at Leadville Issues an Address to Governor McIntyre.

Charge That Mine Owners Have Conspired to Break the Union.

And Asks For the Withdrawal of Troops From Leadville.

Leadville, Col., Nov. 26.—The Cloud City Miners' union has issued an address to Governor McIntyre and to the people to show that a conspiracy exists among mine owners for the purpose of keeping the state troops in Leadville until the union is disorganized. The miners disclaim responsibility for the Cripple Creek and other outrages that have occurred here and offer to guard property and aid in keeping peace if the troops are withdrawn. The address concludes as follows:

"The only practical use to which the troops have been put so far has been to act as a body guard, or escort of honor, to the imported miners from their homes to the mines and to make a display of armed force. These miners are in no danger whatever from the Miners' union. The presence of the militia in Leadville, so far, will cost the people of the state some $200,000. Every day that they remain here will add something of $2000 to this large sum. It must all be paid from taxes. Will the state further lend its aid at such tremendous cost, to destroy and crush organized labor—to assist one class of citizens, strong and powerful, against another class of citizens weak and humble in comparison? The miners have always desired peace, always been anxious to settle the differences between themselves and the operators amicably.

"When the Welden mine was put in the hands of a receiver he was directed by Judge Owens to pay the miners at the rate of $3 per day for underground men and $2.50 per day for top men. While the union miners believed that the arrangement made by the court, as to the Welden mine, did not fully recognize the justice of their claims, they were willing for the sake of peace and harmony, and compromise, that such a rate should be established throughout the camp, but the mine operators would not have it so. Nothing short of the destruction of the Miners' union and a level rate of $2.50 per day would satisfy them. Neither of these things ought to happen. Justice and humanity alike demanded that these ultimate purposes of the mine managers be thwarted. Organization of workingmen has become a necessity in all lands. It is lawful and commendable. Ten or twelve men, though wealthy and powerful, should not be allowed to crush and destroy it in this Western land. Much less should they be aided and encouraged in doing so.

"The miners of the union are anxious for an amicable settlement of this trouble. They opened the field of this immensely productive district. They made it possible for millionaires to arise from it. They have in it the interest of their day's pay, bread and meat, shelter and clothing for themselves and their humble dependents; others have in it the interest of rapidly accumulating fortunes. The miners are ready and willing to entertain and consider any reasonable proposition looking toward a settlement. They will meet the operators in a spirit of justice; they cannot, of course, and ought not to consent to the destruction of the union, for that is the bulwark of their safety. It stands between respectable labor life and tramp life. Neither can they consent to perform their hard and exhaustive labor, undergo its constant hardships and face its manifold dangers for less wages than will supply them with the necessities of life. These two things are all they demand. All they ask is for the right of their union, the right for themselves to live."

ROSS HAD A SHORTAGE.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 26.—E. Ross, the trusted money clerk of the express company, who mysteriously disappeared five days ago, is believed to have gone to Mexico. The officials of the company still remain reticent, although pushing an active search for Ross, and continue to go over his books. It is said that he has been traced as far West as Wichita, and that detectives working on the case are following him, and will give good results within a few days. Two packages containing an aggregate of $1500 are missing. What further investigation will reveal remains to be seen.

HUNGARIAN PARLIAMENT OPENED.

Buda Pest, Nov. 26.—Emperor Francis Joseph, as king of Hungary, opened parliament in the castle of Ofen today. In the speech from the throne his majesty referred entirely to the internal measures contemplated. He said that efforts would be made to improve the condition of agriculture for the development of the agrarian bank system, for the construction of irrigation works and other measures of a like nature. His majesty also urged the attention of parliament to the carrying out of currency reform and the resumption of specie payments.

CONGRESSIONAL LIBRARY.

Washington, Nov. 26.—The joint library committee of the senate and house which is holding daily sessions for the purpose of devising means for the advice of a number of eminent librarians, including President Brett, of the American Library association, Professor Putnam, of Boston, and the heads of the state library at Albany and the Columbia College library. Members of the committee say there has been no request for the use of the new library building for the inaugural ball. They seem averse to such a program and say the building is not adapted to this purpose.

PROMINENT FRENCHMAN DEAD.

Paris, Nov. 26.—M. Frances Victor Emanuel Argo, formerly French ambassador at Berne, is dead. He was born in 1812 and was a nephew of the famous literateur and statesman, Etienne Arago. In 1844 he represented France at Berlin. After Sedan he was a member of the government of national defense.

NIMROD

Prize Bear Story Which Comes From Far Off Kodiak Island.

Native Greases His Head and Lets a Grizzly Bear Lick It.

Afterwards the Bear Cuts His Own Throat With a Spear.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—H. J. Barling, who is identified with the salmon industry at Alaska, as the owner of an extensive canning plant at Karluk Kodiak island, has just arrived from the North. He brought down with him some of the largest bear skins ever seen in San Francisco. One of them, a perfect and unblemished skin of an enormous grizzly, measures twelve feet from tip to tip. Mr. Barling has a marvelous tale to relate of the natives' way of killing a bear. It is this:

"There are many grizzlies on Kodiak island," he said, "as well as a large number of Cinnamon bears. I was cruising around in a launch in an unfrequented cove one day when I spied two immense grizzlies. They were so large that I did not care to go after them, but when I got back to Karluck I communicated the fact to an Indian who bore the reputation of being one of the best bear hunters in that country. Although 52 years old, he had to ask his mother for permission, which, being granted, he started across the country after the bears. Some of the natives of Kodiak use fire arms on their hunting expeditions.

"This fellow simply armed himself with a long spear. He greased his head and got to windward of the animals. Pretty soon he heard a tramping in the brush and knew the prey was approaching. He dug a hole in the ground, planted one end of the spear firmly with the point in the direction of the bear, and then crouched down. The bear came along and licked the head of the Indian. With a swift and dexterous movement the native cut a gash in the bear's neck with a sharp spear point. The angered animal drew back a few yards and made a rush. He imprisoned himself on the spear and all was over."

HAVANA IS FEARFUL.

Anticipating an Attack By the Insurgents.

New York, Nov 26.—The officers of the steamer City of Washington, which arrived yesterday from Havana, say that the Cuban capital is in the worst possible state of fear. The residents are momentarily expecting an attack by the insurgents. The prisons are full, business is at a standstill and merchants of Spanish ideas are preparing to leave the country.

A passenger named J. W. Brown, an Englishman recently released from a Cuban prison, where he spent a month for shouting in the streets of Havana "Cuba Libre," and who was expelled a week ago by order of Capt. Gen. Weyler, was one of the passengers. Brown said that his treatment by the Spanish authorities was brutal in the extreme, and that if he had not had papers proving him to be a British subject, he would have been shot or would still be in a Spanish jail. He had been four years in Havana, and is now on his way home.

"Cuba in my mind is lost to Spain. The latter country is now on her beam ends and the little island will soon engulf her," said Brown.

Brown declared that no political prisoner knew what he was arrested for until he had been in prison for some time. As to his own case, he does not remember having given the Spaniards any just cause for his arrest.

"Let me tell you something of Weyler's system," he said. "Honore Laine was captured by Gen. Maceo of the Cuban army nine months ago. He was detained but a few days. After his liberation Laine returned to his home in Havana. Later he was arrested at the instigation of a personal enemy, a particular friend of Gen. Weyler's. Several months after his arrest he was tried before a jury composed of Weyler's own creatures and declared innocent. Did that make any difference? Not a bit. He is still held a prisoner and his case has been referred to Madrid.

"Gen. Weyler showed his displeasure to the court that declared Laine innocent by sending its officers into the field as a punishment. Mr. Laine is a Frenchman and is trying to call his case to the attention of the French government.

"Weyler has had many foreigners arrested. He detests them. Most of these prisoners have never seen the light of day. Finally they drop out of sight. It saves the country the trouble of a trial. The poor Cubans get short shift. It is sufficient to know that he is a sympathizer in the cause. That is his death warrant."

Mr Brown related many instances of alleged cruelties by the Spaniards. Dr. Taylor, another prisoner, says that Spain's cause is lost and that Gen. Weyler has 30,000 sick soldiers on his hands.

WASHBURN CAUSTIC.

New York, Nov. 26.—Ex-Senator W. D. Washburn of Minnesota, who is at the Fifth Avenue hotel, said that he did not care to discuss ex-Governor Merriam's chances of being selected for President-elect McKinley's cabinet.

"Is not ex-Governor Merriam supported by the Republicans of his state for the cabinet?"

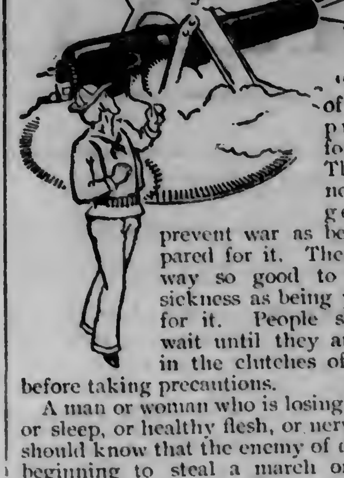
"I do not care to go into the details of this question. The ex-governor succeeded in having nominated for governor a Republican by the name of Clough, who ran 50,000 votes behind the McKinley ticket. In view of that fact I do not think the Republicans of the state desire to support him for a cabinet portfolio."

A FERRY WAR ARMISTICE.

St. Louis, Nov. 26.—The dispute between the Wiggins Ferry company and the Inter-state Sand Car Transfer company has now changed into a legal controversy. Judge Wood, of St. Louis circuit court, will finally pass upon the case tomorrow and until that time, a truce has been practically declared.

VERY SICK POLICEMAN.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 26.—Chief of Police L. E. Irwin, who has been ill with blood poisoning, the culmination of Bright's disease, is very low and the attending physician gives but little hope of recovery.



"In time of peace prepare for war." There is no way so good to prevent war as being prepared for it. There is no way so good to prevent sickness as being prepared for it. People shouldn't wait until they are fairly in the clutches of disease before taking precautions.

A man or woman who is losing appetite or sleep, or healthy flesh, or nerve force, should know that the enemy of disease is beginning to steal a march on them. Then is the time to stand to your guns and build up your system with Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It builds up health and strength by putting a new vital element into the blood; it makes it pure and rich. It empowers the blood-making machinery to manufacture the life-giving red corpuscles. It stimulates the digestive powers and the liver.

Delicate, pale and puny people are made robust and hearty and rosy-checked by this wonderful "Discovery." Corpulent people can take it with benefit because it doesn't make flabby fat, but hard muscular flesh. It has the most extraordinary efficacy in chronic bronchial, throat and lung affections and even in consumption.

Dr. Pierce's great book, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," would prevent more than half the sickness in any family. It gives the best advice and hundreds of simple remedies for curing common ailments without a doctor. It tells all about anatomy and physiology and the origin of life, and is the most valuable, practical medical work ever printed. A free copy in paper covers sent for 21 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing *only*. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y. For cloth-bound, 10 cts. extra.

MURDERED IN MEXICO.

Three American Colonists Killed at Metlalconca.

San Francisco, Nov. 26.—Private advices received from the American colony at Metlalconca in the state of Pueblo, Mexico, gave definite information of assassinations by peons which the Mexican government has until now been able to keep secret. There are several Californians in the colony, and in view of recent events, they are fleeing to this country for their lives. The Mexican government has sent troops to the colony in the hope of capturing the assassins, who during the past four months have murdered three Americans in cold blood.

The colony was formed about four years ago and numbers 200 souls. A tract of 100,000 acres of land was secured at Metlalconca, midway between Tampico and Vera Cruz. Most of the colony were prosperous farmers of the United States who disposed of their property and invested the proceeds in improving their tracts in the colony. Over $500,000 was invested in improvements and the raising of coffee was begun. President Diaz and the Mexican government afforded the colonists important aid and every encouragement was offered for the investing of their capital. The prosperity of the colonists aroused the hatred of the Mexicans who perpetrated a series of robberies. Cases of arson followed and finaly three murders were committed, all within a month. The victims were Thomas Gomez, C. Delny and Charles Pills.

A San Francisco man who has invested heavily in the colony stated today that a reign of terror prevailed at Metlalconca and that its effect was bound to be disastrous to the colony. The peons he decuared, were determined to drive the settlers from the country, and unless the government interfered, their efforts would succeed. It is understood the state department has been made acquainted with the facts and that the Mexican government would be called upon to make a thorough investigation of the facts and to afford American citizens the protection they need.

DANGEROUS SURGERY.

Death Follows the Surgeon's Knife—Not the Surgeon's Fault, of Course. He Can't Help It—You Can.

Pyramid Pile Cure Cures Piles Quickly, Painlessly, Without Danger.

People go along for years suffering with piles. They try this and that and the other thing; from carrying a buckeye to getting treatment from a physician. They obtain temporary relief, maybe, but they are never quite cured. A little strain in lifting, excessive fatigue, a little constipation or a little diarrhoea and the piles come back.

They don't seem to amount to much, but they banish sleep and appetite. No position is comfortable. There is intense local pain, and that dreadful feeling of weight in the perineum.

Maybe in the early stages some of the many salves on sale will afford temporary relief. If the case is of long standing there is only one speedy and sure remedy. It is Pyramid Pile Cure. Even in light cases it is the safest thing to use. Other applications may cure and may not. Pyramid Cure is always certain, always reliable, always brings comfort at once. It's prompt use saves months of severe suffering. In extreme cases it will save surgical operations and their attendant dangers and discomforts. It is better than a knife. Will cure easier, quicker and safer. Thousands have used it. Thousands have been cured by it. The cost is trifling, compared with what it does. The price is 50 cents. Most anybody would gladly pay $10 to be rid of piles.

Druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure. If yours hasn't it he will get it for you from the Pyramid Drug company, of Albion, Mich., (sole manufacturers.)

THE WIDOW'S FEELINGS.

Cincinnati Enquirer: "If she were a young girl," said the plump juryman with a metropolitan air, "I would be in favor of assessing the damages you wish. But it seems to me that a widow is not entitled to quite so much for the damage to her feelings by breach of promise."

"I don't look at it that a-way at all," said the long juryman, with the red clay on his boots. "I take it that a widder's feelin's 'ud be hurt the wust, 'cause she realizes what she is losin'."

HOW IT FAILED.

Chicago Tribune: "And you four brothers were named Edmund, Edgar, Edward and Edwin, were you? What could have been your parents' object in that?"

"They wanted to keep us from ever being nicknamed."

"Did it have that effect?"

"Not exatly. We've always been called Chuck, Snorkey, Flipps and Pilgarlic."

ABROAD

Thanksgiving Celebrated at American Consulates and Embassies in Europe.

Great Assembling of Consuls and Distinguished Guests at Berlin Embassy.

King Gobble's Day Remembered in the Eternal City By Services.

Berlin, Nov. 26.—At the Thanksgiving banquet tonight of the American colony, Ambassador Uhl and William S. Cerrell, consul general for the United States at Dresden, will be the principal speakers. It is expected that 400 persons will be present, including Charles B. Kay, the United States consul general here; Georg Keenan, consul general at Bremen; James C. Monaghan, consul at Chemnitz; William J. Black, consul at Nuremburg; Thomas E. Moore, consul at Weimar; Fredrick Okke, consul at Breslau; William C. Drehr, consular agent at Guebea; Edward T. Crane, consul at Hanover; Peter V. Deuster, consul at Crefeld; Julius Muth, consul at Magdenburg, the Rev. Dr. Dickie, pastor of the American church in this city and the Rev. Dr. Clarke, president of the United States Christian Endeavor society, who has just arrived here from Turkey.

The banquet will be preceded by a reception at the Kaiserhoff, at which Mrs. Uhl will preside. The German-American society will also give a banquet in honor of Thanksgiving day.

THANKSGIVING AT ROME.

Old Glory Fanned By Breezes From the Seven Hills.

Rome, Nov. 26.—The stars and stripes floated today over the United States embassy consulate, the American college and the residences of the Americans here. Religious services were celebrated in the National church by the Rev. Dr. Nevin and were attended by nearly all the leaders of the American colony. The United States abassador, Wayne McVeagh, was unable, on account of ill health, to be present.

QUIBBLING.

Cincinnati Enquirer: "I will write you a good recommendation as to your working ability," said 'Rastus's employer, who had been forced to part with him because of the mysterious disappearance of sundry small articles, "but I am afraid I can't say much for your honesty."

"Tell you, Mr. Blackwell," said 'Rastus, after a moment's thought. "Yo' might put in de words dat I is as honest as I kin be, kain't you?"

SIMPLE HEADACHE CURE.

A noted physician has met with great success in his treatment of cases of "nervous" headaches, and he has finally disclosed the secret. In each case, he says, he prescribed, briefly, a simple hair cut. The curative property of the treatment is based on the fact that the tube which passes through the entire length of each single hair is severed in the process, and the hair "bleeds," as the barbers say, thereby opening a safety valve for the congested cranium.

IT NEVER FAILS.

London Truth: With a ringing cheer the enemy advanced to attack the intrenchments.

"Fire!" hoarsely shouted the artillery captain, and the roar of guns responded, but without checking the steady advance of the assailants.

One piece remained undischarged.

"Why don't you fire it?" demanded the captain.

"I—I don't know if it's loaded," replied the gunner.

A gleam of joy lit up the stern features of the commander.

"Then victory is ours," he shouted, hastily applying the match.

The discharge mowed down the advancing column, and the assault was repelled.

'Twas ever thus.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

HER HAPPY DAY.

A CHARMING STORY OF MEDICINE AND MARRIAGE.

Two Open Letters From a Chicago Girl —How Happiness Came to Her.

Among the tens of thousands of women who apply to Mrs. Pinkham for advice and are cured, are many who wish the facts in their cases made public, but do not give permission to publish their names for reasons as obvious as in the following, and no name is ever published without the writer's authority; this is a bond of faith which Mrs. Pinkham has never broken.

Chicago, Jan. 5th, '95.

My dear Mrs. Pinkham:—A friend of mine, Mrs. ——, wants me to write you, because she says: "you did her so much good." I am desperate. Am nineteen years of age, tall, and weighed 138 pounds a year ago. I am now a mere skeleton. From your little book I think my trouble is profuse menstruation. My symptoms are * * * * etc.

Our doctor (my uncle) tells father that I am in consumption, and wants to take me to Florida. Please help me! Tell me what to do, and tell me quickly. I am engaged to be married in September. Shall I live to see the day? * * * *

LUCY E. W.

Chicago, June 16th, '95.

My dear Mrs. Pinkham:—This is a happy day. I am well and gaining weight daily, but shall continue the treatment and Vegetable Compound during the summer, as you suggest. Uncle knows nothing about what you have done for me, because it would make things very unpleasant in the family. I would like to give you a testimonial to publish, but father would not allow it. * * * * I shall be married in September, and as we go to Boston, will call upon you. How can I prove my gratitude? * * * *

LUCY E. W.

Just such cases as the above leak out in women's circles, and that is why the confidence of the women of America is bestowed upon Mrs. Pinkham.

Why are not physicians more candid with women when suffering from such ailments?

Women want the truth, and if they cannot get it from their doctor, will seek it elsewhere.

"HIS LAST WORDS."

Kent Wrote Under the Shadow of the Gallows.

Bismarck, N. D., Nov. 26.—What was to have been the last communication of Myron R. Kent, the convicted wife murderer, to his attoreny and friend, M. A. Hildreth, will attract considerable interest, as it was written under the shadow of the gallows and at the only time when Kent apparently wavered in his belief that he would not be executed. The day before the governor granted a reprieve to Kent he had evidently given up all hope and penned the following lines, the sentiment of which he would no doubt have voiced on the scaffold:

Hon. M. A. Hildreth—My Dear Friend: I want to tell you of what my heart is so full and overflowing. The unjust strain put upon my darling boy—the great wrong done me, by family and friends—the stigma upon our fair state and our courts of justice. Whenever and wherever prejudice, perjury and fabrication stalks forth with its mercenary motives and crushes out truth and life, society suffers and crime runs riot protected. Greed and gain or power take the place of conscience and heart. The inhumanity of man to man for self and selfish purposes is rooting out all the higher feelings of fraternity and fellowship of humanity.

Thank God, there is one whose fidelity is as true and sacred as is his life itself to himself and his family. I desire to express my feelings and gratitude for your true devotion as a friend, your loyalty as a brother and your untiring efforts in behalf of justice, truth and conscience. The great majority of the citizens of the state feel thankful for your fearless, courageous efforts made in behalf of justice and truth, and the state will in time express the regret of having her fair name stigmatized by unholy and inhuman judicial murder, which you so loyally tried to prevent (and which the chief executive as indifferently refused to do his duty to his God, conscience and right). I believe in God, and I believe in the human soul. More than 6000 years have proven that His laws are inexorable; that retributive justice sooner or later knocks at the doors of those who have violated His laws and wronged their fellow-men. This unholy and wicked conspiracy and perjurious judicial murder will be laid bare, for it is in keeping with His laws; then my darling boy will have the unjust stain wiped from his dear, innocent character—then will the piercing rays of truth shine forth in sorrow, proclaiming the injustice done a human being through prejudice, enmity, revenge, conspiracy, fabrication and perjury—that juries are as ready to believe perjuries as the truth; that they are careless and indifferent to their oaths and their consciences and are swayed by influences from sworn duty. Even local commerce and trade and political ties and pulls have entered our jury boxes and influenced the verdict rendered. This is truth, and is as horrible as true. You are one of God's noblemen. * * * Dear friend, if they do make my darling boy an orphan by cold, judicial murder, may I ask you to plainly bury me in Fargo, and when friends will permit, place a slab on my grave with the inscription, "Murdered by Hoy and Erlichman and their cohorts. God in His own good time will reveal this truth. W. W. Pancoast." Watch these murderers and perjurers until this unholy unjustice is made right before the world, for the good of mankind and my darling boy.

God bless you and your dear ones. Good-bye. MYRON.

ONE BOY'S VIEW.

Chicago Tribune: The children of a North Side clergyman were discussing the reasons why their father forbade their going to the circus.

"He thinks it's wrong," said one of them, "because it's cruel to the horses to make them go around the ring so fast."

"I don't believe that's the reason," observed another. "It must be because the actors get hurt sometimes."

"I guess he thinks it's wrong," suggested a third, "because you don't learn anything at a circus, and it's a waste of money."

"No; that ain't it," said the youngest. "He thinks it's wicked 'cause it's lots of fun!"

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Capt. G. Sanderson, United States army, has made his annual report as superintendent of the Yellowstone park. It shows in detail the plan of improvement; estimates that $190,000 can be profitably expended during the coming year, and $50,000 next year which will complete the scheme of road building now projected. During the year the exact limits of the park have been marked by stone monuments.

Washington society is agitated over the attempt of Prince Augustin Yturbide to regain membership, by legal measures, in the Metropolitan club from which he was expelled for making scandalous charges against a lady. The case will be determined Friday.

The British steamer York, with a cotton cargo from New Orleans, is at Bremen with a fire in her third cargo hold.

Mrs. U. F. Bruun, of Chicago, has been appointed by the National W. C. T. U. to represent that organization at the Scandinavian temperance congress to be held at Stockholm next summer.

Winners at Lexington, Ky., yesterday were: Bloodhound, Goshen, Kisack, Hazel Green and Satsuma.

William Waldorf Astor has given $50,000 to the Children's Aid society to be used to erect a school building in New York city, as a memorial to his wife.

Antonio Lopez Colina, who was the first insurgent leader to rise in Mantanzas will be shot today in the cabanas for treason.

Mgr. Martinelli took part in his first public function in Baltimore at the cathedral yesterday. The occasion was the celebration of the feast day of the patron of St. Mary's, the Virgin Mary. A pontifical mass was sung beginning shortly after 10 o'clock. Mgr. Martenelli was the celebrant. Cardinal Gibbons occupied his throne on the left and there were many priests in the sanctuary.

At Princeton, N. J., the freshmen football eleven from New Haven met defeat at the hands of the Princeton 1900 team yesterday afternoon by a score of 14 to 4. It was a one-sided contest. The Princeton boys were superior at almost every point.

Suicide is the verdict of the coroner's jury which held an inquest on the body of Rev. Miller, of Bloomington, Ill., found in an alley at Decatur Tuesday morning. No reason for the suicide is known. His family relations were most pleasant and his financial affairs are in good condition.

At Maspeth, L. I., last night Tommy Ryan got the decision over Mysterious Billy Smith, of Boston, in the ninth round. The decision was not satisfactory.

John E. Redmond, M. P., for Waterford, Ireland, arrived in New York yesterday. His visit to America is entirely non-political and is simply to fill lecture engagements.

Hon. H. D. Flood, Democrat, has declined the certificate of election to congress from the Tenth district of Virginia, which was awarded to him, on account of clerical irregularities in certifying the vote of Buckingham county. The certificate will be awarded to Jacob Yost, Republican, who carried the district by 117 votes.

A blizzard continues to rage in Montana and the thermometer is 10 below zero.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Two feet of snow on the level and still snowing is the condition that is making cattlemen around Bismarck desperate. With thousands of cattle on the range without food or shelter, the situation is most critical, and heavy losses are expected. There has never been as much snow on the ground at this season of the year as at present.

Two engines pushing a snow plow on the Fargo & Southwestenr railway ran into a crew of section men near Lisbon Tuesday afternoon, and Andrew Bochter was killed. Ed Zaska, M. E. Smith and two other men were badly injured and may die. The coroner decided to hold no inquest as it was purely accidental.

George Gussner, a prominent Bismarck merchant, is being sued by O. J. Warner, a farmer for alienation of his wife's affections, and places the damage at $7500. Gussner claims blackmail.

It is several years since the farmers near Mandan have been in such good shape to pay their bills as now. Many who have been figuring on 35-cent wheat find the market gives them 60 cents and over. The roads are bad now, owing to the last fall of snow, but in a week or ten days, when the roads improve, the thrifty farmers will have pretty well paid up their debts, if wheat keeps up to its present height.

With an abundance of work on hand, the Northern Pacific shops are shut down again at Mandan. The coming month has a certain amount appropiated for use in the repair shops, and so long as the principle of hiring men when there is money from current earnings to pay them is observed, so long will work be slack when passenger and freight is light. The feeling in this county is practically unanimous that a great mistake was made in commuting the sentence of Kent to imprisonment for life. Not that the people of this county are especially bloodthirsty, but the feeling here, where the prisoner was known, and where the circumstances of the murder were also known, is that the extreme penalty of the law should be meted out to him.

Judge McConnell at Fargo has granted a divorce to Louisa from Frederick Pfletenlinger, a wealthy plumber of New York, on the ground of cruelty. The defendant followed his wife here last summer, and created some excitement by attempting to take one of the children.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

A. E. Lee, of Vermillion, feels jubilant over the surety of his election as governor of South dDkota. It is generally conceded by the Republicans in this city that he is elected by at least 200 majority. In a recent interview he said: "There is not the slightest question of my election as governor of this state, and I will take the position the first of the year. I have heard from every county in the state and am so far ahead that it would be impossible for the opposition to steal the place, and if they should attempt it, as has been intimated, some one would see the inside of a penitentiary otherwise than a guest before I quit. My report also shows the Bryan electors are elected by a good safe majority."

Every day brings out new candidates for the United States senate, and the contest is likely to begin in the legislature with at least a dozen full-fledged aspirants and as many more emergency candidates. The complete list, revised to date shows that these gentlemen are occupying conspicuous places on the anxious seat: A. J. Plowman, of eDadwood; H. R. Wynn, of Yankton; F. M. Goodykoontz of Mitchell; Senator Kyle, of Aberdeen; T. N. Null, of Huron; L. N. Crill, of Union county; C. S. Palmer and M. Grigsby, of Sioux Falls.

J. M. Burgess, of Spearfish, recently shot and killed one of the largest deer ever killed in the Black Hills. It measured ten feet from the tip of his nose to its heels, when stretched out, and weighed 240 pounds. It was a ten-pronged buck, and Mr. Burgess refused $40 for the head.

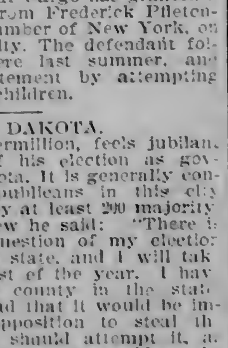
McCaull, Webster & Co. have begun a large elevator at Vermillion. There has been but one firm buying for several years past and now the farmers look for competition and increased prices.

On Tuesday, Dec. 1st

The winter term will begin at the Duluth Business university.

DIRECTIONS. Apply a particle of the Balm directly into the nostrils. Draw strong breaths through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

ELY'S CREAM BALM opens and cleans the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals and Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10 cents, by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation. **Castoria** contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

"For several years I have recommended Castoria, and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., 125th Street and 7th Avenue, New York City.

"**Castoria** is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford Str., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of Castoria is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., New York City.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BEAR IN MIND THAT "THE GODS HELP THOSE WHO HELP THEMSELVES" SELF HELP SHOULD TEACH YOU TO USE

SAPOLIO

Results of treatment.

DR. RODRIGUEZ SPANISH TREATMENT. A Positive Written Guaranteed Cure for **LOST MANHOOD** and all attending ailments, both of young and middle-aged men and women. The awful effects of YOUTHFUL ERRORS, shrunken or undeveloped organs, weakness, Nervous Debility, Nightly Emissions, Consumption, Insanity, Exhausting drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, unfitting one for study, business and marriage, is quickly cured by **Dr. Rodriguez Spanish Nerve Grains.** They not only cure by starting at the seat of disease, but are a great **NERVE TONIC and BLOOD BUILDER**, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restoring the **FIRE OF YOUTH** to the patient. By mail, $1.00 per box or 6 for $5 with written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book free. Spanish Nerve Grain Co., Box 2899, New York.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

If Your Horse is Shod with

"NEVERSLIPS"

He Positively Cannot Slip

His feet are always in good condition. The shoes do not have to be removed to be sharpened. The Calks are steel-centered and *sharpen themselves* until entirely worn out. The Calks are *removable* and new ones can be inserted easily and quickly while the horse is in the stable. No time lost waiting at the blacksmith shop. See that your horseshoer orders *at once* a trial set, and convince yourself. Write for our descriptive circular giving full information. *Mailed free.*

MANUFACTURERS:

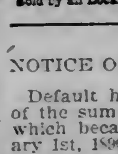
The Neverslip Manufacturing Co., NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J.

AGENTS:

Nichols & Dean, St. Paul,
Minneapolis Iron Stove Co.,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for *Chichester's English Diamond Brand* in **Red** and *Gold* metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. **Take no other.** *Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.* At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and **"Relief for Ladies,"** *in letter*, by return **Mail. 10,000** Testimonials. *Name Paper.* Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Joseph C. Helm, Plaintiff,

vs.

Smith-Fee Company, a corporation, Edward S. Smith, Fred W. Smith, Charles H. Eldridge, Watson S. Moore, R. H. Hunt, Theodosia L. Morgan, Isaac S. Moore, Charles S. Morrow, Hugh H. Janeway, S. E. Smith, Mary F. Dagget, Isabelle Reynolds, J. M. Smith, John Fee, and M. H. McMahon, as assignee of the Smith-Fee Company,

Defendants.

Upon the amended complaint in this action and the affidavit of J. H. Whitely, one of plaintiff's attorneys.

It is hereby ordered that all the creditors of the defendant, the Smith-Fee Company, exhibit their claims herein and become parties to the above entitled action within six months from the date of the publication of this order as hereinafter provided, by making, filing and serving upon plaintiff's attorneys a complaint in intervention, setting forth their respective causes of action, duly verified, and that in default thereof, that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment, which shall be rendered in said action, and from any distribution which shall be made in said action under said judgment.

It is further ordered that all such pleadings so exhibited of creditor's claims herein shall be filed and considered according to the rules of this court.

Let this order be served by publication thereof in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper published in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, once in each week for six successive weeks.

Dated November 11th, 1896.

S. H. MOER, Judge.

McGINDLEY & WHITELY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys
409-412 Providence building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-12-19-26-Dec-3-10-17.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 60-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-four dollars interest which became due and payable on January 1st, 1896, and in the payment of a like amount which became due July 1st, 1896, all of which is owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Albert Poirier and Margaret Poirier, his wife, mortgagors, to American Loan and Trust Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 11th day of March, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 14th day of March, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 54 of mortgages on page 342; which mortgage and the debt thereby secured were duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company to the undersigned Mercantile Trust Company of Providence, R. I., which is now the owner and holder thereof by written instrument bearing date the tenth day of March, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 12th day of March, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 55 of mortgages on page 48.

And whereas said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage and of a certain agreement extending time for the payment of same and has remained for a period of more than ten days, it has become optional with the holder of said mortgage and the notes secured thereby by the terms thereof to declare the whole debt secured by said mortgage to be immediately due and payable, in the exercise of which option the whole amount secured by said mortgage is hereby declared and claimed to be due, and is due, owing and unpaid, amounting at the date of this notice to the sum of eight hundred sixty-four and 80-100 dollars.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale which power by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot number forty-five (45), in block number eighty-two (82), of Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Friday, the 11th day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated October 28th, 1896.

MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, of Providence, R. I., Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY, Attorneys for said Assignee of Mortgagee, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-29-Nov-5-12-19-26-Dec-3.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

WEST END

Bachelors' Ball at Great Eastern Hall a Successful Affair.

Entertainment at Great Eastern Hall Postponed--At the Schools.

Joseph Beck Mourns the Loss of Two Fat Turkeys.

Notwithstanding the bad weather of last evening, the Young Men's Bachelor club gave a very successful dance at Great Eastern hall last evening. About twenty-five couples took supper at the Phillips hotel.

The concert and musical drama which was to have been given at West Duluth this evening, has been postponed until Saturday evening.

The exercises given by the pupils of the Irving school yesterday afternoon were well attended by friends and parents and proved to be quite interesting and instructive.

STOLE HIS FOWLS.

Joseph Beck laid in a supply of three live turkeys for the holiday season yesterday and chuckled to himself over the great feast he was to have with the succulent fowl. He put them into his chicken coop until the time should come for them to be slaughtered. Some unknown person or persons, thinking that three turkeys were too much for Thanksgiving for one family and that prosperity should be more evenly divided up, slyly captured two of the birds last night. This morning Joe was early looking for Lieut. Briggs and the turkey smile which expanded his countenance yesterday was followed by a thoughtful and confused look of wonderment. It is presumed that the other fellow is chuckling today over the good luck which presented him with a turkey feast.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Dr. Cavanaugh went to Hastings to spend Thanksgiving at his old home.

The friends of Edward Armstrong are nursing a little boom for Ed for councilman in the Eighth ward.

Neil McKenzie and family will leave next Tuesday for Tennessee, where they will make their future home.

The infant child of C. W. Hollihan died last night of capillary bronchitis.

James Whitaker, of St. Paul, came up to spend Thanksgiving with his daughter, Mrs. J. Alyn Scott.

IT'S THEIR WAY.

After petite Hattie Wummer had nestled down in the easiest chair, she asked her chum Kate whether she regarded a girl bound by her promise to marry, says the Detroit Free Press.

"I suppose it is according to the point of view. If it transpires that the young man is utterly unworthy, I presume it is right to drop him. If convinced that he would not prove compatible, it might be justifiable to let him down as lightly as possible. But I'm not up on the law, and am rather inclined to think that moral obligations are not considered particularly binding in this connection. Have you a special case to present?"

"In strict confidence, yes. I promised to marry Jack Dasher. I'm not certain that I ever loved him, but that pernickety Miss Dubly was after him, and I just wanted to show her that there are others. Of course, she had the nerve to fling her head right at me, but I did what Jack called a fine piece of interference and she was left."

"I infer from your slang that you gratified your pique by cutting Miss Dubly out and that you are now arranging to throw Jack over."

"Precisely, my dear."

"It is heartless and unprincipled. She is a noble girl and he is one of our manliest young men."

"Oh, very well, if you are going to take the matter so seriously. But how many young men have you jilted, Miss Kate?"

"None, except at the summer resorts, where it is sanctioned and expected."

"No evasion, now. How many scalps do you boast?"

"Ten or a dozen. But that is an entirely different matter. You have cruelly wronged two of her own set. I will tell you plainly that I will make my best efforts to console Jack after you have done what you can to wreck his happiness. Poor fellow!"

"Oh, that's the way the wind sets. Well, I'll tell you just as plainly that I've changed my mind. You needn't worry your little head about consoling my fiance. Jack is a dear old boy and we are engaged. I defy him to annul the contract, and will make life unendurable to any one that tries to come between us."

DON CARLOS' DAUGHTER.

Princess Elvira, daughter of Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne, recently came to Rome to visit her sister, Princess Massimo. She met Count Folchi, an artist, who is a married man with a family, and fell in love with him, with the result that they ran away together, says the New York Herald.

The Princess Dona Elvira is the third daughter, fourth child, of Don Carlos, the pretender to the Spanish throne, and was born in July, 1872. Don Carlos married on Feb. 4, 1867, the Princess Dona Margarita de Bourbon, daughter of the duchess of Parma, who was the sister of the Count de Chambord.

The oldest daughter of Don Carlos married the Archduke Leopold Salvator of Austria. Princess Elvira's brother is Don Jaime, prince of the Asturias, who is the heir to Don Carlos' hopes and dreams of eventually securing the Spanish throne.

Princess Elvira is wealthy. The comte and Comtesse de Chambord bequeathed the larger part of their immense wealth to their favorite niece, wife of Don Carlos. When, however, the duchess died, in 1893, it was found that she had left her money in trust for her children, assigning only a small allowance to her husband, from whom she had lived entirely apart for the last ten or fifteen years of her life. In 1894 Don Carlos married again, his new bride being Princess Bertha of Rohan, who was twenty years his junior.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

Arrange to Enter

The Duluth Business university on Tuesday, Dec. 1, the opening of the winter term.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

That Pleasing Paralyzing Pie!

How good it looks! How good it is! .... And how it hurts. Why not look into the question of **Pill after Pie?** Eat your pie and take Ayer's Pills after, and pie will please and not paralyze.

AYER'S Cathartic Pills
CURE DYSPEPSIA.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Poultry is the principal feature of Michigan street houses nowadays and the supply is very full and fine. Vegetables, too, are in good demand and supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, separators, fancy	21	@ 22
Dairies, fancy, special make	10	@ 15
Packing stock	8	@ 9
CHEESE.		
Turns, flats, full cream, new	9½	@ 10
Full cream, Young America.	10	
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@ 12½
Brick, No. 1	10	
Limb., full cream, choice	9	@ 10
Primost	8	
EGGS.		
Candled, strictly fresh	19	@ 20
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	12½	@ 13
Fancy white clover, strained, in jars, per lb.	12½	
Golden rod	11½	@ 12
Dark honey	11	@ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per pound	10	
Wisconsin, per pound	9	
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@ 1 00
VEGETABLES.		
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85	@ 90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25	@ 2 50
Celery per doz	25	@ 30
Carrots, per bus	35	@ 40
Beets, per bus	35	@ 40
Onions, per bus	40	@ 45
Turnips, per bus	25	
Minn. cabbage, per 100 lbs.	60	@ 70
Potatoes, per bus	25	@ 30
Mint, per doz	25	@ 30
Parsley, per doz	25	
Parsnips, per bus	45	@ 50
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 40	@ 1 50
Horse radish, per lb	8	
Hubbard squash, per doz	50	@ 75
Pumpkins, per doz	75	
Marrow squash, per doz	75	
HERBS.		
Thyme, per doz	25	
Savory, per doz	25	
Sweet Majoram, per doz	25	
Sage, per doz	25	
Dill, per doz	50	
Garlic, per lb	10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25	
Medium, hand picked, bus	90	
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90	
Green and yellow peas	75	@ 80
Wax beans, bus	75	
Green beans, bus	50	
Green peas, bus	66	
FRUITS.		
Florida oranges, per box	4 00	@ 4 50
Mexican oranges, per box	4 00	@ 4 25
Jamaica oranges, per box	4 00	@ 4 25
California pears, per case	2 00	@ 2 50
Del. grapes, 10 lb basket	28	
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@ 1 50
Lemons, per box	4 50	@ 5 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	70	
California grapes, per case	1 25	@ 1 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00	@ 6 50
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@ 2 00
Concord grapes, basket	12	@ 13
New York grapes, basket	11	@ 12
Chestnuts, per lb	6	@ 8
APPLES.		
New apples, per bbl	1 25	@ 2 25
Quinces, per bus	1 50	
Quinces, per bbl	4 50	
DRESSED MEATS.		
Veal, fancy	7	@ 7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5	
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@ 6½
LIVE POULTRY.		
Live turkeys	10	
Spring chickens, per lb	6	@ 7
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Turkeys, per lb	11	@ 12
Chickens, per lb	7	@ 8
Ducks, per lb	9	@ 10
Geese, per lb	10	@ 11
GAME.		
Grouse, per doz	4 50	
Prairie chickens, per doz	3 00	@ 3 25
Pheasants, per doz	2 25	
Partridges, per doz	2 00	@ 2 50
Quail, per doz	2 00	
Canvas back ducks, per doz	3 00	@ 4 00
Mallards, per doz	3 00	@ 3 25
Wood duck, per doz	2 00	
Blue wing teal, per doz	1 25	@ 1 50
Green wing teal, per doz	1 00	@ 1 25
Red heads, per doz	1 75	@ 2 00
Common, per doz	1 50	@ 1 75
Jack snipe, per doz	80	@ 90
Small snipe, per doz	40	@ 50
Woodcock, per doz	3 75	@ 4 00
Geese, per doz	8 00	@ 9 00
Brant, per doz	5 00	@ 6 00
Upland plover, per doz	1 00	
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.		
Bran 200 lbs, sacks included	8 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50	
Red dog	12 00	
Ground feed, No. 1	10 50	@11 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 50	@11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.		
Choice south Minn	$7 00	@ 8 00
Northern Minn	5 00	@ 6 50
Medium	4 50	@ 5 00
Poor	4 00	@ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy	9 50	@10 00

SOCRATES SURVIVED IT.

New York World: The agent at Patras, Greece, of the British steamer Powhattan, which arrived here yesterday, gave to Capt. Harnden a Greek cat named Socrates.

Socrates was sent on board Oct. 6, the day the steamer sailed for Malta. Two days later the cat sprang for the cylinder of a big ventilator, slipped and fell eighteen feet down through the working beams, cranks and pistons and into the ship's hold.

"That's the last of Socrates," said Chief Engineer Pill.

On Nov. 1 "Gee Gee," one of the coal trimmers began to gesticulate wildly.

"Me see scat, scat, miou, miou, ptsch, ptsch—what you call him—il gato."

The steward and the engineer thought "Gee Gee" had seen a ghost, but, taking lamps, they descended into the hold, and there, away back next the hull, between a bunker of coal and the ceiling, were two flaming eyes in a skeleton concealed in a mere sack of fur.

It was Socrates, a little the worse for wear, but still in the ring.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Get latest prices on coal from the Duluth Fuel company. Office, basement of Herald building.

MARINE MATTERS.

NEW ORE DOCKS.

Cleveland, Nov. 26.—A contract was closed yesterday by Andrew Carnegie for the construction of a big ore and coal loading plant at Conneaut, Ohio, and extensive docks will also be built there. Conneaut is the northern terminus of Carnegie's railroad, the Pittsburg, Shenandoah & Lake Erie. Carnegie has a contract with John D. Rockefeller, covering several years, for the delivery of ore from the latter's Lake Superior mines at the docks in Conneaut.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Detour—Sheltered: Fisk, Portage, Alva, Mather and whalebacks, Jay Gould.

Buffalo—Cleared: La Salle, Superior. Toledo—Cleared: Progress, Duluth.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Barge 127, Duluth; Pioneer, allyuga, Marquette, Manola, Fort William.

Port Arthur—Arrived: Chisholm, Gilchrist. Departed: Rosedale, Yuma.

PASSED PORT HURON

Down yesterday: Continental, 2 p. m.; Pope, 2:10; Naples, 2:20; Presley, Frontenac, 2:30; Egyptian, Drake, 2:40; Wilson, Mills, Montgomery, 2:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES

Up yesterday: Senator, 2 p. m.; Spokane, 4; Wilson and whaleback, 4:10; Waldo, 6, Erin, Danforth, 2:30 p. m.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Republic, Griffin, Onoko, Victory, Coralia, Lake Erie, Coal; Moran, Osceola, Centurion, Vanderbilt, Buffalo, mdse; McWilliams, light for grain.

Departed—None since 2:40 yesterday morning.

MARINE NOTES.

The V. H. Ketchum will come to Duluth for wheat, and hold her cargo on board at Buffalo.

Cleveland vessel owners predict a rate of 4 cents on wheat to Buffalo from Duluth this week.

The steamer William Edwards and the schooner Golden Age will lay up at Huron, Ohio.

The fire-damaged steamer Wallula is now at Conneaut discharging her ore cargo.

Hingston & Woods, of Buffalo, have completed their dredging contract at Erie.

A dispatch from Houghton states that the boiler and engine of the burned steamer B. W. Arnold can be recovered in fair condition. The cargo of 575,000 feet of lumber is a total loss.

The steamer James Fiske, Jr., has cleared from Torch lake, Lake Superior, with a cargo of copper for Buffalo. This closes navigation for the season at Torch lake.

The barge which the Globe Iron Works company is to build on its own account will be a duplicate of the one under contract for the Rockefeller fleet—376 feet long, 46 feet beam and 26 feet molded depth.

The owner of the tug Agnes C, at Green Bay, claims that she was sunk by the steamer P. H. Birckhead and proposes to sue for damages.

A dispatch from Sault Ste. Marie last evening said the steamer Queen City, with her cargo of 5430 tons of grain from Duluth, was detained on account of being loaded so deep she could not get over the sill of the movable dam above the locks.

The last boats for Lake Superior will get away from Cleveland about Saturday.

The Colgate Hoyt broke two buckets off her wheel at Buffalo and left for Cleveland for repairs.

A Sault Ste. Marie dispatch says: The steamer Matoa and the 111 are detained here on account of the latter having struck somewhere above the canal. She is now drawing about 17 feet aft. An examination has not yet been made.

A northwest gale, with rain, is raging at Detour.

The following boats are loaded and waiting for more suitable weather before they depart: Lagonda, Schuylkill, Castalia, Harper, North Star, City of Paris, Montana, St. Lawrence, Farwell, Sheldon.

HOUSES IN TREES.

Some authorities claim that man was indubitably at one period of his existence an arboreal animal. He had much to do with "the trees of the garden." In some places, and as represented by some races, he still lives among them, says the London Sun. The natives of New Guinea climb like monkeys, and travel for long distances from one tree to another, without descending to the ground. The birds build their fairy-like cabins on the ground, but the people construct their houses in the top of the tallest forest trees. First, a native having climbed the great trunk of the teak, or cedar, or oak trees he selected, begins by cutting off some of the branches the right length to support a platform of bamboo on which his house is to rest. You would wonder how he could do anything with the tools he uses, if you should see them. He has no saw or steel-edged ax, but only a sort of tomahawk made of stone and knives of bone or hardwood. When, however, he has in some way managed to get the limbs of his tree so cut and fashioned as to support his house, his hardest work is done.

The house itself is built, and is made of bamboo strips of rattan palm leaves.

All parts are firmly lashed together with strips of rattan palm, a very tough vine, used by the natives in place of ropes. It is not a large house, though it sometimes contains several rooms, but it is a safe and secure retreat for the women and children in case of a sudden attack of hostile tribes. The house is reached from the ground by a long ladder or inclined plane, made of woven vines. In case an enemy appears the ladder is drawn up, and the man and his family and the pig are safe within the house.

The elevation not only secures the household from wild beasts and from the ants that roam the country seeking what they may devour, but also from disease germs, which, like those of the yellow fever, do not rise above a certain level. The breeze, too, rocks the house gently, like a cradle, and sets the fresh air into circulation, making it delightfully refreshing after the sultry heats below.

THERE'S ONLY ONE RAILROAD

That operates its trains on the famous block system between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago;

That lights its train by electricity throughout;

That uses the celebrated electric berth reading lamp;

That runs four splendidly equipped passenger trains every day from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Chicago, via Milwaukee;

And that road is the

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL.

It also operates steam-heated vestibuled trains, carrying the latest private compartment cars, library buffet smoking cars and palace drawing room sleepers.

Parlor cars, free reclining chair cars and the very best dining car service.

For low rates to any point in the United States, Canada or Mexico, apply to ticket agents, or address

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agt.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Note.—Elegantly equipped trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis through to Peoria, St. Louis and Kansas City daily.

255 MINUTES TO ST. PAUL
275 MINUTES TO MINNEAPOLIS,

Is the flight of the fast limited between Duluth and Twin Cities, via the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. Shortest, quickest and main traveled road, leaving Duluth at 1:55 p. m.. Other trains, 9 a. m. and 11:15 p. m.. Three each way daily.

THE LAST BLAST.

Revealed the Largest Diamond the World Has Ever Seen.

The Excelsior diamond is the most valuable article in the world of its size. Eight years ago, about the time the diamond trust was formed, eight men had leased a diamond mine near Kimberley, says the London Mail. On the day the lease terminated an English nobleman visited the mine. In order to show him how blasts were made the workmen were ordered to prepare to blow a corner off the gigantic body of rock in which the diamonds were thought to be imbedded.

Work had practically been stopped, and the syndicate was ready to turn the mine over to its successors, when the final blast was prepared as an exhibition to please the English visitor.

After the blast was fired the men clambered over the shattered pieces of stone to see the effect of the explosion. Then the largest brilliant in the world was discovered.

The next day other men took possession of the mine, and it has been worked steadily ever since, but it has produced no more exceptionally large stones. The diamond was named the Excelsior, and removed to Cape Town, being guarded on the way by a squadron of the Sixteenth lancers. From Cape Town it was taken to London by the gunboat Antelope. Since then it has remained in the possession of one member of the syndicate that owns it.

The diamond has not yet been cut, and it may be years before the work is done. There have been various rumors as to the final disposition of the stone. At one time it was said that it had been presented to the pope.

Then it was rumored that the prince of Wales was negotiating for it. Later it was said that the emperor of Germany longed to possess it. All these rumors were untrue. The syndicate has not sold it, and no offer has been made for it.

In order to see the value of a diamond that will weigh perhaps 50 carats—it weighs 971 carats, nearly a half pound, at present—after being cut, the prices paid for other diamonds may be mentioned. The Victoria Jubilee, one of the largest diamonds in the world, weighs 180 carats. It was bought by the nizam of Hyderabad for £300,000 some years ago. Before it was cut it was much larger.

EXCURSION STEAMER SUNK.

New York, Nov. 26.--A dispatch from Sandy Hook reports that the steamboat John E. Moore, on board of which was 150 people bound for the fishing banks, lies sunk, with the water up to her decks, outside the hook. The excursionists are all safe.

BUILDING AND LOAN MEETING.

Denver, Col., Nov. 26.—The interstate buildings and loans convention has completed its sessions and will meet in New York on the third Wednesday of November, 1897. William Gibson, of New York; E. K. Legg, of Baltimore; W. H. Henderson, of Atlanta; W. H. Benton, of Minneapolis; E. H. Webb, of Denver, and C. E. Bach, of Columbus, Ga., were elected executive committee. President John Hankenhard, of New Orleans, was re-elected, and William Gibson was elected treasurer. The secretary, Bird M. Robinson, holds over for another year, when his term of office will expire. Bird M. Robinson, Jabez Coleman and C. E. Bach were chosen a committee on revision of the constitution and good of the order.

A MINNEAPOLIS MURDER.

Minneapolis, Nov. 26.—Mary McDonald, a loose character, known as "Irish Mary," was found at an early hour this morning in the rear of her house, 212 Twelfth avenue south, with her skull crushed in. A colored tough named Carlet Smith has been arrested for the murder. He tells conflicting stories and a colored woman named Pearl Wilson claims to have seen him dragging the body into the shed, where it was found shortly after midnight.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR OUTPUT.

Minneapolis, Nov. 26.—The Northwestern Miller reports the flour output last week at Minneapolis as 334,060 barrels, against 283,855 barrels for the corresponding week of 1895. The irregularity of the water power, causing many short stops, and the large employment of steam, will tend to reduce the output this week. Next week the curtailment promises to be quite marked as the present week is expected to entirely shut off lake shipments, making transportation to seaboard cost 11 cents per barrel higher. Foreigners were generally out of the market, and did not deign to make offers, consequently the orders booked were virtually all domestic, and were in small lots. Export shipments were 68,200 barrels, against 55,100 the week before, and 66,300 in 1895.

THE AGE OF RUSH.

Americans take too little rest. They concentrate all their strength upon a few years' struggle for wealth, and when they have attained success they find they have exhausted their vitality. They have been prodigal of their splendid powers of youth and prime. When it is too late they discover that they have risked health for what is no recompense, and that they have realy thrown away the opportunity of enjoying a long existence. But the fault is not all that of individuals. The exactions of these latter days make men slaves. They have so many things to do and they have to do them in such a rush that they have no chance to recuperate. They are the victims of conditions that are undermining the nation.

MILK.

Milk is apparently a whitish, opaque liquid. In reality it consists of a clear, transparent fluid, containing many minute globules of various sizes, says the Philadelphia Record.

The fluid part is called the milk serum, and consists of water and a number of dissolved solids.

Suspended in the serum are little globules of pure fat, which are semi-solid, and form, with serum a mixture called an emulsion.

The solid constituents present in the serum in largest quantities are sugar and casein; albumen and mineral matter in small quantities, and also a little fibrin, resembling the fibrin of the blood.

There is more sugar in milk than any other solid component.

Milk sugar can be separated and brought into solid form, and resembles powdered white sugar. Its chief use is medicinal.

It is the sugar which undergoes the greatest change when milk becomes sour.

One hundred pounds of good milk contain eighty-seven pounds of water, four of fat, five of milk sugar, 3.3 of casein and albumen, and .7 of mineral matter or salts.

In most states and many large cities the standard of milk is maintained by law, which requires 3 or 3½ per cent of fat and 9 or 9½ per cent of other solids.

It is the solid matter in the milk that gives it its value.

The souring of milk is due to the presence of bacteria.

The average dairy cow gives 370 gallons of milk per year, or about enough to supply fourteen persons with milk.

The milk served by the milkmen in large cities is generally from twelve to twenty-four hours old. Very often it is thirty-six hours old when delivered.

TO BE CONSIDERED.

Puck: First Boarder—That forger you were talking about yesterday has been sentenced to ten years' imprisonment.

Second Boarder—That's a gloomy prospect for a man.

First Boarder—Well, I don't know. They get first-class meals at Thanksgiving and Christmas.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

One Cent a Word.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COOK AND SECOND GIRL. U. S. G. Sharp, West Duluth.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, SOME GOOD SECOND hand furniture; beds, chairs, carpets, etc., for boarding house. Address K 85, Herald.

WANTED—FOR CASH, A GOOD SECOND hand piano. State make and price. K 88, Herald.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of the B. B. Richards Lumber Co., insolvent:

ORDER.

The duly verified petition of the Duluth Trust Co., assignee of the above named insolvent, having been presented to the court and filed in the office of the clerk of this court, and it appearing therefrom, among other things, that the estate of said insolvent consists of a certain sawmill plant, standing pine timber and manufactured lumber;

That the business of said insolvent consisted, at the time of said assignment and during the five years last past, of the manufacture and sale of lumber, lath and shingles, at New Duluth, city of Duluth, said county;

That it is necessary to the protection, safety and conservation of the estate that the petitioner as such assignee be authorized and empowered to cut said timber, to manufacture the same into lumber and to sell and dispose of the same, and to conduct said business of said insolvent;

That the assignee is without funds belonging to said estate; that it is necessary that it be empowered to issue for said purpose, as such assignee, its certificates, which shall be first liens on all the assets of said insolvent, including said standing timber and manufactured lumber.

Upon application of Cotton, Dibell & Reynolds, attorneys for the petitioner.

It is therefore ordered that all creditors and parties interested show cause, if any they have, before this court, at special term, on Saturday, December, 5th, 1896, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the petitioner, as such assignee, should not be authorized and empowered to cut and manufacture into lumber said timber, at said mill, to issue its certificates, as such assignee, in denominations of $100.00, $500.00 and $1000.00 each, payable in 30, 60 or 90 days, in the discretion of the assignee, and to sell and negotiate the same for the purpose of cutting said timber and manufacturing the same into lumber, and conducting said business; why its certificates should not be made first liens upon all the assets of said estate, including said standing timber and manufactured lumber; and why said petition should not be in all respects granted.

It is further ordered that notice of this order, and the hearing herein provided for, shall be given to each creditor whose whereabouts is known to the petitioner, by mailing a copy hereof to him, at his place of residence, with postage prepaid, and that said order be published on at least two successive days in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, said state, before November 28th, 1896.

By the Court,
S. H. MOER,
Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-25-26-27.
Dated Nov. 25th, 1896.

Contract Work.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the county auditor, in the city of Duluth, on behalf of the board of county commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota, up to two o'clock p. m., of December 4th, 1896, for the erection of a mortuary vault at the St. Louis County poor farm, in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by German & DeWaard, architects, now on file in said county auditor's office.

Bidders are requested to submit proposals for both a stone and brick structure.

A bond or certified check in a sum equal to ten per cent of amount bid for the work will be required with each proposal.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-26-27-28.

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R.R.

Shortest in Distance. Quickest in Time.

Leave Duluth		Arrive Duluth
9 am	Day Express except Sunday — St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Winona, LaCrosse, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis—east and west.	7:30 pm
1:55 pm	Fast Limited, daily —St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Milwaukee, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, Kansas City—east and west.	1:00 pm
11:15 pm	Night Express, daily St. Paul, Minneapolis, Stillwater, Winona, Dubuque, Des Moines, all points east and west.	6:30 am

Elegant chair cars on all day trains. Sleepers ready for occupancy at Union depots after 9 p. m.

Tickets sold to all points in United States, Mexico and Canada. Sleeping berths reserved on all lines.

Baggage checked from residences.

Steamship tickets to Europe.

City ticket office, 401 West Superior street, Palladio building and Union depot.

F. B. ROSS,
Nor. Pass. Agt.

If you are Particular

About the accommodations you get when traveling, select the Burlington Route as your line, and you will be more than satisfied.

If you are going beyond Chicago St. Louis, Denver, St. Paul or Minneapolis, and don't know the rate of fare, or the different routes, time, etc., write to Geo. P. Lyman, Gen Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and you will get a prompt reply, or call on any agent of the Burlington Route —they can be found in all principal cities.

Reclining Chair Cars, Compartment Sleepers and Cafe Dining Cars make a combination unequaled for comfort in travel.

One Cent a Word.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO HOUSEwork in small family by competent girl. Address K 84, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man of 20, best of references and habits. Address K 86, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG widow; dining room or chamber work, or light housekeeping. Address Mrs. Ella C. Smith, West Duluth, or inquire at 615 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER BY middleaged lady, in widower's family, who has not too large a family preferred. Address Mrs. J. R. Ives, West Duluth.

A MIDDLEAGED MAN, SWISS, WANTS work in hotel or restuarant. First class bread and cake baker and pastry cook and good all around man; will work cheap. Address Mrs. Haller, 520 West Superior.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN WOULD LIKE position as janitor, collector or timekeeper; or any work of that kind; not afraid of work in any form. Call on or address 9 East Sixth street.

LADY WOULD LIKE SITUATION TO work for room and board for a month or two. Please address Phena King, postoffice, general delivery.

YOUNG MAN WANTS A JOB IN OR around house or store; has had experience as butler; would be willing to work cheap. Adress G. O., postoffice box 670.

SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS COOK; best of city references given. Address K 89, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS SECOND OR night cook. Address C. H., 616 West Third street.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT dressmaker, work at home; good fit and up-to-date dressmaking done at cheap rates. 18 East Second street.

SCOTCH WOMAN WOULD LIKE POsition as sick nurse, also washing, house, store and office cleaning. Cleaning of all kinds cheerfully attended to. Call on or address Mrs. Clark, 104 First avenue west or 9 East Sixth street.

FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, DINING-room or chamber work. Address L 65, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE A SITuation; willing to do any kind of work. L 67, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN, 22 YEARS OF AGE, would like employment of any kind. Address 916 East Seventh street.

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG LADY as stenographer. C 67, Herald.

GOOD GIRL WANTS PLACE FOR GENeral housework. L 70, Herald.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN'S MENDING done neatly. Call forenoons at 517 West First.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

YOUNG AND COMPETENT NURSE would like employment. Charges reasonable. Inquire at 1918 West Fourth street.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

ONE SINGLE AND DOUBLE CUTTER for sale at a bargain. Call at 422 Fifty-fourth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

For Sale---for $150.

12-horse power BOILER and 8-horse power ENGINE in good condition.

IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY, 12 West Michigan.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 23, 1896. Work degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 25, 1896. Work Royal Arch degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MUSIC.

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; teacher of vocal culture, Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils, insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Trains for all points East leaves Duluth Union Depot at ..... **4:10 P. M.** Daily, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:20 a.m

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House ... and Union Depot.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

A. M.	STATIONS.			P. M.
12 00	Ar	Duluth	Lv	3 15
10 50	Ar	Two Harbors	Lv	4 20
8 50	Ar	Allen Junction	Lv	6 25
8 20	Ar	Biwabik	Lv	7 05
8 03	Ar	McKinley	Lv	7 26
7 48	Ar	Virginia	Lv	7 15
7 30	Lv	Eveleth	Ar	8 00
7 55	Lv	Tower	Ar	7 30
7 05	Lv	Ely	Ar	8 25

Daily except Sunday.

A. H. VIELE,
General Passenger Agent.

One Cent a Word.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT. 218 Second avenue west.

DOUBLE ROOM FINELY FURnished; steam heat. 31 East Superior street.

ROOMS WELL HEATED; FIRST CLASS board; bath, etc. 120 First avenue west.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with water. 123 East Third street. Inquire at 202 East Fourth street.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVE-room house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's, 225 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO TRADE, A BICYCLE for a horse. Inquire of Houghton, room 10 Palladio.

NOTICE

Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty-One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated Januray 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 124 of deeds, page 196, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and,

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.

GEO. F. ASH,
NEIL McLACHLAN,
JOHN E. MERRITT,
Commissioners.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 21 to Dec. 1 inc.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.
Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.
TIME CARD.

A. M.	STATIONS.			P. M.
11 40	Ar	Duluth	Lv	3:05
10:40	Ar	Cloquet	Lv	4:15
10:04	Ar	Stony Brook Junction	Lv	4:54
9:25	Ar	Floodwood	Lv	5:32
8:48	Ar	Swan River	Lv	6:12
8 12	Ar	LaPrairie	Lv	6:53
8.05	Ar	Grand Rapids	Lv	7:00
7:10	Lv	Deer River	Ar	7:55

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR,
General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

D. M. PHILBIN,
General Superintendent.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth.

THE EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper

Published at Herald Building, 120 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

10c A Week.

Every Evening Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.00
One year	5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months. Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK..... 17,148

THE WEATHER.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Snow, followed by clearing Friday afternoon; colder tonight; much colder Friday; a cold wave; northeast and north winds, backing to northwest tonight and continuing high.

Storm northeast signals continue at Duluth and Two Harbors.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

"Come to us cheerily, Thankful-day,
Out of the sweet blue sky!
Hearts are hoping and laughs are gay,
Flowers are blooming along the way,
E'en if the frost be nigh.

"Come to us hopefully, Thankful-day,
Out of the tearful tomb!
Stars are steady and sure to stay—
God is watching forever and aye—
E'en in the darkest gloom!"

Thus sings Will Carleton in a lately published poem. The "sweet blue sky" may not be visible to the people of Duluth today, and there may be no flowers "blooming along the way," but hearts are hoping and laughs are gay, and Thanksgiving day is being observed as joyously as ever. There are signs of good cheer on every hand, and this morning the devotional services were well attended and the song of praise and thanksgiving ascended for the blessings and bounties enjoyed during the past year. While business depression has prevailed, the land has been favored with bountiful crops, and other blessings have been vouchsafed to the people, while the outlook is brighter than for many months and in itself furnishes abundant cause for thankfulness.

This is a day hallowed by antiquities, originating in the far East, which has been the birthplace of many of our most cherished institutions, the first record of the celebration being recorded in the Bible, which tells of the Hebrew feast of tabernacles, or feast of ingathering at the end of the year. The thanksgiving custom was inaugurated in Holland in 1575, on the first anniversary of the deliverance of Leyden from siege, and it is believed that the pilgrim fathers there got their idea of thanksgiving, the Pilgrim church having gone to Holland, having been exiled from England in 1575. Governor Bradford issued the first call for Thanksgiving in the Plymouth colony, and the day was observed thereafter in many seasons, although it did not become an annual institution for a long time.

During the revolution Thanksgiving was a national institution, being annually recommended by congress, but after the general thanksgiving for peace in 1784 there was no national appointment until 1789, when President Washington, by request of congress, recommended a day of thanksgiving for the adoption of the constitution. A second thanksgiving proclamation was issued by Washington in 1795 on account of the suppression of insurrection. By request of congress in April, 1815, President Madison recommended thanksgiving for peace. But the official recommendation of Thanksgiving day was mainly confined to New England, where regular annual proclamations were issued by the governors of the states, and the day was generally observed with religious ceremonies and was the principal social and home festival of the year. In 1817 a Thanksgiving day was first officially proclaimed in New York state, and between 1855 and 1858 it was generally adopted in the Southern states. During the civil war President Lincoln issued special thanksgiving proclamations for victories in 1862 and 1863, and a national proclamation of the annual Thanksgiving day in 1863 and 1864, and since that time it has been a national institution observed annually.

TO MAKE A RECORD.

It is refreshing to learn that in the dying days of his administration, President Cleveland has decided to take a few whacks at the trusts, and will endeavor to score a record in this respect. It is said that the president has been spurred to this step by criticism in the newspapers and on the stump during the recent campaign, and if the report be true, it will be agreed that the campaign was productive of one good result at least.

The Washington correspondent of the Chicago Record, usually well-informed, is authority for this statement. He says that with the assistance of his colleagues in the cabinet, Attorney General Harmon has prepared a powerful argument, which he will deliver in the supreme court when the case of the Trans-Missouri Freight association comes up on appeal by the government next month. In the natural order of things this case would not be reached until late in the spring, but it has been advanced on the docket in order to give the administration an opportunity to make this record, and the argument of the attorney general will set forth the views of the president on the subject of monopolies, and the policy he would carry out if it were possible to do so. It is expected that the argument will take place early in December. The case is now set for Dec. 3, and Mr. Harmon will himself appear instead of leaving the duty as usual to the solicitor general or one of his assistants.

The Trans-Missouri Freight association is composed of eighteen railroads in the Western states, which organized for the purpose of maintaining rates, and, as alleged by the government in its complaint, is depriving the public of competition in transportation and communication. They are active competitors for common business at points where such competition is possible. They are separate and distinct corporations, and most of them were encouraged and assisted in construction by the general government and by the states, territories, counties and municipalities through which they pass, by grants of land, loans of credit, subsidies of cash, and donations of depot sites and rights-of-way, in order that the public generally and people engaged in trade and commerce might have the benefit of competition in communication with each other and the outside world. Therefore, in the opinion of the atorney general, the organization of this association, or pool, for the purpose of maintaining rates was to deprive the public of the benefits intended for them, and is thus a manifest violation of the act of July 2, 1890, known as the anti-trust law, in that it is a conspiracy, contract and combination in restraint of trade or commerce among the several states.

The decisions of the lower courts have been against the government, and there is not much hope of a favorable opinion from the supreme court, but what of that? It will give the administration a chance to make a grand final struggle and demonstration against trusts and monopolies, in order to leave a record, and if this can be accomplished Grover will be satisfied.

TARIFF LEGISLATION.

It is now well settled that an extra session of congress will be called to meet shortly after President McKinley's inauguration. The main object of the session will be to frame tariff legislation in accordance with the party's pledges, made during the campaign. Of course, this program is dependent upon the coming session of the present congress being unable to pass the Dingley bill or enact some similar tariff law that may be designed to furnish additional revenue and put an end to the steadily recurring deficits.

Mr. Dingley, however, says he has little hope that his "emergency bill," as he calls it, will pass the senate at the coming session. But, according to his view, even if the bill should pass, that "would not make any the less necessary a revision of the tariff on protective and permanent lines." He expresses the opinion that the revenues should be increased $70,000,000 a year, and that the gold reserve should be raised to $150,000,000, and assumes there will be an extra session for the purpose of carrying out this program, if possible. Inasmuch as Mr. Dingley is now chairman of the ways and means committee, is regarded as close to the president-elect, and is not unlikely to be the next secretary of the treasury, his views are worthy of respectful consideration.

Ambassador Bayard is taking his Thanksgiving dinner with Queen Victoria at Windsor castle, and after dinner will no doubt receive one of her majesty's $5-cigars. Of course the queen does not smoke. She does not even permit smoking in her immediate neighborhood, yet she keeps on hand a stock of the most superb Havana cigars for her guests, and the consumption thereof is about 3000 a year. They cost $5 apiece, are specially made for her majesty by picked workmen, of the most carefully collected tobacco, and when finished are hermetically sealed in glass tubes in order to guard against deterioration, connoisseurs insisting that the Havana leaf is affected by a change of climate.

Some Superior people are hot again. Chief Inspector Clausen, in his annual report to the Minnesota grain commission, referred to the receipts at Duluth and did not mention those at Superior. The enraged Superiorites will also notice that he did not mention the grain receipts at Milwaukee or Chicago; in short, he kept strictly within the boundaries of Minnesota.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press is flaying ex-Senator Washburn because he has expressed the opinion that the Republicans of Minnesota do not want ex-Governor Merriam to represent them in the next cabinet. The Minneapolis ex-senator will not suffer from any attack by the Pioneer Press. It is its duty to defend Mr. Merriam.

The St. Paul Dispatch libellously says: "Duluth is so dead that you couldn't get up a respectable suicide." The Dispatch will take notice, however, that whenever the author of this cruel libel is tired of life he can be accommodated with a first-class funeral in Duluth.

The nomination of the eldest son of ex-Speaker Crisp to fill his father's unexpired term in congress was a graceful act on the part of the Democrats at Atlanta. He is only 26 years old, but possesses much of the ability which made his father famous.

Why do not the Washington correspondents, who are filling space with guesses about the probable passage of the Dingley bill, devote their attention to the McKinley bill—the pet measure of the president-elect?

One of the remarkable features of the recent election was the great increase in the total vote. It shows that the population of the country must be increasing at an unprecedentedly rapid rate.

The Superior Citizen calls Frank A. Flower a "journalist." The Citizen should not thus malign Mr. Flower, who is a first-class newspaper man, the best that Superior has seen.

The sage advice offered by Henry Watterson to the Republican party may or may not be accepted, but it shows that Henry's nerve is still in good working order.

Now, it is said ex-President Harrison would not accept the Indiana senatorship. Perhaps he discovered that he could not get it.

The city would be more thankful than ever if the railroads would build the Garfield avenue viaduct without further delay.

Grover is writing his last message to congress, and will probably warn them against the pitfalls of legislation.

Joe Blackburn says he is still in the Kentucky senatorial fight, in which event the result remains very doubtful.

Mr. McKinley's plurality in the country is about 700,000, or 70,000 less than Grant had over Greeley in 1872.

Wisconsin is getting ready to celebrate the golden anniversary of her admission as a state in 1848.

Ex-Governor Merriam is keeping so close to Canton that he can hear the slightest cabinet whisper.

The theater hat joke can be spared as readily as the theater-hat.

The story about the California air ship was all in the air.

Everyone can find something to be thankful for.

The nail trust has been knocked on the head.

THE REAL THANKSGIVING.

When the chestnut burrs are opening
And the leaves are falling fast,
They are hustling up at gran'pop's
To prepare the grand repast,
That the city sons and daughters
Yearly get from dear gran'marm;
When they go to spend Thanksgiving,
Yes, Thanksgiving at the farm.

How they crowd the loved old farm house
With their children great and small,
Till they overflow the bedrooms
And must camp out in the hall!
Oh, the way they keep increasing,
Fills the old folks with alarm,
At the advent of Thanksgiving;
Yes, Thanksgiving at the farm.

But at last the guests must scatter;
They must all go back to town;
While the old-time peace and quiet
On the household settles down.
Then the dear old folks just revel
In its pleasant, peaceful charm—
And, I tell you, there's thanksgiving;
Yes, Thanksgiving at the farm.
—WALTER AKEN in New York Journal.

THE CAPTAIN FROM BANGOR.

Sing ho, sing ho!
And a taffrail taut!
Sing ho, sing ho!
And a phiz tobacco caught
In the swirling sea and the wind that blows
Nor'northeast in the good ship's nose:
Sing ho, sing ho!
For our captain brave:
Sing ho!
For the man who rides the wave:
And he asks no saddle or bridle too,
When he canters off on the ocean blue.
Oh a shiny sail and a briny deep
For the captain bold who's hooked to keep
The log of the good McKinley boat
As soon as she ever gets afloat,
For a brave old salt is Capt. Boutelle,
Who always sails his vessel well;
And if he gets this naval trust,
He'll do the job up brown or bust.
Sing ho, sing ho!
For the mizzen top;
Sing ho, sing ho!
For the marlin mop:
The winds may blow and the waves may dash
On the rocky shore with a salty splash,
And men may come and men may go,
And some may sail and some may row,
But let them be whatever they be,
In matters pertaining to the sea,
There ain't nobody that knows so well
The navy business as Cap. Boutelle.
—W. J. L. in New York Sun.

McKINLEY'S STOPPING PLACE.

Washington special to Chicago Record: When Maj. McKinley comes to Washington to be inaugurated he will stop at the Ebbitt house instead of the Arlington, which has always been the abiding place for persons about to be inaugurated president of the United States. They have a suite of rooms there that are known as the president's rooms, and for generations the inaugural processions have started from that place. The Ebbitt is a second-class hotel, patronized chiefly by Western people and officers of the army and navy. It is comfortable, but not luxurious. Maj. McKinley lived there during his entire congressional career, and always occupied the same rooms, and whenever he has visited Washington since he was defeated for congress he has always occupied his old rooms. It is not expected that they will be assigned to him when he comes to be inaugurated, because there are others in a different part of the house which will undoubtedly be more convenient. But he goes to the Ebbitt because he considers that his Washington home, and if it was good enough for a congressman it is good enough for a president-elect.

QUIET WHITE HOUSE LIFE.

Washington Post: The social life in the White House for the next four years will be, apart from the regular state receptions and dinners, necessarily quiet, inasmuch as the delicate health of Mrs. McKinley will prevent her from participating to any great extent in the usual society of official life. For years that estimable lady has been more or less of an invalid, and it is not improbable that the burden of receiving and presiding will frequently fall upon some other of President-elect McKinley's family. Maj. McKinley himself is quiet and pleasant in manner, utterly free from hauteur and condescension of manner, and always approachable and cordial. He has had over twenty years of official life here as congressman, and all who know him unite in the opinion that as president he will make friends for himself personally, as well as for his administration.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AS TO THE TARIFF.

Dingley to Prepare Bill For the Extra Session.

Washington special to Chicago Times-Herald: Representative Dingley, of Maine, will probably be secretary of the treasury in the McKinley cabinet. The Dingley tariff bill will not be pressed for passage at the coming session of congress, President-elect McKinley being opposed to it. The new president will call a special session of congress to meet in March next, and it will be asked to pass a conservative tariff bill to be prepared during the winter by Mr. Dingley. The policy of the incoming administration will be to enact a tariff law just to all interests and of a nature so satisfactory to the country that it may be permitted to stand for ten or fifteen years without change, thus giving the country a much-needed rest from tariff legislation.

The president is firm and immovable in his conviction that a government must have, first of all, sufficient revenue for its needs. That once provided, other reforms will be easily secured. For instance, gradual retirement of the greenbacks at the rate of say $50,000,000 a year, with removal of restrictions which tend to curtail national bank circulation, might prove a desirable step.

Men who hold confidential relations with the president-elect believe the coming administration will mark the enactment of a new election law, not a "force" bill, but a comprehensive statute.

ONE OF THE SIGHTS.

New York World: The people have seen bargains made in secret between the treasury authorities and a Wall street syndicate for the sale of millions of bonds for 15 cents on the dollar less than their open market value—in other words, for the direct transfer of many millions of the people's money to the pockets of the banker friends of the administration, without any consideration whatever.

LET US HAVE PEACE.

Henry, S. D., Independent: It is natural that a little heat should be generated during a political campaign in which the issues were so vital and the struggle so intense as the one just passed thro'. It should not be forgotten that we are all mortal and possess faults, but aside from party principles it should be borne in mind that we are all neighbors and citizens. We will have to tolerate each other's society, whether we enjoy the political side of it or not, and we may as well get along peacefully as otherwise. Let all partisan rancor be put aside. We have had a good square scrap. Now let us settle down to business and make the best of the result, whether it pleases us or not.

TACKLING THE "BIG UN."

Washington special to Chicago Post: Either Hopkins or Cannon, of Illinois, could muster considerable strength in a fight against Reed, but not enough in all probability to win. Dingley, of Maine, could carry the house against Reed, but he happens to be the speaker's closest political friend, which lets him out. "Dave" Henderson, of Iowa, and Grosvenor, of Ohio, could make it very warm for the "big un," and so could Hepburn, of Iowa, one of the very strongest men in congress, and it is possible that a majority sentiment may yet unite upon one of them. And there is that rising star of Iowa, "Bob" Cousins, whose magical eloquence and taking ways captivated the house last spring.

UNDER AN EVIL EYE.

Berlin cable to New York Journal: The Berlin police were informed that Don Carlos' daughter, Elvira, who eloped with the penniless artist, Filippo Folchi, from Rome, was hiding in Berlin, but the clew was false. The lovers are probably still in Southern France. Elvira is not pretty, but has a beautiful figure. Her young stepmother's cruelty and haughtiness drove the princess from home. Folchi is an ugly cripple. He exercises a demon-like influence over the princess.

ANNEXATION OF HAWAII.

Cincinnati Enquirer: The movement for annexation to the United States is said to be reviving in Hawaii as the time for the inauguration of a new president approaches. Of course Queen "Liliu" friend, now occupying the White House, could not be expected to promote, in any way that she didn't have to, a free government in "Lili's" former dominion. There will be much opposition in this country to Hawaii becoming a state of the Union, but all will join in the proposition that the United States must say to other nations "Hands off."

THE BICYCLE CRAZE.

(With apologies to Rudyard Kipling.)

Of all the vile inventions, misbegotten by mistake,
The thing they call the bicycle does surely take the cake;
'E's ugly an' 'e's vulgar, and 'e's dangerous to ride,
An' 'e fills the man as rides 'im with a sort of beastly pride.

O the bike, O the bike, O the scarin', tarin' bike!
'E's just a 'oly terror goin' scorchin' down the road;
With a grannin' idiot clingin' to the 'andles monkey-like,
'Is shoulders 'unched above 'im like a 'umpy sort o' toad.

You thinks you'll learn to ride 'im coz it don't look 'ard at all.
But you've got to get acquainted just with hevery kind of fall;
You've got to learn 'ow gravel feels a stickin' in your jaw,
And what it is to 'ave your knees and knuckles always raw.

And when you've learnt to ride a bit, and thinks afield to roam,
The awkward thing collapses 'bout twenty miles from 'ome.
With 'is silly bellure busted, or may be something wuss,
An' you 'as to wheel 'im 'ome again, an' then your wounds you nuss.

They say it's lovely hexercise, you'll think so pretty soon,
Same as a railway hacident, a hearthquake or typhoon;
When you turn a slipp'ry corner, an' 'e slides and falls down dead,
And you finds you're takin' hexercise a-standin' on your 'ead.

The 'orse 'e goes by rein an' bit, the coster's moke's a moke,
The 'ansom cab's a daisy, and the rickshaw's just a joke;
But the bike's a 'orrid mixture, as on 'is face 'e shows,
Of a treadmill an' a 'brellar frame and a length of garden 'ose!

'E takes the bit between 'is teeth a-goin down a 'ill,
And you loses both your treadles an' you comes a hawful spill,
An' you breaks your knees and noses, and wi' luck you breaks your neck,
And that there hawful bicycle's a 'ideous tangled wreck.

Oh, the bike; oh, the bike; oh, the lanky cranky bike!
'E's twenty ways of fallin' down an' can't stand up alone;
If there's a stone within a mile you can be sure 'e'll strike,
'E tumbles down and chucks you, and it's odds you breaks a bone.
—Japan Mail.

WHAT SHALL I DO?

What shall I do lest life in silence pass?
And if it do,
And never prompt the bray of noisy brass,
What need'st thou rue?
Remember aye the ocean deeps are mute;
The shallows roar;
Worth is the Ocean—Fame is but the brink
Along the shore.

What shall I do to be for ever known?
Thy duty ever.
This did full many who yet slept unknown—
Oh! never, never!
Thinkst thou, perchance, that they remain unknown
Whom thou knowst not?
By angel-trumps in heaven their praise is blown—
Divine their lot.

What shall I do to gain eternal life?
Discharge aright
The simple dues with which the day is rife;
Yea, with my might.
Ere perfect scheme of action thou devise
Will life be fled,
While he who ever acts as conscience cries
Shall live, thou dead.
—SCHILLER.

A Thanksgiving Imposter

The result of a serious bicycle accident.

(By Virginia French.)

A frightened colt ran out of the farmyard gate and knocked down a lady who was bicycling on the road. Her companion, another lady on a wheel, dismounted with a scream; people came running out of the house near by, and a group soon bent breathlessly above the fair-haired, slender little figure lying motionless on the ground.

"O, thank God, here is the doctor!" said a gray-haired lady, as a grave-faced stalwart man of about 30 came up the road on horseback. "John, come here!"

"Stand back!" said John quietly, and just as he bent over her the injured girl opened her eyes, big, blue eyes that looked steadily at the doctor, and then from one to another of the group, till they rested on her friend.

"Anna, Julie, I mean," she said with a faint smile, "I've hurt my ankle; not my arms," she added to the doctor, who was feeling those members.

"We must get her into the house," said he. "Go get Bill," speaking to a servant maid.

"O, dear, how can you now," mysteriously cried the lady who had been addressed first as Anna, then as Julie.

"Julie," began the other with a kind of emphatic warning in her voice; then she moaned, poor child and said no more. She was carried into the house, and an examination revealed a compound fracture just above the ankle.

"You must stay right here for a while," said the doctor, John Sessions.

"We'll do everything we can for you," said his mother. "You're luck to break your leg at my son's door—that is, I mean if you must break it," she added.

"Julie, you arrange everything—remember! I think all of you so—" She caught her breath with a gasp of pain, and the doctor told her she must not try to talk.

The accident took place in the latter part of October, and a month later the two strange women were still Dr. Session's guests; no longer strange, however, did any of his household feel them to be—they had all recognized Julie Webber's name indeed as soon as they heard it, and now both she and Anna Leonard seemed like old friends of the family. Julie Webber was one of the most famous heiresses in America; she was the mistress of millions in her own right, an orphan without near relatives, and widely known for her generosity and her liking for independent American girl ways, amid the foreign-aping customs of fashionable life. It was just like her, to be sure, to be taking a bicycle tour through the country with only one other young woman as companion, and just like her, again, to stay with her companion when accident chained that young woman to a bed in a country doctor's house, miles from anywhere in particular. In every respect but one Miss Julie Webber was just what the Sessions would have expected her to be; she was not, however, as young and beautiful as the papers habitually represented her. She was a nice enough looking woman, of about 30, but her companion, the invalid, was far more of a beauty.

"She must have a remarkably sweet nature to keep such a pretty girl about her and be so good to her," said Mrs. Sessions to her son, when they were first talking over their guests.

"It's a fine example of how people see beauty in a fortune," said the doctor. "When there is so much talk about her as a great belle; of course she is very nice, and evidently very good to Miss Leonard, but then Miss Leonard is so lonely, who wouldn't be good to her?" he inquired in his simple, stupid masculine way.

When at last the trained nurse, who had been brought from afar was dismissed, Miss Webber began to speak of going away.

"But I don't want to go yet, dear," said Anna, as they talked things over in the invalid's room, where she lay back in a luxurious invalid's chair. "I want to stay here and see a real country Thanksgiving; now be a love and don't cross me. You know Dr. John says it is very bad for me not to have my own way."

Julie looked at the charming little figure in its luxurious blue silk negligee, and shook her head.

"Dr. John spoils you enough," she declared, "without your making out he is any sillier than he is. "I don't know what there is in a Thanksgiving here."

"That's it; we don't know, and if we stay here we will find out. Have you made your proposition to Dr. John yet? Now don't look away, maybe I will make him feel that he has something to give thanks for."

Thanksgiving eve Dr. John came into Anna's room on a professional visit and found her alone. Only the glow of the grate fire and the deepening wintry twilight illuminated the room, but even in the dim broken light his usual strong, quiet manner seemed changed and his square, clean-cut face was pale. He sat down by the invalid chair and laid his finger on Anna's wrist; then suddenly he took the little hand in his and broke forth like an odd, low, vibrant voice:

"I must tell you," he said; "forgive me if I seem to take advantage of my position but, oh, Anna, darling, I love you; I love you, and now, at last, as if Heaven had opened, fortune seems to have made it possible for me to sue for my happiness. Can't you care a little for me?"

The little hand lay quiet in his, but its mistress said nothing, only shrinking farther back into pillows and shadow.

"Miss Webber," he went on hurriedly, "has offered me a position as physician to her household. It seems she wants a doctor to travel with her; she is liberal in every way, and I will have the chance for scientific researches that may make me a name. I've long believed I could do something with some ideas I have, but Anna," and his voice sank to a whisper, "I can't go to life with you unless I can hope for your love. I could not endure the pain of it. It would distract me. Sometimes I've dared to hope a little. You must know—we have been thrown together so closely—whether there is any hope for me or not. Speak to me!" and when a moment passed still in silence he bowed his head on the arm of her chair, as if awaiting his fate.

"But, Doctor John," said Anna presently, speaking very softly, "I am going to leave my position as companion; my presence need not distract you in your new—"

"Do you love—can you ever love me?" interrupted Doctor John, sitting upright now, and leaning over close to her.

"Yes," the word was almost inaudible, but Doctor John had good hearing, and he drew the blond head toward him and silence reigned for a time.

After awhile he spoke of her resolution to leave Miss Webber, and urged her to stay where he could see so much of her till, as he said, he could offer her such a home as she should have in the world.

Then Anna spoke with singular decision; "No John," she said, "I will keep this position no longer! and—may I ask something of you so soon?"

"Anything, my darling," said he, with the simplicity of sincerity.

"Don't accept this offer now; not till I have told you a secret. I will tell you tomorrow. Did Miss Webber want her answer right away?"

"She made me her offer yesterday and asked me to give her an answer today; but I will do whatever you say, even though I lose the position."

Perhaps this was a foolish way for a grown man to treat business, but Doctor John was very much in love; Anna's manner was serious, and he did not seem to think any other course possible.

It was arranged that the engagement of the lovers should be announced the next day—Thanksgiving day—when a few near relatives were to be entertained at dinner. The company was assembled in the big, old-fashioned parlor awaiting Miss Webber and Miss Leonard; Mrs. Sessions had whispered about the great news, and as most of them had never seen the bride, and as the dinner hour had arrived, many eyes were turned on the door with the eagerness of curiosity and hunger combined. At last the women appeared. Miss Webber in a dark, rich, but inconspicuous toilet; Anna, gorgeous as she had never appeared before in a "creation" of pink and blue flowered brocade; she leaned on a dainty little cane, but her face was flushed so that she had never looked more in the bloom of health. John stepped toward her, but she waived him back with a little movement of her hand.

"We have to be introduced to so many friends that I'm sure you will get confused and make mistakes, John," she said saucily to the young man, "unless I rehearse you on our names. Let me introduce you to my dear, patient friend, Miss Anna Leonard, and I'm Julie Webber, at your service," and she dropped a little courtesy.

You may imagine that that party's turkey was overdone, and yet; that no Thanksgiving dinner was ever more enjoyed in the Sessions family.

"Of course," said Julie—the real Julie—"I owe everybody lots of apologies, but when we started on this tour I made Anna promise to play my part. I wanted to see how the world looked from her point of view. I've found it the loveliest world I ever saw," she went on with a little blush, and I'm sure I'm very thankful this day for the inspiration to tell such a lot of fibs, for it's certain Doctor John wouldn't have looked at me if he had known who I was."

"KEEPOFFTHEGRASS."

New York World: The shades of night were falling fast, when through the park a traveler passed, who read a sign upon the ground, that did his senses much confound—"Keepoffthegrass."

No grass was there to meet his eye. The snow was piled up mountain high; yet from the drift the sign stuck out, on it appeared with mary doubt—"Keepoffthegrass."

"Try not the drift," the park guard said; uplifted was his haughty head. "Try not the drift, for sure as sin, if you do that I'll run you in"—"Keepoffthegrass."

"Across the path the drift has blown, there's no way out you'll surely own, in which the risk will not be found, of treading on this sacred ground"—"Keepoffthegrass."

"What's that to me?" the guard replied, as swelling with a conscious pride, he swung his club with hideous grin—"step on the grass, I'll run you in—"Keepoffthegrass."

The traveler knew the dangerous pass was lined on either side with grass, but both were covered with the snow; he knew not then which way to go—"Keepoffthegrass."

The air grew icy cold and chill; the stars came out and all was still; the guard retired to his box and combed icycles from his locks—"Keepoffthegrass."

And when the morning light came round the traveler in the drift was found, and o'er his snow grave there stood that sign made out of store boxwood—"Keepoffthegrass.

WHOLESOME, ANYWAY.

Archdeacon Sinclair, in his "Leaders of Thought," etc., tells a good story of an Eton head master known as "Flogging Keate." Finding one morning a row of boys in his study he began, as usual, to flog them. They were to terrified at the awful little man to remonstrate till he had gone half way down the row, when one plucked up courage to falter out: "Please, sir, we're not up for punishment—we're a confirmation class!" "Never mind," said Dr. Keate; "I must be fair all round, and I will do you good." So he finished them off.

There is No Better Time

To begin a course at the Duluth Business university than Tuesday, Dec. 1, the opening of the winter term.

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PISO'S CURE For Consumption

For the last 20 years we have kept Piso's Cure for Consumption in stock, and would sooner think a groceryman could get along without sugar in his store than we could without Piso's Cure. It is a sure seller.—RAVEN & CO., Druggists, Ceresco, Michigan, September 2, 1896.

EXTREMES MEET.

Washington Star: "The human body," said the doctor, throwing a wise look across the dinner table at the superintendent, "with proper nourishment and proper exercise, can stand great heat and great cold. Now, I presume you have not any idea of the extremes—heat and cold—"

"Oh, yes," interrupted the superintendent, "my Washington experience teaches me that the two extremes are ice cream and oysters. And, speaking of heat and cold," he continued, glancing at the bright coal fire in the grate, "isn't it a little singular that the fireplace grate is cold if it is not coaled, and hot when it is coaled? Now it can't be hot and cold at the same time, although it can be coaled and hot; yet it is generally cold when not coaled, I presume you catch my meaning—"

But the young doctor had caught up his hat, and was trying to catch a cable car.

TELEPHONED THROUGH A MAN.

A curious telephone incident occurred at Rock Dell, Minn., last week. In some way the telephone wire had been cut, and previous to repairing it two young men of this vicinity undertook a novel experiment. One of them, Torger Anderson, went to the Rock Dell store, and the other, John Lindale, took an end of the broken wire in each hand. The two men set their watches alike, so there could be no mistake. Torger took down the receiver and rang up Oslo. Although Lindale received a severe shock, he kept hold of the wires and the message was clearly conveyed through the body. In like manner Torger Anderson telephoned to Dodge Center and to Austin, and the message and replies were heard as clearly as though the wire wasn't mended with a human being; Lindale was four miles away from the store and stayed there fifteen minutes, in accordance with the agreement. Telephoning through a man is not customary, but it is certainly wonderful.

Do you want an Income.....

Of $10.30 a month for five years from the investment of $500, secured by a building worth $1000 and a lot worth $600?

Do you want an Income.....

Of $24.40 a month for ten years from the investment of $2000, secured by a building worth $4000 and a lot worth $200? Call on

Chan Smith,
At No. 2 First avenue West.

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary **BLOOD POISON** permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *All Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse and other Excesses and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cents per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 72 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, 331 West Superior street. MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

NEWSIES

Their Annual Dinner Given at the Bethel Last Evening.

Nearly Three Hundred and Fifty Appetites Were Thoroughly Satisfied.

Had Little Time and Less Inclination to Hear Speeches.

Turkey was routed last night. Taken in the wings, flank and front and completely dismembered. Set upon by an army with banners so fierce and ravenous that, beside them, the hordes of barbarians that swept in the old time from the North over Europe was as but a meek and lamb-like Sunday school picnic. Pedestrians on Superior street about 6 o'clock last evening heard the shouts and clamor of the army that had been enlisted for the crusade as it marched to the fray. There were 346 strong-jawed and leathern-lunged newsboys in the array, valiant trenchen men all, and they were marching to the Bethel to the Thanksgiving feast that, as in years past, had been provided for them by their friends. Their intentions were plainly told on the transparencies that were carried in the line.

The sentiments were so expressed as to leave no room for doubt. "We Won't Do a Thing to Dem 57 Turkeys," read one. Another bore the following boast, "Europe Can't, But Watch Us Down Turkey," while another assured all beholders that "We Have Our Appetites Wid Us," and yet another called on all to "Watch the March of the Gobblers Upon the Gobblers."

The boys made good their threats. They devoured turkey and proved beyond a peradventure that they had their appetites right where they could reach them. If the Bethel mice had been looking forward to last night as affording an opportunity for them in the way of crumbs, they will find they were mistaken, and that they are no better off than the tribe of church mice are generally supposed to be. There was not enough left of the bounteous repast to furnish a square meal for a cockroach.

At 6 o'clock a roar like the premonitory symptom of an earthquake, issuing from the basement of The Herald building, announced to all within a radius of several blocks that the procession was forming for the onslaught on the good things that had been prepared for the newsies. A. C. Pearson, of the circulation department of The Herald, better known to the boys as "Pinkie," acted as marshal of the line, assisted by his lieutenants, Budd Lee, of the News Tribune force; Sud Forgy, Walter Clark, Ed Coleman, Ed Helprin and Ed Huerd. The labors and responsibility of a marshal of France on the retreat from Moscow, or the trombone player in a brass band, would be considered light in comparison with the burden on the shoulders of Marshal Pearson and his aides. Each one of the 346 boys in line was thoroughly imbued with the idea that some other fellow's place was better than his own, and the result was that those in charge of the formation had to look and reach 346 ways at once. Despite their efforts, the changes and shiftings were kaleidoscopic. Boys would perform the most startling feats of appearing, almost in the same instant of time, first at one end of the line and then at the other in a way that made the beholder dizzy and Pearson and his assistants perspire.

ON TO TURKEY.

When the word to move was given, however, every eye was turned to the front. "On to turkey," was the cry, and all differences as to places in line were forgotten in the enthusiasm of a common cause. The line defiled out into Michigan street from The Herald mailing room, and marched on Michigan street to Third avenue west, thence to Superior street, on Superior street to Lake avenue and to the Bethel.

And did people know they were coming? Well, maybe. There was some noise. Just a few. But it was noise that people liked to hear, and several men who were old enough to act solemn and look as if they never took pleasure in anything joined in with a whoop or two, and then looked ashamed of themselves and slid off.

At the Bethel the tables had been laid for the young guests, the room was brilliantly lighted and decorated with the national colors. Dr. Salter, the pastor, beamed a welcome as he and Assistant Superintendent Mars received the boys. As the latter marched in, "Gathering the Sheaves" was sung by a volunteer choir, led by Superintendent Robel. When the places were filled, all joined in singing "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," the "newsies" joining in with a fervor that showed that they feel as much of the pride of proprietorship in this glorious land as any millionaire. Miss Hall then sang a selection that came very near being unceremoniously chopped off at the end of the first verse, so loud and long continued was the applause that broke out as soon as a pause gave the boys a chance to express their appreciation. When they were made to understand the situation they obligingly subsided and gave Miss Hall an opportunity to finish.

Rev. Dr. Ryan then led in prayer, after which Col. A. A. Harris was introduced. There were scattering cries of "turkey," but these, however, had no reference to the colonel, but wre merely expressive of the desire of the more impatient ones to proceed to business. Col. Harris said he had been impressed with the vigor and persistency with which the newsboys attended to business and hustled for pennies. It is all right to get the pennies, he said, so long as they are procured honestly. The boy who gets up the earliest and works the hardest will get the most. But the boys must be honest and hate a lie.

"Some of you," he said, "may be president or generals, but, to succeed, you must be honest and faithful." He told them to make the most of their opportunities and not to forget to stand by the Bible and the flag. "Stand by them," he said, "and they will save you."

YELLED FOR TURKEY.

As the colonel sat down the cries of "turkey" swelled into a mighty roar accompanied by a tattoo on the table and a rattling of glasses, keeping time to which an army of helpers marched in bearing aloft huge platters piled high with slices of the Thanksgiving bird, plates of bread and cans of coffee. The distribution was accomplished amid a chorus of yells and shouts of advice to the assistants that would have disconcerted any but the most calm and collected of assistants.

"Hey, don't help that feller—he's got a piece inside his vest—he just hid it—dat lady wid de fluffy hair gave it to him," yelled a boy who had just stuffed a wing back in his mouth in the region of his ear.

"Get on to de trashin' machine—it wouldn' take two or tree men to feed him—oh, no," remarked another boy of a fellow "newsie" who was feeding himself with both hands and frantically endeavoring by nods to call the attention of an assistant who was passing the cake. And so it went on. But it was good-natured banter, and those at whom it was directed smiled pleasantly and took another bite.

Conspicuous in the press, doing valiant service to make good the boast that Turkey was to be annihilated, were such veterans as Si Bennett and the Orchesky boys, "Nuch," "Dutch" and last, but not least, "Billy," better known as the "Mascot." They weren't doing a thing. Oh, no. The "Mascot" is The Herald's own. And then there were "Franchy" Huerd, "Bocks" Sinisky and "Fingers" Finkelstein, also known as "Weeper," on account of his ability to cry when the necessity of trade demands it. "Weeper" has had many imitators, but no one disputes with him the honor of being the originator of the idea of floating off an overstock of papers on a flood of tears.

SOME OF THE CHARACTERS.

That young man whose eyes are hanging out on his cheeks to make room for a mouthful a little larger than usual is "Scrap Iron Abe" and beside him is Mike Levant, known in his own circles as "Gorilla." There also, his jaws working furiously, is "Fog Horn" Barrett. The "Fog Horn" is silent now, not even a peep could be got of it—the throat that emits the hoarse sounds that have earned for "Fog Horn" the sobriquet he bears, is doing duty as a feeder to a double action stomach with teeth in it, and no throat can discharge that function in the sound-making line at the same time. "Fog Horn" is now in the doing business, but, evidently, has not much use for his own wares. He is a veteran of the veterans, and is present as a guest of honor. And then there is "Snakes." He may have another name, but diligent inquiry has failed to ascertain what it is. No boa constrictor would be ashamed to own "Snakes" as a cousin could he see him now. He is wrapping himself around the provisions with an ease and unlikng grace that is the wonder of all beholders. "Snakes" is a "trocha" beyond which no turkey can pass. Among those prominent for length of service is Oswald Tvedt, "Mascot's" partner. What entitles Oswald to especial distinction is the fact that he has no nickname. Here is a problem for some philosopher.

BROUGHT IN IN RELAYS.

Owing to the fact that there were about 100 more newsboys present than had been expected, it was necessary to admit them to the tables in relays, the assault being, therefore, anechelon, as it were. The first detachment now retired and the fresh troops rushed to the assault. Among the latter were noticed a few enthusiastic and undismayed ones who had performed gallant services in the first melee. At this point, and before the signal to advance was given, Mayor Truelsen, who had arrived late owing to a misunderstanding, arose to address the feasters. By dint of Herculean exertions on the part of Dr. Salter, Superintendent Robel and his staff, it became so quiet that one could have heard a dynamite cartridge drop, and the mayor began his address.

"Boys," said he, "I will not detain you——," and he didn't. Not a second longer. And the boys evinced an inclination, too, not to detain the mayor.

The sentiment expressed by the latter that he would not detain them long elicited such vociferous applause that, after one or two ineffectual attempts, he waved his arms in token of surrender and sat down. Then the carnage began and continued without interruption until the last wing had been swept away and the platoon of turkeys had not a leg to stand on.

Then there was singing by "Mascot" and Tvedt. "Just Tell Them That You Saw Me" was the first selection, and "Paradise Alley" was given as an encore. Ben Pauwelt, pulpit "English," then started a song. He broke at the first quarter, however, and set a good example for singers to follow in similar emergencies by promptly and unconcernedly walking off the stage. "English" amply redeemed himself later in the evening and earned his share of the applause.

Robbie Haskins recited the "Boys' Complaint" in a very effective way and was heartily applauded. Dr. Salter then called on the mayor again, and the latter and the fog-horn—the real fog-horn—that was dismally tooting—had it all to themselves for awhile.

THE MAYOR TALKED.

The mayor reminded the boys that they would be men some day and that they should prepare themselves for the duties and responsibilities of manhood. He adjured them to be honest and truthful under all circumstances.

"Hurrah for Germany," yelled an enthusiastic boy in the rear of the hall, as the mayor concluded, and hurricans of yells broke forth.

After that there was a selection on the mouth organ and then the assemblage broke up with three cheers for Dr. Salter. They were rousers, clearly coming straight from the heart of every boy present and caused the cheeks of the beloved object of the ovation to glow with pleasure and a suspicious moisture to appear in his eyes. The boys then filed out and dispersed and the great event of the season was over.

The force of turkeys that had been marshalled to meet the attack was increased by one from Miss Peyton, which was received late in the afternoon.

PERSONS WHO SIT ALL DAY.

In counting houses or in manufacuring establishments, inhaling close or impure air, are usually pale, and frequently emaciated. A tonic is what such people require. Operatives, clerks, saleswomen and employers as well as employed, pinned to the desk by cares of business, derive infinite good from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an admirable means of repairing the physical depletion, resulting from too close an application to their special avocations. Dyspepsia, constipation, billious irregularity and premature decay are arrested by this invigorant and alterative, commended by physicians, and a standard article for thirty-five years past. Fever and ague is checked in its first approaches, and if the remedy is persisted in, entirely eradicated, when chronic, by the Bitters. Rheumatic ailments are also arrested by its blood purifying and diuretic action.

YOU ARE INVITED

To partake of the grand Thanksgiving dinner at Ideal Beer hall. Turkey—possum—salads, etc. Music, afternoon and evening.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

AMUSEMENTS.

"DORCAS."

This afternoon "Dorcas" is being presented at the Lyceum, and tonight it will again be presented. It would be hard to find a more perfect cast than that announced in the program. It includes such artistic performers as William Broderick, Eva Davenport, Charles Bassett, Marie Millard, Drew Donaldson, Fred Frear, Arthur R. Searon, Minnie Jarboe, Marie Davenport, Charles Meyers, etc., etc. Charles O. Bassett, the tenor of the company, has had the widest of experience, both in grand and comic opera. He is an American by birth, claiming Toledo, Ohio, as his native spot. He made several amateur appearances, his most ambitious being in a production of "The Chimes of Normandy." Encouraged by his success, he sailed abroad, and began studying in Italy. His teacher for three years was Vannacuccini, in Florence, and for six months he studied with Lamperti in Milan. His first professional engagement was in Italy, and he filled engagements successively in seven theaters there, including the Dal Verme in Milan, the Tiatro delle Huse in Ancona, the theaters in Vladana and Pisa, and the Tiatro Nyro in Florence.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

The Al G. Field Minstrels and Utopia will be the attraction offered at the Lyceum next Monday. This is claimed to be the greatest minstrel company traveling, embracing, as it does, seventy of the most prominent minstrel stars of the day, while the most novel and sensational American and European specialty acts have been secured for the great olio. The Court of Momus, a magnificent scenic spectacle of mythological ideas, supercedes the worn-out old-fashioned minstrel first part. More money has been spent upon this monarchial scene than was spent on the old-time minstrel shows in entirety. The stage settings are regal in their magnificence, while the court costumes that are used are historically correct and in keeping with the tone of elegance that pervades the whole scene.

THE COMMERCIAL CLUB.

First Meeting in Months Held Last Evening.

The Commercial club last night shook off the bonds of sleep which have possessed it during the summer months and held a lively meeting in the Sloan block, at the West End, at which there was not a little valuable and interesting discussion of timely topics. In calling the meeting to order, President Helm remarked that he was glad to see that the club did not need the services of the coroner.

The secretary read a communication from the Duluth & Southwestern Railway company, in which it stated that it expected to ask St. Louis county for aid, and, before doing so, desired to know that its request would be received with some degree of favor. Therefore, it asked that the club appoint a representative to meet the representatives of the road in joint session, with men from the other organizations of the city, when it would be possible for the road to more fully outline its plans than in a more public meeting. Harry Armstrong moved that the president appoint a representative, and upon the passage of the motion the chair appointed Mr. Armstrong.

President Helm asked for expressions of sentiment on the prospects of reviving and preserving interest in the club for the winter months.

Mr. Armstrong thought that it would be better to have meetings at the call of the president, when there was something to come up, rather than to have meetings at stated intervals, when there might be nothing to come up. He thought the dryness of meetings when there was nothing to do was largely responsible for the lack of interest. Dr. Bakke said that the committee to see about the club becoming one of the boards of the chamber of commerce had never made a report. The plan was not to submerge the identity of the club in the chamber, but merely to put it in a position to co-operate with the chamber. The committee was continued.

R. C. Sloan said that as a member of the council (Alderman Stevens) and a member of the board of public works (O. W. Wilson) were present, it might not be out of place to hear about the water valve matter.

Mr. Wilson said that as both he and the alderman present were on the same side, it would be impossible to get at both sides. The board had tried to find out the real facts, and its so-called junketing trip had been to examine the workings of the valves in various cities. They saw many Michigan valves, and they believed there were no better made. The report of the board was based upon business principles. The Michigan valve was the best, and as it was the cheapest by over $3000, he could see no reason why the city should give away $3000.

President Helm thought the city should profit by the experience of older cities, which had met with success in the use of the Michigan valve.

Alderman Stevens thought that both valves were standard valves, but as the Michigan valve was the cheaper, it should be taken as a matter of business.

A. Swordling said that he had heard that the other valves had been taken out in certain cities, and the Michigan valves put in their place.

Alderman Stevens said that there were some good old kickers in the council who would not accept anyone's advice or experience.

Mr. Swordling thought the club should take a stand in favor of the Michigan valve, but the sense of the club seemed to be that the matter was too technical, and that the council had better be left to fight it out.

President Helm asked about the Garfield viaduct, and Alderman Stevens said that the council could not get a hearing from the railroads, and the matter was now in legal process. On motion of H. R. Armstrong, the secretary was instructed to draw up a strong resolution condemning the railroads for their action, urging the council to keep up the good work, and elaborating on the danger of the railroad crossing.

A vote of thanks was tendered President Helm for his services in securing the Lincoln park public skating rink. C. S. Pierce introduced a resolution to the effect that the club should investigate the use of salt on the streets by the Duluth Street Railway company, to the detriment of public travel and convenience. The resolution was referred to the committee on streets, roads and parks. It was stated that the salt hardened and permanently injures horses' hoofs, and that the practice had been abolished in a number of large cities.

When the club adjourned, it was to meet two weeks from tomorrow night, when the report on the Duluth & Southwestern railway will be received.

STANDS AT THE HEAD.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and today stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

To Have a Club.

The street railway company's employes are forming a social club and will probably take rooms in the Sloan block at Twentieth avenue west. There are a sufficient number of employes to maintain a first-class club in good style and at little expense. It is proposed to have quarters that will be complete in all details. A gymnasium is contemplated and a readingroom with periodicals. The club is practically a certainty.

Do not let your dealer palm off on you any new remedy for colds. Insist on having Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

On Tuesday, Dec. 1st

The winter term will begin at the Duluth Business university.

FREE BUTTONS!

AN ELEGANT BUTTON FREE with each package of

SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES

AN OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE A COLLECTION OF BUTTONS WITHOUT COST.

BIG G. Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Price $1.00. Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address MEDICAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL. For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

Duluth Trust Co

Acts as surety on bonds of assignees, receivers, etc. Legal depository for trust funds.

Franklin J. Pulford, President
Edward P. Towne, V. President
Calvin F. How, Sec. and Treas.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer CALL FOR—

FITGER'S BEER

Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co. CHICAGO, ILLS.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIONY, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Schiller Cigar Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
THE SCHILLER 10-CENT CIGAR.
Distributing Agents for the Well-known
"Tom Moore" and "La Sinceridad" Key West.
The best 5-cent Cigar in the market is the "Lord Dunraven"

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Get Duluth Fuel company's prices on stove and nut size coal.

Dr. McCormick has moved his office from the Providence building to the Hunter block.

Officers were elected by Silver lodge No. 200, I. O. O. F. last evening as follows: James Muckle, N. G.; H. Y. Josephs, V. G.; J. F. McDonald, recording secretary; J. Lawson, P. S.; and J. R. Henderson, treasurer.

The annual dog feast and medicine dance of Wa-Ke-Ma-Wup Tribe No. 17, Improved Order of Redmen will be given at the Spalding this evening. It is quite possible that some unique features will be introduced.

The funeral of Esme Morley Marshall, the 2-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Marshall, who died Tuesday evening, will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 821 East Superior street. Mr. Marshall returned from the East yesterday.

Probably Married.

City Comptroller Ten Brook, it was rumored yesterday, was about to take unto himself a wife. Mr. Ten Brook, when the question was put to him, said he would say nothing about it.

"You neither affirm nor deny then?" was the query.

"Neither," responded the comptroller, who, however, was blushing. Today, rumor had it that the ceremony had occurred last evening. Mr. Ten Brook was not to be found to be put again on the rack. A marriage license was issued last evening to W. G. Ten Brook and the rumor is probably true.

Company C Dance.

Company C, of the National Guard, entertained at the Armory last evening. Despite the inclement weather about 100 couples were present. The handsome dollies of the ladies and the uniforms of the men combined to form a brilliant scene. The dance was on at 9 o'clock and was kept up until 3. A turkey supper was served in the gallery during the intermission by the ladies of the G. A. R. Relief corps. Flaaten's orchestra furnished the music and E. L. Fisher officiated as prompter. The committees in charge were as follows. Door, Sergts. D. C. Reed, A. F. Coons and A. L. Konke; music, Roy Leonard; reception, Capt. F. E. Resche, Lieut. R. Little, Sergt. C. Josten, C. Goodrich and John Olson; floor, George Frame, F. C. Hamre, I. Black, W. O. Nelson and J. Lawre Lawrence.

The Turners' Ball.

At Turner hall last night, a large and merry crowd whirled the time away in the dance. From 9 o'clock until 3 this morning the revel lasted. The affair was a Thanksgiving ball given by the members of the active class of the Turnverein, and it crowned them with laurels as hosts. The arrangements were in the hands of Messrs L. Rose, Louis Dworschak and William Olson, Messrs. L. Rose, Julius Bach, Edward Hanson and Louis Freker were in charge of the floor. Di Marco's string band furnished the music. Refreshments were served in the dining hall by the ladies.

The Whist Scores.

The Duluth Whist club had its regular weekly play last evening, the sixth game in the series. The following are the scores made:

North and South—

Waugh and Perkins	161
Moer and Smith	159
Booth and Conklin	152
Wilson and Hegardt	151
Foster and McCreary	146
Total	769

Average North and South—153 4-5.

East and West—

Tingham and Roy	176
Wilson and Buchanan	174
Knowlton and Lange	170
Wray and Hilton	168
Sargent and White	168
Total	856

Average East and West—171 1-5.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.
The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

There is No Better Time

To begin a course at the Duluth Business university than Tuesday, Dec. 1, the opening of the winter term.

Grand Possum and turkey Thanksgiving dinner at Ideal Beer hall. Music, afternoon and evening.

FLOUR SHOW
NOW OPEN, AND
FIRST PRIZE
AWARDED TO
"DULUTH IMPERIAL."
JUDGES—
Mrs. O. K. Housewife,
Mr. X. L. Baker,
Mr. F. G. Chef.
EXHIBIT OPEN DAILY AT ALL GROCERY STORES.

PERSONALS.

Dr. Stuart Bates came down from Virginia yesterday.

L. W. Braden, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

E. B. Hawkins, of Virginia, was here yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Poole, of Cloquet, were in the city yesterday.

J. O. Paddock, of La Crosse, Wis., father of Mrs. Charles G. Traphagen, is in the city for a few days' visit with friends and relatives.

Mrs. Cunningham arrived from Sturgeon Lake yesterday to see her husband, who was accidentally shot a week or more ago while hunting.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Shores, and E. A. Shores, Jr., arived yesterday to spend Thanksgiving with Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Walker, of Chester terrace.

F. McDonaugh, of Eau Claire, is in the city.

There was not a convention of passenger agents in Duluth yesterday, but just by accident the following traveling passenger agents were in the city together: H. F. Carter, of the Union Pacific; Walter L. Wyand, of the Michigan Central; J. E. Hull, of the Lake Shore; J. P. Taggart, of the Baltimore & Ohio; W. R. Jeffrey, of the Grand Trunk; George J. Lovell, of the Wabash; C. W. Humphrey, of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, and G. H. MacRae, of the Omaha.

Maj. G. A. Hilton, of Alhambra, Cal., the evangelist, arrived in the city today.

J. D. Dunigan, of Columbus, Ohio, is in the city.

P. McNamara, of Tower, was here yesterday.

R. C. Munger came up from St. Paul this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Feasch, of St. Paul, were at the Spalding last evening.

Maj. F. H. Baiff, the Minneapolis insurance man, is in the city today.

J. Adam Bede, of St. Paul, arrived in the city yesterday. He does not know a thing about that Crookston land office job.

C. M. Boss, of Bessemer, Mich., was in the city yesterday.

Have Filed No Answer.

The creditors who asked for delay in the appointment of a statutory receiver in Minnesota for the West Superior Iron and Steel company were given until yesterday to serve an answer upon the question of whether or not the Land and River Improvement company owned the judgment upon which its suit was based. Yesterday passed and no answer was filed, so it is probable that when the matter comes up for hearing again Saturday, there will be no opposition to the appointment of a receiver. Joseph B. Cotton, who is the attorney for the Land and River Improvement company indicated yesterday morning that he believed that this would be the outcome of the fight made last Saturday, and it seems that his prophecy was correct.

Wants to Resume.

Yesterday afternoon the Duluth Trust company, assignee for the B. B. Richards Lumber company, filed a petition in district court asking permission to resume operations at the sawmill, which was closed down at the time of the assignment. The petition states that while the mill is encumbered, but $10,000 could be secured for it at auction. Ten million feet of the standing pine must be cut this winter, as it was burned over last summer. If the mill is operated, the assignee figures that out of the profits it can raise $100,000 and pay off all the floating indebtedness. The assignee also wants to raise money to operate the mill by issuing assignee's certificates in various sums payable in thirty, sixty or ninety days.

Odd Fellows' Ball.

The fifth annual Thanksgiving party of North Star Canton No. 14, I. O. O. F., was given at Odd Fellows hall last evening. About 100 couples were present, and the event was the most enjoyable one of the enjoyable series given by North Star Canton. During the intermission a regular Thanksgiving feast of the good old style was served in the dining hall. Hoag's orchestra furnished the music. The guests were received by a committee composed of T. W. Hugo, J. W. Caffell, James Wilson, E. R. Richards, R. C. Kruschke, T. J. St. Germain, R. E. Patterson, Robert Lemon and E. J. Duffies. The other committees were as follows: Arrangements, R. E. Patterson, T. J. St. Germain and R. C. Kruschke; floor, T. W. Streeter, R. A. McFarland and W. J. McFadden.

Postpone the Shoot.

Shooting clay pigeons in such weather as has been the rule today would be impossible and the Central Gun club postponed its Thanksgiving turkey shoot until next Saturday. The traps will be open for practice tomorrow at the grounds at Twenty-first avenue west.

Tore His Hand.

Gunder Anderson, lieutenant of Hook and Ladder company No. 1, tore a gash in the palm of his hand on a harness snap at the Central fire hall this morning. Dr. Routh, who was summoned, found it necessary to take twelve stitches in the wound. No serious results are feared as it is the flesh is not greatly lacerated.

THE ANTIQUITY OF BEDS.

Beds were unknown among the ancients, who slept on the floor or on a divan covered with skins. It was in the middle ages that beds first became common, being made of rushes, feather or straw. It is supposed that feather beds were known to the Romans, since men are reviled by one of the Latin poets for their luxury in sleeping upon "feathers." Heliogabalus, the most effeminate of the Roman emperors, possessed an air cushion and an air mattress as early as A. D. 210. In England the better classes began to use feather beds for the first time during the reign of Henry VIII, and in certain districts of Holland and Germany bedsteads are still fitted as they were then, with two feather beds; upon one the sleeper lies, the other being used for covering. The Russian peasant places his bed on the top of the oven for the sake of the warmth given out by the fire.

Coal Prices

Get our latest prices on coal. Duluth Fuel company, basement Herald building.

THANKS

Duluth People Offering Them But Not Because of the Weather.

Union Church Services Held at the First Presbyterian Church.

Eloquent Sermon on the Day By Rev. C. H. Patton.

Duluth has not seen a Thanksgiving day in many years when the weather was so vile as today. Ten below zero would be preferable to the snow and sleet which has been falling all day and all of last night also. Under foot the condition is quite as bad, too. This has the effect of confining all the merrymaking of the day to the homes and there has been little outside to indicate that this is Thanksgiving day.

Union Thanksgiving services were held at the First Presbyterian church, Rev. Dr. Patton officiating. He took for his text Ruth i, part of the 6th verse: "She had heard in the country of Moab, how that the Lord had visited His people in giving them bread."

The theme was the divine aspects of prosperity. He began by tracing the thought of the text through the Bible, in which bread stands for prosperity, and through other nations. The truth is particularly appropriate now, in view of our great harvests. We have just gathered the greatest corn crop ever produced, while Duluth has seen more wheat pass through on the way to foreign centers than even in 1892. It is customary to speak of adversity as bringing us to God, which is true, but prosperity brings God to us. God is revealed by His gifts. The danger is that He will be shut out of our minds by the various intermediate agencies through which His gifts come to us. The prayer, "Give us this day our daily bread," would have more meaning to the rude fisherman to whom it was first spoken than to us who in our modern complexity of life. We do not think less, however, if a gift which comes to us from a friend through the hands of an expressman. We see the friend behind the process.

The laws, also, of prosperity, reveal God. This modern complexity is the basis of civilization. God's way of enriching the world. By means of it, we have ready at hand today the products of all parts of the earth at small cost. Mr. Patton cited a chocolate caramel as an illustration of what commercial complexity has done for us. All these things that enter in, the cocoa bean raised in Brazil, shipped to Holland, manufactured there and shipped to the United States; the sugar, raised in Cuba, and refined in New York; the glucose, raised in Kentucky; the paper which covers the caramel, made of linen and paraffine, the materials for which are brought from Europe and Italy, furnished by the petroleum wells of Pennsylvania, and brought together; all these articles were put together in Duluth and the product of all this labor sold to us for a cent. The transportation of wheat illustrates the same truth. Mr. Patton said, our Minnesota farmers being enabled to sell their product in Europe and India. A comparison was drawn between the condition of the United States and the Turkish empire to show what co-operation can do for a people. The material prosperity of the United States depends largely in the exaltation of prosperity as a revelation of the divine method of success. The United States being composed of many nations, offers the grandest field in the world for co-operative success.

Mr. Patton referred to the recent election and the willingness of all parties to settle down to work in a spirit of mutual service. He believed that the United States had before it its greatest days; that we have hardly begun to live. He closed by quoting the following words of President-elect McKinley upon the visit to him of 1000 Confederate veterans:

"Men of the South, the only force now needed in this free government is that of conscience, justice, reason and intelligence. This is the irresistible power upon which rests our strength, security, permanency and glory. We have centered upon a new and blessed era; we have crossed the dominion of force into the kingdom of peace and law and mutual good will. Faith in each other, faith in a common country, faith in the future and a common destiny has made us one—forever one. We have learned that

"'Peace and greatness best becomes:
Calm power doth guide
With a far more imperious stateliness
Than all of the swords of violence can do,
And easier gains those ends she tends unto.'"

ELECTRIC BITTERS.
Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal billous fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $1.00 per bottle at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Notice to Artists.

Mouldings, two inches deep, gilt, now made up at 12 cents per foot, at factory, 905 west Michigan street.

EAT, DRINK AND BE MERRY.
Grand possum and turkey Thanksgiving dinner all day at Ideal Beer hall. Music afternoon and evening.

Don't Economize
At the expense of your eyesight. If you have any trouble with your eyes come and see me, or better still, consult an oculist and if he tells you to wear glasses, bring me the prescription. A fine line of reliable thermometers.
C. D. Trott,
106 W. Superior St.

SHIPMENT OF ORE.

Missabe Road Comes Near the Two Million Mark.

When the last boat to load ore at the Duluth, Missabe & Northern dock leaves the Missabe road will have shipped 1,994,603 tons of ore this season. This lacks only two ordinary boat cargoes of 2,000,000 tons, and the officials of the road regret very much that the two million mark was not reached. Last year's shipments were 1,598,000 tons, so this year's show an increase of 396,603 tons. In June the docks handled enough to show that it is possible for the road to handle 500,000 tons a month.

Out of this total 808,000 tons came from the Oliver mine and that is undoubtedly the biggest shipment ever made in a similar length of time. The Norrie on the Gogebic range has shipped 1,000,000 tons in a year, but this represents stock piling during the winter, while the Oliver's record is practically only five months' work.

A CLOSE SHAVE.

Sailor Caught Between a Boat and the Dock.

John Craig, a watchman on the steamer Sheldon, was badly squeezed between the boat and the St. Paul & Duluth dock about 8 o'clock this morning. The boat was coming into the dock, and an officer ordered Craig to get off and take the boat's line. He started to climb down the ladder, and it is said that the officer asked him what he was doing and made him climb down a fender. The fender was covered with ice, and Craig slipped down to the level of the dock. When the boat came to the dock he was squeezed. The boat went off and came back again, squeezing him again. He was insensible when he was picked up. The ambulance was called, and he was taken to St. Luke's hospital, where it was discovered that he was only bruised, and that no bones were broken. He was resting more comfortably at noon, and did not appear to be seriously injured.

THE ROUNDER.

Turkeys were scarce in Duluth twenty and twenty-five years ago, and when "Jake" (A. E.) Leidel received a box with ten gobblers in it two days before Thanksgiving all the "boys" knew it. Jake lived down on Minnesota Point and the box was taken down there and Jake spread the ten turks out, so as to make a good show, and then shut the door of his place and went out to call the boys. During his absence some one stole one of the birds. Jake came back counted the poultry and muttered something and took a visitor out to get a drink. While he was away a second bird was taken and his loss discovered in like manner, but Jake's expressions were more forcible than elegant. Then followed another rally for another drink but this time seven of the birds were missing and upon the breast of the remaining one was a placard reading:

"For Jake Leidel.
"Be Thankful for What You Have."

The missing turkeys were never recovered but there were lots of guesses as to their whereabouts, which perhaps, some of the old-timers now in Duluth could say were correct or incorrect.

Perhaps some of the Duluthians who visited Mackinac last summer can tell whether there is any truth in the following story related in the Chicago Times-Herald by Frank S. Pixley: Up at Mackinac last summer a member of our party became ill one afternoon and I ran down to a drug store on the corner to get a half-pint of whisky for him.

"The proprietor looked at me rather critically, as he slowly said: 'You don't live in these parts, do you?'

"'No,' I replied, 'I don't; but what has that to do with it? Is it against the law to sell the stuff?'

"'Oh, no; there's no law prohibiting the sale of whisky here,' he said as he screwed a cork into the bottle and passed it over. 'But if you need any more while you are staying here I'd advise you to say beforehand that you are a tourist.'

"'Would you object to telling me why?' I inquired.

"'Well, you see, it is this way,' he remarked confidentially; 'we have a good many calls for whisky from the native around here—half-breed Indians who work in the lumber camps in winter and handle ore at Point St. Ignace in summer, French Canadians who work the fishing nets and sailors who get laid off here. Of course, it would be a downright shame to waste good liquor on such people; who wouldn't appreciate it, anyway, and so,' he added, working the cash register and giving me the change, 'we don't do it.'

"'I see,' I remarked; 'you handle two brands and sell the cheaper one to the natives.'

"'Exactly—it is cheaper and they like it better, too. Good whisky isn't bad enough to suit them. I take a gallon of ordinary whisky and add to it five gallons of lake water. Then I mix in a pound of red pepper to make it bite and two quarts of strong tobacco juice to make it intoxicating. It suits them all right, but if a man who isn't used to it takes a drink of it he will think he has swallowed a torchlight procession. A week of it will give him enough snakes to fit out a menagerie.'

I stayed in Mackinac several days afterward, but whenever I felt thirsty I used to go right down to the beach and sample Lake Michigan.

THE SEAL QUESTION.

A crisis has come in the life history of the fur seals of the Pribyloy islands. The United States and Great Britain having failed to come to an agreement for an adequate system of protection, and the report of the investigation commission sent out by the United States showing that under existing conditions the seals are doomed to extermination, three courses are now open, says Forest and Stream. The first is to permit the slaughter to go on as it is now proceeding, the seals being killed on land and at sea; this means the certain extermination at no distant day. The second course is the heroic solution, proposed in congress at the last session and not yet acted upon, to kill off all the seals on the islands, male and female, sell the skins for what they will bring, and so have done with the seal problem now and forever. As we have said before, this would be nothing short of a multiladdy confession that the most advanced civilization of the day is not competent to deal with the simple problem of protecting a wild species. The third course is by renewed effort and in the light of the latest investigations to come to an understanding by which the United States, Great Britain, Russia and Japan shall unite for common protection of their sealing interests and to devise and abide by a system which shall conserve the parent supply.

We endorse all the proprietors say about the merits of Salvation Oil. It is the greatest cure on earth for pain. 25 cents.

Duluth Fuel Company

Get our prices on coal before buying anywhere else. 220 West Superior street.

Arrange to Enter

The Duluth Business university on Tuesday, Dec. 1, the opening of the winter term.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

BEST AND PUREST,
Solon spring water, 5c per gallon.

TROUBLE

Curling Club and Preston Are Having a Difference of Opinion.

Some Details Which He Insists on and They Object to.

The Club Has Another Offer Which It May Accept.

At the very beginning of the season the Duluth Curling club finds itself involved in a disagreement with W. W. Preston, the man who is building a curling and skating rink to be occupied by the club. The matter has not been investigated thoroughly, nor has any action been taken by the club beyond a discussion held yesterday. The causes for complaint are that Preston proposes to put in gas instead of electric lights, which was the understanding at first, and that the lower floor, which is to be used for curling, will be below the frost level.

The idea of lighting the rink by gas is not viewed with approval by the club. Gas jets throw their light up, and each jet throws a shadow below. This would prove very disconcerting to the curler who, in attempting to make a fancy shot, found that he had miscalculated because of the shadow of the gas jet. Another point is that frost is likely to interfere with the gas light. The jets which are to be used are new ones, and it may be that Mr. Preston will be able to prove that they will be satisfactory.

The fact that the floor is below the frost level may cause leakages through the earth to the ice, and the club would necessitate a drain. This, it is stated, Mr. Preston does not care to put in. The general complaint seems to be that Mr. Preston is proceeding regardless of the convenience of the club, and that he does not seem to care very much whether it comes in or not. The contract which was signed by both parties seems to be defective, and the club believes that it can pull out at any time.

The club has been offered another place, which may be just as satisfactory as Mr. Preston's. This is said to be Tait's warehouse on the bay front, and if Mr. Preston does not come to time this may be adopted. There is room there for six rinks, while the rink will contain but five. The club will hold another meeting tomorrow, when some definite action will be taken. If Mr. Preston makes proper concessions the club will insist on a new contract before it goes in with him again.

IMMENSE WATER POWER.

Story of a Duluth Man Now in Venezuela.

Santa Catalina, Venezuela, Oct. 26.—During the exploration of the concession of the Orinoco company, headed by Donald Grant and other Minnesota men, a trail was cut to the Imaca mountains, starting from this point, a village of about 150 inhabitants. The duties assigned to some members of the party kept them upon or close to the Orinoco until a few weeks ago, when two of us, Leslie O. Dart, of Litchfield, Minn., and myself of Duluth, found time to make an excursion to the mountains.

Pushing on beyond the point reached by the other party, we heard from the top of a mountain a sound which at first we thought to be thunder, but afterward decided that it must come from a waterfall of considerable magnitude. Working in the general direction of the sound, over a difficult trail, we came at noon on Thursday, Oct. 15, to a large river and discovered what must rank as one of the greatest waterfalls in the world.

The river bursts diagonally through an almost perpendicular cliff which I estimate to be 1500 feet in height, breaks into half a dozen separate streams, which divide and subdivide, spread out into broad fanlike expansions, and twist about in such a curious corkscrew fashion that the water at the bottom of the fall flows in exactly the opposite direction from the course it holds where it first comes into view.

By clinging to bushes and going up the giant creepers hand over hand, we climbed up the cliff until the aneroid indicated an elevation of more than 500 feet, but it was impossible to reach the top and learn how much higher the falls are. It will require the cutting of a trail for several miles through the dense forests to make the circuit necessary to reach the summit, and lack of provisions for a longer stay prevented our doing so at the time. We shall start again in a few days for another trip to the scene, and hope to be able to measure the height of the falls, and possibly also to determine whether the river is the Akure or one of the head waters of the Cuyuni.

If it should prove to be the latter, the great fall will lie in territory included within the extreme British claim. The mountains are so full of iron that for more than thirty miles the compass is unreliable, but as near as we can judge, the fall lies about forty miles in an air line southeast by south of Santa Catalina, near the intersection of the parallel of eight degrees north latitude with the meridian of sixty-two degrees west longitude. The region is entirely unhabited, and there is not the slightest sign to show that the falls have ever been visited by white men.

By right of discovery, therefore, and to perpetuate the name of the mythical golden city, which was said to lie somewhere south of the Orinoco, which many sought, and those who found (so runs the tale) were either put to death or made prisoners for life, we call the great cataract the Falls of Manoa.

We left Sta Catilena on the 5th inst., and since that time until our return we have lived in the twilight of this great forest, which extends for hundreds of miles over northeastern South America. In many places we had literally to hew our way through the luxurious plant growth that everywhere crowds this vast labyrinth of giant trees, and the trail in our rear was all that marred the otherwise trackless wilderness. Constantly swinging our machetas, we penetrated about fifty miles south by east from Catilena, crossing one mountain only to descend into a ravine beyond and again ascend. After the first few days, rain fell nearly every day, and often the clouds hung so low and the thick foliage above us cut off so much of the little light there was that night seemed about to fall, and we could scarcely see our way in the darkness. Sliding in the wet mould of the mountain sides, slipping on the slimy, lichen-covered rocks of the ravines, tripping in the tangled vines as we climbed the mountains, we progressed slowly and with difficulty.

Deer are plentiful in the mountains and I cannot remember a night when we did not hear them. Turkeys are numerous also, and we secured several, as well as turtles and monkeys. They are far from untoothsome to the hungry explorer.

We reached the river at a point near the foot of the rapids, which extend for over a quarter of a mile below the fall, and they were so wild and made so much noise that we were unprepared for the sight we saw later as we reached a point further up. We climbed a ridge of granite and descended on the upper side by swinging into a tree and sliding to the ground. Continuing, we rounded a bend of the river and, looking up stream, paused, with exclamations of wonder and surprise. Our eyes rested on a roll of water 200 feet wide, white as milk, and gazing up it seemed as though we should not be able to see the top, the beginning of the leap. And in truth we did not see the top, though we looked up a sheer fall of over 300 feet. The water for the last 100 feet of this descent comes down nearly from the south, so that much of the waterfall faces north, but above, though the leap is continuous, it curls around the mountain till the river appears to be flowing from the northwest.

—S. A. THOMPSON.

FOR DYSPEPSIA
USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.
Dr. H. N. D. Parker, Chicago, Ill., says: "I have thoroughly tested it in dyspepsia and nervous debility, and in every case can see great benefit from its use."

POSSUM-TURKEYS.
Grand Thanksgiving dinner all day at Ideal Beer hall. Music, vocal and instrumental.

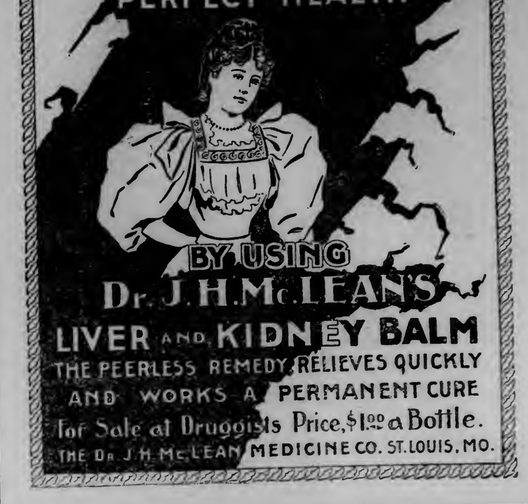
Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

JEAN MORRIS ELLIS
Will deliver a course of Lectures on
HUMAN NATURE
AT NORMANNA HALL,
COMMENCING
TOMORROW NIGHT
Private Phrenological examinations with charts given every day at Normanna Hall, from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Social Gathering and Dance Will be given on Thanksgiving Evening, Nov. 26, at the Kalamazoo block, 18 West Superior street, for the benefit of Emanuel Temple congregation. Tickets 50c a Couple.

JUST RECEIVED—
The finest carload of Draft Horses ever received in Duluth.
Nichols & Thomas,
Board of Trade Livery.

MUMS!
Chrysanthemums, incurved and recurved, rede, whites, yellows, gold, bronze, lilac and pink. Cut flowers by thousands; also a lovely stock of potted Mums, Ferns and plants of all kinds, fresh cut Smilax, etc.
25 Per Cent Off Until Election on Everything
LAKESIDE GREENHOUSES,
52nd Avenue East.
M. M. GASSER, 211 West Superior St.

A COMPOSITE PICTURE
of all who have been cured of diseases of the LIVER, KIDNEYS and BLADDER would show thousands restored to
PERFECT HEALTH

BY USING
Dr. J. H. McLEAN'S
LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM
THE PEERLESS REMEDY RELIEVES QUICKLY AND WORKS A PERMANENT CURE
For Sale at Druggists Price, $1.00 a Bottle.
THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Our Bottled Export WIENER BEER is becoming the popular drink for home use.
DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
TRADE MARK.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
TONIGHT
AND TOMORROW NIGHT.
Harry and Edward Paulton's
Operatic Comedy Success
"DORCAS,"
Catchy Music! Spicy Dialogue! Beautiful Costumes! All Star Cast!
Eva Davenport, William Broderick, Charles O. Bassett, Drew Donaldson, Marie Millard, Fred Frear, etc.
Evening Prices—$1.25, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinee—75c, 50c and 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER,
L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
ONE NIGHT, MONDAY, NOV. 30.
AL. G. FIELD MINSTRELS AND UTOPIA.
An entire train of specially constructed cars! 70 people in all! 70! Everything new this season! 40 Matchless Minstrel Favorites—40! 30 Acrobats, Gymnasts, Vaulters, Athletes—30! 3 Big Bands of Music—3! The Great Parade starts from the theater at 11 a. m.

EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES FOR THE WINTER AT
THE St. James Hotel
Excellent Service.
Cuisine up to the Highest Standard.

CHEAP FARMS
In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. 25,000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.
J. R. CAREY & CO.,
47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

A Toothsome Problem

If you will excuse the expression, is the question of where to get your dental work done. The first pre-requisite this week will be to have your grinders in the best possible condition in anticipation of the turkey feast which everyone expects to enjoy. There are dentists who do good work and make exorbitant charges for it; there are other dentists whose work is expensive in every sense at any price. Our work is known as first-class all the time and our prices do not frighten our patients.
DR. SCHIFFMAN,
Top Floor, Burrows Block.

BEST FOR LEAST MONEY.
That's what you are looking for and that's the correct thing. Herald want ads. fill the bill.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1896. TWO CENTS.

ALL DAY TOMORROW.....

$20, $22, $25, $30 Suits For

$14.98

Minus Eight Scotch

Store Open Saturday Till 10:30 p. m.

The BIG DULUTH

Store Open Saturday Till 10:30 p. m.

Our Great Suit Sale-- Giving your choice of any Suit of Clothes in the house for **$14.98**, continues all day Saturday. Don't miss this extraordinary opportunity of going through our immense stock of fine tailor-made Suits and taking your pick of any for $14.98. During this wonderful choice sale we place on sale a big line of——

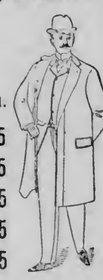
Men's All-Wool Suits at $6.50, $7.50, $8, $9 and $10.

We're Selling Our Good All-Wool

Overcoats and Ulsters

for such low prices that poor stuffs are no longer wanted.

The $10 Overcoats and Ulsters reduced to.... $7.85
The $12 Overcoats and Ulsters reduced to.... $9.85
The $15 Overcoats and Ulsters reduced to.... $11.85
The $18 Overcoats and Ulsters reduced to.... $14.85
The $25 Overcoats and Ulsters reduced to.... $18.85



Boys' and Children's Clothing.

Values Greater Than Advertisements Indicate.

Great reductions in the very beginning time for buying. Very few have bought winter clothes. We intend they shall buy here, if good clothes for little money are wanted.

Boys' Short Pant Suits, 4 to 14 years, worth $1.50	98c
Boys' double-breasted Gray Cheviot Suits, 4 to 16 years, well made and good wearing, worth $2	$1.48
Boys' All-Wool Short Pant Suits, 4 to 16 years, in Cheviots, Cassimeres and Worsteds, worth $3.50	$2.48
250 Boys' finest Short Pant Suits, 4 to 16 years worth $5, $6, $7, $8 and $10, sell tomorrow at our Bargain Table at	$3.95
Boys' Long Pant Suits, 4 to 19 years, in All-Wool Blue, Black, Gray and Brown Cheviots, worth $7	$4.95
Boys' Cape Overcoats, 4 to 16 years, worth $2	$1.48
Boys' Cape Overcoats, 5 to 16 years, worth $3	$1.98
Boys' All-Wool Ulsters, 3 to 19 years, worth $5	$3.48
Boys' All-Wool Blue, Gray and Brown Shetland Ulsters, 8 to 19 years, worth $7	$4.95
Boys' Reefers, 3 to 9 years, worth $4.50	$3.48
Big Value in Boys' Reefers, 4 to 16 years, at	$2.95, $3.50, $5.

Free! Free! Barney & Berry Club Skates, fine Coasting Sleds, handsome Pocket Knives and Tool Chests given away with Boys' and Children's Clothes entirely free of cost.

Our Standing Invitation: If you see any clothes like ours that you can buy for less, come back and get your money. If you see any clothes elsewhere that you like better than ours, come back and get your money.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125-127 West Superior Street.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

Last Days of "Kelly"

F. S. Kelly, the Furniture and Carpet man at 710 and 712 West Superior street, leaves Duluth in a short time, and to close out the balance of his stock in a few days cuts prices to less than the actual cost of manufacture.

Carpets.

All wool Carpets at prices ranging from, yard 35c to 50c
That used to sell for 65c and 75c.

Body Brussels, per yard 80c
Former price $1.35.

Brussels Carpets, per yard 45c and 55c
Former price 85c and $1.00.

Chamber Suites.

The $35.00 ones now for $20.00

The $30.00 ones now for $18.00

The $18.00 ones now for $12.50

Make your Xmas purchases here where a little money goes a great ways.

Fancy Book Cases, Rocking Chairs, Couches, Extension Tables, Etc.

F. S. Kelly, 710-712 West Superior Street.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1869. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

WEYLER REVERSED

Later and Official Statement of His Pinar Del Rio Trip.

Admits That He Had an Engagement With Maceo at Rubi.

Says He Will Soon Restore Peace in Pinar Del Rio.

Havana, Nov. 27.—(Copyrighted 1896, by the Associated Press.)—So many contradictory statements have been attributed to Capt. Gen. Weyler, since his return from the province of Pinar Del Rio, that the correspondent there of the Associated Press was instructed to ask the Spanish commander for a full, official and authorized statement on the subject. Therefore, just previous to the departure of Gen. Weyler for Pinar Del Rio, the correspondent called at the palace where he was courteously received by the general, who was asked to supplement the executive interview with the correspondent of the La Lucha, Artemisa, which was called on Tuesday afternoon, and which contained his first public utterances since his return from conducting the operations against Antonio Maceo. This the general agreed to do.

The correspondent opened the interview last evening by informing the captain general that the Associated Press was anxious, before his return to the field, to place before the public in the United States his official statement on the Cuban situation, adding, "It is understood that you have returned from Pinar Del Rio highly contented with the result of your recent operations, and it is asserted that you believe that Pinar Del Rio will soon be pacified."

In reply, the captain general said: "I am not only contented, but am entirely satisfied with the result of my military plans there. I went over all the northern hills and occupied the insurgent positions without any serious resistance upon the part of the enemy. Cacarajacara and Rubi, which the insurgents claimed were impregnable, were occupied by our troops after dislodging the enemy. At Rubi he offered the greatest resistance, but yielded after a few hours fighting. We found no trace of Maceo's people after that, although all the other points were reconnoitered by small detachments of our column. The southerly points were also reconnoitered and the positions where the rebels had encamped are now in possession of our troops. There remains still to be reconnoitered the ranges of hills in the eastern part of the province. Maceo has nothing left for him to do, but to scatter his followers into small parties in order to enable them to escape our columns which are now hunting for them, since they offer no resistance, and refuse to accept a meeting with our troops who are chasing them in all directions."

"Does your excellency expect soon to crush the insurrection in the province of Pinar Del Rio and bring about its pacification within a short time?"

"I am confident of shortly pacifying Pinar Del Rio," replied the captain general, "since all the stategic points are in my hands, and because of the constant activity of our troops in all directions, which completely hinders the escape of the small groups of insurgents who are now fleeing before them in disorder."

The correspondent asked: "Do you think the condition of the provinces of Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara favors the suppression of the insurrection?

The captain general replied: "These three provinces are more easily subdued from the nature of the ground. They have no hills like the province of Pinar Del Rio, and the facilities for the movement of large bodies of troops are, therefore, greater. Besides, the rebel bands in those provinces are less numerous and lack the elements and conditions of those in the province of Pinar Del Rio. The leaders of the rebels in those three provinces also lack the importance possessed by Maceo. Those who had any prestige have been killed."

"It is asserted," said the correspondent, "that Maceo lost many of his leading men who were with him, besides those who joined him after the invasion of Pinar Del Rio."

To this the captaing general answered: "Nearly all of Maceo's leading men, who were at all valuable or possessed of military ability, have perished in other provinces or in the districts where they headed uprisings."

"It appears that the insurgents in Puerto Principe and in Santiago De Cuba are displaying more activity than before," suggested the correspondent.

"Yes," answered Gen. Weyler, "but the provinces mentioned are not in a state of insurrection. Puerto Principe is producing a little, and not much protection is needed there. The same may be said in regard to the Holguin and Bayamo districts. The rebels have destroyed all they could and, besides, with the death of Jose Maceo, the rebellion in the province of Santiago De Cuba lost much of its importance."

The general then added: "I have no intention of allowing the attention of troops to be distracted in that direction, for it is evident that that is the object of the insurgents under Gomez and Calixto, who possess dominating influences over the insurgents in those districts."

"Do you believe President McKinley will follow the policy of President Cleveland in regard to Cuba?"

"McKinley represents public wealth and the producing elements of that country, and I cannot believe that a man who so represents the work, virtue and prosperity of his country can carry out a policy which would compromise the interests entrusted to his talents and discretion as a public man. Hence I think that McKinley will be guided by a just and equitable policy, without passion, and with prudence, such as is counselled by the interests of the American people and the amicable relations long existing between the United States and Spain."

"Is it true, general," asked the correspondent, "that you purpose to publish a decree confiscating the property of the

(Continued on page 3.)

Decision By the Supreme Court in the Hulett Will Case.

Lower Court's Decision Setting Aside the Will Probate is Reversed.

A Man's Will Not Revoked By His Subsequent Marriage Alone.

St. Paul, Nov. 27.—Justice Mitchell of the supreme court this morning handed down seven decisions, one of which was the Hulett will case. A number of questions were submitted to the court, but the only one referred by the court to the jury was whether the signature of Hulett to the mortgage contract was genuine or not. The jury decided that it was. The other questions of both law and fact were left to the court. The appellants, or heirs of the estate, hold that this was error.

They also set up in evidence contracts made by Hulett subsequent to his alleged marriage in which he was described as a single man. The court rejected this, and the supreme court sustains the refusal to admit them in evidence. But the supreme court holds that the will of a man is not revoked by his subsequent marriage alone, without a birth of issue. The judgment of the district court setting aside the probate of the will and adjudging it to be of no effect is reversed, but the ruling of the court making an allowance from the estate for the maintenance of the widow during the administration of the will is affirmed. Following is the syllabus which covers the points at issue in the case:

In re estate of Nehemiah Hulett, John R. Carey, as administrator, etc., etc., at al., vs. Lucy A. Hulett, respondent. Syllabus:

The issue being whether the deceased executed an alleged written contract of marriage with the petitioner, conveyances executed by the deceased subsequent to the marriage contract, in which he was described as a single man, were inadmissable in evidence against the petitioner. A letter written by the petitioner to her sister subsequent to the execution of the marriage contract, in which she referred to the deceased as her "husband," and "your brother," was herself by her to the deceased to read. He read it, enclosed it in an envelope addressed to the sister and put it in his pocket with other letters apparently for the purpose of posting it.

Held, that this so connected the deceased with the letter that it was competent evidence in favor of the petitioner as his admissions. It is mutual present consent lawfully expressed which makes a marriage. All that is necessary to enable competent parties husband and wife to be such, no time being contemplated to elapse before the assumption of the status. It is not necessary that such a contract be followed by holding themselves out to the public as husband and wife or that it be acted on by their professedly living together in that relation.

The distinction noted between the fact of marriage and the proof of it. The fact that under our statutes a wife may inherit from her husband has not changed the common law rule that the will of a man is not revoked by his subsequent marriage alone without the birth of issue. The order in one appeal is affirmed, and in the other appeal reversed.

Another important decision was against John Grant, the sub-contractor who built the Superior branch of the Missabe road, which holds that he cannot collect a $16,000 claim against the company when Alfred Merritt was president of the road. The contract for building the Superior branch was let to Wolf & King, and sub-let by them to John Grant.

SOLDIERS' HOME.

More Drunkards Since Using Keely Cure.

Leavenworth, Kas., Nov. 27.—At the Soldiers' home investigation today, the witnesses before the congressional committee were members or ex-members of the home who testified to the kindness of Governor Smith that old soldiers were not compelled to take the gold cure, and that brutalities were not practiced. Statistics of arrests for drunkenness in the home, which were asked for and presented, seem to make a poor showing for the cure. In 1890, before its use, there were 703 arrests, while in 1895 there were 1201.

HOFFER STOLE $200,000.

Lebanon, Pa., Nov. 27.—The amount of money stolen by Cashier John H. Hoffer, form the First National bank, of Lebanon, is $110,172. There were other transactions with Lebanon banking institutions which, it is stated, will swell the total amount of his peculations to $200,000.

FAMOUS STAR-GAZER DEAD.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 27.—Benjamin Apthorp Guld, famous as a scholar and astronomer, is dead. As he was ascending the stairs in his residence last night he accidentally fell and struck on his head. He was rendered unconscious and passed away a few hours later.

PORTUGAL WANTS WHEAT.

Lisbon, Nov. 27.—The government of Portugal has authorized the importation of 138,000,000 kilos of wheat to supplement the deficiency in the national supply.

SO AM I.

An elderly gentleman living in Mid-Lancashire was noted for his inebriety, says Spare Moments. On one occasion, when he had been imbibing pretty freely, he was met by the clergyman of the parish in which he lived.

"Drunk again, John!" said the pastor.

"So am I! So am I!" replied the truthful John, much to the amazement of his spiritual adviser.

Extraordinary Offerings

For our usual BIG SATURDAY. It takes the Big Glass Block Store to MAKE and HOLD TRADE. Only a few of us know the secret, but this is how it is done: * * * * * * *

4,700 Choice Double Carnations SATURDAY 25c doz

Millinery.

Ladies-- Here You Are:

Your choice of 100 handsome trimmed Hats, worth up to $7.50— SATURDAY $3.95

1,500 Fresh Cut ASSORTED ROSES SATURDAY 59c doz

A GREAT EVENT IN

Dress Goods

"Truth stranger than fiction." This quotation seems necessary because of the apparently impossible character of the bargains we are about to announce.

BONNIE BRIGHT PLAIDS.
Not too bright, but warm color suggestions, such as any young miss would be pleased with; 12 styles to show you and all new; our 50c quality for Saturday only 39c

50-INCH DRESS GOODS—
Heavy All-Wool Dress Flannel in black, navy, wine, garnet, cardinal, brown and grey mixtures, etc.; our 50c quality Saturday, only 39c

CHEVIOT SERGE—
Extra heavy All-Wool Cheviot Diagonal Serge for warm winter dresses, in black, navy, brown, red, green, etc.; 50c goods; Saturday, per yard 25c

Black Goods.

The Big Store is famous for Bargain Giving, but to all its history it never equalled these:

50-inch French Serge,
46-inch Henrietta,
36-inch Storm Serge,
38-inch Novelties,
38-inch Fleured Mohair,
50-inch Ladies' Cloth,
worth from 50c to $1 per yd, for Saturday only, per yd... 39c

Wash Goods

Fleeced Wrapper Cloth	12½c
Print Remnants	3c
New Percales, Mosaic designs	12½c
Cotton Batts	3½c
12½c German Blues	5c
Apron Gingham	4c
36-inch Percale Remnants	10c
15c Tailor-Made Suitings	10c

Gents' Furnishings AT RIGHT PRICES

Gent's 4-ply Linen Collars, hand-made cyelet button holes, all leading shapes, usual 20c collar; Saturday only,	12½c
Gent's Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, large full size; outside price 25c; Saturday	12½c
Gent's Black or Natural Wool Seamless Socks, soft and heavy, worth 35c; Saturday	25c
Gent's Fine Wool Suspenders, cross back, kid ends, adjustable slide, always 35c; Saturday	25c
Gent's Fine Mocha Gloves or Mittens, table cut, wool lined, worth $1.25; Saturday	$1.00
Gent's Fine Dress Shirts, laundered, perfect in every detail; equal to outside $1.50 shirts; Saturday	75c
Gent's Fine Australian Lamb's Wool Underwear, natural or mode, worth $1.25; Saturday	98c
Gent's Hygienic Fleece Lined Underwear, heavy weight, heavy lamb's wool lining, worth $1.75; Saturday only	$1.25

Jackets and Capes.

1 Lot Ladies' fine Kersey & Boucle Jackets all this season's styles, worth up to $10.00, Saturday	$5.48
1 Lot Ladies' Kersey and fancy mixtures, new sleeves, new front, new back, high storm collars, not one worth less than $12.50, Saturday	$7.48
1 Lot Ladies' Kersey Boucle and fancy Knot Jackets, lined throughout with persian silk, all very nobby effects, worth up to $15.00 Saturday special	$9.75

Capes

1 Lot Ladies' Persian Capes, lined throughout with silk, edged with Thibet Fur around collar and down front, worth $30.00, Saturday special	$6.29

Misses' Jackets.

1 Lot Misses' Jackets in fancy mixtures, worth $7.00, all new styles, Saturday special	$3.98

Childrens' Jackets.

1 Lot Children's Jackets, some beautiful effects, worth up to $6.00 Saturday special	$3.89
1 Lot Ladies' separate Skirts, 5 yards wide, perfect hanging, lined with Rustle lining, bound with velvet, not one worth less than $4.00, Saturday special	$2.48
1 Lot Corduroy Waists, worth $4.00, pick	$2.48
1 Lot Ladies' Flannelette Wrappers, worth $2.00, pick	$1.49
1 Lot Ladies' Calico Wrappers, worth $1.50, pick	98c

Only one day more to get those beautiful black Corsets with fancy figures at 39c. Sale closes Saturday.

Bargain Counter No. 2.

50 Ladies' Fur Sets, fine Muffs and Scarfs, worth $1.50, Saturday, pick	98c
50 Electric Seal Sets, Muff and Scarf, worth $4.00, pick	$2.96

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' Oxford Wool Hose, no seams, Rib top, worth 15c, Saturday pr. pair	11c
Ladies' Black Wool Leggins, extra long and wide, usually 75c, Saturday special	48c
Ladies' Black Lambs Wool 4x4 Rib Hose, seamless, extra long and elastic, always 35c a pair, Saturday 4 pair for	$1.00
Children's Ribbed Wool Hose, no seams, Black only, sizes 5 to 8½ usual outside price, 25c, Saturday only	18c
Ladies' Combed Egyptian Cotton Jersey Vests, Fleece lined, Yoke Band Pants to match, usually 50c; Saturday special	35c
Ladies' Fine Saxony Jersey Vests, Fleece lined, natural or Camels hair, Yoke band Pants to match, worth $1.25; Saturday special	98c
Children's White Merino Vests and Pants, worth up to 75c; To close	25c
Children's Natural Wool Underwear, soft and heavy, broken lines, worth up to $1.00 each; To close	59c

Shoe Dept.

Headquarters for warm shoes and rubbers. We have the goods and will sell them if right prices have anything to do with it.

A FEW OF OUR BARGAINS.

Women's and Men's Felt Slippers, felt sole, all sizes, Saturday	48c
Women's Felt Slippers, leather sole, Saturday	59c
Children's Buckle Arctics	48c
Misses' Buckle Arctics	59c
Men's Buckle Arctics	98c
Misses' Kangaroo Calf Button Shoes, will wear like iron, regular price $1.75; while they last only	$1.25

Rug Dept. Second Floor.

We will offer for sale on Saturday—
100 Tokio Rugs
Size 26x54, at the low price at 69c

Notion Dept.

Small but very necessary.

Spool Sewing Silk, assorted colors, regular price 10c per spool, special	2c
Curling Irons, small and large, worth 10c each, your choice, both sizes	3c
Elastic Corset Laces, black and white, 2 yards long, regular price 3c each special	1c

Art Dept.

Japanese Pillow Tops in many pretty designs, something new and nobby, worth 50c each, special	35c
Head Rests with fancy silk top, never sold for less than 50c each, special	33c
Tinted Squares in duck with some of the most original designs ever produced, sold in all other stores at 30c, special	21c

Druggist Sundries.

AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Hospital Tonic, made of pure hops and malt, regular price 25c, special	19c
Indian Medical Spring Water, one of the purest and best mineral waters in the world, regular price 25c per bottle, special	21c
Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, known the land over as the best regular price $1.00, special	79c
Bromo Seltzer, small size, regular price 10c	7c

Jewelry Dpt.

GEMS AT SMALL COST.

Rings in great variety, of good quality, valued at 50c each, your pick for	25c
Baby Pins in sets of three with chain attachment, with pretty enamel work, worth 50c, special	33c

Book Dept.

100 copies Ian Maclaren's "Bonnie Briar Bush"	15c
100 copies "Beautiful Joe"	25c

Stationery Dept.

Engraving—Do not wait until it is too late. Place your order now before the usual great rush of the holidays:

Name plate and 50 cards	98c
Name plate and 100 cards	$1.50
Second order, 50 cards	25c
Second order 100 cards	35c

Marcus Ward's Royal Irish Linen paper and envelopes, sold at 20c per quire and package respectively, special	19c
Just in—1000 more Little General Tablets, known to every child in Duluth as a great big 10c tablet, special	5c

Housefurnishings.

Coffee Boilers, tin, copper bottoms	31c
Ash Sifters, all sizes	4½c
1-lb Hammers,	9c
Lot Braces, to close out	23c
Wrought Flower Pot Brackets	19c
Curry Combs,	9c
Horse Brushes,	17c
Hand Scrub Brushes,	2c
Funnels, tin,	1½c
Wood Spoons,	2c
Large roll toilet paper,	2c
Lot Wood Bowls,	5c
Tea and Coffee Canisters, 2 and 3 lbs	5c
Hat and Coat Racks, 6 hooks	5c
Towel Rollers, hardwood, highly polished	8c
Dish Mops,	3c
50-foot clothes lines,	5c
Clothes line pulleys,	8c

Toy Dept.

Children's Willow Nursery Chairs	73c
Doll Buggies,	21c
Full Club Skates,	23c
Hardwood sleds, well made, for girls	23c
Hardwood sleds, well made, for boys	25c

See our other lines of skates, sleds and toys—it will be like finding money to trade at the Glass Block. We are just in the bargain mood.

Crockery.

Hand Lamps, complete	15c
Lot hall lamps, new	$1.09
Decorated vase lamps, complete, with shades, burner and chimney	83c

Also a very large variety of banquet, library and bed room lamps at light prices.

All new as 1896 dimes in handsome designs.

BARGAIN COUNTER BARGAINS

Gloves. Mitts.
Worth up to $1.50— Saturday, Your Pick.... 75c
Ladies' Real Kid Gloves, Ladies' Lined Kid or Mocha Mitts, with or without Fur Tops. Ladies' Double Silk Mitts.
See Them.

Fur Neck Scarfs
300 Fancy Fur Neck Novelties, with natural heads and tails, worth up to $1.50; Saturday Each 98c

Embroider'd Swiss H'dkerch'fs
A big lot of manufacturer's seconds in Fine Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth up to 35c; Saturday 15c Each— 2 for..... 25c

* PANTON & WHITE. *

LAMONT

Secretary of War Makes His Usual Annual Army Report.

Careful Review of the Various Branches of the Service.

St. Mary's Falls and Locks and the Immense Traffic There.

Washington, Nov. 27.—In his annual report, Secretary Lamont renews his previous recommendation that the infantry be reorganized on the general idea of three light and mobile battalions of four companies each to the regiment instead of the cumbersome ten company formation adopted a century ago and abandoned by other nations.

The completion already of some coast defenses and the approaching completion of other modern batteries render necessary a larger force of artillery, but no other increase of the army is asked for. The plan of sea coast defense involves 100 distinct batteries in over twenty harbors.

The report shows that according to the statements of department commanders, the discipline of the troops was never better than now. The number of trials by general court martial was about 15 per cent less during the past year than the year before. In no previous year of the history of the army has the health of the troops been so satisfactory. Under the new system established by Secretary Lamont, the army has for the first time been paid monthly. Over $14,000,000 was disbursed. The saving to the government by the system is about $25,000 annually, and it appears to encourage economy among men, as soldiers' deposits this year are over $100,000 more than last year.

Under the new recruiting systems 8345 men were enlisted last year, of which nearly one-half were secured at garrisoned posts without expense. Desertion in the army is decreasing. Deserters in 1883 numbered 3578; in 1893 only 1682, and last year 1365.

The thirty-five army officers assigned to duty with the national guard of the states report steady improvement in the militia. Investigation this year has shown serious deficiencies in the arms and equipment of this branch of the service. When the states furnish the armories and defray all expenses incidental to keeping their forces in training, Secretary Lamont suggests that the United States should provide them with the implements they will need in active service—arms and field equipment—as the supply on hand is totally inadequate for serious and prolonged operations. The secretary recommends that the Springfield rifle, caliber 45, be issued to the state troops; that the states be allowed to return to the war department obsolete arms and equipments to be sold and the proceeds be credited to the states, and that the states be allowed to purchase all the department supplies at regulation prices.

The army consists of 25,426 officers and men, or 284 below the legal maximum. The effective strength on Oct. 31 was 23,382. The report shows that, whereas, on the first day of July, 1893, of our modern defense, but one high power gun was mounted, by the first of July next the country will have in position seventy high power breech loading guns and ninety-five breech loading mortars of modern design, and by the following July, on completion of work already under way or provided for, 128 guns and 153 mortars. A battery of two or three of these guns takes the place of the former pretentious fort and is vastly more effective.

The total number of emplacements provided for to date is 128 for guns and 156 for mortars, of which ninety-two guns and seventy-six mortars were appropriated for at the last session of congress. The secretary says that the department in making these allotments was guided by a desire to protect as many of the sea ports as practicable against marauding attacks of isolated cruisers and to utilize to the best advantage the guns for which carriages could be most speedily furnished. Before the end of the present year there will be eleven 12-inch, forty-two 10-inch, eight 8-inch, six rapid-fire guns and 112 mortar emplacements.

The estimates of the department for the next fiscal year aggregates $10,482,268. With this appropriated, provision will have been made for 163 high power gun emplacements; 300 12-inch mortar emplacements 358 high power steel guns; 97 rapid-fire guns; 290 12-inch mortars; 180 8.10 and 12-inch gun carriages; 290 12-inch mortar carriages.

The armament of troops with the new magazine arms was completed in May, and the armory is turning out 125 rifles or carbines per day under the appropriation made last year. And the ammunition for small arms now made is supplied with smokeless powder of American manufacture and of satisfactory quality.

The new lock at the Falls of St. Mary's river, though not fully completed, was thrown open to commerce Aug. 3, 1896. The secretary speaks of the magnitude of this work and says its total cost will be but about 5 per cent of the value of commerce passing through the Detroit river during the season of 1895. The traffic through the St. Mary's falls canal in the year of 1895 was the largest in its history. The total amount of freight carried to and from Lake Superior in 1895 exceeds that of 1894 by 14 per cent. The commerce passing through the Detroit river during the year amounted to 25,850,000 tons with an estimated value of $275,000,000, an increase of 7 per cent over the commerce of the preceding year.

The secretary also says that but little change has occurred in the water levels of the great lakes during the past year from corresponding levels of 1894, and he adds that as no water has yet been drawn for use in the Chicago drainage canal, no further facts can be given as to the probable effects of abstracting 10,000 cubic feet of water per second from Lake Michigan. The importance of inaugurating a series of observations and gaugings that will provide reliable data concerning the lake levels and the probable effect of the Chicago drainage canal and the deepening of connecting channels is again urged upon congress.

The 310 Apache prisoners of Geronimo's band have, the secretary says, led a quiet pastoral life at Fort Still, and have reached a self-supporting condition. He recommends that in time, title to the 36,000 acres they occupy be acquired by the government, and that they be placed under the control of the Indian bureau.

The report shows total expenditures for the war department for 1896 aggregating $51,803,298. Among them is an item of $1,436,795 for salaries and contingencies in the war office in Washington. This the secretary says shows a saving of $382,750 from the expenditure under the same head for the year 1892. The aggregate of appropriations for the department unexpended and turned back into the general fund of the treasury at the end of the last fiscal year was $1,976,033; for the year 1895 it was $1,764,467, and for 1894 it was $1,387,922, an aggregate for three years of more than $5,000,000.

Baby's coming into this world ought to be always a joyful occasion. When the prospective mother looks forward with dread and forboding something is wrong; her health is not what it ought to be; she has neglected the means which nature and enlightened science provide to make baby's advent free from danger and anxiety and nearly free from pain.

Thousands of mothers have obtained the most wonderful help and sustaining power through their time of waiting and of trial by using Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is the grandest strengthener for prospective mothers that was ever invented. Taken during the expectant period, it tones up the nervous system; gives vigor to the general constitution and imparts special power and endurance to the delicate organs concerned in parturition. It shortens confinement; makes delivery absolutely safe and comparatively easy; fortifies the system against relapse and promotes a supply of healthy nourishment for the child.

For all women who have any weakness or disease of the organs distinctly feminine, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the most perfect remedy ever devised. It is the only medicine of its kind invented by a regularly graduated, experienced physician.

Mrs. Nancy J. Porter, of Rodney, Monona Co., Iowa., writes: "I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription as being far ahead of any other medicine for a woman raising a family. I have three children for the first two I have suffered each time for twelve hours. Before my last child was born I took 'Favorite Prescription,' using only three bottles of it, and when I was confined I suffered very little, and was in labor only a very short time."

TWO THOUSAND DEAD.

Spanish Soldiers Mowed Down By Dynamite.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—The Tribune's special from Jacksonville, Fla., says: Col. Jose Reyes, aide de camp of Gen. Maceo, wounded and enroute to New York for medical treatment and with dispatches to the junta, passed through here tonight. He says the fighting in the Rubi Hills of Pinar Del Rio was the most sanguinary battle of the war. He claims that 2000 of Weyler's men were killed in two days and twice as many wounded.

Weyler went to the field with 35,000 men in three columns, one of 15,000 under himself, one of 10,000 under Gen. Ecuro and a third of 10,000 under Gen. Munoz. They found Maceo entrenched in a crescent-shaped range of hills. When at the foot of the hills the Spaniards were met with a withering fire that cut gaps in their ranks. Maceo's men shot from behind rocks and trees and gradually gave way before the Spaniards, who, encouraged by what they thought to be victory, hotly pursued.

Suddenly a deafening explosion rent the air and a scene followed somewhat like the mine horror at Petersburg during the civil war. Horses and men were blown high in the air and fell to earth dead and mangled. The dynamite mine was touched off by John Linn, formerly of this city, who is Maceo's electrician. Maceo then let loose his dynamite guns prepared by Linn, and more havoc was wrought.

In the mine explosion Col. Reyes says Weyler lost 700 men killed and 500 more in charge, besides 1600 wounded. Next day Maceo, knowing of the reserve force under Weyler, retreated to even a stronger position. There he was attacked by the column under Ecuro, who was roundly thrashed and driven from the field, losing 800 men killed, besides 1300 wounded.

Next day Maceo retreated again, maneuvering all the while to entrap Weyler into a field that had been honeycombed with dynamite. Meanwhile, Gen. Weyler, hearing that there was danger of an uprising in Havana because of his failure to crush Maceo, hastened back to that city.

FOOTBALL YESTERDAY.

At Chicago—Chicago Athletic club, 12; Boston Athletic club, 6.

At Chicago—University of Chicago, 7; University of Michigan, 6.

At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania, 32; Cornell, 10.

At New York—Brown university, 24; Carlisle Indians, 12.

At Chicago (Evanston)—Northwestern university, 6; University of Wisconsin, 6.

At Denver—Colorado university, 8; Denver Athletic club, 6.

At Lafayette, Ind.—Purdue university, 4; University of Illinois, 4.

At Richmond, Va.—University of Virginia, 46; University of North Carolina, 0.

At Baltimore—Lehigh, 26; Maryland Athletic club, 0.

At San Francisco—Stanford university, 20; University of California, 0.

At Omaha—Iowa university, 9; Nebraska university, 0.

At Kansas City—Missouri university, 0; Kansas university, 30.

At Middletown, Conn.—New Jersey Athletic club, 12; Wesleyan university, 10.

SILVER OR GOLD.

One receipt of 10 cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size, 50 cents.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York city.

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I have long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, late major United States volunteers and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

WINTER TOURS.

Winter tourist tickets to Florida, Louisiana, Texas and South to California and West are now on sale via "The Northwestern Line." On Dec. 1 and 15 there is a round trip homeseekers' ticket on sale South and West at one fare plus $2. For the best service shortest lines. See that your ticket is over "The Northwestern Line."

B. W. SUMMERS, Agent.

MOUNDS

Relics of the Mound Builders Found in Rainy Lake Region.

Large Mound at the Mouth of the Little Fork River.

It Furnishes Evidence That There Were Giants in Those Days.

Who has not at some time or other read about the ancient mound builders? For some reason or other, the suggestion of the mound builders always recalls to my mind some of those wonderful stories of juvenile literature with which I was always delighted when a boy, and which I believe every one can draw at will from the storehouse of his earliest decollections, from youthful associations with Gulliver and all the other heroes, so indissolubly associated with every boy's adventurous fancy, writes U. M. Thomas from Koochiching to the St. Paul Dispatch. While the stories of the ancient mound builders, as they are commonly related in our school histories, read about as much like a fairy tale as anything else, the fact nevertheless remains that the conclusions are based on results attained after the profoundest research in the field of archaeological sciene. No other study in this realm of sciene affords that delightful fascination that invariably attaches to the mound builders. Who were they, and where did they come from? What became of them? Why didn't some remnant of the race continue to exist as all other races of mankind have done?

Such were some of my mental ruminations while recently pondering over a collection of bones, skulls, arrow heads, stone axes, pieces of pottery and other bric-a-brac of like character taken from an ancient mound in the northern part of the state. They were the first relics of the kind I had ever seen outside of a museum, and as they had just been exhumed near the town where I had been living for some time, I was naturally very much interested in a study of them.

Of course the existence of Indian mounds in different parts of the state has been known from the time the territory was first traversed by the foot of the white man, but it is only within the last few years that any systematic effort has been made to explore them. Hon. J. V. Brower, in his explorations about the head waters of the Mississippi river discovered many of them. On the shores of Itasca lake, Sandy lake, at the government dam on Winnibigoshish lake and other places he found such unmistakable evidences of a pre-historic race that he organized an expedition and made a systematic search of the mounds and their surroundings. The result of his explorations Mr. Brown has very generously bequeathed to history in a neat little volume, entitled "Prehistoric Man." The brocure contains seventy-seven pages, and is beautifully embellished with sixty-three maps, portraits and views. This little book is deserving of more than ordinary notice by those who are interested in the study of prehistoric anthropology as associated with the history of Minnesota. Besides being a valuable acquisition to the state historical society's collection, it is a voluntary and wholly gratuitous offering on the part of Mr. Brower.

The mounds of which I have started out to write about are to be found in the valley of the Rainy River on the extreme northern boundary of the state, some of them being across the border line in Canada. These Rainy River mounds are much more formidable than those Mr. Brower describes in the Itasca basin, in fact I have yet to see or hear of any in the state to be compared with them in size. The one of which I write more particularly is at least 100 feet long by seventy-five feet in width, and from fifteen to eighteen feet high. It is located on the farm of Thomas McKinstry, at the mouth of the Little Fork river, and for years has been the object of interest to travelers passing up and down the Rainy River. The mound is in the center of a cultivated field, and the owner was averse to having it disturbed by curiosity seekers. But by dint of hard persuasion and a little friendly strategy, two gentlemen residing at Koochiching, a town located at the falls, about twelve miles above there, induced Mr. McKinstry to allow them to explore the mounds to ascertain what it might contain. Right here, I will remark, that the undertaking was made in the face of the strongest disapproval on the part of the Indians residing on the reservation on the opposite side of the river in Canada.

While these Indians belong to the Ojibway traditions, reaching back to the mound builders or to the origin of the mounds, they nevertheless have an unrelenting superstition against disturbing the mounds in any way. This superstition is to the effect that the mounds are the sepulchers of a race of people who were seized with the small-pox and died from its effects, and that to open them would be to invite another scourge from which those now living would surely be unable to escape a like fate. When these small-pox victims died, whether they were a race like themselves, and who the sextons were who so laboriously performed the act of interment, are questions met only with a blank stare or an ominous grunt. While the work of opening the mound was in progress only the chief ventured to cross the river and inspect the work, and he approached the mound in an attitude of reverence and holy fear which has probably not been equalled by any pale face since Mark Twain's memorable visit to the tomb of Adam. The chief's discomfiture was not palliated to any appreciable extent when the ghastly skeletons were disclosed to view, and when one of the men picked up a skull with a stone ax embedded in it and handed it to him, the aged chief sadly turned away and crossed back to his own country. He had witnessed an unholy desecration, and was powerless to prevent it. But those who were engaged in the work of desecration were possessed of a different feeling, and the work progressed at a lively rate. Commencing at the base on the west side a tunnel was dug through the center. A number of skeletons and relics were encountered in the bottom, but the skeletons were so far decayed as to render their removal impossible. A number of teeth in a good state of preservation were found, but little else that was tangible. Higher up in the mound the outlines of the skeletons were more distinct, from which we inferred that the process of burial had been going on for perhaps ages. There had evidently been no order or system followed in the burial of these bodies, for the skeletons were found in all attitudes. One had evidently been buried in a sitting posture, while another was doubled up. One skull had a stone ax embedded in it, showing that the victim had died a violent death, possibly in battle, and had been buried without the trouble of removing the weapon which caused it. Another skeleton was found with a copper spear penetrating at the hip joint. Both the bone and the spear were secured intact. Only one complete skeleton was secured, and that one a giant nine feet tall. All the large bones were secured and put in place, the whole carefully packed in moss and placed in a box and removed to a place of security.

Evidently it was the custom of these people to bury along with the dead many, perhaps all, their personal belongings, for with every skeleton was found numerous trinkets, such as beads, pipes, copper axes, spears, bits of paint, arrow heads, etc., so that when our work was completed we found we had a pretty good start toward a museum. An inventory disclosed that we had secured, in addition to the giant skeleton I have mentioned, ten skulls, two copper tomahawks, three copper spears, two large copper hooks, several small pieces of pure copper, one string of copper beads thirty in number, elevn flint arrow heads, one flint spear head, two flint axes, five flint knives, one chisel, twenty-five small flints, evidently used as cutlery implements; one bone knife, four beavers teeth, one large bear's tooth, or tusk; twenty-five tusk beads, strung on a rawhide, which was still fairly well preserved, twelve bone needles (as ws presumed) secured by being wrapped in birch bark and well preserved. These needles are a curiosity, the like of which I have never seen or heard of. There were also three small bone knives, three small pieces of red paint, used for decorative purposes. When we rubbed some of this paint on our hands we found it almost impossible to remove it. We also had a job lot of teeth, bears claws, stone pipes and small pieces of flint.

I doubt if a more interesting collection was ever secured from any mound in the country. Near the mound was found, in a fair state of preservation, a pottery kiln, with the flues still intact, and bits of pottery have been dug up at different times by Mr. McKinstry in plowing the field. This latter discovery has removed all doubts in my mind about this having been the site of a village once occupied by the mound builders. I would suggest to those who are interested in the study of the prehistoric race that this locality would prove an interesting field for research.

While disclaiming any special knowledge in the field of archaeological science, I have presented the foregoing facts solely for the purpose of bringing them to the knowledge of those who are engaged in that line of study, in the hope that the work of investigation may be continued in a district which, I believe, will prove more resourceful in that direction than any other, perhaps, on the continent. As I have before mentioned, there are numerous other mounds along the Rainy River, many of which have doubtless stored within them numerous curiosities in evidence of the ancient inhabitants who peopled this continent in the remote ages of which we have so little knowledge.

You may get over that slight cold all right, but it has left its mark on the membranes lining your throat. You are liable to take another cold and the second one will hang on longer than the first. Scott's Emulsion is not an ordinary cough specific, but it is "the ounce of prevention." It builds up the system, checks inflammation and heals inflamed membranes. "Slight" colds never bring serious results when it is promptly taken.

Book on the subject free.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

FATAL CYCLONE.

Death and Destruction at Waco, Texas, Yesterday.

Waco, Texas, Nov. 27.—The cyclone that raged twenty miles from here yesterday, devastated a strip one mile wide and eight miles in length. A number of farm houses were demolished in the vicinity of Mark, McLennon county, and from Reisel, six miles from Mart. the residence of Buck Douglass was totally destroyed, his wife severely hurt, and one of his children was killed outright. Five persons were more or less injured as far as heard from. The temperature ranged nearly at summer heat prior to the stor. In passing over the prairie, the cyclone took away everything it touched, leaving the earth bare of grass.

POPE WILL NOT SANCTION.

Montreal, Nov. 27.—J. B. Tardivel who has just returned from Rome declares that the pope will not sanction the acceptance from the Roman Catholic hierarchy of Canada of the Manitoba school settlement on the terms recently made public.

FIRE IN A JAIL.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 27.—Fire broke out in the county jail here at an early hour this morning and for a few minutes threatened the entire building and to cause a panic among the prisoners. Prompt service on the part of the fire department, however, soon put the fire under control. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is small.

CHANGE OF TIME VIA THE EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Commencing Nov. 29 "Up-to-date" express leaves Duluth at 1 p. m., arrives in Minneapolis at 5:50, St. Paul, 6:15 p. m. Elegant parlor car, meals a la carte. No change in night express. Tickets and berths Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

At Jamestown it has been snowing for the past sixty hours and a blizzard has now developed that makes it extremely dangerous for any one to venture out on the prairies. Roads are impassable and it is difficult for ranchmen to get feed to their stock. Stephen, Minn., reports two feet of snow on the level and that the worse storm for six years is still raging. Travel is entirely stopped.

A meteor of goodly proportions is reported to have fallen on the farm of P. O. Williams near Fortaan on Saturday night last. A neighbor driving homeward saw it and was badly frightened. He describes it as a large ball of fire and says it struck the ground within a couple of hundred yards of him. An effort to locate the thing the next day was unsuccessful, the snow having drifted during the night.

The jury in the case of W. H. Bakes at Fargo brought in a verdict of guilty. He had several hundred head of cattle belonging to farmers from Grand Forks to Lisbon, and was herding them. He is charged with attempting to ship his cattle to St. Paul. He is said to have sold more than a hundred head.

Mrs. Robinson, an old and much esteemed citizen, was found dead in bed Tuesday morning from heart failure. The funeral occurred yesterday. She was one of the earliest settlers of Orville.

Adolph Weber was recently arrested at Fargo by the United States authorities on the charge of tampering with the mails. It developes now he is wanted on a serious charge in Minneapolis.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

There is some probability that the United States land offices in this state will be cut to half their present number by the incoming administration. The suggestion was made by the secretary of the interior four years ago that the Mitchell and Chamberlain offices be consolidated at Chamberlain, the Huron and Pierre at Pierre and the Aberdeen and Watertown at Watertown. The rapid decrease of public land business renders the six offices east of the Missouri river in this state quite unnecessary; it is claimed by the department that three can do the business easily, and with half of the present clerical force.

Senator Kyle will leave Aberdeen for Washington on Monday next. He was visited by Charles B. Castle, collector general of the Hawaiian Islands and brother of William R. Castle, who was one of the commissioners to the United States at the time of the trouble with Queen Lil. He and the senator were classmates at Oberlin. Under the administration of President McKinley he expects that annexation or a protectorate and ample recognition will be brought about.

Aberdeen and Chamberlain report the late storms as of a decidedly blizzardly character and it is feared there will be considerable loss of stock on the ranges. The wind is very high and the snow is drifting badly. The thermometer stands at about zero, but the indications point to much colder weather, which will greatly increase the discomfort and cause considerable hardship.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

It is estimated that 8000 dock men at Hamburg are now out on a strike.

G. W. Nelson, a chair singer at Chattanooga, Tenn., fell dead in the Baptist church there yesterday. Apoplexy the cause.

In a game of football at the parade grounds in Brooklyn between boys yesterday Walter L. Rhue, a 16-year-old lad was killed in a rough tackle and the following scrimmage.

In the shooting match at Omaha yesterday Parmalee scored 92; Elliott, 91; out of a possible 100.

Winners at Lexington, Ky., yesterday were Nance, Waldorf, Carrie F, Partisan, Ulo.

By a colliery explosion at Zengorze, Poland, thirty miners were killed.

Antonio Lopez Colomo, a Cuban insurgent, was shot at Havana yesterday.

Leavenworth, Wash., a small town of about 1000 people, had a severe scorching yesterday, the entire business portion being destroyed.

Coventry Pattmore, the author, is dead at London. He was born at Woodford in 1823 and was one of the assistant librarians of the British museum for over twenty years.

The members and families of the cabinet at Washington spent the day at their homes with the exception of Secretary and Miss Morton, who dined with Secretary of State and Mrs. Olney. The populace took advantage of the spring like weather and the streets and suburban roads were crowded with people and vehicles.

Sir F. Napier Broome, governor of the island of Trinidad, who was staying in London on a furlough, died yesterday.

At Peoria, Ill., the New Peoria house was destroyed by fire with a loss of $20,000. No lives were lost, but two people were unconscious when rescued.

At Milwaukee, Wis., last evening four men entered Jacob Niednikows' jewelry store at 160 Reed street and attempted to rob the place. Two covered the proprietor with revolvers and ordered him to open the safe. He grappled with the men, who opened fire on him, shooting him in the hand. Niednokows' wife entered and several shots were fired at her and her child. The men fled pursued by Niednokows and a crowd who finally overtook one of them. He gave his name as William Welin. Subsequently nineteen others were taken in custody. All are from Chicago and admit that they came to Milwaukee intending a wholesale robbery of jewelry stores.

At Pine Bluffs, Ark., "Shadow" Maber, Australia and Billy Layton, of New York, fought before the Pine Bluff Athletic club for a purse of $250. Three hundred people saw the contest. Maber had the best of the fighting but as both men were on their feet at the end of the fifteenth round, the referee decided the fight a draw.

The state board of canvassers has completed the canvass of the vote on presidential electors in Nebraska. The figures are: Bryan, 115,625; McKinley, 102,565; Palmer, 2797; Bentley, 738; Levering, 1196; Machett, 138. Bryan's plurality, 13,060.

FORGER NABBED.

But Insists He is Not the Guilty Party.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 27.—Charles H. Bailey, son of the late probate judge, O. P. W. Bailey, of Independence, was arrested here for forging a letter of credit for $1000 on the National Live Stock bank, of Fort Worth, Texas. Bailey cashed the letter of credit, securing $900 from the Metropolitan National bank of this city and $100 from the Chisman-Sawyer bank, of Independence, Mo. When Bailey was arrested all the money, except $150, was recovered. Bailey says he is not guilty. The letter, he claims, was sent to him by his uncle, but the Metropolitan bank officials say it is in Bailey's handwriting. Bailey was reared in Independence. He is 27 years old and has a wife in Waxahachee.

COLD IN OREGON.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 27.—The thermometer registered twenty-one degrees above zero last night, which is one degree colder that it has been in Portland for twenty-four years on or before this date. In Eastern Oregon the weather is very cold. In Kamela, in the Blue mountains, the thermometer registered fifteen degrees below zero last night. It is feared that much damage to fall grain will result. Potatoes are also in danger of freezing as farmers have not had an opportunity to dig them.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only, and sold by all druggists.

255 MINUTES TO ST. PAUL
275 MINUTES TO MINNEAPOLIS.

Is the flight of the fast limited between Duluth and Twin Cities, via the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. Shortest, quickest and main traveled road, leaving Duluth at 1:55 p. m.. Other trains, 9 a. m. and 11:15 p. m. Three each way daily.

Draw on Us at Sight or through telephone ....FOR BLATZ

The STAR Milwaukee Beer.

Draughts on BLATZ are promptly honored and bring health in return.

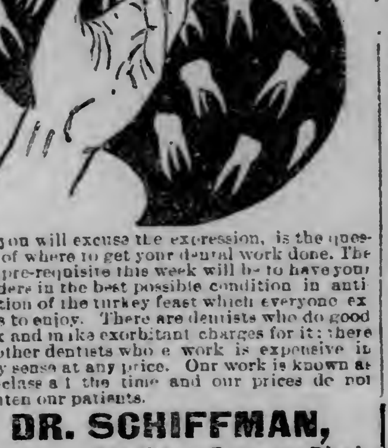
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., Duluth Branch. Tel. 62.

Get Your Christmas Gifts Free

Many thousand dollars worth of valuable articles suitable for Christmas gifts for the young and old, are to be given to smokers of Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

Blackwell's Genuine DURHAM Tobacco

A Toothsome Problem



If you will excuse the expression, is the question of where to get your dental work done. The first pre-requisite this week will be to have your grinders in the best possible condition in anticipation of the turkey feast which everyone expects to enjoy. There are dentists who do good work and make exorbitant charges for it; there are other dentists who e work is expensive in every sense at any price. Our work is known as first-class at the time and our prices do not frighten our patients.

DR. SCHIFFMAN,
Top Floor, Burrows Block.

Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for on line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works, Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO, ILLS.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 60-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of seven hundred sixty and 48-100 dollars ($760.48) which is claimed to be due and is actually due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Eunice A. Johnson, formerly Eunice A. Scarlett, and Ira L. Johnson, her husband, of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, to Mary A. Peck, of Waltham, Massachusetts, bearing date the thirteenth day of April, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 61 of mortgages on page 106, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of lot sixty (60), block eighty-five (85), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the register of deeds in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 5th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Oct. 23rd, 1896.

MARY A. PECK,
Mortgagee.

SMITH & McMAHON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
204 Lonsdale Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Duluth Evening Herald, Oct-23-30-Nov-6-13-20-27.

NOTICE

City Clerk's Office,
Duluth, Minn., November 20, 1896.

Pursuant to a resolution of the common council of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed for record with the city clerk of said city signed by Frank Bell, Gust Peterson, David Nelson et al. representing that they constitute a majority of the owners of the frontage of property on the alley in block 93, Duluth Proper, Second Division, and also for a further distance of 400 feet at each end thereof, as shown by the plat accompanying said petition, and praying that said alley be vacated and discontinued, and setting forth reasons for said application.

Said petition will be heard and considered by the committee of said common council on streets, alleys and sidewalks, to which committee said petition has been referred for that purpose on Monday, December 28, 1896, at a meeting of said committee to be held on that date at 2:30 o'clock p. m. at the council chamber in the city hall in said city of Duluth, at which time the parties interested may appear and be heard.

C. E. RICHARDSON,
City Clerk, City of Duluth, Minn.
(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov20-27-Dec-4-11.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of twenty-two hundred five and 33-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage containing a power of sale duly made and delivered by Northwestern Loan and Investment Company, mortgagor, to John K. Newell, cashier, of Bradford County, Pennsylvania, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of September, 1894, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 15th day of September, 1894, at 8:30 o'clock a. m. in Book 94 of mortgages on page 515.

And whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lot numbered five, in block numbered one, West Duluth, First Division. Lot numbered six, in block numbered two hundred eighty-eight, West Duluth, Fourth Division. Lots numbered three, four, seven and eight in block numbered one hundred thirty and lot numbered ten in block one hundred twenty-nine, West Duluth, Fifth Division all according to the recorded plats of said several divisions; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Saturday, the 19th day of December, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with fifty dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated November 5th, 1896.

JOHN K. NEWELL, Cashier,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-6-13-20-27-Dec-4-11.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK

A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer

CALL FOR—

FITGER'S BEER

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

WEST END

Missabe Passenger Engine Ran Off the Track at Fourth Avenue.

Trainmen Got it Back on Again After Some Delay.

Debate at Proctorknott to Settle the Name of the School.

The engine on the Missabe passenger train ran off the track this morning near its intersection with Fourth avenue. It took some time to get it back on the rails, but the feat was successfully accomplished by the trainmen, and the trainload of people went on their way rejoicing.

SETTLED BY DEBATE.

The principal of the Proctorknott school planned an exhibition on Wednesday evening to settle the question of naming the school. Washington and Lincoln were the names proposed, and the question was settled by a debate led on one side by Miss Grace Thompson and on the other by John Jollymore. Three judges were chosen, and after an interesting debate the name of Washington was chosen. Other literary exercises were included in the exhibition, and it was one of the best school entertainments ever given in the village.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Andrew Miles and wife rejoice in the birth of a son, and S. Baker and wife in the birth of a daughter.

Mrs. E. W. Merritt is quite ill with symptoms of appendicitis.

Frank Lauterman has secured a position in the Great Eastern Clothing store at Duluth.

T. C. Hayes has returned from an extended trip to Chicago.

H. O. Breidal has opened a new hardware store in the Silvey block. O. J. Norby, of Kenyon, Minn., has arrived to clerk in the new store.

William Hurley will open a lunch room in the Caplis building next to the Hurley block.

Miss Nellie Murphy has gone to Grand Marais to spend the winter with relatives.

Extensive preparations are being made by the teachers and officers of Westminster Presbyterian Sunday school for a Christmas entertainment to be given on Tuesday, Dec. 28.

Rev. George E. Keithley and S. A. Jamison have gone to Cloquet to attend the first semi-annual district Christian Endeavor convention, at which they are both to deliver addresses.

A new bell has been placed in the cupola of the school house at Proctorknott.

The Maccabees give a dance at Proctorknott this evening.

WEYLER

(Continued From Page 1).

Cuban insurgents?"

With a motion of ironical surprise, Gen. Weyler answered: "It is not possible, since the rebels have nothing to confiscate. They do not represent anything of the wealth of the country. However, if you posses data of any property owned by insurgents, let me know. I will convince myself of the truth of your information and will tell you if I will confiscate it or not. I, personally, know only of a dozen farm owners with the insurgents, and their property is of little value, and even then it is mortgaged to double the amount of its actual worth with various creditors. Consequently, if I decide upon confiscating, it would be the creditors who would suffer, and they are all on the government side. The revolution is upheld by the insolvent element of the country, hence it bears the stamp of anarchism, which you must have observed, for the reason that the insurgents are not carrying on a war, but rather are pursuing a policy of destruction and incendiarism."

"Is it a fact, general, that you will not allow the sugar crop to be made?"

"I do not feel inclined to permit the gathering of the crop commenced before February or March, as it is well known that the only resources the rebels can count on will have to be exacted from the planters by threats of violence and such means obtained, would only go to acquiring arms and ammunition to carry on the war against Spain. I am supported in this stand by many of the planters who agree not to gather their crops rather than be the victims of such extortions on the part of the rebels and see the fruit of their labor employed against their country."

"Do you not think that by the prohibition of the sugar crop, the commerce of the island will suffer and important houses connected with the sugar industries will be bankrupted?"

"I do not, because up to the present no failures, large or small, have taken place, and the merchants themselves favor the idea of prohibition of the crop. In the relations between the planters and the merchants in Cuba at present, the singular feature is that the planters lives more from the merchant's capital than from the actual products of his land, and it may be asserted the immense majority can only commence work with money advanced by the merchants. Therefore, the commercial element finds it better just now to keep this money under key until the crop operations can be begun under normal conditions."

"It is reported that the Spanish minister for war intends to send another large contingent of troops to Cuba in January."

"I do not know," replied Gen. Weyler. "I only think, I can assure you, that the nation is prepared to make all kinds of sacrifices, both in money and men, which has already been proved, to conquer in this undertaking and make Spain's sovereignty respected before and above everything. All the money spent and to be spent will be Spanish money. Cuba has been asked for nothing, neither for men nor for money. Spain does not hold Cuba to exploit her, nor has she had anything from her. Her pride in her great, rational history traditions alone compels Spain, and she will defend Cuba and exhaust her last dollar and her last man in so doing. This is not only the feeling of the government, but also of the Spanish people, as is shown by the daily growing enthusiasm."

"Do you think, general, that the recognition of the belligerency of the insurgents by the United States would be taken as an offense by Spain?

"It would be strange if any act directly aimed at a recognition of any challenge of Spain's right of sovereignty here which our people look upon as being beyond question evoke an explosion of popular feeling which it would be impossible to check excited and ardent as public sentiment is now on the Cuban question in Spain."

Finally the correspondent asked Gen. Weyler if he would agree to a truce in order to bring about an exchange of views between himself and the Cuban leaders.

He answered: "That would be out of the question, such a step would give the insurgents an importance which cannot concede to them."

At 1 o'clock this afternoon Capt. Gen. Weyler left Havana on board the Spanish cruiser La Gazpi, for Mariel, province of Pinar Del Rio, where he will resume personal command of the Spanish forces operating against the insurgents. Later in the day the correspondent of the Associated Press called upon the chief of staff here and informed him that a dispatch received in New York from Jacksonville, Fla., stated that Gen. Weyler, during the recent campaign in Pinar Del Rio lost 700 men killed and 1600 wounded by the explosion of an insurgent mine, and that 2000 men of the Spanish force were killed and 4000 wounded during the two days' fighting in the Rubi Hills. The chief of staff stated that there was no truth in the statements made, that no mines were exploded by the insurgents, that there had not been two days' fighting, and that the report of the engagement cabled to the Associated Press at the time was correct in every particular.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Poultry is the principal feature of Michigan street houses nowadays and the supply is very full and fine. Vegetables, too, are in good demand and supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, separators, fancy	21	@ 22
Dairies, fancy, special make	10	@ 15
Packing stock	8	@ 9
CHEESE.		
Turns, flats, full cream, new	9¼	@ 10
Full cream, Young America	10	
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12	@ 12½
Brick, No. 1	10	
Limb., full cream, choice	9	@ 10
Primost	8	
EGGS.		
Candled, strictly fresh	19	@ 20
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	12½	@ 13
Fancy white clover, strained, in jars, per lb.	12½	
Golden rod	11½	@ 12
Dark honey	11	@ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11	@ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per pound	10	
Wisconsin, per pound	9	
Maple syrup, per gal	90	@ 1 00
VEGETABLES.		
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85	@ 90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25	@ 2 50
Celery per doz	25	@ 30
Carrots, per bus	35	@ 40
Beets, per bus	35	@ 40
Onions, per bus	40	@ 45
Turnips, per bus	25	
Minn. cabbage, per 100 lbs	60	@ 70
Potatoes, per bus	25	@ 30
Mint, per doz	25	@ 30
Parsley, per doz	25	
Parsnips, per bus	45	@ 50
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 40	@ 1 50
Horse radish, per lb	8	
Hubbard squash, per doz	50	@ 75
Pumpkins, per doz	75	
Marrow squash, per doz	75	
HERBS.		
Thyme, per doz	25	
Savory, per doz	25	
Sweet Majoram, per doz	25	
Sage, per doz	25	
Dill, per doz	50	
Garlic, per lb	10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25	
Medium, hand picked, bus	90	
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90	
Green and yellow peas	75	@ 80
Wax beans, bus	75	
Green beans, bus	50	
Green peas, bus	65	
FRUITS.		
Florida oranges, per box	4 00	@ 4 50
Mexican oranges, per box	4 00	@ 4 25
Jamaica oranges, per box	4 00	@ 4 25
California pears, per case	2 00	@ 2 50
Del. grapes, 10 lb basket	28	
Bananas, bunches	1 25	@ 1 50
Lemons, per box	4 50	@ 5 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	70	
California grapes, per case	1 25	@ 1 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00	@ 6 50
Cranberries, bus	1 75	@ 2 00
Concord grapes, basket	12	@ 13
New York grapes, basket	11	@ 12
Chestnuts, per lb	6	@ 8
APPLES.		
New apples, per bbl	1 25	@ 2 25
Quinces, per bus	1 50	
Quinces, per bbl	4 50	
DRESSED MEATS.		
Veal, fancy	7	@ 7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5	
Mutton, fancy dressed	6	@ 6½
LIVE POULTRY.		
Live turkeys	10	
Spring chickens, per lb	6	@ 7
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Turkeys, per lb	11	@ 12
Chickens, per lb	7	@ 8
Ducks, per lb	9	@ 10
Geese, per lb	10	@ 11
GAME.		
Grouse, per doz	4 50	
Prairie chickens, per doz	3 00	@ 3 25
Pheasants, per doz	2 25	
Partridges, per doz	2 00	@ 2 50
Quail, per doz	2 00	
Canvas back ducks, per doz	3 00	@ 4 00
Mallards, per doz	3 00	@ 3 25
Wood duck, per doz	2 00	
Blue wing teal, per doz	1 25	@ 1 50
Green wing teal, per doz	1 00	@ 1 25
Red heads, per doz	1 75	@ 2 00
Common, per doz	1 50	@ 1 75
Jack snipe, per doz	80	@ 90
Small snipe, per doz	40	@ 50
Woodcock, per doz	3 75	@ 4 00
Geese, per doz	8 00	@ 9 00
Brant, per doz	5 00	@ 6 00
Upland plover, per doz	1 00	
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.		
Bran 200 lbs, sacks included	8 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50	
Red dog	12 00	
Ground feed, No. 1	10 50	@11 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 50	@11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.		
Choice south Minn	$ 7 00	@ 8 00
Northern Minn	5 00	@ 6 50
Medium	4 50	@ 5 00
Poor	4 00	@ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy	9 50	@10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 27.—Butter, firm; Western dairy, 8@12c; Western creamery, 13½@22½c; Elgins, 22½c; factory, 7@12c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 22@26c; Western, 15½@24c.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

HIGHER

Upward Went the Price of Wheat Today on Bullish Reports.

Liverpool Cables Showed an Advance and Receipts Were Very Light.

Argentine Crops Again Damaged---Drought in India is Broken.

Wheat opened surprisingly strong this morning, curb prices at Chicago rather indicating a weak market. The strength was due to Liverpool cables, which showed 1d advance from the opening, and to the Northwest receipts which were only about one-third as large as last year. There were also advices reporting further damage to crops in that country, and a dispatch made reference to the benefit to the crops in India from the breaking of the drought. Chicago received 35 carloads, compared with 363 cars a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth got 351 cars since Wednesday against 1500 cars on Thursday and Friday of the year before. Shipments from Chicago regular elevators since Wednesday were 190,000 bus. The Atlantic port clearances in wheat and flour since previously reported aggregated 577,541 bus. Liverpool reported at the close an advance since yesterday of 1¼d in futures and ½d in No. 1 northern on the spot. That disposed effectually of the 1d reduction there yesterday, which worried some of the traders at the opening. It was estimated that Duluth wheat stocks will show a decrease of 1,000,000 to 1,200,000 bus this week.

May wheat opened ⅜c up at 83¾c, reacted ⅛c but speedily recovered and sold up to 84c. It then held steady and during the noon hour became stronger and sold up to 84⅝c. The close was 1⅛c higher than Wednesday at 84⅝c. December closed 1⅝c up at 82⅛c asked. The mills bought 10,000 bus at 1¼c under May, while shippers paid 1½@1¾c under May for 180,000 bus. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 85¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 83⅛c; December, 82⅛c asked; May, 84⅝c. No. 2 northern, 80⅝c. No. 3, 76½@77½c. Rejected, 69½@77½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 85¼c; No. 1 northern, 83⅛c. Rye, 40c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 77c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 205; oats, 2; rye, 13; barley, 28; flax, 34. Receipts—Wheat, 191,168 bus; oats, 5402 bus; rye, 6409 bus; barley, 21,281 bus; flax, 13,912 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 292,588 bus; barley, 192,116 bus; flax, 93,643 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 19,000; left over, 1000. Market active and mostly 5c higher. Light, $3.25@3.50; mixed, $3.20@3.50; heavy, $3.02@3.50; rough, $3.05@3.15. Cattle, 4500. Market strong to higher. Beeves, $3.45@5.25; cows and heifers, $1.60@4.00; Texas steers, $2.75@4.10; stockers and feeders, $2.70@3.90. Sheep, 7000. Market steady to firm. Hogs, official receipts yesterday, 13,298; shipments, 5995. Cattle, official receipts yesterday, 3845; shipments, 1334. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 5883; shipments, 1156.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Nov. 27.—Closing, wheat, spot steady; futures firm; November, nominal; December, 6s 10½d; 1¼d higher; January, 6s 10½d; 1¼d higher. Maize, spot firm; futures steady; November, 2s 11¾d; unchanged; January, 2s 11½d.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Nov. 27.—Money on call easy at 2@2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86@4.86½ for demand and $4.83¾@4.83½ for sixty days. Posted rates $4.83½@4.84 and $4.87@4.87½. Commercial bills $4.82. Silver certificates, sales $5000, at 65¾. Bar silver 65¾. Mexican dollars 50¾. Government bonds strong. New 4s registered, $1.19½; coupon, $1.20; 5s registered, $1.13; coupon, $1.12¼; 4s registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.10½; 2s registered, 95; Pacific 6s of '97, $1.02¾. A loan of $2,500,000 has been made on the stock exchange at 2 per cent.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Nov. 27.—Wheat, closed, November, 81⅝c; December, 81⅝c; May, 83⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 83⅝c; No. 1 northern, 82⅜c; No. 2 northern, 80⅞c. Receipts, 249 cars.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Nov. 27.—Close, wheat, November, 90¼c; December, 90¼c; January, 90⅝c; March, 92c; May, 89¾c; July, 81¼@84½c. Corn, May, 33⅜c. Oats, May, 25⅜c.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Liverpool is following us now, yesterday when we were on a holiday they knocked a penny off the price of wheat but this morning they recovered almost twice as much when we started strong. Northwest receipts were much smaller and prospects of continued falling off. Primary receipts have been less than shipments for several days and today on nearly the highest price on the crop a sale of spring wheat was made for export which was the first direct business from here for two weeks. Pacific coast advices continue very strong and to quote a cablegram received today America was never in such a good position to dictate prices on wheat. In spite of heavy selling all day of long wheat and against calls the market closes very strong at 1½c advance and with every indication of another bulge tomorrow.

Corn and oats some firmer on light receipts and better weather prospects. Buying of oats is good and there are many traders who yet have faith that oats will sell higher than corn before a new crop.

Provisions firm and higher with shorts active buyers.

Puts, May wheat, 83¼@83⅜c.

Calls, May wheat, 86⅛@86⅝c.

Curb, May wheat, 85⅛c.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Name of stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Whisky	14	14½	13⅝	14
Atchison	14⅜	14⅜	14⅛	14¼
Sugar Trust	117⅜	117¾	116⅜	117⅝
Canada Southern	49	49	49	49
C., B. & Q	79¼	79⅜	78⅜	79
St. Paul	74⅜	74⅜	74¼	74⅜
Chicago Gas	73½	73⅝	73⅛	73½
Del., Lack. & W	----	----	----	----
General Electric	33¼	33¼	31⅜	31⅜
Erie	----	----	----	----
Reading	29⅜	29⅜	28¼	28¼
Louis. & Nash	50	50	49½	49⅝
Manhattan	91⅛	97⅜	95⅜	96⅜
Missouri Pacific	22½	22⅜	22½	22⅞
Tobacco	----	----	----	----
Chicago & N. W	104½	104½	104¼	104⅛
N. P. preferred	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜
Rock Island	69½	69⅝	69¼	69⅜
Union Pacific	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
Western Union	87½	87½	86⅜	87
Leather	60⅜	60⅜	59⅜	60
Lake Shore	----	----	----	----

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Close, wheat, November, 81⅝c; December, 81⅛c; January, 81⅞c; May, 84¾c; July, 80¼c. Corn, November, 23¾c; December, 23⅞c; May, 27⅝@¾c. Oats, November, 19c; December, 19¼c; May, 22⅜c. Pork, November, $6.80; December, $6.80; January, $7.77½; May, $8.10. Lard, November, $3.85; December, $3.85; January, $4.07½; May, $4.27½@4.30. Ribs, November, $3.85; December, $3.85; January, $3.90; May, $4.07½@4.10. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 92@94c; No. 3 red, 87@88c; No. 2 spring, 82c; No. 3 spring, 78@80c;

SPECIAL SALE

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Goods Must be sacrificed at less than half their value.

Best patent Flour, $2.60 per 100; choice patent, $2.50; good family Flour, $2.25 per 100.

CHOICE POTATOES, 25c PER BU.

Choice Oatmeal, $4.40 per bbl.; 50 chests choice new Teas, half price, 8c, 10c, 20c, 25c, 35c per lb; 5000 lbs choice Coffees, 12c, 15c, 18c, 25c, 30c per lb; choice California Sugar Cured Hams, 7c per lb; fancy Hams, 10½c per lb; dried Salt Pork and barrel Pork, 6c per lb; choice Bacon 9c per lb; choice Lard, from 6c to 7c per lb; Evaporated Apples 8c; Peaches and Pears, 10c per lb; Prunes, from 5c to 8c per lb; English Currants, 5c; Raisins, 5c; choice Dairy butter, 12½c to 18c; fancy Creamery, 18c to 20c per lb; endless line of Canned Goods, choice Tomatoes, Corn, Lima Beans, String Beans Peas and other brands, from 25c to 85c per dozen or 4 for 75c; large line of California Peaches, Egg Plums, Green Gages, Apricots, Pears, $1.50 per doz, or 15c per can; 45 bars good Soap for $1.00; 32 bars best Soap for $1.00; Kerosene oil, per gal, 9c in bbl lots; Strictly Fresh Eggs, 18c per dozen; 25 lbs good Rice for $1.00 or 5c per lb. Gasoline 12c a gallon.

Choice Winter Apples, $1.40 per barrel.

Prices subject to market changes. Mail orders promptly attended to, send money order or cash for about the amount of bill and save delay. All goods guaranteed, prices and quality.

Dry Goods and Shoes must be closed out regardless of cost. Come and take them at your own price. Will sell the entire stock for 50c on the dollar on actual wholesale cost.

Prompt delivery will be made to all points. Terms, cash.

J. WILKEY,

Wholesale and Retail Department House,

203 & 205 E. Superior St., Duluth, Minn

No. 2 hard winter, 82c; No. 3 hard winter, 78@80c; No. 1 northern spring, 83@84c. Cash, corn, No. 2, 23¾@24c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 19¼c. Rye, cash, 41½c; December, 42c; May, 46⅝c. Barley, cash, No. 3, new, 24@26c. Flax, cash, 78c; December, 76½@76⅝c; May, 82@82⅝c. Timothy, cash, $2.60; December, $2.65; March, $2.75.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Market Opened Easier With Small Concessions.

New York, Nov. 27.—The renewal of trade on the stock exchange after the holiday was marked by an easier tone, but the concessions were trivial; Manhattan was conspicuous by an improvement of ⅝ per cent to 97⅜. The selling movement became quite pronounced after 10:15 with the specialties the chief point of attack. The unfavorable London prices together with a resumption of foreign sales and the disappointing traffic statements rendered by many roads for the third week of November encouraged bear aggression and short sales by the traders. The commission houses reported a lack of orders and the bull leaders were disappointed at the failure of the market to move from the rut into which it has settled of late. Leather, preferred, declined 1½ per cent to 59¼, but soon rallied to 60¼; Manhattan lost the early gains and sharp fractional recessions were registered in Sugar, the grangers and Reading.

The market steadied after the first hour and slight recoveries ensued in the active list on purchases by the short interest. The inactive shares, however, were very heavy, notably Long Island, which went to 54½ on a renewal of liquidation. Consolidated Gas fell 2¼, owing to uncertainty as to the action likely to be taken at the annual meeting today. Laclede Gas and Susquehanna and Western preferred fell 1⅜ per cent each. The market at midday was apathetic, with the leading shares a shade below Wednesday's closing. The sales to noon were 78,400 shares.

A NARROW MARGIN.

McKinley's Kentucky Plurality is 281 Votes.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 27.—The state canvassing board, consisting of the state auditor, secretary of state and attorney general, met at noon today to canvass the returns of the recent election. In view of the Democratic threats to contest the election of the twelve Republican electors, great interest was felt in the meeting. The canvassing board had already footed returns and read them with explanations of their action in cases where the returns were technically irregular. In every case they had waived technicalities and counted returns as made. The Democrats received greater benefits than Republicans from this course.

Kash, the leading Republican elector, gets 218,171 votes, and Smith, the leading Democratic elector, 217,890 votes. McKinley's official plurality in the state is 281. Smith, who headed the Bryan electoral ticket, defeats Wedding and Howes, the two lowest McKinley electors, who are tied. The electoral college will decide which of these electors shall vote. The count gives McKinley Kentucky by 281 plurality and twelve out of thirteen electors. The canvass in congressional returns made no changes. Under the state law, thirty days after the canvass is given in which to file notice of contest. No such notice has yet been given by either side.

STORM IN KANSAS.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 27.—The first heavy storm of the season prevailed in Kansas yesterday and last night. Reports from Larned and Junction City, in the center of the state, report sleet and snow, driven by a wind that developed many of the characteristics of a Western blizzard. The ground is frozen and fear is expressed that stock will suffer. Wheat all over Central Kansas was never finer than this season.

NO STATUTE VIOLATED.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 27.—Attorney General Hancock has written an opinion in relation to the allegation by a labor organization in New York city that the contractor erecting the Eastern reformatory, in Ulster county, is violating the provisions of the law requiring that all stone used on state buildings shall be dressed within the borders of the state, in having stone used in the reformatory works, made in small blocks at the quarry in Ohio. The attorney general says that he does not believe that the statute of prohibition includes dressing of that character. The intention is to protect stone cutting labor in this state, and he does not see how the sawing of stone by machinery outside the state violates the statute.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

One Cent a Word.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 5815 Grand avenue, Lester Park.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 324 West Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, who understands a gas range; none other need apply. 1215 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 506 East First street.

WANTED—COOK AND SECOND GIRL. U. S. G. Sharp, West Duluth.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, SOME GOOD SECOND hand furniture; beds, chairs, carpets, etc., for boarding house. Address K 85, Herald.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the assignment of the B. B. Richards Lumber Co., insolvent:

ORDER.

The duly verified petition of the Duluth Trust Co., assignee of the above named insolvent, having been presented to the court and filed in the office of the clerk of this court, and it appearing therefrom, among other things, that the estate of said insolvent consists of a certain sawmill plant, standing pine timber and manufactured lubmer;

That the business of said insolvent consisted, at the time of said assignment and during the five years last past, of the manufacture and sale of lumber, lath and shingles, at New Duluth, city of Duluth, said county;

That it is necessary to the protection, safety and conservation of the estate that the petitioner as such assignee be authorized and empowered to cut said timber, to manufacture the same into lumber and to sell and dispose of the same, and to conduct said business of said insolvent;

That the assignee is without funds belonging to said estate; that it is necessary that it be empowered to issue for said purpose, as such assignee, its certificates, which shall be first liens on all the assets of said insolvent, including said standing timber and manufactured lumber.

Upon application of Cotton, Dibell & Reynolds, attorneys for the petitioner.

It is therefore ordered that all creditors and parties interested show cause, if any they have, before this court, at special term, on Saturday, December, 5th, 1896, at the opening of court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the petitioner, as such assignee, should not be authorized and empowered to cut and manufacture into lumber said timber, at said mill, to issue its certificates, as such assignee, in denominations of $100.00, $500.00 and $1000.00 each, payable in 30, 60 or 90 days, in the discretion of the assignee, and to sell and negotiate the same for the purpose of cutting said timber and manufacturing the same into lumber, and conducting said business; why its certificates should not be made first liens upon all the assets of said estate, including said standing timber and manufactured lumber; and why said petition should not be in all respects granted.

It is further ordered that notice of this order, and the hearing herein provided for, shall be given to each creditor whose whereabouts is known to the petitioner, by mailing a copy hereof to him, at his place of residence, with postage prepaid, and that said order be published on at least two successive days in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, said state, before November 28th, 1896.

By the Court,

S. H. MOER,

Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-25-26-27.

Dated Nov. 25th, 1896.

Contract Work.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the county auditor, in the city of Duluth, on behalf of the board of county commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota, up to two o'clock p. m., of December 4th, 1896, for the erection of a mortuary vault at the St. Louis County poor farm, in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by German & DeWaard, architects, now on file in said county auditor's office.

Bidders are requested to submit proposals for both a stone and brick structure.

A bond or certified check in a sum equal to ten per cent of amount bid for the work will be required with each proposal.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

O. HALDEN,

County Auditor.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-26-27-28.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Notice is hereby given that a certain mortgage was executed and delivered by John E. Mullowney and Mary F. Mullowney, his wife, mortgagors, to Agnes S. Reed, mortgagee, covering the property hereinafter described, dated the 13th day of November, A. D. 1894, and duly recorded at Duluth, in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of November, A. D. 1894, at 10:20 o'clock a. m. in Book 95 of mortgages on page 137; and default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the non-payment of the sum of three hundred and twenty-two 50-100 dollars ($322.50) and interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from November 13th, 1894, secured thereby, and the amount now actually due thereon, and claimed to be due thereon at the date of this notice, is the sum of three hundred and sixty-seven dollars ($367), no part whereof has ever been paid; and no action or proceeding has ever been instituted at law or in equity, to recover said debt, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, the premises described in said mortgage situate, lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The north half (½) of the northeast quarter (¼) of section thirty-three (33), of township sixty-seven (67) of range eighteen (18) west 4th P. M., will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the St. Louis County court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on Monday, the 18th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, to satisfy the amount then due on said mortgage and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees provided for in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption within the time provided by law.

Dated November 27th, 1896.

AGNES S. REED,

Mortgagee.

M. H. CROCKER,

Attorney for Mortgagee,

Office 410 Chamber of Commerce,

Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-27-Dec-4-11-18-25-Jan-1.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.

Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.

TIME CARD.

A. M.		STATIONS.		P. M.
[illegible]	Ar	Duluth	Lv	3:05
10:40	Ar	Cloquet	Lv	4:11
10:04	Ar	Stony Brook Junction	Lv	4:56
9:25	Ar	Floodwood	Lv	5:32
8:48	Ar	Swan River	Lv	6:10
8:12	Ar	LaPrairie	Lv	6:58
8:05	Ar	Grand Rapids	Lv	7:00
7:10	Lv	Deer River	Ar	7:52

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR,

General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

D. M. PHILBIN,

General Superintendent.

THE DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R. CO. PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

A. M.		STATIONS.		P. M.
12 00	Ar	Duluth	Lv	3 11
10 50	Ar	Two Harbors	Lv	4 20
8 50	Ar	Allen Junction	Lv	6 25
8 20	Ar	Biwabik	Lv	7 00
8 03	Ar	McKinley	Lv	7 22
7 48	Ar	Virginia	Lv	7 35
7 30	Lv	Eveleth	Ar	8 00
7 55	Lv	Tower	Ar	7 30
7 05	Lv	Ely	Ar	8 25

Daily except Sunday.

A. H. VIELE,

General Passenger Agent.

One Cent a Word.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS SOME KIND of a job around house or store to do chores or any kind of work; wages no object. Address K 87, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN OF good address, position as housekeeper or place of trust; object, more a comfortable home. Address 330 A, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN, COPYING to do at home. Writes a good hand and will work reasonable. Please address Mrs. A. M. L., postoffice, city.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO HOUSEWORK in small family by competent girl. Address K 84, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man of 20, best of references and habits. Address K 86, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG widow; dining room or chamber work, or light housekeeping. Address Mrs. Ella C. Smith, West Duluth, or inquire at 615 Fifty-sixth avenue west.

SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER BY middleaged lady, in widower's family, who has not too large a family preferred. Address Mrs. J. R. Ives, West Duluth.

A MIDDLEAGED MAN, SWISS, WANTS work in hotel or restuarant. First class bread and cake baker and pastry cook and good all around man; will work cheap. Address Mrs. Haller, 520 West Superior.

YOUNG MARRIED MAN WOULD LIKE position as janitor, collector or timekeeper; or any work of that kind; not afraid of work in any form. Call on or address 9 East Sixth street.

LADY WOULD LIKE SITUATION TO work for room and board for a month or two. Please address Phena King, postoffice, general delivery.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

YOUNG AND COMPETENT NURSE would like employment. Charges reasonable. Inquire at 1918 West Fourth street.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 200 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—GOOD HEATING STOVE. Call 30 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

ONE SINGLE AND DOUBLE CUTTER for sale at a bargain. Call at 422 Fifty-fourth avenue west, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

For Sale---for $150.

12-horse power BOILER and 8-horse power ENGINE In good condition

IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY, 12 West Michigan.

FRATERNITIES

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 23, 1896. Work —degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 25, 1896. Work Royal Arch degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

MUSIC.

MUSICAL—TEACHER OF PIANO, E. B. Stogdill; teacher of vocal culture, Mrs. E. B. Stogdill; (late of Chicago.) Special course for young pupils, insuring rapid progress. Terms very low. Address 626 West Third street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

C. M. Hill Lumber company to G. B. Morley, timber in 59-14	$ 10,000
J. Augi to J. P. Sims, lands in section 33-55-21	800
S. A. Etambaugh, trustee, to S. McMillan, lot 5, block 1, Eveleth	100
C. W. Kimberly to E. M. Fowler, lot 13, block 7, Eveleth	40
Thurman Crago to W. H. Hopkins, lot 7, block 126, Portland division	2,000
Two unpublished	500
Total	$ 14,440

If you are Particular

About the accommodations you get when traveling, select the Burlington Route as your line, and you will be more than satisfied.

If you are going beyond Chicago, St. Louis, Denver, St. Paul or Minneapolis, and don't know the rate of fare, or the different routes, time, etc., write to Geo. P. Lyman, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., and you will get a prompt reply, or call on any agent of the Burlington Route —they can be found in all principal cities.

Reclining Chair Cars, Compartment Sleepers and Cafe Dining Cars make a combination unequaled for comfort in travel.

One Cent a Word.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, bath, electric light, storm windows, fine views. Married couple. 20 West First.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, LIGHT housekeeping permitted; gas, bath; cheap; steam heated; lovely lake view. 305 East Third.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 218 Fourth avenue west.

DOUBLE ROOM FINELY FURnished; steam heat. 31 East Superior street.

ROOMS WELL HEATED; FIRST CLASS board; bath, etc. 120 First avenue west.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with water. 123 East Third street. Inquire at 202 East Fourth street.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVE-room house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's. 225 East Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO TRADE, A BICYCLE for a horse. Inquire of Houghton, room 10 Palladio.

NOTICE

Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty-One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated Januray 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 124 of deeds, page 195, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and,

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.

GEO. F. ASH,

NEIL McLACHLAN,

JOHN E. MERRITT,

Commissioners.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 21 to Dec. 1 inc.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

Trains for all points East leave Duluth Union Depot at .... 4:10 P. M.

Daily, with WAGNER PALACE SLEEPING CAR for Sault Ste. Marie, and Dining Car, serving supper.

Westbound train arrives 11:20 a. m.

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House[illegible] and Union Depot.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth.

THE EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls:

Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

10c A Week.

Every Evening Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months.
Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK...... **17,148**

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural eDparment, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Nov. 27.—A storm which was central Wednesday night in Western Kansas increased greatly in intensity during Thursday, and, taking a northeastward course, its center passed near Duluth last night, when the remarkably low barometer reading of 29.17 inches (corrected for elevation above sea level) was noted at this station The storm is now apparently central over the eastern part of Lake Superior. General snows have occurred, with severe gales, in the Canadian Northwest, the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin and snow or rain has been reported at all stations. A wind velocity of fifty-six miles per hour was registered at Bismarck yesterday, with snow and temperature of 4 below zero, and at Duluth the wind attained the velocity of forty-six miles per hour, from the northeast, with snow and temperature near the freezing point.

The temperature at 7 a. m. today was below zero as far south as Northwest Kansas, Central Nebraska and Northwest Minnesota, and below the freezing point as far to the southeast as St. Louis, Chicago and Marquette. In the past twenty-four hours it had fallen 18 to 44 degrees in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois and Missouri, the greatest change having occurred at Kansas City, where, with the temperature at 14 above zero, there had been a fall of 44 degrees since yesterday morning.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 14; maximum yesterday, 32; minimum yesterday, 24; snowfall (melted), .48 inch.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Generally fair and much colder tonight; Saturday fair and continued cold; southwest winds veering to high northwest this afternoon.

Storm signals are displayed at Duluth and Two Harbors.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Nov. 27.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair and much colder tonight; Saturday fair and continued cold; brisk to high westerly winds. For Minnesota: Generally fair tonight with colder in eastern portion; Saturday fair and continued cold; high west to northwest winds.

A LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT.

An open letter to President Cleveland, which appeared as an editorial in the Fredericksburg, Va., Star, has attracted considerable attention, because it is suspected that something Consul General Lee said while in Fredericksburg inspired it. The letter says:

"Your know that the trade, business and commerce of the island have been ruined; that the American interests there have been wiped out; that robbery, arson, murder, rapine and every form of cruelty prevail there; that the prisons contain numbers of American citizens who can get no justice. All these facts have been officially and authoritatively laid before you. You further know that politically, geographically and commercially Cuba should belong to this country, or, at least, be free under an American protectorate.

"You have been advised that on the slightest move on the part of this country looking to the recognition of the Cubans Spain will declare war. You have been officially advised by competent authority that such a war will scarcely produce a ripple in this country; that Weyler has not more than ten days' provisions sent him at any time for his army; that your fleet is amply able to blockade the island of Cuba; that were such a blockade established, in ten days the insurgent army would double in size; that Weyler, cut off by sea from outside communication, with the Cuban army in his front, would be forced to surrender in ten days, and that it would hardly be necessary to fire a shot to bring about this result.

"These matters have all been pressed upon your attention. You know that Olney favors prompt action. You know that congress does, for it has said so. You know that the American people are at your back far more strongly than they were in the Venezuelan incident. Humanity, watching these brave men draw perilous breath in this struggle for their liberty, cries out to you to act. The logic of events demands that you act. American interest calls for some movement. Nothing, as you well know, but a regard for so-called business interest, and the fear you will by any move in favor of Cuba disturb the alleged returning prosperity, is holding you back. You have had it pointed out to you by men you have confidence in that you can settle this Cuban matter before March 4. Will you do so?

"Will you send, as you have been advised to do, a message to congress recommenindg that in the event the Spanish government does not end the war by Jan. 1 this government should interfere? You are considering that course. Don't you hesitate to adopt it. No man in America will cavil. It will be applauded to the echo by the whole American people, and 70,000,000 of freemen will shout in one diapason of liberty: 'Well done, good and faithful servant!' You want to send in such a message. Let nothing deter you.

"Mr. President, Cuba must be free by the action of Grover Cleveland or William McKinley. In ninety days the Ides of March will be upon you. Will you wait in supreme indifference till then? We think not, Mr. President, and we await with confidence your message to congress on Cuba."

The sentiments expressed in the above letter are popular sentiments. They represent the opinions of the vast majority of the people of the United States. It may be that this letter was inspired indirectly by Gen. Lee. If this be true, there may be truth in its statement that President Cleveland is now considering whether he shall recommend in his message to congress that it is the duty of this country to interfere and put an end to the struggle in Cuba. This is certainly what he should do. In fact, something of this character should have been done long ago. The effort of Spain to put down the insurrection is futile. It cannot be done by any force that Spain can put into the island. The only way that the Cuban struggle can be stopped is by the recognition by Spain of Cuba's independence. Affairs have reached a stage where it is the duty of this great republic to interfere and demand that Spain yield to the Cuban patriots this well-earned boon.

HOPEFUL CONDITIONS.

The statement of the foreign trade of the United States for the month of October, issued a few days ago by the treasury department, contains some facts which are of a very pleasing character and present the business situation in a very hopeful light. This statement shows the largest total exports of merchandise of any month in the commercial history of the country, with the exception of December, 1891. The aggregate value of exports last month was $113,385,497. For the ten months of 1896 ended with Oct. 31, the excess of exports of merchandise over imports was $206,985,482. For the corresponding period of 1895 the excess of imports was $31,105,047. The statement of the foreign trade for the last ten months shows a balance in favor of the United States that reaches the enormous aggregate of $238,090,527. The price of wheat continues to advance. Since Nov. 5 the government's gold reserve has increased from $114,000,000 to $127,000,000, thus dispelling all fear of danger from that source. Bank deposits are steadily increasing, stocks have risen in value and interest rates in all the money centers have reclined to exceptionally low figures.

These facts demonstrate that the business situation is in good shape for a great revival of prosperity, and that with the renewal of confidence caused by the removal of uncertainty involved in the presidential campaign it should not be long delayed. Altogether the outlook is very bright. Certain local conditions have caused a continuance of depression in some lines of business in Duluth, but these conditions will soon pass away and we will share largely in any prosperity that may come to the country generally.

THE CHURCH CHOIR.

It is always dangerous for the secular newspapers to discuss the church choir. It is a subject that even the bravest might hesitate to tackle, and when a glance is taken at the records showing how many churches have been wrecked, how many ministers have been ruined, by the choir question, the stoutest heart quails before consideration of the matter. And yet there is no subject more important to church-going people and to those who are endeavoring to attract people to church as to the quality and character of the singing in the churches. Shall it be done by a paid choir, or shall an effort be made to have congregational singing without the aid of a paid choir? This vexed question has been frequently discussed and with practically the same result—people still differ as to the best plan. They always will differ in regard to it.

Edward W. Bok, the well-known editor of the Ladies' Home Journal, writes in the current number of his magazine, urging that unnecessary economy in church music is a grievous mistake and that a well paid choir should be found in every church. He claims that music naturally apeals to a far larger number of people than preaching ever has or can, no matter how good its quality, and yet The Herald has observed churches with splendid choirs that had pastors of poor preaching abilities, and those churches had small congregations. On the other hand it has seen churches crowded to the doors to hear ministers with reputations as good preachers, while music furished was of an indifferent quality. Perhaps the best plan to draw crowds to a church is to have both a good preacher and first-class music. Mr. Bok wisely says that a church desirous of reaching the largest number of people and doing the greatest amount of good must adjust itself to prevailing conditions. If good music will attract where other attractions fail, why not employ this auxiliary? "But," he adds, "good church music can rarely be had from a volunteer choir. And I say this with all due resepect to the thousands who each Sunday throughout our country volunteer their services in divine song. There are innumerable cases where a paid choir is out of the question. I have known of such instances where the singing by volunteer choirs was good. But they are the exceptions; by no means the rule. And it stands to reason that this should be so. Excellence in any kind of work calls for study and preparation. To be a good singer requires years of study and training. And years of hard, practical work must follow the study period. * * * The voice must be cultivated, it must be trained. And this calls for infinite patience, time and money. Trained voices naturally cannot be expected to give the results of all this without compensation. And the fact that their services are asked by the church and in the cause of religion does not affect the justice of remuneration. Ministers and janitors are paid, and so should be our church singers if they have good voices. * * * Where a church is able to maintain a paid choir and seeks to economize with volunteer voices, there is, in particular, a grievous mistake committed. Music hath charms, it has been truly said, and it has to every one. A church able to spend something on its music cannot afford to have aught but the best it is within its means to employ. Those who regulate the affairs of our churches should bear this in mind in connection with their approaching Christmas festivities and for their regular services in the new year before them. There would be far fewer empty pews in some of our churches during 1897 if there were better voices in the choirs."

All of which The Herald commends to the consideration of the governing bodies of the churches in Duluth. Most of them have good choirs, but some have not paid sufficient attention to that feature.

The date for holding the second annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers, has been fixed for Jan. 26, 27 and 28, 1897, at Philadelphia. It is expected that this convention will be one of unusual interest, as the president will submit a report of the first full year of practical work in the lines mapped out by the original convention held in Cincinnati, January, 1895. This report will describe the initiation of practical movement in the direction of the cardinal principles originally adopted by the association, and very gratifying progress in various directions will be noted. It will then devolve upon the convention itself, which will embrace the recorded members holding certificates in the association, to pass upon the work which has been done, and to indicate a policy to be pursued by the president and executive committee during the next year; in which years it is confidently expected that existing conditions will enable the association to make vigorous progress.

A Washington special says a congressman, who was discussing cabinet probabilities, is quoted as concluding that the following slate stands about the best chance of being a winner: Secretary of state, Cushman K. Davis, of Minnesota; secretary of the treasury, William B. Allison, of Iowa; secretary of war, Gen. Horace Porter, of New York; secretary of the navy, Daniel H. Hastings, of Pennsylvania; secretary of the interior, Shelby M. Cullom, of Illinois; postmaster general Henry C. Payne, of Wisconsin; (if he will accept), attorney general, Charles H. Grosvenor, of Ohio.

The Underwriters' Review says: "It is learned on good authority that the insurance department of Minnesota would consider favorable some suggestions on the standard policy. It would seem to be a good scheme to submit to the next legislature a form of standard policy corrected and completed to take the place of the one now in use and which is almost covered up with its bed-blanket rider. There are other errors and blunders in the Minnesota law that ought to be corrected, if for nothing more than for correction of expression."

Rev. Dr. Haldeman, of New York, in his Sunday sermon said: "If you go down to Henry street or Baxter street I will show you hell turned inside out on the sidewalk." Evangelist Moody in his Monday sermon said: "There are as many sinners in Fifth avenue as there are in Water street in proportion to the population." The World complains that this makes it right hard for the respectable New Yorker to pick out his streets.

When the czar on his recent visit to Paris, presented M. Brisson with the St. Andreas order the latter cut off his much-cherished long beard because it concealed the order (which is worn around the neck) from view. Perhaps the czar might be induced to try a similar influence on Senator Peffer.

The New York Sun sneers at the syntax employed by Governor-elect Leedy of Kansas. Mr. Leedy may not be college-bred, and may not know much about grammar, but he is an honest, well intentioned man of the people and will make a first class governor. And this is why the people elected him.

The sleek lobbyist is now in evidence again at Washington, preparing for the opening of the session of congress, when he can earn a few more dollars. C. P. Huntington's lobbyists will be busy at the short session, but the others will not have so much work on hand.

Another "medical college" has been discovered in Chicago which furnishes diplomas while you wait. Fortunately such diplomas do not entitle the possessor to practie in Minnesota. The examination by the state medical board keeps out the quacks and inompetents.

At the recent meeting of patent agents in London J. Sinclair Fairfax said that the cycle industry now gives employment to nearly 33,000 work-people in Birmingham and Coventry alone, and that the total output in England is about 750,000 wheels per annum.

Ex-Senator Washburn was at Canton yesterday and called on Mr. McKinley, but it is not announced that he said anything in favor of a cabinet position for Mr. Merriam. Indeed there is a suspicion that he talked the other way.

The Chicago Record says that "It is gratifying to note that many of the Republican leaders openly recognize the fact that the recent election is not to be interpreted as a warrant for extreme high tariff legislation."

President Cleveland may be in earnest in his announcement that he intends to make war on the trusts. It is rather late in his administration to do much, but better late than never.

Why not make Cuba a Christmas gift, Grover? For instance, a little note congratulating her on her independence would be the proper thing.

"McKinley will have no son Russell to disgrace his administration, but he has a very troublesome friend Mark," says the Kansas City Times.

Erastus Wiman was at Detroit the other day booming his lake and canal route from Duluth to New York, and it may be "a go."

The Twin City publishers have settled the long-pending strike of the printers, by arbitration, and peace reigns once more.

Between swearing in recruits at the reichstag, Kaiser Wilhelm has little time for devotional exercises at present.

It is the general hope that President-elect McKinley did not try to eat all the turkeys that were sent to him.

Thanksgiving was stormy outside, but this made it all the more pleasant inside.

PERSONALIA.

Eugene Field is said to have had an unusual love for curios, and he must have had such things in mind when he wrote the "Ballad of Women I Love," which appears in the book and poems and stories just published.

Prudence Means hath an old blue plate
Hid away in an oaken chest,
And a Franklin platter of ancient date
Beneath Amanda Baker's crest;
"What times soever I've been their guest,"
Says I to myself in an undertone;
"Of womenfolk, it must be confessed,
These do I love, and these alone."

Well, again in the Nutmeg state,
Dorothy Platt is richly blest
With a relic of art and of land effete—
A pitcher of glass that's cut, not pressed
And a Washington teapot is possessed
Down in Pelham by Marty Stone;
Think ye now that I say in jest
"These do I love, and these alone."

Were Hepsy Higgins inclined to mate,
Or Dorcas Eastman prone to invest
stuff in any dull, soft color as terra-cotta, fate
In the bootless bard of crockery quest.
For they've heaps of trumpery—so have the rest
Of those spinsters whose wares I'd like to own;
You can see why I say with such certain zest,
"These do I love, and these alone."

ENVOY.

Prince show me the quietest way and best
To gain the subject of my moan:
We've neither spinsters nor relics out West—
These do I love, and these alone.

* * *

One should be both thoughtful and conscientious when choosing pictures for the nursery. An excellent idea is to have a deep dado of plain denim or burlap upon which can be temporarily fastened with brass-headed tacks any of the fine lithographic reproductions of oils or water colors or large black-and-white photogravures and engravings with which the magazines, illustrated weeklies and Sunday papers literally flood our homes in these days.

They can be arranged in many happily irregular groups on such a dado, the plain In Cupid's bonds they could find their blue or ecru, furnishing a very pleasing background, which supplies the want of a frame.

A white margin should be left around the black-and-whites when possible; and if the edge of a colored picture chances to be inharmonious with the background and seems to need defining, a very pretty effect is given by passing a narrow ribbon around it—the tacks at the four corners will hold it in place—and tying it at one corner with a bow and ends. A gold-colored satin ribbon an inch wide in this way does almost as much for a picture as a narrow gilt molding would.

* * *

So few of us are able to put in words the thankfulness we feel for kindness shown us.

* * *

The disposition that can readily adapt itself to life's changes is the happiest.

* * *

The most pleasing winter gown will be of heavy, smooth cloth, made severely plain, trimmed with narrow bands of fur and a light shade of velvet or silk in the bodice. Some of the newest plain cloth walking gowns are braided very elaborately around the skirt and on the bodice with Prussian braid, which is mixed with metallic tinsel of various colors. Skirts of plaid wool material, or shepherd's plaids, worn with a short coat or Eton jacket of velvet or cloth, are very good style, and a belt of some bright-colored silk looks particularly pretty with the jacket, whic hdisplays the waist line. Indeed, every effective street costume shows a touch of vivid color, either in the pouf front or in the wide girdle: the Quakerish all-to-match style is quite passe. Some of the newest vests worn with the Eton jacket or coat bodice are strikingly gay. One charmingly stylish front recently seen was of black and white stripped silk, with plaited frills of the silk edged with narrow red satin ribbon down the front.

* * *

It is pleasing to note how universal the custom of removing the hat in the theater is becoming.

OUTRAGEOUS AND STUPID.

Loyalty to Clough the Test of Republicanism.

Minneapolis Journal (Rep.): The bulldozing campaign which the Dispatch, as the machine organ, has inaugurated, is hardly up to the standard of ordinary machine methods. Those methods have heretofore been more clever and less brutal, more adriot and less clumsy. The Dispatch gives the whole thing away. It betrays the fact that it is the purpose of the machine to make loyalty to Clough the sole test of Republicanism in this state, and it is arousing antagonism that were better undisturbed.

Just look at it. Here is a Republican who has always been consistent and conscientious in his adherence to Republican principles, whose personal character and individual merit have commended him for political preferment, who is called to the bar by a scribbler in the columns of the machine organ and required to defend his Republicanism upon the ground that he did not render sufficiently active and vigorous support to the head of the state ticket, although it does not appear anywhere that he raised any opposition to him after he was nominated. The head of the state ticket was objectionable to every decent Republican in the state and was nominated against the protest of Mr. Langum along with thousands of others. But because Mr. Langum did not use his paper in season and out of season in support of a man whom he regarded as totally unworthy of the office for which he was nominated, the arrogant friends of that narrow escape will discipline Langum by denying him the right of further political preferment.

This sort of thing will produce its natural results. The Republicans of Minnesota who objected to the nomination of Clough are not to be deprived of their plitical rights and privileges because they were opposed to that rotten deal. And the surprising thing is that the leaders of the machine faction, usually adriot and clever, should permit the Dispatch, as their spokesman, to indulge in such lubberly and stupid attacks upon men whose Republicanism is not subject to review by the writers for that paper, and in whose behalf these attacks are only calculated to excite the interest and sympathy of all fair-minded Republicans.

THE 'EATHEN.

The 'eathen in his blindness bows down to wood and stone,
'E don't obey no orders unless they is 'is own;
'E keeps 'is side arms awful, 'e leaves 'em all about,
An' then comes up the regiment an' pokes the 'eathen out.

All along o' dirtiness, all along o' mess,,
All along o' doin' things rather-more-or-less,
All along o' *abby-nay, **kul, an' ***hazar-ho—
Mind yer keep your rifle an' your kit jus' so.

The young recruit is 'aughty—'e draf's from Gawd knows where
They bid 'im show 'is stockin's an' lay 'is mattress square;
'E calls it bloomin' nonsense—'e doesn't know no more—
An' then comes up 'is company an' kicks 'em round the floor!

The young recruit is 'ammered—'e takes it very 'ard
'E 'angs 'is 'ead an' mutters—'e sulks about the yard;
'E talks o' cruel tyrants 'e'll swing for by and by
An' the others 'ears an' mocks 'im an' the boy goes orf to cry.

The young recruit is silly—'e talks o' suicide,
'E's lost his gutter-devil, 'e 'asn't found 'is pride;
But day by day we kicks 'im, which 'elps 'im on a bit,
Till 'e finds hisself one mornin' with a full an' proper kit.

Gettin' clear o' dirtiness, gettin' done with mess,
Gettin' shut o' doin' things rather-more-or-less;
Not so fond of abby-nay, kul, nor hazar-ho!
Learns to keep 'is rifle an' 'is kit jus' so.

The young recruit is 'appy—'e throws a chest to suit,
You see 'im grow mustaches, you 'ear 'im slap 'is boot;
'E learns to drop the bloodies from every word 'e slings,
An' 'e shows a 'ealthy brisket when 'e strips for bars an' rings.

The cruel tyrant sergeants they watch 'im 'arf a year,
They watch 'im with 'is comrades, they watch 'im with his beer;
They watch 'im with the women, at the regimental dance,
And the cruel tyrant sergeants send 'is nams along for "Lance."

An' now 'e's 'arf o' nothin', an' all a private yet,
'Is room they up an' rags him to see what they will get;
They rage 'im low an' cunnin', each dirty trick they can,
But 'e learns to sweat 'is temper, an' 'e learns to know 'is man.

And last a color sergeant, as such to be obeyed,
'E leads 'is men at cricket, 'e leads 'em on parade.
They sees 'e's quick and 'andy, uncommon set and smart,
An' so 'e talks to orficers which 'ave the core at heart.

'E learns to do 'is watchin' without showin' plain,
'E learns to save a dummy, an' shove 'im straight again;
'E learns to check a ranker that's buyin' leave to shirk,
An' he learns to make men like 'im so they'll learn to like their work.

An' when it comes to marchin', he'll see their socks are right,
An' when it comes to action, 'e shows 'em 'ow to sight.
'E knows their ways of workin' an' just what's in their mind,
'E feels when they are comin' on, an' when they've fell be'ind.

'E knows each talkin' corpril that leads a squad astray,
'E feels 'is innards 'eavin', 'is bowels givin' way.
'E sees the blue-white faces all tryin' 'ard to grin,
An' 'e stands an' waits an' suffers till it's time to cap 'em in.

An' now the hugly bullets come peckin' through the dust,
An' no one wants to face 'em but every beggar must.
So like a man in irons which isn't glad to go,
They move 'em off by companies uncommonly stiff an' slow.

Of all 'is five years' schoolin' they don't remember much,
Excep' the not retreatin'; the step, an' keepin' touch.
It looks like teachin' wasted when they duck and spread an' 'op,
But if 'e 'adn't learned 'em, they'd be all about the shop!

An' now it's "Oo goes backward?" an' now it's "Oo comes on?"
An' now it's "Get the doolies," an' now the captain's one.
An' now it's bloody murder, but all the while they 'ear
'Is voice, the same as barrack-drill, a-shepherdin' the rear.

'E's eyes all round 'is 'elmet, 'is heart is like to split,
But 'e works 'em, works 'em, works 'em till 'e feels 'em take the bit.
The rest is 'oldin' steady till the watchful bugles play
An' 'e lifts 'em, lifts 'em, lifts 'em through the charge that wins the day!

The 'eathen in 'is blindness bows down to wood an' stone,
'E don't obey no orders unless they is 'is own.
The 'eathen in 'is blindness must end where 'e began,
But the backbone of the army is the non-commissioned man!

Keep away from dirtiness, keep away from mess,
Don't get into doin' things rather-more-or-less.
Let's ha' done with abby-nay, kul, an' hazar-ho,
Mind you keep your rifle an' your kit jus' so.

*Not now. **Tomorrow. ***Wait a bit.
—RUDYARD KIPLING in Pearson's Magazine.

A TIME FOR EVERYTHING.

Detroit, Mich., News: But the Evening News is first of all a newspaper. It recognizes that there is a time for everything. There is a time for argument and a time for the cessation of argument. The time for a pause has now come. The public need it, if only for the same reason as pugilists rest between rounds. While some super-excited citizens may wish to continue the recent controversy in all its pre-election heat and vigor, we are convinced the great majority of the people, including the best friends of free silver, desire at least an intermission. * * * In the meantime, there is no reason why the work of the silver clubs, from which the inquiries in question chiefly come to us, should not continue. They should not be too partisan, and, above all, they should not be too sure they know it all. They should devote themselves not so much to public controversy as to private study. Each club shuld be a school for he patient study of the simplest elements of financial science.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

GAIL BORDEN EAGLE Brand
CONDENSED MILK.
Has No Equal
SOLD EVERYWHERE

Notice of Application

For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Jefferson Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of four hundred eighty-five (485) dollars and thirty-nine (39) cents, upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in Jefferson street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Fourteenth avenue east to a point 250 feet west of Fourteenth avenue east, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 7, Banning & Ray's sub-division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
(Seal)
Duluth Evening Herald Nov. 28, Dec. 2-5.

Notice of Application

For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Helm Avenue.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of two thousand seventy-seven (2077) dollars and nine (9) cents, upon the real estate benefited by grading and otherwise improving Helm avenue, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-eight avenue west to Thirtieth avenue west, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 1, 2 and 3, block 5; lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, block 6; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 13; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 7, block 14, all in Helm Addition; lots 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32, block 6; the northerly 100 feet of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, and all of lots 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, block 2, all in Marine Division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
(Seal)
Duluth Evening Herald Nov. 28, Dec. 2-5.

Notice of Application

For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Fifth Alley.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of two hundred twenty (220) dollars and fifty-one (51) cents, upon the real estate benefited by grading and otherwise improving the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Second avenue west to Mesaba avenue, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lot 34, West Fifth street, and lots 33, 35, 37, 39 and 41, West Fourth street, Duluth Proper, First Division; lots 39 and 41, block 52, Duluth Proper, Third Division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
(Seal)
Duluth Evening Herald Nov. 28, Dec. 2-5.

ASSESSMENT

FOR

Sprinkling District No. 5.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of the following streets and avenues in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, to-wit: Third avenue west, from First street to Second street; Second street, from Sixth avenue west to Sixth avenue east; Sixth avenue east, from Second street to Third street, and Third street, from Sixth avenue east to Second avenue east; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of three hundred seventy-two (272) dollars and ninety (90) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 28, Dec. 2 and 5.

ASSESSMENT

FOR

Sprinkling District No. 4.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Superior street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-third avenue west to Fourteenth avenue west and Piedmont avenue in said city, from Fourteenth avenue west to Eighth avenue west; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred thirty-six (736) dollars and ninety-three (93) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 28, Dec. 2 and 5.

ASSESSMENT

FOR

Sprinkling District No. 3.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Lake avenue, from Superior street to the ship canal; Michigan street, from Second avenue east to Sixth avenue west; and Fifth avenue west, Fourth avenue west, Third avenue west, Second avenue west, First avenue west, First avenue east and Second avenue east, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Michigan street to Superior street; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred eight (708) dollars and eighty-six (86) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 28, Dec. 2 and 5.

ASSESSMENT

FOR

Sprinkling District No. 2.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for sprinkling First street, from Seventh avenue west to Third avenue east; and Second avenue east, First avenue east, Lake avenue, First avenue west, Second avenue west, Third avenue west, Fourth avenue west, and Fifth avenue west, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Superior street to First street; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred five (705) dollars and seventy (70) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
R. MURCHISON,
(Seal) Clerk, Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 28, Dec. 2 and 5.

Revolutionary Prices in CLOAKS!

Ladies! have your money ready to buy the best Jacket for the least money that was ever offered for good, honest, legitimate goods.

Tomorrow

We will sell about 40 black heavy Boucle Jackets, high storm collar, some half lined, some all lined, there are three styles of them. All of these are and have been up to tonight $12.50 a piece, and good value at that.

Tomorrow all of these $12.50 Jackets we will sell at..... **$7.50**

The Bargain Table has been replenished with new Coats from stock, one of a kind, some worth $7.50, $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00, all of these Jackets at Bargain Table price **$5.00**

For Misses and Children.

25 Long Coats, heavy cloth, good size cape, from 6 to 14 years of age, former price $6.00 and $7.00, tomorrow to close them out they go at **$4.50**

20 Infants' good Eiderdown Coats at ..... **95c and $1.50**

15 heavy Reefer Jackets in brown and green colorings for girls from 4 to 14 years, former price $3.75 and $4.00, to close out this lot tomorrow we will sell them at..... **$2.00**

Hundreds of good and attractive Jackets for Ladies and Misses to select from

100 good and the best Muffs you ever saw for **50c**

We have a few very handsome Fur Capes from 24 to 36 inches long. What we have is of the very best and guarantee them in every respect. Tomorrow is the big Cloak day at

Silberstein & Bonds Company.

AMUSEMENTS.

"DORCAS."

When a theatrical attraction draws out good houses on a day like yesterday, it is evidence either that the attraction is a great drawing card or that the people are very anxious to patronize the theater. Whichever notion it was that caused it, the houses at the two performances of "Dorcas" given yesterday afternoon and evening were excellent, considering the intense nastiness of the weather and the streets. "Dorcas" undoubtedly deserves a good house, regardless of the opposition of the weather, and the fact that the audience had braved the elements to attend appeared to put it in a mood of appreciation, for the applause was much warmer and more spontaneous than is characteristic of a Duluth audience.

"Dorcas" has been seen here before, when Pauline Hall took the leading role. The company has been much changed since Miss Hall appeared here, and but one or two familiar faces are to be seen in the cast. The play is called an operatic comedy, and that term describes it perhaps as well as a labored exploitation might. There is almost as much music in it as an opera, much more than in many of the so-called operas, and the vocal numbers are cleverly written. Add a chorus and "Dorcas" might be numbered among the better comic operas. At any rate, it is a credit to its authors, the Paultons.

The company as a rule is very satisfactory, and it gave this charming piece a very capable presentation. Miss Drew Donaldson assumes Pauline Hall's role of Lady Honoria. Miss Donaldson is a young lady with a most charming stage appearance and a voice which is pleasing and of satisfactory range and sympathy. Her acting, also, was excellent, and her efforts were greeted by the audience very appreciatively. Miss Millard sings the soprano role of Dora charmingly and Mr. Bassett scored a decided success with his voice as well as with his acting. The chess duet between Miss Millard and Mr. Bassett, one of the most charming things in "Dorcas," was pleasingly done. Broderick as Arnold is a relic of the Pauline Hall cast, and he still gives satisfaction.

Mr. Friar as Lubin and Miss Davenport as Grisella supply the delightful comedy of the play. Both are successful in their attempt, aided not a little by the situations constructed by the authors of the play. Miss Davenport's solo in the third act, Fred Salmon's "Cup of Tea," is very amusing. Mr. Friar's comedy is very graceful and very funny, as all comedy should be and as much comedy is not. The costuming and setting of the play is very lavish and pleasing.

"Dorcas" will be repeated tonight.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Al G. Field's minstrels will be at the Lyceum Monday. In numbers there is strength. This seems to be the maxim of the modern minstrel manager and if the rule holds good, the Al G. Field minstrels and Eutopia present a performance the like of which has not been seen before. The company embraces the names of many of the members of the vaudeville profession who gained fame in Europe and America. Barber and Roberts, bicycle experts, Mohring brothers, the Korolos, Kenno and Walsh, are the special European importations. Lou Sulley, Eddie Fox, Bogart and O'Brien, Ollie Young, several noted Arabian acrobats and vaulters, Will Walling, Tommy Clarey, Doc Quigley, Henry Carmody and Matt Diamond are the names familiar to the lovers of minstrelsy. The dancing horses, leaping ponies and the mechanical elephants all appear in Eutopia, which is an adjunct to the regular minstrel performance.

Red Men's Ball.

The bad weather interfered with the attendance at the ball given by We-Ke-Ma-Wup Tribe No. 17, Improved Order of Red Men last evening at the Spalding, but those present were handsomely entertained. The ball room decorations were unique and pleasing. Behind the orchestra were draped two large flags with the name of the order between. From the gallery a canoe decorated with flags was hung. Deer heads, evergreens and bunting were artistically arranged and draped, and in one corner was a tepee. Several of the chiefs appeared in Indian costume, adding to the picturesqueness of the scene.

Twenty-four numbers were danced. A supper was served at midnight.

THEY RIDICULE IT.

Many People Ridicule the Idea of an Absolute Cure For Dyspepsia and Stomach Trouble.

Ridicule, However, is Not Argument, and Facts Are Stubborn Things.

Stomach troubles are so common and, in many cases, so obstinate to cure that people are apt to look with suspicion on any remedy claiming to be a radical, permanent cure for dyspepsia and indigestion. Many such pride themselves on their acuteness in never being humbugged, especially on medicines.

This fear of being humbugged may be carried too far; so far, in fact, that many persons suffer for years with weak digestion rather than risk a little time and money in faithfully testing the claims of a preparation so reliable and universally used as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Now Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are vastly different in one important respect from ordinary proprietary medicines for the reason that they are not a secret patent medicine; no secret is made of their ingredients, but analysis shows them to contain the natural digestive ferments, pure aseptic pepsin, the digestive acids, Golden Seal, bismuth, hydrastis and nux. They are not cathartic, neither do they act powerfully on any organ, but they cure indigestion on the common sense plan of digesting the food eaten thoroughly before it has time to ferment, sour and cause the mischief. This is the only secret of their success.

Cathartic pills never have and never can cure indigestion and stomach troubles, whereas the whole trouble is really in the stomach.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, taken after meals, digest the food. That is all there is to it. Food not digested or half digested is poison, as it creates gas, acidity, headaches, palpitation of the heart, loss of flesh and appetite, and many other troubles which are often called by some other name.

They are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package. Address Stuart company, Marshall, Mich., for little book on stomach diseases, sent free.

Y. M. C. A. Reception.

A reception will be given tomorrow evening at the Young Men's Christian association rooms. It will be given for the students of the high school over 16 years of age and their teachers. The following program will be given:

Overture—"Der Freischutz" .....
Orchestra, Miss Palmer leader.
Vocal solo—Selected .....
D. McLeod.
Orchestra—Selected .....
Reading—Selected .....
Miss Pittman.
Orchestra—Selected .....
Vocal solo—Selected .....
C. A. Warfield.
Obligato by Miss Palmer.
Reading—Selected .....
Professor Rudolph.
Orchestra—Selected .....

Do not let your dealer palm off on you any new remedy for colds. Insist on having Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

TERRIFIC

Storm of Three Weeks Ago Was Completely Outdone Yesterday.

The Lake Was In a Perfect Fury and Rolled Tremendously.

Duluth & Iron Range Track Seriously Obstructed---Floods on the Point.

Those who looked out over Lake Superior this morning and saw it, placid and smiling, its surface shimmering like silver, found it hard to realize that but a few short hours before it was roaring and raging under the lashing of a northwest gale, its piling waters a dark reddish green, relieved by the breaking crests of the waves that showed here and there in a dirty white, unpleasantly suggestive of the fangs of some ravening beast of prey. This morning it bore the smallest craft like a strong and docile animal of burden. Yesterday it played with a mighty, massive steamer, tossing it about like a chip and once or twice nearly crushing it in on a freak of ferocity.

The weather people say it was the worst storm of the season that raged yesterday. Not because of the velocity of the wind. It was enough of a gale to be sure, blowing at the rate of forty-seven miles an hour at the maximum, but yet falling short of the velocity attained on Oct. 30. The sleet and snow that were features of yesterday's effort of the elements are what, in the opinion of the weather observer, entitle it to the precedence they give it. From the canal around to Endion, the breakers pounded unceasingly all day, and by an early hour in the afternoon the battalion of Neptune that came thundering in had made such serious inroads upon the Duluth & Iron Range tracks that the passage of trains was no longer possible over the stretch from Lake avnue to the vicinity of Endion station. On St. Croix avenue the work of repairing the damage worked by the storm of Oct. 30, that has been accomplished at the cost of so much time, money and labor in the interval, was undone in almost a trice and yet more havoc was made. The thoroughfare named was intersected at frequent intervals by mighty torrents that tore through the roadway and discharged upon the low land on the bay side of the street, forming on that hand lakes navigable by row boats and making the highway resemble a peninsula. The people living in the small houses adjoining the Clyde iron works on the east side, many of them, driven out of their abodes early in the day by the invading waters that rose in some cases to the height of a foot above the floors of the lower stories. The inmates of some of the "gilded palaces" in the tenderloin district were forced to seek refuge on the upper floors and some costly furniture and carpets were damaged.

The combination of sleet, snow and rain that was falling, forming a mixture that resembled a thick porridge, setting, soon after its fall, like cement, was just the sort of stuff with which it is the most difficult for the street railway people to combat. It is worse than any number of feet of snow, for it will not stay where it is put. The snow plow is almost wholly ineffectual against it. It gathers in the hollows along the rails, packs on the track and closes around the wheels in a paralyzing grip. The street car folks made a brave fight, however, and, by dint of unremitting labor, kept the line in operation, albeit the schedule was knocked a little away. The only complete stop was during an interval, shortly after 1 o'clock, when it became necessary to shut off the power for a time. The Lakeside line cars, east of Twentieth avenue east, proceeded by fits and jerks, it being necessary to frequently dig the mortar-like paste that packed under the wheels.

The consequence of these interruptions to traffic was that there were vacant places at many Thanksgiving tables, and many unfortunates sat cooling their heels in puddles of slush, while dinners that they might have eaten had they stayed at home and feasts to which they would have been welcome could they have reached their destinations, cooled at either end of the line. 'Twas maddening. Fortunately, there was but one fire during the day, a small blaze in a chimney at Fifth street and Lake avenue, which was quickly extinguished. The run was a hard one on both men and horses.

TRACK BLOCKADED.

The waves washed away the piling and earth clear to the main track of the Duluth & Iron Range railway at the foot of Second avenue east and piled the debris upon the line, together with huge chunks of ice and quantities of gravel, the water, also, dashing over the rails in the form of spray and forming a coating of ice on them. It required several hours hard work this morning to clear the way so that trains could run to the Union depot. The 3 o'clock Iron Range passenger train yesterday left from the Endion depot and the noon train discharged its passengers there, rendering necessary the services of numerous hacks and drays to the profit of the owners, affording further proof of the truth of the adage about an ill wind.

The waves took a few more falls out of the St. Paul & Duluth dock and completed the job of punching in the face of the Duluth Ice company's ice house on St. Croix avenue. They also gave another lift to the crib of the old breakwater that started ashore during the storm of Oct. 30, landing it high and dry on the beach. The enormous waves that broke at angles where the Duluth & Iron Range suburban depot stands threw spray over that structure in clouds and sent it showering in fine rain clear across St. Croix avenue. Capt. Hector's residence, adjoining the depot on the south was coated with ice and, farther down the avenue, where there are open spaces on the lake side of the avenue the exposed ends of the houses on the inner or bay side are mulled in a covering of ice laid on by the flying spray. Several small houses that started across St. Croix avenue, were left by the subsiding storm standing cornerwise in an uncertain way as if they had thought better of it. The roadway was so strewn with fragments of rock, gravel and pieces of ice in places, as to render it well-nigh impassable.

Many of the houses on the lake side of the avenue were badly demoralized in the rear, their piling foundations having been carried away or badly shifted, and the rear walls caved in, some of them presenting the appearance of standing on three legs, hunched up and shivering in the icy water. In one place, a man was seen taking the washing off the line with an ax. No casualties on account of the storm had been reported to the police up to noon today. The telephone and fire alarm systems were in good working order this morning.

MONARCH'S EXPERIENCE.

Her Perilious Journey From Port Arthur Yesterday.

Nearly everyone in Duluth yesterday afternoon and early in the evening was aware that a frightful storm was in progress. They heard the wind howl around the corners and the waves boom on the beach, and they saw the driving clouds of cutting sleet and snow. If they attempted to navigate the streets they likewise felt the effects of the storm. But nobody in Duluth knew quite as much about it as Capt. Robertson and the crew of the Monarch, who spent the afternoon on the lake and at 6 o'clock barely got through the canal.

Capt. Robertson says that he left Port Arthur at 1:30 a. m. when he was assured that there would be a change of wind from easterly to westerly. He though that the probabilities were that way, and he sailed, but from the time the Monarch cleared the island and was well on its Lake Superior voyage, the trip was one of peril. The snow was thick and cutting, and the seas so high that they would occasionally wash over the stern of the vessel, a very unusual occurrence. When Duluth was near it was growing dark, and there was a choice of two perils, to heave to and anchor or to attempt to weather the canal. Capt. Robertson chose the latter as the lesser evil. It was extremely difficult to get the range lights on the canal and when the boat was 1000 feet from the piers and driving dead on at a high rate, it was discovered that she was headed straight for the beach. The wheel was put over and in spite of the seas the Monarch answered it nobly. The piers were barely discernable and the Monarch barely missed the north pier and passed through with a full head of steam.

It was too late to back her, and she struck the Sargent coal dock with sufficient force to do some trifling damage.

The boats which were in shelter here yesterday got away during the night and this morning.

FELL OFF THE DOCK.

John Schelin Wants $25,000 For Doing It.

John Schelin fell off the ore dock at Two Harbors last summer, and he now wants $25,000 from the Duluth & Iron Range road for going through that performance. His suit was filed in the United States circuit court this morning. He alleges that in June, 1896, he was working for the railroad on the Two Harbors ore dock. In the course of his duties he was compelled to climb into an ore pocket so as to arrange for the proper adjustment of the spout through which the ore goes into the boats. He was crossing the pocket on a plank provided for the purpose. The plank turned and he fell fifty feet off the dock, and finally brought up on the deck of a whaleback, insensible, bruised and seriously injured. He claims he will never be able to do manual labor again, and wants $25,000 to compensate himself for that.

Temple Congregation Social.

The congregation of Temple Emmanuel entertained about 100 guests last evening in its rooms in the Kalamazoo block. The social was given for the benefit of the temple. The young people danced on the top floor and the older people played cards on the floor below. Hoare's orchestra played and a fine supper was served. The committees in charge were as follows: Reception, B. Silberstin, P. H. Oswald, I. Fridman, L. S. Levy, Louis Hammel, G. A. Klein, M. J. Edelman, Mrs. B. Heller and Mrs. Krojanker; refreshments, Mesdames B. Heller, P. H. Levi, P. H. Oswald, Louis Hammel, I. Bondy and R. Krojanker; floor, David Cohen, B. J. Cook and Daniel Cohen.

Gun Club Turkey Shoot.

The turkey shoot which was to have taken place under the auspices of the Central Gun club at Twenty-first avenue west yesterday, has been postponed until tomorrow, when it will occur at the same place, at 1 o'clock. The club offers four turkeys to the four marksmen having the highest average, shooting through the entire match, and in addition will give two turkeys to the two marksmen, as "consolation" prizes, who shoot through the entire match. The traps will be open at 10 in the morning to afford those who wish an opportunity to practice.

SECURES TWO THEATERS.

Cincinnati, Nov. 27.—Daniel Frohman has secured the control of the two leading theaters of Cincinnati, the Grand Opera house and the Walnut Street theater, and will control the bookings at these houses and share in the profits. Mr. Frohman becomes a partner with the present proprietors, Messrs. Rainforth & Hamlin and thus adds these theaters in the city to the Frohman syndicate. The agreement is for a term of five years. The local managers look upon the arrangement as one that will add to the value of the attractions that will be presented in Cincinnati.

ANOTHER "SOCIAL" CALL.

Cleveland, Nov. 27.—Senator J. B. Foraker was a visitor at the office of National Chairman M. A. Hanna today, and the two gentlemen held a brief conference. It was stated that Senator Foraker came to this city upon legal business and that his call upon the national chairman was simply social and not to discuss political matters. The senator will go from Cleveland to Canton this afternoon and make a short call upon the president-elect. Chairman Hanna said today that owing to a crush of personal business matters here, he would be unable to start for Washington to arrange the details for the inauguration ceremonies until the latter part of next week.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Smoke the "Tom Dinham" cigar, sold by all the leading dealers.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION.

Dec. 1 and 15 the Northern Pacific, Wisconsin Central lines will sell one way and round trip tickets to Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia at reduced rates. For full particulars, call at city office, 23 West Superior street.

A. W. KUHHNOW,
Passenger Agent.

BEST AND PUREST.
Solon spring water, 50 per gallon.

Hanan's Calf Shoes, (Grecian toe, regular $5 Shoes, all sizes— $3.98

PHILLIPS & CO.

218 West Superior Street.

Men's $5 Enamel Shoes New Boston toe, Heavy soles, all sizes— $3.98

Great Stock-Reducing Sale of Fine Shoes!

Slipper Soles.
Misses' Slipper soles.....13c
Ladies' Slipper soles.....15c
Men's Slipper soles.....25c

Ladies—Your choice of 10 different styles of our finest $4.00 and $5.00 shoes, calf box, calf and Vici, only..... **$2.98**

Ladies' extension sole, button, century last, regular $3.00 shoe, only..... **$1.98**

Ladies' spring heel, button shoes, sizes 2½ to 6..... **$1.50**

Ladies' Felt Slippers, Felt Soles **49c**

Ladies' 90c leather sole Felt Slippers..... **69c**

Our Misses' fine dongola needle toe, button or lace, sizes 11 to 2, only..... **$1.75**

Misses' finest Kangaroo Calf, lace and button Shoes, just the thing for skating, every pair guaranteed, to give satisfaction, sizes 11 to 2..... **$1.75**
Sizes 8½ to 10½ **$1.50**

Misses' strong kangaroo calf, button, wear like iron, only **$1.50**

Misses' kid button, regular $1.25 Shoe, only..... **98c**

Child's kid button, sizes 5 to 8, only..... **43c**

Child's kid button, regular 90c shoe **69c**

Infants' Shoes, 1 to 5 ..... **22c**

65c infants' shoes **49c**

Infants' 50c Moccasins **49c**

Men's kangaroo calf cork sole Shoe, needle toe, only **$3.00**

Men's fine calf invisible cork soles, all shapes, only **$3.00**

Only $2.50 a pair
60 pairs men's small size patent and enamel leather Shoes, sizes 5 to 7, regular $5 and $6 Shoes.

Boys' honest wearer school Shoes, all sizes and styles, only **$1.50**

Boys' iron clads, very heavy soles, only **$1.25**

Boys' calf Shoes, sizes 2 to 5½..... **$1.00**

Watch Us! From now on Shoes will be cheap at this store; bargains for all. We have too many Shoes and must unload; you know what that means. SHOES SHINED FREE

SCANDAL

Earl Russell's Libel Suit Against His Mother-in-Law Proceeds.

Very Damaging Testimony Given Against Lady Scott By Witnesses.

A London Masseuse Introduced Her to Patrons as His Sister.

London, Nov. 27.—The central criminal court (Old Bailey) was not so crowded as yesterday, when the trial of Lady Selina Scott, mother of Countess Russell, and co-defendant with John Cockerton, an engineer; Frederick Kast, a groom, and William Aylott, a valet, in the action brought by Earl Russell for criminal libel was resumed this morning before Justice Hawkins. Lady Scott was dressed as stylishly as yesterday and was attended in court by her maid. Earl Russell was re-examined by his counsel, Sir Frank Lockwood, Q. C., and said he informed Lady Scott on the subject of his "wild oats" prior to his marriage to her daughter. Counsel for the earl, continuing, read a letter from Lady Scott to his client, in which she wrote: "I want you always to trust me. I am thankful I know everything. I love you just the same. Your loving 'Bo.'"

Answering further questions put to him by Sir Frank Lockwood, Earl Russell said that by the end of the suit of the countess for a restitution of her conjugal rights the litigation had cost him between £10,000 and £15,000. St. George Lane Fox, a cousin of Earl Russell, corroborated the latter's evidence on the subject of the yachting trip, and said that he warned the earl not to marry, who, from inquiries which he had made, he considered Lady Scott to be a "woman of infamous reputation."

A bookseller named Carrez testified that a "masseuse" had introduced him to Lady Scott as her sister. Witness then proved the printing and distribution of the libels on Lady Scott's orders, and produced a letter from her in which she said: "I want you to find me a rich American gentleman to help me bear these expenses with a view to marriage. I have had plenty of good offers, but I must have riches. Yours truly, L. S. Kindly have all ready."

The documents were mailed by her order to every paper in London, some Paris newspapers, the colonels of the regiments of foot guards, to the three masters of Bath college, the masters at Winchester, the New York and California clubs, the Jockey club, to tradesmen in Malden Head and Windsor and London, to the stationmasters at Malden Head, Cambridge, Oxford, Teddington, Winchester and Brighton and to all secretaries of clubs at Malden Head, to the members of the county council, the managers of all theaters, the head masters at Oxford, Cambridge, Harrow, Eton and Winchester, to the police at Malden Head and to a large number of private individuals, as well as to the members of the house of lords and house of commons. The document giving the list of persons to whom the documents were to be sent was, it appears, in the handwriting of Lady Scott.

FOREIGN LEGISLATURES.

Buda Pest, Nov. 27.—In the upper house of the Hungarian diet today, Baron Banffy, the premier communicated to the house a royal warrant appointing Wilhelm Toth, president of that body.

Berlin, Nov. 27.—The budget committee of the lower house of the Prussian diet today adopted the bill providing for the conversion of the 4 per cent consols into 3½ stock.

Notice of Application

For an Order Confirming Final Assessment for Grading Palm Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota.
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of forty-one hundred ninety-three (4193) dollars and seventy-one (71) cents upon the real estate benefited by the grading of Palm street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Arlington avenue to the west line of Duluth Heights, Fifth division, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessments affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

Lots 17 to 32, inclusive, block 1; lots 6 to 14, inclusive, block 2; lots 18 to 34, inclusive, block 3; lots 17 to 32, inclusive, block 4; lots 17 to 32, inclusive, block 5; lots 17 to 30, inclusive, block 6; lots 3 to 16, inclusive, block 7; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 8; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 9; lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 10; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 13, 14, 15 and 16, block 11; and lots 1 to 16, inclusive, block 12; all in Duluth Heights, Fifth division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
P. MURCHISON,
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 28, Dec. 2 and 5.

ASSESSMENT

FOR

Sprinkling District No. 6.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn.,
November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for the sprinkling of Third street from Second avenue east to Fifth avenue west and Fourth street from Fifth avenue west to Sixth avenue east in the city of Duluth, Minnesota; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of three hundred ninety-one (391) dollars and seventy-one (71) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shall have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov 28, Dec. 2 and 5.

Notice of Application

For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Fifth Alley.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota.
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of six hundred seven (607) dollars and twenty-five (25) cents upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Twenty-sixth avenue west to Twenty-seventh avenue west, with an outlet in Twenty-seventh avenue west to the alley between Third and Fourth streets, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessments affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

All lots in block 119, Duluth Proper, Second division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
P. MURCHISON,
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 28, Dec. 2 and 5.

Notice of Application

For an Order Confirming Assessment For Sewer in Seventeenth Avenue West.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minnesota.
November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of one hundred forty-nine (149) dollars and twelve (12) cents upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in Seventeenth avenue west, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Piedmont avenue west to Superior street, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court, to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

Lots 276, 278 and 280, block 56, and lot 274, block 57, Duluth Proper, Second division.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
P. MURCHISON,
(Seal.) Clerk, Board Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 28, Dec. 2 and 5.

POWER AND SETTLE DULUTH MINN.

Much Making== Ready

Is in progress

For Tomorrow's Traders

In the store. Forceful price givings will catch your eye at every turn, and the newness of things will make selecting easy.

Cloaks.

Tomorrow's Cloak buyers are going to be exceedingly fortunate, if saving money is of any importance, and if style and fit count for anything, as there will be three hundred and fifty (350) garments on sale here. It is quite impossible to tell of each one seperately, and if we attempted to 'twould likely confuse, besides a glance from you will disclose their cheapness and goodness more fully than a page of prose. They range in price from $3.00 to $18.50, showing almost every new fabric and every new effect in collar and cut.

Before going out have a look at the new oddities in Fur Collarettes, Ripple Capes, and long Fur Capes of all kinds.

A Fresh Shipment of

Children's Jackets and Gretchens

Have just arrived for tomorrow's trade. They are very moderate in price and in unusually desirable styles.

Seperate Skirts AND Seperate Waists

In Mohair, Flannel, Silk and Fancy Cloths that are made up in accordance with the most modern fashion requirements at from $2.00 up.

Millinery

We charge no more and in many instances less, so you'd just as well wear a hat that is stylish. $3 00, $4.00 and $5 00 Hats here comes from the same designer and maker as the $20 ones. All special orders executed promptly and expertly.

Hosiery and Under=wear.

Down to 15c a pair for fast black Hosiery for Ladies in wool, cotton and fleece lined goods, and ranging up through the great lines at 25c, 35c and 50c are all of the best standard makers that sell here. One of our great offerings tomorrow will be 35 dozen regular 50c Stockings at 3 pair for $1.00. Another shipment of that Camel's Hair Underwear for Boys and Girls at 25c, 10c rise a size. will be put on sale tomorrow.

Combination Suits==

In Wool, Silk and Cotton at moderate prices. Headquarters for Vester's famous Swiss ribbed woolen underwear.

POWER & SETTLE.

PERSONALS.

James Redy, of this city, will leave for Ashland next week, where he will engage in the lumber business.

C. M. Manseau, of the Duluth Telephone company, has returned from Milwaukee where he went to officiate at the "taking off" of a friend in a matrimonial affair.

Miss Mary Naughton has gone to Chicago to complete her art studies.

M. D. Kelly, of St. Paul, roadmaster of the St. Paul & Duluth road, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Jones, of St. Paul, were at the St. Louis yesterday.

D. P. Kellogg came down from Two Harbors yesterday.

A. J. Sullivan, of Eveleth, is in the city.

M. D. Grover, of St. Paul, general counsel of the Great Northern road, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sheehan, of Minneapolis, are at the Spalding today.

W. S. Seelle, of Power & Settle, is in Chicago.

Miss Carrie Eldridge has returned from Genessee, Mich., where she was called by the sudden death of her brother.

John Pengilly came down from Ely today.

H. R. King, of Grand Rapids, is in the city.

Miss Ma Belle Avery, of Minneapolis, is visiting her sister, Miss H. Estelle Avery at 521 East Third street.

You Save **TWENTY LOAVES** of **BREAD** Every Time You Buy a Barrel of **DULUTH IMPERIAL FLOUR.**

MARINE

Nothing Heard of the Steamer Cumberland, Which Left Ashland Wednesday.

Was Last Seen When the Storm Was Increasing in Violence.

The Steamer Kearsarge Released From Round Island and Now Reloading.

Ashland, Wis., Nov. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Nothing has been heard of the steamer Cumberland, which left here before the great gale of Wednesday night and Thursday set in. When last seen by the captain of the steamer Ericsson, the Cumberland was eight miles ahead of him, and the storm at that time was hourly increasing in violence. The captain of the Ericsson says it would have been impossible for the Cumberland to have made a harbor of safety, and she must have ridden out the gale in the open lake. Machinists have been working all night and this forenoon repairing the rudder and steering gear of the schooner Corliss, which the Ericsson had in tow. Both boats left at noon, the Corliss having been fixed up so she could make the down trip.

SHELTERED FROM THE GALE.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamers Nesbitt, North Wind, Northern King, Sauber, V. H. Ketchum, bound up, are sheltered here from the gale on Lake Superior. The steamer Kearsarge was released at midnight from Round Island, and is now reloading her lightered cargo.

IN A TERRIFIC GALE.

Ashland, Nov. 27.—The steamer Ericsson and schooner Corliss, of the Rockefeller fleet, which cleared Wednesday evening, returned to the harbor yesterday afternoon after a vain battle with the terrific gale which prevailed on Lake Superior all day. The steamer and her consort were unable to make any headway against the sea, and were finally compelled to run for shelter to save themselves. Both vessels are damaged. One has lost her rudder and the other is said to have a hole in her hull, but not sufficiently large to cause her to founder.

NEW BOAT FOR WOLVIN.

Cleveland, Nov. 27.—A. B. Wolvin, of the Zenith Transportation company, of Duluth, has awarded a contract to the Cleveland Shipbuilding company for the construction of a new steamer that in the main will be a duplicate of the Queen City, the celebrated cargo record-breaker of the great lakes. The only material difference will be in the length of the new boat. She will be six feet longer than the Queen City, but in other respects the same. The new vessel will be ready to go into commission by the opening of navigation, and work will begin as soon as possible. The Queen City was built by the Cleveland Shipbuilding company, and it is said to be a very profitable carrier.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Tampa, 10:30 last night; Nebraska, 2:30 a. m.; Tower, 3; Cranage, 9:40; Barlett and consort, 10; Nyanza, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Northern Queen, 3:30 a. m.; Saxon, 4; Selwyn Eddy, 4:15; Pioneer, 5; Preston, 7:15; Manola, 7:30; H. J. Johnson, 2:20 p. m.; LaSalle, 7:30; Gratwick, 8:40.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Choctaw, Joliet, Argonaut, 10:50; Fisk, 11.

Down yesterday: Viking, Vineland, 2:30 p. m.; George Williams, 7:30; Bangor, 10.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Masaba, Malta, 10 last night; Thomson and whaleback, midnight; Spencer, Stimson, 1:40 a. m. Up: Uganda, Northern Queen, Selwyn Eddy, Pioneer, 10:20.

Later—Up: Zenith City, Manola, Progress, 11:30 a. m.; Rockefeller and whalebacks, 12:30 p. m. Down: Kearsarge, 1:40 p. m.

Up yesterday: Nesbitt, North Wind, Northern King, Sauber, Nicholas, 4 a. m.; Wawatam, V. H. Ketchum, 5:30; Bannockburn, 7:40. Down: United Empire, Livingstone, Merida, 3 a. m.; Pasadena, Martin, 3:20; Ward, 4:30; Queen City, 6:20.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Cleveland—Cleared: Tower, Gladstone; Frontenac, Duluth.

WILL NOT LENGTHEN THE CURRY

Last summer Waldo A. Avery said his company was seriously considering lengthening the steamer S. S. Curry to 500 feet, and building a consort 450 feet long to tow with her. Monday morning, when questioned on the outlook for business, Mr. Avery said: "There won't be as much grain to go down next year as this, and the docks are all full instead of empty, as was the case last spring. I can see no reason for any particular spurt in vessel circles, and as a consequence I do not feel warranted in spending any money in expectations for the future." So says the Detroit Journal.

JOHN GORDON'S MOVEMENTS.

There is a rumor at Buffalo that John Gordon is about to come to the fore again in some extension to the Great Lakes line, of which the steamer Globe is still the only ship. He was expected by the older lake lines and some other people to fall to get his package freight carried east from here and so collapse at once, but he has managed to come out ahead right along.

OUTLOOK FOR NEXT SEASON.

"I have had the most encouraging news from Cleveland," said Thomas Adams to a Detroit Journal reporter, "and have had one out-and-out offer for the Adams next year for the entire season. The general feeling with my correspondents is bright, though I do not look for miracles. But I do think 1897 will see a much improved state of things."

MARINE NOTES.

The burned wreck of the steamer B. W. Arnold is offered for sale by the underwriters. The hull lies on rocks and is rapidly breaking up. The boiler is loose and the engine is in fair condition.

Signals for a tug from the McDougall pig 127 caused the Erie life-savers to make a 4-mile trip in a heavy sea Monday night.

When the steamer J. C. Gilchrist discharged her cargo of 80,000 bushels of wheat at Sandusky the other day 1200 bushels were found to be wet.

An examination by Diver Quinn at Detroit disclosed the fact that the injury of the steel barge Aurania by striking at the Limekiln consists of a split of several feet in one bottom plate. After lightering out a portion of the coal cargo forward she will proceed to Chicago, her own pumps being able to hold the leakage in check.

The burned steamer Wallula will proceed to Cleveland from Conneaut under her own steam.

Steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company will close their season on Lake Erie and Lake Huron Nov. 30.

The steamers Hesper and Gladstone, barge Adriatic and McDougall pig 109 will hold grain cargoes on board at Sandusky.

Capt. Orlando McQueen, whose disappearance from the steamer Oregon at Sandusky was recently noted, has been heard from at Chicago. After leaving the Oregon McQueen shipped in another steamer.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Monarch, Scania, pass and mdse; Fedora, Majestic, Lake Erie, coal; Neilson, Lake Erie, light for ore; Senator, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—Gratwick, Schuylkill, North Star, Arabia, Montana, Farwell, Mohawk, China, Buffalo, flour; Paris, Harper, St. Lawrence, Grover, Olympia, Lagonda, Hadley, Buffalo, grain; Cassalia, Two Harbors, light; Schuck, light; Sheldon, Lake Erie, lumber.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Queenstown—Arrived: Lucania, from New York for Liverpool.

Hamburg—Arrived: Phoenicia, from New York.

THE ROUNDER.

An incident that occurred during the storm yesterday proved, according to City Clerk Richardson, that Judge Moer was in him the stuff of which heroes are made. The two gentlemen named, with W. E. Richardson, Frank Day and L. C. Harris were standing yesterday afternoon at the canal holding hands and listening to the hoarse song of the waters and the mad freaks of the waves. Their position seemed to them secure enough, being on a veranda running along the side of a building parallel with and about twenty-five feet back from the north pier of the canal. They were, however, mistaken. A huge billow came bounding toward the canal, vaulted over the end of the piers and then, stealthily like a tiger, glided toward the group, who were intently looking out over the canal just at that moment. A gurgling like a soft purring growl in the tiger's throat, as the gliding mass of water encountered the railing at the end of the veranda, caused the judge, who was nearest the danger to look that way. With a yell like a Pawnee he sprang for the street, his left elbow striking Frank Day where he had his Thanksgiving dinner tucked away and his right going through a pane of glass in a window. W. E. Richardson, who being nearest the street, was paddling along with a fair prospect of escape when the judge, who had distanced the field, grappled him with a vise-like grip around the neck, bringing him up standing.

"I'll stand by you, Will," said the judge as W. E. squirmed to get away and escape from the oncoming flood. "Just don't get excited and you're all right—just keep cool," he continued reassuringly, as W. E. ducked and tried to pull in a last desperate attempt to save himself with a wetting. But the judge had secured a grip on the railing and was anchored. Escape was impossible. The more he shook the more the judge hung on.

"Not much trouble about keeping cool," said W. E. grimly as he felt the icy water swirl about his knees. The others, who had reached the street by this time, waited for the two to float up to the sidewalk and then lifted them out of the puddle.

W. E. says that presence of mind is all right, but it is a poor substitute for absence of body.

A BIG BLIZZARD.

Worst in the Northwest For Many Years.

St. Paul, Nov. 27.—Specials to the Dispatch continue to bring reports of the great blizzard which has been raging in the Dakotas and Northern Minnesota for the past three days. The storm is the worst known for many years. The following specials give some idea of its extent:

Red Lake Falls, Minn.—Worst blizzard this section ever saw. The storm which has fallen at intervals for several weeks has been piled into huge drifts by a high wind, and all traffic is suspended.

Fergus Falls, Minn.—Heavy storm raging. Mercury at zero. Business suspended.

Moorhead, Minn.—Raging blizzard since yesterday morning. Streets blocked. No trains and business at a standstill.

Fargo, N. D.—Storm still continues with even greater intensity. All wires West and North down. Northern Pacific train due here yesterday morning still stuck at Jamestown; another train is stuck in a drift four miles east of Valley City. The coast train arrived from St. Paul this morning, but could not be sent West. All Great Northern trains are abandoned. The snow drifts in the streets here are ten feet high. It is the worst storm of five years.

Stephen, Minn.—The worst storm ever seen here has been raging since yesterday morning. About two feet of snow has fallen this season, and the storm has drifted snow banks in some places ten feet high. Traveling and business of all kinds is at a standstill. Yesterday's south-bound train is stuck here in the snow drifts.

Kulm, N. D.—It has snowed here almost continuously since Oct. 31.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service, Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

ONE DEAD, TWO MISSING.

Tobermoray, Ont., Nov. 27.—The captain of the tug Eaman yesterday found the dead body of John S. Rankin, a Detroit land looker, in a hut on Fitzwilliam island, Georgian bay. A note pinned to the corpse stated that Rankin's companions, Thomas J. Austin, of Detroit, and George E. Belrose, a guide from Tobermoray, had left for here last Saturday. Nothing has yet been seen of the two men.

WHY HE LOST HIS JOB.

Washington, Nov. 27.—The secretary of treasury has dismissed William R. Morley, engineer of the public building, at Denver, Col., for collecting political assessments from government employes in violation of the civil service law. His case has been under investigation by the civil service commission. Morley's room in the postoffice building was political headquarters during the campaign. The case has been referred to the attorney general for prosecution of those persons alleged to have violated the law.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

BROKEN

Deal Between W. W. Preston and the Curling Club Is Off.

Tait's Warehouse Rented and Will Be Prepared at Once.

Club Claims Preston Has Violated the Provisions of the Contract.

As a result of the little argument between the Duluth Curling club and W. W. Preston, whose rink on East First street the club expected to use for curling this winter, all negotiations are off, the contract signed by the parties some time ago has been figuratively torn up and scattered to the winds. Mr. Preston did not prove tractable, so the curling club struck out for itself, and as stated in The Herald yesterday it will have its headquarters in the Tait warehouse, which is situated on the docks beyond the lime kiln and the Omaha slip.

The lease with the owners of the warehouse was signed this morning and the club expects to have it ready for curling some time next week, probably by Tuesday. There are but few preparations to make. All that is necessary is a few pieces of scantling to partition off the ice, some sawdust, rails, hammer, elbow grease and water, and by a judicious combination of these materials the club expects to put up a splendid rink of six lies. The warehouse is all ready and the offices need no alterations to become waiting rooms, as they are fitted with stoves.

W. W. Preston, the manager of the new rink which is building at the corner of Third avenue east and First street, will continue the construction of the building, and will have it ready for skating in a few days. He will probably bring suit against the curling club, but the members of the club state that they are acting under good legal advice and are confident of their position. They say that as Mr. Preston was first to violate the contract he cannot hold them for continuing the rupture until it parted the whole structure.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio, 'Phone No. 9.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

Get Duluth Fuel company's prices on stove and nut size coal.

J. J. Burns and R. H. Cox have succeeded W. W. McMillan company in the heating and plumbing business, and will continue at the old stand, 215 West Michigan street. Both are men of wide experience, having been connected with the above firm for a number of years.

St. Luke's hospital acknowledges with thanks the receipt of a large number of flowers for Thanksgiving from Panton & White.

The "possum dinner given by the ladies of St. Mark's A. M. E. church, at 26 East Superior street, yesterday, was liberally patronized and the genuine article cooked in the delicious Southern style was served to a large number of people.

Maj. George A. Hilton spoke at the Bethel this afternoon at 3 p. m. and will speak tonight at 7:30 and 10:30. The last mention of meeting will be a midnight meeting in which the Salvation Army will participate. During the interval between the two metings hot coffee and doughnuts will be served. The meeting last night was well attended in spite of the storm. The major delivered an effective address.

Joe Scheffer pleaded guilty before Judge Edson this morning of drunkenness. It was Joe's fourth offense and he will sojourn on the hill for sixty days.

The Young People's society of the First Presbyterian church will give a social in the church parlors this evening.

Eleven new civil cases, an unusually large number, were commenced in the municipal court on Wednesday.

The funeral of Esther Morley Marshall, 2-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Marshall took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 821 East Superior street.

The nity club will discuss the "Cuban War" at its meeting on Monday evening. Judge White will open the discussion and papers will be read by W. C. White and Miss Imogene Electra.

The birth of a son to N. F. and Fabiola M. Marion, of 410 Twenty-second avenue west, has been reported to the health department.

The death of Mary Reilly, aged 26, of West Duluth, of old age, has been reported to the health department.

Marriage licenses have been issued to W. G. Ten Brook and Jennie L. Frisch, H. J. Williams and Phoebe Swelm, and to John Czarnott and Stella Jsarackaa.

First papers have been issued by the clerk of district court to John Erickson, of Sweden.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to Larvill Simons, Josef E. Lawrence, John Ohlfson, Edward Nelsson, Olaf A. Wiklund and George F. Lange.

Sheriff Butchart this morning filed a report of sale under mortage foreclosure in the case of the New York Life Insurance company against the Palladio Building company, in which it is shown that the Palladio building has been sold to the insurance company for $143,731.

Rumor has it that another petition, asking the council to again submit the proposition on the issue of bonds for the purchase o f the water and gas plants is in circulation.

CLOSE SHAVING.

Don M. Dickinson, of Michigan, told a good story to point a political argument in New York the other day, says the Troy Times. "There was a temperance crank in Detroit," she said, "who was taken sick. He sent for a doctor. The doctor told him he was all right. 'What you need, he said, 'is a little whisky.' The man nearly collapsed. 'Whisky!' he gasped. 'Good heavens! the folks wouldn't stand that. Why, I'm a Prohibitionist.' The doctor said: 'Ah, that's all right. I'll send around a jug to you and you must take it in hot water.' The patient lay back. 'But if I send for hot water,' he said, 'they'd suspect! The doctor scratched his head. 'Well,' he said, 'you shave, don't you? Just send down your mug and get the water in that.' This was on a Saturday. On Monday the doctor called. 'Well,' he said to the family and friends who were at the house very much excited, 'what's the difficulty? How is the patient?' The whole family, talking at once, out of his mind completely. He's been shaving once every seven minutes all night and all day.'"

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

A HEROIC RESOLVE.

Judge: "Say, Chawles," said the magenta blonde with hair the color of a new brick, "why is it that the novelists always speak of the heroine as having golden locks, or hair of a tawny gold, or shimmering tresses of gold, or golden strands?"

"My darling," said Chawles, as he gently stroked the fierce coiffure, "let it be my pleasant duty to keep this beautiful head on a parlay with gold and make it legal tender for all joys both public and private, forgetting the crime of 1873—"

"You naughty boy!" said she; "that compliment is payable in the best coin." And she kissed him in such a reverberating manner that a china dog was jarred off the mantel and smashed on the fender.

DESERVEDLY PUNISHED.

It occurred at the boarding house of Mrs. Flapjack on Ross avenue, relates Texas Siftings. Mrs. Flapjack was carving the breakfast mackerel, when she spoke up and said:

"I see that a Miss Finch, a girl living in Ohio, has been living eighty days without food."

"Is that all?" remarked Gilhooly, sadly. "I've boarded here for the last seven years."

He got the head of the mackerel for his share that morning.

RATHBUN'S

CASH GROCERY.

21 E. Superior St. Simon Clark, Manager. Telephone 656.

Saturday Specialties!

Rex Brand Lard, in pails or bulk, **6c per lb.** Saturday only.

Best quality Breakfast Bacon, **9c per lb.**

Eggs—guaranteed all good, **18c per doz.** (Limit—5 dozen to a customer).

New made Dairy Butter in 3 and 5-lb packets, 10-lb tubs. **17c per lb.**

Pure Buckwheat Flour, **10 lbs 25c.**

Best quality Cranberries, **8c per quart.**

Canned vegetables, extra nice stock. 1 can Corn. 1 can Tomatoes. 1 can Early June Peas. **3 for 25c.**

Hoffman House Java and Mocha Coffee, **32c per lb.**

Try our Garden City Japan Tea, **35c per lb--3 lbs for $1.00.**

Everybody eat nuts—nice fresh Butternuts. **18c per peck.**

GREEN VEGETABLES IN ABUNDANCE.

Cucumbers, Soinach, New Beets, Wax Beans, Mint Watercress, Egg plant, Radish, Cauliflower, Celery, Parsley, Lettuce, Squash.

Jersey Sweet Potatoes, **4 lbs 10c.**

Nice Sweet Oranges, **25c per dozen.**

Wool Soap, **3 cakes 14c.**

Beets, Carrots, Turnips, Parsnips, Onions **10c per peck.** Saturday only.

Don't fail to buy Eggs at our advertised price. They are a snap.

RATHBUN'S 21 East Superior St.

Columbia and Hartford Bicycles

of 1897. Mr. Henry Goodman of the Pope Manufacturing company will be at our store Saturday and Saturday Evening, Nov 28, with samples of the 1897 models, and will be pleased to show and explain them to any one. We are preparing to give the trade the greatest advantages ever offered the wheeling world for 1897.

French & Bassett,

Sole Agents for Pope Manufacturing Company.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER, L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

TONIGHT

Harry and Edward Paulton's Operatic Comedy Success

"DORCAS,"

Catchy Music! Spicy Dialogue! Beautiful Costumes! All Star Cast!

Eva Davenport, William Broderick, Charles O. Bassett, Drew Donaldson, Marie Millard, Fred Frear, etc.

Evening Prices—$1.25, $1.00, 75c, 50c and 25c. Matinee—75c, 50c and 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER, L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

ONE NIGHT, MONDAY, NOV. 30.

AL. G. FIELD MINSTRELS AND UTOPIA.

An entire train of specially constructed cars! 70 people in all—70! Everything new this season! 40 Matchless Minstrel Favorites—40! 20 Acrobats, Gymnasts, Vaulters, Athletes—20! 3 Big Bands of Music—3! The Great Parade starts from the theater at 11 a. m.

DULUTH SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULTS, 3 West Superior Street.

The only protection of the kind in the city. Safes for rent $5 per year and upwards. Strictly Fire and Burglar Proof.

CHEAP FARMS

In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. 25,000 ACRES to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO., 47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP, Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

Notice of Application

For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Seventh Alley.

Office of Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota. November 24, 1896.

Notice is hereby given, that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of four hundred forty-four (444) dollars and eighty (80) cents, upon the real estate benefited by the grading of the alley between Sixth and Seventh streets, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Fifth avenue east to Sixth avenue east, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93 and 95, East Sixth street; lots 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92 and 94, East Seventh street; all in Duluth Proper, First Division. Lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 6, Norton's Division.

M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official: (Seal) R. MURCHISON, Clerk Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald Nov. 28, Dec. 2-5.

ASSESSMENT

FOR

Sprinkling District No. 1.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minnesota. November 25, 1896.

Notice is hereby given that a contract has been completed for sprinkling Superior street, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Eighth avenue west to Ninth avenue east; that the board of public works of said city will meet at their office in the city hall, in said city, on Friday, the 11th day of December, A. D., 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., to make an assessment of the sum of seven hundred seventy-three (773) dollars and ninety-four (94) cents upon the real estate benefited by such sprinkling, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof.

All lands situated in said city and to which benefits result from said improvement will be assessed in proportion, as near as may be, to the benefits resulting thereto from said improvement. All persons interested in said proceeding shal have the right to be present and be heard at said time and place in relation to the making of said assessment. M. J. DAVIS, President.

Official: (Seal.) R. MURCHISON, Clerk, Board of Public Works.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-2-5.

GREAT CLEARING SALE

The One Cent Store,

100 West Superior Street. S. Goldberg & Co., Props.

Now is the time to buy, for we have to make room for Christmas Goods, and **Everything on Sale is at Actual Cost.....**

To close out Carpet Sweepers, regular price $1.69, only **98c**

25% Discount on RIBBONS 25%
A complete assortment of widths and colors. Must be closed out to make room for Christmas Goods.

STORE OPEN EVERY EVENING TILL 8 O'CLOCK.
SATURDAY EVENING TILL 10 O'CLOCK.

To Close Out--Silk Lamp Shades. Regular Price $1.13; to close..... 69c
Ladies' all-wool Hose, Worth 25c; to close—per pair..... 15c
Pocket Wrenches, Worth 15c; to close—each..... 5c
Oil Cloth Binding, With Tacks and Corners, worth 3c; to close—per yard..... 1 3-4c

Graniteware Clearing Sale.
Eight Granite Tea Kettles, worth $1.25; only..... 79c each
3-quart Granite Coffee Pots, worth 75c; only..... 39c each
2-quart Granite Covered Bucket, worth 30c; only..... 19c each
No. 7 Granite Frying Pans, worth 39c; only..... 22c each
No. 7 Granite Wash Bowls, worth 29c; only..... 18c each

STATIONERY CLEARING SALE.
Box Paper... Consisting of 24 Double Sheets, extra good quality paper and envelopes, worth 12c; Clearing price only..... 5c per box
Ink Tablets 120 leaves full count, very good quality paper, worth 10c; only..... 5c each
Novels..... The Ideal Library of Novels by all the best authors, 257 titles, publisher's price 25c; Clearing price..... 6c each
Counter Books.. 14 inches long, ruled paper, worth 10c; Clearance price..... 5c each

AT ONE CENT EACH.

1c--AT ONE CENT EACH--1c
5c Paper Needles. 3c Paper Pins.
5c Tin Drinking Cup.
5c Paper Lamp Shade.
5c Spout Tea Strainer.
5c Stocking Darners.
5c Nutmeg Graters.
3 Tin Spoons for 1 cent.

AT ONE CENT EACH.

At 43c Each

CROCKERY CLEARING SALE.
14-inch nicely decorated Platters, worth 75c; only..... 43c each
Pretty decorated Butter Dishes, worth 60c; only..... 43c each
Handsome Hand Lamps, regular price 65c; only..... 43c each
Very Pretty Covered Dishes, regular price 78c; only..... 43c each
Large Yellow Mixing Bowls, regular price 58c; only..... 43c each
The above are on exhibition in our 43c window. Don't fail to see them.

Pocket Knives, worth 39c and 50c; Clearing price..... **25c**

CONTEST

The Fight Over the Probate Judgeship of Itasca County Renewed.

Claim That Rassmussen's Name Was Not Legally on the Ballot.

Geo. Hanson Fisher Wanted For Obtaining Goods Under False Pretenses.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Nov. 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The contest proceedings are entered against Probate Judge I. D. Rassmussen involving the legality, in the recent election, of his candidacy for the office of clerk of the district court and the papers have now been served upon the canvassing board and other parties to the contest. The allegations set forth that Judge Rassmussen did not have sufficient names upon his petition to run independent, that some of the names purporting to be signed to the petition were not genuine, that the affidavit in the acknowledgment is irregular and that his name was placed improperly as "Independent Republican" upon the ballots. There were four candidates for clerk of court, namely: I. D. Rassmussen, Independent and Populist, who received 607 votes; P. H. Varley, Democratic, 400 votes; Wade Blaker, Republican, 321 votes; George Cox, Independent, 231 votes. The case will come before Judge Holland in the January term of the district court. Wade Blaker is the present incumbent.

George Hanson Fisher, alias George Hanson, etc., is wanted by the authorities here for obtaining goods under false pretenses. He represented that he had a timber contract in this section and that W. B. Plaisted, of Fergus Falls, who had twenty-four horses on the road this way, was his partner. W. H. McKinney, who brought two families and their household goods here on Fisher's representations, found he had no contract and telegraphed Plaisted who stopped his horses at Wadena. Mr. McKinney says that through cash advanced to Fisher, bills incurred here and damages the latter has caused a loss of about $600. Fisher is six feet four inches tall, talks lumber business quite freely, is clean shaven, dressed like a working business man, and wore a fuzzy dark cap, but no jewelry. It is believed that he went south from here afoot and might, possibly, back-track to Brainerd.

A pleasant surprise party was given at the residence of Agent McLennan, of the Duluth & Winnipeg railroad Thanksgiving eve.

Architect C. R. Aldrich, of the state university, has been examining the work of the contractors who have built the improvements to buildings at the state experimental farm and is well pleased with the results. He says that additional buildings should be erected next year, particularly for the live stock department, and that the officials hope for legislation early enough in the next session to go forward with the work in good season.

William Cassidy is held to the grand jury charged with stealing barbers' tools from the Dodson shop.

A ROYAL BIRTH.

Kiel, Nov. 27.—Princess Henry of Prussia, wife of the emperor's brother, gave birth to a son today. The mother was formerly Princess Irene of Hesse, and is a sister of the empress of Russia. She was married in 1888.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

Hong Kong, Nov. 27.—There has been a continuous exchange of telegraphic messages recently between the British consul at Manilla and the Hong Kong government. As one of the results, the British second-class cruiser Pique has gone to the Phillippine islands.

BAD FLOODS IN GREECE.

Athens, Nov. 27.—An immense amount of damage has been caused by the terrible storms and floods which have inundated the low-lying quarters of this city and the Piraeus, drowning a number of people, flooding the gas works at the latter place and plunging the place in complete darkness last night.

COMBINE AGAINST LABOR.

Hamburg, Nov. 27.—The shipowners and labor contractors have decided to join the employers' federation in order to present united opposition to the strikers. The Hamburg-American companies' lighterman and ship cleaners have joined in the strike. Eleven thousand men are now out.

CANTON THANKSGIVING.

Many Minnesotans Call on Major McKinley.

Canton, Ohio, Nov. 27.—Yesterday's weather was of a delightful quality and Maj. McKinley made the most of it. The mild-mannered old family horse was drawn upon for unusual services and the modest carriage of the president-elect was seen on the street a number of times during the day. First the major and Mrs. McKinley had an early morning drive, then, while the major went to church, Mrs. McKinley and several women friends continued the drive, mother McKinley's carriage with some of her household going with them. After the services the carriage was again used to take the major and Mrs. McKinley to the home of their old friend, Mrs. Mary Lester Reynolds, where dinner was held.

In the afternoon there was more pleasure driving. The express wagons made their usual trips to the house, unloading several turkeys, a large box of game from a Western admirer and a huge arm chair from a Canadian friend which required the combined ingenuity of the household to get it through the doors of the study.

There were not many callers, and the only ones of prominence were Senator W. D. Washburn and wife, of Minnesota. They are going to Japan and came here to pay their respects to the president-elect before leaving the country. The Minnesota visitors are numerous and give the gossips many more morsels concerning patronage for that territory. Washburn has shown himself inclined towards Senator Davis in some local affairs, and the gossips find no trouble in convincing themselves that the visit today was to promote the cause of Davis and offset the visit of ex-Governor Merriam, who was here yesterday.

MISSING MAN LOCATED.

Ross, the Kansas City Express Clerk, Found.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 27.—George E. Ross, missing money clerk for the Pacific and United Express companies, has been located in St. Louis by the Surety company that furnished his bond and is now under surveillance by them, according to a special to a local paper. It is now stated that the express company officials had word all along of Ross' exact location, but have kept it quiet because there, it is said, others implicated, who are not yet in custody.

The officials still refuse to give out information of a definite character, but enough has been learned, says a local paper, to merit the statement that evidence of a collusion between certain employes to rob the express companies has been turned up. Last Sunday, there was handled through the office over which Ross presided, money packages containing $110,000. Already $2300 of this amount is known to be missing and the books are still being gone over.

Strange checks have been coming in so regularly since the examination began, it is said, that the officials have renewed their efforts, and now fear that the whole $110,000 may never have reached its destination. As the system of checking is necessarily slow, the packages having been destined for various points, the result will not be known immediately. In the meantime, the express officials absolutely refuse to give out any statement for publication, other than that Ross has been located.

THE MADAGASCAR WAR.

Paris, Nov. 27.—Dispatches received here from Antananarivo, dated Nov. 13, say that the rebellion in the island of Madagascar is rampant through the Madagascar is rampant though colonists are arriving and trade is paralyzed.

FRISCO FISTICUFFS.

San Francisco, Nov. 27.—The Occidental club has made two good matches for its next entertainment, which will come off on Dec. 14. Al Hereford, of the Empire Athletic club, of Baltimore, will bring Joe Ganz to this city to meet Dal Hawkins, whom he met recently in New York. He will also bring Jack Ward, who has been matched against Jimmy Anthony, and a hot fight is expected between the little fellows. Henry Callahan has deposited $250 forfeit for a $1000 side battle between Anthony and Ward, Callahan backing Anthony. The bouts will be of ten rounds each.

BICYCLING AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Nov. 27.—The bicycle races at the Velodrom track were attended by 5000 people. The weather was chilly and disagreeable. W. F. Foster, paced by a quad, rode a half mile in 56 2-5 and a mile in 1:59. Two-thirds mile scratch professional: Kohn, San Jose, won; Wells, San Francisco, second; Whitman, Los Angeles, third. Time, 1:41. One mile amateur handicap: J. R. Kenna, scratch, won; C. B. Cidsall (45), second; B. C. Raynard (60), third. Time, 2:27 2-5. The mile handicap, professional: D. E. Whitman, Los Angeles (75), won; P. Metcalf, San Francisco (300), second; A. M. Boyden, Oakland (1:40), third. Time, 4:50.

NEBRASKA'S VOTE.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 27.—The state board of canvassers has completed the canvass of the vote on presidential electors in Nebraska. The figures are: Bryan, 115,625; McKinley, 102,565; Palmer, 2797; Bentley, 738; Levering, 1196; Machett, 172. Bryan's plurality, 13,060.

NAVAL

Cruiser Philadelphia is Trying to Make a Warship Record.

Every Inch of the Vessel is Filled With Coal---No Stops.

Starts on the Callao Trip Tomorrow---Inspecting the New Oregon.

San Francisco, Nov. 27.—The United States cruiser Philadelphia wants to own a record, so navy gossip has it and she fondly hopes to secure it on her coming trip to Callao. It is said that her officers have firmly determined that the vessel shall break all existing records for armored cruisers. Notwithstanding the officers refuse to corroborate the report, it comes from a good source and would seem to be borne out by the nature of the preparations made for the voyage.

No stop will be made on the way down though it is usual for war ships bound for South America to re-coal at Panama in anticipation of the long voyage, 1500 tons of coal has been put aboard the cruiser, and every inch of available space is being economized, encroachments even being made on the officers' quarters. The polished floor in the ward room has been taken up and a coal chute passes through the apartment. The Philadelphia has all the coal she can carry, and tomorrow has been set as the sailing date.

BATTLESHIP OREGON.

New Warship Said to Be Satisfactory.

San Francisco, Nov. 27.—The battleship Oregon returned today from a short cruise undertaken to give a board of inspection an opportunity of looking her well over. It was given out unofficially that the trial had been a great success and that the board was highly pleased with the ship in all her details, though their real findings will not be made public until after they have been sent to headquarters in Washington in the form of an official report.

SENATOR DUBOIS.

Says Silver Will Surely Win in 1900.

Salt Lake, Utah, Nov. 27.—The Tribune this morning publishes an interview with Senator Dubois of Idaho. The senator says that he has no idea that there would be any attempt to pass the Dingley bill at this session of congress; that it was a piece of legislation that failed at any session. When asked about the policy of the silver senators in the next congress he said:

"They will hold the balance of power in the senate and will no doubt continue their aggressive fight for silver, making all other issues subordinate to that. There can be no prosperity under the McKinley administration any more than there was under Cleveland. McKinley wants a high tariff and a gold standard. No matter what kind of a tariff we have, there can be no prosperity except for the few under the gold standard. One more trial of the Republicans will convince the people of this, in my judgment, and the silver advocates will win the congress in '98 and the presidency in 1900."

Senator Cannon of Utah leaves for Washington tomorrow.

A CHICAGO FAILURE.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Sheninger, Levy & Co., wholesale dealers in laces, confessed judgments today for amounts aggregating over $50,000, the Corn Exchange bank being a creditor for $20,200. The exact assets are not known, but the liabilities are placed at $75,000. Difficulty in making collections in the last few months is given as the reason for the failure, the firm having a large number of outstanding accounts.

THE PREMIER BOUNCED.

Teheran, Nov. 27.—The shah announces that hereafter he will dispense with a premier and will preside in person over the cabinet which will consist of twelve members.

FATAL SHOOTING.

Bloody Affray at Duryea, Pennsylvania, Today.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Nov. 27.—A terrible shooting affray, by which one person was almost instantly killed and two others were so badly injured that they cannot recover, occurred at Duryea, three miles north of Pittston, early today. The trouble started in a saloon where twenty or twenty-five Poles were drinking. Nearly all the men were armed with revolvers, and shooting began at once. James Mossley was shot nine times in the abdomen, his death resulting within two minutes. John Butts was shot through the left side and the back and cannot recover. Another man who was carried away by his friends was shot in the breast. His injuries are fatal.

MANN WAS ARRESTED.

An English Labor Leader Expelled From Germany.

Hamburg, Nov. 27.—It now seems that the report circulated in London last night, and subsequently denied, that Tom Mann, the well-known English labor leader and prime mover in the proposed universal dockers' strike, has been arrested in Germany, is correct.

Mann was taken into custody at Elmsbruetta, charged with inciting to create disorder and was placed aboard a steamer bound for Grimsby, England, after having been cautioned not to return.

KENTUCKY'S COUNT.

Will Be Closely Watched When Made Today.

Cincinnati, Nov. 27.—A Times Star special from Frankfort says: The state canvassing board convened here today to canvass the official returns of this state. National Committeeman Yerkes, Chairman Roberts and Fletcher Cash are among the prominent Republicans on hand and the silverites have Chairman Johnson, Elector W. B. Smith and Attorneys Lee Suter, of Louisville, and James D. Black, of Barbourville. The silver men are here to note exceptions to the alleged irregularities in Republican counties in the contest which they propose to make. Governor Bradley has not returned from Lancaster and his place on the board is filled by Auditor Stone.

MURDERER BURT'S DOOM.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 27.—The jury in the Burt murder trial handed in their verdict at noon, finding him guilty of murder in the first degree and fixing the punishment at death. The case will be appealed. The crime for which Burt is to hang was the cold-blooded murder of his wife and two children on the night of July 24 last, when he killed them and threw their bodies in a cistern. He then went to Chicago, where he was arrested on Aug. 20.

WET DAY AT CANTON.

Canton, Ohio, Nov. 27.—With rain falling almost incessantly, Maj. McKinley kept close to the house today, reading the papers, giving some attention to his mail and receiving a number of callers. Among the latter were John H. King, a prominent attorney of South Dakota, who, being en route home from Washington, stopped over to pay his respects to the president-elect, and D. A. McKinley, a business man of Detroit. At noon there was an informal lunch, at which a number of relatives joined the family.

RESTRICTING EMIGRATION.

Pretoria, South African Republic, Nov. 27.—The Volksraad today formally passed the immigration restriction bill, requiring immigrants to produce passports showing that they possess the means of support or that they can obtain work. The measure goes into force on Jan. 1, 1897.

McALISTER BANK FAILS.

South McAlister, Indian Territory, Nov. 27.—G. A. Gill, proprietor of the South McAlister bank, assigned today to W. B. Rutherford. The assets amount to about $15,000, with liabilities of about $37,000. No cause is given.

WEYLER WILL RETURN.

Madrid, Nov. 27.—Capt. Gen. Weyler, it is announced here, will return to Pinar Del Rio immediately and again assume command in person of the Spanish troops operating in that province against the Cuban insurgents.

MATILDE BLAND DEAD.

London, Nov. 27.—Miss Matilde Bland, the authoress, lecturer and staunch advocate of the improvement of education and economical and political position of women, is dead, aged 50 years.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Nov. 27.—Today's condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $227,876,907; gold reserve, $129,856,185.

A MISSISSIPPI CYCLONE.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 27.—A cyclone struck the town of Tunica, Mississippi, last night, doing considerable damage. Several lives are reported lost.

HOLD-UP

Bold Attempt to Rob Street Car Passengers at Kansas City.

Leader of the Gang Was Captured and Is Now In Jail.

Same Crowd Who Robbed the Alton Train a Month Ago.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 27.—At midnight last night, four men led by Oscar Bridges, said to be a bridge and parachute jumper of more or less notoriety, made an unsuccessful attempt to hold up and rob an electric car filled with passengers, bound for Independence. Bridges was arrested after a desperate tussle with the motorman and was brought here. The other men escaped, but their names are known and it is believed they will be soon lodged in jail. The gang are said to be the same that so boldly held up a west-bound Chicago & Alton passenger train just outside of Independence about a month ago.

The car was the regular theater car returning to Independence from here and contained seventy passengers. When it reached a lonely spot midway between the two cities, Bridges unmasked jumped on to the rear platform and going through the car to the front end, boldly thrust a revolver to the breast of the motorman. Another fellow who had quickly followed Bridges, and who wore a mask, had just entered the rear door and was in the act of ordering the passengers to hold up their hands when the conductor threw him from the car, which the motorman in some manner had been able to start. The two remaining robbers, who, it appears, were to have covered the conductor, became frightened at the quick action displayed by him and when the second robber alighted on the ground, the three made off to the woods.

In the meantime, Bridges was tussling with the motorman, to whose aid some of the male passengers had come. Many of the women became paralyzed with fright and screamed or cried, refusing to be quieted by the conductor or their male escorts. Bridges was finally overpowered without having dired his revolver and the car proceeded on its return to Independence. This morning Bridges was brought here and after several hours in the sweat box, admitted his identity and gave the names of his pals. These, the police refuse to divulge at present, but it is known that one other of them is also a bridge jumper. In addition, a saloon-keeper, whose name is also withheld, gave information to the police which makes it almost positive that the quartet were the same who robbed the Chicago & Alton train and who have committed other depredations in and around Kansas City within the past two months.

This afternoon the police gave the names of the men as Oscar Bridges, Eugene Ridgeway, Ernest Ridgeway and James Repine. All are under 22 years of age. The Ridgeway boys live at Shellield, a small suburb near the scene of the hold-up. Eugene is a barber and Ernest is a professional high diver. Repine, who is 22 years old, comes of respectabel parents and lives at Centropolis, a suburb of Kansas City.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

To Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee, Texas, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, and points generally South and West, on Nov. 17, Dec. 1 and 15, via the North-Western Line (Omaha railway.) One fare plus $2 for round trip.

B. W. SUMMERS, Agent.
405 West Superior street.

COLLEGE ATHLETICS.

Rules Discussed at a Meeting of Trainers.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—A meeting of great importance to Western college men was held today at the Chicago Beach hotel. It was the annual meeting of the chairmen of the various athletic committees for the discussion of rules and to make such changes as are considered advisable. Among those present are: Professor Benton, of the University of Minnesota; Professor Knowlton, of the University of Michigan; Professor Stagg, of Chicago university; Professor Stone, of Purdue university; Professor Everett, of the University of Illinois; Professor Birge, of the University of Wisconsin, and Professor Clark, of the Northwestern university.

Professor Birge, of Wisconsin, was chosen chairman, and Professor Benton acted as secretary. Each rule was read separately and a number of changes recommended which will be acted on later. The question as to whether a student who is only taking a special course in college is eligible to be a member of an athletic team was the subject of particular discussion.

DEAD MAN'S MINE.

Two Convicts Who Expect to Rival Monte Cristo.

In cells of the Utah penitentiary at Salt Lake two men sit and think of the opening of another Monte Carlo when their terms expire. The men are known as Matt Warner, alais Ras Lewis, alais Ras Christiansen, and William Wall. A charge of manslaughter was proven against the two convicts and they were ordered imprisoned for a term of five years, says the New York Sun. The crime was committed only a few months ago, near Vernal, a small frontier settlement in Uintah county on the border of the Uintah Indian reservation. Two men were killed and a third was seriously injured over the location of a famous gold mine.

Nearly a half century ago, according to Utah legands, a great gold field was discovered in one of the hidden cannons of the Uintah Mountains. The claim was operated for one week, and by order of Brigham Young the owner left the mine, which he never again beheld. Early in the fifties, so goes the story, one Thomas Knowles an old California miner, came to the city of Salt Lake. He called upon President Young, who then acted as Governor of the State of Deseret. The Mormon received Knowles in a very hospitable manner, and before the interview ended a bargain was made by which the miner was to deliver his weight in gold to the Mormon President within three weeks from that date.

On a bright June morning old man Knowles and his son, a 14-year-old boy, started from the Mormon city for the deep canons of the snow-crowned Uintah mountains. Man and boy, accompanied by a train of burros or little pack mules, traveled for five days to the southeast, and camped on the banks of a small tippling mountain stream. When daylight dawned they discovered in the water flowing at their feet large nuggets of shining gold. They soon constructed some sluice boxes from the mountain pines and began the work of washing gold from the sand. In less than a week the man and the boy returned without their pack mules, which had been stolen by the Indians, but with two sacks, weighing eighty-five pounds, filled with native gold.

The golden treasure was delivered to Young, according to contract, and Knowles was made to swear that he would never again enter the canon, except with the consent of the governor. Years passed, and Knowles died without revisiting his rich deposit of precious metal. When Brigham Young passed away, young Knowles, feeling no further restraint, decided to find the golden canon. Accompanied by a young man named Enoch Davis, he started for the place where he had beheld the glittering nuggets. After several weeks spent in searching, the men found the narrow mountain gorge and entered its dark shadows. They camped beside the old sluices, and began making preparations for taking out the gold. A band of Indians seeing their territory being encroached on, fired into the camp and killed young Knowles. Davis escaped to the city.

In a few months after making the first attempt Davis tried, with the aid of a map drawn by Knowles, to locate the precious canon. All efforts proved futile, as the Indians drove white men away from the treasure field. At last Davis removed with his family to Vernal and worked at the trade of a blacksmith, thinking that some day the Indians would be compelled to surrender the claim on their mountains, and he could then locate the gold placers. Years passed away and Davis became a drunkard, and abused his wife and family. In one of his drunken brawls he murdered his wife and cast her body into a potato pit. A trial ensued and Davis was convicted and sentenced to be shot.

While the doomed man was lying in a cell awaiting the executioner, he determined to unfold the mysteries of the Knowles mine. The old map was produced, and the prisoner related the history of the rich placer fields. His life was spared for a season, while prospectors were sent into the mountains to follow his directions and discover the golden treasure. After many weeks of diligent search the miners returned with a sack of ore, which on being assayed showed only a trace of gold. The search was given up, and the prisoner was speedily executed. An order friend received the sketch of the mine and for a time all thought of wealth in the Uintah mountains seemed to be banished.

As the snows of spring melted away and made the high canons accessible, some daring prospectors attempted to enter the forbidden gorge to locate the Knowles mine. Two companies pitched tents near the supposed spot. An unpleasantness was created by the factions failing to agree on the division of the property. The desperadoes imprisoned in the Utah penitentiary, according to the evidence produced in court, were employed to assist in ousting one camp of prospectors from the canon. A morning attack resulted in a pitched battle, which ended in the killing of two men and the serious wounding of another. The canon was deserted at once, and no miner has since entered its shadows.

Among the Indians this spot is known as Dead Man's Mine. It is reached only by a long dangerous journey up a small mountain stream, boxed in on either side by perpendicular bluffs, rising many hundred feet above the water. No Indian has ever descended the craggy mountain slope to the creek, and none dare pass within the sound of a gunshot of the spot where young Knowles was killed, as they believe that bad spirits inhabit the canon. At present no prospector seems anxious to seek the lost mine. The prisoners expect when liberated to enter the canon and claim what is supposed to be the greatest gold field of the world.

A LIVING MASTODON.

In conversation with a gentleman, formerly of Denver, who came out this fall with a party of miners, we learned that the existence of living mastodons near the head waters of White river was not the mere fabrication of the northern trappers, but that the Sick Indians have positively told him that not later than five years ago such animals had been seen by them, says the Alaska News. One of the Indians said that while hunting one day in that unknown section he came across an immense track, sunk to a depth of several inches in the moss, and from the description as the Indian marked it out to him in the sand it much resembled an elephant's track, and was larger around than a barrel. Upon striking it the Indian followed up this curious trail, and tracking from one immense stride to the other for a distance of some miles, he came in full view of his game. And what game! The hunter gave one look, then turned and fled as though pursued by the evil one.

These Indians as a class are the bravest of hunters, and with no other weapon than the spear will attack and slay the St. Elias grizzly. But the immense proportions of this new kind of game startled and filled the hunter, brave as he was, with great fear, and he imagined his only safety lay in swift and immediate flight. He described it as being larger than Harper's (the post trader's store), with great shining yellowish tusks and a mouth large enough to swallow him at a single gulp. He said the animal was undoubtedly the same as were the huge bones scattered over that section. If such an animal is now in existence, and other Indians, and also Mr. Harper, have confirmed the report, they inhabit a section of very high latitude and one but rarely visited by human beings, and these only Indians. We also have no reason to doubt the Indians tale, for at no very distant period the Yukon country was inhabited by these animals, and hundreds of their massive skeletons found strewn along the creeks are the silent but truthful witnesses.

THE WOMAN DRUMMER.

Washington Post: "No, I wouldn't advise any young woman to take up the profession of a drummer, although I have followed it with some success for the past seven years," said Miss May Gerson, a bright little lady, who travels for a big Cleveland, Ohio, firm, to a reporter at the Metropolitan.

"I don't think that the life of a commercial traveler is suitable for women, which is evidenced by the fact that so few of them have adopted it. In my career on the road I have met with only one real woman drummer. I often tell people I am the only one in the world. The fatal objection to the business viewed from the female standpoint is that it takes away the home. Home means much more to us than to men. A man can manage to get along with periodical visits to his family and gets hardened to hotel existence. That sort of life wasn't intended for his sisters or daughters.

"I am not at all soured or disappointed, but am taking a common sense view of the subject. My own life is full of pleasant spots; I live well and get a comfortable salary, having gone right up from a beginning of $7 a week. People treat me nicely, and there isn't a town in half a dozen states where I haven't a lot of friends. During all these hard times I have taken orders, and expect to take more than ever now that the election is over. Personally I have nothing to weep over, but I reiterate my advice to all women who may contemplate entering on the life of a drummer: Don't!"

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD IS MINNESOTA'S MOST POPULAR RAILROAD,

THE ST. PAUL & DULUTH.

Shortest in distance, quickest in time, with three of the speediest and best trains each way daily, leaving Duluth:

Fast day Express, 9 a. m.
Fast "Limited," 1:55 p. m.
Night Express, 11:15 p. m.

With elegant new sleepers. All-day trains with elegant reclining chair cars. All the people travel this line all the time, and that is why it's called the main traveled road. Save hours by purchasing your tickets via the short line. Ticket offices, Union depot and 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Ten cents a week for The Evening Herald delivered at your house. Telephone No. 224, two rings.

At this Store--

It's the comparison of qualities with prices that tells the story, and our readiest buyers are those who have already made the rounds of the other stores.

Conquering Prices!

Irresistible bargains stand out in every line at "THE GREAT STORE." We sell as low as we can without regard to the general market or traditional ways of doing things.

Between the Holidays At Burrows'— Thanksgiving gone— Christmas coming—

Between the two we lift "THE GREAT STORE" before you and with the Grandest Stock, the least prices ever made—

We command attention!

The Great Stock Reducing Sale still continues.

For tomorrow, Saturday, we must have a tremendous trade from the great chances put before you.

Men's Suits.

Only give us a chance and we will save you money. The Suits we are offering on this sale are the most perfect productions, and good dressers know it. We've a suit prestige with the people, based on our offerings of the past, but this is the most liberal money's worth that has ever yet been given.

$22 and $20 Suits — Will be sold for	$13.98
$18 Suits — Will be sold for	11.98
$16 and $15 Suits — Will be sold for	9.98
$12 Suits — Will be sold for	7.45
$10 Suits — Will be sold for	6.45
$8 Suits — Will be sold for	5.45
Special lot — Of 500 Men's Suits, double and single breasted	3.95

Men's Overcoats.

Bring mental photographs of the best Overcoats you ever gazed upon, and you'll find better ones here, and yet, with all the good points that can be said in their favor, we are compelled to sacrifice all our profits in order to unload them.

$30 and $28 Overcoats — and Ulsters will be sold at	$19.50
$25 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold at	17.50
$20 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	14.50
$15 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	11.50
$12 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	9.50
$10 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	7.50
$9 Overcoats and Ulsters — will be sold for	6.50

Boys' Dept.

Take Elevator, Second Floor.

- 200 Young Men's and Boys' $10 Suits selling at $7.45
- 450 Young Men's $20 Suits selling at $14.50
- 75 Young Men's and Boys' Storm Ulsters, 14 to 19 years, selling at $4.95
- 75 Young Men's and Boys' Black Irish Frieze Storm Ulsters, 14 to 19 years, selling at $6.95
- Entire stock of Mother's Friend and Star Percale Waists and Blouses, worth $1.00, selling at 85c
- Boys' Fleece Lined Undershirts and Drawers, sold the world over at 50c a garment, in this great sale at, per garment 39c
- 25 dozen dark blue and dark maroon Flannel Waists and Blouses, worth 85c and 75c, on special sale at 69c
- Boys' Heavy Wool Knee Pants, double seat and Knee 45c
- 425 Double-breasted Knee Pant Suits, made of strong wear-resisting cassimeres, sizes 5 to 14 years; selling in this great sale at 98c
- 300 double-breasted School Suits, made in all-wool and cassimere tweeds, sizes 6 to 15; fit as well, look as well, wear better than any $3.50 suit you ever bought; selling in this great sale at $1.98
- 300 Knee Pant Suits on special sale at $2.95
- 150 all-wool Combination Suits, two pair of pants and pull-down golf cap with each suit; our regular low price is $4.50; they will sell in this great sale at $2.95
- 300 Knee Pant Suits on special sale at $3.45
- 250 Knee Pant Suits on special sale at $3.95
- 350 Knee Pant Suits on special sale at $4.95
- 250 Knee Pant Suits on special sale at $7.45
- 100 Cape Overcoats, sizes 5 to 14 years, selling in this great sale at 98c
- 250 Cape Overcoats and Ulsters, sizes 4 to 14 years, selling in this great sale at $2.45
- 150 Boys' School Ulsters, sizes 9 to 14 years $3.45
- 250 Boys' School Ulsters, sizes 9 to 14 years $4.95
- 300 Boys' Storm Collar Reefers $2.95
- Boys' Bicycle Wool, Cotton or Fleece Lined Stockings, the best on earth for the price 25c
- 150 All-Wool Reefers, any size, any collar $4.95
- 150 Boys' Long Pant Suits, sizes 13 to 18 years $2.45
- 250 Young Men's and Boys' All-Wool Suits at $4.95

SPECIAL VALUES IN FURNISHINGS, HATS AND SHOES.

M. S. BURROWS The Clothier

RECOUNT

Commissioners Filled Their Report in the District Court Today.

More Than Two Thousand Voters Marked All Propositions Affirmatively.

Court Will Determine Tomorrow What Ballots Should Be Counted.

The result of the recount of the water ballots by the official inspectors appointed by Judge Moer, in the Baumann contest, was filed in district court this morning. First, the inspectors report that they got in eight full days. They found ballots voted in twenty-six different ways, and they found 811 blanks out of 11,826 ballots cast. The result of the vote, counting all ballots, gives 6076 to issue bonds, and 4483 against, 5150 to buy and 4953 against, and 4404 to build and 5350 against. Out of all the ballots cast, including blanks, only 5762 ballots were properly made out, as follows: 2247 voted to issue bonds, to buy and not to build; 678 voted to issue bonds, to build and not to buy; and 2837 voted no on all three propositions. Thus there is an apparent plurality against any action if all the improperly marked ballots are thrown out.

Strange and wonderful were the workings of some of the minds that voted the other twenty-three ways. The court will be called upon to decide which ballots are to be thrown out and which are to be retained, and to extricate from this wilderness of misunderstanding the "will of the people" will be a task worthy of the intellect of the court before whom the matter will come.

In the first place, 2040 electors vote to issue bonds and both to buy and to build. It will be an interesting question whether these people intended to vote to buy the old plant and finish the Lakewood intake and connections, or whether this vote is due to ignorance of the propositions. Then 496 people voted to issue bonds and to buy and failed to vote on the proposition of building, while 211 voted to issue and to build and failed to vote on the proposition to buy. Thus, two ways may be held valid, as voting for one of the second and third propositions effectually disposes of the other. Those who voted to issue bonds and failed to indicate their desires as to whether the city should buy or build probably like to issue bonds purely from a desire to see the city's bonded indebtedness pile up. Perhaps they are bond dealers, but 268, their force, seems to be rather more than the number of bond dealers in the city.

Of much the same nature were the people who voted to issue bonds and against either building or buying. There were 82 of these. Twenty-five people voted to issue bonds, against buying, and failed to vote as to purchasing, while 56 did not want to issue bonds, but wanted both to buy and to build. Fourteen failed to vote on the proposition to issue bonds and voted for purchase and against building, while 128 voted to buy and not to build, and failed to vote on the issuance of bonds.

One hundred and fifteen voted to build and failed to vote on issuing bonds or buying, while 42 voted not to build and failed to vote on issuance or purchase. Twenty-six failed to vote on the issuance of bonds, and voted against purchase and in favor of building, while 15 failed to vote on the issuance of bonds and voted against either purchase or building. Twenty-seven voted against buying and left blanks opposite the proposition of issuing bonds and building.

There were 1154 people who believed in making bricks without straw, and they voted to build a plant and against issuing bonds or buying. One hundred and nine voted against issuance or purchase, and failed to vote on building, while 97 did not want to issue bonds, but wanted both to buy and to build. Fifty-five voters voted against the issuance of bonds and against building, but voted to buy, while 17 voted against the bond issue in favor of buying, and failed to vote on the construction. Twenty-seven voted against issuing bonds, in favor of building, and failed to vote on purchase.

There were 158 voters who did not want to issue bonds, and failed to vote on either purchase or construction, while 29 voted against the issuance of bonds, against building, and failed to vote on purchase.

A number of these various methods of indicating the people's will, while not complete, are probably sufficiently clear to pass, but others are so contradictory that they will certainly be knocked out. It is very likely that the 2040 people who voted yes on everything on the ballot will have their ballots thrown out, and if that is done, there will be no need to go farther, as that will be enough to offset the election. Accompanying the report is an abstract of the count by precincts, and from that it is gathered that the worst mistakes are not by any means monopolized by sections of the city where ignorance might be expected to exist. Some of the most complicated votes were found in the more aristocratic sections of the city.

The Baumann case is on the special term calendar for tomorrow, and the recount will be argued at that time before Judge Moer.

Charged With Contempt.

During the time at the opening of the present term of district court devoted to divorce suits, Elizabeth A. McDonough secured a divorce from John McDonough, and accompanying it was an order for the defendant to pay $50 alimony. This morning Mrs. McDonough's attorney filed an affidavit to the effect that he had asked Mrs. McDonough's ex-husband for the alimony, and that he had refused to pay it. He said that he did not have any more than he needed to live upon himself, and that he would not try to borrow it. On the strength of this affidavit Judge Moer issued an order for McDonough to show cause tomorrow why he should not be punished for contempt of court in failing to obey the order.

Coal Prices

Get our latest prices on coal. Duluth Fuel Co., basement Herald building.

HIS SECOND ATTEMPT.

Cummings Evidently Had Been There Before.

The crash of breaking glass attracted the attention of Officer Ryan, who was ascending the hill on First avenue east last evening. Turning back toward Superior street, which he had just left, and from which the sound came, Ryan saw a man lugging a bundle racing up the hill after him. The latter saw Ryan at the same moment, and turned back toward Superior street at a good clip, with the officer after him. The fugitive made a desperate effort to get away, but he was impeded by his load, which he persisted in hanging onto, and he was caught before he had reached Michigan street.

At the station he proved to be John Cummings, a fireman in the employ of the Commercial Light and Power company, residing at 9½ East Third street. In his bundle were found five pairs of mittens, a pair of boots, two pairs of woodsmen's shoes, one canvas legging and a belt. On investigation it was found that the articles had been taken from the window of Miss Walsh's shoe store at 30 East Superior street, Cummings having shattered a pane of glass and reached in from the outside, the breaking glass sounding the alarm that led to his being caught.

It was thought that here might be a clew that would clear away the mystery surrounding the looting of the same store on the night of Oct. 24, and Detectives Donovan and Troyer proceeded to Cummings' house, armed with a search warrant. There they discovered a number of the articles taken from the store on the last mentioned occasion. There were sixteen pairs of shoes, fourteen pairs of mittens and gloves, besides a number of pairs of rubbers and slippers, the lot filling a large sack.

Cummings will be given a preliminary hearing before Judge Edson on the charge of burglary. Cummings has always borne a good reputation. His crime was not the result of poverty, for he had a position paying fair wages. From the amount of stuff taken it is thought that he must have had an idea of starting in the boot and shoe business himself.

STEEL ENGRAVED.

Handsome Bonds Provided For the Investors.

The $100,000 batch of bonds to be delivered to E. H. Gay & Co. on Nov. 30, were forwarded to Boston today. The bonds are printed from steel plate engravings and are works of art. A steel engraved bond finds more favor at the hands of the buyer of securities than does a lithographed production. This fact is not to be taken as an indication of sentimental weakness nor of the domination of the artistic taste and enthusiasm of the judgment in the hard-headed investor. It has the very good business reason behind it that a steel engraved security, according to the teaching of experience is not as apt to be counterfeited as one reduced by other methods, owing to the expense of the process.

CHANGES IN TIME.

Northern Pacific Will Leave at 6:30 p. m. Eastern Change.

Next Sunday the Northern Pacific road will make a change in time which will be greatly appreciated by the board of trade men especially and by the wholesale trade in general. The train which now leaves at 2 p. m. will leave at 6:30 p. m. This will give the grain men ample time to get their circulars and correspondence connected with their day's business off on the afternoon train. This they find it impossible to do now and this has necessitated a day's delay. Some time ago a petition for some such change was presented, but the road declined to grant it. An arrangement has also been made so that connections with points in the West can be made without the long wait at Staples which is now necessary. The train will arrive here at 7:20 a. m.

The Eastern Minnesota will also inaugurate a new schedule on its limited train Sunday. It will leave at 1 p. m. instead of at 12:45 p. m.

Stahl Case Still on.

In district court this morning, the case of Stahl against the city was still on before Judge Ensign. All the evidence was in, and the attorneys spent the morning in arguing a motion to direct a verdict for the city on the ground that Stahl had failed to make out a case and that no verdict could be sustained. The argument was still going at noon, and it was in progress this afternoon as well. The jury was excused while the argument was going on.

The case of the Cleveland Iron Mining company against the Eastern Minnesota took up the entire morning, before Judge Moer, and it was still on at noon. In the case of J. W. McGregor against the Duluth Provision and Dry Goods company, judgment was entered for McGregor by stipulation. The case of Grenilda Peterson against Christian Peterson was continued by stipulation.

Women Are Good Judges when it comes to hats. Ask your wife if you don't need a new one. Ten to one she'll say that you do. It's all very well to talk of saving money by wearing old clothes, but it's most expensive in the long run, to say nothing of the pleasure and satisfaction you lose. A man's hat ought to be right if all the rest of him is wrong. It's so conspicuous that it can't help escaping notice. Our prices are $3.00 to $5.00—we have all styles.

Sole Agents Dunlap & Co's Hats, $5.00, John B. Stetson Co's Hats, $4.00 and $5.00.

Kilgore & Siewert,

LONSDALE BUILDING.

FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S FREIMUTH'S

SATURDAY'S SPECIAL BARGAIN FEAST!

No store in the city gives you as much for the money as Freimuth does. The highest standard of measure is applied to the quality of our wares, while prices are always crowded to the very lowest point.

CLIMAX IN CLOAK SELLING

This is Crowding down prices.

$5.00 for a heavy Beaver or Irish Frieze, Franklin front Coats, high storm collar in black; brown and navy. This price is for tomorrow only.

$7.50 for a very stylish box front Jacket, Franklin collar, new puff sleeves in Rough Boucle, Chinchilla and Irish Frieze. A regular $12.00 garment.

$8.95 for a nobby Fly or Box front Coat, made from heavy Rough Boucle, Beaver or Cheviot, perfect in fit and style; in black and colors; never sold less than $12.50.

$10.00 for an extremely stylish and serviceable box or fly front coat in Kersey, Cheviot or Persian cloth, lined with good black Rhadame satin, moderate, worth $15.00.

$4.48 for a double Beaver Cape, trimmed with braid and fur, up to date in style and finish, worth fully $7.50.

$6.50 for a heavy Persian Curl Cloth Cape, lined with black satin, edged with Thibet fur, usually sold at $10.00.

Girls' Winter Garments . . .

$3.95 for a fine heavy Reefer Jacket, made from rough Cheviot, trimmed with fancy braid, regular price $5.00.

$4.45 for a girl's Reefer coat, made from good mixture cloth with square Sailer collar, former price $6.50.

$2.25 for Infant's long coats, worth up to $4.00.

$3.48 for Infant's cloaks, worth up to $5.00.

Climax in Fur Selling.

$5.95 for a French Cooney Cape, made from good sound skins, full sweep, lined with satin, full sweep and length.

$8.48 for a China Seal Cape, full circular sweep and well made, equal to any $15.00 garment.

$25.00 for extra quality Astrakhan Capes, 30-inch long, very full sweep, full curl and very glossy, regular price $35.00.

98c—15 dozen natural Oppossum Muffs, well made and lined, usually sold at $2.00, tomorrow only 98 cents.

95c for a good River Mink Neck Scarfs, with patent head, worth fully $1.75.

$1.50 for a child's Augora Muff and Thibet, sold usually at $2.50.

Special Prices Tomorrow on our Astrakhan Jackets and all kinds of Capes and Collarettes.

UNDERWEAR and HOSIERY.

Ladies' Silver Gray Wool Pants and Vests, made by the Luzerne Co., regular price $1.00, only a small lot left, to close tomorrow, only	69c
Ladies' Extra Heavy Camel Hair Pants and Vests, cheap at $1.25; tomorrow, only	$1.00
Ladies' Heavy Quality Sheep Gray Wool Union Suits, cheap at $1.40; tomorrow, only	98c
Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Wool Union Suits, regular price $1.75; tomorrow	$1.25
Ladies' All-Wool Swiss Ribbed Union Suits, made to sell at $2.50; tomorrow	$1.88
Ladies' Heavy All-Wool Florence Union Suits price all season $3.25; price tomorrow, only	$2.50
Extra Heavy Quality Ladies' Equestrian Tights, regular price $2.75; sale price tomorrow	$2.00
Children's Full Fashioned Union Suits, regular price $2.75; to close small sizes tomorrow	$1.18
Ladies' Heavy Cashmere Wool Ribbed Hose, cheap at 40c; tomorrow, only	29c
Ladies' English Cashmere Hose, cheap at 50c; tomorrow, only	38c
Children's Ribbed Wool Hose, regular 25c quality; tomorrow, only	18c
Boys' Heavy Ribbed Bicycle Wool Hose, cheap at 35c; tomorrow, only	28c

Men's Furnishings.

Men's Heavy Wool Shirts and Drawers, regular grade $1.35; tomorrow only	$1.00
Men's Heavy Australian Wool Shirts and Drawers, regular price $1.75; tomorrow only	$1.38
Wright's Wool, fleeced, heavy quality Shirts and Drawers, cheap at $1.25; tomorrow only	$1.00
Winsted Hosiery Co's heavy quality Shirts and Drawers, regular price $2; our price only	$1.50
Musser's Saxony Wool Sox in gray, tan or black; tomorrow only, a pair	48c
Men's Flannel Sleeping Gowns, extra heavy quality, very long and full, only each	$1.00
Ladies' Flannel Sleeping Gowns, worth $1.00; tomorrow, only	75c
Children's Flannel Sleeping Gowns, only	50c
LADIES' DOUBLE SILK MITTENS, heavy quality, worth $1.00; tomorrow, only	75c
Ladies' fleeced Cashmere Gloves, cheap at 35c; tomorrow	25c

Hdkfs.

One hundred dozen All Linen Embroidered & Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, cheap at 20c; tomorrow at **12½c**

Toilet Soap.

50 Doz Egg of White Toilet Soap, made from the white of egg and sweet milk, very highly perfumed, cheap at 15c; tomorrow 20c a box of 3 cakes; or per cake	7c

Crockery Dept.

JAPANESE TEA CUPS.— Thin Decorated Japanese Tea Cups and Saucers, worth 39c, Saturday each	19c
SUGARS AND CREAM SETS.— Blue Decorated Japanese Sugar and Cream Sets, medium size, pretty shape, worth 48c, Saturday per set	29c
BANQUET LAMPS.— Polished Brass Banquet Lamps, complete with central draught Burner and Globe, worth $3.00 Saturday each	$1.75
NUT PICKS.— 100 Sets Nickel Plated Nut Cracker and six Picks in neat box, Saturday per set	39c
JARDINIERES.— 8 inch Tinted Jardinieres, fancy embossed shapes, regular price $1.00 each, Saturday each	69c
CHAMBER SETS.— 1 Crate Maddocks 12 piece English Decorated Chamber Sets, regular price per set $7.00, Saturday per set	$4.95

Hardware Dept.

ENAMELLED WASH BASINS.— Steel Enamelled Wash Basins, Saturday at cut prices, 11 inch size, each	12c
12 inch size, each	15c
13 inch size, each	18c
ASH SIFTERS.— All sizes, square Ash Sifters, Saturday each	5c
LANTERNS.— Kerosene Lanterns with latest pattern lift globe, worth 65c, Saturday each	39c
STEEL SPIDERS.— No. 8 Stamped Steel Spiders, regular price 35c, Saturday each	23c
SILEXO SCOURING SOAP.— 5 cases Silexo Scouring Soap, regular price 5c per cake, Saturday two cakes for	5c
PERFECTION MEAT CUTTERS.— Large Size Perfection Meat Cutters, regular price $2.75 each, Saturday each	$1.98

FOOTWEAR.

Seasonable goods at reasonable prices—some new Bargain Items worth noting.

Ladies' Extension Sole Lace Shoes, Vici Kid, the New Coin Toe with dull leather tip, perfecting fitting, excellent wearing, a regular $3.50 shoe, for Saturday only—per pair	$2.48
Ladies' Extension Sole Button Shoes, Dongola Stock, Patent Leather tip, in the new shape toe, fully worth $3.00 a pair, Saturday only	$2.19
Ladies' Kangaroo Calf Lace Shoes, for skating or general wear that will resist water, and outwear all other leather, Saturday only	$2.00
See our Crack-proof Calf Shoes for Ladies', Misses' and Children.	
Ladies' Felt Lace Shoes that will wear and are comfortable	75c
Ladies' Felt Lace Shoes with Felt Soles	$1.00
Ladies' Buckle Overshoes	63c
Misses' Kangaroo Button Shoes, Box Tip, Waterproof, worth $1.50 a pair, Saturday only—per pair	$1.19
Misses' Dongola Button Shoes, Patent Tip, every pair guaranteed to give best of wear, in the latest style toe, Saturday only—per pair	$1.15
Children's Kangaroo Button Shoes, Patent Leather Tip, 8½ to 11	95c
Children's Fine Dongola Button Shoes, Patent Leather Tip, 8½ to 10½	95c
Child's Spring Heel Hand Turn Button, Patent Tip, 5 to 8	63c

These are but a few of the many Bargains we offer.

FREIMUTH'S - - - - FREIMUTH'S

Mrs. Abbott Dead.

Mrs. Ann Jane Abbott, aged 83 years, mother of Mrs. E. G. Swanstrom, Mrs. Samuel Harris and Mrs. Kate Wentworth, died at her home corner of Garfield avenue and West Michigan street, at 6 o'clock this morning. The funeral will be held from St. Luke's Episcopal Mission church, corner of Nineteenth avenue west and First street, at 2 o'clock p. m. Sunday. Mrs. Abbott was one of the earliest settlers at the head of the lakes. She came here from Ashtabula, Ohio, in 1858 with her husband, Dwight Abbott, who died in this city March 19, 1872.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

THERE ARE OTHERS.

Water Bonds Seem to Be in Demand Now.

It is understood that New York and Chicago parties have sent in inquiries concerning Duluth water bonds, and have expressed a desire to take the balance of the $1,106,000 issue in case E. H. Gay & Co. should desire to relinquish the contract, which, by the way, there is no evidence of their desiring to do. The mayor confirmed the rumor today, but said he is not at liberty to give the names of the parties inquiring. He expressed himself as much gratified at the circumstance, as it indicates that Duluth bonds are considered all right.

TOO MUCH FORMALITIES.

Princeton Union. The board appointed by the court to recount Duluth's vote on the waterworks is making such slow progress with the task that people have begun to suspect the members of dealing too much with formalities. They probably open the sessions with the Lord's prayer and close with the doxology.

We endorse all the proprietors say about the merits of Salvation Oil. It is the greatest cure on earth for pain. 25 cents.

THE HERALD

Is on sale at the Windsor hotel, St. Paul.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TWELVE PAGES--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 6

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION.

FOURTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1896. TWO CENTS.

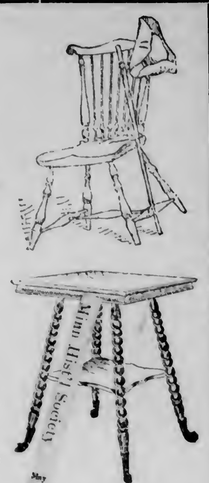
Christmas is Coming.....

And we are showing the choicest line of useful presents ever shown in Duluth. The prices are placed at the lowest possible point.

A Choice Table Like Cut **$2.00**

Other Tables—65c, 95c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.25, $2.50 up to $12.

A Good Bissell Carpet Sweeper for $1.65.



Cash or Credit.

COMPLETE HOUSE-FURNISHERS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

First Street and Third Avenue West.

Ludwig Pianos!

The most artistic and attractive Pianos ever offered at a medium price.

PIANOS FOR RENT. EXPERT TUNING DONE.

SALESROOMS— Phoenix Block, Fourth Avenue W. and Superior St—2nd Floor. **DULUTH MUSIC CO.** E. G. CHAPMAN, Manager.

GOOD SKATING Can only be accomplished by good skates.

WE SELL **BARNEY & BERRY'S.**

Sleds, Sleigh Bells, Polo Sticks, Skies, Snow Shoes and other seasonable goods. Skates Sharpened.

Marshall-Wells Hardware Company.

Holiday Books and Novelties! We will, as usual, show the finest line in the city of goods suitable for the Holidays.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Bookstore,

323 West Superior Street.

The Hudson Bay Company's

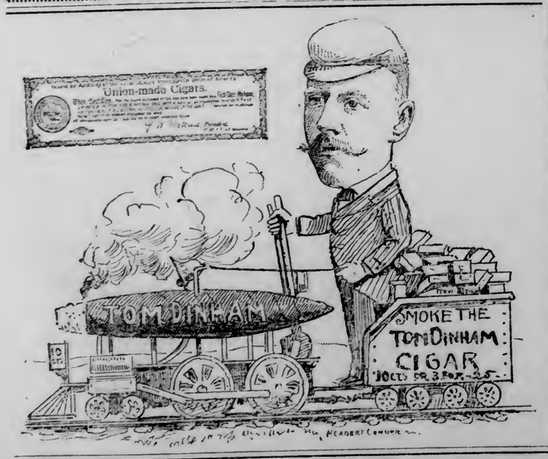
RYE WHISKEY.

10 years in the wood.

A strictly Pure Rye Whiskey for family use. Sold only by

M. Prendergast & Co., Agents

423 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.



Zweifel's Photos are the Best!

20-21 Phoenix Block.

L. MENDENHALL. ESTABLISHED 1889. T. W. HOOPES.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

$12,500.00 to Loan on Improved Property.

IRON ORE

Marked Improvement in the Condition of the Lake Superior Trade.

Several Thousand More Men at Work Than a Month Ago.

A Careful Survey of the Situation on All the Ranges.

Ishpeming, Mich., Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is now three weeks since election, and a marked improvement has taken place in the condition of the Lake Superior iron ore trade. The settlement in conditions is not found in increased prices or in heavier shipments, for the season is nearly closed, but in the reopening of mines which have been idle, the increase of forces at mines which were working and the preparations under way for beginning work at still other mines now idle.

A careful survey of the district shows that the number of men now employed, or to be employed within ten days, is several thousands larger than a month ago. At the close of the shipping season, which is now very near at hand, all shipping mines reduce the number of men employed on surface until the opening of navigation the following spring. This annual reduction at the close of the season has already begun, notwithstanding which the number of men now working is much larger than previous to Nov. 1, and promises to increase steadily until spring. The following compilation of resumptions and increases of forces has been made from personal investigation very largely, and in every case the authority for the statement is good:

The Pittsburg and Lake Angeline mine, of this place, resumed mining on Nov. 23 with over 300 men. This force will be increased to 600 as rapidly as the unwatering of the lower levels of the mine can afford places for the men. The mine suspended work in September on account of inability to get the cash from its ore to meet further expenses of running.

The Lake Superior Iron company has added about forty men to its force at its lake shaft mine. Further small additions may be made from time to time until spring at the various properties of this great company.

The Buffalo mines, Negaunee, were the first to add to forces after election. Two hundred men were added to the forces there election week, and the mines, which were idle several months last winter, will run steadily this winter, with 500 to 550 men employed.

The Little mine, Negaunee, has not resumed, as was erroneously stated in various newspapers. There is an excellent prospect that it will be started up with about 150 men next month.

The Primrose Valley mine, south of Negaunee, has resumed work with thirty-five men. The Grigson will probably be reopened with about forty men in the immediate future. There is a fair prospect that the Volunteer mine, owned principally by Gen. R. A. Alger, will be able to resume work before spring. It has been idle three years, and when running full forces employs upwards of 250 men.

The Winthrop mine, south of Ishpeming, has added fifty men to its working force, but may again reduce forces soon, on acount of much of its ore being mined from open pits, which are not so economically wrought in winter as in summer. The Jackson mine, Negaunee, is giving work to forty men within the past two weeks. The Champion mine, at Champion, has increased its working force by nearly fifty men.

The Minnesota Iron company is resuming work at its mines at Tower, which will employ 600 or more for the winter. The Chandler mine, at Ely, has resumed, and will work 350 men for the winter. The Zenith mine, also at Ely, has begun work again with a small force, which may be added to with the beginning of the New Year if business conditions then warrant.

On the Mesaba range conditions differ from those in the other four Lake Superior iron districts. Many of the Mesaba mines are wrought on the steam shovel plan, and the greater part of the work is necessarily done during the shipping season. Some of the open-pit mines will do considerable "stripping" this winter, while a few may move a little ore, but the amount will be very small. The Mesaba mines developed on lines similar to those of the other ranges, will nearly all work this winter. The Fayal, and probably the Canton also, owned by the Minnesota Iron company, will be worked. The Mesaba range properties of the Minnesota Iron company will give employment to 400 or more men during the winter. The Frank Rockefeller mines on the Mesaba will be worked this winter, as will some of the John Rock-feller mines. The Commodore and Cincinnati mines are each employing about seventy-five men at Virginia, after prolonged idleness, the Commodore having been out of the producing list for two years.

On the Menominee range, in the Crystal Falls field, there is more activity than for three years past at this corresponding season of the year. The Dunn mine is being reopened, and will give work to between 100 and 150 men until spring, when forces will be furhter added to. The Columbia will work 200 men or more the entire winter, while the Mansfield mine, which has just been rescued from the Michigamme river, which inundated it three years ago, has seventy-five men now working, and will work 125 before spring. The Crystal Falls region has a large number of medium sized mines producing low grade ores, and has been exceptionally hard hit by the depression of the past three seasons. The prospects for the mines of this district are now better than they have been since the beginning of the panic of 1893. There are good grounds for predicting the reopening of a number of the Crystal Falls properties before spring, though as yet nothing definite has been decided on, except at the mines named, which are now working.

The Pewabic company, Iron Mountain, has placed fifty new men on its pay roll to sink a shaft on the Walpole property. The Chapin, which now includes the Hamilton and Ludington mines, at Iron Mountain, has been working strongly the entire season, but has recently hired a few additional men for its underground workings, and will add materially to its present large force before spring. The Chapin will break all records of ore production by a single property next season, from present indications. At Quinnesec the Cundy Iron company has forty men at work developing a mine under the townsite. At the old Quinnesec mine, the first opened on the Menominee range, twenty years ago, which has been idle for ten or twelve years, Capt. Jacob Harper is doing a large amount of stripping, preparatory to filling large contracts for low-phosphorous high-silica ores to be used with Mesaba Bessemer next season. The Arragon mine at Norway will add to its forces, as will the Penn Iron company before Jan. 1. The Traders mine near Iron Mountain will run the entire winter, making all-rail shipments to Chicago and opening out large ore bodies for production next season.

On the Gogebic range the Tilden mine will probably resume early in December with 250 men the force to be enlarged to 400 before spring. The Norrie, East Norrie and Pabst mines, with an annual productive capacity of a million tons, have large stockpiles unshipped as well as considerable quantities of ore at Lake Michigan and Lake Erie receiving ports unsold, and the owner of these mines, the Metropolitan Iron and Land company, does not yet see its way clear to add to its forces. At present the company has about 225 men working, its normal force being 1200 to 1600 employes. The Sunday Lake mine at Wakefield is putting about ninety men at work, and will probably increase to 150 before spring if business warrants so doing.

The Cuyahoga Iron company, a new corporation, has secured the Germania mine at Hurley, Wis., on the Gogebic range, and is forking out the water preparatory to vigorous mining for the winter. The Iron Belt mines are working upwards of 150 men, with prospects of further increase soon. Fifty or sixty new men will be put at work at the Ashland mine, Ironwood, Dec. 1, when a night shift will be placed at work again, only a single shift being now worked. The Atlantic and Franklin mines have resumed with about fifty-five men each, and the Pence will start up with about the same force. The owners of the Colby mine, at Bessemer, are yet undecided as to their course for the winter, but may resume work, which will mean 150 men or upwards to be employed there, if the property is worked.

The foregoing figures are conservative, as regards the number of men set at work, and a large number of resumptions alleged to have taken place have not been verified, though some of them may have really occurred.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

BRITISH DELEGATES.

To the American Federation of Labor Arrive.

New York, Nov. 28.—Samuel Woods and John Mallinson, delegates of the British Trades unions to the convention of the American Federation of Labor, to be held in Cincinnati in the middle of December, arrived on the Cunard steamship Campania today. They were met by Contract Labor Inspector Robert Walthern and party of friends. Delegate Woods said, as he stepped from the ship to the dock: "I have not heard about the strike of the Hamburg and Kiel dock laborers, but I do not believe that there will be an international strike of dock laborers in sympathy with them. They might as well strike the moon," said he. "We do not believe in strikes, nor do we believe in arbitration; we prefer conciliation. We know no political party in our labor movement in England. Our constitution forbids it. We are for labor only. I do not know what would be best for the American workingman, but I may be able to offer some suggestions after I have studied the local color of the subject here. The British trades unions is composed of one and a quarter millions workingmen and women—women being an important factor in our organization, especially in the book binding interests. In Great Britain, trades unions are the most important factors in regard to wages and hours. We have in parliament eleven labor leaders, and we have ten labor leaders who are stipendiary magistrates."

It is understood that Samuel Gompers will preside at the Cincinnati convention.

PENDLETON'S ARREST.

Congressman Cooper Says it is an Outrage.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Congressman Cooper of Florida was very much interested in the report that C. B. Pendleton, a Florida newspaper man, had been taken off the Morgan line steamer at Havana yesterday by the Spanish authorities as he was about to sail for Key West. Mr. Cooper says he has known Mr. Pendleton for fifteen years; that he is a man of standing and influence in his community, a bona fide citizen of the United States. He is proprietor of the Equator Democrat at Key West. Mr. Cooper says Pendleton is in poor health, and that if he were imprisoned in a damp cell in Morro castle his life might be placed in jeopardy.

The Florida congressman went to the state department the first thing this morning in quest of additional details of the arrest. Secretary Olney told him the department had received no report on the case. The secretary was inclined to think that Mr. Pendleton had not been arrested, but had been merely retained on account of some irregularities in his passports. However, he promptly cabled Vice Consul General Springer at Havana to investigate and report immediately on the case, so that prompt action may be taken to protect his rights as an American citizen.

CORN FOR LOUISIANA.

St. Louis, Nov. 28.—The committee of merchants who came here from Louisiana to secure a special freight rate on corn for the famine-stricken district of the Pelican state will leave St. Louis tonight. Chairman Mills is highly gratified with the result of the committee's mission. "In a certain sense," he said, "we got more than we asked for. The rates promised us by the railroads are even lower than we had hoped to obtain. The Missouri Pacific, Iron Mountain and Cotton Belt lines have made us a very low rate. The Illinois Central people treated us as generously as those previously seen, promising a handsome reduction in the rate. We will see the Anchor line people after we get home, and I have no doubt we will get a special river rate. After we report to Governor Foster he will appoint a special committee to buy the corn. Outside aid will not be asked. The state can and will take care for its own."

STORM

Northwest Was Swept By the Greatest Blizzard For Years.

Trains Blocked Everywhere in the Dakotas and Very Cold.

Mails Delayed, Telegraph Wires Down and Snow Fifteen Feet Deep.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—An Aberdeen, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The present storm has not been paralleled since the great blizzard of Jan. 12, 1888. Drifts in the streets and on the railroad tracks are five and six feet deep. Railroading has been entirely abandoned until the storm breaks. A freight train on the Hastings & Dakota is in the drifts, near Bath station, and the Eureka accommodation is fast at Hillsview. A demoralized condition everywhere prevails. The loss to stock, it is feared, will be great.

A dispatch from Mellette, S. D., says: The worst snow storm and blizzard through this section for years commenced Wednesday night. Trains are blocked, and snow drifts in the main streets are fifteen feet deep. The wagon roads are blockaded and stock will suffer greatly.

EXTREME COLD.

Losses of Stock May Be Very Heavy.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Light snow falls only were reported today, but it seemed the closing flurry in the present big blizzard. The temperature continued dropping, however, and the lowest point reached in this city was 7 below zero at an early hour this morning, while much colder weather was reported from other Northwestern stations of the weather bureau. Moorhead reported 24 below, Huron 8 below, Willmar 22 below, and Winnipeg 24 below. Train service is still badly demoralized, and telegraphic communication has been very greatly crippled. Reports today are very meager on this account, but heavy damage among stock is feared.

MAILS DELAYED.

Northern Pacific and Great Northern Blocked Tight.

Washington, Nov. 28.—The traffic blockade by the storms in the Northwest is reported to the postoffice department in the following dispatch from the division superintendent of the railway mail service at St. Paul, Minn.: "On account of the heavy blockading snow storm train service on the Northern Pacific and Great Northern lines in North Dakota and Montana is at a stand still and telegraph wires are down and it probably will be at least forty-eight hours before regular train service is resumed.

COLD IN COLORADO.

Denver, Nov. 28.—The minimum temperature at the Denver station of the Denver weather bureau today was 8 degrees below zero at 6 a. m., at 11 it as 8½ degrees above zero. Leadville reported 17 degrees below zero, Pueblo 12 degrees below, and Cripple Creek 14 degrees below. The cold has been more severe in Wyoming than in Colorado. At Lander, Wyo., the thermometer registered 28 degrees below zero lakst night and at Idaho Falls, Idaho, reports 26 degrees below. The weather is moderating today and the observer says it will be much warmer tomorrow.

JIM AND FITZ.

Big Bruisers Cannot Fight in Kings County.

New York, Nov. 28.—Warren Lewis, president of the Greater New York Athletic club, who has been arranging for a fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons at Coney Island, called on District Attorney Backus today to secure a permit for the fight to take place. Mr. Backus refused to grant the permit, and said that he would not allow the fight to take place, as he understood it was a prize fight and not a fight for points, and he added that if an attempt was made to bring the men together in the ring they would be arrested.

Mr. Lewis directed the district attorney's attention to the fights that took place at the Broadway Athletic club, to which Mr. Backus replied: "It makes no difference to me what they do in New York. I won't allow the law to be violated in King's county." Besides Mr. Lewis, his counsel and Backus, there were present at the consultation Police Commissioner Wells, Superintendent McKelvey and Jacob Brennan, counsel for the police department.

CHASING A TRAIN ROBBER.

Kansas City, Nov. 28.—Eugene Ridgeway, the last member of the quartet of train robbers who attempted to hold up a car full of passengers on the electric line between here and Independence, is still at large. Detectives who claim to be on his track, say, however, that he will be landed within another twenty-four hours and that at any rate he cannot escape. Ernest Ridgeway, a brother of the escaped robber, and Jim Repine, both of whom were arrested at Leavenworth last night, together with Oscar Bridges, the leader of the gang, were given a preliminary hearing this afternoon.

A PITTSBURG ASSIGNMENT.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 28.—A. J. Lawrence & Co., well-known stock brokers of this city, made an assignment today for the benefit of their creditors. No statement of assets and liabilities has been filed. Mr. Lawrence was formerly president of the Pittsburg Oil, Stock and Metal exchange.

MEXICAN BOUNDARY.

Final Report of the International Commission.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Col. J. W. Barlow, corps of engineers United States army, today submitted to Secretary Olney the final report of the international boundary commission and announced the completion of the work assigned to it. This commission was organized under a treaty between the United States and Mexico for the purpose of surveying and remarking the boundary between the two countries, west of the Rio Grande.

The original convention was concluded July 29, 1896, and was subsequently continued by latter convention to Oct. 11, 1896. The report consists of nearly 700 pages of printed matter and is accompanied by maps and photographic views. In brief, it shows the complete marking by a series of stone and iron monuments of the entire divisional line from the Rio Grande to the Pacific ocean, a distance of about 700 miles.

The principal work performed was in restoring the original monuments wherever destroyed or displaced and erecting new ones where necessary. The line was formerly marked out by about fifty monuments and the remarking became necessary in order to put an end to the constant disputes and controversies over territorial rights resulting from their destruction or displacement.

CANTON CALLERS.

This Was a Busy Saturday for Major McKinley.

Canton, Nov. 28.—This has been a busy day for Maj. McKinley. Callers began to arrive early in the morning and were numerous all day. Many were old acquaintances of chance sojourners in the city, who merely called to pay their respects, and some were high in the counsels of the party. Aside from the demands of visitors, the weather, which is cold, damp and dismal, militated against unnecessary ventures out of doors, and the president-elect spent the morning in the ruddy glow of the grate fire in his own room or in Mrs. McKinley's room across the hall.

Among the early callers were Senator G. L. Wellington of Maryland, who came to pay his respects and to discuss the matters which are now occupying the minds of party leaders. He had a very pleasant conference with the president-elect. S. A. Perkins, who was assistant secretary of the national committee headquarters in New York during the campaign, reached here last evening and today had a very pleasant visit at the McKinley home. Col. Kuert of the Second Ohio regiment made a social call.

W. H. Thompson, C. A. Malley, L. B. Doud, Joseph Adams and C. W. Baker, a committee representing the Chicago Live Stock exchange were given an audience with the president-elect. There is nothing authoritative concerning the call except that they came with the greetings of the exchange to the man soon to be inaugurated president. Gossip, however, has it that the callers are interested in having Hon. Sam Alleton, familiarly known as "Farmer" Alleton, of Illinois, written opposite that of "secretary of agriculture," on the cabinet slate, and it is possible that they have put in some good words for the Illinois man during the day. Charles Hart, editor of the Wheeling Intelligencer, a prominent West Virginia Republican, whose name is spoken in connection with the seat in the United States senate which the West Virginia legislature will supply with an occupant, was another of the morning callers.

Senator-elect Foraker is at McKinley's residence this afternoon. He has legal business in Cleveland, at which he was engaged yesterday, and which was not concluded in time for a visit here in the evening, as was announced. The visit with Maj. McKinley is said to be purely of a social nature, no less than Senator Foraker himself being authority for the statement that there is no political significance in the visit. The senator reached Canton over the Valley road at 1:08, and Maj. McKinley was at the depot with the family carriage to meet him. They drove to the house, where lunch awaited, and spent the afternoon in conversation.

On the train with Senator Foraker was Horace S. Clark, one of the Illinois electors-at-large, of Chicago. He was on his way to Warren, Penn., to look after legal business, and will stop in Cleveland and Canton en route to pay his respects to Chairman Hanna and Maj. McKinley.

POSTMASTER SHORT $12,000

Why Memphis Will Have a New Official.

Washington, Nov. 28.—A change in the postmastership of Memphis, Tenn., will be made in a few days, though the new appointee has not yet been selected. This is the natural result of the shortage of over $12,200 in Postmaster Armour's accounts and which has been under investigation by the department. The report of the inspector reached Postmaster General Wilson today. It says the shortage has been made good by Armour's eleven sureties, in whose hands the office is now being run with the postmaster in charge. Armour has not yet been formally removed. Senator Harris, of Tennessee, had a long talk with the postmaster general this morning at which arrangements were made regarding a new postmaster.

PULLMAN COMPANY SUED.

St. John, N. B., Nov. 28.—A novel suit against the Pullman Palace Car company is on trial here. The case, which has been before the courts since '92, is an action for alleged damages sustained by James J. McGaffigan, head of the tea importing firm of J. Q. McGaffigan & Co., through having caught cold while traveling from Boston to St. John in an unheated Pullman car in February, 1892. Mr. McGaffigan sues for $25,000 on the ground that the heating apparatus, through the negligence of the company, failed to work, and that he contracted a violent cold while asleep, from which a long illness and prematurely impaired health resulted.

TEACHERS ELECT OFFICERS.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 28.—The following officers were elected today by the Association of Teachers of English of the North Central states: Professor Freeman, of university of Wisconsin, president; Professor E. Lewis, of Lewis institute, Chicago, secretary and treasurer; executive board, C. W. French, Hyde Park, Ill.; F. A. Blackburn, university of Chicago; F. N. Scott, university of Michigan; O. W. Emerson, Western Reserve university; H. W. Boltwood, Evanston school.

RAILROADS IN TROUBLE.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Nov. 28.—Suit was begun in the United States court here today by the Central Trust company, of New York, to foreclose a mortgage for $90,000 on the Indiana & Lake Michigan and Terre Haute & Logansport railroads.

SHERMAN

Says He Has Not Had a Cabinet Dicker With Hanna.

Has Not Seen Major McKinley or Hanna Since Election.

Does Not Know Whether He Will Try for Senate Re-election.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Senator Sherman, of Ohio, today gave a statement to the Evening Star making a flat and emphatic denial of the reports concerning a deal between himself and Mark Hanna as to the Ohio senatorship and a cabinet position under McKinley.

Mr. Sherman says the stories alleging an arrangement whereby he (Sherman) should go into the cabinet and Mr. Hanna succeed him in the senate are pure fabrications. He has not, he says, seen either Mr. McKinley nor Mr. Hanna since the election, and that he has not had any correspondence with them, save of the most ordinary character, except forwarding applications for office made through him.

There have been, he continued, no arrangements or conferences of any kind as to offices. Regarding whether he would be a candidate for re-election to the senate, Mr. Sherman said that he had not thought anything about it, and therefore would not answer any questions on that subject. He paid a warm tribute to Mr. Hanna who, he said, was a strong friend of his, and a man of fine attainments and ability.

THE FORESTRY SPECIALIST.

Dr. Fernow Completes His Itasca County Trip.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The United States forestry specialist, Dr. Fernow, completed his investigations in the Northern Minnesota timber belt yesterday and starts today for Madison, Wis., where he will deliver a lecture on forestry before proceeding to his home in Washington, D. C. He took great interest in the extensive growths of white and Norway pine and was surprised to find the latter so abundant near Red Lake agency and at Lake Winnibigoshish. He says: "There is an abundance of other trees in this region to prove the resourceful values of its lands. An effort will be made to have the valuable timber cut in such a way that its regrowth will be assured. This state experiment farm near Grand Rapids is well adapted to the work of scientific forestry and I am greatly pleased with the outlook here."

Dr. Fernow was assisted by Professor W. M. Hays, of the Minnesota College of Agriculture, and Superintendents Hoverstad and Pendergast, of the Northwestern and Northeastern Minnesota experiment farms.

KATE FIELD'S BODY.

It Did Not Arrive Today---A Probable Reason.

San Francisco, Nov. 28.—The steamer Australia, which arrived this morning from Honolulu, did not bring, as expected, the remains of Miss Kate Field. It is said that the Hawaiian government prohibits the shipment of corpses on passenger steamers.

MINNESOTA VS. KANSAS.

University Teams Playing Football This Afternoon.

Kansas City, Nov. 28.—Minnesota and Kansas university elevens lined up at Exposition park here this afternoon for a game of football. The Northerners outclassed the Kansas players in weight, but the latter, enthused by their victory over the Missourians Thanksgiving, were confident of winning again today. The conditions for the game were ideal.

SOLDIERS' HOME SCANDAL.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 28.—The congressional investigation of the Soldiers' home ended today. The matron, Mrs. M. B. Smith, of Topeka, and the chaplains of the home were put on the stand and made good witnesses for the defense. Cross-examination of Chaplain Gillespie brought to light the fact that he had once been tried and acquitted of a charge of homicide by a jury which rendered a verdict without leaving the box, and had subsequently preached the funeral sermon of the woman in the case. Before leaving the stand the clergyman said he had been warned that an attempt would be made to destroy his reputation and secure his removal if he testified.

THE INAUGURATION BALL.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 28.—Gen. Horace A. Porter, of New York, who has been selected as grand marshall at the inauguration of President-elect McKinley, arrived here this morning and spent an hour with M. A. Hanna, discussing plans for the ceremonies. Col. George A. Garrison and Webb C. Hayes of Troop A of this city, which will act as escort to the president-elect on his journey to the capitol, were also in consultation with the national chairman today. Senator Foraker, who was unexpectedly detained in Cleveland over night, left for Canton this morning to visit Maj. McKinley.

CHICAGO'S UNDERGROUND LINE.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—A trust deed for $5,000,000 was filed in the recorder's office today from the General Electric Railway company to the Title Guaranty and Trust company, as trustee for the State Trust company, of New York. The deed is to secure an issue of bonds for the construction of the first underground electric street railway in Chicago.

ALASKA

Gov. Sheakley, of Alaska, Sends His Annual Report to Washington.

He Deals Extensively With the Pribyloff Islands Seal Fisheries.

American Sailors Escape From the Russian Prison on Saghalien Island.

San Francisco, Nov. 28.—A copy of the annual report which Governor James Sheakley, of Alaska, will file with the secretary of the interior, was brought to this city from Sitka on the steamer Ella Rohlfs. The document is interesting from the fact that so much attention has been attracted of late to Alaska. Governor Sheakley goes into the sealing industry extensively and he also gives important facts regarding the gold mines of the territory. The mail service, he says, has been extended to the Yukon mining regions, but the service has not been satisfactory, while that to the western parts of Alaska, in charge of the Alaska Commercial company, has been prompt and efficient, the steamer Dora making regular trips.

Governor Sheakley quotes the statement made by Justice Harmon before the Paris tribunal of arbitration, which, he says, gives a concise history of the manner in which the government of the United States managed the fur seal fisheries on the Pribyloff islands, and the cause of the controversy between the United States and Great Britain. He says: "The question of the preservation of the fur seal herds of the Pribyloff and other islands is one that concerns not alone the people or even the nations interested. The whole civilized world is interested. I firmly believe that when the facts are fully known the good sense and love of fairness on the part of the English people will fully approve of the stand which the American government has taken in this matter."

From the gold mines of Alaska $2,-250,000 in gold bullion was taken out during the year ending Oct. 1, 1896, the greater part of which yielded less than $4 a ton.

A LUCKY ESCAPE.

American Sailor Who Was in a Siberian Prison.

San Francisco, Nov. 28.—John Ellis Olsen, who says he was the only American prisoner ever confined at that most dreaded of Russian prisons, Saghalien island, off the Siberian coast, and who made his escape from that place of confinement about a year ago, after encountering many adventures and vicissitudes, is once more back in his home, in this city, which he left in 1891. He was born in Detroit, Mich., about 30 years ago, and when a boy came to this city with his parents. Being of a roving disposition, he shipped out of this port on a sealing schooner in 1891, and made two or three trips from Yokohama with the seal hunters.

He finally joined an expedition to Copper island, but on arrival at Vladivostock, got drunk, and upon recovering from the effects of his debauch, found himself in prison under suspicion of being a spy or an anarchist. He was detained in this prison, and during that time was unable to make known his identity, he says, for the reason that none of the officers of the prison could speak English. At the end of five days, he says he was placed on a steamer and sent to Saghalien. There he was put to work with the other prisoners building a fort. The prisoners worked in squads of ten, each squad being in charge of a soldier guard, and from the size and appearance of the fort, it was intended simply as an object to keep the prisoners at work. He was subsequently allowed the freedom of the island on parole, but each of his efforts to smuggle letters to his friends was frustrated.

He ultimately arranged with the captain of a Japanese fishing junk to transport him, and was packed in a cask among a cargo of salmon, and reached Hakodate in safety. Thence he went to Yokohama, he says, he went to Port Said, and from there to Gibraltar. He next made Liverpool, and from there shipped as a sailor on a vessel bound for Newport, R. I. The captain of the vessel interested himself in the young sailor, and secured him a half rate railway ticket to St. Louis. From that city he tramped and rode brake beams to San Francisco, arriving at that point two weeks ago, five years from the time of his departure.

Olsen has not been able to find any of his relatives since his arrival. He is endeavoring to get the authorities to take some action in his case with a view to causing the Russian government to indemnify him for his imprisonment.

STATE SUPREME COURT.

Justice Mitchell Hands Down Several Decisions.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Among decisions handed down by the supreme court yesterday are the following, all by Justice Mitchell:

Johanna Hogan, ex, etc., respondent, vs. Atlantic Elevator company, appellant. Order reversed.

John Marty, respondent, vs. Charles Weber et al., defendants; Charles Weber impleaded appellant. An order granting a new trial, on the ground, among others, that the findings were not justified by the evidence. Affirmed.

Thore J. Rud, respondent, vs. board of county commissioners Pope county, appellant. Order affirmed.

Joseph Netzer, appellant, vs. city of Crookston, respondent. Judgment reversed and cause remanded for a new trial.

Charles D. Brainerd, as administrator, etc., respondent, vs. C. W. Prouty, et al., appellants. Order affirmed.

FIGARO HAS AN IDEA.

Paris, Nov. 28.—The Figaro accuses British shop owners and manufacturers of forming the strikes at Hamburg in order to divert the trade to English ports.

A PASSPORT is found in Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, to perpetual health. It is the only medicine used in thousands of families. It cures many different diseases because all disease has its origin in the blood. Pure blood is a safeguard against disease. No germ can exist in a perfectly healthy body. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery makes the blood pure. It kills disease germs of whatever kind wherever they are found in the body. It assists in the digestion of the food. It stimulates the action of stomach, liver, bowels, and kidneys. It sends rich, vitalized blood into every fiber of the body and makes firm, solid, healthy flesh.

Any man or woman who is losing flesh and vigor should waste no time in taking this most marvelously effective of all medicines. It will save hundreds of dollars of doctors' bills, and hundreds of days of misery. All good druggists sell it.

Mrs. W. B. Duncan, of Arlington, Phelps Co., Mo., writes: "My husband took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery when he was (as he thought) almost into consumption, and we were very thankful that such a medicine could be found. I wish all persons troubled with cough would take it. Long may the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Favorite Prescription' be made. I shall always recommend and praise these medicines."

Any woman who feels that she ought to have a handy, plainly worded, well illustrated medical book in the house, (and what woman does not?) should secure Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Dr. Pierce is so well known as chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., it isn't worth while to say a word about him. The book's the thing. Until recently this book has sold for $1.50. At that price, 680,000 copies were sold. Now there is an enormous edition of this book, bound in heavy paper, that will be given away, for a limited time, absolutely free to whoever will ask. The book contains 1008 pages. There are 300 illustrations. Send 21 one-cent stamps, to pay cost of mailing *only*. Cloth-bound book may be had for 10 cent extra—31 cents in all. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

DIXON DEFEATED.

Erne Wrests the Championship From Him at New York.

New York, Nov. 28.—Frank Erne, of Buffalo, last night won the title of featherweight champion of the world by being awarded the decision in a twenty-round contest with George Dixon, the clever colored boy that has for so long held undisputed claim to that pugilistic honor. The Broadway Athletic club arena was filled with a large crowd of sporting men, many of whom had come a long distance to witness the contest.

Dixon and Erne met in this city last December, and the result then was a draw. Since that time the admirers of both boxers have claimed that their man had the better of that go. Both of these featherweights have trained carefully for tonight's contest. Dixon's backers placed their money at odds ranging from 6 to 1 to 5 to 1 on him. There were two preliminary bouts between minor lights.

George Dixon entered the ring at 9:40, attended by Tom O'Rourke, Tommy West and Professor De Forest. Erne was seconded by Charley White, Mike Leonard and Frank Zimper. Both lads weighed in at 122 pounds and were in first-class condition. The boys shook hands at 10:03 o'clock. Fighting at once began.

During the entire twenty rounds Dixon received very severe punishment and the referee awarded the fight to Erne, who thereby becomes champion.

OLD MAN'S LONG TRAMP.

San Francisco, Nov. 28.—William Greer Harrison, of this city, poet, playwright and business man, celebrated his sixtieth birthday by walking from here to San Jose, a distance of fifty miles. He started from this city punctually at 6 o'clock last night. He was accompanied by three young fellows, members of the Bohemian club. The first twenty miles were made in exactly five hours. The last twelve miles were accomplished in four hours. At Millkens Corners the pedestrians took the wrong road and walked eight miles out of the way before they discovered their error. Mr. Harrison was quite fresh at the end of his long tramp.

CHECK THIEF CAUGHT.

San Francisco, Nov. 28.—Detective Cowles, of New Haven, Conn., has arrived here to take charge of H. C. Clark, who is wanted for stealing $500 from Peck & Bishop, general ticket agents. He will leave with his prisoner on Monday. Cowles claims that Clark's story of having been afflicted with loss of memory immediately after the commission of his crime is absurd. After he fled from New Haven he attempted to dispose of the stolen checks but failed. The following day he sent the checks back to the firm. The detective believes that Clark concocted the story of "being in a trance" in the hope of escaping with a light sentence.

DOWN ON FOOTBALL.

Kansas City, Nov. 28.—The Times today states that during the coming session of the legislature an attempt will be made to pass a law putting the game of football on the same plane as prize fighting, which is a felony in Missouri. It is stated that Representative Crisp, who is mentioned as a candidate for speaker of the house, will introduce a bill embodying such legislation. Senator O. G. Young also favors such legislation, and declares that if such a law is not enacted he will favor a repeal of the law against prize fighting.

ST. PAUL ELEVATOR BURNS.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—Fire last evening completely destroyed the large elevator of the St. Paul Warehouse and Elevator company, situated on Third street. The blaze started shortly after 6 o'clock and the firemen had a hard fight for nearly three hours, the extremely cold weather and high wind greatly hampering their efforts to subdue the flames. The elevator contained 100,000 bushels of oats, all of which were destroyed. The loss will be fully $80,000, partly covered by insurance.

GAS MEN MAY STRIKE.

Hamburg, Nov. 28.—The municipal workmen employed about the water and gas works demand an increase of wages, threatening to go out on strike today if it is not granted them.

SPAIN'S NEW LOAN.

Madrid, Nov. 28.—The Bank of Spain has cashed in 159,000,000 pesetas as a result of the recent loan.

BEAUFORT'S POSTMASTER.

Washington, Nov. 28.—The president has appointed G. W. S. Jenkin postmaster at Beaufort, S. C., vice William O. Prentiss, resigned.

WINTER TOURS.

Winter tourist tickets to Florida, Louisiana, Texas and South to California and West are now on sale via "The Northwestern Line." On Dec. 1 and 15 there is a round trip homeseekers' ticket on sale South and West at one fare plus $2. For the best service shortest lines. See that your ticket is over "The Northwestern Line."

B. W. SUMMERS, Agent.

HAWAII

Minister Hatch Returns to Washington After a Very Long Absence.

Island Legislature Passes Resolutions For Annexation to United States.

President of That Country Empowered to Open Up Any Negotiations.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Francis M. Hatch, the representative from Hawaii to the United States, has returned to the city after a long absence. The minister was asked for an interview on the prospects of a renewal during the incoming administration of steps for the annexation of Hawaii to the United States. Mr. Hatch declined to talk on the subject, but referred his questioner to the following resolution passed by the legislature of Hawaii in May last as showing the attitude of his government on the subject:

"Whereas, it has heretofore been the announced policy, both of the provisional government and of the republic of Hawaii, to advocate the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the United States of America, and

"Whereas, the legislature of the republic of Hawaii is now in regular session assembled, and will soon adjourn for a considerable period, and

"Whereas, it is fitting that the elected representatives of the people should place themselves and their constituents on record as to the present state of feeling among themselves and their constituents on this subject.

"Be it resolved by the senate and house of representatives that the legislature of the republic of Hawaii continues to be, as heretofore, firmly and steadfastly in favor of the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the United States of America, and, in advocating such policy, they feel assured that they are expressing not only their own sentiments, but those of the voters of the republic."

In this connection it will be recalled that just before the close of the last administration, Secretary of State Foster negotiated a treaty with a commission from Hawaii for the annexation of that country to the United States. It was sent to the senate by President Harrison, but was not acted on during his administration. After President Cleveland came into office, and before the senate had disposed of the treaty, the former withdrew it. The document not having been ratified by this government, nothing was done by the Hawaiians.

The legislature of Hawaii will not meet again for some time. It is understood, however, that the president of that country has the power, should he deem it expedient at any time, to re-open negotiations with the United States for a treaty looking to annexation. No information is obtainable at the legation respecting the recent action of the Hawaiian government in regard to the proportion for certain extentions of the concessions granted to Col. Spalding in regard to a Pacific cable. The Hawaiians, Minister Hatch says, are anxious to have the cable laid between the United States and Hawaii, and as an evidence of their desire, have offered a subsidy of $40,000 a year towards the maintenance of the latter, which is regarded as a large amount when coming from such a small country.

The concession originally granted to Col. Spalding for the cable between Hawaii and the United States, it appears, gave him an exclusive franchise for twenty years, provided he obtained aid from his government within eighteen months after the date of the concession. The time expires in May next, so that speedy action is necessary if the original terms of the agreement are adhered to.

DENIED BY SATOLLI.

Rome, Nov. 28.—Cardinal Satolli declares absolutely false and reprehensible all rumors published in America alleging that he has made a report to the pope touching the university of Washington. Archbishop Ireland, Cardinal Gibbons or other Roman Catholic dignitaries.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

FOR MEDICINAL USE
NO FUSEL OIL

Endorsed by the Highest Authorities. It is a "Household Remedy." Take no other from your Druggist or Grocer. Send for pamphlet to

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

John Nelson, of Twentieth avenue, spent Friday with his brother, Charles Nelson, who is very ill.

Mrs. A. A. Douglass spent Monday in Duluth.

Mrs. Stewart, of West Duluth, and Mrs. Tash, of Duluth, visited the Smithville school Friday.

Miss Emma Oleson spent Sunday evening with friends in Smithville.

Mrs. Edward Johnson, of New Duluth, spent Thanksgiving day with her father John Carlson.

Mrs. Harkins paid a visit to Duluth Monday.

Miss Mary Nacey and Miss Enright visited friends in Proctorknott last Friday.

The dance which was to be given at Peterson's hall last Wednesday evening by Messrs. Phillips and Nacey has been postponed until Thursday evening, Dec. 3.

Joseph Brink, of Smithville, attended a meeting of the Wa-Ke-Ma-Wup tribe of Improved Order of Red Men Thursday evening.

Misses Lillie Ridge and Bessie Bain and Messrs. McGillvery and Hall, of Duluth, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Payne Wednesday.

William H. Smith, who has been employed at the Ironton Structural Steel plant for several months, left for Mexico last week.

The gospel song service will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Douglass Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan, of Cloquet, and Mrs. Sullivan, of Duluth, attended the funeral of the late Dennis Sullivan Monday.

On Wednesday evening Mrs. A. A. Douglass gave a reception to the teachers, scholars and friends of the Smithville Sunday school. Despite the inclemency of the weather a large number were present. Games of all kinds were indulged in, among which were a "nail driving contest for ladies and a "button sewing" contest for the gentlemen. Miss Bain and Mr. Hall, of Duluth, were the prize winners. The guests adjourned at a seasonable hour all expressing themselves as having passed an enjoyable evening and hoping that more may follow.

Mr. Hettinger, who was quite ill last week, is able to be out again.

John Boyd spent Sunday in West Duluth.

At 6 o'clock last Saturday morning Dennis Sullivan, an old and respected resident of Ironton, departed this life at his late home, aged 52, with his wife and family at his bedside. Mr. Sullivan was first taken sick about two months ago with a complication of stomach troubles but did not take to his bed until about three weeks before the end came. He leaves a wife and seven children, namely, Mrs. Jennie Noonan, of Madelia, Minn.; Dennis, Nellie, Kittie, Rose, William and Henry, of his place, to mourn his loss. Mr. Sullivan was a resident of Ironton for the past four years, and was a member in good standing of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of West Duluth. He is said to be one of the oldest members of the organization in the state. The funeral took place on Monday morning. Services being held in St. James Catholic church at West Duluth. The pall bearers were members of the United Workmen. The interment was made at the Catholic cemetery about eight miles north of Duluth.

On Wednesday afternoon the pupils of the Smithville school gave a highly interesting and instructive entertainment to their friends. The program consisted of an opening song, "Thanksgiving Turkey" by the school, followed by the recitations, "Thanksgiving Day," by Flossie Brink; "A New Pair of Breeches," by Willie Smith; recitations by Willie Sullivan and Esther Wohlin; song, "Two Little Clouds," by the little folks; recitation, "Landing of the Pilgrims," by Dollie Dash; "The School Ma-am," by Matilda Lindstrom; "Dot's Thanksgiving," by Gust Newbauer; recitations by Carl Lindstrom, Jennie Lundquist, Hattie Overton; dialogue by Tillie Swenson and Helen Renstrom; song by the school; recitations by Amelia Nelson, Arthur Renstrom, Max Newbauer; dialogue, "Courtship of Miles Standish," by Helen Griffen and Ed Payne; song, "Robin," by the little folks; recitation, "I'se Pulling Basting Threads," by Don Overton; recitations by Agnes Nacey, Nettie Amundson, Grace Segl, Adolph Nelson; calisthenic drill by the school; recitations by Celia Swenson, Charlie and George Nacey, Annie Segl; "A Smart Boy," by Anna Kindgren; "Farmer Grey," by Hanna Kindgren; closing song, "My Country," by the school. Considerable credit is due Misses Stewart and Tush, the teachers, for the creditable showing made by the scholars.

A QUEER AFFLICTION.

A Bogus English Lord is Stricken Dumb.

Oakland, Cal., Nov. 28.—Harry Outridge, alias Lord Athol, an Englishman, who has gained considerable local notoriety for a number of peculiar acts, including the theft of a horse and buggy, lies in the receiving hospital deprived of the power of speech. He is conscious, has possession of all his other faculties, but cannot utter a sound. His case is a puzzle, but the physicians who are attending him are of the opinion that he is suffering from a rather unusual form of epilepsy.

Outridge writes that it is the second time that he has had his voice taken from him, with the speed of lightning, and that on the previous occasion he only spoke after an operation upon the nerves that center around his larynx. He said that he lived upon remittances from his family in England.

SWEDES AS POMOLOGISTS.

Mansfield, Mo., Nov. 28.—J. Weston Plummer, representing an English syndicate of fruit growers and capitalists, has been making an investigation of South Missouri as an apple producing region. Before leaving for New York, Mr. Plummer stated that the investigation he has been making was offered with the intention of colonizing a large section of this part of the state with Swedes for the purpose of growing apples exclusively for export. Mr. Plummer would not say what his report would be, but it is learned from other sources that it will be favorable, and that negotiations have actually been commenced wherein about 80,000 acres of wild land are to be secured at ridiculously low figures—less than 75 cents an acre.

RACES AT SARATOGA.

Saratoga, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The Saratoga Racing association will give a running meet during August, 1897.

FOR AID

Duluth & Southwestern Railway Will Ask Assistance From the County.

Wants $250,000 in Bonds to Be Paid For in Stock.

Road Must Be Completed December 1, 1900 or the Bonds Forfeited.

The local business men who are back of the Duluth & Southwestern Railway company are preparing to spend the winter in an energetic struggle to promote their plan, and indeed they have already begun. At their request the chamber of commerce, the jobbers' union and commercial bodies have selected representatives to meet with the promoters of the road tonight and discuss plans for furthering the construction of the road. The communication requesting the appointment of such representatives stated that the road thought of asking St. Louis county for aid, and that it desired to know that its appeal would meet with some favor before it was made. The object of the meeting is to discuss the plan in private before giving it publicity.

The plan is to have the county authorize an issue of $250,000 in 4 per cent 30-year bonds, with the option of paying them in ten years if it is desired. The bonds are not to be paid to the road until it is completed and in operation, and this must be before Dec. 1, 1900. If it is not completed by that time the bonds are forfeited. In the meantime the bonds are to be placed in escrow with the Franklin Trust company, of Brooklyn, to be held in trust until Dec. 1, 1900, when, if the road is completed and in operation, they are to be paid to the road. The consideration is to be an equal amount of the capital stock of the road, which is to be paid over for the bonds at the time of their transfer, if the county will accept it.

In order to issue these bonds a special county election must be held, to be called by the county auditor. In case the bodies represented at tonight's meeting are favorable to the idea, the auditor will probably be requested in proper manner to call the election, when he has no option but to do so.

The Duluth & Southwestern is planned to run from Duluth southwest to the Iowa line, connecting with the Duluth, Red Wing & Southern, and using that road's tracks for part of its line. Associated with the Duluth parties who are in the deal is ex-Governor Hubbard, of Red Wing, who is also connected with the Duluth, Red Wing & Southern. The new road will tap some of the choicest parts of Minnesota's agricultural lines, and in its complete state would undoubtedly bring much business to Duluth, enlarging its tributary country in a large degree.

The representatives of the various bodies are as follows: C. A. Duncan, Jobbers' union; E. R. Cobb, Trades' assembly; H. R. Armstrong, Commercial club; G. A. Leland, chamber of commerce; Ward Ames, board of trade. The meeting will be held with the directors of the road in D. Buchanan's office, 618 Chamber of Commerce.

THE DAKOTAS.

NORTH DAKOTA.

The divorce case of Clara T. Dunn vs. John C. Dunn is on today in Judge McConnell's court at Fargo. The decree is asked on the ground of non-support. The case attracts considerable attention in Chicago, where the defendant lives. Mrs. Dunn is a sister of Mrs. Clark, wife of the general passenger agent of the Lake Shore road. She is the daughter of a prominent Chicago banker, whom Dunn has sued for $25,000 damages for alienation of his wife's affections. Dunn is here personally to fight the suit, and both sides have able attorneys representing them.

Alex Peterson, who has slept in the elevator at Kulm for two months, was found dying there Thursday and the room filled with coal gas. Help was called, but Peterson died. A heavy wind from the north forced the gas into the room. He was about 30 years old, and was unmarried, but leaves several relatives.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The three reduction plants at Deadwood are now treating over 500 tons of silicious ore daily, of an average value of $20 and upward, making the monthly porduct $300,-000. The output of these mills now exceeds that of the Homestake and associate plants at Lead, and with their enlarged capacity it is safe to place the output of the Hills at at least $9,000,000. At the D. & D. smelter there is now a loss to the ton of ore of less than 15 cents' worth of metal. The Golden Reward plant is the largest chlorination works in the United States, and this year added machinery that is absolutely new to the reduction of gold. A year ago the three plants had a combined capacity of less than 250 tons daily. All are making arrangements for again doubling their capacity the coming season, with ore in sight to require full running.

The wedding of C. A. Crane, of Mitchell, and Miss Lottie Silfer, of St. Paul occurred at Jackson, Minn., Thursday. The bride is well known at Mitchell and Madison. The groom is the son of V. B. Crane, of Jackson, Minn., a well-known newspaper man and postmaster of that place. He is well-known in South Dakota and has the distinction of forming the first Bryan club in the state. The free silver forces in Dawson county nominated him for sheriff in the face of seven older candidates, he being probably the youngest candidate in the state. Both Mr. and Mrs. Crane are telegraph operators.

One of the largest weddings of this section for some time was held Wednesday at Greenfield, Charles Swanson and Miss Alma Swanson were the contracting parties and Rev. S. Swanson the officiating minister. Both the bride and groom were born in this county and enjoy a large circle of friends. A strange coincidence is that the name of the groom and bride and the name of the minister is Swanson, yet they are not related.

An unknown man walking along the railroad track was run over by a passenger train near Elk Point Wednesday morning.

ENGLISH HORSE RACING.

Manchester, Nov. 28.—W. M. G. Wingler's chestnut colt Telescope won the Manchester November handicap of 1500 sovereigns here today. J. C. Sullivan's Winkfield's Pride was second, and Murray Griffith's Sambre, third.

ROYALTY LEAVES BLENHEIM.

Woodstock, Eng., Nov. 28.—The prince and princess of Wales left Blenheim this morning, and was escorted to Oxford by a detachment of the local yeoman railway corps, the Oxfordshire hussars, headed by the duke of Marlborough, who is a lieutenant of that branch of the cavalry.

NEWS OF THE LAKES.

IMPROVEMENTS AT CONNEAUT.

Andrew Carnegie, the great iron manufacturer, has let a contract for the erection of a huge ore-receiving and coal-loading plant at Conneaut, Ohio. Conneaut is the northern terminus of Carnegie's railroad, the Pittsburg, Shenango & Lake Erie. Carnegie has a contract with John D. Rockefeller, covering several years, for the delivery of ore from the latter's Lake Superior mines at the docks in Conneaut.

A THRILLING EXPERIENCE.

The barge Katie Brainard reached Tonawanda Tuesday night after a remarkable experience. While proceeding down Lake Erie in bad weather the captain of the vessel, W. E. Donnelly, lent a hand in securing a rope, when it broke and he was thrown overboard. Fortunately a wave carried him under the stern of the vessel and he grasped one of the rudder chains. The crew gave the captain up as lost, and nearly half an hour elapsed before his cries for help were heard. When lifted on deck he was almost chilled to death. The captain lost $150 out of his pockets during the immersion.

PLENTY OF LITIGATION.

No less than forty admiralty claims will come before the United States district court at Detroit for disposal the present winter.

The heaviest suit is that of the Lehigh Valley Transportation company, owners of the steamer Oceanica, against the steamer William Chisholm for $35,000 damages. On Aug. 14 last the Oceanica, bound up, collided with the Chisholm near Windmill Point lighthouse, Grosse Point.

On Nov. 4, during a gale, the schooner A. J. McBrier, loaded with lath, lost her deckload and was driven ashore at Port Hope, Lake Huron. The tug C. D. Thompson was called upon for assistance and her owners, the Thompson Towing association, have filed a libel against the McBrier for salvage.

The schooner Col. Ellsworth went down in eighty feet of water near Waugoshance Light on Sept. 2 last, as the result of a collision with the schooner Emily B. Maxwell. Charles A. Chamberlain, owner of the Ellsworth, has filed a libel in the United States district court for $4000 damages.

Edmund Hall, owner of the tug Protection of Chicago, raised the steamer Ranney on Dec. 13 last, which was sunk by being cut by the ice in Chicago harbor. A libel for $2000 has been filed.

The steamer Leland, with a number of barges in tow, including the E. C. Roberts, came to anchor near Kelly's island on Sept. 2 last. A gale sprang up in the night which caused the barges to "tail" around in dangerous proximity to the land. The Roberts was at the end of the string, and as the wind increased she gave signals by ringing the fog bell and showing red lights for the steamer to pull out into deep water. No attention was paid to the signals and the gale increased until the Roberts, with an anchor down, parted the tow line and went on the rocks and sank. Frank Roberts, her owner, wants $2000 damages.

The heirs of John Oades have libeled the river steamer Idlewild on an old balance for repairs of about $2000, which has been in dispute.

The Cutler & Savidge Lumber company has libeled the steamer Fedora for $10,000 for the loss of the schooner David Macy.

A WAIL FROM DETROIT.

"What seems to be the general opinion among vessel owners as to the final outcome of the lake shipping?" asked Thomas Adams at Detroit the other day. The general tendency of feeling, as the Detroit Journal has found it, is that M. A. Hanna Co., the Bessemer fleet and similar great corporations will before long control both the base of supplies and the tonnage for transporting them, and the great lake-carrying trade will resolve itself into either a competition of such great companies, or a combination of them for the purpose of controlling the entire commerce of the inland seas. Rockefeller alone has added tens of thousands of tons carrying capacity to the lake fleet this year, and already owns large mining interests in the North. The truth is, the day of independent sailing seems to be drawing to a close.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Siemens, Cleveland; Oglebay, Fort William.

Gladstone—Cleared: Minnie Kelton, Tonawanda; Britannic, Anderson.

Later marine news on page 3.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Senator Voorhees is improving steadily at his home in Terra Haute, Ind. He will be able to leave next week for Washington.

Winners at Lexington, Ky., yesterday were Billion, Sharon, Belle Bramble, I. W., Mattie Lee.

W. S. Forman, of Illinois, the newly appointed commissioner of internal revenue, took the oath of office yesterday and entered on the discharge of his duties.

Admiral Ramsey, chief of the bureau of navigation, navy department, says the report that the cruiser Philadelphia will make a speed trial in order to establish a new record from San Francisco to the South Pacific is incorrect. The Philadelphia will make frequent stops at all available points on the way. Her unusual stock of coal taken at San Francisco is due to the comparative cheapness of coal there.

The Anaconda Mining company, at Butte, Mont., will cut its wages to miners from $3.50 to $3 a day, Dec. 1. Other companies will follow suit.

While out hunting near Sidney, Iowa, yesterday several boys discovered the badly decomposed body of a man which, on investigation, proved to be that of Moses Yowell, who disappeared from Sidney about two months ago. He was postmaster at Sidney and the postoffice authorities suspecting that he was not right in his office sent an inspector who discovered a shortage of about $800. Yowell stated that he had the money at his house and was allowed to go after it, but failed to return.

Alex Pepin and Ernest Ridgeway, wanted in Kansas City for holding up an Independence electric car, and who were in the recent Alton hold up, were arrested at Leavenworth, Kan., last night.

Gus Wilbur, aged 53, living near Augusta, Iowa, while crazy shot and instantly killed Emory Flagley, aged 16, and then suicided.

J. C. Watts, cashier of the State bank of Neola, Iowa, is a defaulter in the sum of $10,000. He is supposed to be somewhere in Colorado. He lost the money speculating in grain. He left Wednesday ostensibly to visit a sick brother at Denver. His bondsmen have made the shortage good.

CONSIDERING A STRIKE.

Pittsburg, Nov. 28.—The meeting of Consolidated Traction employes to discuss the advisability of striking adjourned about 3:30 o'clock this morning after deciding to postpone action until the return of President Magee from the West.

A BERLIN FAILURE.

Berlin, Nov. 28.—The failure of Otto Heymann, a grain merchant, is announced. His liabilities are estimated at over $3,000,000 marks.

DR. JAMESON ILL.

London, Nov. 28.—Dr. Jameson, the leader of the Transvaal raid, undergoing a sentence of fifteen months' imprisonment in Holloway jail, whose sickness has previously been noted, is now announced to be in a critical condition.

BRITISH COAST GALE.

London, Nov. 28.—A heavy gale prevails over the British coasts, much damage has been done to shipping, and there has been a heavy snow fall over the Isle of Jersey.

HIS IS THE TIME of year .. .. when men .. and women .. become weakened by .. the weather, and run down generally. .. .. The first parts that the weather affects are the kidneys. The urea is not thrown off, but is forced back upon the lungs, and disease results—caused by weakness of the kidneys.

Large bottle, or new style, smaller one at your druggist's.

HERE IS ONLY ONE CURE WAY known to medical men for promptly checking troubles of the kidneys and restoring these great organs to health and strength, and that is by the use of

Warner's Safe Cure

It has stood the test of time; it has saved thousands of lives; it has restored millions of sufferers to health; it has done what was never done, never attempted before; it has made men stronger and healthier; it has made .. women brighter and happier; .. it stands alone in all these qualities. Do you not think it would be wise for you to use it and thus avoid the dangers of the season? Insist upon having it.

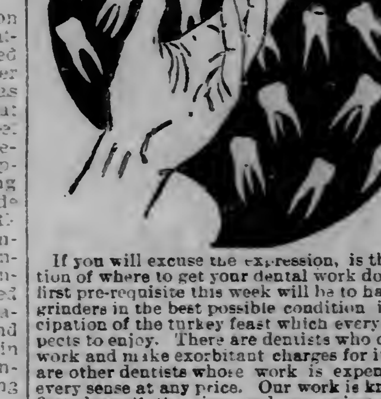
Freight Men Organize.

Duluth agents of fast freight lines have organized themselves into an association for their common aid, to be known as the Head of the Lakes Fast Freight line. F. N. Guthrie, of the Lehigh Valley line, is chairman; John Promberger, of the Lackawana, secretary; Mr. Ferguson, of the Michigan Central, treasurer. The association is due to the increasing business interests of the various lines, of which sixteen are represented in Duluth. They will put on a messenger service between Duluth and Superior to give prompt delivery of bills of lading.

YVETTE GUILBERT COMING.

Southampton, Nov. 28.—Among the passengers who sailed for the United States on board the American line steamship New York was Mme. Yvette Guilbert, the variety singer.

A Toothsome Problem



If you will excuse the expression, is the question of where to get your dental work done. The first pre-requisite this week will be to have your grinders in the best possible condition in anticipation of the turkey feast which everyone expects to enjoy. There are dentists who do good work and make exorbitant charges for it; there are other dentists whose work is expensive in every sense at any price. Our work is known as first-class all the time and our prices do not frighten our patients.

DR. SCHIFFMAN,
Top Floor, Burrows Block.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of thirty-five hundred forty-eight and 78-100 dollars which amount is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly made and delivered by Katherine W. Codding, mortgagor, to Gustave Schleuder and Oscar Ayers, mortgagees, bearing date the 9th day of June, 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 27th day of June, 1890, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 68 of mortgages on page 67.

And whereas, said default is a default in one of the conditions of said mortgage, which contains a power of sale that by reason of said default has become operative and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: Lots number thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, in block number ten in Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, of said county, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Monday, the 11th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, together with seventy-five dollars attorneys' fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale as by law provided.

Dated Nov. 27th, 1896.

GUSTAVE SCHLEUDER,
OSCAR AYERS,
Mortgagees.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for said Mortgagees,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November, 25th, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Annie E. Dowdy, formerly Holmes, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of H. G. Gearhart, administrator of the estate of Annie E. Dowdy, formerly Holmes, deceased, representing among other things that he has fully administered said estate and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Saturday, the 19th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of the judge of probate at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 25th day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-5-12.

WEST END

Services Which Will Be Held in West Duluth Churches Tomorrow.

Petitions to the Mayor on the Water Question, Circulating.

Benefit Concert at Great Eastern Hall This Evening---Other News.

Dr. Forbes will preach at Asbury church at 10:30 a. m. tomorrow and at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league at 6:45 p. m.

At Westminster Presbyterian church services will be held as usual at 10:30 and 7:30. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. G. E. Keithley.

Sunday school will be held as usual at the Congregational church at 12 o'clock. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

PETITIONING THE MAYOR.

Several petitions are being circulated in West Duluth praying Mayor Truelsen not to offer opposition to the purchase of the water plant by the city. The petition implies that if the plan to purchase the plant is defeated, all work on the new plant will be abandoned, and therefore many who otherwise would be at work will be kept from employment.

THE CONCERT TONIGHT.

The entertainment for the benefit of the Church of the Holy Apostles, which was postponed on Thursday evening, will be given at Great Eastern hall this evening. A fine musical program has been prepared, to be followed by a drama. The whole entertainment promises to be an interesting affair and will no doubt be enjoyed by a large audience.

SURPRISED MR. LANNERS.

Harry Lanners, one of West Duluth's popular young men, unexpectedly celebrated his birthday yesterday under most pleasant circumstances. In the evening he was visited at his home by about twenty-five of his friends, a number from Duluth, who came together to spend a pleasant evening and offer congratulations. The party enjoyed themselves for several hours with games and refreshments.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Opening Today Was Marked By Dullness.

New York, Nov. 28.—The stock market opened dull and easier. The changes were unimportant, with the single exception of Laclede Gas, which broke 3 per cent to 21 under renewed liquidation. Covering by shorts in anticipation of a favorable bank statement steadied the market and influenced slight advances, Laclede Gas exceptionally strong, jumping to 23. The weekly bank figures were expected to show gains in the principal items and reflect heavy interior receipts and improvement in the monetary situation generally. The market was tending downward at 11 o'clock on realizations, with Sugar most prominent.

The bears were very aggressive in the final hour, despite a favorable bank statement and an increase in the Burlington surplus after charges for the month of October of $207,735. Special pressure was directed against the high-priced stocks. New Jersey Central fell 2 to 103½; Consolidated Gas lost 1¾, Laclede Gas preferred 3¼ and Burlington 1½ per cent. The closing was weak at sharp fractional net losses in the leading shares. The aggregate sales were 94,600 shares.

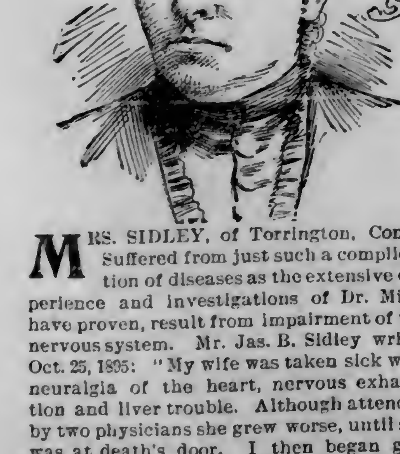
We endorse all the proprietors say about the merits of Salvation Oil. It is the greatest cure on earth for pain. 25 cents.

HALF RATE EXCURSIONS.

South and West, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, Dec. 1 and 15. Tickets and particulars, ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Neuralgia of the Heart

Vanquished by Dr. Miles' Remedies.



MRS. SIDLEY, of Torrington, Conn., suffered from just such a complication of diseases as the extensive experience and investigations of Dr. Miles have proven, result from impairment of the nervous system. Mr. Jas. B. Sidley writes Oct. 25, 1895: "My wife was taken sick with neuralgia of the heart, nervous exhaustion and liver trouble. Although attended by two physicians she grew worse, until she was at death's door. I then began giving her Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure, and she improved so wonderfully from the first that I at once dismissed the physicians. She now eats and sleeps well and does her own housework. We have recommended your remedies to a great many in our city, and every one has been very much benefited by them."

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO. Elkhart, Ind.

Woman's Writes

Believe in Woman's Writes? Of course we do. Who could help it when women write such convincing words as these: "For seven years I suffered with scrofula. I had a good physician. Every means of cure was tried in vain. At last I was told to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which entirely cured me after using seven bottles."—MRS. JOHN A. GENTLE, Fort Fairfield, Me., Jan. 26, 1896.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla ..cures..

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

Poultry is the principal feature of Michigan street houses nowadays and the supply is very full and fine. Vegetables, too, are in good demand and supply.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed daily.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, separators, fancy	21 @ 22
Dairies, fancy, special make	10 @ 15
Packing stock	8 @ 9
CHEESE.	
Turns, flats, full cream, new	9½@ 10
Full cream, Young America.	10
Swiss cheese, No. 1	12 @ 12½
Brick, No. 1	10
Limb., full cream, choice	9 @ 10
Primost	6
EGGS.	
Candled, strictly fresh	19 @ 20
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	12½@ 13
Fancy white clover, strained, in jars, per lb.	12½
Golden rod	11½@ 12
Dark honey	11 @ 11½
Buckwheat, dark	11 @ 11½
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per pound	10
Wisconsin, per pound	9
Maple syrup, per gal	90 @ 1 00
VEGETABLES.	
Sweet potatoes, per bus	85 @ 90
Sweet potatoes, Muscatine per bbl	2 25 @ 2 50
Celery per doz	25 @ 30
Carrots, per bus	35 @ 40
Beets, per bus	35 @ 40
Onions, per bus	40 @ 45
Turnips, per bus	25
Minn. cabbage, per 100 lbs	60 @ 70
Potatoes, per bus	25 @ 30
Mint, per doz	25 @ 30
Parsley, per doz	25
Parsnips, per bus	45 @ 50
Cauliflowers, per doz	1 40 @ 1 50
Horse radish, per lb	8
Hubbard squash, per doz	50 @ 75
Pumpkins, per doz	75
Marrow squash, per doz	75
HERBS.	
Thyme, per doz	25
Savory, per doz	25
Sweet Majoram, per doz	25
Sage, per doz	25
Dill, per doz	50
Garlic, per lb	10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	1 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	90
Brown beans, fancy, bus	90
Green and yellow peas	75 @ 80
Wax beans, bus	75
Green beans, bus	50
Green peas, bus	65
FRUITS.	
Florida oranges, per box	4 00 @ 4 50
Mexican oranges, per box	4 00 @ 4 25
Jamaica oranges, per box	4 00 @ 4 25
California pears, per case	2 00 @ 2 50
Del. grapes, 10 lb basket	28
Bananas, bunches	1 25 @ 1 50
Lemons, per box	4 50 @ 5 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	70
California grapes, per case	1 25 @ 1 50
Cranberries, per bbl	6 00 @ 6 50
Cranberries, bus	1 75 @ 2 00
Concord grapes, basket	12 @ 13
New York grapes, basket	11 @ 12
Chestnuts, per lb	6 @ 8
APPLES.	
New apples, per bbl	1 25 @ 2 25
Quinces, per bus	1 50
Quinces, per bbl	4 50
DRESSED MEATS.	
Veal, fancy	7 @ 7½
Veal, heavy, coarse, thin	5
Mutton, fancy dressed	6 @ 6½
LIVE POULTRY.	
Live turkeys	10
Spring chickens, per lb	6 @ 7
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Turkeys, per lb	11 @ 12
Chickens, per lb	7 @ 8
Ducks, per lb	9 @ 10
Geese, per lb	10 @ 11
GAME.	
Grouse, per doz	4 50
Prairie chickens, per doz	3 00 @ 3 25
Pheasants, per doz	2 25
Partridges, per doz	2 00 @ 2 50
Quail, per doz	2 00
Canvas back ducks, per doz	3 00 @ 4 00
Mallards, per doz	3 00 @ 3 25
Wood duck, per doz	2 00
Blue wing teal, per doz	1 25 @ 1 50
Green wing teal, per doz	1 00 @ 1 25
Red heads, per doz	1 75 @ 2 00
Common, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
Jack snipe, per doz	80 @ 90
Small snipe, per doz	40 @ 50
Woodcock, per doz	3 75 @ 4 00
Geese, per doz	8 00 @ 9 00
Brant, per doz	5 00 @ 6 00
Upland plover, per doz	1 00
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.	
Bran 200 lbs, sacks included	8 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	9 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	8 50
Red dog	12 00
Ground feed, No. 1	10 50 @11 50
Ground feed, No. 2	10 50 @11 50
HAY, CAR LOTS.	
Choice south Minn	$ 7 00 @ 8 00
Northern Minn	5 00 @ 6 50
Medium	4 50 @ 5 00
Poor	4 00 @ 6 00
Tame, ton, choice timothy	9 50 @10 00

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 28.—Butter, steady; Western creamery, 13@23c; Elgins, 23c; factory, 7@12c. Eggs, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 22@26c; Western, 15½@24c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Butter, firm; creamery, 15@22c; dairies, 10@18c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 22c.

ST. LOUIS FERRY WAR.

St. Louis, Nov. 28.—In the suit of the Interstate Ferry and Transfer company against the St. Louis Transfer company, Judge Woods in the circuit court today rendered a decision in favor of the former. The suit was to prevent discrimination by the Railway Transit company against the plaintiff, which does a car transfer business between St. Louis and East St. Louis, in the matter of loading and unloading its barges. The discrimination was in favor of the Wiggins Ferry company, closely identified with the defendant.

AT A LOW PRICE.

New York, Nov. 28.—The right and title of the estate of the Manoa company, of Venezuela, nominally consisting of 15,000,000 acres of land on the Orinoco river, was sold under order of court in Brooklyn today. The price paid was $500. The property was given on concession to Cerinals Fitzgerald Sept. 22, 1883. He formed a stock company and came to this country to float the shares.

Part of this land is in the disputed territory, and although it is said to abound with lakes, mines and lumber forests, it was with great difficulty that Fitzgerald sold even a few shares. The property had been in litigation several times, and upon the application of Randolph Stickney, John C. Eno was appointed referee. Mr. Eno reported that the company is in debt to the extent of $95,000, and upon an order of Judge Vanwyck of the supreme court the property was put up for sale and purchased by W. M. Stafford and H. Baxter in behalf of the creditors.

DECLINED

Wheat Opened With an Upward Rush But Went to Pieces.

The Highest Price This Year Was Recorded at the Opening.

The Heavy Realizing Sales Caused a Decline Which Continued Steadily.

The wheat market opened with a boom this morning, the first sale of May being at 86c, or 1⅜c above last night's closing price; and the bulls were in a happy mood over the advance. But there were too many people who had good profits in long wheat, which they were willing to accept, to permit of firmness being long continued, and large realizing sales in all the markets soon broke down the price.

Various influences contributed to the strength with which wheat opened. Liverpool cables responded well to the advance here yesterday; exports were liberal, and the blizzard prevailing throughout the West was expected to reduce the already small receipts at the three great distributing points. These and the light supplies of cash wheat all over the country were the chief bullish factors. After the opening advance the speculators grew timid and the liberal selling caused the market to shrink into its hole again. The trade may take some time to become accustomed to 85c and over, just as for years they could not become reconciled to anything below $1 per bushel. There was numerous stop loss orders at Chicago at 85c which precipitated the decline and these brought a good deal more. The strength of the market at Liverpool imparted a good deal of strength to the market here at the start, and comparatively small receipts in the Northwest was another encouraging bull circumstance. The demand for cash wheat had, however, been choked off, temporarily, at least, by the big advance, and that helped the longs in making up their minds to get out and wait. At Toledo wheat sold at $1 per bus and it brought 98¾c at Detroit.

Chicago received 58 cars against 412 a year ago and Minneapolis and Duluth receipts were 542 cars against 785 last Saturday and 1118 cars a year ago. The clearances of wheat and flour from both coasts amounted to 3,641,000 bus for the week; they were 3,937,000 bus on the week before and 2,460,000 bus on the similar week of last year. Argentine's shipments of wheat for the week were given in a private cablegram at 160,000 bus, but the official board of trade report said 16,000 bus. Liverpool was up from ½d to 1d for spot to 1d for futures. The continental markets all sent higher quotations. The general expectation regarding the visible is that it will decrease 1,500,000 bus.

May wheat opened here 1⅜c higher at 86c but soon weakened and declined to 85¼c during the first hour. It touched 84¼c before 11 o'clock, but later reacted to 84½c. Another weak spell set in before the close and the last sale was at 84½c. The close was even lower, with buyers at 83⅞c, a decline of 1c for the day. The mills bought 5000 bus at 1¼c under May, and shippers took 45,000 bus at 1½c under May. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 84¼c; December, 82¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 82¼c; December, 80¾c; May 83⅞c bid. No. 2 northern, 79¼c. No. 3, 75½@76½c. Rejected, 68½@76¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 84¼c; No. 1 northern, 82¼c. Rye, 40c. No. 2 oats, 18½c; No. 3 oats, 18c. Flax, 77c bid.

Car inspection—Wheat, 339; oats, 8; rye, 5; barley, 20; flax, 17. Receipts—Wheat, 241,120 bus; oats, 3357 bus; rye 3483 bus; barley, 10,876 bus; flax, 46,191 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 252,596 bus; oats, 101,322 bus; barley 68,451 bus.

CATTLE AND HOGS.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Estimated receipts hogs today, 13,000; left over, 4000. Market active and 5@10c higher. Light, $3.30@3.55; mixed, $3.25@3.60; heavy, $3.10@3.60; rough, $3.10@3.20. Cattle, 300. Strong. Sheep, 3000. Cattle, official receipts yesterday 5343; shipments, 2558. Official receipts hogs yesterday, 18,717; shipments, 6571. Sheep, official receipts yesterday, 5839; shipments, 3049. Estimated receipts hogs, Monday, 45,000.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Wheat, November, 81c; December, 80½c; January, 81¼c; May, 83⅞@84c; July, 79⅜c. Corn, November, 23⅝@¼c; December, 23½@⅝c; May, 27⅝c. Oats, November, 18⅝c; December, 18⅝c; May, 22¼c. Pork, November, $6.87½; December, $6.87½; January, $7.85; May, $8.17. Lard, November, $3.87½@3.90; December $3.87½@3.90; January, $4.10@4.12½; May, $4.35. Ribs, November, $3.90; December, $3.90; January, $3.97½; May, $4.15. Rye, cash, 41c; December, 41c; May, 45c. Barley, cash, No. 3, new, 24@36c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, 78½c; December, 76@½c; May, 81¾@82c. Timothy, cash, $2.50, December, $2.60; February, $2.65; March, $2.75. Whisky on the basis of $1.18 for finished goods. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 91@93c; No. 3 red, 85@87c; No. 2 spring, 82c; No. 3 spring, 78@81c; No. 2 hard winter, 81@82c; No. 3 hard winter, 78@81c; No. 1 northern spring, 84c. Corn, No. 2, 23½@⅝c; No. 3, 22½c. Cash, oats, No. 2, 19¼c.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Nov. 28.—Money on call easy at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $1.86½@1.86¾ for demand and $1.83¼@1.83½ for sixty days. Posted rates $1.83½@1.84 and $1.87@1.87½. Commercial bills $4.82. Bar silver 65⅝c. Mexican dollars 50⅝. State bonds dull; railroad bonds easier; government bonds firm. New 4s registered and coupon, $1.19¾; 5s registered, $1.13¼; coupon, $1.13¾; 4s registered, $1.10; coupon, $1.10¼; 2s registered, 95½; Pacific 6s of '97, $1.02¾.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Nov. 28.—Close, wheat, November, 90¼c; December, 90¼c; January, 90¼c; March, 92c; May, 89⅝c. Corn, May, 33⅜c. Oats, May, 26⅝c.

THE MINNEAPOLIS MARKET.

Minneapolis, Nov. 28.—Wheat closed weak, November, 80¾c; December, 80¾c; May, 82⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 82⅜c; No. 1 northern, 81⅛c; No. 2 northern, 79⅝c. Receipts, 143 cars.

NEW YORK BANKS.

New York, Nov. 28—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Reserve, increase	$2,106,050
Loans, increase	8,836,200
Specie, increase	437,600
Legal tenders, increase	5,253,200
Deposits, increase	14,339,000
Circulation, decrease	113,900

The banks now hold $31,411,625 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—May wheat sold in Toledo at $1 a bushel, flour in St. Louis at $5 a barrel and May wheat here at 85¾c, all of which prices are record breakers. The premium of December over May wheat at New York would indicate a possibility that Portugal bought that five million bus of wheat there that it has to import before it advertised the fact to the world. Our market closed at a cent decline on selling of long wheat by holders to whom the advanced price was attractive and later by timid bulls who were frightened by a large failure in the grain trade in Berlin, without stopping to think that it must have been on the short side. European markets showed marked advance but they will doubtless eagerly seize upon the hope inspired by our decline today and send us lower quotations Monday. The visible supply will probably decrease nearly 1,500,000 bus this week and this is one of the the breaks when wheat should be bought.

Corn, oats and provisions were easier and presented no new features.

Puts, May wheat, 83½c.
Calls, May wheat, 85¾-⅞c.
Curb, May wheat, 84c.

CLEVELAND'S HOME.

Report of His Princeton Purchase is Confirmed.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Private Secretary Thurber confirms the statement that President Cleveland has purchased a house at Princeton, N. J., and will make his permanent home there after the close of the present administration. The president will retain his property at Buzzards Bay and use it as a summer home. The house at Woodley, just outside of Washington, is rented, the lease running until next May, and it may be utilized this spring before the president and family make their final arrangements for moving to Princeton.

The Princeton purchase has been under consideration only three weeks. Mr. Cleveland picked the locality when he and Mrs. Cleveland visited that city recently for the purpose of making an address. Later Mrs. Cleveland again visited Princeton and looked over several houses which were offered and made her selection.

McKINLEY'S ESCORT.

Troops Who Will Accompany Him to Washington.

Canton, Nov. 28.—Col. George A. Garretson, of Cleveland, chairman of the committee on escort to the president-elect has officially notified Col. George R. Gyger, of Alliance, Ohio, commanding the Eighth infantry of the Ohio National Guard that the personal military escort of President-elect McKinley, from Canton to Washington, will be composed of the Eighth infantry and Troop A, of Cleveland, Ohio, commanded by Capt. R. E. Burdick. Upon arrival in Washington, the Eighth infantry will form a personal escort from the depot to the Ebbitt house, after which the regiment will take place in line with the Ohio troops, and do such other personal military escort duty as may be required during the inaugural celebrations by Troop A.

Troop "A" is a prominent Cleveland organization, finely equipped and made up of leading citizens and professional men. The officers are: Col. Gyger, of Alliance; Maj. Wood and Charles Dick, of Akron; Edward Volleith, of Bucyrus, and Frederick C. Bryan, of Akron. The companies are located at Alliance, East Liverpool, Akron, Wadsworth, Polk, Wooster, Shreve, Mansfield and Bucyrus. Of the twelve companies composing the regiment, three and also the hospital corps are located at Canton; the regimental band being stationed at Akron.

WASHBURN'S STORY.

Minnesota Senator Back From a Canton Visit.

Minneapolis, Nov. 28.—Ex-Senator W. D. Washburn, just back from Canton, has a few words to say which are of interest, considering the fact that he had a long visit with William McKinley. Mr. Washburn says, for one thing, that Maj. McKinley has made no pledges regarding his cabinet appointments. The president-elect feels that he must proceed with the greatest care, and has determined that his cabinet shall be composed of men with more than local reputations, men whose very association with him will inspire the utmost confidence. "This," Mr. Washburn says, "will be inimical to the appointment of W. R. Merriam."

TRAINS ARE DELAYED.

Snow Plows Are Now Clearing the Railroads.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—No trains have arrived in this city from the coast upon the trans-continental lines for three days, but by tomorrow the Northern Pacific and Great Northern trains will be running about as usual. Telegraph lines in the distant West are still down, and no definite information is attainable in this city from Montana points further than to the effect that the weather is clear and comparatively calm. No snow is now falling, and it is not drifting.

Snow plows were started out at different points on the Northern Pacific and Great Northern about 10 o'clock this morning, and trains are following them up. No effort was made to clear the tracks until today, when the cessation of drifting would give effect to the work done in clearing tracks. While the wind was still blowing a hurricane it was useless to clear the drifts away. The advices received at the Northern Pacific and Great Northern offices in this city were meager today. About such reports as came to hand were to the effect that all trains were now moving and that the trains from the far West may be expected in this city tomorrow.

Trains as far West as Fargo have been moving, although delayed several hours behind schedule time. The eFargo local on the Great Northern, due in St. Paul this morning, arrived this afternoon. On the Hastings and Dakota division of the Milwaukee road, trains were also abandoned, but the track is now clear. The Northern Pacific Fargo train due at 5:25 last evening, arrived at St. Paul at noon today.

GAME LAW AMENDMENTS.

St. Paul, Nov. 28.—The coming legislature will be called upon to pass a number of amendments to the state fish and game laws. The law of two years ago has been found too loose to afford the protection needed in several particulars and now conclusions have come up which make desirable a law that is a good deal more rigid in many respects. It is proposed to absolutely prohibit the killing of deer or the sale of venison in the state for five years.

HALF RATE EXCURSIONS, SOUTH AND WEST.

Via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, Dec. 1 and 15. Excursion tickets at one fare, plus $2, for round trip to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Arizona, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nebraska, North and South Dakota, New Mexico, North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia and Wyoming. Stopovers allowed. Particulars and tickets at city ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building. F. B. ROSS.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

Nobody doubts that The Evening Herald is "the best." At 10 cents a week (delivered) it is amazingly cheap. Telephone No. 324, two rings, or send postal.

One Cent a Word.

All advertisements of "situations" wanted inserted FREE. We invite as many repetitions as are necessary to secure what you advertise for. The Herald's 50,000 daily readers will be sure to fill your wants.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

YOUNG WOMAN WHO HAS HAD TEN years' experience as organist on a pipe organ desires steady or temporary position. Address K 81, Herald.

FOREMAN, COLLECTOR OR ANY SIMILAR responsible situation wanted by a man who for six years has been in the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company's service; over three years of which as foreman. For reference please address A. H. Lovstad, 117 East Fifth street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper for widower with children. Address K 83, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING by the day. Mrs. Evans, 121 Fourth avenue west.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS SOME KIND of a job around house or store to do chores or any kind of work; wages no object. Address K 87, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN OF good address, position as housekeeper or place of trust; object, more a comfortable home. Address 330 A, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN, COPYing to do at home. Writes a good hand and will work reasonable. Please address Mrs. A. M. L., postoffice, city.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO HOUSEwork in small family by competent girl. Address K 84, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man of 20, best of references and habits. Address K 86, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN EXperienced lady stenographer. Address L 81, Herald.

WANTED—HOUSE CLEANING OR stores and offices to clean, or a few furnished rooms to care for. Mrs. Jackson, 390 Lake avenue south.

WANTED TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SECOND HAND Remington typewriter, in good condition. Address K 82, Herald.

CLAIRVOYANT.

READINGS, PAST, PRESENT AND future. 1421 West Michigan street.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. BANKS midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue. Male patients cared for also.

Contract Work.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the county auditor, in the city of Duluth, on behalf of the board of county commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota, up to two o'clock p. m., of December 4th, 1896, for the erection of a mortuary vault at the St. Louis County poor farm, in accordance with plans and specifications prepared by German & DeWaard, architects, now on file in said county auditor's office.

Bidders are requested to submit proposals for both a stone and brick structure.

A bond or certified check in a sum equal to ten per cent of amount bid for the work will be required with each proposal.

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

O. HALDEN,
County Auditor.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-26-27-28.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Erick J. Nordquist, unmarried, mortgagor to F. H. Cousens, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of December, 1892, with a power of sale therein contained, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 22nd day of December, 1892, at 1:50 o'clock p. m. in Book 103 of mortgages at page 255; which said mortgage was thereafter, for value, duly assigned by said F. H. Cousens to James G. Cousens by an instrument in writing dated January 13th, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of January, 1893, at 1:40 o'clock p. m. in Book 97 of mortgages at page 371; and whereas there is claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage, at the date of this notice, the sum of nine hundred and fifty-eight ($958) principal and interest and twelve and 50-100 dollars insurance paid by said assignee of said mortgagee, and fifty dollars attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure; and whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: That part of lot nine (9), in block twenty (20), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, contained within the following metes and bounds: Commencing at a point on the westerly line of Maryland avenue thirty-five (35) feet northerly from the southeast corner of said lot nine (9), running thence westerly parallel with the southerly line of said lot fifty (50) feet to the westerly line of said lot; thence northerly along the westerly line of said lot thirty-five (35) feet; thence easterly to said avenue fifty (50) feet and thence southerly thirty-five (35) feet to the place of beginning. Intending to convey the northerly thirty-five (35) feet of the southerly seventy (70) feet of said lot nine (9), in block twenty (20), in Endion Division of Duluth. Which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and fifty dollars attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 11th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

That the said James G. Cousens is now deceased, and a duly authenticated copy of the appointment of Maria Cousens and Samuel Smith, Jr., as executors of his last will and testament was recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 16th day of November, 1896, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 151 of deeds at page 19.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., Nov. 27th, 1896.

MARIA COUSENS and SAMUEL SMITH, JR.,
As Executors of the last will and testament of James G. Cousens, deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for said Executors.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2.

DULUTH & WINNIPEG R. R. CO.
Wm. F. Fitch, Receiver.
TIME CARD.

A. M.		STATIONS.		P. M.
11:40	Ar	Duluth	Lv	3:05
10:40	Ar	Cloquet	Lv	4:15
10:04	Ar.	Stony Brook Junction	Lv	4:54
9:25	Ar	Floodwood	Lv	5:33
8:48	Ar	Swan River	Lv	6:10
8:12	Ar	LaPrairie	Lv	6:53
8.05	Ar	Grand Rapids	Lv	7:00
7:10	Lv	Deer River	Ar	7:55

Daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM ORR,
General Passenger Agent, Duluth.

D. M. PHILBIN,
General Superintendent.

One Cent a Word.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

AT ROOM 421 CHAMBER OF COMmerce Monday at 9 o'clock, ten of the best practical nurses of Duluth and Superior, at 2 p. m. all persons who have piles, eczema or rheumatism to try the Schultz German Ointment and Medicated Sea Salt. Free sample and free instructions to each.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 5815 Grand avenue, Lester Park.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework, who understands a gas range; none other need apply. 1215 East Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1205 East Third street.

WANTED—COOK AND SECOND GIRL. U. S. G. Sharp, West Duluth.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—SALESMEN FOR CALIFORnia wines; $100 per month and expenses, with chance for advance; commission if preferred; no experience required. Address, inclosing stamps, W. A. Vandercook Co., San Francisco, Cal.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $5 DAILY supplying regular customers. Goods sell in every house. Free samples given for distribution. Immense profits; write for samples. Excelsior 44 So. Mozart St., Chicago, Ill.

LOST.

LOST—BLACK AN DWHITE SPOTTED rabbit hound bitch; about fifteen inches high with long brown ears. Finder please report at 227 West Third street and receive reward.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—GOOD HEATING STOVE. Call 30 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HALF INTEREST IN Park Point bath house. Apply 2002 West First street.

FOR SALE—WEBER UPRIGHT PIANO, used one year. Cost $550; will sell for $300. Inquire at Tremont hotel.

For Sale---for $150.

12-horse power BOILER
and 8-horse power ENGINE
In good condition.

IMPERIAL COFFEE & SPICE COMPANY,
12 West Michigan.

FRATERNITIES.

PALESTINE LODGE NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Dec. 7, 1896. Election of officers. Ellsworth Benham, W. M., Edwin Mooers, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of every month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 23, 1896. Work ——degree. F. W. Kugler, acting W. M., J. D. Macfarlane, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 p. m. Next meeting Nov. 25, 1896. Work Royal Arch degree. W. E. Covey, H. P., George E. Long, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Tuesday, Dec. 1, 1896. Work Templar degree. R. E. Denfeld, E. C., Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Brown hall, Brown block, 10 East Superior street. Nels Anderson, M. W., J. H. Powers, recorder.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS ON DIAMONDS, FURNITURE, etc. Commercial paper bought. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 104 Palladio.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Max Shapiro to L. C. Bentson, lands in sections 34 and 35-64-16	$ 500
T. W. McManus to C. W. McManus, lot 12, block 32, West Duluth, First division	1,200
Emma Blais to J. M. Campbell, lands in 35-67-17	500
One unpublished	500
Total	$ 2,700

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the payment of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Selma R. Anderson and Andrew B. Anderson to Granite Savings Bank & Trust Company, mortgagee, bearing date the 12th day of August, 1891, with a power of sale therein contained and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m. in Book 61 of mortgages page 166; and whereas there is claimed to be due and there is actually due on said mortgage debt of the date of this notice the sum of $1440.40 principal and interest, and $75.00 attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and no action at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover said debt.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage, to-wit: The northerly fifty feet of lot one (1), in block forty-six (46), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, all situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota. Which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and $75.00 attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage and the disbursements provided by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 11th day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated Nov. 16th, 1896.

GRANITE SAVINGS BANK & TRUST CO.,
Mortgagee.

JAMES A. HANKS,
Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28-Dec-5-12-19-26-Jan-2.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the Assignment of The Duluth Coffee and Spice Company, a corporation, insolvent:

ORDER.

Upon the application of the Duluth Trust Company, the assignee of the above named insolvent.

It is ordered that all creditors of the above named insolvent, who desire to participate in the proceeds of said insolvent estate at the final distribution thereof, and who have not heretofore filed their proofs of claim with said assignee, shall file their claims with said Duluth Trust Company, at the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on or before January 1, 1897.

It is further ordered that this order be once published in The Duluth Evening Herald on or before November 30th, 1896, and that a copy thereof be mailed, postage prepaid, to each of the known creditors of said insolvent, on or before December 1, 1896.

Dated November 28th, 1896.

By the Court,
S. H. MOER,
Judge of said Court.

COTTON, DIBELL & REYNOLDS,
Attorneys for Assignee,
317-320 Chamber of Commerce Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-28.

One Cent a Word.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS. 220 SEVenth avenue west.

PLEASANT, WELL FURNISHED rooms for gentlemen or man and wife. 24 East First street, up stairs.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room with all modern conveniences. 324 West Third street.

THREE UNFURNISHED ROOMS, bath, electric light, storm windows, fine views. Married couple. 20 West First.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, LIGHT housekeeping permitted; gas, bath; cheap; steam heated; lovely lake view. 305 East Third.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 218 Fourth avenue west.

DOUBLE ROOM FINELY FURnished; steam heat. 31 East Superior street.

ROOMS WELL HEATED: FIRST CLASS board; bath, etc. 120 First avenue west.

TWO NICE ROOMS IN BASEMENT OF 1020 East Fourth street; $3 per month, water included.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS two blocks from Spalding hotel; all conveniences. 211 Fifth avenue west.

ROOMS AND BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS, BOARD IF DEsired. The Dacotah, 117 West Second street.

FIRST CLASS ROOMS AND BOARD; steam heat. Mrs. M. L. Brain, 218 West Second street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with water. 123 East Third street. Inquire of Paul Bollwien, 202 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOM HOUSE, with water. 123 East Third street. Inquire at 202 East Fourth street.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, 2105 EAST FIRST street, cheap for the winter. Address Dr. Schiffman, Burrows' block.

FOR RENT—COMFORTABLE FIVE-room house at Lakeside; furnished if desired. Right on car line and very convenient. For more particulars address Lotus, care Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

MRS. JULIA L. HUGHES—SUPERFLUous hair, moles, etc., permanently destroyed by electricity, without injury. Also scientific face massage and complexion treatment. Manicuring. Choice toilet preparations. 305 Masonic temple, Duluth, Minn.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

LADIES CAN ALWAYS FIND GOOD girls and good girls can always find good places; also the best and cheapest hair goods, switches and chains at Mrs. M. C. Siebold's. 225 East Superior street.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A GOOD DRIVING HORSE in exchange for a piano, at N. D. Coon's music store.

NOTICE

Of the Filing of the Plat and of the Meeting of Commissioners in Condemnation in the Matter of Obtaining a Right of Way by the City of Duluth For the Construction of a Railroad Track From the Right of Way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company to the Pump House Now Being Erected on Lot One (1), Section Thirty-Five (35), Township Fifty-One (51), North of Range Thirteen (13) West.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been duly appointed by the common council of the city of Duluth as commissioners in condemnation for the purpose of viewing the premises and assessing the damages which may be occasioned by the taking of private property for the purpose of acquiring a right-of-way by the city of Duluth for the construction of a railroad track over the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range Railroad company to the pump house now being erected on lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west.

The property to be acquired being described as follows:

All that part of lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13) west of the fourth principal meridian being contained within a strip of land twenty-five (25) feet in width the center line of which is described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northwesterly line of the property heretofore conveyed by the Lakewood Land company to the city of Duluth by deed of conveyance dated Januray 4th, 1896, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on January 27, 1896, in Book 124 of deeds, page 196, at the distance of two hundred forty-nine and eighty-four hundredths (249.84) feet northeasterly from the northwesterly corner of said property; thence extending northwesterly on a line at right angles with the aforesaid northwesterly line of the property conveyed by the Lakewood Land Company to the city of Duluth three hundred eighty-four (384) feet to a point; then extending by a curve to the right with a radius of three hundred eighty-two (382) feet to its intersection with the southeasterly line of the right-of-way of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad as now located and operated on the said lot one (1), section thirty-five (35), township fifty-one (51) north range thirteen (13) west; and.

That the undersigned have duly qualified as such commissioners and have entered on the discharge of their duties as such.

That the undersigned as such commissioners have caused a survey and plat of the property proposed to be acquired for said purpose of so acquiring said right-of-way as aforesaid, or which may be injuriously affected thereby, to be made by the city engineer of said city of Duluth, which said plat exhibits, as far as practicable, the lands or parcels of property required to be taken for said purpose as aforesaid or which may be damaged thereby; that said undersigned as such commissioners have caused such survey and plat to be filed with the clerk of said city of Duluth at his office in the city hall in said city.

That the undersigned as such commissioners will meet at the office of J. E. Merritt, room No. 120 Chamber of Commerce building on the 3d day of December, 1896, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day and thence proceed to view the said premises and to hear any evidence or proof thereof by the parties interested, and when their said view and hearing shall be concluded, to determine and assess the amount of damages to be paid to the owner or owners of each parcel of property proposed to be taken for the purpose aforesaid or which may be injuriously affected thereby.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Nov. 19, 1896.

GEO. F. ASH,
NEIL McLACHLAN,
JOHN E. MERRITT,
Commissioners.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 21 to Dec. 1 inc.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth.

THE EVENING HERALD,

An Independent Newspaper
Published at Herald Building, 120 West Superior Street.

DULUTH PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Telephone Calls:
Counting Room 324, two rings.
Editorial Rooms 324, three rings.

10c A Week.

Every Evening Delivered or by Mail.

Single copy daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months	1.30
Six months	2.60
One year	5.00

Weekly Herald, $1.00 per year; 50 cents for six months; 25 cents for three months. Entered at the Duluth postoffice as second class matter.

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY.

HERALD'S CIRCULATION HIGH-WATER MARK.....17,148

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (Central time), Nov. 28.—An extensive area of high pressure has overspread all reporting districts, the barometer being highest over Wyoming. At 7 a. m. the temperature in that section, in North Dakota, Manitoba and the Saskatchewan valley was quite generally from 20 to 28 degrees below zero, and it was down to zero as far east as Central Kansas, Central Iowa and Northwest Wisconsin. It was 12 degrees above zero at Sault Ste. Marie, 10 above at Chicago and 28 above at Memphis. During the past twenty-four hours falls of temperature, amounting to from 20 to 32 degrees, have occurred in the Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys and the lake region. Light snows have been general in the lake region, Minnesota and the Dakotas, and snow or rain in the Mississippi valley, but fair weather now prevails in all reporting districts.

Duluth temperature at 7 a. m. today, 2 below zero; maximum yesterday, 14; minimum yesterday, zero.

Local forecast for Duluth and vicinity: Fair tonight and Sunday; a slight rise in temperature during Sunday; light to fresh westerly winds.

JAMES KENEALY,
Local Forecast Official.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Fair and continued cold tonight; Sunday fair and not quite so cold; westerly winds becoming light and variable Sunday. For Minnesota: Generally fair tonight and Sunday except possibly snow flurries near Lake Superior; rising temperature Sunday; westerly winds becoming light and variable tonight.

THE HOMESTEAD LAW.

Should the homestead law be repealed? This is a question that vitally concerns the Western states. Secretary Morton of the agricultural department, in his annual report, recommends the repeal of the law, but whether President Cleveland will endorse it in his message to congress is unknown. It is not improbable, however, that he will neglect to raise his voice in favor of the recommendation made by the member of his cabinet. Indeed it is hardly likely that Secretary Morton would have offered the suggestion had it not been approved by the president.

Secretary Morton makes a very ingenious argument in support of the recommendation. He attributes the declines in farm values to the operations of the homestead law. Values have declined steadily for ten years past, and Secretary Morton claims that it has been impossible to maintain the value of farm property when millions of acres were being distributed without cost by the federal government. During the thirty years the law has been in operation, beginning in 1866, 2,000,000 farms have been taken up on homestead claims—none of them less than eighty acres in extent and many including 160 acres. Under the provisions of the timber culture act 500,000 gifts of land have been recorded, while fully 500,000 more farms have been secured through the operations of the desert land act. The swamp lands act has also placed millions of acres at the disposal of the various states. This vast amount of land thrown open to cultivation without cost of purchase to the possessors has, the secretary claims, operated to lessen the value of land in the older sections of the country.

It is hardly likely that congress will agree with Secretary Morton. The members of congress from the Western states are certain to resist any attempt to break down the law under which the settlement of this section of the country has been promoted. It may be true that the free distribution of lands has operated to some extent to lessen the value of farms in the older sections of the country, but this is not the main course of the decline. The value of farming lands has decreased because of the decline in the prices of farm products. When the margin of profit on what the land produces is reduced to narrow limits or entirely obliterated, as has been the case in many instances, it is natural that the value of the land itself should decline.

Secretary Morton also urges that nearly all the available land has been taken up, and therefore the repeal of the law would make little difference. The secretary should read the annual report of the commissioner of the general land office, and acquire some information on this point. He will find there are many thousands of acres of fine, agricultural land still available for entry under the homestead law. There are rich agricultural lands in the territory tributary to Duluth that are without settlers. The homesteading of these lands is desirable, and is certain to take place in the near future, and the consequent benefit to Duluth will be great. Let the homestead law stand. It is a good measure. If any land law is to be repealed let it be the timber and stone act, that breeder of contests and convenient cover for fraud and deception.

ANOTHER BRIDGE FIGHT.

It is asserted as quite certain that another fight on the Detroit river bridge question will occur during the coming short session of congress. The bridge advocates, encouraged by their success with the senate committee on commerce at the last session, are to make a final effort in December, along the old lines of a bridge with piers in the river, on which the vessel interests will make no compromise. If they are defeated this time, it is not probable that the vessel interests will ever again be called upon to oppose a bridge bill, as the railway people will find it necessary to propose a tunnel or high bride without piers of any kind in the river.

The Michigan Central railroad is back of the bill granting authority for the passage of this bill, and Gen. Alger, who is being mentioned as a probable member of Mr. McKinley's cabinet, is a strong supporter of it, being also interested in the railroad company. It has been proven that the Detroit river can be tunneled at very little more expense than the cost of constructing a bridge, while there is no doubt that a bridge would be a serious inconvenience to vessels and would interfere with the vast commerce that passes up and down the Detroit river.

Every pound of freight carried between Duluth and Buffalo must pass through the Detroit river, and therefore this city is interested in balking the attempt of the railroad companies to interfere with the free navigation of the river. No doubt Congressman Towne will again oppose this measure for this reason.

POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

The postal savings bank system has been an unqualified success in England and Canada. It furnishes an absolutely safe place of deposit for the people's savings. The man who has his money in a government savings bank has a sense of security that can never be possessed by a depositor in a private savings bank. It provides for the small wage earner something that the wage earners of this country find lacking, and it encourages and cultivates frugal habits and a custom of saving that should be brought to greater development in this country. The postal bank system is also in operation in France, Belgium, Holland, Russia, Austria and Hungary, as well as England and Canada, and therefore it cannot be contended that it has not been thoroughly tested.

Professor E. T. Heyn, in a recent article on "Postal Savings Banks," published in one of the magazines, suggests the addition of a savings bank feature to our postoffice department. He contends that such a provision will not only furnish the laboring classes with a safe depository for their earnings, but that it will furthermore encourage habits of industry. In the United Kingdom, to use the figures given by Professor Heyn, deposits are received from 11,000 postoffices. Any sum from 25 cents to $250 may be deposited. If he so chooses, a depositor may have his savings invested in government bonds. Still another interesting feature of the system is disclosed by the fact that 6000 schools in the kingdom are its patrons. At stated intervals during the year the different schools are visited by clerks who gather up the savings of the pupils; each child is thus permitted to carry a bank account, and through the machinery of the postoffice, is encouraged in habits of industry. The aggregate deposits in these various postal banks in 1893 was $402,500,000. It is claimed as the result of this system that one out of every seven persons in England is a depositor.

In the savings banks in Great Britain, interest is paid at the rate of 2½ per cent. When a depositor's total account exceeds $1000 no more deposits can be made, but the depositor can reduce his account by buying consols through the postoffice, investing any sum from one shilling upward at the current price of the day. The postoffice will also sell stock obtained through it, charging a commission of nine pence for the purchase or sale of stock in amounts below $125. Thousands of working people thus become owners of government stock, while savings banks under private management do not endeavor to compete with the government banks. Life insurance can be obtained in amounts of from $25 to $500. The $25 insurance is for children between the age of 8 and 14 years. The policies can be made payable at death, on the attainment of the age of 55, 60 or 65, and on the expiration of periods of 10, 15 and up to 40 years.

Whether the insurance feature should be introduced in this country is questionable, but there can be no doubt whatever as to the advisability of instituting the postal savings bank system. It would overcome the peculiar disadvantage under which the poorer classes of the United States labor in regard to savings and it would be certain, as in the case of European countries, to prove a fruitful source of national prosperity. It would undoubtedly produce more frugality among the laboring classes here and create a disposition to save, which is not as marked as it should be. The system insures the depositor absolutely against loss and the feeling of security thus produced must tend to the increase of frugal habits and a desire to add to the store already deposited.

A TRIANGULAR CONTEST.

Preparations are being made for a pretty fight in Ohio. Hanna wants to go to the senate. With this end in view, it is said, he is urging that Senator Sherman be called to the cabinet. But the old senator respectfully declines. He prefers to hold on to the senatorship until his present term expires, and longer, if possible, as he is now setting up the pins for re-election.

Governor Bushnell also has senatorial aspirations. He would like to succeed Sherman. He is backed by Senator Foraker and therefore becomes a formidable candidate. But if Senator Sherman should resign in order to enter the cabinet, Bushnell would be in a perplexing position. The governor must appoint to a senatorial vacancy, when the legislature is not in session. He could not appoint himself. He might resign the governorship and induce the lieutenant governor to name him. Hanna is anxious to go to the senate and he may be a candidate when Sherman's term ends, even if he fails to induce Sherman to resign now and enter the cabinet.

Altogether there is a prospect of a very bitter fight in Ohio. It will be triangular—Sherman, Bushnell and Hanna. Watch the fur fly.

The chief engineer of the navy, Commodore Melville, whose Arctic experiences have made him better known to the American people than his more strictly official duty, though in the latter he stands very high, has been for some time trying to impress upon the public and the government the fact that the great present need of our service is competent engineers, and this statement he has recently reiterated, saying that, "other things being equal, that fleet will give the best account of itself which has the best equipment of trained men in the engine room." Everyone will agree with this opinion, and the navy department should not neglect to profit by the suggestion.

An exchange relates that a practical woman remarked the other day that the most interesting matter in the newspaper to her was the advertisements. "And long ago," she said, "I quit buying from those who do not advertise. It always seems that the merchants who advertise ask me to trade with them, while the one who does not advertise impresses me with the idea that he does not care enough for my trade to ask for it. Then, too, I have found that the merchant who advertises has fresher goods, for the reason, I suppose that he sells more."

The Redwood Reveille says: "The Minneapolis Journal has not yet learned that the campaign is over, and still continues its fight against Merriam, Clough and others." To this the Journal replies: "Never mind about the campaign. It doesn't make any difference if it is over; there is another one on, and one that will not end till Merriamism is eradicated from Minnesota politics."

Pettibone B. Timberlake is the euphonious name of the Alabama statesman who would prevent the wearing by women of "bloomers, skin tights, shirt waists or any apparel that does not mark a distinction between the sexes," under penalty of six months' imprisonment or a fine of $50. The man who objects to the shirt waist is not a friend of woman.

Dr. William Jacques, in an article in Harper's Magazine for December, claims to have found a method of converting fuel directly into electricity. His method is to cause the oxygen of the air to unite with carbon under the surface of a liquid which serves as an electrolytic carrier. The process, if developed, will of course work a revolution in the electric world.

A Boston paper states that a candidate for a municipal office in one of the near-by cities anounces that his "means and occupation are far from extremities." In England this might be interpreted as a bid for the support of the middle classes, but in New England it leaves one in doubt whether the candidate is a barber or a shoemaker.

The two most accomplished press bureaus of the present day are located in Havana and Rome. The first is operated in the interest of Gen. Weyler, and the second in opposition to the liberal section of the Catholic hierarchy in America.

The Boston Transcript says that when Tom Reed was here the lobby of the Spalding house was "filled with a crowd estimated at 4000." Eastern people will have some strange ideas about the size of the Spalding.

Walter Damrosch, it is said, is about to compose a light opera. If at the same time he can devise some plan for lightening the woes of the managers of light opera companies he will score a great success.

The people of Itasca county are proposing to hold a meeting shortly in regard to the necessity of a legislative apportionment at the coming session of the legislature. This is a good move. A Sixth district convention is also proposed, and Duluth should be well represented at it.

An English railway line has announced its intention to heat its carriages in winter with steam from the locomotive. Thus do American improvements gradually make progress abroad.

London Truth says there are about 1,000,000 copies of the morning papers printed in that city each day. And one New York paper claims to circulate nearly that number daily!

Ex-Senator Higgins has an antipathy for gas. Gasman Addicks defeated him for re-election to the senate, and now his brother has committed suicide by inhaling gas.

The records on the great lakes this season have been generally made by boats hailing from Duluth. There is nothing slow about Duluth.

Hawaii is still seeking annexation to this country. It will no doubt be one of the important questions considered by the next congress.

The Minneapolis Journal announces that "navigation has closed," from which we infer that the St. Anthony mill pond is frozen over.

The New York Journal says that Bill Merriam may be made secretary of war. Ha! ha! ha!

Denials by Cardinal Satolli continue in order. Another one came from Rome today.

IN AN OLD GARDEN.

The roses blossom on the wall,
The larkspur clusters by the gate,
And stately lilies great and tall
Sway t othe breeze, in twilight late
The garden long untenanted
Lies vague, mysterious, and it seems
Enchanted land where memory dreams.

Adown the prim box-bordered walk
Perchance young lovers one time strayed
In twilight hours with tender talk—
Ah, quaint, old-fashioned, pretty maid!
I fancy how you bent your head
Listening, and how the whippoorwill
Called from the meadows past the hill.

The breezes whispered in the pines
Perhaps just as they do tonight,
And where the Provence rosebush twines,
Pink as your cheeks, the petals light
Soft fluttered down, a rosy snow;
On this crape myrtle scarred and dim
I trace the letters dear to him.

The flowers are blooming, starred with dew,
Bright as they did that yester-year;
The mockingbird which sang to you
Trills the same songs tonight I hear.
But youth and maiden—many a day
Has waxed and waned and passed away
Since, last borne through this narrow gate,
They left the garden desolate.
—IRENE NORMAN McKAY in the Century.

WEYLER'S DISMAL FAILURE.

New York Evening World: Weyler is reporting as advancing. The Cuban cause, however, is going ahead faster than he.

Philadelphia Inquirer: History is rich with examples of what has been done by hardy men in mountain warfare, whether they were only freebooters or fighting for liberty, and it may be that it will repeat itself in Cuba.

Washington Star: If Gen. Weyler keeps a scrap book it might interest him to get out and read over the announcements he made when he took charge of the Spanish army in Cuba.

New York Evening Sun: In the present affair the Spaniard has the weight, but the Cuban has the science. What's the use of having strength if you can't land, and your man gets away from you every time?

Baltimore News: If he returns to tell the tale, we may rest assured that he will have done it. But, then, there are possibilities that he may not return, except under Cuban escort. If such should be the case, there would be little mourning outside of Spain, and, least of all in America.

Boston Globe: The story that Gen. Weyler is coming back to wait for cooler weather sounds reasonable. Gomez and Maceo have made it much too hot for him.

Philadelphia Telegraph: The insurgents have set a price on Weyler's head, and the man who kills him is to get $5000. It is queer that a thing so worthless should be in demand at such a price.

Cleveland Leader: Gen. Weyler says that the bullet which will kill him has not yet been cast. He is probably right. His actions all along have indicated that he was not born to die upon the field of battle.

Chicago Times-Herald: If it is true that "Weyler has gone to the front" it is perfectly safe to wager your last copper that the insurgents have succeeded in getting behind him.

Cedar Rapids Gazettee: Spain has about 14,000 sick men in Cuba and there would be more if all the applications for safe places in the hospitals were accepted.

Baltimore Herald: Gen. Weyler has been shot in the leg, but the wound is not serious enough to affect his running capacity.

Chicago Dispatch: Maceo has fought, bled and repeatedly died for his country.

ONLY A FLARE-UP.

Chicago Record: Two previous attempts to break up trusts have been credited to the Cleveland administration, but they were failures. This last movement of the attorney general smacks too much of deathbed repentance to be received in good faith. As between a Democratic administration which did nothing against the trusts and an incoming Republican administration which promises nothing against them, the great masses of the people may settle down to that dumb endurance which characterizes a one-horned cow spending the night on the leeward side of a wintry haystack.

BORN LUCKY.

Dundee Advertiser: "He jabbers, I was born lucky," said Pat to a crowd of friends the other evening. "Just after leaving th' house this morning Ol wor knocked down by a cab. Wan strate beyant that Ol fell down a coal-cellar. Another strate beyant agin Ol were took for a thafe and takin' off boi a policeman, an' phen Ol got to worrik a big stheme from the buildin' fell and cracked my shoulder."

"Where does the luck come in?" asked a bystander.

"Faith, ain't Ol alolve yet?" said Pat.

WELL QUALIFIED.

New York Sun: Hon. Mike De Young is just the man for secretary of agriculture. He knows nothing about agriculture, and could enter upon his duties with an open and unprejudiced mind.

THE RETURN OF THURBER.

New York Sun: Thurber, the affable, beautiful, comely, elegant, felicitous, graceful, handsome, impressive, jaunty, kindly, lovely, melodious, nice, ornamental, pretty, quick-sighted, reverberant, shapely, twinkling, unique, vivacious, wide-eyed, xenodochic, young, zealous Thurber, the flower of private secretaries, is going back to Michigan on or about March 4, 1897. He will carry clouds of glory with him. He is a vision and a good deed, and Michigan must rejoice in him and make much of him when he comes marching home.

Absolutely Pure.

The Careful Housewife will use no other.

PERSONALIA.

In a suburb of Berlin there is a school of gardening for girls—a comparatively new venture, for it was founded two years ago by a private lady. The pupils—fifteen in number—do the work entirely without extraneous aid, growing all sorts of vegetables, as well as apples, melons, grapes, pears and cucumbers, for which a ready sale it found. They wear a dark gray uniform, consisting of a bodice and a skirt of reasonable length, which, by an ingenious arrangement can be made short for working in, and let down at will. The girls beat all the men at the recent board of agriculture examination and one of them has obtained a post as gardener to a gentleman at a salary of $110 a year, with board and lodging. They are all fine specimens of healthy, vigorous young womanhood. Perhaps we see the thin edge of the wedge! In the near future women may be eligible for head gardeners' posts at good salaries. And why not? They have finer taste than men, and should be quite in their element designing exquisite pleasure grounds. As for the suitability of the employment, it may be urged that digging is not harder work than many of the athletic woman's recreations; nor is it a dirtier process than tramping through wet turnip fields after the "guns."

* * *

The white satin continues in its long reign of popularity.

* * *

It is terrible to buy the dearest man in the world a pair of fetching sleeve links at a swell jeweler's, and find them duplicated to all appearances for 19 cents at a dry goods store.

* * *

The woman who doesn't care for violets seems to be rather a peculiar specimen of femininity.

* * *

Happy is the woman nowadays who can find some really odd suggestions for her rings. And perhaps even a curio shop is not as good a place to look for these suggestions as an old-fashioned jewel box. One girls wears a ring made from a huge sapphire found in an old-fashioned brooch, and set in the wood from some historic tree. Another society belle is the proud owner of a ring which she calls a "mascot." The ring is of ebony, carved with some grotesque figure of a serpent. The inner side is lined with a gold band, which is not visible and which prevents the wood from wearing away. In the midst of the carved ebony is set a luminous and costly ruby.

Many women do not know that all small scraps of gold and silver, broken pins, earrings and so on, even if much battered and defaced, have a certain value as gold and silver, if they contain pure metal. All broken bits should be gathered together and sold at regular prices. The mint in the city takes all gold and silver in this form and has a regular price for it.

* * *

No man who thought a woman once cared for him will ever believe that she would have any genuine affection for another.

And yet they say that women belong to the vain sex.

* * *

A face bath in buttermilk or rose water is much more refreshing than cold water. Demure fichus folding Priscilla-like over the breast are worn with airy house gowns.

Waiters act nowadays as though tips were too insignificant to wake them into activity.

The woman who does not make at least an attempt at palmistry is at a distinct disadvantage.

It often happens in courtship that little sisters are as great nuisances as little brothers.

It is amazing and touching as well to note with what delight the very poor cherish a flower.

The cut glass dishes, with solid silver stands, are very much lower and smaller than those formerly used.

* * *

A novel flower has been found on the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, which has the faculty of changing its color during the day. In the morning this floral chameleon is white, when the sun is at its zenith it is red and at night is blue. This red, white and blue flower grows on a tree about the size of the guava tree, and only at noon does it give out any perfume.

* * *

"Do not always judge by appearances," says the woman of the world. "The man who looks as though he were in correct morning garb may have his overcoat buttoned up outside of a dress suit."

* * *

A word to the contemplating buyer of Bagdad portieres. They are offered in the shops at a very low price, but it will be seen that the stripes are narrow and the weight of the material not of good wearing quality. Such would do possibly for a bedroom portiere, or to throw over a partly worn lounge in some room where its use would be light, but for real wear the wider, finer woven fabric should be sought. These curtains are very useful, as they are almost the only couch covers that are more than regulation fifty-inch width. As the stripes can be bought separately, it is possible to increase their width ad libitum. As to range in quality, one was seen in a New York store last week at $2.85, and an hour later in a bric-a-brac shop hung one valued at $65. This latter had eight wide stripes, was almost of the thickness of plush, and was beautifully fine and firm, while its harmony of coloring, in the main resembling the cheaper and conventional sort, was a revelation of its possibilities.

PINGREE'S CAPABILITIES.

St. Louis Republic: Potato Pingree, who has just been elected governor of Michigan, declares that he is going to hold onto the office of mayor of Detroit while discharging the functions of governor. Pingree's support of McKinley, while avowing himself a bimetallist and free trader, shows him capable of an even more marvelous performance than occupying two chairs at once.

WHEW, BUT IT'S HOT!

New York World: Hero worship is at least explicable when it has for its object a man whose achievements have shed glory upon his country and luster upon his name. But to put upon a pedestal a vulgarian money lags, who has rendered no conspicuous public service, who is neither a soldier, a statesman, a scholar nor an orator, and has not even the wit to conceal his folly in silence, is an affront to common sense. The Hanna humbug has had quite too long a run.

A Wholesale Druggist and a leading Architect praise

"77"

FOR

COLDS

Mr. N. L. Willet, Secretary and Treasurer of the Howard & Willet Drug Co., Augusta, Ga., writes under date of November 3d: "I had a wonderful cure by '77' for Colds. Have advertised it more than any one in the city. One man to whom I sold it upon my recommendation said it was worth $300.00 to him. He is one of our leading Architects."

Everyone has a kind word for Seventy-seven. Dr. Humphreys' precious cure for Colds, Grippe, Influenza, Catarrh, Coughs, Sore Throat.

Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your druggists or mail'd free.

Small bottles of pleasant pellets, fit the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25 cents or five for $1. Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor William & John Sts., New York.

Across the Tea Table.

Thanksgiving over and past, Christmas, the universal festival of the year, draws nigh. Christmas, with the halo of worship and religious joy about it, exciting in the heart of the true believer "Peace on earth, good-will toward men." Christmas celebrations in a Christian nation carry no suggestion of the heathen festival observed once at this season of the year; but amid all the joy, the laughter, the gifts and remembrances, there is, and should be, the thankfulness in the heart for the greatest gift to mankind, the gift of that "Savior who died that we might live." Christmas without this remembrance loses its true spirit and significance; becomes, indeed, a barren festival, a mere material giving of good things without the inner suggstions which should breathe through every heart. This is what threatens to make the time a burden, a mere perfunctory giving of gifts, and without this, the spirit of Christmas past, present and future will become to us all just what Dickens pictured it. Just what it was to Scrogs before old Jacob Marley's ghost appeared to him, clanking his chain of woe. Surely the spirit of Chrissmas should animate every one of us, the pretty fashion of surprises for the day, the secret preparation of gifts, the bestowal of some longed-for object, the loving greetings, and the note of preparation and goodwill stirring in the hearts of a whole wide world—these all are enough to make the season notable, and sunshine in the saddest heart. There is no one so burdened with sorrow and woe who is not happier for loving thought of some one else. No one so overwhelmed with grief who will not find a solace in thinking of some one else. Therefore, take to your heart the true Christian Christmas spirit, fashion your pretty trifles, fold them full of good wishes and happy thoughts, and send them abroad to carry their goodwill to another heart.

* * *

One of the many beautiful charities that we hear of for dispensing gifts and bringing happiness to others is the "Society of the Christ Child" in Washington. This, started in the White House back in '84, and, if I remember correctly, Miss Nellie Arthur and Miss Waite, the daughter of the chief justice, were the originators. The object was to supply poor little ones with gifts and comforts. It was most simple in its aims, and most unobtrusive in its beginnings, but like all good things of the kind, it has grown into large proportions now, and has found many an imitator in other cities. The season is surely of more moment to little children than to older people. It was a little child who came to us at this time, and in remembrance of that one longs to make every little child in the land know happiness on the anniversary of that day. It takes so little to make a child happy, their wants are so simple and their joy in the possessional of wished for objects so satisfying and complete. The object of the Society of the Christ Child, as now developed, is first to provide proper clothing for poor children under 12 years of age, secondly to send such as are delicate to the country during the heated term, thirdly to give a happy Christmas to children by supplying the little petitioners' desires as expressed in letters to the Christ child. And for those who in His name work not only at this season, but during the whole year to bring good influences into the lives of young children, there is much compensation in the humorous and pathetic letters which overwhelm them at this time. Some appeals are extremely pathetic and never fail to touch a chord of sympathy. Fancy a little child asking for the grace of God and a pair of No. 5 shoes, and another self-denying youngster who wants a wagon to carry home the wash to my mother, of another who says—poor little lamb—that he has something the matter with his back and something the matter with his legs, but that he can beat a drum. Organized charities are all right and do an immense amount of good, but individual effort is never lost, and she who does good to one of the least of these," my dear sister, knows well the reward.

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This is the season when one looks back with regreet to the long summer days and wonders how one neglected the time when Christmas was coming ahead. It is easy to be prudent and wise, easy to determine that one will be ready for Christmas, but the Christmas spirit is lacking; the hurry, the bustle, the selectiveness; and, indeed, such hosts of pretty things are brought out only at this time that involuntarily one walks to see what is to be for sale. The objection to this lies in the fact that the price of things is just double. A cup and saucer costing $1 a month or so ago is $1.50 now. So that the wise buyer who looks to her dollars and the careful spending of them, realizes that she has been emulating our little grasshopper friends, and has not like the busy bee been laying up stores against the season. Take heart though, dear sister. It is still four weeks until Christmas and your nimble fingers can yet fashion many useful and dainty articles, and your eyes and senses on the alert, pick up here and here pretty trifles and belongings, for my lady's toilet table, writing desk, work basket or personal adornment. Let me give you some useful suggestions.

* * *

If for a housekeeper, remember, nothing is more useful than certain little household articles which take the time and patience of the busy housekeeper. A set of half a dozen, or even three, dusters are always welcomed. Get fine white cheesecloth, cut in squares, feather-stitch the hems down with blue, pink or yellow cotton, tie in a dainty bundle with baby ribbon in color matching the cotton, fold in tissue paper the same color, with a pretty card of wishes and voila! The housewife will bless you. No woman has ever too many handkerchiefs, and dainty handkerchiefs lie within the scope of every needlewoman. A square of finest linen cambric, hemstitched, edged with finest real Valenciennes lace, and a carefully embroidered initial or monogram, or one done in satin stitch, is a pretty gift to send in a lettter; a bundle of a half a dozen of these takes little time to make, but daintily scented, with a pretty sachet lying in the folds, is a gift fit for a rosebud princess. To go back to the housewife, you cannot please her better than by making chamois rolls for her spoons and forks and small silver; bits of old brocade fashioned into bags which are lined with chamois, and drawn at the top with a ribbon or cord, hold berry spoons or salad spoon and fork or any odd pieces. China silk linings for bureau drawers, or those made of cheesecloth, find a tender spot in the woman who likes dainty belongings, and these may be as simple or elaborate as you please. They should have a thickness of cotton batting between the covers and a sprinkling of good sachet powder. Home-made calendars can be fashioned quite as effectively as the bought ones. And home-made cook books are a delight to the young housekeeper. Make pasteboard outsides, which are covered with linen or cretonne or strong paper; the cretonne is not necessarily decorated, the linen is embroidered and the paper is covered with sketches from pencil and brush, or it has the counterfeit presentment of the cook in cap and apron pasted thereon. One can letter upon it that useful old saying:

"We may live without friends, we may
live without books;
But civilized man cannot live without
cooks."

If skillful with pen, the lettering of good, old-fashioned receipts may be made very attractive. Each page may have its own spray of flowers, its little picture carefully pasted or sketched thereon, its every page decorated in some fashion and telling a tale of its own. It can be made to carry a story of "goodies" kept within the family knowledge and jealously guarded from the outside world.

One of the most useful home-made gifts is what is called a "pick-up." It is a square of dark linen, lined with white silk or sateen, the edges bound with ribbon or finished with a blanket or a feather stitch. In the center of the lining is a large flat pocket, with divisions for scissors and spools; at one end is a small bag for embroidery silks. It is used to spread on the lap, when delicate work is in progress which must be kept clean. When this must be laid aside it is dropped into the pocket, as are also scissors and thread, and one corner after the other of the "pick-up" folded over it, and thus safely encased from dust and dirt it can be laid conveniently near, and is a pretty bit of ornament on a table instead of an unsightly heap. Japanese napkins are extremely useful things some times. They are often very beautifully designed with a conventional tracery which makes a useful and unique pattern for embroidery; for the ubiquitous sofa pillow nothing is prettier than this delicate tracery of design. Baste the napkin on the linen or silk to be embroidered and after outlining it with linen or embroidery silk, the paper is easily pulled out. Toilet sets are always welcome for "my lady's" toilet table, and since the pincushion, so long banished, again looms up in its accustomed place it is easy to fashion covers for those which can be bought at the stores, well formed and carefully stuffed. Use only the bran stuffed ones though, cotton cushions are always lumpy and only for show. If time presses and you must buy your gifts, the thousand and one trifles in silver commend themselves, and the silversmith can supply you with numberless dainty little things. The Dresden china belongings for the toilet table, and the writing desk also are very beautiful, a china letter rack, a penholder, a pencil and pen tray, pretty scissors, there are thousands of things; but bestir yourself my dear sister, do not wait until articles are all picked over and then complain that there is nothing to find. Get your things now, and lay aside, so will your Christmas be a pleasure and a joy to you and those about you. Pay a tribute to superstition though, my dear sister. Should you give a paper knife, a pen knife, a pair of scissors, exact a penny in payment thereof, or you are surely cutting friendship, thus say th the wisdom of the superstitious.

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If you have in mind one whose needle makes flowers and leaves glow upon linen and silk, there is nothing more useful for her than an embroidery case. It is made of white linen twelve inches long by five wide, embroidered with flowers in their natural colors, lined and bound to match. At one end are the needle leaves daintily bound and embroidered; at the other a bag for the silks which is sewed to the case at the bottom, and drawn up with fine ribbons. Another style has a flannel lining into which the skeins of silk may be threaded, one side may be reserved for the ends of silk thread left over and which sometimes prove so useful in finishing up. These threaded silks never rub rough, and the idea is by far the best one advanced for saving and keeping the delicate silks.

* * *

An art paper speaks of a perfume which is gradually becoming known in this country and which in these days of perfumes, and delicate perfume at that is grateful to the refined woman. It is Fellvert or Grass of India. In both Europe and India it is largely used for its odor and healthfulness, for it possesses some antiseptic properties. It comes in bundles and woven mats and is placed on shelves and in bureau drawers. When sprinkled with water and hung up in a room these mats give out the odor of freshly wateed roses, and the beautiful part is that this may be repeated whenever they become dry. They are very effective in a sick room. They come in large square mats or in bundles of dried grass which may be untied and scattered about at will.

* * *

As to perfumes for Christmas, my dear Modern Woman, the odor from fresh flowers is worth all the dried perfumes in the kingdom. Give your florist orders now to have some violets blooming for you, and he will have them ready, filled with bloom and fragrance. You can set the pot in a pretty basket, or a jardiniere, ribbon and send it forth on its mission of love, carrying good wishes which will be a supreme satisfaction to the recipient. Cut flowers are useful, but so perishable and expensive, but a pot of lilies carries a message of sweetness throughout all the season, and its "glad tidings" find echo in the heart.

—AGATE.

CULLOM CAN GET IT.

Washington special to Chicago Tribune: Senator Cullom's stock as a possible member of Maj. McKinley's cabinet has taken a sudden rise today, and apparently on good grounds. There has been here for a few days a well-known Republican leader, who is peculiarly in the confidence of Maj. McKinley. He has declined to make any predictions on the cabinet for publication, but last night during the course of a personal interview with a Western politician this confidential agent of the president-elect made the declaration without hesitation that Senator Cullom could have the interior department if he desired it, and if he was backed up by the people of Illinois with substantial unanimity.

EDITOR MEDILL DECLINES.

Chicago Tribune: The editor of the Tribune tenders his thanks to the Record for its kind words regarding the senatorial seat to be filled by the next legislature. But he assures the Record that he is not, and will not be, a candidate for that office or for any other, and will accept none under any circumstances. If the Record can put this in stronger language it is welcome to do so.

In Duluth's Social Circles

Next Friday evening the postponed November party of the Assembly will be given at the Spalding and from all that can be heard now the prettiest party of the season can be expected. The presence of outside young ladies always gives an unusual interest to a party and this time there will be more than have been seen here at any recent party. A number of St. Paul and Minneapolis young ladies are expected to be here. The usual orchestra of twelve pieces will play and the very best waltzes and two steps will be selected.

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The leap year party is almost a certainty now. The young ladies met this week and decided to give it during the holidays—on New Year's eve if possible. The complete arrangements have not yet been made. The young men will undoubtedly be pleased to know that the party is to be given. Eight years will elapse before another leap year.

* * *

The charity ball easily led all the social affairs of this week, and of this fall in fact, in prominence. It was a charming party in its social features and it was evidently a success financially, also. The ball room scene was one not easily forgotten, the beautiful gowns and brilliant lights presenting a combination that was irresistibly beautiful. The guests were received by Mrs. A. M. Miller, president of the society; Mrs. Clinton Markell and Mrs. D. Clint Prescott, vice presidents; Mrs. David Buchanan, secretary; Mrs. A. B. Chapin, treasurer; Mrs. C. M. Vance, Mrs. L. P. Totman, Mrs. McCormick. Hoare's orchestra played and a luncheon was served.

Particularly noticeable was the large attendance of people from other cities. Among those from abroad were: A. B. Plough and party, from St. Paul, consisting of Mrs. Stevenson, Miss Stevenson, Miss Loomis, Miss Laupper and Miss Gates, and Mr. Laupper; Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Bacon, of Tower; Mrs. Logan, of Grand Forks; Mrs. Runge and Miss Runge, of Minneapolis; Mrs. Tice, of New York; Misses Winslow and Bradshaw, of Superior; Hughes, of Minneapolis; Risher, of Pittsburg; Nelson, of Stillwater; Foss, of Minneapolis; Wasson, of Marquette; Messenger, of Ashland; Messrs. Brown, of Tower; Hammond, Luity, and DeGroat, of Superior.

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Misses Ruth and Lillian Ingalls gave a card party at their home, 216 East Fourth street last evening. Progressive euchre was played and there were twelve tables. The prizes were taken by Miss Ames, James Eaton and Frank Leach. Among those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Phillips, Mrs. T. H. Larke, Misses Jennie Magoffin, Howe, Clara Ball, Ames, Williams, White, Belle Simonds, LaVaque, Gridley, Bradley, Edna Watson, of Marquette; Smith, Bernard, Baker, Jeanette Smith, Brearley, Strayer, Dickinson, Grady, Dodge, Parker, McLaren, MacDougall.

Messrs. Leach, J. Eaton, F. Leach, McBride, D. R. McLennan, Brearly, McLaren, W. McCormick, W. McLennan, Hunter, Parker, C. McCormick, MacDonald, Costello, Stocking, Ingalls, Messenger, Coooke, Cash, and Slocum.

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Two young people very well known in Duluth were married in Chippewa Falls, Wis., last week, Miss Eleanor McCord, of Chippewa Falls, and Lyman T. Powell, of Superior. Mr. Powell is a member of the Assembly club of this city. The ushers were all from Superior and are also well known here and several of the bridesmaids. A newspaper report of the wedding is as follows:

"The ceremony was the society event of the season in Chippewa circles and the large number of invitations which had been sent out were liberally responded to. The ceremony occurred at 7:30 o'clock last night in the Presbyterian church, Rev. W. A. Broadhurst officiating. The preparations for the event had been elaborate. The entire church was decorated with ropes of smilax, chrysanthemums and pinks. At the church, Messrs. Forssman, Ruger, Coburn, Linley and Smith of this city, intimate friends of the groom, acted as ushers and Mr. Stratton, also of this city, acted as best man. Miss Miriam Powell, of River Falls, Wis., a sister of the groom acted as maid of honor and the bridesmaids were Miss Bradshaw, Superior; Miss Kane, Chicago; Miss Watson, Chicago; Miss McDonough, Eau Claire, and Miss Ethel McCord, Chippewa Falls.

The bride was dressed in a costume of white satin and wore a beautiful crescent diamond pin, a present from the groom. Miss Powell, the maid of honor, was dressed in light blue and the bridesmaids were attired in blue and white. Miss Bradshaw's gown of blue, was particularly noticeable among the many pretty costumes.

"At the pipe organ of the church Miss Powell, another sister of the bride, presided and played as an overture from Traumerei and afterwards the wedding march of Mendelssohn. After the ceremony the wedding reception and supper occurred at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. McCord, parents of the bride, at which the relatives and immediate friends only were present, forty in all gathering about the table, and joining in congratulations to the young couple.

"Mr. and Mrs. Powell left on the night Omaha for Chicago and from there will go to St. Louis, Mo. They may also go South to New Orleans, returning to Superior in about ten days, when they will take up their residence at 1920 Hughitt avenue."

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The Ladies' Guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church will give a tea Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Peyton.

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Miss Eaton entertained in honor of Miss Phillips Monday evening. Those present, were: Mr. and Mrs. Paul Phillips, Miss Martha Peyton, Miss Spencer, Miss Risher, of Pittsburg; Miss Phillips and Messrs. Noyes, W. McCormick, M. Peyton, and T. C. Phillips.

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The Ladies' Literature class met Tuesday afternoon with Miss Ensign. The meeting was lead by Mrs. W. C. White and the study Fiske's "Cosmic Philosophy" was continued. At the next meeting McKenzie's "Introduction to Social Evolution" will be taken up.

Mrs. N. J. Upham entertained Miss Phillips and Miss Rusher, of Pittsburg, at luncheon Wednesday.

* * *

Each Thanksgiving the members of the Hartman family have a reunion and this year brought with it also the crystal wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hartman, thus giving an extraordinary interest to the day. Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hartman entertained and served the Thanksgiving feast at their home in Lakeside. All the members of the family were present. They were: Mr. and Mrs. C. J. O'Donnell, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Van Bergen, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Geist, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. O'Donnelly, of St. Paul, O. C. Hartman, A. W. Hartman and Miss Kelly. The children numbered seven and to no one was the occasion a more thoroughly happy one than to the little folks.

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Next Tuesday evening Miss Marion Phillips, daughter of Mrs. Martha Phillips, and Robert Patterson Risher, of Pittsburg, will be married. The wedding will be very quiet and will be performed by Rev. A. W. Ryan at the home of the bride in Piedmont terrace. Miss Risher, sister of the groom, will be bridesmaid, and Thomas C. Phillips will be the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Risher will reside in Pittsburg and will be at home after Jan. 1.

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Miss Van Wormer entertained a company of friends on Thanksgiving evening at 313 Second avenue west. They played cards and enjoyed a number of musical selections. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Stilson, Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, Mrs. Pierronet, Mrs. McMath; Misses Brown, McGregor, Harter, Boyle, Lloyd, Davies, Kugler, King, Southwell, Michaelson and Messrs. Squier, Wells, R. Rogers, Davies, McClintock and Barker.

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another operatic production and may organize an operatic club. It is proposed to sing Bellini's "Sonnambula" and possibly reproduce "Faust."

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Tuesday, Dec. 8, the Cecilian choral will give a concert at Turner hall. The choral has been in rehearsal under the direction of Mrs. Stocker with Mrs. McKinley as accompanist for several weeks. The members are:

Sopranos—Misses McKay, Franc, Ensign, Anne Tupper, Anna Farrell, Agnes Kingman, Ma Kelley, Florence Williams, F. Lauenschlager, Emily Gallagher, Wender, Anna Williams, Jeanne Lauclo; Mesdames Franz Schultz, F. C. Bowman, C. d'Autremont, David Buchanan, J. D. Howard, Williams, William Craig, J. W. Hamilton, May E. Wood, F. N. Pierronet, A. Bailey, C. F. Hartman, Fred Reynolds, J. J. Eklund, Albert Baldwin, J. T. Hale, William Schuppe, Oscar Mitchell, J. F. Seger, F. N. Phelan and James McAuliffe.

Altos—Misses Fannie Calverly, Bessie Mars, Jennie Woody, Dora Kugler, Elizabeth Evans—Hartman. Mesdames F. E. Searle, Bert Holcomb, E. J. Duffie, G. H. Winchester, C. E. Van Bergen, H. N. Mac Harg, C. M. Thomas, L. A. Marvin, J. M. Geist, C. J. O'Donnell, William Gallagher, H. H. Chase, W. J. Suffel, G. W. Carpenter.

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Mrs. Jean Morris Ellis delivered a most pleasing and instructive address to Professor Tyler has in contemplation the Ladies' Catholic union Tuesday evening. At the close she kindly answered all questions asked her upon her subject "Phrenology." Mrs. F. N. Phelan read one of Rose Terry Cooke's Thanksgiving stories. The following program will be given next Tuesday evening:

Scripture reading ....Miss Pember
Reading—"Vision of Sir Launfal" (Lowell) ....Miss Poirier
Paper—"John Knox" .. ..Miss McNulty
Music ....Miss Lynn
Paper—"Galileo" ....Miss Kinney
"Catholic Belief" chapter xxiv ....Miss Hally
Roll call—Quotation from Lowell.

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A delightful surprise was given by the members of Gate City Temple No. 10, Pythian Sisters, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Young, 323 West Fourth street, Monday evening, in honor of Mrs. C. B. Purdy, who has just returned from an extended visit with her parents in Eastern Nova Scotia. Covers were laid for thirty-five. Upon the guests being seated Mrs. J. W. Kreitter, grand junior of the state, came forward and presented Mr. and Mrs. Purdy with a handsome banquet lamp decorated with the colors of the order. Those present were: Mesdames Forgy, Davey, Kritter, Wicks, Tidball, Oppel, Swain, Kruschke, Martin, Qinby, Wiginton, Johnson, Ward Oppel. Messrs. Forgy, Davey, Wicks, Oppel, Swain, Martin, Wigginton, Ribble, Young, Armitage.

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A social and dancing party was given Thursday evening for the benefit of Temple Emmanuel congregation in Kalamazoo block and about 100 guests were present. There was card playing for the older people and dancing for those who chose to enjoy themselves in that manner. Hoare's orchestra played. The ladies of the congregation served supper. The committees in charge were as follows: Reception, B. Silbestein, P. H. Oswald, I. Freimuth, L. S. Loeb, Louis Hammel, G. A. Klein, M. I. Edelman, Mrs. B Heller and Mrs Krojanker; refreshments, Mesdames B Heller, P. H. Levi, P. H. Oswald, Louis Hammel, I. Bandy and R. Krojanker; floor, David Cohen, B. J. Cook and Daniel Cohen.

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The ball of the Red Men at the Spalding Thursday evening did not draw the crowd that was expected because of the exceedingly disagreeable weather, but in every other way it was a complete success and was unique and original. The chiefs wore Indian costumes and the decorations were all suggestive of the American aborigines. There was a canoe suspended from the gallery and snowshoes, deer heads, etc., from the walls. In one corner was a realistic tepee. A program of twenty-four numbers was danced and supper was served.

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Company C gave a reception and dancing party at the Armory Wednesday evening, and entertained about 100 couples. The members of the company appeared in uniform, and the party was a very pretty one. The ladies of the G. A. R. served a turkey supper in the gallery. Flaaten's orchestra played.

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The Y. M. C. A. will give a reception to the principals, teachers and students over 16 years of age of the High school this evening, in their rooms, from 8 to 10 p. m. The following program has been arranged:

Overture, "Freischutz" ....
Miss Palmer, leader.
Vocal solo ....Selected
Donald McLeod.
Orchestra ....Selected
Reading ....Selected
Miss Pittman.
Orchestra ....Selected
Vocal solo ....Selected
C. W. Warfield.
Obligato ....
Miss Palmer.
Reading ....
Professor Rudolph.
Orchestra ....Selected

Miss Wilhelmina Meining, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Meining, and Roy N. Hoople were married Wednesday at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Hoople will be at home to their friends, at 217 Third avenue east, after Dec. 23.

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The program for the meeting of the Chautauqua circle Monday evening is as follows:

Roll call: Give a quotation from Victor Hugo.
Lesson, "Growth of the French Nation," chap XI.
Led by Arthur Burghduff.
Review of Victor Hugo's novel, "Les Miserables" ....
Watson Moore.

* * *

The Daughters of Erin, division No. 1, gave a dancing party Tuesday evening at Normanna hall and entertained a large company very charmingly.

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Never before having had the use of a commodious building for their fairs and suppers, the Ladies' Aid society of Morley church is leaving no stone unturned to make the fall sale the most successful event in the history of their society. From the cordial assistance of the business firms of the city, there will be displayed and unusually complete array of things beautiful and useful, and one would be hard to please who could not be suited, if in the search of anything, from dollies to washboilers, from bedding to brooms. A house would not be meanly furnished with the asortment which will be found in the six booths among which all these articles have been divided. With one for each day of the week, one can at once turn to the object sought for. Does sweeping day come round often enough to be the bugbear of your home? Then turn at once to the Friday booth, where you can provide for a clean carpet and spotless furniture, and an easy mind, from work easily done. With one of their new brooms there will be no second sweeping needed after the girl has once done her work. With a dust bag, the little pile will not be left to be tracked and blown about. The hair will be kept clean and in curl in a dainty dusting cap, and with an apron for the dress, and a little box of soap for the hands afterward, Friday will be less of a burden, the house will be cleaner, and the church will be the price of these things ahead, a beautiful result, which is sure to ensue if you visit the church while the fair is on. Mrs. Hibbing and Mrs. Britts will have charge of the Friday booth, and as the merchants say, "It is no trouble to show goods."

Mrs. B. C. Church, assisted by a number of young ladies, has charge of the booth that stands for Wednesday, reception day. This has been given up to beautiful fancy work, which naturally goes with an afternoon cup of tea, and at all hours of day or evening they will be prepared to serve oysters, raw or stewed, bread, butter and coffee, and ice cream and cake. Mrs. Swift, who has charge of the baking day booth, which, of course, stands for Saturday, will preside over a veritable woman's exchange. If your larder is empty, since the Thanksgiving raid upon it, this is the booth you are looking for.

These are but a few of the preparations which have been made. Mrs. d'Autremont will give a reading, one of the two evenings. Miss Clara Palmer gives a violin solo. Others who assist are: Mrs. Pierronet, soprano; Mr. Cox, reader; the church choir and others. The fair is to be held Tuesday and Wednesday of next week at Morley Congregational church, Nineteenth avenue east and First street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George A. French gave a handsome dinner party Thanksgiving day. The center piece of the table deserves to be mentioned because of its originality. It was thoroughly in keeping with Thanksgiving, for pumpkins is a Thanksgiving delicacy, and it entered largely into this center piece. A large golden pumpkin was hollowed out and filled with fruit, so that it presented a very artistic appearance. Circled around it were small pumpkin pies, and from each pie a ribbon extended to one of the plates. When the pie course was reached in the course of the dinner, each guest took the ribbon at his plate and pulled the pie to him.

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Mrs. Samuel Stewart Bradley entertained at luncheon yesterday for Miss Phillips.

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Mr and Mrs. Sheldon L. Frazer entertained at dinner on Thanksgiving.

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The annual meeting of the Needlework guild will be held Wednesday afternoon at 2 oclock with Mrs. O. H. Simonds. The reports of the year's work will be given. The election of officers for the ensuing year and the appointments of section presidents.

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At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Hallen, 715 Garfield avenue, a very pleasant surprise party was given last evening in honor of the birthday of their daughter, Miss Bessie. A number of her young friends assembled together and loaded with good things went to the house. They took possession of it and prepared to have a most social evening. Music and dancing were the order of the evening, and at the close refreshments were served. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Hallen, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Beers, Misses Hallen, Callahan, Murphy, O'Meara, Humes, Lizzie Stringer and Ella Stringer; Messrs. Sheridan, Murphy, McCarthy, Hunt, Stringer, Brooks, Carroll and Summerton.

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Arrangements are being made for a course of lectures to be given at the Maynard school under the auspices of the University Extension department of the University of Chicago. There are several very interesting courses from which to choose, but the ones most liable to meet the tastes of the majority seem to be either Professor Zeublin's course on "Practical Sociology," or Professor Fellows' course on "Nation-Making in the Nineteenth Century." The latter course is now in progress in Dayton, Ohio, where the attendance has steadily increased until it at present exceeds six hundred.

It is hoped that the course may begin on Saturday evening, Jan. 9, and be given on the eleven succeeding Saturday evenings, thus carrying the course through March. If the plan is successful, extra cars for the especial convenience of those attending the lectures will be provided. The arrangements, however, cannot be completed until a sufficient number of persons have subscribed for tickets to warrant Miss Jones in engaging in the project. Those interested in the project are urged to correspond with her on the subject at once.

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The Ladies' Aid society of Grace M. E. church will give its annual fair in the Spellman building, Eighteenth avenue and Superior street, Tuseday and Wednesday, Dec. 1 and 2.

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The Unity club will discuss the "Cuban War" at its meeting on Monday evening. Judge White will open the discussion and papers will be read by W. C. White and Miss Imogene Electra.

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A Mandolin and Guitar club has been organized by Y. M. C. A. members. Professor Robinson will lead it, and the members enrolled so far are: Messrs. W. H. Hoyt, J. C. J. Corlesson, Phil Helmick, E. L. Oberg, S. Daley, R. E. Ober, N. Edwards, Robert Arbury.

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The Thanksgiving ball at Turner hall Wednesday evening was a complete success and was well attended. The music was delightful, and the hall was crowded with merry dancers.

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North Star Canton I. O. O. F. gave its fifth annual Thanksgiving ball Wednesday evening. There was fine music, a large crowd and every arrangement that could make the evening pleasant was provided. A large number were present.

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A reception was given Wednesday evening at the Second Presbyterian church, and a program of music and addresses was given. The reception was for Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Findley.

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Miss Alice M. Cook, who last year had such a successful art exhibit, will repeat it this year, between the dates of Dec. 14 and 25, at the same place, B. Webster & Co.'s, 103 West Superior street. In connection, Miss Paddock will have a display of china painting.

* * *

The ladies of the Aid society of Grace M. E. church have been busily engaged in preparing for the annual fair and dinner, which will be held in the Spellman building, corner of Eighteenth avenue west and Superior street, Tuesday and Wednesday next. Great pains have been taken by the ladies to ensure a success. There will be booths for the sale of ladies' fancy work, cakes, flowers and home-made candy. Dinner will be served from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. and from 4 p. m. to 8. Pleasant social entertainments will be given each evening, a part of which will consist of character delineations by a noted local phrenologist.

* * *

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Shores and E. A. Shores, Jr., of Ashland, Wis., spent Thanksgiving with Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Walker, of Chester terrace.

Mrs. Nelson, of Stillwater, was visiting here this week and attended the charity ball.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Merriman, who were guests of Capt. and Mrs. J. W. Miller, have returned to their home in Boston.

Miss Graff will return today from Winona and will spend three weeks with Mrs. N. J. Upham.

Miss Fanchon Barrett, of Tower, and Miss Louise Redmond, of New Orleans, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Owens Tuesday. Miss Barrett is on her way to Ashland and Miss Redmond is returning South.

J. O. Paddock, of La Crosse, Wis., father of Mrs. Charles G. Traphagen, is in the city for a few days' visit with friends and relatives.

Mrs. John Miller has gone to New York city.

Mrs. A. Hirsch has gone to Milwaukee on a visit to friends.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Bacon, of Tower, were in the city this week and attended the charity ball.

Miss Hughes, of Minneapolis, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Promberger, this week.

Mrs. A. K. Ash, mother of C. R. Ash, of 1215 East Fourth street, arrived here from Chicago Tuesday. She will spend the winter in Duluth with her son.

Miss Myra Messenger, of Ashland, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Jay M. Smith, of 1515 East Superior street.

Charles Rogers, of Woodstock, N. B., is a guest at the home of W. H. Gray.

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Humes, of Marquette, Mich., and Mrs. W. A. Rudd and Jay Rudd, of Minneapolis, were in the city last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Hugh and two children, of Bayfield, Wis., were visiting here this week.

Miss Mary Foss, daughter of J. F. R. Foss, of Minneapolis, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. William White, 228 First avenue west.

Miss Janet Ross, of Ironwood, Mich., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. B. King, of 2016 East Superior street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Sheehan, of Minneapolis, were in Duluth on their wedding tour yesterday.

Miss Ma Belle Avery, of Minneapolis, is visiting her sister, Miss H. Estelle Avery, at 521 East Third street.

Miss Carrie Eldridge has returned from Genessee, Mich., where she was called by the sudden death of her brother.

Miss Mary Naughton has gone to Chicago to complete her art studies.

WEST DULUTH SOCIAL.

The Young Men's Bachelors' club gave a dancing party at Great Eastern hall Wednesday evening, and it proved to be a very successful affair.

Mrs. W. T. Towner and family, of St. Paul, are visiting relatives in the city.

Mrs. Hayden and son have returned to Chicago after an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. William Wells.

John McLean, of St. Croix Falls, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Edwin Ward, of Oneota.

Tonight the entertainment which was to have been given at Great Eastern hall Thanksgiving evening will be presented. A musical drama entitled "Cups and Saucers," will be produced. It is an amusing sketch on the subject of bric-a-brac, the character being a Mrs. Worcester, who is supposed to be the happy possessor of a very rare saucer, and who is also in love with Gen. Leelak. If successful at West Duluth the performance will probably be repeated at Lakeside for the benefit of St. John's mission. The full program is as follows:

Piano duet ....
Mrs. Kingsbury, Miss Sadie Prescott.
Concert waltz ....Arditi
Miss Maud Kerr.
Tenor solo—Selected ....
C. W. Warfield.
Solo—"A Winter Lullaby" ....
Miss Eva Rockwell.
Aria—From "Ernanie" ....
Miss Clara Kenney.
Musical drama—"Cups and Saucers"
By George Goosemith, Jr.
Characters—
Mrs. Worcester......Miss Susie Johnson
Gen. Leelak................W. F. Scoble

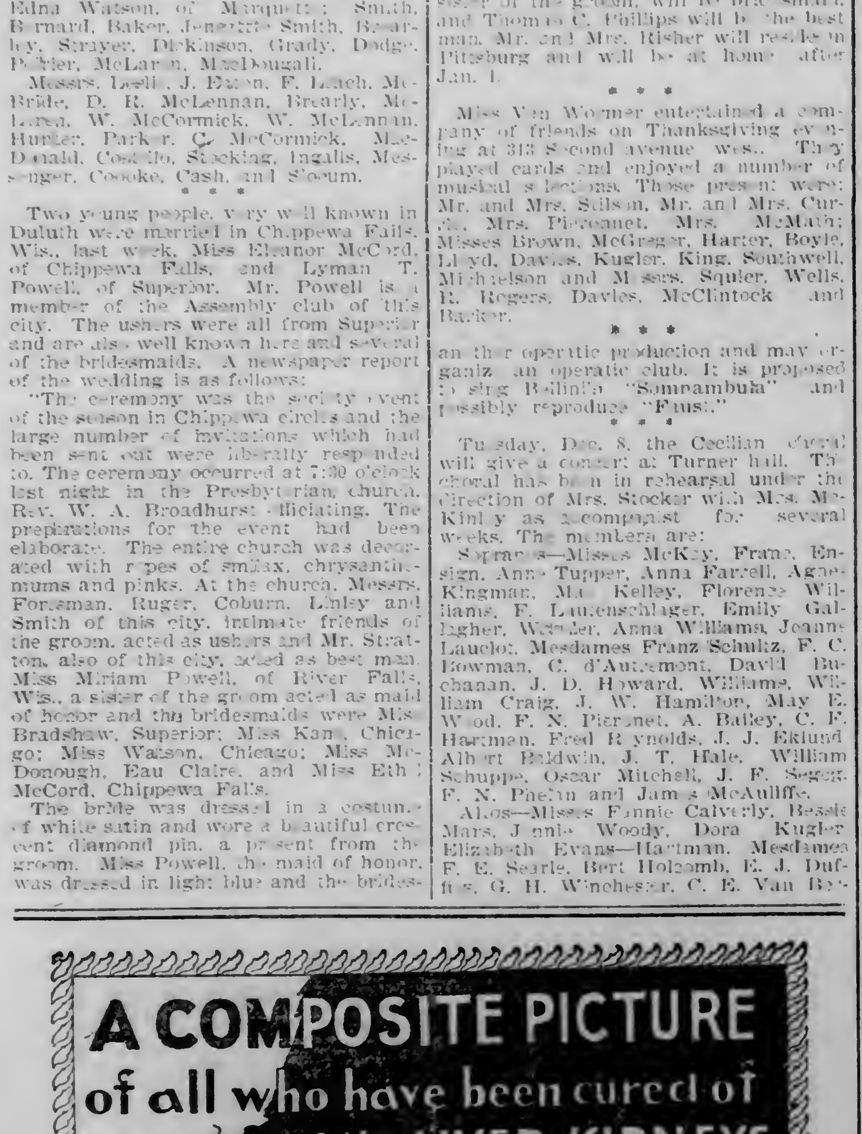
Miss Nellie Murphy has gone to Grand Marais to spend the winter with relatives.

Extensive preparations are being made by the teachers and officers of Westminster Presbyterian Sunday school for a Christmas entertainment to be given on Tuesday, Dec. 28.

The order of the Maccabees gave a dancing party at Proctorknott last evening.

James Whitaker, of St. Paul, came up to spend Thanksgiving with his daughter, Mrs. J. Alyn Scott.

Niel McKenzie and family will leave next Tuesday for Tennessee, where they will make their future home.



ENGLAND VS. AMERICA.

The Extend of the Coffee Habit.

When one notices the difference in the average people of England and America regarding their diet and digestive abilities, some natural inquiries come up. What does the Englishman eat that gives him such good digestion, and what is the reason for so much dyspepsia among Americans?

Rudyard Kipling makes out a 'pie belt" through New England, and says its pathway is strewn with dyspeptics. The American's love for lard-loaded pastry is probably the cause of some trouble, but the apparently harmless coffee is without doubt the father of more stomach troubles in America than any other item of food or drink. Great Britain consumes about 30,000,000 pounds of coffee annually while America disposes of something like 330,000,000, nearly or quite eleven times as much. Analytical chemistry discovers the same poisonous alkaloids in coffee as are found in strychnine, morphine, tobacco and whisky.

These slight poisons taken daily, accumulate until the effect on the nerves and stomach is pitiable with some people (who are peculiarly susceptible to poisons); the doses are continued from day to day without knowledge of what is so surely destroying the power of nerves and stomach.

It is a trial to give up coffee, but a new beverage has made its appearance on the market which is so like Java coffee in its deep seal brown color and assuming the rich golden brown of thick Mocha when cream is added, that lovers of coffee who are denied its use because of the effects, can adopt this new food drink freely. The change in taste is so slight that many do not discover that any change has been made. The new product is called Postum, and it is asserted by the manufacturers, the Postum Cereal company, limited, Battle Creek, Mich., that it consists wholly and solely of wheat and other cereals, carefully cooked and roasted in different ways. When the parts are mixed or blended a perfect breakfast beverage, a true health coffee results, which contains the nourishing and healthful properties of the grains intended by nature for man's subsistence.

It is worthy the trial of anyone who has trouble with coffee, or who desires to regulate their habits with due regard to health and longevity.

There is but one genuine original Postum Cereal coffee with a multitude of imitations offered as "just as good."

MAKE THE STEEL HERE.

Duluth Will Become a Great Iron Center.

John Birkenbine, the well-known authority on iron and steel, says in a recent article:

"It will not be surprising if in the future a portion of the Minnesota ores find a market at or near the head of the lakes, for, notwithstanding the apparently unsatisfactory outcome of ventures in iron and steel production at Duluth and West Superior enough was accomplished to demonstrate that when ample capital is at command to erect the necessary converting and manufacturing plant, to buy material best suited to the requirements, and to introduce the product into a market already supplied by established industries, projects of this class will become profitable. With the wealth of iron ores convenient, and the low rates at which fuel can be brought to Lake Superior, the production of metal for the growing territory to the West seems to offer many opportunities. A failure to treat ore not at present apparently valuable so that it may in the future be obtained for use, would evidence a want of faith in the future of the Northwest, and it is well for those who have at command ores below the accepted standard to remember that the average yield of all the iron ores used in the United States does not exceed 4 per cent, while the phosphorus in non-Bessemer Mesaba ores is below that of the average non-Bessemer ores of the country.

"The longer rail and water transportation now required to bring the ores of Minnesota to blast furnaces which can use them gives the ores from other ranges an advantage equivalent to from 60 to 80 per cent of the net mining cost, and the limitations placed upon ores acceptable as of Bessemer grade restrict the output of the Mesaba range. But its large reserves of ore, which are above the average in iron, and below the average in phosphorus of domestic ores now used will seek a utilization and it is not improbable that these deposits will further stimulate the present rapid development of the Vermilion and Mesaba ranges in Minnesota practically repeats, with local modifications, what took place on the Marquette, the Menominee and the Gogebic ranges of Michigan and Wisconsin.

"The quantities of ore in sight, the apparent ease of mining and the grade of material won on the Mesaba range may be pronounced marvelous. But the other ranges each in turn were a surprise, and have done their part in making the Lake Superior region the greatest iron ore producing district of the world for no other section has in forty years supplied 100,000,000 tons of this material."

TRIED MANY REMEDIES.

Paine's Celery Compound Was the Only One That Succeeded.

The essential difference between Paine's celery compound and the bewildering number of sarsaparillas and nervines that its sucess has brought into existence is that Paine's celery compound furnishes just the appropriate nutriment to the exhausted nerves, and securely builds up the system against disease, while the unscientific remedies confuse and add to the derangement of the organs.

Paine's celery compound not only relieves, but effectually and permanently cures.

The most permanent and direct cure for debility, nervous weakness, languor, and a "run-down" condition, is the strong, reliable Paine's celery compound. The rasping, irritating effect of a badly nourished nervous system upon all the organs of the body ceases when this medicine is used.

Paine's celery compound is the most advanced nerve and brain strengthener and restorer known to medical science.

The tired, worn-out sufferer who is not advancing towards health, is falling back. There is no standstill in bad health. One can endure a headache or a backache once; one can endure it twice, but the repeated sick headache and the constant pain in the back and in the region of the heart must be got rid of. For the permanent and positive cure of these unhealthy states of the body, as evinced by repeated attacks of rheumatism, neuralgia, sleeplessness, or kidney trouble, there is nothing to be compared for a moment with the great discovery of Professor Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., of Dartmouth medical school—Paine's celery compound.

If you are out of health or despondent because of repeated trials of other remedies, take a fresh start. The bracing weather is in your favor.

Here is the experience—like that of hundreds of others—of Mrs. Lydia M. Hayden, of Marion, Ind.:

"Before commencing the use of Paine's celery compound I was treated by many doctors, and tried many remedies, but did not get any better. I seemed to be all broken down. I was tired all the time, and my constitution seemed to be giving out. I weighed only 115 pounds last fall when I commenced using Paine's celery compound. In less than two months I weighed 124 pounds, an unusual weight for me. I have had better health ever since, and have felt better this summer than I have for years.

"My little daughter was away from home on a visit, and came home looking as if she had had a hard sickness. I went right away and got a bottle of Paine's celery compound, and she has had better health since than she ever had in her life, eats hearty and is growing fast."

There is no woman who, in justice to herself, can fail to take Paine's celery compound under similar circumstances.

WALKER WHITESIDE.

Will Be Here Next Friday and Saturday.

The announcement that Walker Whiteside, the youngest, but already one of the best exponents of Sakespearean tragedy that the past quarter of a century has

WHITESIDES AS RICHELIEU.

given to the American stage will appear at the Lyceum theater Friday and Saturday, Dec. 4 and 5, should be gratifying news to the lover of legitimate drama. The unanimity with which the critics have commended Mr. Whiteside's work must be accepted as founded upon conviction. No player since the days when Edwin Booth was in the zenith of his fame has been accorded such unstinted praise. Mr. Whiteside's success is one of the times. Those who have seen and studied Mr. Whiteside's work find in him all the qualifications of the ideal Prince of Denmark. So young as to be almost youthful, he gives to the character of Hamlet the years that seem best to accord with the poet's fancy and his most studious interpretation of the text. Thoughtful beyond his years, his face and eyes have the fine intellectual expressiveness which accords so well with the prince to whom philosophy was an instinct, and whose soul had delved deep into the unsolved spiritual mysteries of life. Endowed by nature with a voice of marvelous flexibility, the modulated softness of his readings in the quiet passages of the text seem to accentuate the ringing intonation with which the sublimely passionate lines are rendered. It is this light and shade of expression which makes Whiteside supremely great.

Mr. Whiteside is evidently not a one-part player, however. While fitted by nature to the ideal Hamlet, he is credited with giving to every role he essays a character and freshness that indelibly stamp him a finished and conscientious actor. His Richelieu is said to be without a peer, his Richard can hardly be said to have a rival, his Shylock is declared to be in many respects a new creation. His appearance here will be an intellectual treat and will undoubtedly receive the attention it deserves.

CHANGE OF TIME VIA THE EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY.

Commencing Nov. 29 "Up-to-date" express leaves Duluth at 1 p. m., arrives in Minneapolis at 5:50, St. Paul, 6:15 p. m. Elegant parlor car, meals a la carte. No change in night express. Tickets and berths Union depot or city ticket office, 432 West Superior street.

C. D. HARPER,
Northern Passenger Agent.

CARD OF THANKS.

We desire to express our thanks to our many friends, especially to the members of the A. O. U. W. lodge, who so kindly assisted us during our sad bereavement.

MRS. D. SULLIVAN AND FAMILY.

Security Bank Depositors.

There will be a meeting of the depositors of the Security bank of Duluth, at the old Postoffice building, No. 14 Fourth avenue west, Saturday evening, Nov. 28, at 7:30 o'clock.

It is urgently requested that every depositor be present, and particularly those who have not yet signed the Adams plan for reorganization as matters of vital importance to the success of the plan will be brought before the meeting.

G. W. BUCK,
Chairman.

Xmas '96

Close at hand. Pose for your pictures at Zweifel's. Don't wait for a clear day. His photos are the best. The weather makes no difference. Studios, 20 and 21 Phoenix block.

GREAT PIANO SALE

Being appointed to sell, by the assignee of the R. C. Munger stock of Pianos and Organs of St. Paul, we will offer for the next thirty days two carloads of Pianos at manufacturers' prices, including some of the leading Pianos manufactured in this country, such as Decker Bros, Haines and Chickering, and several other high grade Pianos. **We can save you from $100.00 to $150.00 on a strictly first-class high grade Piano.**

We have new Upright Pianos from $150.00 upwards, warranted for five years from any defect in workmanship or material. Also, several good second-hand Pianos that we offer at from $25.00 to $100.00.

A number of Organs from $10.00 upwards.

If you contemplate the purchase of a Piano or Organ for Christmas or any time, don't miss this opportunity of a lifetime, as this sale only continues for thirty days.

All of the above instruments will be sold either for cash or on monthly payments, to suit the purchaser.

5000 copies of Sheet Music at 10 cents each.

Procrastination is the thief of time. Don't wait, if you do you will be sorry after the sale is over.

Jas. Pilkey & Co.

228 West First Street, near Corner Third Avenue West.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, Palladio. 'Phone No. 9. Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote.

The ladies of Morley Congregational church are making an unusual effort for the success of their annual fall sale to be held next week, Tuesday and Wednesday. See article in another column.

On Sunday evening at the First Presbyterian church the anthems prepared for Thanksgiving will be repeated by the usual choir.

The trouble between the Butchers' union and N. M. Buffer & Co. has been adjusted and the boycott has been declared off.

Two cases of diphtheria were reported to the health department yesterday. They are located at 817 East Second street and 1006½ Garfield avenue. There are now four cases of the disease in the city.

The Independent Order of Foresters will elect officers on Wednesday evening.

The plans for the overhead walk over the railroad tracks at Tenth avenue west have been submitted by the board of public works to the roads interested for approval. The latter have not been heard from yet.

Gate City lodge No. 35, K. of P., held a meeting on Wednesday evening for the election of officers. The following were elected: W. E. Wicks, C. C.; A. B. Loutzenhiser, V. C.; W. R. Triggs, P.; W. McRae, M. of W.; D. S. Forsy, K. of R. and S.; C. F. Leland, M. of F.; J. R. Gibson, M. at A.; J. W. Becker, I. G.; Hugh Young, O. G.

A farewell reception was given to Miss Mary Olson last Tuesday evening at the Swedish Bethel Baptist church at Ninth avenue east and Third street. The great work she has been doing since she came here three years ago as a missionary for the Women's Home mission society was highly recommended. She has especially devoted herself to the sick and the poor. Miss Olson left Tuesday for Cottage, where she will visit some friends and on Jan. 1 will go to Cleveland, Ohio, her new field.

The Ladies' union of Pilgrim church will hold its annual sale of useful and fancy articles Friday afternoon and evening, Dec. 4. A chicken pie supper will be served at 6 o'clock.

Rev. Father Roy, former pastor in Duluth, will celebrate solemn high mass in the cathedral at 10:30 a. m. tomorrow, assisted by Rev. C. Giraux as deacon, Rev. H. Lauzet as subdeacon and Father Corbett master of ceremonies. Father Roy will preach at 7:30 in the evening. The choir will render the grand vespers.

The Security bank depositors have an important meeting at the old Postoffice building this evening at 7:30. All are urged to be present.

Second papers have been issued to Edward O. Robinson, Andrew Hagie, Ingwald G. Woolan, Harold S. Wollan and Halvor Wollan.

The answer of the city of Duluth in the suit brought against it by the Duluth Water and Light company has been filed in the United States court. The city makes a counter claim of $4429.39 for amounts overpaid on hydraulic rentals, for repairs, etc.

Complaint was made to the police department yesterday that the devious trail of a blind pig was plainly discernible in the vicinity of Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. Officer Ryan was detailed to chase up the porker. At last accounts he was camping on the trail.

The ladies of St. Clement's church have arranged another of their always enjoyable receptions, and will entertain their friends at St. Clement's hall next Tuesday evening, Dec. 1, at which time there will be music and refreshments.

Mrs. Cormany severed her connection with the Women's and Children's home on Nov. 21. This was the end of the year for which she was engaged, and naturally she preferred to retire at that time rather than to remain until Jan. 1 as proposed by the board. Mrs. Green is now matron of the home.

A special meeting of the Elks will be held tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The ladies of the order of the Eastern Star gave a large card party at the Masonic Temple last evening. A large number were present.

Sanctioned the Boycott.

The executive committee of the Trades assembly today placed the endorsement of the boycott on Moody's restaurant declared by the Waiters' and Cooks' union. Their action followed an interview between the committee and Manager Miller, of the restaurant, the committee waiting on Mr. Miller in accordance with the resolution passed at last night's meeting of the assembly. There was no much said on either side, Mr. Miller remarking that he is very well satisfied with the situation as it stands.

PERSONALS.

J. F. Breckenridge, of Pine City, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Whiteman, of Tower, were at the Spalding today.

G. H. Moore, of Louisville, Ky., is in the city.

H. H. Hawkins, of Thomson, was in the city last evening.

W. M. Dana, of Ripon, Wis., was in the city last evening.

John Costen, Jr., of Virginia, is in the city.

J. M. Paine, of Carlton, was here last evening.

C. P. McClure, of St. Cloud, was in the city today.

D. P. Phillips, agent of the Walker Whitesides company, is in the city.

O. Jones, of Chicago, one of the valve representatives, has returned to the city.

W. H. H. Stowell has returned from California, where he was called because of the sickness of Mrs. Stowell, who was suffering from pneumonia. She is now much better. Mr. Stowell took quite a prominent par. in the campaign in California.

F. McDonough, of Eau Claire, was in the city last evening.

J. R. Findlay, of Colorado Springs, Colo., was at the Spalding yesterday.

W. W. Miller, special land agent, has returned from a trip of several weeks in the woods.

H. B. Fryberger went to St. Paul this afternoon.

G. G. Hartley returned yesterday from the East. He is greatly pleased with the business outlook.

H. A. Douglass, of Fayal, is in the city.

P. G. Green, of Green Bay, Wis., is in the city.

E. B. Hawkins came down from Virginia today.

James Beatty, of Tower, is in the city.

Mr. Hartman Demurs.

The case of the city of Duluth against O. W. Hartman, to recover $10,000 damages for Hartman's failure to carry out a contract to purchase $750,000 of city water bonds, which he is alleged to have agreed to purchase, came up in special term of district court this morning before Judge Moer. Defendant Hartman entered a demurrer to the complaint on the ground that it did not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action. F. W. Sullivan appeared for Hartman, and J. D. Holmes for the city. The argument was still in progress at noon.

Judge Moer had the special term calendar all alone, and it was not concluded at noon. Several matters went over to this afternoon.

Liberal Contributions.

The box for contributions to the Children's Home society, which was placed in the Spalding hotel ten days ago by Rev. E. P. Savage, of the society, was opened today and found to be full, the sum amounting to nearly $10. The boys in the hotel chipped in enough to make up the amount named. The money goes to aid the society in its work of finding homes for waifs. Boxes were also placed at the St. Louis hotel and Panton & White's store.

Can Do Nothing.

The mayor today informed the health department that complaint had been made that the firm of Williams, Green & Williams had established a lumber camp on Sucker river a few miles back from the lake shore, the refuse from which is carried down the stream and into the lake in the vicinity of Lakewood. Health Officer South says that he can take no action in the matter and that the state authorities must move in the case.

An Omaha Accident.

Soon after the 11 p. m. train for St. Paul on the Omaha pulled out from Superior Thursday it met with an accident at South Range which might have proved serious. At that point it had a head end collision with a wild freight and both engines were badly wrecked. Several cars were slightly damaged but no one was hurt. The Omaha officials both here and in Superior are so silent on the subject as to raise a doubt whether or not they ever heard of an accident of the kind.

Best to Boil it.

The great churning that the water at this end of the lake received in the storm of Thursday has made it very roily and of a bad color. It is undoubtedly a very good precaution to boil all water used for drinking purposes for some day to come. A storm like that of Thursday agitates the water almost to the very bottom of the lake.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

COME AND SEE US

AT THE CORNER OF Nineteenth Avenue East and First St.,

Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 1-2.

OUR ANNUAL FAIR AND SPECIALTY ENTERTAINMENT.

LADIES' UNION OF THE..... **Morley Congregational Church**

F. W. PAINE

He Was Appointed Receiver of the West Superior Steel Company.

Fight on the Ownership of the Judgment Was Dropped.

Judge Moer Roasts Newspapers in General, Meaning One in Particular.

Judge Moer this morning appointed Frederic W. Paine statutory receiver of the West Superior Iron and Steel company under bonds of $2000. An order was also made requiring all creditors to come in inside of six months.

George P. Knowles, of Superior, and P. C. Schmidt, of Duluth, representing the Ashland Iron and Steel company, one of the creditors who objected to the proceedings brought in the name of the Land and River Improvement company, were present in court, but they made no point beyond putting in a few perfunctory objections now and then.

J. B. Cotton, representing the Land and River Improvement company, presented the routine proof of the judgment under which the application for a receiver was begun. There was only one missing link on the chain, and that was that the summons and proof of service in the old case, which was filed May 7, 1893, according to the books in the clerk's office, had been lost in the files. To supply this Mr. Cotton presented an affidavit by Iwan Hanson to the effect that he made service upon R. J. Wemyss in Superior. An answer was filed in the case, and this also served to replace the missing document. After the proof of judgment was complete Mr. Cotton introduced an affidavit from S. E. Kilmer, one of the receivers of the Land and River Improvement company, to the effect that that concern had not parted with the judgment and was not in any way bound to the Rockefeller reorganization. This was prepared in the expectation that the fight promised last Saturday would be made.

Mr. Knowles said that the reason the fight on the ownership of the judgment was not made was because they could not get at the proofs. Therefore they only asked that the proceedings be made so that they could not be attacked hereafter. He had nothing to say until he appointment was made. P. C. Schmidt thought the judgment was a little irregular, but Judge Moer said that it was not irregular enough to hurt it.

Mr. Cotton said that he wanted a fair receiver and to that end he suggested the name of F. W. Parsons, credit man for the Marshall-Wells Hardware company. He had no connection with Mr. Cotton's clients, though he had with Mr. Knowles' clients.

Mr. Knowles disclaimed the relationship. "I have every reason to believe that Mr. Parsons is a very fine man," he said, "but as he is taken up with his business a good deal of his time, and naturally he would have to refer the receivership matter to his attorney. He is pretty close to Mr. Cotton and they board at the same place. I always prefer to appoint attorneys where it is possible, and I would suggest the name of H. F. Greene."

Mr. Cotton had no objections to Mr. Greene, but he did not think lawyers should be put in the position of parties litigant.

"Well, if you cannot get together I'll name find a man," announced Judge Moer.

Mr. Cotton then suggested A. D. Thomson as a business man, but this was not agreeable to the other side. Afterwards, however, the attorneys managed to agree upon Frederic W. Paine, whose bonds were fixed in the nominal sum of $2000. Judge Moer ordered his appointment, and also signed an order requiring the creditors to come in within six months.

THE WATER RECOUNT.

Postponed to Next Thursday---Roast For Newspapers.

When the Baumann election contest came up in special term this morning before Judge Moer J. L. Washburn appeared and moved that it be continued for a week. He stated that he had had no opportunity to examine the inspectors' report and no time to consult, and he wanted a continuance for the purpose of doing these things and thinking it over. There are some statutes bearing on election contests, and Mr. Washburn interpreted them to mean that they could not be heard for thirty days after the canvass, which would make next Saturday the first opportunity.

Mr. Greene, representing the contestant, managed to make an entirely diverse reading of the law. Furthermore, he said, that he did not care to have his client continue under the opprobrium of being termed an obstructionist any longer than as necessary. The public interests were also that it should be settled promptly. Six elections had already been ordered by the council and the city had been involved in litigation for years, and he thought no one wanted to keep the matter in suspense longer. On the face of the returns the proposition to issue bonds had carried, and there might be direful results, if the council, proceeding under this apparent authority, should issue bonds and they should pass to innocent purchasers. He had no objection, however, to having the matter put off till Monday.

To this Mr. Washburn said that it would put him under the painful necessity of working all day Sunday, and he did not believe that counsel wanted to force him to that. As to the council issuing bonds, there is no danger of that. There must be an ordinance before bonds could be issued. There was an ordinance, but his honor the mayor placed his veto upon it, and if bonds were issued he could not be bound to sign them except by the court.

Judge Moer thought that both sides should be fully prepared, so he put the matter off until Thursday. In passing he took occasion to rotate the newspapers pretty strongly for presuming to pass upon the law before the court gets a chance at it. When he set the hearing for Thursday, he said: "There is no telling what information we may be able to obtain from the newspapers in the meantime. I did not suppose that it was the province of newspapers to pass opinions on the law in cases under consideration, but it seems that they do here. Oh, we have wonderful papers here." All of which is respectfully submitted to the News Tribune.

DRAWING TO A CLOSE.

Stahl Case Against the City Almost Concluded.

In the personal injury case of Stahl against the city, which has occupied Judge Ensign's court for nearly two weeks, the attorneys were arguing to the jury this afternoon, the motion to direct a verdict for the defendant having been denied. Judge Moer yesterday took under advisement the case of the Cleveland Iron Mining company against the Eastern Minnesota. The following call of civil cases, including all that is left of the calendar, has been made for next week:

Monday—80, 98, 109, 111, 116, 117, 119, 123, 128, 129.

Tuesday—130, 131, 132, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141, 145, 146, 42.

Wednesday—98, 141, 149, 97, 65, 68, 57, 64, 114, 104.

Thursday—115.

The jury case of Christian Thomson against the Massachusetts Benefit Life association will be taken up by Judge Ensign Monday.

HAS BROUGHT SUIT.

W. W. Preston is After the Curling Club Already.

Worth W. Preston is about to bring suit against the Duluth Curling club to recover $3000 damages for the alleged recession of a contract between them by which the Curling club was to use the ground floor of a skating rink located at the corner of Third avenue east and First street for curling purposes. The trouble between the club and Preston has been sufficiently exploited in the papers. The club complained that Mr. Preston was not following out the contract, so it left him and sought and found new headquarters. This morning an affidavit for garnishment was filed in the district court in which it was alleged that the American Exchange bank has money in its possession belonging to the club. Wilson & Wray are the attorneys.

H. H. McNamara has begun suit against Michael Fink, E. A. Whittaker and O. W. Saunders to clear title to lots in 64-21. H. S. Mahon is the attorney.

Their Election Expenses.

A number of expense accounts have been filed in the office of the county auditor: J. A. Keyes, defeated candidate for attorney general, $300; J. J. Eklund, successful candidate for coroner, $55; W. H. Smallwood, defeated candidate for probate judge, $239.70; John Williams, successful candidate for county commissioner, $144.40; Ole A. Berg, successful candidate for county commissioner, $102; Thomas F. McGilvray, defeated candidate for county surveyor, $175.

A Very Cold Snooze.

Joseph O'Brien, John Teneiff and James Welch, drunks, went up for ten days this morning. Welsh and O'Brien were found by Officer Wayland last evening reposing on the ground among the tracks in the St. Paul & Duluth yards wrapped in large "jugs" as about their only protection against cold. David Harrington, a "vag" of long experience in this profession, was consigned to the rock pile for five days.

Security Bank Depositors.

There will be a meeting of the depositors of the Security bank of Duluth, at the old Postoffice building, No. 14 Fourth avenue west, Saturday evening, Nov. 28, at 7:30 o'clock.

It is urgently requested that every depositor be present, and particularly those who have not yet signed the Adams plan for reorganization, as matters of vital importance to the success of the plan will be brought before the meeting.

G. W. BUCK, Chairman.

IRON WORKS RECEIVER.

Cleveland, Nov. 28.—T. H. Brooks was today appointed receiver of the Phoenix Iron Works company. No statement of liabilities and assets has been filed. It is said a large amount of contract work was outstanding and the company had on hand a large amount of book material and book accounts upon which they could not realize. John J. Sheppard, president of the company, filed an answer admitting the statements and concurring in the appointment of the receiver.

A COUNTERFEITER CONVICTED.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 28.—The jury in the case of Percy B. Sullivan alias S. M. Woodson alias Allen on trial for counterfeiting returned a verdict of guilty today and the sentence will be passed next Tuesday. Sullivan claims Louisville as his home. Sullivan's important operations in this state were at Vincennes and Evansville and his specialty was the circulation of raised bills. He was arrested at St. Louis about ten days ago.

BRICK PLANT BURNED.

Nelsonville, Ohio, Nov. 28.—The entire plant of the East Clayton Brick Making company was destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss is estimated at $100,000 and the insurance is only $22,000. One hundred men are thrown out of employment by the fire.

A WET POET.

London, Nov. 28.—Alfred Austin, the poet laureate, had a narrow escape from drowning in the Tweed through falling from a fishing boat.

THE TREASURY CONDITION.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $228,359,878; gold reserve, $130,176,315.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucus surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one hundred dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

HALF RATE EXCURSIONS.

South and West, via St. Paul & Duluth railroad, Dec. 1 and 15. Tickets and particulars, ticket office, 401 West Superior street, corner Palladio building.

Good ice and frequent car service makes Glen Avon rink an ideal place for skating and curling.

Coal Prices

Get our latest prices on coal. Duluth Fuel Co., basement Herald building.

MARINE MATTERS.

No Tidings Yet of the Missing Cumberland.

Cleveland, Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. C. A. Gilchrist, owner of the steamer Cumberland, which is several days overdue at the Sault, stated today that he had received no tidings of the missing vessel. She was out in the big storm that raged on Lake Superior Wednesday night and since then nothing has been heard of her. Capt. Gilchrist, however, still believes the boat will turn up all right.

COAL CHARTERS.

Buffalo, Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Coal charters: Ross, to Duluth, on private terms, said to be less than 50 cents. There is now but one cargo offering for Lake Superior. Charters will be made to Lake Michigan for several days yet.

FOR WINTER TRAFFIC.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Jay Gould of the Lake Superior line, has been chartered for the winter by the Graham & Morton line and will engage in cross lake trade in connection with the City of Duluth of the same line. It is likely that still another steamer of the Lake Superior line will be placed in the winter traffic.

WHEAT RATE LOW.

Cleveland, Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two or three Cleveland vessels that could take Duluth wheat are offered only 2 cents today and the feeling is accordingly discouraging. The only feature in the local market is the demand for boats to take coal from Toledo to the head of the lakes. Owners are asking 75 cents. They could get 60 cents here.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Frontenac, 3:15 a. m.; Kalkaska, Fontana, 6:30; Gilbert, 7:15; Gilchrist, 9; Chili, 10.

Up yesterday: Iona, 2 p. m.; Marcopa, 2:40; Lindsay, Peck, 3:20; John Eddy, 5:30; George Orr, 6:15.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: German, Goshawk, Jennese, 10 last night; Rosedale, 1 a. m.; Grecian, 7. Up: La Salle, Gratwick (wood), Henry Johnson, 10:40.

Later—Down: Gratwick (steel), 12:30 p. m.; Lagonda, 1:40.

Down yesterday: Chisholm, 3:40 p. m.

PASSED PORT HURON.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Montauk, 9:30 last night; Lockwood and consort, 2:20 a. m.; Glengarry and consort, 4; Matoa and consort, 4:30; Livingstone, 5:15; Marcia, 5:30; George Spencer, 5:40; United Empire, 7:20; Ward, 9:50.

Down yesterday: Portage, 12:10 p. m.; Wake, 1:20; Devereaux, Mather and consorts, 3:40; Desmond, 4; Sitka, Yukon, 4:30; Myles, 4:40; Globe, 6:30.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Pathfinder, Sagamore, Iosco, Maritana, Lake Erie, coal; Harlem, Buffalo, mdse.

Departed—Vulcan, Italia, Cort, Lake Erie, ore; Arabian, Prescott, wheat; Monarch, Sarnia, grain and flour; Mitchell, Osceola, Vanderbilt, Buffalo, flour; Colgate, barge 131, Buffalo, grain.

MARINE NOTES.

Through the grounding of the Rockefeller steamer Siemens and swinging of the Western liner Syracuse athwart the creek, a jam was caused at Buffalo yesterday which lasted several hours.

Capt. James Davidson has laid the keel of a new steamer at West Bay City. Her keel length will be 220 feet, length over all 240 feet, beam 41 feet, molded depth 14 feet. Capacity 1,000,000 feet of lumber.

To acquire the land necessary for widening the Cuyahoga river at Cleveland will cost $231,000. Work will begin as soon as preliminary agreements can be ratified.

The McDougall pigs 116 and 126 will hold again cargoes at Cleveland.

The steamer Frank Rockefeller, in going into Huron, ran into and badly damaged the tug Oscar Stedman.

Life-saving crews on the east shore of Lake Michigan will go out of commission on Dec. 5 this season.

All of the wooden Lehigh Valley line steamers except the Oceanica are in commission again and upward bound with coal cargoes.

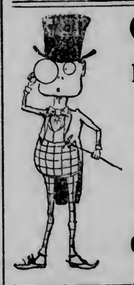
After a stop of eleven days at Ashland, the Rockefeller barge Corliss left with 2473 tons of iron ore, only half a cargo. Every ton of ore brought to the docks had to be thawed out before it could be released from the cars, and several engines have been constantly at work doing nothing but generating steam for this purpose.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Stuttgart, from New York.

New York—Arrived: St. Paul, from Southampton.

Glen Avon rink will open for skating and curling Dec. 1. None but ticker holders admitted.



Christmas!

A pair of good—

Opera Glasses

is a very appropriate present. A fine line at—

G. D. Trott's

106 W. Superior St

Buy your Holiday Presents now before the rush and crush!

Let the Herald advertisements guide you where your money will get you most.

Auction Sale

Our entire stock of unredeemed pledges consisting of—

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Musical Instruments

Also a Fine Line of

Jewelry and Fancy Novelties

To be closed out at public auction without reserve regardless of cost or value. A chance to buy your Christmas presents at your own price.

Seats reserved for Ladies on Afternoon Sales.

Every lady attending the sale will be presented with a beautiful and useful souvenir.

SALE COMMENCES—

Monday, Nov. 30 at 2:00 p. m.

And will continue daily at 2 and 7:30 p. m. until closed out.

THE STANDARD JEWELRY AND LOAN OFFICE,

324 West Superior Street, St. Louis Hotel Bldg.

Commercial Light & Power Co.

(Successors to Hartman General Electric Co.)

FURNISH ELECTRIC CURRENT

FOR LIGHT AND POWER.

OFFICES—Rooms 4, 5 and 6, 216 West Superior Street, - - - Duluth, Minn.

The ice at Glen Avon rink is now in good shape, and quite a number of down town skaters and curlers are preparing to have a good time at the opening on Tuesday.

Glen Avon Rink

Skating and Curling

Open to Ticket holders Only.

G. E. Gibson, Secretary.

TO THE TEACHERS AND SCHOLARS OF PUBLIC AND SUNDAY SCHOOLS; ALSO YOUNG FOLKS IN THE CITY OF DULUTH:

We have just received, fresh from the shop, the largest 4-horse sleigh in the city, will accommodate 30 people. Can be rented at reasonable prices. Make arrangements ahead; also 2 and 3-seat trap sleighs, pole and single cutters.

Nichols & Thomas,

Board of Trade Livery.

Telephone 440.

A CHOICE

Residence Lot AT A GREAT BARGAIN.

Corner lot, fronting on three streets, in best neighborhood, and nearly double usual size. Ask particulars quick of

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,

Torrey Building, First Floor.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE,

Patent Lawyers, Solicitors and Experts.

Estab'd Washington, D. C. 1861.

103 Trust Company Bldg, Duluth, Minn.

(Inventors guide book free.)

"There are Others"

But it will pay you to visit

Our Establishment

and look over our stock and prices. We manufacture our own goods and can save you money. Our repairing, engraving and stone cutting is done in the latest style by mechanics of twenty years experience and fully guaranteed. Pay cash for old gold and make to order any design.

Dorner & Co. Manufacturing Jewelers, Metropolitan block—2nd floor, next to Freimuth's.

CHEAP FARMS

In St. Louis, Carlton and Kennebec counties. **25,000 ACRES** to exchange for Duluth real estate. Money to loan on real estate. If you have anything to sell or trade list it with us.

J. R. CAREY & CO., 47, 48 and 49 Exchange Building.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,

L. N. SCOTT, Manager.

ONE NIGHT, MONDAY, NOV. 30.

AL. G. FIELD MINSTRELS AND UTOPIA.

An entire train of specially constructed cars! 70 people in all—70! Everything new this season! 40 Matchless Minstrel Favorites—40! 30 Acrobats, Gymnasts, Vaulters, Athletes—30! 3 Big Bands of Music—3! The Great Parade starts from the theater at 11 a. m.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

United States Government Depositary.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

A. L. ORDEAN, President. J. H. DIGHT, Cashier. W. S. BISHOP Asst. Cashier.

Money Sent to All Parts of the World.

Accounts of Merchants, Banks, Corporations and Individuals Solicited.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

EXCEPTIONALLY LOW RATES FOR THE WINTER AT THE St. James Hotel

Excellent Service. Cuisine up to the Highest Standard.

MUMS!

Chrysanthemums, incurved and recurved, reds, whites, yellows, gold, bronze, lilac and pink. Cut flowers by thousands; also a lovely stock of potted Mums, Ferns and plants of all kinds, fresh cut Smilax, etc.

25 Per Cent Off Until Election on Everything

LAKESIDE GREENHOUSES,

52nd Avenue East.

M. M. GASSER, 211 West Superior St.

Trade Mark.

Have You Tried Our Bottled Export Wiener Beer?

For family use it is unexcelled.

Duluth Brewing and Malting Co.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1896.

CHURCHES

Maj. Hilton, the Evangelist, at the Armory Tomorrow Afternoon.

Freedman's Aid Society Thanksgiving Service at First M. E. Church.

The Services and Sermon Subjects in the Other Churches.

Maj. George A. Hilton, of Washington, D. C., will have charge of the Y. M. C. A. service tomorrow at 3:30 o'clock. The meeting will be held in the new Armory and will be for men only. Subject, "Soul Poison."

The Freedman's Aid and Southern Educational society Thanksgiving service will be held in the First Methodist church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. At 7:30 o'clock in the evening Dr. Humason will preach by special request on "The Prodigal Son." Sunday school at 3 p. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

The heating apparatus in Pilgrim Congregational church, which broke down last Sunday, has been repaired, and regular services have been resumed. Rev. C. H. Patton will discuss in the morning "The Elevation of Inferior Races," and an offering will be made to the American Missionary association. In the evening Mr. Patton will discuss "The Present Status of the Temperance Movement."

At the Bethel tomorrow Maj. Hilton, the evangelist, will preach at 10:30 o'clock and 7:30 o'clock. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.

At the Unitarian church, corner of East First street and Eighth avenue, Rev. F. C. Southworth will preach at 10:45 a. m. on "All Things Are Yours." Sunday school at 12 m.

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, there will be services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.. The morning service will be occupied by the Sunday school in observance of Bible day. In the evening Rev. C. T. Hallowell will preach.

At the First Christian church, corner Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, there will be services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Preaching by the minister, Robert Grieve. Subject of the evening sermon, "The Supreme Concern," a special sermon to young ladies, by request. Bible school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:15.

Tomorrow morning Rev. W. W. Newell will preach a special sermon to "Mothers" at Morley Congregational church, the parents of all children in the Sunday school. The annual offering for the A. M. A. will be taken up, and the choir will sing one of the plantation melodies. Regular evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

Tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock the cathedral choir will sing Farmer's mass in B flat, the program being as follows:

"Asperges Me" ....La Hache
Choir.
"Kyrie" ....Farmer
Cathedral orchestra and choir.
"Gloria" ....Farmer
Choir.
"Pax Hominibus" ....Farmer
Misses W. Killorin and A. Michaud, Messrs. John Haben and Franz Schultz.
"Gratias" ....Farmer
Joseph Sattler, Franz Schultz.
"Qui Tollis" ....Farmer
James Lynn.
"Suscipe" ....Farmer
Miss Mae Kennedy.
"Quoniam" ....Farmer
Miss Loretta Gallagher and choir.
"Credo" ....Farmer
Choir.
"Et Incarnatus" ....Farmer
Choir.
Offertory—"Veni Jesu" ....Cherubini
Choir.
"Sanctus" ....Farmer
Choir.
"Benedictus" ....Farmer
Miss Agnes England and choir.
"Agnus Dei" ....Farmer
Mrs. Franz Schultz, Miss Mae Kennedy.
"Dona Nobis" ....Farmer
Miss L. Gallagher, Miss A. Michaud and choir.
Chorus—"Te Deum ....Lambellotte
Choir.

At vespers the program will be as follows:

"Veni Creator" ....Giorza
Franz Schultz.
"Hymn" ....
Choir.
"O Salutaris" ....Schubert
Miss May Miller.
"Vantum Ergo" ....Peters
Choir.
"Laudate Dominum" ....
Choir.

The First Church of Christ, Scientist, will hold services on the second floor of the Kalamazoo block at 18 West Superior street at 10:45 a. m. Subject, "Search After Wisdom."

At Hazelwood Presbyterian church there will be services tomorrow at 3 p. m. Sunday school at 2 p. m.

At the Second Presbyterian church there will be preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by Rev. T. M. Findley, pastor. Morning subject, "The Lion in Our Streets;" evening subject, "Significance of the Increase of Fellowship Among Nations."

At the Glen Avon church tomorrow morning Rev. Wilson Aull will preach on the topic "The Presbyterian Church." Sabbath school at noon. Endeavor service at 6:45.

At the Oneota Methodist church Rev. R. H. Craig will preach at 11 a. m. and will deliver a sermon on "Temperance" at 7:30 p. m. Love feast at 10 a. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

At St. James' Catholic church there will be first mass and short sermon at 8:30 a. m., and high mass, with sermon by Father Mackey, at 10:30 a. m. Baptisms and blessings at 2 p. m. Sunday school at 2:30 o'clock. Vespers and benediction at 3:30 p. m. After this there will be a meeting in connection with the parish fair.

At the First Presbyterian church Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening subject, "A Creed of Seven Words."

At St. John's English Lutheran church Rev. S. W. Kuhns will preach at 10:30 a. m. Vespers and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.

At the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, services will be held at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., and Rev. K. A. Lundin will preach. Sunday school at 12 m. Young People's meeting at 4:30 p. m.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

The entertainments given by the school children Wednesday afternoon were very good indeed, and reflect credit to the teachers. Special mention should be made of the debate on "Resolved, That Fourth of July is a Better Holiday than Thanksgiving." Amos Watson took the affirmative and his opponent was John Hermann. Both subjects were well handled. Also the series of pantomimes on "The Landing of the Pilgrims" were very fine indeed. Mrs. Cook, the principal's and Miss Stateler's rooms united in exercises, and Miss Smith's and Miss Gassette's rooms. There was a good attendance from the parents, and all were pleased with the exercises.

Several days ago Mr. Bowser was seen headed for the woods with a gun over his shoulder. His friends, anxious to know his destination, were told that they should all be treated to venison on his return. What was their disappointment when they saw him return with two insignificant jack rabbits can be imagined. Never mind; deer season comes again next year!

The resident high school scholars entertained the seniors and juniors from Duluth last evening at the home of J. Hermann. The house was decorated in the class colors of red and white. There were about forty visitors present, and a most enjoyable time was had by all.

The Thanksgiving entertainment at the Baptist hall failed to mature, the weather interfering. There were a great many disappointed people, as they had planned no Thanksgiving for home. This was the stormiest Thanksgiving New Duluth had ever witnessed.

Mrs. Bart Reed and daughter, Grace, returned Saturday from a two months' visit with friends at Verndale, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. McNally entertained Mr. and Mrs. Bronson, of West Duluth, Thanksgiving day.

William J. Menhennick returned Wednesday morning from St. Charles, Minn.

Mrs. Myrick and family, of Duluth, spent Thanksgiving day here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mehlhorn.

Mrs. Cook and Miss Stateler went to Duluth Thursday night.

Will Smith and family were visiting friends in West Duluth Thursday.

The new county bridge at Short Line Park is completed. This will give the residents of New Duluth a much shorter route to Carlton and the settlements near by.

N. Clark, who has had charge of the Mausser & Sauntry logs, at this place, has returned to Stillwater, Minn.

B. Laidley is doing some needed repairing to the depot.

Mr. McIver, superintendent of bridges and buildings for the St. Paul & Duluth road, was in New Duluth Tuesday.

Frank McNaughton has left for his home at Grand Rapids, Minn.

Politics has not entirely died out in New Duluth, as two prominent citizens became so excited in the discussion of it, that one of Mr. Tower's store windows was broken as a result.

The school library is to be greatly increased and a piano is to be furnished the school. These additions will be greatly appreciated by teachers and pupils.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lockhart are entertaining friends from Two Harbors, Minn.

Miss Park, stenographer for Hermann, Becklinger & Hermann, ate turkey with friends in Lakeside Thanksgiving day.

Albert Crawford spent Sunday in West Duluth.

The Women's Social league of the Congregational church met with Mrs. Sanford Friday afternoon.

Mrs. Kerr is slowly recovering from her long illness.

C. M. Wright expected to spend Thanksgiving day with his parents in Massachusetts.

A DOOMED SPIRE.

To Be Removed Because of Its History.

The noted tower of Emmanuel Baptist church on Bartlett street, San Francisco, where the body of the murdered Blanche Lamont was found, and in the basement of which the remains of Minnie Williams were discovered the day before, is to be removed.

After discovering the dreadful tragedy that blotted out the lives of two innocent girls and stained the edifice with blood the question of tearing down the church and either erecting another building or disposing of the property by sale arose. The trustees and members felt keenly the horrible notoriety that had come upon their organization, but as they were heavy in debt and had also expended considerable money in the purchase of the lot and in the erection of the church they felt they could not make the sacrifices necessary.

Consequently, in the face of popular disapproval, they heroically resolved to continue to worship in the building that bore the burden of its awful crime, and in the future, when they could take upon themselves the additional expense, they would remodel the structure and, if possible, obliterate somewhat the ever-present reminder of the great crime of the century. For this purpose a church fair was held recently and considerable funds realized.

Robert N. Lynch, the pastor assistant, state that it was the intention of the officers of the church to make a great many changes in the building, especially in that portion fronting on Batlet street. One of the trustees stated that it was their intention to remodel the entire building and change the shape of the tower for reasons well known to the public, and it being their property there was no law to prevent them doing as they choose. They had permitted the prosecution to tear up floors, remove doors and otherwise mutilate the structure, and had assisted the officers in uncovering the great and deplorable crime, and now they must be permitted to make the much-needed repairs and changes.

These repairs cannot be commenced without the consent of the prosecution in the Durrant case, and one of the counsel stated that consent would not be granted until the case was ended. Mr. Taber, one of the trustees, had visited him, and during the conversation between the two the question was settled. It may be necessary to visit the tower with witnesses and a new jury, and for that reason it is better that no changes be made in the structure.

STROKE OF ENTERPRISE.

New York Journal: "God helps these"—

The prudent business man carefully emptied two packages of tacks over a large area of asphalt—"who help themselves."

He strewed the fragments of a beer bottle along the roadway and then retired to his bicycle repair shop to wait for custom.

LONDON

Increased Trade Noticed in England Since the American Election.

Much Speculation in London as to Who Will Succeed Bayard.

Mr. Morgan's Gold Hunting Trip to China and Elsewhere.

London, Nov. 28.—(Copyright by the Associated Press, 1896.)—Representatives of the Associated Press have been making enquiries in various British and continental trade centers as to the effects upon trade already traceable to the result of the presidential election. These enquiries have been made among the leading exporters and at the American consulates and of the larger forwarding agents. In England the increase in the number of invoices presented for authentication at all the consulates in the first week after the election of McKinley was more marked than during the second and third weeks, but the increase for the second and third weeks over the same period in October was at many consulates over 60 per cent. Among forwarding agents there is the general belief in good times abroad, many of them having since November made contracts for large amounts of cubic space. Exporters and large commission houses report greatly increased activity which they expect to continue for some time. American stocks of dry goods, etc., having been allowed to fall very low. The winter buyers due shortly are expected to order heavy lines of goods.

In Dublin the election of McKinley has been very cordially received by the exporters. There is everywhere noticeable a general expectation of improved trade during 1897. This feeling is based in part upon the assurance of a policy of continuity in monetary affairs and partly upon the indications of the past few United States. One large exporter, however, qualifies this generally held opinion by saying: "International trade is dependent upon so many fluctuating quantities that no absolutely safe predictions can be laid down as to the future."

There is much speculation among Americans in London as to who will be the next ambassador to the court of St. James. It is hoped that with a change of ambassadors the United States government will find it advisable to change the embassy as well. The present quarters, the ground floor of a dingy flat in Victoria street, are not imposing, and do not compare favorably with the splendid houses provided by the other governments to the French, German and other ambassadors.

Dr. Nansen, who is to deliver an address before the Royal Geographical society on Feb. 8, will on that occasion be presented with the society's special medal. This is an honor granted to but few, among those who have been the recipients being Henry M. Stanley and Dr. Layard.

Shortly before the holidays Lady Halle will publish a volume of extracts concerning musical matters from letters written to her by her husband, Sir Charles. The book will form a complete history of musical events in England between 1865 and 1895.

The cycle show at the Agricultural hall, Islington, has, during the past eight days, attracted great attention. The list of exhibitors numbered over 350. Over 3500 machines were entered and all the English makers represented. The list of American entries comprised about twenty different companies.

Pritchard Morgan, M.P., who is interested in the gold mines of North Wales which were discovered by him, accompanied by a number of mining experts has started for China via the United States. He was in close touch with Li Hung Chang while the latter was in England, and it is presumed that Mr. Morgan is going to prospect for gold.

In Paris the increase in the shipments to the United States has been marked considerably since the election. The indications in trade circles are that the exports during the next few months will be heavier than for a long time past. This arises partly from the fact that many orders for merchandise had been given by American importers conditional upon the election of Mr. McKinley, and that a good many others had been withheld until the result was known. Another cause assigned for the actual and prospective increase in French trade with the United States is that there is a widespread anticipation in France of an increase in the tariff, and it is thought wise to anticipate such an event by large shipments of French goods to the United States, while the existing schedules remain in force. So far as can be judged by the expressions of exporters doing business through the United States consulate at Paris, arises from McKinley's position on the currency question is somewhat tempered by the fear that it will result in tariff changes prejudicial to the interests of French manufacturers and producers.

In Germany, the defeat of the silver coinage proposition has also been received with satisfaction. This is more natural at Frankfort, when it is remembered how largely American securities are held by all classes. At Dresden the exporters while active are a little more conservative in expression. They go only so far as to admit that the fear of the adoption of a silver standard has only been temporarily dispelled. Even so, international trade has been already benefited. But the uncertainty of a new tariff schedule, and the fear of extra tariff legislation, combined with the belief that the silver battle will have to be fought over again, will cause merchants to move cautiously along the lines of export and import for some months to come. The prevailing opinion among the exporters of Zurich and Geneva is one of extreme satisfaction at the result.

It is announced by a newspaper here that the government will devote £1,000,000 to the endowment of a Roman Catholic university in Ireland. This, it is believed, is possibly one of the things which the chief secretary for Ireland, Gerald Balfour, promised Timothy Healy for the latters support of the government's land bill last session.

Sir John Sloane, who in 1836 devised a number of pictures and statues, etc., to the Sloane museum, indulged in a testamentary joke. He left three sealed cupboards to be opened by his executors, in 1866, 1886 and 1896. The last one was opened on Monday, and much time, to the chagrin of the executors, who expected to find a valuable find, it was, like the two previous cupboards, empty of all but valueless papers.

The memorial to the late archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Benson, is to take the form of a monument in Canterbury cathedral, and the completion of a portion of Truro cathedral.

The principal autumn visit of royalty and the principal society of the union of the country house season was the visit this week of the prince and princess of Wales to Blenheim. The program of the festivities of Blenheim was carried out with success. The sporting features were all that the prince of Wales could desire, accustomed as he is to sample the finest shooting in Great Britain. To the crowds of reporters, and to the townsmen generally, the duke of Marlborough made himself extremely unpopular. He refused to see reporters, but allowed his agent, who reflects the duke's airs in a still more offensive way, to see two or three representatives of the press, who were requested by the agent, while they were in the park during the prince of Wales' visit, to wear high silk hats and frockcoats.

DANGEROUS SURGERY.

Death Follows the Surgeon's Knife—Not the Surgeon's Fault, of Course. He Can't Help It—You Can.

Pyramid Pile Cure Cures Piles Quickly, Painlessly, Without Danger.

People go along for years suffering with piles. They try this and that and the other thing; from carrying a buckeye to getting treatment from a physician. They obtain temporary relief, maybe, but they are never quite cured. A little strain in lifting, excessive fatigue, a little constipation or a little diarrhoea and the piles come back.

They don't seem to amount to much, but they banish sleep and appetite. No position is comfortable. There is intense local pain, and that dreadful feeling of weight in the perineum.

Maybe in the early stages some of the many salves on sale will afford temporary relief. If the case is of long standing there is only one speedy and sure remedy. It is Pyramid Pile Cure. Even in light cases it is the safest thing to use. Other applications may cure and may not. Pyramid Cure is always certain, always reliable, always brings comfort at once. It's prompt use saves months of severe suffering. In extreme cases it will save surgical operations and their attendant dangers and discomforts. It is better than a knife. Will cure easier, quicker and safer. Thousands have used it. Thousands have been cured by it. The cost is trifling, compared with what it does. The price is 50 cents. Most anybody would gladly pay $10 to be rid of piles.

Druggists sell Pyramid Pile Cure. If yours hasn't it he will get it for you from the Pyramid Drug company, of Albion, Mich., (sole manufacturers.)

CURIOUS WORD STUDIES.

St. Louis Globe Democrat: Baron once meant only a strong man.

Parlor was originally the talking place.

Gauze was first manufactured at Gaza.

A chancellor was once only a doorkeeper.

To provide was once simply to "look ahead."

Despot originally signified "master of the house."

Paper comes from the name of an Egyptian red.

The word chestnut came originally from Castenea.

The word nice originally meant ignorant or foolish.

A maneuver was once a dexterous piece of handiwork.

The magnet is so-called from the mineral magnesia.

Scamper originally signified only "to go out of a field."

To insult once signified to jump or dance on a dead body.

Manumit formerly meant to "send away from the hand."

The word mob is a Latin word signifying movable.

To encroach once signified to put a hook into and pull away.

Dandelion was once written dent-de-lion, the lion's tooth.

Dimity, a popular dress material, was once made at Damietta.

To speculate in its original sense was to look out of the window.

Leaf recalls the palm leaves formerly used in the East as paper.

Cemetery is from the Latin signifying "a sleeping chamber."

Husband originally was the houseband, or bond of union in the house.

Idiot once meant simply boy. It is used by Shakespeare in this sense.

The word abandon originally signified "to run away from your colors."

The word scrupulous originally signified to "have a stone in one's shoe."

Milliners first plied their trade at Milan, and mantua-makers at Mantua.

The tarantula is named for its plentifulness in the vicinity of Taranto.

The shallot takes its name from its plentifulness in the vicinity of Ascalon.

Coffee is thus called because it was first exported from the Arabian port of Kaffa.

Cambric originally came from Cambray, whence its name, and calico from Calicut.

Gin takes its name from Geneva, where it was formerly made in large quantities.

Puss, familiar name for cat, was once pers, the Persian name for the same animal.

Termagant was once a suppositious Mohammedan deity of fierce temper and language.

The word vernacular once meant "a slave who was born in the house of his master."

Huzzy is a contraction of house wife and by early English writers is used in that sense.

Tobacco is so called because is was first noted by Europeans on the small island of Tobago.

Ballot was once "a little ball." In many organizations ballots are still taken with marbles.

ELECTRIC BITTERS.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $1.00 per bottle at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

WHY HE STOOD.

New York Journal: "Why don't you sit down, Bobby?" inquired papa one day, when his little son manifested a desire to eat his meals from the mantel.

"Yesterday," quoth his young helpless, "I asked you how many made 1,000,000. You said, 'Bloomin' few.' I told that to the teacher, and that's why I can't sit down."

GROWING

Commercial Agencies Say That the Volume of Business is Increasing.

Recent Extreme Weather Was Not Favorable For the Retail Trade.

Encouraging Reports Given of a Favorable Outlook For Next Year.

New York, Nov. 28.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says: When the rush of orders after election slackened, many began to think business dwindling. Subsidence of deferred orders is not a decrease of business. Broadly speaking, the gain has been greater than anybody expected, and it is not surprising if a small part of it is in excess of the present consuming demand. Reports from all parts of the country show clearly enlargement of trade, not at all points in the same branches, but everywhere helped by a more confident feeling. Extremes of weather have made the week not altogether good for retail trade, but in that line, also, there is improvement on the whole.

Wheat has risen over 6 cents for the week, without material change in foreign advices, which, on the whole, have been less stimulating. But thirteen cargoes have left Tacoma in November, and thirty have left San Francisco. Thirteen are loading, and forty engaged. The milling demand in the Atlantic states is also large, and at four Western cities the output of flour in five weeks has been 2,655,415 barrels, against 2,613,300 in the same week last year. Corn has sympathized with wheat only a little, and is coming freely. The most important factor in the wheat market is that the visible supplies do not gain as much as has been expected.

Cotton has gained only a sixteenth, after its considerable decline, and the tolerably heavy movement puts the speculators for an advance in constant difficulties, and yet there is all the time to remember the fact that the crop was nearly one month earlier than usual, and the present excess over last year's movement may be materially reduced hereafter. Nevertheless, the fact appears that the Northern mills are taking much less cotton than in previous years, and the demand for goods is evidently disappointing.

Wool was and is still bought largely for speculation, and earlier purchasers are unloading on the latter, but the mills are not yet doing much more than in October. A few more have been started, but there is scarcely much more demand apparent for staple goods. Including speculative operations, the sales of wool have been, for four weeks, 37,814,100 pounds, of which 26,212,000 were domestic, against 24,296,050 last year, of which 13,381,750 were domestic, and 24,371,821 in 1893, of which 21,639,196 were domestic. But the producing capacity in operation does not seem to be half the capacity of the works, and the stoppage of several large carpet mills within the past ten days is of importance.

The collapse of the nail combination, and probably of the beam combination, and considerable reduction in quotations for nails and beams, give reason to look for a larger demand for products of iron and steel, but at present the sales against speculative purchases made some time ago are depressing prices, and Bessemer pig has sold at $12.25, and, according to some reports a little lower, at Pittsburg. The demand for such products as are not controlled by the combinations is somewhat increased, but by no means as rapidly as expected. In minor metals, tin is scarcely as strong as it was a week ago, but copper and lead are stronger.

Failures for the week have been 300 in the United States, against 279 last year, and 38 in Canada, against 47 last year.

WHAT BRADSTREET SEES.

New York, Nov. 28.—Bradstreet's today will say: Last week's disappointment at the lack of demand in general lines continues, the intervention of a holiday having made trade quieter and the volume smaller. At some points of distribution there is no change in the situation. Mild and unseasonable weather prevents more active distribution of clothing and heavy goods, and the volume moving is smaller. Where business has been more active it is due to filling in orders and to the demand for holiday goods. Confidence in a revival of demand, which has not yet appeared, was responsible for the starting up of some mills and factories that are dissatisfied with their prospects. The most encouraging reports are of an improved tone of trade and a favorable outlook for 1897. The large number of changes in prices of staples were downward this week.

Exports of wheat—flour included as wheat—from both coasts of the United States (Newport News missing) amount to 3,641,518 bushels this week, against 3,937,000 bushels last week; 2,460,000 bushels in the week one year ago, 2,667,000 bushels in the week two years ago, 2,440,000 bushels three years ago, and as compared with 4,533,000 bushels in the corresponding week of 1892. Exports of Indian corn this week amount to 2,651,663 bushels, against 2,975,000 bushels last week, 1,820,000 bushels in the week one year ago, and comparatively small quantities in corresponding weeks in three preceding years.

There were 295 business failures throughout the United States this week, 13 fewer than last week, 7 more than in the week one year ago, 12 fewer than two years ago and 3 less than in the corresponding week of 1892. As compared with the like week of 1892, when the volume of business was large and trade was generally prosperous, the increase this week is only 27.

There were 36 business failures from the Canadian Dominion this week, against 47 last, 52 in the week a year ago and 35 two years ago.

TWO VIEWS OF A GENTLEMAN.

Indianapolis Journal: "There are some things," said the orator, "that a gentleman cannot afford to do."

"Gee!" murmured the stubby-whiskered man in the rear row; "I always thought a gentleman was a guy that could afford to do as he durn please."

STUDYING THE SUN.

The following notes are compiled from a lecture delivered recently by Professor Charles A. Young of Princeton university:

The earth derives 99 per cent of its energy from the sun.

Meteoric showers give rise to the greater proportion of the remaining 1 per cent. The stars also feebly help.

Our sun is but one of thousands of others of equal or greater magnitude.

Wind power is derived from the unequal heating of various portions of the earth by the sun's rays.

Water power is derived from the evaporation of water by the sun's heat and its deposition on highlands in the form of snow or rain.

Plant life is directly dependent on the sun for light and heat.

Muscular power is derived from the consumption of food, either animal or vegetable, the energy of which is directly traceable to the sun.

Steam power is the stored-up energy of the sun's rays in past ages in the form of coal—bottled sunshine, as it has been called.

The distance of the sun from the earth is 93,000,000 miles.

The earth and moon could be placed inside the sun if it was hollowed out, without disturbing their present relations, and the moon would revolve at a distance about half way to the surface.

The determination of the distance of the sun is known to be accurate within one-quarter of 1 per cent.

The sun's distance is equal to about 12,000 times the diameter of the earth.

A train running at sixty-five miles an hour would reach the sun in 175 years.

At the rate of 2 cents a mile the fare to the sun would be $1,500,000.

The light year is the astronomical unit of stellar distances.

The apparent diameter of the sun is about one-half degree.

Suns to the number of 710 could be arranged around the circle of the horizon.

If the energy of the sun is only radiated from it in the direction of other material bodies, and not in all directions, the shrinkage theory affords a satisfactory explanation of all known phenomena.

A baseball compared to a sphere twenty-seven feet in diameter gives the relative size of the earth and sun.

The sun's bulk is 1300 times that of the earth.

The mass of the sun is 330,000 times that of the earth.

The force of gravity at the sun's surface is twenty-seven times greater than the force of gravity on the earth.

An average size person would weigh a ton on the sun's surface.

The average density of the sun is only a quarter of that of the earth.

The present accepted theory was advanced by Helmholtz in 1853. The shrinkage of the sun's surface gives rise to heat in the same manner as any falling body does, as, for instance, when a heavy weight is dropped from a great height.

The average density of the sun may be compared to the density of water.

We cannot see the sun itself; we see only the cloud or vapor shell that covers it, like the mantle of a Welsbach burner.

We never get nearer than 100 miles optically of the moon, even with the most powerful telescopes.

The temperature of the sun's surface has been measured and determined to be between 12,000 and 20,000 degrees Fahrenheit.

The most accurate determinations of the sun's temperature, made by Wilson and Gray in Ireland, place it as 14,000 degrees Fahrenheit.

This termination is correct within 1000 degrees.

At very small distances within the sun's surface the temperature rises just as it does on the earth.

The high temperature of the sun is not maintained by combustion; of this astronomers are sure. If the temperature was maintained in this way the sun would have burnt out long ago. Shrinkage in size is the now accepted theory of the source of the sun's heat and light.

The rotation of the sun in a magnetic field has been advanced as a possible cause of the sun's heat. This is disproved by the fact that if it were so the sun's rotation would have been so impeded as to have completely stopped within 500 years.

The theory of meteors colliding with the sun, an old and once popular idea advanced in accounting for the sun's heat, is now rejected.

If the sun contracts 300 feet in diameter each year it would take something like 700 years to detect it with our largest telescopes.

The sun is giving us thirty calories of heat for every square meter of its surface, or about two and three-quarters horse power of energy for each square meter.

If the sun was inclosed in a mass of ice sixty feet thick it would be one minute in melting it.

The radiation of the heat from the sun is not eternal; it had its beginning and will have its end.

If the sun radiates light and heat in all directions it cannot be more than 100,000,000 years old. This is Lord Kelvin's estimate.

At the present rate the sun will continue from 7,000,000 to 15,000,000 of years, but the end will surely come.

The actinometer is one instrument by which the sun's heat is measured. It balances the radiation from a body at a known temperature about a beam of sunshine. An allowance has to be made for the absorption of the earth's atmosphere.

The meldometer and radio-micrometer are the instruments used by Wilson and Gray in the accurate determinations above referred to. The principle of the meldometer is the balancing of an electric current generated by the sun's rays falling on a thermopile against the electric current generated by an incandescent platinum strip of known temperature acting on a similar thermopile.

Attempts have been made to utilize the sun's heat to do useful mechanical work, and Ericsson, the Swedish inventor, devised a form of engine in which the rays were reflected from and concentrated by a curved mirror upon a small pipe filled with water, steam being thereby generated, which was utilized to drive a steam engine, furnishing power to run a printing press of two horse-power capacity.

It is suggested that where sunshine may be depended upon, as in Egypt and other tropical countries where fuel is scarce, the Ericsson engine might be commercially useful.

The sun consists of three parts, the central portion, or nucleus, which is gaseous, but rendered viscous under the enormous pressure and high temperature; the photosphere of incandescent metallic vapors, and the corona, which is only observable during the time of total eclipse.

Sun spots are comparatively dark patches upon the sun's surface.

ITASCA

Convention at Grand Rapids to Consider Legislative Reapportionment.

Great Northern Surveyors Have Run Their Line to Deer River.

Grand Rapids Hopes to Be a Transcontinental Railroad Division Point.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Nov. 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The matter of reapportioning the legislative districts of Northern Minnesota is attracting some attention here, and a convention of Itasca county citizens will soon be called to formulate their views upon the subject. Delegates will be selected to attend a convention of the Sixth district, which will probably be held at Aitkin on acount of its central location. Hon. D. M. Gunn coincides with the general sentiment, and will endeavor to meet the wishes of the delegates.

The first annual ball of Pokegama tent of the Knights of the Maccabees was held at village hall Thursday evening. It was well attended, notwithstanding the severe storm.

Dr. B. E. Fernow, chief of the forestry division, department of agriculture, Washington, D. C., arrived Thursday with Superintendent T. A. Hoverstad, of the Crookston experiment farm. They drove across country via the Red Lake agency, and were met here by General Superintendent Hays, of the Minnesota experiment farms, who arrived the previous night. Superintendent Warren Pendergast, of the N. E. Minnesota experiment farms, is entertaining the visitors, and took them to the Powers & Simpson logging camps yesterday.

A new iron bridge, now being built across Pokegama thoroughfare, will soon be finished. It will cost about $3850, and is to establish communication from Grand Rapids across the Mississippi (at the thoroughfare) and connect with the new highway through Cass county to the south and southwest.

The county house at the poor farm is nearly finished, and will be open to occupants about New Years.

The Ladies' Temple quartet of Duluth will appear at the village hall Saturday evening in an entertainment for the benefit of the Public School Literary society.

It is reported on good authority that the Great Northern surveyors have run their line across the Duluth & Winnipeg railway at Deer river, and will continue east and northeast to strike the iron range, from which they will survey a connection with the Eastern Minnesota railway.

It is figured that Grand Rapids is well located to be the division point in case a trans-continental railway connection is made next year with the Duluth & Winnipeg road. A strong effort is being made, however, to have the division at Deer river.

The officers of the Grand Rapids fire department recently elected are: Chief, W. V. Fuller; first assistant, Emil Litchke; second assistant, John Costello; secretary, C. V. Gamache; treasurer, E. A. Kremer.

The shipments of deer from Grand Rapids have footed 500 head for the season. With the home consumption the killing must have been about 800 head in Itasca county. The hunters were generally well pleased with their experiences as the weather was in their favor.

The Methodist church, which has been undergoing repairs, was reopened with Thanksgiving services.

USED FOR "PACKING."

Toothpicks Made in Japan Come to America Free of Duty.

It has often been a matter of wonder that articles of Japanese manufacture, such as toothpicks and fans, could be sold at such low prices. The small fans are sold at a cent apiece, while the dainty little toothpicks command the same price per bundle, says the Jewelers' Review.

When one examines either of these products and speculates upon the amount of labor that must be spent to make them in any quantity, the natural inference is that the well-known smallness of Japanese wages contains the explanation. Such skilled workers as watchmakers get but a trifle more than a dollar a week for their services, and the less skilled and more mechanical trades command a pittance that to our Western ideas seems incredibly small.

But small as the wages of the Japanese worker may be, there are considerations that indicate at once that some other cause must be found. There is a duty on both the articles mentioned, and in addition to this it must be remembered that Japan is a good piece away, and that, in the natural course, freights would give a considerable price in this market to articles that were entirely without cost in the Orient.

A visit to several Japanese importing house, which deals exclusively in fine Satsuma and other native wares and in Japanese curios, revealed the secret of the prices at which the small wares could be offered here. The large vases, which form the staple import of the concerns called upon, require the most careful packing, lest on their long journey they come to grief; and here is where the toothpicks and fans not only work their passage, but legally escape duty. Packed in and around the vases are many thousands of these articles, and by this use they lose their character as merchandise and become merely so much "packing."

HOW THE EYES SEE.

Helmholtz has shown that the fundi of the eyes are themselves luminous, says the St. Louis Republic. In making an experiment he was able to see, in total darkness, the movements of his arms by the light of his own eyes! Oculists and physiologists declare that this is one of the most remarkable experiments recorded in the history of the sciences. Probably there are but few men living who could satisfactorily repeat the experiment, for the reason that it is very likely that the luminosity of the human eye is associated with uncommon activity of the brain. It is the fluorescence of the brain, as it were.

IN THE LABOR FIELD

The grievance of the cooks and waiters against Moody's restaurant will be investigated by the executive committee of the Trades assembly today. If the breach cannot be healed, and it shall appear to the committee that the employes have a grievance, the boycott of the Cooks and Waiters' union will be endorsed. A strong effort was made by the delegates from the Cooks and Waiters' union to procure an endorsement of its boycott at last night's meeting. They told the organization that the present is a critical moment in the affairs of their organization, and that on the issue of the struggle in which they are engaged hangs the question of the maintenance by organized labor of the foothold it has acquired in restaurants. To lose, it was said, means the de-unionizing of all the other restaurants in the city, with the consequent return to "scab" wages. The delegates from the unions concerned were seconded in their arguments by many members of the assembly, and vigorously combatted by others. The outcome is a victory for those who favored adherence to the settled policy of the assembly in such cases, which is to investigate independently, through its own committee, before making the fight its own by endorsing the union directly concerned. It was conceded, though, that immediate action is necessary, and the matter was, therefore, placed in the hands of the executive committee, which is, in the interim between sessions, the Trades assembly to all intents and purposes, in order that the boycott may be endorsed at once if the situation justifies such action. The committee will wait on Manager Miller, of Moody's restaurant, today, and it was expected that some action would be taken before night.

Delegate Ferovid, of the Barbers' union, complained that some union men are in the habit of patronizing non-union barbershops. What is more, he said, some of those persons are, he had been informed, members of the Trades Assembly itself. He created some stir by naming a well-known member of the assembly and formerly a member of the grievance committee. He told the assembly that the Sullivan boycott is approaching a termination in victory for the union.

George C. Findley was selected as the choice of the assembly for the office of organizer. There were several other nominations, but the nominees all withdrew in favor of Mr. Findley when the latter was named, and the secretary was instructed by an unanimous vote, to cast a ballot for him. Mr. Findley, who is the assembly's delegate to the national convention of the American Federation of Labor, arose and said he did not want to go to Cincinnati and recommend himself. It was conceded, with a good deal of laughter, that Mr. Findley's position might be somewhat embarrassing and the secretary was instructed to notify the American Federation of the choice of the assembly.

Michael Raphael, business agent of the Cigarmakers' union, of New York, addressed the assembly, asking the co-operation of organized labor of Duluth in the fight being conducted by the organized cigarmakers of New York against the firm of Kerbs, Wertheim & Schiffer, of New York, which firm is the leader in opposing the efforts of the union against "tenement house" factories and sweat-shop methods in the trade. Mr. Raphael said that he had noticed in his travels that far too little attention is paid to whether or not there is a union label on goods purchased by members of organized labor. In some labor centers it is almost impossible to get union goods of any kind. In Minneapolis, he had been informed, union men in some instances actually called for tenement house cigars. He reminded his hearers that in neither the cigarmakers' trade nor any other can much be accomplished in the way of a betterment of condition without the hearty support of all members of organized labor.

At the conclusion of Mr. Raphael's address the following resolution was adopted:

"Resolved, that this assembly will do all that can honorably be done to urge the use of the union label of the cigarmakers and call upon business men to patronize home industry."

The delegates from the Tailors' union notified the assembly of its boycott on the National Tailoring company and asked the aid of the assembly in the fight.

On motion the label league committee was discharged and a new committee appointed, consisting of Delegates Ferovid, Miner, J. Dworschak, Lyons and Hayes. A communication from the Duluth & Southwestern Railway company was received, inviting the assembly to send a representative to a joint conference at the office of the secretary of the company, to be held today, to discuss the enterprise. E. R. Cobb was designated as the assembly's representative.

The meeting last evening was held in the Kalamazoo block, and, on motion, it was resolved to secure the hall for the future meetings of the assembly.

Rev. Walter Vrooman, of Baltimore, recently made "The Union Label" the subject of a sermon. He said in part:

"What can be more sacred, more holy or more deserving of the reverence of men or angels than the union label, which signifies that human life has been more highly valued in the production of commodities than the mere profits sought for by greed. The label is an emblem of justice, of fraternity, of humanity. When you find a label on a garment or on a box of cigars or a loaf of bread, you may be sure that neither was made in a sweat shop. That no little children's fingers were compelled to sew or sort tobacco in the hours of the night intended for healthful, childish sleep. When you see this label on any commodity you can buy it with a clear conscience, knowing that in doing so you are not becoming partner to any institution that degrades humanity for private profit. You can sleep soundly also, and not be worried with thoughts of typhus fever, small pox and leprosy, which are often scattered broadcast from Chinese opium joints, penitentiary convicts' cells and tenement sweat shops, where the most degraded specimens of humanity put their life's blood into marketable goods that the poor, unsuspecting public buys unknowingly, and from which this same unsuspecting public suffers all manner of foul and loathsome diseases. The union label is a religious emblem. It is a religious act to buy goods to which this label is attached, an act blest on earth and honored in heaven, while it is a sin to buy a cigar, a piece of clothing, a pair of shoes or a loaf of bread without this label; for then you do not know but that you are building up the business of some heartless tyrant, who is extracting a fortune from the drudgery and degradation of his fellows at the risk of the public health. God bless the label! And I hope that all of you as you leave this house tonight, will carry indelibly impressed upon your minds the pictures of the union label surrounded by angels, and that you will always know that the favorite banner in heaven is that banner which represents justice to labor, fresh air and sunshine and healthful conditions for those who toil, and the truth that human life is of a greater moment than the gain of gold."

IMPORTANT LAWS.

The various typographical unions in the country will soon vote upon the new laws initiated at the recent convention of the International union. There are twenty-nine propositions, some of which contemplate radical changes in the laws governing the organization. Among the most important is a proposition for creating an out-of-work fund on which members who are temporarily unemployed may draw. The law also contemplates an increase of the monthly dues from 25 to 50 cents. If this be adopted it will become operative July 1, 1897, and after that date the unemployed printer will be entitled to $3 a week for twelve weeks in any one year.

Another proposition is to increase the tax for the benefit of the Union Printers' home at Colorado Springs from 5 cents a month to 10 cents. The members will also be requested to make a Christmas donation of 50 cents apiece to pay for the erection of a hospital annex to the home, in which sick members will be treated. It is proposed, also, to do away with the biennial conventions and leave it to the executive officers to submit the question of holding a convention to a vote of the members when petitioned to do so by at least five locals. There is a growing feeling among labor organizations that conventions accomplish little, and are a useless expense. Several prominent unions have discarded them altogether, and the printers appear to be falling into line with the idea.

One of the laws submitted provides for abolishing the system of submitting all laws passed in convention to the membership for ratification. Another law which the members will vote upon and which has many friends, provides for the election of the international officers by a general vote instead of in convention. This is the method pursued by the cigarmakers. The other propositions relate to international affairs of the organization, aimed at a certain secret society which is said to exist amongst the printers, is likely to create trouble. It is understood that the question of establishing a nine-hour day in the book and job branch of the trade will be submitted later.

PRINTING IN MEXICO.

During my recent trip to Mexico I was very much interested in our brother craftsmen in the land of the Montezumas, his hours, his work, his wages, his mode of life and his many peculiarities. In that country the office does all the distributing for the compositors, even when working by the piece, and when time is called the compositors start in with a slow and very deliberate movement that puts one to sleep, instead of making the looker-on dizzy, says P. J. Muas in the Typographical Journal. While American-made type, cases and composing sticks are used, the galleys are boards, stones and in some cases the bare ground, and the floor of the office, a window ledge or a shelf serve as an imposing stone. The presses are generally of an old-fashioned American make, from a toy card press to a 14 by 17 Gordon, old Washington hand presses or flat-bed Taylor presses with a bed 24 by 36. I only saw one Hoe press in Mexico, and it was not running because the native could not work it, never having had any experience with machinery further than oiling a hand-car on the railroad.

The first printshop visited in Mexico was in Ciudad Juarez, two miles south of El Paso, Tex., where two Spanish 4-page papers are printed—one page at a time on a Gordon press, and the compositor works ten and a half hours per day for 75 cents. The amounts of money are in Mexican currency and equal to 49 to 53 cents American money per Mexican dollar. On "publication day" he also takes turns kicking the press. In Zacatecas one bi-weekly and nine weekly papers are gotten out. The subscription price is $2 and $3 per year. Here the compositor gets from $5 to $7 per week and works seven days per week, with a half holiday every Friday and Sunday. Every office has a job branch in connection, and boys who kick job presses receive from 18 to 25 cents per day, as do the boys who ink a Washington hand press, and the man at the lever gets 50 cents and turns out 150 to 225 sheets per day. In Guanajuato the wages on three 4-page newspapers were about the same. But in the government printing office, where eighteen men are constantly employed, they receive $15 to $100 per month, with a "bonus" for overtime. Here the Periodico Oficial, a 6-page semi-weekly, is issued, in which the laws of the state, national and city governments are printed, the revenue receipts and expenditures, legal notices, etc. The printer here takes his turn at setting typ, making up forms, feeding the press, turning the crank or binding pamphlets, just as his services may be required.

In one printing office I found a native perspiring over a table that would no lift. On examination I saw that the figures used were from nonpariel to long primer and the leaders about the same, and to fill out some pieces of brass rule had been used. No wonder it would no lift. With the assistance of some adobe mud and the bright sun we soon had the form ready for the press. After it was printed the intelligent compositor was in a quandary how to distribute the form and sent to the hotel for me. As no hot water was to be had in which to boil the form the compositor came to his own rescue by dropping the form on the floor, thus "distributing" it in more ways than one. Later the "devil" was sent to work rubbing each letter or leader on a stone until the adobe mud was cleaned off.

In the City of Mexico about fifty newspapers and periodicals are published in the English, German, Spanish and French languages, and if my heart ached for the poorly paid and still poorer clad peon it nearly broke when I saw the night editor on one of the English papers reading the eighth revise and still marking errors. Copy for the English papers must be gotten up very plain. All I's must be dotted, t's crossed, u's underscored, caps and small caps marked, all points put in in their proper places and so on, as the Mexican compositor sets his copy just as written and does not know a word of what he is setting or what it is all about. They unsually work from 3 o'clock in the afternoon until the paper is out the next morning, and the average product of a day's work is 3000 to 4000 ems of corrected matter per day. Here the native receives from 62½ cents to $1 per day for his work, while for piece work he receives 30 cents per 1000 ems for Spanish work and 35 cents for 1000 ems for foreign languages. Native foremen in composing rooms average $10 to $15 a week; Americans, $25 per week; while native pressmen receive $8 to $10 per week, feeders $5 per week and bookbinders $6 to $8 per week. (Same rate for Sunday work or overtime.) Here I met several American printers, one of whom was a cardholder, and all were averaging about $1.25 per day on time work and about $2.25 per day on piece work. Like every other business house in Mexico, the printing offices are closed daily from 1 to 3 o'clock in the afternoon for dinner and a siesta.

The worst excuse for a printing office in the republic of Mexico is the government printing office in the City of Mexico—the Reforma. This hell-box is a reformatory for youthful offenders in which the thief, pickpocket or beggar is "taught" the art of printing (typesetting, running presses and bookbinding) as a punishment for past offenses. One English paper, the Anglo-American, is printed here, and some kind hearted soul ought to send its editor a primer or send him to a night school so he could learn the difference between the English language and a burro. Several Spanish papers are also printed here. The institution is supported by the government. The newspapers issued from here are free, most of the job or commercial work is done free, and if a merchant has any work done and pays anything for it the price paid is retained by the director as a bonus. The work done in this institution is the poorest kind imaginable, and the average printer can form his own conclusions of what the "printing" looks like when I say that the type for distribution is wet with a sprinkling can or from an eaves trough, forms are inked with a pad and proofs are taken with a lye brush.

The government of Mexico still exercises considerable censorship over the press. If anything is printed in any native paper derogatory to a person's good name, character, business or associates or the country, its government or its officials on complaint being made to any policeman, guard or soldier the offending party is immediately arrested and lodged in jail until the printed statement has been proved to be the truth. A year ago last May an editor of a Spanish paper in the City of Mexico published a statement that a certain man had not told all he knew about a case in which he was a witness. The editor is still in jail wondering what the other fellow didn't tell and when he will get out. Every bill, poster, gutter snipe, hanger, lithograph, cartoon or public notice—in fact, every piece of printing hung up in the republic of Mexico for the purpose of display must first have a 2-cent revenue stamp affixed before the same can be posted in a window, on a dead wall or hung up in any manner.

ORGANIZED LABOR IN JAPAN.

Labor in Japan is organized, and a Japanese appears to pin his faith to the utility of unions and guilds. These are organized, according to United States Consul Connelly, not alone to secure higher wages, but also to protect inferior work. These organizations dictate terms in the payment of labor and also for whom a laborer shall or shall not work. Skilled labor in Japan is so scarce that by means of these unions laborers are able to effect rapid increase in wages more successfully than in any other country. Although the amount paid for labor in Japan is much lower than for the same class of labor in the United States, the rates have risen enormously—in many cases as high as 100 per cent—during the last three years and are advancing now as steadily as at any previous time. No control is exercised in the matter of the employment of child labor in Japan, a question upon which American statutes put a strict interpretation. Those in authority, however, are coming to the idea that this point should be regulated by statute and that child labor of all kinds should be abolished.

ISSUE A CALL FOR HELP.

We call upon all affiliated organizations for assistance for our striking brothers, the street railway employes of Milwaukee, says a circular of the American Federation of Labor. On May 4 last these men, in order to maintain their organization, were forced into a strike against one of the most powerful combinations of railway managers in the United States. The history of this great boycott and the gallant stand these men have made is familiar to you all, and it is useless to dwell upon that side of the conflict. They are still struggling with the hopes of gaining their end. For six long months they have fought this battle until it has drained their local and international treasuries, but they still stand determined and feel if assistance can be given them the coming spring will bring them success.

The corporation has resorted to every measure that can be thought of to crush them. They have been blacklisted, and wherever they have applied for positions have been refused employment unless they could secure recommendations from the Milwaukee Street Railway company. Again the corporation, aided by certain officers, after blacklisting and making it impossible to secure employment, are now seeking to prosecute these men for nonsupport of their families. We appeal to you to act upon this matter at once. Financial assistance must be forthcoming. Their families are in want, they are on the verge of a winter in a part of the country where winters are long and severe. They have made a fight for the principles which we hold dear, viz. the right of organization and to petition the righting of their wrongs through the committees of their organizations.

All organizations will please act upon this appeal at once, sending such assistance as is within their power to Rezin Orr, secretary of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, 22 Kanter building, Detroit, Mich.

LABOR EVENT IN FRANCE.

In splendid weather and in splendid spirit that most pathetic and thrilling event, the opening of the French Labor Glass works has been accomplished, says Keir Hardie in the Labor Leader. This was the crowning act of a tedious twelve months' economic battle by an independent labor band. Sou by sou more than half of the large capital required has been raised. For wages of between 1 and 2 francs per day, loyally accepted, the workers have put the huge establishment together. And as if to emphasize the victorious effort which labor has secured against time and a host of other difficulties numbers of gendearmie were drafted into the town of Albi to look on at the completion of the project. The fete of Oct. 25 focused at Albi all elements of the labor movement of France; 48 trade unions sixty-five co-operative societies, 102 groups, political clubs and Masonic lodges were represented and 20,000 strangers came into the town. A dozen members of parliament, including Jaures, Viviani and Gerault, Richard, besides the veteran Rochefort took part in the proceedings. The decoration of the works, the ceremonies, the kermese, banquets, speeches illuminations, dancing, etc., were fully worthy of the occasion and of the southern French temperament, and the climax of the day, the lighting of the first two fires by Rochefort and Jaures, was very impressive.

LABOR NOTES.

The Coal Creek, Tenn., miners are paid from 50 to 75 cents a day, live in houses owned by the companies and get their food from company stores.

Another effort will be made to form a Detroit metal trades council, consisting of the machinists, molders, polishers, brassworkers and other metal working unions.

Four idle copper mines near Houghton, Mich., will be consolidated and worked by Eastern and English capital. It is thought that about 800 men will be employed.

The Building Trades council at San Francisco proposes to increase its treasury by the presentation of a paly entitled "Labor and Capital," written by a bricklayer.

Government intervention has ended a miners' strike at Grand Combe, France, in favor of the men. The company tried to stamp out a new trade organization movement.

The Michigan State Association of Farmers' Clubs will meet at Lansing Dec. 7 and 8.

The Michigan Car works, at Detroit, put on about 400 men last Monday. About 1800 are now employed.

The coal miners of Las Animas county, California will attempt to have the payment in scrip abolished in the next legislature. The business men of the locality will also use their influence to have the scrip evil abolished.

The entire force of dining room waiters in a large San Francisco restaurant walked out "on strike" recently. They were not organized, but they had a grievance of bad treatment generally and were unanimous in resisting it.

The Tin, Sheet Iron and Cornice Workers' union of St. Paul has decided to revise its constitution and by-laws, and for that purpose appointed a committee consisting of J. A. Laubach, J. C. Stuhlman and Edward Christopherson.

During the past four years the American Federation of Labor has gained 68,29[illegible] members. In the last seven months 197 charters were issued, of which six were to national unions; twenty-one to central labor bodies and two to state unions.

Kansas City unions are worked up over the formation of military organizations in the high school, known as the cadets. The board of education has sanctioned the move and the unions think it is a scheme to increase the militia at the expense of the taxpayers.

Thousands of workers in Italy are gaining less than 1 franc per day; 250,000 Italians emigrated last year, and the small proprietors are so overtaxed as to find agriculture quite unprofitable, and, failing to find purchasers, they have abandoned their lands in great number of cases.

The American Federation of Labor has set aside $500 to pay the expenses of a delegate to co-operate with Robert Howard of Fall River, Mass., in forming a union of all the textile industries of the country. If the union is effected the cause of organized labor will be greatly strengthened.

The offer of a New York firm to furnish a complete polishing and plating plant to be operated on the co-operative plan by union workers, has been accepted and the plant will be owned and operated by the five unions of New York, Brooklyn, Newark and Elizabeth, N. J.

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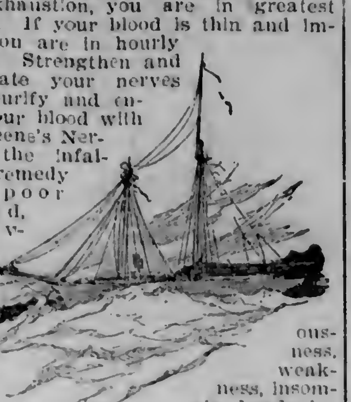
If you have good health, life is worth living. If you have not, life is misery. Keep the nerves strong and blood rich and pure, and you will have good health. If you are suffering from nerve weakness and the weak, tired and debilitated feelings which precede nervous exhaustion, you are in greatest danger. If your blood is thin and impure you are in hourly danger. Strengthen and invigorate your nerves and purify and enrich your blood with Dr. Greene's Nervura, the infallible remedy for poor blood, nervousness, weakness, insomnia, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism, kidney and liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, nervous depression, gloomy forebodings and all other ills that arise from a weakened condition of the nerves and impure blood. No failure. An effective remedy building up and vitalizing the whole system, making strength and vigor where before there was weakness and exhaustion.



Remember that Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is a physician's prescription, the discovery of Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York city, who is undoubtedly the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, and hence this grand remedy is perfectly adapted to cure just these complaints. Dr. Greene can also be consulted free by anyone, personally or by letter.

ODD MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Portland, Ore., Telegram: The Turks have seven different kinds of flutes.

The santir, a kind of dulcimer, has been used for ages in the Caucasus.

In a very ancient Greek story the goddess Erato is represented with a psaltery.

The North American Indians are known to have had two different kinds of flutes.

The musical instruments of the Greeks closely resemble those of Turkey and Syria.

The Japanese taiko, or drum, is placed upon a permanent support and rests upon pivots.

The bandolon of Mexico is not greatly dissimilar in shape from the moon guitar of China.

The Darabouka, or Turkish drum, resembles a long vase, the bottom covered with parchment.

The dombeg is the popular hand drum in Persia. It is double headed and is beaten with both hands.

The rattles of British American Indians are frequently made in the form of birds or small animals.

The balalaika, or Russian guitar, has a triangular body, with four strings, and is played with a bow.

The Apaches have three different kinds of violins, each having but one string and played with a small bow.

The pang-kou is a small Chinese drum resting on a wooden tripod. It is beaten with common wood drumsticks.

The Chinese la-pa in shape is almost identical with the Ancient Roman tuba. It gives for notes—C, G, C and E.

The psaltery referred to in the Jewish sacred writings is a kind of dulcimer played either with the fingers or plectrum.

The peasantry of Russia have a guitar called the torban, having thirty strings, the body shaped something like a mandolin.

Throughout Africa the cow's horn is a favorite instrument, being used in connection with others on all festival occasions.

The favorite instrument in Spain is the mandora, of the guitar family. It is usually provided with six pairs of wire strings.

The Persians have three kinds of guitars—the sitar, the tar and suz—all played either with the fingers or with a plectrum.

The mountain Indians of Mexico have different kinds of rattles, the body bearing a protesque resemblance to the human form.

The yang-kin, or foreign harpsichord, of the Chinese, is a sort of lute with fourteen wire strings. It is played with two bamboo slips.

The pepa, or balloon guitar, of China, is so called in allusion to the exceptionally large body. Its strings are tuned in C, F, G and C.

The Indian soorsringa is a sort of mandolin, the body pear shaped, with a very long handle. It is played with a small plectrum.

The native guitar of Mexico differs materially in shape from the same instrument used in this country, the body being in ellipse.

The ancient Mexicans had a species of whistle which produced at least three tones. It had two finger holes and a mouthpiece on the side.

The ur-heen, or Chinese violin, in shape resembles an ordinary hammer with its handle. It has two strings and is played with a bow.

Nearly all islanders are provided with trumpets made of conch shells, the tips being taken off, thus forming a very effective horn.

The psaltery of Spain is supposed to have been introduced into that country by the Moors. It is still in common use among the peasants.

The gourd rattle used among the Zunis of New Mexico, is made of a gourd with a wooden handle, a few pebbles or beans being placed inside.

The Japanese have an instrument called the biwa, a sort of mandolin, with a very short handle. It is played with a plectrum and has four strings.

An instrument called the oud, a sort of lute, is very popular in Syria. It is the mandolin with a very short handle, and is played with a plectrum.

In the mountains of Asia Minor there is a kind of bagpipe called the ghaida. In shape it is not materially different from the bagpipes of Scotland.

The kin, or scholar's lute, of China, has seven silk strings, fastened to the front of a lacquered wood board. Its length is four feet and its width eight inches.

In the Japanese temples there is a large drum used in worship. It is called the kagura-taiko, it gives a tone much like a gong, and is used in devotion.

The Indian tamboura has the body of light reddish-yellow wood, wire strings, three being of steel and one of brass. It is used to accompany the voice in singing.

The Indian vina is a bar of hollow bamboo, to which are fastened two empty gourds. It is strung with eight wires, five of which are provided with movable frets.

The Indian pukhway, or drum, is made if a log of wood hollowed. It is usually about twenty inches long, eight or ten inches in diameter, and is beaten at either or both ends.

The Italian peasantry have a horn called the serpentine, so called from its appearance and curves. It is made of wood covered with leather, and has six finger holes.

The sona, a Chinese claironet, is the favorite instrument among the common people, especially at marriage or funeral entertainments. Its scale is from F to G above.

The Coreans have a claironet, called nallari. It is made of wood, with mouthpiece and base of brass. Its length is fifteen inches, and it is capable of a considerable variety of tones.

The san-heen is a singularly formed Chinese guitar, the drum being only six inches in diameter, while the length of the handle is three and one-half feet. The drum is of snake skin.

The German peasantry have a curious instrument called the nagel-giegs of wood in which are set sixty or seventy pins, played with a bow.

The natives of Palestine have a kettle drum, the body being made of pottery and the head covered with parchment. It is provided with a cord and is borne in festal processions.

The yue-kin, or moon guitar, of China, has four strings, tuned in pairs, at intervals of the fifth. The drum is usually decorated with Chinese figures in various grotesque positions.

The sackbut is a very ancient instrument of the trombone family. It is believed by some authorities to have been provided with a slide like the trombone of the present day.

The kanoon is the favorite instrument among ladies in Turkey. Its shape resembles that of a harp laid flat. It has seventy-two strings, in sets of three, and is played with a small plectrum.

The vielle or hurdy-gurdy is a curious instrument of the middle ages. It is believed to date from the eleventh century. The tones are produced by the revolution of a wheel over the strings.

The Algerian music is produced from seven different kinds of instruments, two being guitars, one a rude violin, two kinds of drums, a claironet and a flute, all of the most primitive form.

The samisen is the most popular instrument in Japan. It is a guitar, the body being eight inches square and the length of the handle thirty-nine inches. It is played with a plectrum of tortoise shell.

The dulcimer, in almost exactly the form in which it is known today, has been in use in Persia and Arabia from time immemorial. It was probably introduced into Europe during the Crusades.

The Kissar is one of the most ancient of Egyptian instruments. It is found represented in monuments antedating the date of Christ by 2000 years. It consists of a circular body with a large triangular frame above, from the cross-bar of which five strings pass to the bottom of the frame. It is tuned to the pentatonic scale.

The arpa, or drum, of the South Pacific islands is of wood, one end resembling a vase and the other evidently made in imitation of a shark's head. The head is covered with snake or fish skin.

The Mic-Mac Indians of North America have an instrument known as the moose call. It is a birch bark horn, and when blown by an expert gives a fairly good imitation of the bellowing of a moose.

The Arabs have three different kinds of guitars, the one most commonly used resembling in shape the upper half of the rod and disk used by surveyors. It has two strings and is played with a bow.

The pazhuta-saka, or Indian conjuror's rattle, formerly used among the Sioux Indians, was always prepared with great care by the conjurer himself. It was made of rawhide and ornamented with feathers.

The Alaska Indians have a violin closely resembling in form the primitive instrument of the same kind used among the Persian and Turks. It has two strings and is played with a small bow.

The natives of the east coast of Africa have a species of cymbal exactly resembling in shape the dumbbells used by athletes. They are played in pairs, one in each hand, and violently smitten together.

The natives of British Guiana have a species of Pandean pipe, with fourteen reeds, varying in length from five feet ten inches to four feet, set in a hollow piece of wood, and bound together with strips of vegetable fiber.

The Burmese soung is a harp, the body being modeled like a boat, with a long high prow. The instrument has a scale from low A in the bass clef, to F in the G clef. It is used to accompany vocal music.

The colored people of Cuba have a kind of rattle made of Castilla cane with hard seeds about the size of marbles, placed inside to produce the effect desired. It is used in dances as an accompaniment for a guitar.

The Chinese tambourine is called chislan. The drum is made of snake skin and care is usually taken to select the skin of a serpent which has variegated colors, in order that there may be some style about the instrument.

The Buddhist priests of both China and Japan have a musical instrument called mokougyo, or wooden fish, a kind of drum. It is used by the priests when reciting their prayers, one tap being given to every syllable.

In South China there is an instrument called the ti-chin, a crude violin. The body is made of the half of a cocoanut shell. There are two strings and the instrument is played with a bow. The scale is from G to C above.

The natives of the southeast coast of Africa have an instrument which they call the marimba. It is a xylophone, the keys being made of wood, and the tones re-enforced by large gourds fastened underneath the wooden strips.

The zeze is a favorite instrument in East Africa. It is a sort of crude violin composed of a bar of wood fastened to a large gourd. There is a single string made of vegetable fiber, and different tones are produced by lengthening or shortening the string.

The Western Africans have a musical instrument called the zanze. It is a board in which are fastened from twenty to thirty bits of iron wire of different lengths and sizes; the wires are plucked with the fingers, and the tone produced is not unpleasing.

The Siamese have an instrument which they call the ranat, a species of harmonicon, with seventeen different wooden keys united by cords and resting upon a stand each strip of wood giving a different note. The instrument is played with two wooden hammers.

The Japanese mokkine is a xylophone of sixteen wooden keys. It is beaten with two drumsticks. Some of the xylophones of this country are made upon the same plan with, of course, a different scale, as the Japanese scale of music does not contain some of our intervals.

The somo-koto is the representative instrument of Japan. It resembles nothing more closely than a board with bridges at the ends, to which the strings are fastened. There are thirteen silken strings passing over movable bridges at intervals along the length of the instrument.

The rebab of Palestine is a sort of violin. The body is a square frame covered with parchment. The instrument is played with a bow. There is but one string, a thick, coarse horsehair, but expert performers can, it is said, get considerable variety of tone from this primitive instrument.

The Chinese have a singular instrument called cheng or mouth organ. It is a circular handle of small reeds of different lengths, pierced with finger holes at proper distances, and communicating with a common air chamber beneath. The notes are produced by stopping the holes with the fingers.

The king is the favorite musical instrument in Chinese temples. In its most perfect form it consists of a number of large flat stones of different shapes and tones. The sound is that of a chime of bells, and is singularly clear and musical. The stones are said to be a peculiar variety of basalt found in the mountains in the north of China.

In the time of Nebuchadnezzar, B. C. 600, and after, the Assyrians had a number of different musical instruments, the cornet, flute, harp, sackbut, psaltery and dulcimer being specified, and "all kinds of music" mentioned by Daniel in this connection being supposed by some commentators to refer to drums, cymbals, castanets and horns.

The Sioux Indians formerly had a conjuror's drum, which they called wakan chan-cha-gha. It was used on religious and ceremonial occasions, had two heads frequently decorated with crude pictures of animals, and was beaten with great vigor for the purpose of appeasing the wrath of their offended deities, or of contributing to the recovery of the sick.

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As a Fashion journal it is unsurpassed, and is an indispensable requisite for every well-dressed woman. Katharine De Forest writes a weekly letter on current fashions from Paris. In **New York Fashions,** and in the fortnightly pattern-sheet supplement, ladies find full details, directions, and diagrams for gowns, wraps, and children's clothing. Sandoz, Baude, and Chapuis draw and engrave the newest and finest Parisian designs every week.

The serials for 1897 will be: **The Red Bridge Neighborhood,** by Maria Louise Pool; and **Father Quinnallion,** by Octave Thanet. Short stories will be constantly presented by brilliant writers, among whom are Mary E. Wilkins, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Marion Harland, Ruth McEnery Stuart, Viola Roseboro, and Margaret Sutton Briscoe.

What Women Are Doing in various parts of the Union will form a series of special interest.

Other interesting features are The Out-door Woman, devoted to healthful sports and pastimes; Music, a weekly critical summary of music in New York; Amateur Theatricals, Embroidery and Needlework, Ceremony and Etiquette, Good Housekeeping, **"What Girls Are Doing,"** "Current Social Events," and Personals gleaned from original sources.

Women and Men. Colonel T. W. Higginson will regularly continue his valuable essays.

Answers to Correspondents. This column is conducted for the benefit and convenience of readers, and all questions received are answered in rotation, as promptly and fully as practicable.

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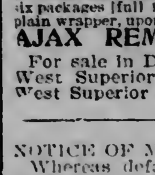

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NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—
Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain purchase money mortgage, executed and delivered by Samuel Perrault, mortgagor, to Angus R. Macfarlane, mortgagee, bearing date September 18th, 1891, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on October 6th, 1891, at eight thirty (8:30) o'clock a. m. in Book seventy (70) of mortgages on page five hundred fifty-six (556); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal and interest moneys secured by said mortgage, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due, at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred and 36-100 (500.36) dollars principal and interest, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt, secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered one (1) in block twenty-four (24), Fourth (4th) Glen Avon Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and taxes (if any) on said premises and fifty (50.00) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said county and state on the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided for by law.

Dated November 7th, 1896.
ANGUS R. MACFARLANE, Mortgagee.
TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
103-106 Duluth Trust Company Building Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-7-14-21-28-Dec-5-12-19.

Harper's Weekly In 1897.

With the end of 1896 HARPER'S WEEKLY will have lived forty years. In that time it has participated with all the zeal and power at its command in the great political events of the most interesting and important period in the history of the country, and it has spread before its readers the accomplishments of science, arts and letters for the instruction of the human mind and the amelioration of human conditions and of manners.

What the WEEKLY has been in its spirit and purpose, as these have been manifested principally in its editorial pages, it will continue to be.

It is impossible to announce with precision all that the WEEKLY will contain during the year 1897. It were as easy to announce what is about to happen in the **world,** what triumphs for **good government** are to be won, what **advances** of the **people** are to be made, what is to be the outcome of the struggle between the spirits of **war** and **peace,** what is to happen in the **far East,** what is to be the **state of Europe** twelve months hence, what **new marvels of science** are to be revealed, or what are to be the **achievements of arts and letters,** for the WEEKLY is to be a pictorial record of all this.

Cartoons will continue to be a feature.

Serial Stories. A New England story by Miss Mary E. Wilkins, will begin in January. A tale of a Greek uprising against the Turks, by Mr. E. F. Benson, the author of "Dodo," will follow. A sequel to "The House-Boat on the Styx," by Mr. John Kendrick Bangs, illustrated by Mr. Peter Newell.

More **short stories** will appear in the WEEKLY than it has been possible to publish during 1896.

Departments: Mr. W. D. Howell's "Life and Letters" have been among the most charming features of periodical literature; Mr. E. S. Martin, and others will contribute observations on what is going on in "This Busy World;" "Amateur Sport" will remain the most important department of its kind in the country.

The WEEKLY will continue to present to its readers the world's news **most interesting to Americans,** to make important advances in both the literary and artistic features, and to retain for itself the leading place in the illustrated journalism of the world.

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For One Year $4.00
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Harper's Magazine In 1897.

FICTION: **The Martian,** the new novel by Du Maurier, the eagerly expected successor to "Trilby," begun in October Number, 1896, with illustrations from the author's drawings. A new novel by Frank R. Stockton—developing a Twentieth Century Renaissance—full of humorous situations and characteristically illustrated. **A Pair of Patient Lovers,** by William Dean Howells. Other striking novelettes by American authors. Short stories by Mark Twain, Thomas Nelson Page, Richard Harding Davis, Owen Wister, John Kendrick Bangs, Ruth McEnery Stuart, Octave Thanet, Mary E. Wilkins, and other popular writers.

SCIENCE: Story of the Progress of Science during the Nineteenth Century, a series of papers by Dr. Henry Smith Williams, supplemented by contributions on special subjects by expert scientists. Articles on the relations of curious psychological manifestations to physiology by Dr. Andrew Wilson.

AMERICAN FEATURES: **The Mexico of Today,** a series by Charles F. Lummis, splendidly illustrated—the result of a recent visit to Mexico undertaken for HARPER'S MAGAZINE. Mexico is pre-eminently a silver-producing country and its monetary operations rest entirely on a silver basis. Owing to the keen discussion of certain economic problems in connection with issues of urgent importance in American politics, these papers, will command general attention. **American Historical Papers** by Woodrow Wilson, John Bach MacMasters and James Barnes. The true story of **Sheridan's Ride** by Gen. G. A. Forsyth. Continuation of Howell's **Personal Reminiscences** of eminent literary Americans.

AFRICA AND THE EAST: **White Man's Africa,** a fully illustrated series of papers by Poultney Bigelow, the result of personal observations during a recent trip to Africa, covering the whole field of European exploitation of that country. Illustrated articles by Stephen Bonsal on the transformations going on in **Eastern Siberia,** recently visited by the author. **Hungarian Sketches,** written and drawn by F. Hopkinson Smith. The full story of the recent Coronation of the Czar, by Richard Harding Davis, illustrated by R. Caton Woodville, who was commissioned by Queen Victoria to paint a picture of the ceremony.

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AMONG THE SPORTS.

New York, Nov. 28.—The cornerstone of the magnificent new club house of the New York Athletic club, at Fifty-ninth street and Sixth avenue, will be laid today with interesting ceremonies. The general effect of the new building will be very bold as well as pleasing, the high arch over the main entrance breaking up the front of the building most effectively. Light red stone for the first story, salmon-toned brick and warm buff terra-cotta will be the material used

PRESIDENT JAMES WHITELEY.

under a roof of red Spanish tiles. This will have a striking effect and make the New York Athletic club house a conspicuous feature from Central park, on which it fronts.

The money handled by the N. Y. A. C. is an indication of the club's size. The treasurer's report to the close of 1895 shows that the gross receipts for the year amounted to $530,103.97, and there was a cash balance on hand of $99,412.20. The collected members' dues during the year amounted to very nearly $110,000. The members bought $24,000 worth of cigars, patronized the bar to the extent of $50,000 and paid $45,000 into the restaurant account. The real estate and building

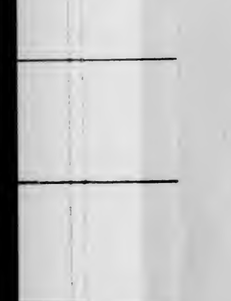
THE NEW CLUB HOUSE.

on Fifty-fifth street is estimated to be worth $235,000 and is mortgaged for $125,000. Travers island, worth, with buildings, $147,000, has a $50,000 mortgage still unpaid, and against the $265,000 Fifty-ninth street real estate there is a charge of $150,000. Up to the close of 1895 the treasurer had received $234,637 of the amount sought to be raised for the new house on second mortgage.

The organization of the club dates back to Sept. 8, 1888, and since then its emblem, the winged foot, has been first on many a hard-fought field. Travers island, the trainers' grounds, and the scene of many athletic meets, is probably the most famous athletic spot in America. The officers of the club are James Whiteley, president; Thomas L. Watson, vice president; John C. Gulick, secretary; Charles E. Goodhue, treasurer, and Bartow S. Weeks, captain.

* * *

Five thousand dollars for two billiard tournaments open only to American experts, is the offer that has been made by the big manufacturers. It was brought about by the proposition made the other day by Frank C. Ives to play three leading French experts—Vignaux, Piot and Fournel. It is one of the biggest offers ever made in billiard history, and while



GEO F SLOSSON

JACOB SCHAEFER

it is extremely doubtful if arrangements can be made to consummate the plans, the amount of money to be given will create a world of interest. The offer provides that there shall be a tournament both at New York city and at Chicago, providing no fewer than two of the three leading players—Ives, Schaefer and Slosson—take part, and also that no fewer than five players in all compete in each tournament, but the entries are not to be limited to that number. The contests will be at either the space game, a line drawn from the center of the short rail at the head to the center of the short rail at the foot of the table, and another line drawn across from center to center of the two long rails, thus dividing the table into four equal spaces; or the champions' game, with lines extending from the center of the short rails to the center of the long rails. It shall be optional with the players as to which style of game shall be chosen of the two named. They may, if they so desire, play one tournament at one style and the second at the other. The number of points each game shall be 400 for the space game and 500 for the champion's game. The prize money is to be divided as follows for each tournament: $1000, $750, $500, $250. There must not be fewer than five entries for each tournament.

* * *

Robert Fitzsimmons, the heavyweight pugilist, who is now giving exhibitions of his skill throughout the country, has applied for letters patent, through John Wedderburn & Co., for a punching bag platform, which is very unique and attractive. "Bob" intends using this platform in his performances, and it will undoubtedly be a great addition to his paraphernalia and add much to the general effect of his exhibition.

In its general characteristics the punching bag platform comprises two centrally arranged circular frames or rings of resonant material, which are placed one above the other, and connected so as to form a sounding board. The open center of this sounding board contains a light skeleton frame, having a central head, from which is suspended the punching bag, the suspending cord being of a length which will cause the bag to impinge against the lower surface of the sounding board in whatever direction the bag is struck.

From the periphery or this platform, or sounding board, extends an outer skeleton frame, consisting of a series of radiating arms, having open centers and resembling the points of a mammoth star. These arms, or points, are connected at their outer extremities to the upper ends of standards, which support the sounding board at the proper elevation above the head of the operator. The arms are also furnished at their outer ends with sockets to receive the staffs of flags of different nations, a feature which affords a high degree of ornamentation and renders the apparatus very attractive to the eye.

In addition to the advantageous points noted above, the inner and outer skeleton frames admit an ample supply of light beneath the sounding board, or platform, and obviate darkening the operating space, and objection incident to the ordinary solid or close platform at present in use. By means of the sounding board, the blows of the punching bags are magnified and can easily be heard in any part of the theater.

The improved platform is quite a departure from those heretofore in use, and will no doubt attract a great deal of attention on account of the beauty of its design and its resonant qualities.

* * *

News comes from Boston that John L. Sullivan is about to lose his right arm. A cancerous growth on the back of his tremendous fist—a mass of bone and muscle that won its owner close to a million dollars—has already felt the knife of the surgeon, and, although a strong effort is being made to save the hand, the physician holds out little hope.

But Sullivan still has friends. Perhaps no man in America has so many or such generous ones. They have done much for him, and still they are willing and ready to do more. Mike Donovan, who was the first pugilist of merit that ever stood in front of John L. Sullivan, has suggested that a benefit be given "the old man" that will surpass anything ever attempted in that line and that will raise a fund that will insure an income sufficient to keep Sullivan in comfort the rest of his days.

It was Mr. Donovan's idea that every pugilistic star in America should participate in the benefit, and that as a wind-up of the entertainment and a finale to Sullivan's tistic career, that the ex-champion don a single glove and meet one or more of his former adversaries in a friendly bout. And there are enthusiastic friends of the man from Boston who insist that he will make a good showing for himself even with one hand gone.

* * *

James J. Corbett has signed articles for a contest of twenty rounds or more with Bob Fitzsimmons at the Greater

FRANK IVES.

New York Athletic club on Jan. 1 or Jan. 14, whichever Fitzsimmons prefers. The contest is to take place for a purse of $20,000, the winner to take all. Corbett especially requests in the contract that the contest take place on New Year's day. The management of the club, however, has fixed the date for the afternoon of Jan. 14. Corbett signed the articles last week in the Columbia theater in Boston, where he was fulfilling an engagement. There was considerable wire pulling before Warren Lewis secured Corbett's signature, but as the offer of Mr. Lewis was the best that had yet been made it was finally accepted.

An announcement was then made from the stage. It was received with great cheering and there were loud calls for a speech. Corbett responded. He told what he had done; declared that he would whip Fitzsimmons; that an American-born citizen would once more hold the championship of the world and he prepared to defend it against all comers. There were cheers for the Greater New York Athletic club of Brooklyn, and demands for a speech from Warren Lewis, but the manager of the club hid in Corbett's dressingroom and refused to make his first public appearance on any stage.

Mr. Lewis received the following dispatch from Fitzsimmons while in Boston:

Sausalito, Cal.—We want to be able to guarantee a finish contest, if possible, but should no better offer come by Nov. 28 will accept your offer, but should both men be on their feet at the end of twenty rounds the contest must continue. We will win this contest all right.

MARTIN JULLAN.

Mr. Lewis said: "Fitzsimmons will undoubtedly accept. His telegram shows that he has a disposition to meet Corbett at last, and every sporting man will be glad of it. These two men are probably the most scientific boxers in the world, and I would almost guarantee that at the end of their contest neither man will have a bloody nose or a black eye. The Greater New York Athletic club will have nothing but the most scientific men in their ring. There are no rhe sort of people who hurt each other, just as Mr. Parkhurst said. Now, on Thanksgiving afternoon, I will open with Peter Maher and Steve O'Donnell, who, with Corbett and Fitzsimmons, form the most scientific quartet that probably ever put on a glove.

* * *

"Thirty-thirder" sat on a stool in the rear of Harry Murray's baseball headquarters literally devouring the baseball news, says the Buffalo Times. Pretty soon he ran across an item to the effect that Mark Baldwin, a one-time famous National league pitcher, but recently with the Auburn, N. Y., team, had gone to Philadelphia to take up the study of medicine. That was all the cue that "Thirty-Thirder" needed. "So," said he in tones meant to be sarcastic and reflective: "Baldwin has at last determined to settle down and be decent. Perhaps it's better late than never. Anyhow, it's a consummation devoutly to be desired, as Shakespeare or some of those other literary guys used to say. If ever a ball player threw away a career Baldwin fills the bill. When Anson picked him out of the Northwestern league he was young, strong and of good habits. There were only two other pitchers in the country who could give handsome Mark points on speed, and they were Rusie and Crane. It wouldn't surprise me a bit if Crane's tragic end is not more or less responsible for Baldwin's present course. However, as I was saying, 'Baldy' had great prospects at Chicago, as old man Anson was rather partial to him, but finally the player got stuck on his shape as much as the dozens of love-lorn girls, who overwhelmed him with passionate notes, and poetry hot enough to heat a big apartment house in zero weather and no end of gifts. Then 'Anse' took Mark by the slack of his trousers, figuratively speaking, and threw him overboard.

"Later on Baldwin was with the Pittsburg and Columbus clubs. That contract trouble with Von der Ahe ended his major league career, and at which his bad habits had materially hastened. You remember Mark played with Rochester against Buffalo at Olympic Park about a year ago, and the once invincible twirler was hammered all over the lot. This summer he was 'pie' for the semi-professional teams that faced him at Auburn. I never saw such a change in a man's physical appearance as has befallen Baldwin in the last few years. Formerly he was decidedly neat and debonair, and very particular as to his attire, dressing in the latest mode. This summer he was unkempt and careless. I hope he will succeed in the study of medicine. In beginning it, he has the consolation of knowing that he isn't the first player that has taken that course. Dr. C. A. Allen, one of the most prominent dentists in the city and for the sake of whom several hundred students in the dental department of the university of Buffalo went on a strike last winter, was once Buffalo's third baseman, way back in the eighties, and later he filled the same position for Syracuse. Goodall, another ex-Bison, is also a tooth extractor in a small burg near Elmira. Doc Bushong, who caught Foutz and Carthers in their palmiest days at St. Louis, and also Brooklyn, is now practicing dentistry in Worcester, Mass. Big Ben Sanders is doing well as a civil engineer, while Taylor and Ward make at least a living at the law."

* * *

A merry little war has developed during the week in curling circles, between the Duluth Curling club on the one side and W. W. Preston on the other. The casus belli was a disagreement over the new rink which Preston is erecting on East First street, and which was destined to be the home of the curlers during the winter. The trouble seemed to be that Mr. Preston wanted to put in gas instead of electric lights, and that he did not want to put in drains on the upper side of the rink when the floor was below the frost level.

* * *

So strained were the attitudes of these parties that after a few days of it the club concluded that as Mr. Preston had broken the contract it was useless anyway, so they threw it up and signed a lease of Tait's warehouse, where they will get one more rink, six in all, and will save a considerable sum in rent.

* * *

The matter stands there at present. The club claims to be entirely satisfied with their position, and seems to be undismayed at the prospects of a suit by Preston. Little preparation is necessary at the warehouse, and the club expects to be ready for curling next week.

* * *

The Zenith Prison Goal club tried hard to get up a game with Superior for Thanksgiving, but whether the Superior men lacked nerve, or whatever the reason, there was none. The Zeniths are spoiling for a game, and they will be hugely obliged to any ten or fifteen players who will meet their club.

* * *

The Duluth Polo club is organizing, and it will play this winter. So far, however, nothing has transpired except the reopening of some of the old sores in the St. Paul clubs, who are still worrying about things that happened a good while ago, and to which, as usual, there are two sides.

* * *

Before the snow came there was considerable open air skating. Now, however, it is scarce, and instead there is plenty of sleighing. Few people appear to take advantage of it. From the manner in which winter made his bow, it looks very much as though this was likely to be one of the oldtime winters that grandpa tells about. In that case, there will be a rush of patronage to the covered rinks.

THE TURN OF LIFE.

THE MOST CRITICAL PERIOD IN THE LIFE OF A WOMAN.

Experience of Mrs. Kelly, of Patchogue, Long Island.

There is no period in woman's earthly career which she approaches with so much anxiety as the "change of life." Yet during the past twenty years women have learned much from a woman.

It is safe to say that women who prepare themselves for the eventful period, pass through it much easier than in the past.

There is but one course to pursue to subdue the nervous complications, and prepare the system for the change. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be used.

It is well for those approaching this time, to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She has the experience of years to aid her in advising. She will charge you nothing.

She helped this woman, who says:—

"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in my family ten years, with the best results. Some time ago my daughter had catarrh of the womb, and it entirely cured her. I was approaching the "change of life," and was in a deplorable condition. My womb had fallen, and the bearing-down pains and backache were terrible, and kidneys affected

"I began taking the Compound, and my pains ceased. I consider it the strong bridge between sickness and health, and recommend it to everybody I meet who needs it."—MRS. L. KELLY, Patchogue, L. I.

JOLLY JOKES.

Detroit Free Press: "Do you approve of football, doctor?"

"Most assuredly. The season is my harvest time."

Illustrated Monthly: Sidney—I tell you my tailor is a man whom you can trust.

Herbert—That's not the question—will he trust me?

Richmond Dispatch: By the nature of his calling the chemist becomes a testy fellow.

Chicago Journal: Sergeant—But have you any proof that the man is a vagrant?

Patrolman—He consorts with aldermen and other idle characters.

Harlem Life: Lady—Thank you, sir; but I don't like to deprive you of your comfortable seat.

Hibernian—Be th' powers, leddy, it was comfortable no longer when ol saw you standin'.

Somerville Journal: There are men who think woman's proper sphere is the ball used in' darning stockings.

Indianapolis Journal: "In this great and glorious country," shouted the ratification orator, "it is our proud boast that the rich man's home is no more secure than the humblest cottage of the peasant—though, since I come to think of it, I don't know just how that would be if a railroad wanted the right-of-way."

Washington Star: "I wish," said Mr. Stormington Barnes, "that people, however much they may be moved to indignation, would not throw eggs."

"Yes," replied the leading man; "it's a very bad practice. Even if the eggs are good to start with, the concussion spoils them for culinary purposes."

Chicago Tribune: "We would give almost anything to have our little dog brought back," said the elder of the two spinsters. "What would you recommend? Shall we advertise for him?"

"I think I should," replied the detective, who had been called in. "And in offering a reward for the return of the animal you will do well to add: 'No questions asked.'"

"What for?" demanded the younger sister, flushing with indignation. "Because it's leap year?"

Harper's Bazar: "Hello, Brown! How's the real estate business? Selling much?" "Yep. Lots."

Indianapolis Journal: "Pillbody has a good many revolutionary ideas in his head." "Those are not ideas revolving in Pillbody's head. They are wheels."

St. Louis Republic: "Why did these two men leave the room?"

"Because they couldn't take it with with them."

Yonkers Statesman: Mr. Crimsonbeak—Do you think my dear, that that time will ever come when the men will do the cooking?

Mrs. Crimsonbeak—Not in this world, John.

Detroit Tribune: "Yes," answered the manager of the Wild West show, modestly, "that is quite a warwhoop. Our solo Indians were all educated in Germany, you know."

Roxbury Gazette: Gazway—Speaking of how the world being round, there's one thing that bothers me.

Jinzy—What's that?

Gazney—If it's true that it's round, how is it possible for it to come to an end?

Detroit Free Press: Mother—Why did you accept Charlie from among all the young men who have paid you attention?

Daughter—Because he was the only one that had the good taste to propose.

Up-to-Date: Mrs. Brown (in awed whisper)—Sh-sh! I hear a burglar in the pantry. I believe he is going to steal the cake I cooked today.

Mr. Brown (sleepily)—Poor devil! He may have a family, too.

Cincinnati Tribune: "I was so vexed," said the dear girl, "that I could have cried."

"And did you?" asked the Other Dear Girl.

"No; I was just getting ready to when the dinner bell rang."

New York Sun: Miss Watson—Didn't Mr. Sark say to you as I entered the drawing room last night, Clara, "Is that the beautiful Miss Watson?"

Clara—Yes, dear, with the accent on "that."

Chicago Record: "Why is it you football men wear long hair?"

"Why, to show the world that there are other kinds of intellectual men besides poets."

Detroit Tribune: "My own!" he whispered, soulfully. As for the girl, she acted like one possessed.

Do not let your dealer palm off on you any new remedy for colds. Insist on having Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Homeseekers' Excursions.

To Alabama, Georgia, Tennessee, Texas, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, and points generally South and West, on Nov. 17, Dec. 1 and 15, via the Northwestern Line (Omaha railway.) One fare plus $2 for round trip.

B. W. SUMMERS, Agent.
405 West Superior street.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSION.

Dec. 1 and 15 the Northern Pacific, Wisconsin Central lines will sell one way and round trip tickets to Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia at reduced rates. For full particulars, call at city office, 23 West Superior street.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
Passenger Agent.

BEST AND PUREST.
Solon spring water, 5c per gallon.

SOME THEOLOGICAL VAGARIES.

Sometimes I think there ought to be no requirements whatever for church membership, says an Orthodox Heretic in the Chicago Post. Why should there be? Let us see. Conditions demanded of candidates now are of two kinds—intellectual and moral; that is, a certain belief and a certain character. Take the matter of belief first. A man must believe in the Bible and our credal statement before we take him in. But what about the man who doesn't believe? Is there any better place to make him believe than in the church? Why not admit him in the hope he will come to see things rightly by and by? Why, the very object of the church is to influence people to accept Christ. Now, if they are held at bay until they are converted, how can we influence them?

* * *

It will be answered that the church is for them that are "saved," and such are believers only. But everyone knows the line dividing saints and sinners does not run along the boundary between the church and the world. Many church members are "back-slidden" and otherwise "unsaved." Some outsiders are religious. Why attempt to establish any demarcation on this earth between saints and sinners? Does not our theory of only saints belonging to the church encourage many persons to think of themselves as "saved" when, by any sort of test, they are not? If there were no assumption of saintship in church membership would not all be thrown more upon self-inspection and self-reliance? Does not the parable of the tares and the wheat bare on this point?

* * *

"But how can disbelievers co-operate with believers?" Most people are not disbelievers. They simply do not know, cannot see; they are agnostics. Of course, an open opponent of religion wouldn't not want to join any church. But should not a person who doesn't know whether he believes or not and would like more light and meanwhile wishes to co-operate with the Christian work of good people—should not such a one be welcomed?

* * *

What's the church for, anyhow? To make men believe? No; that's the Spirit's business. To save men? No; that's God's business. What is it for? It is to preach to men, to teach them, and, by organizing them, to set them to work doing good. None of these functions can be hindered, and all would be helped, by admitting respectful and honest unbelievers into the fold.

* * *

Take the second requirement, the moral one. Now, why should a man be expected to be good before he belongs to the church? The church is to make him good. Let the sinner in. He can't hurt the church and the church can only benefit him. We are not to call the righteous, but the wicked. They that be whole need no physician. We can never make our earthly churches fit representatives of the redeemed in heaven. We can never get the tares out of the wheat. Why try? Who authorized us to try? By what right do we limit membership to saints?

* * *

Look how Christ got members of His company. He said to Peter and John and the rest: "Follow me." No questions asked. No requirements. The manner they were the more they needed Him. The more ignorant they were the more necessity of His teaching. Publicans and sinners composed His congregation. As for the apostles, I doubt if they ever had any idea of forming a church organization. We have read back on to their words and deeds the prejudices and opinions of later years. "But did not they say, 'Believe and be saved?'" Certainly; but not "believe and unite with the church." All the church they knew was the voluntary assemblage of those attracted by the gospel.

* * *

There would be a great slump in hypocrisy if membership in the church no longer implied moral superiority. There would be no inducement then for the wolf to put on the sheep's clothing. There would be no false security of them who satisfy their consciences with the church records and are inwardly aliens from God. The tests of membership are a remnant from the Roman Catholic form, which still clings to our churchly ideas. The notion lingers that somehow the institution called the church is to relieve the individuality of some responsibility.

Remove the tests and thousands of good men who now attend as "outsiders" and "brothers-in-law" would step in and put their shoulders to the wheel of Christian effort. Many of these "outsiders," I suspect, are nearer the divine ideal than some "insiders."

* * *

To the brother who holds up holy hands in horror at the "lowering of the standard" and "compromising with sin" in these lines, I can only say that he should have known better than to read such an article as this.

BEFRIENDED BY THE ENEMY.

One of the stories of the Crimean war told by the the novelist Turgenieff, and well authenticated by existing letters, is peculiarly touching, says the Youth's Companion. Serghus Ivanovitch, a young Russian lieutenant, was one of an attacking party which was ordered out on a cold night to drive a body of French from a position in front of the Russian lines. In order to be as free as possible in his movements, the young lieutenant left his military cloak behind.

The French were found well posted in the edge of a wood. A desperate fight followed, at the end of which the Russians were compelled to withdraw, leaving their dead and wounded behind them. Among the grievously wounded was Serghus Ivanovitch, and all about him were French wounded.

Serghus suffered worse even from the cold than he did from his wound; and though a bullet had penetrated his leg, he was sure that the exposure of the night, rather than the wound, would be the end of him. Groaning and shivering, he was about to examine, as best he could, the wound in his leg, when some one said in French:

"You had best let your wound alone. Suffer, and disturb it as little as possible."

The Russian found that the man who had spoken was a veteran French captain, who, even worse wounded than himself, lay close by.

"No doubt you are right," said Serghus, "but I shall perish of cold before morning, anyway."

Then the Frenchman reproved him for coming out in the snow without his cloak. "Experience has taught me," he said, "never to go out without my capote. But this time it is not likely to save me. I am mortally wounded."

"Oh, they will come and get you."

"No, my dear enemy. It is all up with me. The shot has gone deep—I shall not last till help comes. Wrap yourself in my cloak and sleep. At your age one can sleep anywhere."

Despite his protests, the young Russian felt the Frenchman's cloak laid upon him. Exhausted, he fell asleep under its warming influence. Waking in the morning, he found the French captain dead at his side.

What is

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Castoria destroys worms, allays feverishness, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, relieves teething troubles, and cures constipation. Castoria contains no paregoric, morphine, or opium in any form.

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Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, November 21st, 1896.

In the matter of the estate of Johanna Sorensen, deceased:

Whereas an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Johanna Sorensen, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court.

And whereas Ole Jensen has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Johanna Sorensen died in this county on the 15th day of November, 1896, testate and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to him.

It is ordered that the proofs of said instrument and the said petition be heard before this court, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Wednesday, the 16th day of December, A. D. 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 21st day of November, A. D. 1896.

By the Court,
PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-21-28-Dec-5.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Sorin Halvorson, unmarried, mortgagor, to the Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, dated May 8th, 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on May 8th, 1893, at three (3) o'clock p. m., in Book 124 of mortgages on page 43, which said mortgage was assigned by the Duluth Loan, Deposit and Trust Company to Morgan M. Lewis, by an instrument of assignment dated June 8th, 1893, and recorded in the register of deeds' office, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on June 10th, 1893, at eight-thirty (8:30) o'clock a. m., in Book 55 of mortgages, on page 399, and default consisting in the non-payment of the principal and interest and in the non-payment of the sum of thirty-six and 14-100 (36.14) dollars for taxes for the years 1893, 1894 and 1895, which had become and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent and were paid by the legal representatives of the assignee of the mortgage in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, on November 2nd, 1896, and there is claimed to be due and is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice, the sum of two hundred ninety-three and 76-100 (293.76) dollars, principal, interest and taxes paid, and

Whereas, the undersigned, Benjamin V. Lewis and John F. Lewis, were appointed and have qualified as administrators of the estate of Morgan M. Lewis, deceased, assignee of said mortgagee, and said administrators have filed a certified copy dated January 10th, 1895, of their appointment in the register of deeds' office, St. Louis County, Minnesota, which said instrument was recorded on January 23rd, 1896, at ten-twenty (10:20) o'clock a. m., in Book 122 of deeds on page 197 and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the said debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All that part of lot one hundred and eighty (180), in block numbered ninety-eight (98), Duluth Proper, Second Division, which lies within one hundred (100) feet of the southerly line of Third street and within twenty-five (25) feet of the southwesterly line of said lot, being a rectangular piece of land 25x100 feet in size, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt, interest and taxes paid and twenty-five (25) dollars attorneys' fees as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on December 29th, 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided for by law.

Dated November 11th, 1896.

BENJAMIN V. LEWIS and JOHN. F. LEWIS,
Administrators of the estate of Morgan M. Lewis, deceased, assignee of Mortgagee.
TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Administrators,
103-108 Duluth Trust Co., building,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-14-21-28-Dec-5-12-19-26.

DR. DIX'S Celebrated Female Powders never fail. 10,000 ladies declare them safe and sure where all other remedies have failed. Particulars 4 cents. DR. S. T. DIX, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

BIG G Cures in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, Irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, dated July 9th, 1894, executed and delivered by James G. McNab, guardian of the estate of Archibald Buchannan, an insane person, mortgagor, to the Duluth Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July 9th, 1894, at three thirty (3:30) o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty (120) of mortgages, on page one hundred forty-five (145), which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned by the said Duluth Trust Company to Morgan M. Lewis, by an instrument in writing, dated September 5th, 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds on September 6th, 1894, at nine (9) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred thirty-two (132) of mortgages, on page seventy-one (71), and,

Whereas said mortgage provides that if default shall be made in the payment of the principal, interest or the taxes, or any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, its successors or assigns, to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due, and,

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the taxes for the years 1894 and 1895, which had become due and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent and amounted to the sum of forty and 46-100 (40.46) dollars, which said sum was paid by the undersigned on October 23rd, 1896, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, by reason whereof the undersigned, the legal representatives and holders of said mortgage, have elected to exercise said option and have heretofore duly declared and do hereby declare the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, together with the sum paid for taxes in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage to be now due and payable, and,

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice, the sum of three hundred forty-eight and 33-100 (348.33) dollars, principal, interest and taxes paid, and no action or proceedings, at law or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, and,

Whereas, the undersigned Benjamin V. Lewis and John F. Lewis were duly appointed and have duly qualified as administrators of the estate of Morgan M. Lewis, deceased, the said assignee of said mortgage, and that said administrators have filed a duly certified copy dated January 10th, 1895, of their appointment in the register of deeds' office, St. Louis County, Minnesota, which said instrument was recorded on January 23rd, 1896, at ten-twenty (10:20) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred twenty-two (122) of deeds, on page one hundred ninety-seven (197).

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered thirty-two (32), in block numbered seventy-nine (79), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds, in and for said county and state, which said premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes paid on said premises, and twenty-five (25.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, on the 19th day of December, 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided for by law.

Dated October 28th 1896.

BENJAMIN V. LEWIS AND JOHN F. LEWIS,
Administrators of the estate of Morgan M. Lewis, Deceased, Assignee of Mortgagee.
TOWNE & DAVIS,
Attorneys for Administrators,
103-108 Duluth Trust Company building,
Duluth, Minn.
Published in Duluth Evening Herald, Oct. 31, Nov. 7, 14, 21, 28, Dec. 5, 12.

The most telling function of the horse show is brought out each year in the grand dress parade which opens the season in fashion's dominion and settles the numerous questions about clothes which have been perplexing the feminine mind for weeks before. Whether or not there is any truth in the statement that the horses are the element of the show which has the least attention, it is very evident that the georgeous costumes created for this gala week absorb the greatest amount of interest. Women anxious to be first in the field with the latest modes in gowns and hats lead the procession of elegant attire on the outside of the ring, while the shining horses, all unconscious of their rivals, prance about inside for the entertainment of the few who deign to give the a passing glance. All the isolated cases of indifference in regard to dress are stimulated to action by this annual show of new gowns, and it may be encouraging to those who wish to profit by this display to know that everything in the way of materials was represented. Velvets, silks, velveteens, smooth-faced cloths, and inexpensive wool stuffs, elaborately decorated with lace-jewelled trimming and embroidery, jostled each other as they passed, and all the colors of the rainbow, with possibly red in the ascendant, added brightness to this panorama of fashion. The most noticeable feature of difference between this season's modes and those of last year is in the skirts and sleeves, which show so much less fullness. The close sleeves with a short hanging puff or epaulette frills, lined with satin of a contrasting color, are the prevailing style in the newest gowns. But there are no end of methods for reducing the sleeve, and anything which has some sort of a small puff at the top and close fitting below is in order. Short ends of lace edging are caught in with the puff in some gowns, and one very stylish gown worn at the horse show on opening night had lace draped in with the right puff only and carried across the front to finish the narrow yoke of lace-covered satin and down the left side in a point where the bodice fastened over it with three black cords. Shirred sleeves are the rule in chiffon, net, and thin waists of any kind, but they are always relieved by the puff or a series of lace-edged narrow frills at the top.

SKIRTS ARE SMALLER.

Although the new skirts are decidedly diminished in proportions, the godet plaits are still seen at the back, but not at all in front. The smaller skirt brings trimmings in its wake, and bands of fur velvet ribbon are set on in rows diagonally across the front, or to form a deep point in front commencing on the hips. Bands of fur and velvet trim other skirts around the bottom, but one of the latest novelties in skirts is made separate from the silk lining, except at the top, gathered in at the band slightly all around with more fullness at the back, and again about two inches below on a large cord. It is hemmed at the bottom, and one pretty gray gown made in this way has a cluster of tucks above the hem edged with narrow cream lace. The silk lining is stiffened a little at the bottom with light hafrcloth, and has a steel in the hem across the front.

Fine ribbed velveteens and figured liberty velvets were in evidence among the horse show gowns, the latter being used for separate waists, and the former in plain lark colors for entire dresses. Odd waists are numerous enough to establish them in favor for at least one more short season, but the really up-to-date gown had sleeves, or a part of the bodice, or both of the same material as the skirt. Velvet waists with cloth skirts are worn, but they match the skirts in color, which is usually dark, and the universal cream lace over white satin forms the vest. Revers appear in various shapes, tiny and narrow, short and wide, on the full bodices and coat waists alike, but those of the latest cut have square or curved corners, and the sharp pointed triangle is rarely seen.

A STRIKING COSTUME.

One striking costume of dark red cloth has an entire bodice and sleeves of cream white silk dotted here and there with steel beads and finished with one red velvet revere lapping over the left side, and a red velvet collar. Cream lace draped over white satin forms another waist worn with a black velvet skirt, and the sleeves are slightly shirred over the white lining and finished with three lace frills at the top. Black and white combinations make up some of the most elegant gowns of fashion this season, and they are worn by young women as well as the more matronly women of uncertain ages. Velvets, moire poplins, moire silks with satin brocade figures, and plain smooth-faced cloths are the prevailing fabrics used in black, and one of the most striking gowns at the horse show was of black cloth, with a wide, full vest of white satin, wide square-shaped revers, and belt of white embroidered with jet and silver beads, while another gown of black velvet had a full vest of cream lace over white, a fall of wide lace edge on either side giving the effect of draped revers, and two circular frills of velvet, lined with white satin, at the top of the close sleeve.

Colored velvets, embroidered all over in jet and gold or silver are decidedly a popular dress decoration, and they are arranged in all sorts of bolero designs, odd revers, bands, and belts, in pretty contrast with the rest of the gown, or quite matching in its color. Bodices with the pouch in front are quite as popular as ever, but there is only a slight fullness, and not enough to overhang the belt. The crossed-over or surplieed effect is seen on some of the gowns, folded to lap just a little at the belt over a fancy vest, or fastened at one side from the narrow yoke down, and fastened with frills of lace or chiffon, or with folds of bright velvet showing between the edges.

Both wide and narrow belts of velvet and light brocaded silk in bright contrast were conspicuous features of the horse show gowns of dark cloth, and the wide one is a very practical help sometimes in renovating an old gown, since it requires a very small piece of material to eke out the remaining portion of the bodice above.

ZOUAVE PATERNS.

Zouaves, too, of every kind and description were in visible evidence everywhere, cut round, square, or in points on the lower edge, laid in shallow plaits folding toward the middle, both back and front, or made quite plain. An occasional gown had sleeves of different material from the bodice and skirt, but it was the rare exception, and in every case the sleeves matched the rest of the gown in color. In colors the soft, dark shades of purple reds, violet, plum, and green seem to be the favorites in new gowns and hats, and there are as many different tints as there are complexions to be considered. Some of the pink violet shades are made very striking by a touch of bright apple green, and all the shades of yellow from orange to cream brighten up the dark cloth dresses when red is not desired. Military scarlet is seen, however, in many a dark green, blue, or black gown, and there is a soft Danish carnation color which is very effective for a 2-inch fold down either side of a lace vest when trimmed with a row of small gilt buttons or banded across at intervals with three loops of black silk cord. One of the prettiest is a blue-gray cloth gown with bodice and sleeves of black and white striped velvet. A bib-shaped piece of the cloth partially covers the back and front where it is draped in a few small plaits on the left side and trimmed on the other edge and over the shoulders with a band of embroidery. The collar band is of pale blue velvet. Another and still more striking costume was of changeable silk in dull petunia red and white, with a small scroll figure, and made with a tucked front and two wide bands of white satin embroidered in silver spangles across, the upper one forming a yoke, and below this on one side is a double frill of white lace. A band of the satin trims the sleeves below the puff, and a dark red velvet forms the collar and belt. This is a very pretty style for a black chiffon waist, with jet bands instead of the white, and a frill of black and white chiffon combined down the side. The narrow yoke of trimming extends across the back, and the chiffon is set on the edge in three tiny shirs and drawn plain and full into the belt.

GREEN VELVET BODICE.

A green velvet bodice, with green cloth skirt and sleeves, is plain in the back and open in front, where it is cut out in square tabs over a cream satin and lace vest. The entire front is embroidered with gold and bronze beads, and the velvet forms a rather flaring collar, beginning on either side over one of lace and satin. Blue and green changeable silk with a vermicelli pattern in black all over it is the material of one of the stylish gowns worn at the horse show in the evening. The skirt is plain, and the bodice has a very narrow yoke back and front and a collar of cream satin covered with lace. The fullness in the back is gathered in three heavy cords where it fastens on to the yoke, and the full front opens on one side, where it loops across the frill of lace, which begins with two full ends in the puff of the right sleeve, and is carried across the edge and down the side.

A plum-cloth gown shows an odd rever turning away from the front in a straight line, faced with plum-and-white checkered silk, and another rever of embroidered plum velvet falling over the left side. A gray-and-white striped silk has a yellow chiffon vest, with a yellow satin belt and rosette bow. The sides are tucked crosswise in groups of three, with a band of lace insertion between, and tiny jeweled buttons fasten the tucks down on the front edge, while tucks and one row of insertion form the yoke effect at the back. A novel bib front, back, and epaulets of cloth embroidered on the edges, is a stylish model, and one of the very smartest gowns worn in the afternoon is of dark blue cloth with three graduated bands of blue velvet on the skirt. The odd bolero is also of velvet, the sleeves of cloth, and the under bodice of green chiffon, held in by a band and tapering points of jet. Pale gray cloth, which, like black, is never out of fashion, forms some of the prettiest of the new gowns, and gray chiffon with white satin bands embroidered with silver is the dainty waist of one gown.

HORSE SHOW HATS.

The most striking feature of fashion at the horse show was seen in the hats, which have added breadth, height and audacity to their style since last season. When the hat is large it is very large, and the toques are anything but small. Breadth seems to be the effect most sought after, and the Gainsborough hat is here again with its abundant feathers and becoming shape. Other large hats are rolled on one side or both sides alike, and trimmed with plumes or cocks' feathers, spreading out on either side like rams' horns. Hats for morning wear were of felt in green, brown, blue or black, and simply trimmed with a band and bow of changeable moire ribbon and stiff wings.

The more glorified felt hat is bright red with red ribbon and ostrich feathers to match, and appears in the evening. Dressy felt hats, too, have soft crowns of embroidered satin or velvet, and are trimmed very elaborately with lace and feathers. Black velvet and cream lace make the most useful combination for a hat or a toque, as it is sure to look nice if the lace is fine and not too dressy.

The little bonnets and toques with the high, small crowns are very popular, and some of them have fluted brims, which are very becoming. One curious little hat of black velvet with the high crown has a brim made entirely of square tabs of green velvet on one side and black the other and wired around the edges. The trimming is cream lace, cream white algrettes and paradise plume. White ostrich feathers are very much worn in evening hats and bonnets, and combined with fine lace and black velvet the effect is decidedly more elegant than any color.

Embroidered colored velvets and satins are used for the crowns of the small evening hats, with feathers, bows of ribbon and fancy ornaments for the finish. Hugo buckles are set in front of the high-crowned, wide-brimmed hats, and one of these in black velvet has a turquoise and rhinestone buckle, and a stylish bow of blue and black striped ribbon with some black tips. A pretty little toque for afternoon wear is of violet and rose red velvet, mingled in soft plaited frills, and has a bunch of violet feathers standing up on one side of the front.

A LATE STYLE HAT.

A VELVET SEASON.

Women of Fashion Revel in it This Winter.

This is essentially a velvet season. A greater number of yards of velvet have been sold this year than the combined sales of many seasons past. The women of fashion are fairly revelling in velvets, says the New York Journal.

Not only are there entire velvet gowns, but velvet coats, capes and collarettes are all the vogue. The velvet hat is the hat of the hour, and even the winter shirtwaist is now made of velvet.

And much of this is due to the fad among women at present for picture dressing. The gowns most in favor are those which are artistic and are copies, perhaps, of some old-time picture. Large picture hats are in demand, and the collarettes are valued acording to their picturesqueness. Velvet lends itself admirably to picture dressing, and this constitutes one of the reasons for its great popularity this year.

Moire velour is one of the new velvets of the season. It looks much like moire, only that it is in velvet instead of silk. Then there is the mirror velvet with its exquisite changing colors, the velvet glace, which has an exceptionally brilliant sheen, and the plain silk velvet and velveteen. All of these velvets come in the newest shades.

The colors most in favor are sapphire blue, deep green, black, cherry, pink and all the varying shades of violet and dahlia.

Entire gowns of velvet have not been worn for many a long year. This season they are regarded as the most fashionable gown possible for receptions and dinners. But the velvet gown to be a success must be designed with great care. It must cling to the figure like a glove, and must never be much trimmed. A little real lace will add to the artistic effect of a velvet costume, but ribbons or chiffon would ruin it. Nothing is more incongruous to the woman who regards dressing as an art than the over-trimmed velvet gown.

The velvet hat is now so much the vogue that it may be bought in the shops untrimmed. It is always in the best taste when made of black velvet. In addition to the large picture hats of velvet with their graceful nodding plumes, there are fetching little velvet toques in plenty this year—toques which are sold with a collarette of velvet to match.

VELVET COATS.

As for the velvet coats, they are made in many styles, for both and matron. One of the prettiest for a debutante is a short, loose-fitting little coat made of black velvet. It hangs in two plaits, both in the back and at the front. Between the plaits and on the shoulders it is trimmed with black silk braid, which has tiny pink chenille rosebuds and green leaves intermingled with it. The braiding entirely covers the high collar and the coat is lined with black satin.

Another exquisite velvet coat is a loose affair. This is also made of black velvet, and it has a full front of white chiffon, upon which black lace designs are appliqued. The coat is lined throughout with ermine.

An odd velvet wrap which, since its arrival from Paris, has received much attention, is a combination cape and tight-fitting jacket. It reaches only to the waist line, and fits closely to the figure in the back and at the front. The jacket is made of emerald green velvet, studded with jet. In place of sleeves, black satin capes fall over the arms. The collar is a high, becoming affair of the green velvet wrought with jets.

FUR COLLARETTES.

Many of the velvet capes are made with collarettes of fur. A charming little velvet cape seen recently was made with a rever of turquoise blue satin, which folded back over the corsage toward the left shoulder. The rever was framed in a ruching of black chiffon, and the cape was of black velvet.

The velvet corselet and the broad crush belt are other fads of the hour. The broad belts are especially becoming to women with slender waists. Many of them are seven inches deep. They are not only worn with street gowns, but party frocks.

Those most in favor are made of silk velvet, sold by the yard, but unusually pretty ones are made of ribbon velvet. From five to eight bands of narrow ribbon velvet will be used to form one belt, and at the left side each band will be finished with a pert little bow. The corselets cling closely to the figure.

A COSTLY PETTICOAT.

One hundred and fifty dollars for merely a silk petticoat. Think of it! And yet this is what a New York society girl has paid for the underskirt which she is to wear beneath her wedding gown. It is such an exquisite petticoat that it seems a pity that modesty should compel it to be hidden from view.

The material is the richest quality of white brocaded satin, with a careless design of lovers' knots. The design is carefully traced with silver threads, with here and there an occasional tiny turquoise, which gives just a suggestion of blue to the silver sheen of the brocade. The skirt is trimmed around the bottom with a deep flounce of real Duchesse lace arranged in festoons. Small rosettes of narrow white moire ribbon fasten it in the different places where it is caught up. This skirt has also a foot ruffle, made of white moire silk, pinked.

There are other skirts to be worn with evening gowns, ranging in price from $40 to $90, according to the quality of the lace with which they are trimmed. One of the $90 skirts has simply a narrow frill of lace upon it, but the lace is real, and the skirt is otherwise most elaborate. It is made of faint pink brocade, with a flounce reaching nearly to the knees, of white accordion plaited chiffon. The flounce is headed with a tiny ruffle of round point lace. The foot ruffle of this skirt is a double affair of white and pink silk.

THIS COSTS $40.

A bewitching little skirt, valued at $40, is made of white moire. It is a mass of billowy chiffon ruffles from the bottom of the skirt to the knee. The ruffles are very narrow and show all the delicate tints of the rainbow. In dancing, when one catches a glimpse of this skirt, the color effect is very beautiful. Less expensive skirts for evening wear are trimmed with a ruching of pink ribbon, changeable ribbon being used to form the ruche. One pretty skirt in brocaded taffeta has a faint blue background scattered with violets. The ruching in changing shades of violet is arranged just below the knees to form Van Dyke points. Between the points a jabot of lace is fastened.

JEWELED JACKETS.

Jackets of jewels are the latest whim of the society girl. They are not long jackets, nor do they glisten with real jewels, but in effect they are just as gorgeous and startling as if every gem were valued at $1000. The jeweled jacket is a bolero in shape, and it may be slipped on over any gown. Of course it must be a gown of distinction, or it would be inappropriate to combine it with jewels. The jeweled boleros are made in two styles, and are quite expensive enough to prevent their ever becoming too popular. The most effective has for its foundation coarse cream lace, the design of which is incrusted with jewels so thickly that not a particle of the lace is visible.

A bolero jacket of this description, which was designed in Paris for an American woman, was made entirely of amethysts and emeralds—the green stones in varying shades. It was to be worn with a gown, a brocaded taffeta, revealing the two colors of the jewels. Every jewel was sewed to the lace by hand.

The other style of jeweled jacket has merely a plain, strongly woven net for its foundation. The jewels are sewed to the net as if they were beads upon a string and not following any design whatever. As many as four or five different colored jewels are used on one jacket. These jeweled jackets are most dazzling affairs. They seem specially designed for the women who wish to make themselves the center of attraction.

It is a season of bolero jackets this year. They are the prevailing mode of the hour. In shape they are most varied. They are made of velvet, cloth, braid, silk, fur, lace and ribbons.

The lace boleros are seen on a great variety of gowns—from a night dress, in fact, to a Parisian made party gown. One of the prettiest is curved in shape, ending just below the bust. From there it is connected by a lace tab to the belt. The tab is fastened both to the jacket and to the belt by jeweled buttons. There are also a number of heavy black lace boleros this season studded freely with jewels.

DELFT ORNAMENTS.

The Delft craze is still with us. Delft coloring and Delft designs were so much the vogue throughout the summer that one would naturally think that by this time their popularity would be quite worn out. But not so with the things Delft. They have merely appeared in a new guise this fall and are actually proclaiming themselves as suitable Christmas gifts.

The very newest things for the dressing table show the little blue and white Delft pictures in enamel. There are large smelling salt bottles of cut glass fitted with a cover of gilded silver, with a quaint old Dutch windmill painted on enamel as its decoration.

The newest hair brush has a gilded silver back with a tiny Delft scene inlaid upon the handle.

Not only has the powder box a lot of Delft enamelling on its gilded silver cover, but the handle of the puff ball itself is decorated in the same fashion.

There are any number of odd shaped little glass boxes with a Delft picture framed in gilded silver for the cover, which will be found most useful on the dressing table. They are convenient for holding cold cream, breath perfume tablets and other toilet accessories.

The case for dental floss, which heretofore has invariably been made of silver, now comes in gilded silver, and both at the top and on the bottom of the spool case is an inlaid Delft picture. Even the handle of the latest tooth brush carries out the same idea.

The combination of the gilded silver and Delft blue looks most effective resting on a highly polished mahogany dressing table.

In addition to these toilet articles, all the appointments for one's desk may now be bought in gilded silver and Delft—the blotter is capped in this way. The top of the glass inkstand shows an odd little Dutch sailboat in blue and white sunk into the gilded silver cover.

One of the prettiest of the gold mesh purses has a Delft top in place of a jeweled one. But the Delft scene is always framed in the gilded silver.

Lorgnettes show Delft pictures, and so do many of the newest belt buckles. There are even chatelaine watches with a Delft scene in enamel forming the back of the case.

ABOUT ANKLETS.

The golden anklet is the very latest device for feminine riders of the bicycle. A startling idea you will admit, and it comes direct from England.

As an example of the extreme to which the bicycle girl carries her fad for oddity in trinkets and accoutrements the anklet fad may safely be said to lead all its predecessors. The idea would seem naturally to have emanated from the Orient rather than from staid old England, where, even in the most fashionable, frivolous circles innovations of such a striking nature are slow to be adopted. But when a beautiful young noblewoman, of faultless symmetry, appeared recently on her silver-mounted wheel, with a magnificent gold chain encircling her tapering ankle, the effect was so charming that criticism was disarmed.

A short skirt enabled observers to get an admirable view of the bewitching arrangement, and the effect is all that could be desired by the most exacting critic of female loveliness.

WORN AT NIGHT.

The ice being once broken, the new fad caught on like wildfire, a spark from which was wafted across the Atlantic. While many New York girls are wearing the new ankle bracelet, they have so far confined their indulgence to the fad to night rides, in order that they may become accustomed to the novel sensation. It remains but for some daring spirit to take the initiative, however, and appear in daylight wearing the anklet to insure its general adoption.

According to an up-to-date jeweler, who makes a specialty of manufacturing the various cycling trinkets which have sprung into existence through the wheeling craze, the anklet is gaining in popularity every day. "My first order came from a well-known society woman, who spends much of her time abroad," said he, "and as she is somewhat eccentric in her tastes, I assumed that it was simply a notion of her own. I carefully took her ankle measure, however, and in a few days delivered the anklet, which was of heavy gold braid after her own design. Rather to my surprise other orders soon followed, and I am now busy getting up a stock of varied styles in preparation for more extensive calls.

SOME EXPENSIVE ONES.

"The design and quality of the new adornment were purely a matter of taste with the purchasers, the jeweler said, "and ranged from a simple 'dog chain' anklet of silver to the most elaborate circlet of web gold and platinum." The question as to the addition of jewels was one which depended entirely upon the length of the customer's purse.

"I am now making a very handsome and expensive anklet for a prominent member of the Michaux club," he went on, "which will, I think, create something of a sensation when its pretty rider appears with it on the boulevard. The ornament is in the form of a serpent, which is common to portions of South America, and highly valued by naturalists on account of its beautiful colors. After some search I succeeded in getting an exact description of the various hues of the reptile in question, and I shall exactly reproduce them in the very finest enamel. The eyes will be represented by two large emeralds, which match perfectly, and the effect of the iridescent hues of the back will be made by hundreds of the very smallest rose diamonds. The cost will be considerably over $1000. As the anklet will be in the form of a coil and long enough to encircle the ankle three or four times the illusion will be perfect."

A CHEAPER ANKLET.

A favorite style on account of its simplicity and cheapness is the ordinary circlet made in large links which causes it to conform easily to the ankle and does not interfere with the free action necessary in pedaling. They are secured with a small padlock.

Another English idea for the fair bicycle rider is the sandal, which is the very latest substitute for the gaiter. The idea originated with an obscure little shoemaker in Devonshire, England, and since he displayed the first pair of sandals in his shop he has been doing a rushing business.

The new bicycle sandal differs but little in design from the old-time Grecian sandal. The only prominent difference is that the new sandal has a toe piece. It is made of the softest dongola leather. The sandal is delightfully comfortable, and the straps which are wound around the ankle give to it the necessary support. Of course, it is always worn over a thick bicycle stocking.

BICYCLE LEGGINGS.

Here is a novelty which the winter bicycle is sure to welcome with joy. It is a combination bloomer and legging, and for neatness, convenience and warmth has no equal. The bloomer-legging has but recently been invented and patented by a New York manufacturer.

THE NEWEST IN SHIRT WAISTS.

The new invention is especially adapted for society women who object to the regular bloomer or ordinary bifurcated garment. The principal objection to the old bloomer was it lack of neatness. It is true that some women looked well in them, but the general opinion was that, as a rule, they were a failure and about as attractive as footfall trousers.

The new bloomer-legging is a distinct style. A skirt is to be worn over the bloomer to the knee, but below the knee the legging part ends in a sort of gaiter, covering the stocking and shoe, and serves the double purpose of protection from cold and dampness. The upper part is not bulky, and the lower part fits the leg snugly from the knee down. The garment resembles a pair of full tights.

The material of which the bloomer-legging is made is generally Jersey cloth. This is preferred because it clings so well to the figure. The bloomer gaiters will be found most serviceable in black, but they look particularly well if they match the costume in color. Dark blue and deep brown are shades to be relied upon to produce a good effect.

RAGE IN WASHINGTON.

The new garment is now the rage of the society women in Washington, although but recently introduced there.

It is said that a number of society women are thinking of adopting this bloomer-legging as a wet weather costume, and that members of the Business Women's Rainy Day club will also use this unique invention during the coming winter. If this is so, many of them will be made of the waterproof cravenette, instead of Jersey cloth.

The new bloomer-legging bids fair to revolutionize the bicycle costume, as well as the business woman's attire, although in the latter costume the skirts will probably be much longer.

One fair bicyclist in this city has had a pair of the new bloomer-leggings made entirely from chamois leather, which has been stained a soft tan color. Another pair, made by the same dealer, is of thin dog skin. As every bicyclist knows, there is an advantage about having expensive garments of this kind made from some tough kind of material. This not only protects the knees from the cuts and bruises inevitable in bicycling, but saves the garment from being torn during a fall upon sharp stones.

Bloomer-leggings of this pattern are also available for mountain climbing.

THE NEW COLLEGE GIRL.

PLAIDS ARE POPULAR.

Much Used in Paris For Walking Skirts.

Occasionally one sees a pretty girl in a plaid frock, and then it is borne in upon us that plaids are being extensively worn in Paris, especially for skirts, with jackets of plain cloth which repeat the darkest or most prominent tint in the plaid, says the Chicago Times-Herald. However, I do think that only moderately good-looking (or very pretty) women should wear plaids. They certainly do attract attention, first to the gown, and then to the wearer thereof. I saw today a tall, handsome woman in plaid silk, and stopped to admire both that and her pleasant face. I saw another woman, sallow, featureless, commonplace. She wore a plaid blouse and looked thirteefold a fright. A lovely green and gold and bronze plaid skirt looked lovely under an empire coat of plain green cloth, only a stock of rose-colored ribbon gave rather a patchy effect, as did also a tan cloth coat which I saw worn over a blue and green plaid skirt.

As for the tailor-made gown, it is still in fashion, having as a matter of fact, never gone out. Three gowns recently made by a famous tailor serve well to illustrate the newest vogue in this neat but expensive wear. The first suit was a plainly cut coat and skirt in a black and white Scotch tweed, the coat turning back with long revers to show a plain vest of the same material. The second suit is made also with coat and skirt, but the material is a faced cloth of a deep petunia shade. The coat is double-breasted, with a velvet collar, and the revers are braided with a conventional design in black. A soft silk vest with jabot of cream lace adds a dainty touch to this costume. The third costume is more elaborate still. The short, braided bolero and skirt are of deep green cloth, the sleeves and blouse of silk to match, while a folded girdle of the silk outlines the waist. This latter may not sound like a tailor gown, but so it was.

This is the year when any kind of a muff is fashionable, so long as it is big enough to poke two hands in. Or it may be very big, indeed, a real enormous "granny." It can be round or flat, or in any fancy shape. One of the newest of the season is simply vast and made in any of the sables, Russian, Hudson bay or Alaska fur of sables there is many a variety. This huge muff is designed for carriage use only. If a pedestrian were to be seen carrying it there would be the inevitable query: "Where is the muff going with the woman?" The medium-sized muff for street wear has usually a fur cape or collar to match. With a neat tailor suit this addition of fur is really enough, save for the very cold and extremely wintry days. No particular fur is worn this season, though there seems to be a revival of interest in seal, ermine, grebe, blue fox and mouflon. Though I really don't suppose one ought to speak of grebe as fur, seeing that it is yielded by the grebe duck. I love its smooth, gleaming surface, though I never owned a bit of grebe in all my life. I can recollect childish days when I envied it from afar, and thought of its probable possessor as of some fancy talisman. Blue fox is a silky, long-haired fur of great elegance. Ermine is coldly beautiful, and mouflon is made of dyed sheepskin, pretty and effective at first, but apt to wear until it looks like downy flannel, quite unlovely to the eye. No, I don't think I would advise anyone to invest in mouflon, unless they were rich enough to change it at will.

But a word about ribbons! Never were these costly fripperies more in vogue than they are now! For girdles, for sashes long and short, for stocks and straps, choux, bows and ends and floating streamers, ribbons woo us at every graceful turn! Such a variety, too,—moire ribbons with narrow velvet edges of a contrasting color, and changeable taffetas crossed and barred with velvet stripes! The Marie Antoinette shades—pale pink, faint heliotrope, pallid light gray and all soft opaline tints—are among fashion's leaders. Purples and greens, too, frantically strive each for first place, and brocades have grown bigger them ever!

FADS IN BUTTONS.

Next to ribbons come the buttons of the day. They are for the most part gay and sparkling, to suit this winter's general vogue. Rhinestone buttons are the most fashionable of all, but buttons of colored enamel made to match the material of the gown for which they are intended are in excellent taste and style. Foremost among the spectacular buttons of the season are those of red enamel surrounded by small rhinestones. These are used mainly on red clothes, though they are quite suitable for gowns of more somber material. Red in various shades promises to be greatly worn this winter, and a large proportion of the latest Paris models, both in costumes and in millinery, are in a very bright tone of red. Strong contrasts of color will continue to be seen, and a smart Paris gown of silver-gray serge has a vest of ruby-colored silk, finished at the throat with a cravat of black velvet, edged with creamy lace. The hat is of ruby felt, trimmed with black ostrich plumes. Green and white is another combination which Parisian dressmakers have been trying for a long time to popularize, but I fancy they will have to wait until next summer. Green and white is too chilly for this weather!

Now that the Spanish bolero is in such high favor, it is not surprising that the Spanish fan should be popular too. It is generally rather small—though not nearly as tiny as the empire fan—and is very prettily decorated. Charming little fan cases made of satin, and decorated to match the style of the fan itself, hang from the waist by a ribbon or cord. The more spangles that a fan now possesses the more completely up to date it is. We may not sparkle conversationally, but our habiliments glitter like the stars o' frosty nights.

SKATING GOWNS.

Annie Morton Lane writes from London: As the winter advances and the weather gets colder the craze for skating, which had its fashionable birth in London about two years ago, is reviving with additional zest. Some delightful skating gowns are in course of preparation to be worn at one or more of the smart ice rinks, while the milliners are equally busy in arranging appropriate headgear en suite. A delightful skating gown, for instance, has chinchilla arranged as an Eton coat, with purple velvet sleeves finished with deep cuffs of chinchilla, and the front opening over a soft vest of lace and chiffon. Astrakhan holds apparently a high place in favor still, and is particularly useful in cases of half mourning. A black skirt with a well-made bodice of black and white half-inch stripes and a deep, square collar of black astrakhan looks very smart. There are pointed lapels of astrakhan on the bodice in front, with a soft creamy jabot of chiffon and lace between. Blouses are still worn very generally for skating, and with excellent reason. They admit of a warm, cozy, tight-fitting coat being drawn on over them when leaving off the exhilarating and warming exercise, while they are cool, easy and comfortable for the exercise.

CAMPHOR IS SCARCE.

High explosives and smokeless powders have caused such a run on camphor that its retail price has more than doubled, and housewives and others who used to keep it as a preservation against destructive vermin and mildew have had to fall back on naphthalene, in spite of its very repulsive smell, says the Cincinnati Enquirer. As usual, the enhanced price has set chemists to work to find a substitute, and they have already succeeded in producing something so like the camphor of commerce that only experts can recognize the difference. This new substance is prepared by passing a current of dry hydrochloric gas through spirits of turpentine cooled by a freezing mixture. The liquid darkens and deposits crystals, which are dissolved in alcohol and precipitated by water. The separated crystals are drained and dried. They are perfectly colorless, and have an odor like camphor. This artificial camphor fuses at 115 degrees C., and boils at 167 degrees C. with decomposition. At the ordinary temperature its vapor tension is sufficient to cause it to sublime like ordinary camphor in small brilliant crystals in the bottles in which it is preserved. It is insoluble in water, and gyrates when on the surface of that liquid like true camphor. Real camphor fused melts at 175 degrees C., and boils with decomposition at 204 degrees C. It is rumored that shipments of the artificial substance have been made to Hamburg, from whence it has been shipped to England as genuine camphor.

PERSONS WHO SIT ALL DAY.

In coaling houses or in manufacturing establishments, inhaling close or impure air, are usually pale, and frequently emaciated. A tonic is what such people require. Operatives, clerks, saleswomen and employers as well as employed, pinned to the desk by cares of business, derive infinite good from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an admirable means of repairing the physical depletion, resulting from too close an application to their special avocations. Dyspepsia, constipation, bilious irregularity and premature decay are arrested by this invigorant and alterative commended by physicians, and a standard article for thirty-five years past. Fever and ague is checked in its first approaches, and if the remedy is persisted in, entirely eradicated, when chronic, by the Bitters. Rheumatic ailments are also arrested by its blood purifying and diuretic action.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 312 West Superior street. Telephone 402.

SCIENCE AND INVENTION

It is at last announced in an authoritative manner that photography in colors is an assured fact. The patent has been issued to James D. McDonough, a Chicago man, who has been at work on the problem for many years. The discovery was not made public until 500 color photographs had been taken. Among these were portraits in which the flesh tints were reproduced with exactness, but perhaps the most remarkable of all the inventor's achievements was a photograph of a Japanese panel, which reproduced seventeen shades of color with absolute fidelity.

The new discovery will rank as one of the most remarkable and far-reaching in its effects of any that the scientists in the photographic field have made for many years. Daguerre had hardly astonished the world with the daguerreotype before these scientific operators were at work in all parts of the world trying to photograph colors. Some of them abandoned it in despair, others thought many times they had found the secret, but all conceded that the solution of the problem was attended with difficulties of the gravest description. At last, however, the mystery has been disclosed and the patient labor of years has been rewarded.

The value of the discovery will be enormous. Objects of life or nature photographed without color are at best only half seen. It is simply form without expression. The color is the striking part of the picture. It makes the difference between a great printing and a black and white reproduction. The future value of photography can hardly be overestimated. The art has made great progress since the days of Daguerre, and its uses have been largely increased. No village is so small that it does not have its photographer, and in cities they may be found in every block. It has become a necessity. It covers almost every action of man and animal and every phase of nature. It has some imperfections in perspective growing out of the manner in which the lines of light strike the object glass and the tendency to exaggerate what is nearest the camera, but even with these drawbacks photography has become indispensable.

The new use of photography in colors will be almost limitless. It will reproduce the portraits of men, women and children, the animals of the farmer, the varying phases of the landscape, the architecture of cities, the fleets of the ocean, the billows of the sea, the procession of the clouds, the majesty of the mountains, the verdure of the trees, the beauty of the flowers, the lightings and the stars, all in their natural colors. It must inevitably be substituted for much of the work of the painters, even if it does not make their art practically useless, and the best of it all is that the process is cheap, though the syndicate which controls it, with the customary greed of human nature, will probably attempt to overcharge to the limit of extortion.

* * *

A new development of photography in colors was explained by M. Lippman, the distinguished French investigator. He has now succeeded in reproducing perfectly all the colors of nature on a sensitive plate. Light, as everyone knows, rushes through the camera, as through all space, at the rate of about 186,000 miles per second. With this velocity it leaves traces of its energy in the photographic picture in light and shade, but it is colorless, because the forms of the individual waves or vibrations are not depicted. To secure this result M. Lippman places behind the thin, transparent gelatine film a mirror of mercury. This stops the rays of light and reflects them, thus rendering the vibrations practically stationary, as the result showed. They then leave on the film the impress of each separate prismatic color and shade. The film remains transparent and its hues are like those of a soap bubble and other substances in themselves colorless. In other words, the photographic plate must be held at a certain angle in order to see the chromatic effects. M. Lippman shows by reflected electric light a number of pictures produced in this manner, several being the simple colors of the spectrum and others photographs of natural objects and scenes, including portraits.—Popular Science News.

* * *

According to Invention, England has got the fastest vessel in the world. The Desperate, a torpedo-boat destroyer by Thorneycroft, ran a measured mile at the rate of 35¾ statute miles per hour. That boat can get away from anything on earth or catch anything that floats if it starts after it.

* * *

In Japan, that land of gentle manners and other queer things, they have invented vegetable meat. The substance is called in the vernacular "torfu." It consists mainly of protein matter of the soya bean and is claimed to be as easily digested as meat. Torfu is as white as snow and is sold in tablets; it tastes like fresh malt. What with mineral wool, wood silk and vegetable meat and other articles of food and wear made by science, nature may as well go out of business at once.

* * *

The newly invented phonendoscope is designed to be used by physicians and surgeons for detecting the presence of disease by sound. The instrument consists of a circular flat metal box or tympanum, having on its surface two apertures for the attachment of the rubber ear tubes, while the other surface is formed by a thin disk which is readily thrown into vibration. The best results are obtained by simply applying this disk to the surface to be examined. By an ingenious contrivance a second disk can be superposed upon this one and a vulcanite rod attached to the former, so that the area of auscultation may be extremely circumscribed. The condition of the sounds is only slightly diminished by the use of the rod, which thus combines the principle of the solid stethoscope with that of the tymanum. The rod furnished with the instrument is about two inches in length, but it is stated that there are other rods of various lengths to enable the "phonendoscopist" to receive sound vibrations from the natural cavities which communicate with the exterior of the body. Altogether we consider the instrument highly ingenious, carefully and compactly constructed, useful as an aid to sede the use of the stethoscope. It may be found useful in class demonstration, since it would be easy, by means of branched tubes, to enable several persons to listen at the same time.

The instrument would be particularly useful for the following purposes: 1. The sound of the respiratory organs, of the circulation of the blood and of the digestive organs in the healthy body as well as in the sick subjects. 2. The sounds made by the muscles, joints and bones. 3. The sounds of the capillary circulation. 4. The slightest sounds produced in any diseased condition of the body, hence it is impossible to draw on the body dimensions, the position or any alteration in the position of the various organs and of the fluids which have gathered in the most important cavities in the body. 5. The sounds in the eye, the ear, the bladder, the stomach and the intestines.—Lancet.

* * *

The largest steel propeller ever made is one recently made at Chester, Pa., for the new iron steamship John Englis, soon to be put in commission between New York and Portland, Me. There are four blades measuring from tip to tip 16 feet, and its hub where it fits on the shaft is 26 inches in diameter. The thickness of the metal at the hub is 6 inches. The casting weighs 15,000 pounds. Some idea of the strength and power of this huge screw may be gathered from the fact that the tensile strength of the steel is 71,000 pounds, with an elongation of 27 per cent and a reduction of 33 per cent. When placed in position on the steamship John Englis and driven at the full speed of the 4000 horse power triple expansion engines, this propeller will make ninety revolutions a minute.

* * *

The Electrical Review says: The Long-Distance Electric Typograph company, of St. Louis, has been incorporated with a capital stock of $100,000. Joseph Reifgraber is the inventor. The electric typograph system is designed to enable a newspaper editor to do not only his own work of writing, but that also of the telegraph operator and typesetter, while the performance of all their duties is facilitated. The editor is to "pound out" a "story" on a typewriter-like machine, which is electrically connected with a telegraph wire system. Mr. Reifgraber says no new principle is involved in his invention, which was patented about a month ago. "It is merely a new application of old principles," he says.

* * *

Work has been commenced on the underground electric railway in London. As now projected the road will be only ten miles long, but it will thread all the populous suburbs from Shepard's Bush into the city, and the fourteen stations will tap the great arteries of travel. The minimum depth of the tunnel will be fifty feet and the maximum depth 100 feet, and access from above to the platforms will be had by monster elevators, each with a carrying capacity of 250 persons. Forty trains per hour are to be run. The fare will be 4 cents for the round trip. The schedule time for the 10-mile run, including fourteen stops, is to be fifteen minutes. To prevent any possibility of accident there will be two distinct tunnels, one for the up and the other for the down traffic.

* * *

Professor L. J. Kimball, of San Francisco, Cal., is the inventor of an electro magnetic apparatus which it is claimed will accurately locate subterranean deposits of oil, water and minerals. If half the inventor claims is true, it will cause another revolution in mining circles and do away with speculation as to extent of "paying" veins, etc.

* * *

Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, reports that his stanch ship, the Fram, withstood the strains of the ice floes with perfect success. She was equipped with an electric light plant run by a windmill. The plant fulfilled every expectation. The lowest temperature Dr. Nansen found was 62 degrees below zero.

* * *

The longest bridge in the world is the Lion bridge, near Saugong, China. It extends five and a quarter miles over an arm of the Yellow sea, and it is supported by 300 huge stone arches. The roadway is seventy feet above the water and is enclosed in an iron net work.

* * *

It is said that Thomas A. Edison is greatly interested in flying machines and aerial navigation, and that he has several novel ideas to apply to an experimental machine soon to be produced.

* * *

A rain-proof umbrella with a transparent cover enabling the user to see where he is going has been invented in England. E. T. FENWICK.

Washington, D. C.

A NEGLECTED COLD

Results in Chronic Catarrh and Bonchitis--Cured by Pe-ru-na.

The following testimonial is an old, old story. We receive a great many letters like this. Some one has had a cold. He neglected to take Pe-ru-na for it as he should have done. It runs on until chronic catarrh, bronchitis or consumption results. If he begins to take Pe-ru-na before it is too late, he is sure to be cured. Even after it is too late to receive a cure, great relief from suffering is experienced. Bernard King, National Military Home, Leavenworth, Kas., writes a few words which every one should heed:

"I will write you a few lines for publication to make known what Pe-ru-na has done for me. I took a severe cold, which I neglected. It developed into catarrh and bronchitis, and in a short time became chronic. I tried everything I saw advertised, which did me no good. I saw the great tonic, Pe-ru-na, advertised. I bought one bottle. I found myself so much better after taking it I wrote you for advice, which you kindly continued to give me, free of charge, for five months. Now I am happy to inform you and the public that I am perfectly cured of catarrh and bronchitis. I make this statement in hope that some of my comrades will see it and be benefited thereby."

Send to the Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing company, of Columbus, Ohio, for an illustrated book on chronic catarrh of 64 pages, written by Dr. Hartman.

IT FITTED HIM.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "That's th' toughest boy you ever saw. He's had more tumbles an' setbacks than any kid in the country. Th' big boys are always lickin' him but he comes up smilin' after every fight."

"What's his name?"

"Well, we didn't give him no name for quite a spell, an' then ma insisted on callin' him Warner Miller."

FREE TO EVERY MAN.

THE METHOD OF A GREAT TREATMENT FOR WEAKNESS OF MEN.

WHICH CURED HIM AFTER EVERYTHING ELSE FAILED.

Painful diseases are bad enough, but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental forebodings are ten times worse than the most severe pain. There is no let up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is almost impossible and under such a strain men are scarcely responsible for what they do. For years the writer toiled and tossed on the troubled sea of sexual weakness until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to his aid in the shape of a combination of medicines that not only completely restored the general health, but enlarged his weak, emaciated parts to natural size and vigor, and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the method of this wonderful treatment free. Now when I say free I mean absolutely without cost, because I want every weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist, nor do I pose as an enthusiast, but there are thousands of men suffering the mental tortures of weakened manhood who would be cured at once could they but get such a remedy as the one that cured me. Do not try to study out how I can afford to pay the few postage stamps necessary to mail the information, but send for it, and learn that there are a few things on earth that although they cost nothing to get are worth a fortune to some men and mean a lifetime of happiness to most of us. Write to Thomas Slater, box 296, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the information will be mailed in a plain sealed envelope.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

RENDERED SPEECHLESS

An Influential Farmer Stricken with Paralysis While at Work.

Three Physicians of Spring Valley and one from Etna Could not Cure Him—Other Communications of Interest.

OTHER STATEMENTS FROM OTHER STATES.

From the Mercury, Spring Valley, Minn.

EDITOR "MERCURY"—

The following statements from influential and prominent people in and about Spring Valley, Minnesota,—made to your reporter recently contain suggestions of much interest to readers of your paper.

"I am a prosperous and influential farmer living seven miles south of Spring Valley, and wish to certify my good faith as to the wonderful cure performed by the taking of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. On July 17th, 1894, I was stricken with paralysis, which left me in a helpless condition. My wife was compelled to wheel me about in a chair. My speech had entirely left me and I was next door to the grave. I had employed at different times three of Spring Valley's most able physicians, but they could do me no good, and after having been treated by a prominent physician from Etna, but to no avail, I resorted to various medicines, but could get no relief. I was asked to try Pink Pills, which I did.

"My first box was purchased in April, 1895. After having taken the pills a short time I could see an improvement. Finally I could use my limbs and walk about the house, and to-day, thank God, I have regained my speech, and I am thoroughly convinced had I not taken Pink Pills I would now be utterly helpless. As it is, I am comparatively a well man. I trust this may reach many afflicted with the dread disease, and that my statement may be the means of bringing poor unfortunates back to health and strength, as I know Pink Pills will do the work. "NEWELL SEELY."

"I have never in all my life before recommended a proprietary medicine to my immediate friends. But the help I have received from Pink Pills, I feel, justifies me in saying that I know of nothing equal to them for the cure of a generally broken down system.

"They have truly made a new woman of me, and for a rapid building up, I know of nothing better. My daughter was in a delicate state of health, and, as a result of taking Pink Pills, she also is in the best of health now, and I can only say in closing, I shall always recommend Pink Pills most highly.

"MRS. NEWELL LLOYD."

"For years I have been troubled with salt rheum or eczema, as it is often termed, —a continual breaking out all over my body. Naturally I have used more or less medicine. Some of it produced a temporary benefit, but many kinds proved to be positively injurious. As I had tried almost everything I began to feel discouraged, and for a time continued to suffer, until I could stand it no longer. Finally, my brother (Mr. Elmer Lloyd), of the firm of Lloyd & Smith, druggists, persuaded me to try Pink Pills, which I did, and after having taken about three boxes I found myself entirely cured. It is scarcely necessary to say that I have ever since kept Pink Pills in my house ready for any emergency. I gladly speak words of praise for this wonderful medicine.

"NEWELL LLOYD."

"I find the Pink Pills excellent for headache. They have cured my husband of paralysis, and I feel as if we cannot do without them in our family.

"MRS. MORT SEELY."

"Pink Pills certainly have a great deal of merit. They have cured me of my sick headaches and have built me up generally, and I cannot speak too highly of this medicine. I shall at all times speak in highest terms of Pink Pills to my friends and neighbors.

"MRS. EUGENE WILCOX."

ECZEMA.

From the Free Press, Corning, Iowa.

"I was afflicted with what physicians assured me was eczema and began doctoring for that disease about two years ago." Said Mrs. Eva L. Evans, of Harris, Iowa, to a reporter a few days ago. "The first doctor I consulted did me no good at all. He pronounced the disease ring-worm and gave me remedies for that ailment, but soon found out his error.

"I then tried another physician, with some better success but did not succeed in obtaining permanent relief. On the contrary, I got worse and my face and body broke out badly and a severe itching sensation constantly accompanied it. This physician pronounced the malady eczema, and I believe now that his diagnosis was correct. My husband saw an article on Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in the county papers and at his solicitation I tried them.

"To make a long story short, I took twelve boxes of this wonderful remedy and am now entirely relieved. I have not been troubled with the least sign of this disease since August, 1895. I had been taking the pills since June of that year. I am glad to testify to the worth of this excellent remedy. It not only cured me, but my father tried it for la grippe and was materially benefited—in fact he insists it relieved him at once. Many of my neighbors are using this remedy at my recommendation and are enthusiastic in its praise."

[Signed.] MRS. EVA L. EVANS.

To confirm this statement beyond all doubt, Mrs. Evans signed the foregoing.

STATE OF IOWA, COUNTY OF ADAMS. } ss.

Signed this 17th day of March, 1896, before me. W. E. HELLEN, *Notary Public.*

A SWORN STATEMENT.

From Republican, Castlewood, South Dakota.

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA, COUNTY OF HAMLIN. } ss.

Carrie McDonald, of Castlewood, being duly sworn says that in the fall of 1894 she bought a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People of W. F. Van Dervoort, druggist of Castlewood, as a remedy for general debility and "that tired feeling" and rheumatism with which she was afflicted at that time; that she continued in the use of them until she had used six boxes and believes that by the use of them she has been cured of all of the above named ailments.

(Signed) CARRIE MCDONALD.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of March, A. D. 1896.

J. W. HOPKINS, *Notary Public.*

The proprietors of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills state that they are not a patent medicine but a prescription used for many years by an eminent practitioner who produced the most wonderful results with them, curing all forms of weakness arising from a watery condition of the blood or shattered nerves, two fruitful causes of almost every ill to which flesh is heir. The pills are also a specific for the troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, all forms of weakness, chronic constipation, bearing down pains, etc., and in the case of men will give speedy relief and effect a permanent cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of whatever nature. They are entirely harmless and can be given to weak and sickly children with the greatest good and without the slightest danger. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

255 MINUTES TO ST. PAUL
275 MINUTES TO MINNEAPOLIS.

Is the flight of the fast limited between Duluth and Twin Cities, via the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. Shortest, quickest and main traveled road, leaving Duluth at 1:55 p. m.. Other trains, 9 a. m. and 11:15 p. m.. Three each way daily.

Money Easily Made.

We need a representative in each county for our fine line of Holiday Books—Atlases, Art Works Globes, etc. The next two months are the best for canvassing. We have over 500 different publications. One of the most useful articles ever published is the "Reversible United States and World Wall Map"—6 feet long, 11 beautiful colors. Should be in every home. Would educate young and old. One side shows a fine World map, the other the United States.

Send $1.25 for sample and terms, or write

RAND, McNALLY & Co.
CHICAGO. ILLS.

IF YOU WISH TO DRINK
A choice, wholesome, palatable and nourishing glass of Beer
CALL FOR—
FITGER'S BEER

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable, LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

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21-23 FIFTH AVE. W.
Pitch and Gravel, Iron, Tin and Slate Roofing.
HOT AIR FURNACES
Skylights, Cornices, Ventilation Pipe, Chimney Tops, Smokestacks, Tin and Sheet Iron Work, etc.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.
TELEPHONE 642.
When you want a first-class job at a reasonable price, call on us.

SANTAL-MIDY
These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.
MIDY
Sold by all druggists.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for excavating trench and laying about 1500 lineal feet of 60-inch steel intake pipe and for placing the submerged crib at the outer end thereof for the proposed municipal waterworks in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of five hundred (500) dollars must accompany each bid.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

Contract Work.

Office of Board of Public Works,
City of Duluth, Minn., Nov. 23, 1896.

Sealed bids will be received by the board of public works in and for the corporation of the city of Duluth, Minnesota, at their office in said city until 10 a. m. on the 4th day of December, A. D. 1896, for the construction of plank sidewalks in said city, as follows:

A 3-foot walk on the westerly side of Fifty-third avenue east from Peabody street to the northerly side of Colorado street; and a 2-foot walk on the south side of Polk street from Fifty-ninth avenue west to Sixty-first avenue west, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said board.

A certified check or a bond with at least two (2) sureties in the sum of at least ten per cent of the total amount bid must accompany each proposal.

The said board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

M. J. DAVIS,
President.

Official:
(Seal.)
R. MURCHISON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Duluth Evening Herald, Nov. 23, 10 times.

GOSSIP OF ★ ★ THE STAGE.

Minstrelsy is an American institution, originating in America as it did many years ago, and holding its place in stage amusements through all the changes made necessary by a fickle-minded public. It stands today as one of the leading factors in theatricals. There is no exhibition that is patronized so largely by all classes of theater-goers as minstelsy. It is true that there are not as many minstrel shows as there were in former years, but the attractiveness of the entertainment offered has very much advanced. A great many people talk of the old-time minstrels, but we doubt if the old style of minstrelsy would suit the present day theater-goers. It would suffer greatly in comparison with the high-class of entertainment offered by the big minstrels of the present time. The Al G. Field minstrels and Eutopia are recognized the length and breadth of this land as leaders in their line. Some sixty odd people take part in the entertainment. An entire train of cars is used to transport it from city to city; special scenery and other appurtenances of the big stage productions of the day are employed.

Musical acts as seen in vaudeville and minstrel shows usually have a great

LEW SULLY

deal of sameness about them; about the same instruments that you have heard played upon for years and about the same tunes, with very little change in the comedy business, has made many of the musical turns a little worse for the wear. Originality is quickly recognized on the stage. Messrs. Bogart and O'Brien, two very bright, inventive musical geniuses, have put an act together that has gained the approbation of the public and great praise from the critics. Every instrument used in Bogart and O'Brien's act is a novelty; the musical pump, musical chairs and the trick table are each in themselves a novelty that would be the making of any musical act, no matter how tame. But when the whole act is sparkling with innovation, unstinted praise is due to Bogart and O'Brien. As an eccentric comedian, Neal O'Brien has no superior. His very action is ridiculous. Bogart and O'Brien are in the second year of their engagement with the Al G. Field minstrels and Utopia, and are one of the big hits of this big show. Field's minstrels will appear at the Lyceum Monday evening.

Richard Mansfield's auction sale of his household belongings is thus jeeringly announced by James L. Ford, in the New York Journal: "For many years Richard Mansfield has cut a wide swath in the artistic life of the town, not only as an actor, but as a lover of the fine arts and an indefatigable collector of and connoisseur in all that is rich and rare and precious. Among Mr. Mansfield's artistic triumphs—apart from those of the stage—we can easily recall the golden period of his reign at the Madison Square theater, when dabs of ice cream were given out between the acts. Still more recently he opened the Garrick theater as a sort of Théâtre Français, and at the same time started a bazar in the basement for the sale of gum drops. He was contemplating even further incursions into the realm of art and fantasy in the shape of chocolate creams and caramels, when circumstances compelled him to give up his playhouse. Since then he has devoted all his spare time to the work of collecting the priceless assortment of bric-a-brac which will be offered for sale today at American art galleries. It is the most noticeable artistic 'glosing out' New York has known in many a day. No one but Mr. Mansfield, for instance, could have secured lot No. 264, "an antique large arm chair," richly upholstered with gold paint, and purchased at the great annual fire sale at the Borghese palace. Certainly no one with an art sense less acute and highly trained than that of the great actor-manager would have recognized the value of the copper tea kettle with iron stand which constitutes lot No. 175. Antiquarians declare this to be one of the most interesting objects in the whole collection, partly because it is a serviceable domestic utensil and partly because of the strong resemblance which it bears to the kettles and stands which occur in the furnishing goods strata of our great department stores, labeled "$2.98." If Mr. Mansfield were not really in earnest in his desire to make the sale a complete "glosing out" he certainly would not part with lot No. 163, which is a stuffed cat of unpleasant aspect. In preserving the remains of what was undoubtedly a faithful and companionable domestic animal Mr. Mansfield shows commendable taste, but the fact that the creature died of a combination of dropsy and extreme fright has unfitted the carcass for use as a parlor ornament. The pictoral works of art will be "glosed out" on Friday. Among them may be mentioned some admirable photogravures of the "Return of the Mayflower," "The Pilgrim Exiles" and "I'm a Grandmamma Now." These gems were "collected" by the indefatigable Mr. Mansfield in East Fourteenth street. There is one feature of the Mansfield sale that deserves hearty commendation, and that is the fact that it is a genuine and sweeping 'glosing out' and not a mere effort on the part of the collector to rid himself of some of his rubbish. Mr. Mansfield stops at nothing that could possibly be "glosed." Some of the furniture looks as if it had just come from the dealers' hands, and yet it will be "glosed" remorselessly before its owner has had time to use it.

The first new play produced by the Empire Stock company during its home engagement in New York will be 'Under the Red Robe,' with William Faversham in the leading part.

A. M. Palmer has relinquished the lease of the New York theater which has borne his name for eight years. The Grand Northern theater, Chicago, will be the home of his new stock company.

The New York Evening Sun declares that as soon as Maurice Barrymore has got his new play in working order and his own position established as a fixed star, he is going to turn his attention to a book on home cooking, which he will write in collaboration with his clever young wife. The plot of the book has been gathered from their own personal experiences, and the title of it is to be "Cooks That Have Stayed Over Night."

Gus Pixley, of "Whistling Coon" celebrity, is playing the acrobatic bill collector in "A Railroad Ticket." Louis Wesley is playing his old part, Chips, in the same company.

Minnie Madden Fiske is preparing to play "Tess of the D'Urbervilles."

E. S. Willard has presented in Boston for the first time in America, "The Rogue's Comedy," by Henry Arthur Jones. Mr. Willard is seen as Bailey Prothero, a charlatan in the favor of fashionable society. The action begins at Lady Dovergreen's, in whose house Prothero is furnishing an exhibition of his powers. All are impressed with his revelations except his son, George Lambert, who, ignorant of relation between them, refuses the proffered hand of the charlatan, and openly proclaims him an impostor. Prothero's knowledge of the lad's early life enables him to startle him with some astounding revelations. Lambert arrives at the very same conclusion that the man who tells him of his past could disclose to him his parentage. At the outset Prothero is in the vein. Everything he touches prospers; his predictions concerning the stock exchange are realized, and the gratitude of those he enriches enables him to put by "a tidy sum." In the second act, accordingly, he is in chambers in Audley mansions, and on the point of purchasing a house in Park lane. He is chairman of a syndicate for a South African mine, with the Marquis of Bicester and other nobleman on his board. He is quite respectable, receives fashionable visits, and, in order to pose the better, marries again his former wife, whom he has always loved, and who vainly tries to win him from his folly and extravagance. A cloud has come on the horizon in the shape of Cushing, a plausible and demonstrative old ruffian, and a system of blackmailing has begun. In the third act the game is practically up. A reception is being held at the newly purchased house in Park lane, but the tradesmen refuse to send in goods without payment, the evening papers have declared his band a fraud, and the very servants are in a state of munity. He's full of resources, and has as many wiles as afox, but his son, whom he has vainly tried to bribe, persistently stalks him down. But human is the rogue, and this cruel but unconsciously unfilial conduct of the lad tempts him to take his revenge. This is easily obtained. He has but to state their relationship and his son's dream of ambition and love is over. Magnanimity, however, prevails. He holds his tongue, invents a fictitious and creditable parentage for Lambert, and, abandoning his fraudulent earnings, leaves the boy to espouse his aristocratic love and to rise to a position of eminence at the bar, which may some day, perhaps, lead him to prosecute or even pronounce sentence upon his own father.

Will S. Rising has gone into romantic Irish comedy with a play called "Sweet Leaves of Shamrock."

In the Dramatic Mirror, the Matinee Girl, wailing over the passing of the favorite leading men, says: "And John Drew! I used to dream of him and hate Ada Rehan so! Then he began to wear colored shirts. That was the first blow. I bore up under that as well as I could, and then one day—I remember it was a dark, chill day in September—he shaved off his mustache! I saw him at the Waldorf the other day and was surprised to see him walking up the corridor with his arm around a great tall girl, and as they passed I saw that he had her arm about him, or at least stretched across the back of his coat where his waist used to be. I looked at them through my lorgnette. 'Do you allow that sort of thing?' I asked a detective who stood near, giving an imitation of a society man thinking. 'Why, that's his daughter,' he answered. And the room reeled around me! I suppose she loves him in spite of his pink shirts."

Madame Rejane, the French actress who originally played Madame Sans-Gene, is now playing, in Paris, in a peculiarly French drama. An English correspondent discusses the play, which is called "Le Partage" (the partnership), thus: Louisette, a young woman, is married to an honest, affectionate, middle-aged man named Bernard. They have a child, a girl of 7, of whom they are both passionately fond. Presently along comes Raymond, an idle, useless, vapid youth, and, Louisette being alone in the country, an intrigue is the natural result. It is Raymond's mother who is the cause of the liaison being known. We have seen in the first act that she is morbidly jealous of her son, although all our experience of French fiction falls to prepare us for the spectacle of one lady paying an afternoon call on another, accusing her of being her son's mistress, and asking her to give him up. It is the famous scene of the "Dame aux Camellias" with a change of sex. Louisette does not even attempt to deny the soft impeachment, but when the mother threatens to denounce her to her husband, defies her to do her worst. Bernard, good, honest man, refuses to believe any harm of the woman he loves so well, and it is only when he surprises the guilty pair that he realizes his disgrace. Then he flies at Raymond's throat, but Louisette separates the two men and then falls senseless. Bernard refuses to see his death-stricken wife until he is told by the doctor that her last hour has come. The audience is as much surprised as he is when Madame Talvande, Raymond's mother, makes her appearance, having come not only to beg forgiveness of Louisette, but to implore that her son shall be allowed to see his mistress once more. Bernard gives his consent. The interview takes place, and Louisette, like the "Dame aux Camellias," fancies that she will again be restored, when she is seized with a choking fit, her husband rushes in and, with him on one side of the bed and her lover on the other, she gives up the ghost.

According to James O'Neil there is just now no more singular phenomenon on the American stage than the lack—the painful lack—of young women. Among all our more celebrated actresses the talented interpreter of Monte Cristo has remarked that there is hardly one of even moderate age. "It is quite true," observes Mr. O'Neill, "that it takes a good deal of experience to be a good actress, but then years ago there used to be talented women of youthful age. Now there appears to be none left. It is time to consider where our next supply of leading actresses is to come from. If you happen to glance over the list of female stars now touring the country you will notice that one-half of them are over forty, while the other half are dangerously near it."

They are telling a story about R. A. Barnet at the Lambs' club that may or may not be true, but it is good enough to be adopted by the author of "Jack and the Beanstalk," even if it is not wholly veracious. As the story goes, Barnet dropped in at a Broadway hatter's and asked to be shown a new tile. "What size?" suavely asked the salesman. "This size," said Barnet, handing him the hat he wore. The salesman smiled and disappeared in the back of the store. Presently Bishop Potter entered, smilingly greeted Barnet, whom he mistook for the salesman, and handed him the broad-brimmed Quakerish felt hat he wore, with the query, "Have you a hat like that?" Barnet took the hat and examined it critically, then he tried it on, and finally handed it back to the bishop. "No, sir," he replied, with some warmth, "no, sir, I haven't a hat like that, and if I had, sir, damme if I'd wear it."

Jessie Bartlett Davis offers some good advice to young singers starting out on their career. "If I ran a conservatory," she says, "I would tell the pupils who had ability and were anxious to begin a public career to get one song—never mind what—ballad, hymn, serenade, ditty, carol, cradle or topical song, and work at it until they could make of it all that the composer and author intended. Take, for instance, the girl who wants a position in a church choir. If the applicant wants to win let her sing 'Go Bury Thy Sorrow,' 'There is a Green Hill Far Away,' or 'Rock of Ages.' The possibilities of those three sweet old songs are only limited by the ability and soul of the singer. Move two hearts in a committee of three, get a couple of heads to bend, bring four or five eyes to tears, and let the rest of the applicants do the mad scene in 'Sonnambula' and the 'Ave Maria' until they are black in the face or as hoarse as crows."

W. H. Batchelor, the musical director of Francis Wilson's Opera company, has compiled a catalogue of the curious habits indulged in by different artists in order to refresh or strengthen themselves in their moments of rest during the exercise of the voice. Thus, it appears that Marlo ate two salted cucumbers, and claimed that this vegetable, thus prepared, strengthened his voice. Wachtel swallowed the yolk of an egg beaten with sugar; Carl Formes used to drink porter; the Barbiere Ruben sipped hydromel. Mme. Sontag used to nibble sardines between the acts; Mme. Garcia munched pears, Mme. Grisi prunes, and Mme. Trebelli strawberries. Mme. Di Murska ate, in the wings, cold meat, and Mme. Malibran had the pernicious habit of eating a hearty supper in her private box only half an hour before the performance. Mme. Adelina Patti sips a glass of seltzer water during the entr'actes. Mme. Nilsson took a glass of beer, Mme. Parepa Rosa claret mixed with champagne, while Mlle. Delna contents herself with warm water.

"Sardou is a creature of the stage," declares Fanny Davenport. "He does not dominate it, as Shakespeare did, nor has he the fine and hearty scorn for stage limitations which distinguished Moliere. The poetry of the drama does not apparently appeal to the greatest of living playwrights, as it did to some of his famous predecessors, but there is no denying the fact that as a master of the possibilities of the modern stage he is without a rival. There is no theater effect with which he is unfamiliar, and he plays upon the emotions of an audience with a touch of unsurpassed firmness and power. But it is not only the touch of a master of technique, but the inspiration of a poet as well. There is not a line of Sardou, perhaps, which the world loves to quote, but, on the other hand, there is not a situation in any of his plays which has not been successfully copied by half the dramatists on earth. He is the greatest of stage managers," concludes Miss Davenport, "and his plays are absorbing and powerful because he deals with the emotions as well as the soul."

James O'Neill is perfecting plans to celebrate the 200th performance of "Monte Cristo" on a great scale. The play will be given with an all-star cast, and will be produced on an even more lavish scale of magnificence than it some New York theater is contemplated.

Adeladie Herrmann is about to introduce another new dance. It is called "La Danse des Nuages," and Mme. Herrmann will appear to be rolling in clouds, which will turn around above and below her, seeming to carry her with them, or scurrying past, while she remains immovable.

What is comic opera coming to? Pauline Hall sang on a barge in Providence, where they gave a quasi-vaudeville continuous performance three times on election day at "10 cents a throw."

Jessie Bartlett Davis, the leading contralto of the Bostonians, has quite a reputation among poultry fanciers. She owns a chicken yard at her summer home near Chicago that contains some of the finest Waite Leghorns in America.

Beerbohm Tree has found great difficulty in securing one member of his cast for "The Dancing Girl," and this none other than a competent actor bull dog to fill the part of Bully Boy. The canine who created the role in London at the time of the first production died about two years ago.

STANDS AT THE HEAD.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and today stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Duluth Drug company's drug store.

Attend the auction sale of clothing at 515 West Superior street.

For Catarrh Hay-Fever Cold in Head

ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City.

NERVE

a ngfroid Displayed in the Face of Very Deadly Danger.

Some Striking Exhibitions of Human Courage in Great Peril.

Men Who Joked and Smoked on the Brink of Eternity.

During the reign of William the Silent the London wits used to caricature his stolid temper by sketches of a Dutch sailor smoking a pipe while a functionary in black fitted him with a hempen necktie. But a recent occurrence at Niagara falls seems to prove that equanimity of that sort is not an exclusive product of the Netherlands, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Lately the visitors of the projecting cliff known as Prophet point noticed a stranger who had clambered down to a lower ledge of rocks, directly overhanging the abyss of the great falls, and who acted very much like a man going to take a plunge bath. After removing his shirt collar and fumbling in his coat pocket he pulled out a number of letters, examined them carefully one and then doubled them up in a wad and flung them overboard. He then unbuttoned his waist and stepped to the edge of the cliff. Was he going to commit suicide? A shout would not have stopped him, and a visitor from Lewiston discussed a plan of climbing down and grabbing him unaware, when the problematical stranger lit a cigar. He had to operate on the inside of his coat to protect his matches from the spray, and his whole manner of proceeding seemed so calm and self-possessed that the observers changed their theory of explanation. For all they could tell he might be only an eccentric amusing himself with an ostentatious display of indifference to danger. But the man from Lewiston had been right after all. As soon as his cigar had been fairly started the stranger on the cliff advanced another step, swung his arms to give himself a good forward impetus, and jumped down and out of the present chronological era.

There is something preternatural or unnatural about an exploit of that sort, for animals never commit suicide. Our dumb fellow-creatures prefer daily misery to the alternative of deliberate self-destruction, and the apparent exceptions from that rule are founded on erroneous interpretations of acts really due to impaired eyesight or disorders of the brain. A grizzly bear walking rampant into certain death is prompted by an overestimate of his vital resources, and having never yet encountered a physical superior probably expects to shorten the fight by forcing a hand-to-hand combat, or can see no surer way to conquer peace than to smash the skull of the villainous bullet-spitting little biped that has ventured to invade his hunting grounds. To undoubted superior force the wild elephant yields as quickly as the Bengal tiger, and the king of beasts declines a combat even with the daggers, or sword hunters, of the Eastern Soudan.

On the other hand, Baron Helvetius is probably right that there is no such thing as voluntary suicide. The Turkish sultans, like some of the Roman Caesars, used to order obnoxious individuals to terminate their conscious existence within a specified number of days, on pain of being assisted by a Bashi Bazouk with a meat ax, and the apparently self-determined emigrants to the sweet by-and-by are really driven by hunger, disease or grim fate in the form of a prosecuting attorney, and a still more wonderful thing than the despair of the self-slaughterers is that triumph of discipline which, as it were, makes the human organism conspire against itself and concentrate all its faculties upon a task, absolutely sure to result in the separation of body and soul. Abu Taher, the leader of a sect of Mohammedan fanatics, once illustrated the devotion of his men by ordering a soldier to leap from the ramparts of a rock castle, and a few days ago the merciless sense of duty prompted a Georgia policeman to an almost equally desperate act of self-sacrifice. James A. White, a rum-crazed ruffian, had resisted arrest, and breaking away from two policemen who had followed him to the south side of the town (Columbus, Ga.) made a dash into a house where his son was at work and soon after reappeared prepared for battle. Swinging a Winchester rifle he walked down the street, looking for his would-be captors, while his son followed with a revolver and a hatful of extra cartridges. There is just a possibility that the two desperadoes intended to bully their way out of town and hoped to get away unmolested and unmolesting, but a few blocks from the scene of the last encounter that hypothesis was discovered by the reappearance of the two policemen, Richard Adams and William Jackson, who in the meantime had telephoned for assistance, now saw that they had to secure their man without loss of time.

"Will you stop or not, Jim?" asked Officer Adams. Jim White did stop, but only to level his rifle. Adams fell dead at the first shot. Jackson, shot through the bowels staggered about, motioning the murderer to desist, but then fell over, and White stepped up, firing shot after shot into his prostrate body till he ceased groaning. Before the assassins could continue their flight the streets echoed with the roar of the blood avengers, and, realizing the hopelessness of escape, the two Whites, with guns ready cocked, backed into an open door and prepared to sell their lives at the full value of the remaining cartridges.

A few minutes after the hero of the episode, Policeman G. H. Roberts, appeared on the scene. Supposing that the mob had the murderers at their mercy, the officer's superiors had ordered him to arrest White and bring him to headquarters at once; then, learning the true state of affairs, the chief of police had organized a strong posse, but at the time when Roberts reached the improvised fort the wording of his instructions left him no choice.

"Don't go near that house, for sense and heaven's sake!" shrieked a woman in the crowd, but under the circumstances Roberts could not help it, and deliberately went to his death. He knocked at the door, tried the lock, found that the key had not been turned and, knocking at the inside was told to keep out at his peril. The desperado of crime perhaps did not like to kill a desperado of duty.

"You fellows have to come out of this, that's all about it," he called out as he entered the house, and, as he fully expected—and, indeed, could not help expecting—was pumped full of lead before he reached the foot of the stairway.

The mob, in the van of the posse from headquarters, burst in irresistibly, and the murderer was riddled full of bullets, but not before his third victim had received his death wound.

"How the wonder do you expect travelers to pass a bridge like that?" Frederick Gerstaecker asked his guide at a pass of the Mexican Sierras, where a mere plank had been laid across the gulf of a bottomless canyon.

"Why, the native Indians built that, and you know they have no nerves," laughed one of his traveling companions, and a similar explanation is often suggested by the sight of daring feats which in the opinion of old habitues involve no peril whatever. In the fire tornado of Mount Cotopaxi, where a foreigner would feel as if hades had let loose all its terrors, the natives exchange the small talk of the neighborhood or twirl their corn-shuck cigarettes, knowing from experience that a billion volcanic bombs will score only ten hits, and that nine of those ten will descend only in the form of hot ashes and exploded cinders.

It takes a different sort of pluck to realize the fact that self-preservation may recommend a close-range fight—provided your side has the advantage of superior marksmen, as in the battle of Austerlitz, where a demi-brigade of French sharpshooters advanced within ten steps of a Russian crack regiment and brought down every man of the advanced ranks at the first volley. Their plan consisted in getting close enough for a dead aim, and if possible, not to spend more than one bullet on one adversary. Every man in their own ranks had his number, and, glancing rapidly along the hostile battle front, could thus ascertain his apportioned vis-a-vis—his special target that would impeach or confirm the reputation of his marksmanship. Theoretically that project could not be surpassed without the use of repeating rifles, but its successful execution required long practice and a toughness or absence of nerve almost equal to that of Gerstaecker's Sierra Indians.

There is safety in boldness, now and then, as when Gen. Havelock attacked the mutinous sepoys in their own camp before they could get reinforcements and crush them by hopeless odds, and there are beast tamers who deliberately provoke a rough-and-tumble fight in reliance on their own superior ability of keeping their wits about them. In Augsburg the free-and-easy second capital of Bavaria, they have "hydrophobia constables," who roam the streets with an outfit, somewhat similar to that of a Roman retiarius, viz., a stroke-net and a stout-forked stick. The Roman net-thrower carried a trident, and after entangling his adversary, dispatched him with a minimum loss of time, and the Bavarian dog-catcher uses his fork to pin down suspicious curs that are struggling in the meshes of his preliminary apparatus. The dog may have been there before and baffle his aggressor by spring after spring, but if he gets pinned down even for a moment his fate is sealed. The expert's hand darts down and grabs him by the nape of the neck with a clutch that cannot be broken by dog power. An assistant, with a cage on wheels, then comes to the aid of his principal, and a few minutes after the four-footed suspect, foaming, but wholly incapable of mischief, is on his way to the pound, if not to the canine catacombs.

Capt. Garard, the French rival of Dr. Carver's record, conceived the idea of combining the pursuits of fame and fun by trying his talent on North African beasts of prey, and practiced on skull bones till he knew all the secrets of their anatomy and became known as the lion killer par excellence. A crouching lion will face his foe in a manner that keeps his cranium out of sight, but the experimenter had found out that at short range a heavy rifle ball could be made to smash through jaws and palate, roof into the brain, or break the spine after piercing the neck. At his alma at such distances he could be wholly certain and scored victories that procured him numerous invitations from the mountain chiefs of the Atlas, where one pair of lions often commits $1000 worth of havoc in a single year. One of these chieftains put a slave at his disposition to act as a rifle-carrier, and in the presence of a lion this native of the soil used to crouch behind his master, keeping up a sort of low howl, mingled with Moslem prayers, while the foreigner kept as cool as the rifle tester of a military shooting gallery. He used the old-fashioned muzzle loaders and percussion caps, but loaded his guns with a care that insured their efficiency, and in case of accident could grab a second rifle about as quick as he could have recocked a revolver. Twice in his long series of adventures it happened that the first shot not only failed to kill, but acted as an incentive of a savage spring, but in both cases the bristling monster was stopped in midair—once at the muzzle of the rifle, which, in that supreme test of steady nerves, did not swerve a hair's breadth from the range of the scientific death-shot.

Artillerymen learn to emulate such feats even when the issue of a whole campaign depends upon their presence of mind. Nearly fifty years ago, when grim old Radetzki beat back the rising storm of revolt in Northern Italy, the insurgents once laid a trap and enticed him to pursue a flying squadron in a direction that made it impossible to get his artillery over a stretch of swampy bottom lands. His Hungarian hussars did gallop across, followed by several detachments of infantry, knee-deep in mud, but they were hardly out of sight when an ambushed force of cavalry swooped down upon the retreating gunners.

"There's going to be clapper-clawing and no mistake," said a subaltern, "that's Glaciot's cuirassiers, and they'll be all around us in a minute."

"No, no, boys; they're riding straight into a trap of their own digging," chuckled Gen. Kallenberg, the old chief of artillery, after a rapid survey of the situation. "Get ready; they cannot cross that bog alive if I have anything to say my business."

Under ordinary circumstances there would have been hardly time to get the guns in range, but the cuirassiers did get hampered in that bog, and at the first double-shotted volley—

"Rider and steed
Went down together,"

And the would-be Destroyers retreated in wild flight after the result of the incessant cannonade had begun to resemble the scene at those game-traps where the Zulu Kaffirs stampeded a herd of antelopes over the brink of a steep bluff.

A biographer of Marshal Massena described his distinctive traits as an apparent paradox—"a calme dans la colère," self possession in the midst of rage; and that rarest of all gifts established the reputation of several professional duellists who could fight with the fury of personal resentment and withal handle their swords with the skill of lynx-eyed experts.

Their success encouraged imitators, and from that point view the change from deadly swords to deadlier rifles is perhaps a step in the right direction, tending to restrain bullets, since a fatally sufficient degree of dangerousness is much easier to attain than perfection of fence.

Thomas Newkirk and Henry Asrheaft, of Shelby county, Kentucky, a week ago quarreled about their claims to the preference of a young lady, and the challenger when his rivel chose Winchesters at thirty steps. "Goodby, Frank," were his last say saws. "Good-by, Frank," were his last words to a friend; "that settles us both, of course, and it's now too late for a compromise."

"Why, don't you think there is a chance of survival, or lucky accident?"

"Not at that range; the lever of his shooting iron is a little rusty, but I reckon he had sense enough to grease it."

Both rifles were greased, and the double funeral was impressive enough to modify the popularity of gunpowder ordeals in that neighborhood.

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The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Duluth Drug company.

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That's what you are looking for and that's the correct thing. Herald want ads. fill the bill.

STEEL SELF SHARPENING. CENTERED.

If Your Horse is Shod with

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His feet are always in good condition. The shoes do not have to be removed to be sharpened. The Calks are steel-centered and *sharpen themselves* until entirely worn out. The Calks are *removable* and new ones can be inserted easily and quickly while the horse is in the stable. No time lost waiting at the blacksmith shop. See that your horseshoer orders *at once* a trial set, and convince yourself. Write for our descriptive circular giving full information. *Mailed free.*

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Saves time, saves clothes, saves money and the strength of the women who use it. Santa Claus Soap makes the women happier and the home brighter. It affords double the satisfaction that common soaps give, yet costs no more.

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PISO'S CURE For Consumption

For the last 20 years we have kept Piso's Cure for Consumption in stock, and would sooner think a groceryman could get along without sugar in his store than we could without Piso's Cure. It is a sure seller.—RAVEN & CO., Druggists, Ceresco, Michigan, September 2, 1896.

Packages and messages delivered, 10 cents. Prompt service. Duluth Van company, 212 West Superior street. Telephone 492.

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FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the root of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

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BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper Colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address COOK REMEDY CO., 307 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred fifty-eight and 66-100 ($158.66) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Sterle, mortgagor, to Frank Galop, mortgagee, bearing date the 7th day of September, 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 18th day of September, 1894, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book 93 of mortgages on page 129; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered twelve (12), in block numbered five (5), village of Hibbing, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the ninth day of January, 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of one hundred fifty-eight and 66-100 dollars and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and ten dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated November 21st, A. D. 1896.

FRANK GALOP, Mortgagee.

CHESTER McKUSICK, Attorney for the Mortgagee, Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Nov-21-28-Dec-5-12-19-26.

Duluth Trust Co

Acts as surety on bonds of assignees, receivers, etc. Legal depository for trust funds.

Franklin J. Pulford, President
Edward P. Towne, V. President
Calvin F. How, Sec. and Treas.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, dated July 9th, 1894, made, executed and delivered by James G. McNah, guardian of the estate of Archibald Buchannan, an insane person, mortgagor, to the Duluth Trust Company, a corporation, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July 9th, 1894, at three thirty (3:30) o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred twenty (120) of mortgages, on page one hundred forty-three (143), which said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned by said Duluth Trust Company to Persis C. Thomas, by an instrument in writing, dated July 26th, 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, on July 27th, 1894, at eight fifteen (8:15) o'clock a. m., in Book one hundred thirty-two (132) of mortgages, on page sixty-six (66), and,

Whereas, said mortgage provides that if default shall be made in the payment of the principal, interest, or the taxes, or any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee, its successors or assigns, to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage to be due and,

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of the taxes for the years 1894 and 1895, which had become due and were a lien upon said premises hereinafter described and were delinquent, and amounted to the sum of thirty-seven and 34-100 (37.34) dollars, which said sum was paid by the undersigned assignee of mortgagee, on October 23rd, 1896, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage, by reason whereof the undersigned assignee of said mortgagee has elected to exercise said option, and has heretofore duly declared and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said mortgage with all accrued interest thereon, together with the sum paid for taxes, in accordance with the provisions of said mortgage to be now due and payable, and,

Whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice, the sum of three hundred forty-five and 21-100 (345.21) dollars, principal, interest and taxes paid, and no action or proceeding at law, or otherwise, having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by the sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land situate and being in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows: Lot numbered thirty (30), in block numbered seventy-nine (79), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof, on file in the office of the register of deeds, in and for said county and state, which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest and taxes paid on said premises, and twenty-five (25.00) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage, in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of December, 1896, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided for by law.

Dated Oct. 28th, 1896.

PERSIS C. THOMAS, Assignee of Mortgagee.

TOWNE & DAVIS, Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgagee, 103-106 Duluth Trust Company building, Duluth, Minn.

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